VOL. LVII.—NO. 3.

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, JANUARY 16, 1891.

WHOLE NO 2964

GRAND OPPOR



A Chance for a Present to every one who gets One New Subscriber to

The best county paper published in Washtenaw, for one year, will be given a

REVOLVER AND TARGET

Every one will be delighted. The Game can be seen at the Argus office. Get your neighbor to subscribe.

AND	
SAVE	LOOKING
COLDS,	FOR
SHOES,	A
AND	NICE
POSSIBLE	Fur
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OF	Rug,
RHEUMATISM.	WE
WE	HAVE
HAVE	THEM.
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RESOURCES,		and the	
Loans and Discounts, Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, etc., Overdrafts, Due from banks in reserve cities Due from other banks and bankers. Due from Treasurer School Distric No. 1. A. A. Furniture and Fixtures Current expenses and taxes paid, Checks and cash items, Nickels and pennies, Cold, Silver, U. S. and National Bank Notes,	259,718 2,510 75,253 7,017 t - 12,151 1,980 2,932 692	15 51 85 20 1 25 1 85 93 05 86 00 00 00	3 0 0 3
	8777.870	62	

DOUBLE STORE.

apital stock paid in, -----\$ 50,000 00 urplus fund,..... 100,000 00 Dividends unpaid...... 385 00 avings deposits,..... 416,843 47 Due to banks and bankers,.... Certificates of deposit, 26,390 35

WEAR

AND

Overgaiters,

I, Charles E. Hiscock, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above tement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. Charles E. Hiscock, Cashier. CORRECT-Attest: Christian Mack, Daniel Hiscock, David Rinsey, Directors. CORRECT—Attest: Christian Maca, Daniel Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 24th day of December, 1890.

MICHAEL J. FRITZ, Notary Public.

Capital stock paid in, \$ 50,000 | Total assets, \$761,291.31 100,000 | Surplus, Capital security,

Transacts a general banking business; buys and sells exchanges on New York, Detroit and Chicago; sells drafts on all the principal cities of Europe.

This bank, already having a large business, invites merchants and others to open accounts with them with the assurance of the most liberal dealing conelstent with safe banking.

In the Savings Department interest is paid semi-annually, on the first days of January and July, on all sums that were deposited three months previous to those days, thus affording the people of this city and county a perfectly safe de-

DIRECTORS.—Christian Mack, W. D. Harriman, Daniel Hiscock, William Deubel, Willard B. Smith, David Rinsey, and L. Gruner.

Officers.—Christian Mack, President; W. D. Harriman, Vice-President; Chas. E. Hiscock, Cashier.

GROSSMANN & SCHLENKER

TINWARE,

TOOLS, PUMPS, PIPE-FITTINGS

ETC., ETC

All first class articles at the lowest prices. We can sell as cheap as any place, for we have small expense and are both practical workmen. Come and see us at No. 7 West Liberty street.

GROSSMANN & SCHLENKER, as he paid stock companies. He \$1.75. The average was only \$1.90. Daily.

How the Washtenaw Farmers' Insurance Company Chose Their Officers.

MR. PLATT MAKES WAY FOR MR. CAMPBELI

A Heated Debate Ensues.-What was Said.—The Meeting Sustains the Directors.-Great Interest Manifested.

of interest was manifested and the circumstances." attendance was much larger than tural room in the basement was found too small to accommodate the him. But the matter of location journed to the court room. Wm. Scotney, S. R. Cretland and W. D. Smith were appointed a committee on order of business and the company took a recess until one o'clock. The third ballot resulted.

The court room was filled at one o'clock when President Platt brought down his gavel. The order of business reported by the committee, was adopted and the secretary's report was made as published in the Argus, last week.

IF

YOU

ARE

The officers of the old company presented a communication in which they stated that on December 31, FOR sired to turn over to the new company. Ninety-nine per cent of the this is a happy change for you." members of the old company, they said, were members of the new company. In accordance with this communication, the following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That this present Washtenaw Mutual Fire Insurance Company does and will accept such surplus and that they do hereby authorize and direct their board of directors by the secretary to receive and receipt for said surplus from the hands of said board of directors of the former Washtenaw Mutual Fire Insurance Company. And that they do further instruct their said board of directors by the secretary to pay on demand, to any person, not now a member of this company, who may have been assessed for and who has contributed to said surplus, his or her pro rata share of said surplus and it is further ordered that when said surplus is turned over to the officers and directors of this present company, the company will from that time forever protect and defend the officers of the former Washtenaw Mutual Fire Insurance Company, from any and all demands by reason of said surplus, so received by this company from the said board of directors of the former Washtenaw Mutual Fire Insurance Company, expired December 31st, 1889.

Messrs. Hunter, Lyons and Manly were appointed tellers, and a ballot was taken for director in the place of H. D. Platt, which resulted: William Campbell...... 35

H. D. Platt...... 48 F. P. Galpin..... 54

100,000.00 Scattering 7

indulged in, and after a regular convention scene, the second ballot re-

William Campbell..... 34 Scattering

An enthusiastic supporter of Mr. Galpin wanted him nominated by acclamation. E. A. Nordman plead down the assessment. for taking a man from the territory

had come to the meeting to see if a Geo. A. Peters, of Scio, thought change couldn't lower the assess- the board of directors were not to ment. His remarks were vigorously blame for the fires. The members applauded by a number of the mem- ought to appoint themselves com- The Lecture of Rev. Louis Cook in St. Joseph's man Platt's eyes might have been with no losses. He was a fatalist. seen to snap. He said, "Gentle- Last year, they commenced with an men of the company, for nine years assessment of \$1.40 due for losses I have been one of your directors. incurred. This year they commenced For seven years I have been your with a pure record. Somebody presiding officer. In that time, un- would be to blame if they paid over der all circumstances, I have en- \$1 or \$1.25 this year. deavored to do the best I could. I The Washtenaw Mutual Fire In- have stood between the company year was gone with no indebtedness. surance Company held their annual and the insured. I withdraw my Interest could not be saved as Mr. meeting Wednesday. A great deal name. I will not stand under the Waldron wanted. No assessment

usual. In the forenoon, the agricul- been voting for Mr. Platt. He didn't incurred. John J. Robison thought know anybody was going to vote for members of the company and it ad- must be taken into consideration. the most economical. People didn't want to drive fifteen miles to find a director.

> Mr. Hunter pnt in nomination the name of A. R. Graves, of Ypsilanti.

1	William Campbell. H. D. Platt. F. P. Calpin. A. R. Graves	78
	H. D. Platt	2
Ì	F. P. Galpin	59
	A. R. Graves	11
	Total vote	150

As it took 76 votes to nominate, William Campbell was declared elected director for two years.

President Platt repeated what he had said, and concluded with, "If 1890, there remained a surplus of the gentleman who succeeds me will \$723.84, the bulk of which they de- put the same energy and thought in this business as he does in his own,

The secretary was unanimously instructed to cast the vote of the society for John F. Spafard, of Manchester, to succeed himself.

Two ballots were taken for director to succeed Andrew T. Hughes, of Scio. They resulted:

	1st ballot.	2d ballot.
A. T. Hughes		70
W. D. Smith		52
A. Olsaver		
J. W. Wing		
C. D. Johnson		
Scattering		2
	_	
Total vote	125	124

elected.

Russell C. Reeves, J. W. Wing, and Fred C. Braun were unanimously re-elected auditors for one year.

John Hall, of Dexter, wanted the annual meeting held about the first of June. It was discovered that the charter fixed the date of the meet-

On motion of Evart H. Scott, a vote of thanks was tendered President Platt. The vote was unani-

Nearly everybody was leaving the room, but quickly returned when H. C. Waldron took the floor and asked the secretary what was the probable cost of taking an assessment (outside of the salaries). The secretary replied that the postage and printing cost \$35 or \$36 and the whole expense would probably not Total Vote.....144 exceed \$50. Mr. Waldron desired Considerable electioneering was to know why the company was borrowing money and paying \$700 in terest. The last year the losses were \$10,000 or \$11,000. He was willing to pay any man who was unfortunate, but wasn't willing to make him a present. If losses were adjusted at two-thirds the actual loss, so many barns would not be struck by lightning. He more than hinted that the directors might have kept

A number of the delegates prowhich the director was expected to ceeded to jump on Mr. Waldron. cover, which the chairman stated was Mr. Hunter thought he had no right Ypsilanti, Pittsfield, Augusta, York, to make such statements, because Saline and a part of Lodi. Mr. Gal- the losses for one year happened to pin, it was stated, lived within four be two or three times what they genmiles of another director. Philip erally were. Mr. Nordman was Duffy spoke in favor of Mr. Galpin very sarcastic about Mr. Waldron's and was loudly cheered. Henry C. legal ability. He hadn't seen him Waldron threw a bomb into the at the meeting to organize the commeeting by stating that he had been pany, when the changes he advoassessed \$23 last year. He didn't cated might have been brought up. had run the company. The assess- for the past six years had been

bers. While he was speaking, Chair- mittees of one to see that they met

J. W. Wing said a third of the except for estimated expenses, can William Campbell said he had be made until the losses are actually experience had shown the present way of running the company by far

Mr. Waldron said if it only cost \$35 to make an assessment it was better to make several than to borrow money and pay \$700. Andrew arms spread themselves well night the discussion in favor of the pres-

ent method of doing business. Mr. Childs, the secretary, stated that the actual interest expenses

were under \$300. The meeting then adjourned.

The Visit of the Jackson Commandery

The Knights Templar on Tuesday evening royally entertained the visiting Knights of the Jackson Commandery and their ladies. Thirtyeight swords from Jackson were present. The Temple degree was been entertained by Mrs. J. E. Beal. Other guests arrived and an elegant supper was served. Dancing, card playing and social intercourse whiled away the hours until one o'clock came all too soon.

Methods of "Mind-Readers."

The entertainment to be given Saturday of next week at the University hall will be of decidedly novel Andrew T. Hughes was declared character. A non-believer in "mind- in the woods and be a man still. At reading" will give an illustration of the same time, the Creator did not "mind-reading." Since the days intend man to live alone. He made of the celebrated Washington Irving He created him a social being. He Bishop, no such opportunity for wit- wished him by union with others to nessing the methods of "mind-readers" has been offered.

> No feat performed by "mindreaders" has so mystified the people, and so deluded them, as that of driving a team of horses through crowded streets while heavily blindfolded. This is the performance that was exposed by Dr. Chas. Gatchell, in Chicago last September. He has successfully repeated it in Ann Arbor, and claims to be able to duplicate any of the tricks, as he calls them, done by Bishop, Johnson or any other professional. He will, it is said, repeat this feat next Friday.

At the time of the excitement attending the exposure of Johnson, in Ann Arbor, last November, Dr. and telegrams from cranks in all alone. All are parts of a great temparts of the country, challenging him to various tests. A certain up a large sum of money which he would forfeit if he failed to "read" to make a similar forfeit in case he things which gives strength.

This offer was promptly accepted, but nothing has been heard from "Bishop's tutor."

A Philadelphia "thought-transferer" sent a long telegram containing a peculiar offer. The answer returned was:

Try your mind-reading powers on the Kelly-motor man and let me know the result.

Certainly a great many remarkable things have been accomplished by means of so-called "mind-read- the weaklings in the center. This care who the directors were, who Evart H. Scott said the assessments ing," and muscle-reading, whichever it may be, and we hope that after next week Friday we may all be acment was too high, in fact, as high \$3.90, \$2.00, \$1.00, \$1.75, complished telepathists.—U. of M.

Church, Dexter.

THE GREAT BENEFITS OF THE C. M. B. A.

Why Organizations are Strong .- Man Social by Nature,-Highest Individual Development Reached in Organizations.

The first of the series of four lectures given in St. Joseph's church, Dexter, under the auspices of Branch 45, C. M. B. A., was a great success. The lecturer was Rev. Louis Cook, C. S. S. R. Prof. Freitag presided over the organ, which is a good one and brought forth sweet tones of music from it. Rev. Fr. Cook spoke in substance as follows:

There lived in the olden times a king of Pontus, a king of small ter! ritory. At a time when the Roman Campbell, William Campbell, and over the whole known world, with a others, took a vigorous hand in the mere handful of men, he resisted the power of the Roman army for thirty years. The greatest Roman generals were sent against him and returned defeated. At last the old man, exhausted by his labors and successes, laid himself down to die. He had seven bright boys. He wanted to give them the key to his position. He had prepared for the occasion seven sticks or fagots. They were put in one corner of the bed room, and seven other fagots were put in another corner. "Now," said he, "my boys, I will tell you why I thrived. I was but a handful and they were thousands. Now,' said he to the eldest son, "take one conferred upon Dr. E. E. Hageler of those fagots and break it." It and afterwards the rooms were was an easy thing to do. Each one thrown open to the ladies, who had of the boys easily broke a fagot. Then the father said, "Break those," pointing to the other seven fagots which were bound together. couldn't break them. Then he said, "You couldn't break them because the one helps the other. Small things become great by union and great things go to pieces for want of union.'

Man possesses powers by which he might live alone. My body develops like that of an animal. To the mind of the philosopher, it is possible that a man might grow up man the most helpless of all animals perfect his nature. Man is created to be a being of society, to live in union with others. This union is the starting point of all societies. If there is a union of many minds, hands, powers, if one man drops off,

others sustain him. A patriarch was an old man, with sons and daughters who also had children; he was the head of an immense gathering, the born leader or king of them all. You will find God dealing with men through this leader. He made the promises to Abraham as the father of nations. In our own day we find the same union.

The trades are joining together to secure themselves against capital. Capital is joining itself together against labor.

By organization, the union of individuals, the individual powers are brought to their greatest perfection.

There is nothing individual in the Gatchell was deluged with letters whole of creation. Nothing stands ple, but one great masterpiece of the Almighty. What's a grain of sand, a companion to the other "Prof." Granger, of Mexico, Mo., who which lies beside it. In union lies claims to have been Bishop's tutor, the strength of created things. Take ofiered to come to Ann Arbor and put a drop of water. That is not much. Another drop comes trickling down, a hundred drops, a thousand. They make the rivulet, the river, the the doctor's mind. The doctor was ocean. It is the union of small

> Why does the mighty oak break in a wind which does not harm that clump of a hundred little trees. The oak tumbles because it stands alone. The little ones are not alone. One supports the other. There are more mysteries in creation than all the catechisms the church ever gave.

The speaker described the union of monkeys and the monkey chain by which they crossed a stream. Horses in a wild state go in droves and in time of danger, the stronger horses go in the front and rear and union is instinctive in the animals.

Rev. Mr. Cook then took up the construction of suspension bridges, the cables formed of little wires.

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

Mrs. Dr. Palmer has la grippe. Skating is good on the Saline

A number of cases of la grippe in

Chas. Wilson's men are busy drawing logs to mill.

The motor car fever has struck Milan in a light form.

from her visiting tour. A. E. Putman will start a branch

Mrs. C. E. Shannon has returned

store at Alma, next week. A. B. Smith and wife are enter-

taining guests from Bay county. Mr. and Mrs. Zimmerman entertained guests from Oak Harbor, last

H. Sill, wife and daughter, visited Detroit friends for several days last

week. Rev. Geo. Sloan is having a series of interesting meetings at the M.

The Union Home Missionary Society are doing much good among the needy of Milan.

Miss Grace Huntington returned Monday from a three weeks' visit with Detroit friends.

Chas. Thompson lad an interesting young people's meeting at the Baptist church, Sunday evening.

George Millen and wife, of Ann Arbor, were the guests of Mr. Whitmarsh and wife, Thursday and Fri-

F. Hill and M. Day leave for Alma the first part of next week, where they will clerk for A. E. Put-

The Baptists and Presbyterians held prayer meetings during the week of prayer, each in their respective churches.

Tuesday, at her home in Milan, Mrs. H. Eddington died, after a short illness. She leaves a husband and eight children to mourn her loss.

Messrs Daschner and Boutel have bought out the meat market interest of Messrs Higly and Vedder and will continue the business on Main

Hibbard's RJeumatic and Liver Pills. These Pills are scientifically com-These Pills are scientifically compounded, and uniform in action. No griping pain commonly following the use of Pills. They are adapted to both adults and children with safety. We guarantee that they have no equal to the cure of Sick Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Biliousness; and, as an appetizer, they excel any other preparation. For sale by John Moore.

Lima.

Mason Whipple has a bad case of sciatic rheumatism to wrestle.

Rev J. H. McIntosh held preaching services at the M. E. church, last Sunday afternoon.

Christian Trinkly had the misfortune, last Friday afternoon, to break his leg while felling a tree.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Cooper, of Chelsea, are holding song and exhortation meetings at Lima, this

Lafayette Grange will meet at W. H. Dancer's, the 25th, and the new tables will do honor for the first time. Also installation of officers.

The P. of I. debate, last Saturday, was attended by a large and attentive audience. The boys debate well for beginners. The next meeting will be held Saturday evening, the 17th.

An old pioneer of this town, Mrs. Deneson R. Jenks, died Thursday, the eighth, aged 79 years. Her pneumonia. The funeral services were held at the house she has occuwied since 1842.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for children teething. It sooths the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrham. rhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle

Mooreville.

Mrs. Amos Hall and daughter are on the sick list.

D. Rankin is laying in a supply of ice for future use. W. H. Culver and daughter were

quite sick last week. James Seeley, of Ypsilanti, was N. Y.

out to his farm last Saturday. Mrs. E. B. Ford returned Monday from a visit among Jackson

Claud Bronner has gone to Norvell, Jackson county, where he has

a position in a store. Mrs. Hattie Bronner and son, Grover, of Detroit, were visiting

friends here last week. The Misses Gertrude and Bertha The Misses Gertrude and Bertha a finely illustrated treatise free at Moore were visiting friends in this vicinity, Saturday and Sunday.

a finely illustrated treatise free at Eberbach & Sons Drag Store, who recommends and guarantees it. vicinity, Saturday and Sunday.

Miner Hause and wife, who have been residing in Fostoria, Ohio, for the last few months, are here visitmake Milan their future home.

FA ton of gold is worth \$692,799.20.

Roy Hill is quite ill of typhoid

The pay car left its favors here on Wednesday.

last Sunday here. John F. Lawrence, of Ann Arbor,

was here Wednesday. Several Lyndon farmers have

bought a car of western corn. Zach Spencer, of Fowlerville, was here on business Wednesday.

John Cook, of Ypsilanti, spent several days up here this week Large quantities of calves are be

ing shipped to New York, and some poultry yet. It is remarkable that we are nearly

half through the winter and have had no blizard yet. The sharp, freezing weather and

been good for growing wheat. is unusually large, and excellent work is being done in all the de-

The winter has been very favorable so far for all purposes, and the general health of the people is much better about here than it was one year ago.

The special meetings at the M E. church last week were so successful and encouraging that they have been continued with good results this week.

Prices are as high as could be expected on all farm products except of the world. hogs and cattle. These are kept down by the unending supplies of the great west.

The going has been good the past week, and large quantities of ice, wood, saw-logs, hay, straw, grain and other farm produce have been brought to town. Prices continue about the same as last week.

The Great French Remedy. The Great French Remedy.

Dr. LeDuc's Periodical Pills from Paris, France, act only on the generative organs in females, and positively cure suppression of the menses (from whatever cause) and all periodical troubles peculiar to women. A safe, reliable remedy warranted to promote menstruation or money refunded. Should not be used during pregnancy. A large proportion of ills to which ladies are liableis the direct result of a disordered or irregular menstruation. Ask any druggist, Price, \$2. Eberbach & Son, Sole Agents for Ann Arbor. Robert Stevenson & Co., Wholesale Agents,

Frank Guinan visited his Brooklyn friends last week. Christian Weidmayer will build a

barn the coming season. been visiting at John Flinns, return-

ed home last week. John Kohler has commenced the

his farm in Bridgewater. Gottlob Mann is buying timber. and is making preparations to do an extensive lumber business this season.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

Flute-playing for women is recommended as a means of health and bodily development. "Filling" a flute necessitates lung expansion. The continued daily practice begets deeper and deeper inspirations. Stooping shouldeath was sudden and was caused by ders become thrown back and the chest contracted by the habit of tight lacing becomes expanded and broad-

Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills.

An important discovery. They act on the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new principle. They speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles and constipa-tion. Splendid for men, women and children, Smallest, mildest, surest. 50 doses for 25 cents. Samples free at Eberbach & Sons.

The monkey-wrench is not called so on account of its actual or fancied resemblance to a monkey, or because it is a handy tool to "monkey" with, but simply because it is the invention of Charles Moncky, of Kings county, at so much per lock.

Fifty pasms a Day.

Had Mrs. H. A. Gardner, of Vistula, Ind., liyed two thousand years ago she would have been thought to be possessed by evil spirits. She was subject to nervous prostration, headaches, dizziness, backache, palpitation and forty to fifty spasms a day. Though having been treated by eight physicians for years without success, she was permanently cured by one bottle of Dr. Miles? ently cured by one bottle of Dr. Miles, Restorative Nervine. A trial bottle of this new and wonderful medicine, and merited criticism.

sweets, valuable both as food and medicine. It has always been esteeming relatives and friends and will ed a luxury-the food of kings. Eaten in small quantities with other food it is very nourishing, and favors the cure of pulmonary diseases and colds.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of Vednesday.

O. B. Taylor, of Detroit spent ast Sunday here.

Detected State Solic Control of Praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and the cure all diseases of the Liver and the cure all diseases of the Liver and the cure all diseases. Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and \$1.00 per bottle at Eberbach & Son's Drugstore.

Don't measure a man by what he promises; measure him by what he

A Wonder Worker.

Mr. Frank Huffman, a young man of Burlington, Ohio, states that he had been under the care of two prominent physicians, and used their treatment until he was not able to get around, cutting winds of this week have not thing winds of this week have not gen good for growing wheat.

They pronounced his case to be Consumption and incurable. He was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds and at that time was not able to walk across the street without resting. He partments.

The farmers have about given up the idea of getting a dollar a bushel for wheat, and are beginning to sell at present prices.

The winter has been very favor-

> You never really know a man's disposition until you have eaten a delayed breakfast with him.

It is dangerous to neglect catarrh, for it leads to bronchitis and consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures tion. Hood's Sa catarrh in all forms

Tea is probably now in daily use as a beverage by one-half of the population

It is a Mistake

To try to cure catarrh by local applications. Catarrh is not a local but a constitutional disease. It is not a disease of the man's nose, but of the man. Therefore, to effect a cure, requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, acting through the blood, reaches every part of the system, expelling the taint which causes the disease, and imparting health.

Mental worry, it is thought, is the chief cause of cancer.

They all Falled.

The following letter from W. A Thompson, of Columbus, Wis., is peculiarly interesting: "My wife," says he, "has been treated for her head, he, "has been treated for her head, stomach and nervous prostration by three doctors in New York, two in Chicago, one in Philadelphia, one in Cincinnati, and at the large institute in Buffalo for 16 months. They all failed. But one bottle of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine helped her wonderfully." This should be used in all headaches, backaches, changes of life, nervous disturbances, fits, rheumatism. John Phelan, of Homer, who has nervous disturbances, fits, rheumatism, etc. Ask at Eberbach & Son's drug store for a trial bottle and Dr. Miles' new book on the Nerves and Heart.

Never use the first water that comes from the tap. It has been in a lead or moving of his goods from here to iron pipe all night, and is not health-

A Fortunate Woman.

has reason to be very thankful. She was a great sufferer from heart disease for years. Was short of breath, had hungry spells, pain in side, fluttering, faintness, etc. After taking two bottles of Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, she The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruise Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Eberbach & Son, druggists.

faintness, etc. After taking two bottles of Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, she says, "I am better than for 20 years. My mind and eyesight have improved wonderfully. I advise all persons thus afflicted to use this great remedy." Eberbach & Sons, druggists, recommends and guarantees it. Dr. Miles' work on Heart Disease, containing marvelous testimonials, free. velous testimonials, free.

Sleeping-rooms ought to be located not lower than the second story of the house, and should be large and airy. Pure air and plenty of it is more efficacious than drugs, and is cheaper.

The Probem Solved. An Unrivaled Blood Purifier.

GENTLEMEN: Itaffords me pleasure to state that my wife has received greater benefit from Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup than from any medicine she has ever taken. We have used six bottles, and find it to be the best family remedy and the best blood purifier we have ever used. It is truly all it is claimed to be by its founder.

You cannot recommend it too highly.
Yours truly,
Frank Wallace, West Lebanon. Ind.
Sold by all druggists. Prepared only
by the Charles Wright Medicine Company, Detroit, Mich.

Cardinal Newman's barber thriftily saved the hair he clipped from the prelate's head, and is now offering small locks to relic and souvenir collectors

What is the Use!

Of buying worthless medicines, and spending money on quack doctors whose only idea is to gull the public.

minister undeserved praise, but few of them are fearless enough to bestow by addressing

Be Your own Doctor!

Honey is one of nature's purest stamps for postage, and we will send you Dr. Kaufmann's great work, fine colored plates from life, on disease, its causes and home cure. Address, A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass.

> An inch of rain means one hundred tons of water on every acre.

STAND FROM UNDER

Down Go the Prices.

In order to move 30 DAYS a large portion of our Stock in a next never before known DAYS a large portion of in Ann Arbor.

A LARGE LINE OF

Men's, Boys' & Children's Suits 1-3 off Regular Prices

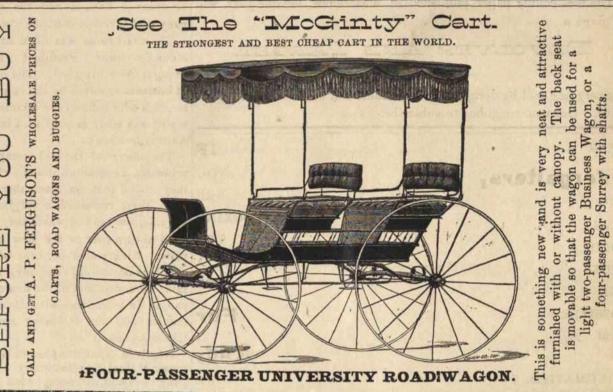
200 single Pants at 1-3 off former price. A lot of Underwear at 1-2 price. All Neck Scarfs at 1-2 price. Children's Wool and Cotton Waists at 50 cents on the dollar. A few more Fur Caps at 1-2 price. A great reduction on every Overcoat in the House.

VES AND MITTENS REDUCED

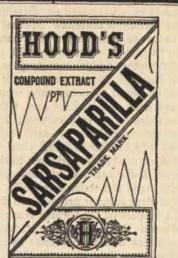
attractive ack seat for a

neat and attri-The back s to be used for a Wagon, or a b shafts.

T. JACOBS



There are one 13 hundred George Smiths in Lynn, Mass.



The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure

blood you cannot enjoy good health. At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is worthy your confidence. It is peculiar in that it strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. Give it a trial.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar One Month Free TO-DAY

A JOURNAL OF POLITICS

A weekly record of the FACTS AND CONSIDERATIONS which show that individual liberty is good for the people of the United States;

And that, therefore, Excessive Legislative Regulation is injurious to them.

They are injured by Governmental interference with Banks, Railroads, Post-office Education, International Trade, Relations between Laborers and Employers, and by the countless other extensions of the political function in a Socialistic sense;

Leading to the neglect of JUSTICE, the one thing needful.

Those who are in sympathy with the object, or who are likely to be interested in such a paper, may receive it one month free

TO-DAY, 3 Summerset St., Boston, Mass,

Chamber Suits, Tables, Chairs, Etc., that should have been here three weeks ago, are rolling in in

SPECIAL

A LOT OF

THE CHOICEST PATTERNS

immense quantities

on which Grand Rapids manufacturers were oversold. I cannot carry them through the summer and they must be moved now CASH WILL CATCH A BARGAIN

I confess I want your money but I will make it pay you well to leave it with me.

W. + G. + DIETERLE. N. B.—Just in, a lot of nice coverings and I am prepared to do your upholstering thoroughly and in first-class style.

W. G. DIETERLE, 37 S. Main St.

EBERBACH & SON. DRUGGISTS

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Dye Stuffs, Artist's and Wax Flower Materials Toilet Articles, Trusses, Etc.

cians, Chemists, Schools, etc., with philosophical and Chemical Aparatus, Bohemian Chemical Glass-ware, Porcelain Ware, Pure Reagents, etc. Physicians' Prescriptions Carefully Prepared at

TO AGENTS ENTIRELY SELL WANTED NEW BOOK

WANTED SELL NEW BOOK

The most wonderful collection of practical, real value and every-day use for the people ever published on the globe. A marvel of money-saving and money-earning for every one owningit. Thousands of beautiful, helpful engravings, showing just how to do everything. No competition; nothing like it in the universe, When you select that which is of true value, sales are sure. All sincerely desiring paying employment and looking for something thoroughly first-class at an extraordinary low price, should write for description and terms on the most remarkable achievement in bookmaking since the world began.

SCAMM BILL & OO. BOX 5008

ST.LOUIS or PHILADBLPHIA.

GEORGE W. MILLEN. THE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO

AND PHARMACISTS,

No. 12 South Main Street

DEALERS IN

DESIRES TO SAY

That THE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY was incorporated by the Legislature of Vermont in 1848. Its existence practically covers the whole history of Life Insurance in America, as the oldest company wrote its first policy in 1843. Hon. Henry Clay, of Kentucky; Hon. Amos Abbott, of Massachusetts; Hon. Alex. Ramsey, of Pennsylvania were among the incorporators.

That during the forty years of its success-That during the forty years of its successful experience, it has passed through the cholera epidemic of 1854, the financial panies of 1857 and 1873, as well a the ordeal of the Civil War. These were periods when corporations and individuals were tried to their utmost capacity. On every side were failures, large and small, but the NATIONAL came out with a record of solid prosperity. came out with a record of solid prosperity, and not a scar to mark the greatest financial disturbances ever known in this country. Its policy contracts, therefore possess all the security and permanence that stability and

successful experience can guarantee.

That it wrote in MICHIGAN during the year 1888 \$74,000, and during the year 1889 \$752,000, which was the largest per cent. of gains during said year by any company in Michigan. No company writes a more satis-factory policy, writing in the face of each

policy three guarantees: FIRST.—A paid-up policy.
SECOND.—A cash surrender for each year

after the third. THIRD.—An extended insurance which rovides for all emergencies that may over-

take anyone between youth and old age.
Other facts and figures gladly furnished by

Room 1 Hamilton Block. Geo. W. Millen. W. A. Anderson has the job of

painting the M. E. church. S. R. Niles is quite sick just now with rheumatism and a severe cold. Fred Cutler's friends gave him a surprise party last Tuesday night.

John Roberts has bought E. Jackson's farm of 100 acres on section

The brick school opened again last week after a vacation of two

Will Dawson, of Detroit, spent last Sunday with his parents at

Married, January 4th, 1891. Walter W. Ballard to Mary E. Roberts, both of Willis.

A series of meetings are being conducted at the Quaker church by Mr. Jackson and Mr. Holly.

The Ladies' Aid Society gave an oyster supper at Young's hall at Whittakers corners last Wednesday night. Net receipts, \$11.00.

Mr. Tuller continues to sell lots at Willis, nearly all being already sold. A. Butler has the brick on his lots for the foundation of his house and cooper shop.

It would take a freight train containing thirty-five cars to transport \$1,000,-000 in pennies.

A Graduate of Medicine.

Being a graduate of a Medical ary. College, I am of course pre!udiced against all proprietary medicines, but I am compeled to say, after being cured of a violent case of Inflammatoy Rhe umatisn, that S. S. S. is the remedy for that disease. I took S. S. S. after everything else had riled. I had all sorts of treatme with the best physicians. Hadthe Turkish bath treatment; went to Hot Springs. Ark.; Jacksonville Fla.; Colorado Spnings, but to California; but no relief. Then I started home, tired and worn, disgusted with medime, a friend persuaded me to take S. S S. and I did it more to gratify him than from any hope of cure, and tre first bottle put me far on the road to permanent cure. I continued it until am sound and well,

Geo. B. Haycock, Duluth, Minn. Treatice on Blood and Skin Diseases

mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC COr, Atlanta, Ga.

It is usually said that there are but in the English lauguage, viz: Scratched, stretched, crunched, scranched, screeched, squelched and staunched.

A Pleasing Sense

Of health and strength renewed and of ease and comfort follows the use of Syrup of Figs. as it acts in harmeny leading druggists.

Chang, the celebrated Chinese giant, has become a naturalized British subject, and an earnest Christian worker. He resides at Bournemouth, in the South of England, and is a great favorite with everybody, especially the chil-

Get to J. T. Jacobs & Co.'s store as soon as possible. They intend to make an extra effort to move goods during the next 30 days.

Edna Lyall, the novelist, is hardly thirty. She is a demure and unassuming little woman, who talks slowly and with hesitation. Much of her literary work is done on a type-writer.

It does not follow that the girl of the period wearing a big hat has a big

WANTED-TO EXCHANGE. I have a farm W of 270 acres in the township of Sharon, which I will exchange for a small one in a good location. Call upon or address me at 308 Ellis street, Ypsilanti, C. M. Fellows. 3-7

Real Estate for Sale.

Real Estate for Sale.

CTATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washte-Daw, ss.—In the matter of the estate of Cora E. Uphaus, Laura E. Uphaus, Sarah A. Uphaus and Louis H. Uphaus, minors. Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned, guardian of the estate of said minors, by the Hon. Judge of Probate, for the County of Washtenaw, on the eleventh day of November, A. D. 1890, there will be sold at Public Vendue to the highest bidder, at the dwelling house, on the premises, below described, in the township of Freedom, in the County of Washtenaw, in said state, on Tuesday, the third day of March, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the sale), including dower right of the undersigned, all the right, title and interest of said minors, in the following described real estate to-wit: The east half of the southwest quarter of section number nineteen (19), and the south-east quarter of the north-west quarter of said section number nineteen (19), all in township number three (3) south, range four (4) east, Freedom, in Michigan.

CAROLINE UPHAUS, (now Esch.)

Dated, Jan. 13, 1891.



Honest Work, \$20 \$40 a women. We furnish the capital! If you mean business, drop us a card and get some facts that will open your eyes! A legitimate line of goods, and honest men wanted to introduce them in town and country. Don't Wair! Address, at once, P. O. Box 649, Cincin-O. Inati

FARMERS TO MANY LAWS.

Measures Which Reports Say the Alliance Will Support in North Carolina.

A recent dispatch from Raleigh, N. C., to The New York Times contains the

There are 115 members of the legislature who are also members of the Farmers' Alliance, and these men are all determined on the passage of a bill establishing a railroad commission, with power to fix passenger fares and freight rates. Bills of this character have been defeated in every legislature during the past eight years. The demand of the Alliance is for an ironclad commission to regulate and fix passenger fares and freight rates, and the strong possibility

is that such an act will be passed. The legislature will be called upon to find new subjects of taxation to raise \$150,000, which has been withdrawn from the state treasury by decisions of the United States circuit court declaring the tax on commercial drummers and on the sale of guano to be unconstitutional. The guano tax went to the support of the agricultural department and the agricultural and mechanical school. This school is in the nature of a manual training college, and is very popular among the people of the state, and there is a universal desire that the money be provided to continue the school.

In order to raise the money needed it is proposed to levy a tax of \$1 on every ton of guano sold in this state either by principal or agent, which would bring in \$150,000, and thus supply the deficit.

There is a general demand for more money for the free public schools. These schools are not now kept open more than two months in the year, and no teacher receives more than \$40 per month as sal-As the law now stands, the school fund is divided pro rata according to the number of school children.

The penitentiary system is becoming a heavy burden to the taxpayers. There are now \$1,500 convicts in the penitentiary near the city-1,200 negroes and 300 whites. The expense, all told, to keep up this system is \$300,000 per year. The people of the state are opposed to the penitentiary because they believe it does not decrease crime and because it is a heavy expense. In its place they are in favor of the old Mosaic punishment of nine-and-thirty lashes well laid on the bare backs of all offenders who are not to be imprisoned for life. One of the demands of the Farmers'

Alliance in this state is largely increased criminal jurisdiction for the justices of the peace, so that one-half of the cases which now cumber the dockets of the superior courts would be triable before the justices, with the right of appeal to the superior court. The Alliance members ought to be able to get such a bill through at the next session, but they will meet with strong opposition from the lawyers. The enactment of such a law would reduce the criminal expenses of the superior courts at least one-half, the laws would be just as well administered, and there would be no more crime than seven nine-lettered monosyllable words there is now. There is a strong desire for the amendment of the civil jurisdiction of the justices, so as to give them the right to hear and determine all civil matters where the sum sued for does not exceed \$500. The limit is now \$200.

The Alliance people are also bitterly opposed to the law which permits farmers to execute a lien on the crop to be made. This law makes the farmer or with nature to affectually cleanse the system when costive or bilious. For sale at 50cts and \$1.00 bottles by all and extravagant—lazy because he goes to town and buys guano instead of drawextravagant because, having credit by virtue of his lien, he buys many things that he does not need, and would not purchase if he were obliged to pay cash. The interest he pays for this indulgence ranges from 25 to 100 per cent. As a matter of course this enormous charge, coupled with several successive years of bad crops, brought almost every farmer in debt to the landlords and merchants. It is believed by the Alliance people that the repeal of this law, to take effect Jan. 1, 1892, would prove of great benefit to the men who till the soil by forcing them to pay cash. The repeal of the lien law would also open the way for the investnow used in the commission and lien business in other channels, such as cotton factories and similar manufacturing establishments.

There is also a strong feeling against the law of contributory negligence on the part of the employes of railroad and other corporations which prevents the recovery of damages for any injury received by the employe while in the employ of the corporation if by his act he contributed thereto. An effort will be made to repeal this law and make the injury itself prima facie evidence that fines itself to a mere demand for the the employe is entitled to recover, leav- election of senators by the people, and ing only the question of the amount of does not specify how this is to be done. damages to be found by the jury. Of Here is opportunity for a wide diversity course this innovation will be fought by of opinion. Shall it be by the whole the various corporations, but the opinion vote of a state, as a governor is elected, prevails that the opposition will not or shall each state be divided into two avail to prevent the amendment of the senatorial districts? Shall the present law as stated.

An Interesting Question.

It will be noticed that the Farmers' Alliance people generally consider the question of the handling of the government finances of more importance than any other national issue. Have we enough currency in circulation? While "business" is apparently good, that is to state, chosen by the legislature thereof, say, trailing is plenty enough, there is a shortage in what we call "ready money." We find many people with property enough who cannot pay bills because of shortage in the "medium of exchange." They might secure cash by selling some of their property, but the cash price for this would be far below their estimate of its value. There is, therefore, a well settled belief in the minds of the people that the volume of cash is so small that the banks and money lenders have a great advantage over those who must pay their debts in cash or what has been decreed legal tender. How far are they right? To us, this is one of the most interesting questions of the day.—Rural New Yorker.

UNITED STATES SENATORS.

Interesting Information Brought Out Through the Alliance Proposition. One of the demands of the Farmers' Alliance is for the election of senators directly by the people. The adoption of such a change in our system would at least have the good effect of doing away with the scandals-altogether too frequent-of wealthy men purchasing their

seats in the upper house. The main obstacle in the way of such a change is that it involves a constitutional amendment, and there are few things in our political life harder to bring about than amendments to the organic law, either state or national. In the cases of state constitutions it is notorious that people will go on indefinitely bearing real evils, rather than adopt constitutional amendments which will cure the evils. Any proposition to change the organic law seems to awaken all the conservatism in people's natures, and great numbers will vote against any proposition simply because they would rather endure the ills they have than run any risk of opening the door to "tinkering with the constitution."

It may be interesting to say something as to how the senate came to have its present form. There was no senate in the continental congress. There was but one house, and each state had a single vote in it. The constitutional convention of 1787, following the model of the British government, then the best form known, was in favor of two houses, but sorely puzzled how to constitute an upper house which would be different from the lower one and a check upon it. It was a long while before the idea of a senate was conceived, and it really grew out of the jealousy of the smaller states of the larger ones. But eleven states took part in the earlier proceedings of the convention. Two of the four delegates from New Hampshire came in later, and no delegates were appointed by Rhode Island. The "small states"—five in number-were Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland. The "large states" were Massachusetts. Pennsylvania, Virginia, North and South

Carolina and Georgia.

The "small states" feared that they would be overslaughed by the large ones, and so they hung out stubbornly for equal voice in congress. Several of the 'plans' suggested did not contemplate an upper house, but the Virginia plan, which was eventually made the basis of congress, did. It, however, gave no name to the upper house, but proposed that its members should be chosen by the house of representatives out of a number of persons nominated by the legislatures of the several states. Three ways in all were suggested to constitute the membership:

1. Appointment by the chief executive from nominations by the legisla-

2. Election by the people.

8. Election by the legislatures.
Alexander Hamilton urged as an amendment that the members should be chosen by electors chosen by the people of the state, and that they should serve during good behavior. Pinckney proposed a terra of three years. The committee of the whole digested these propositions, and reported in favor of a "second branca," the members of which were to be elected by the legislatures for seven years, and to be ineligible to any office for a year after the expiration of their term, and the number was to be in proportion to the population.

This was the shape in which it appears in the first draft of the constitution. June 24-25, 1787, the convention ing on the product of his own farm, and adopted the report of the committee, ent that the term was changed from seven to six years, and the ineligibility clause was stricken out. The convention then entered upon a protracted struggle as to the representation of each state, and various propositions were urged. One scheme gave Rhode Island and Delaware each one and Virginia five, with the other states proportioned between these. Dr. Franklin proposed that each state have an equal representation, with a vote on money bills proportionate to its share of the taxes. Delaware threatened to withdraw from the confederation if the small states were not given an equal representation, and ment of the capital of the merchants finally, after the debate had gone on for six weeks, the plan of giving each state two members was adopted, and the small states concentrated their efforts upon giving the "second branch" the utmost power and importance. Aug. 6 the name "senate" was formally given the "sec-ond branch." Sept. 6 the office of vice president was agreed upon, and he was made the presiding officer of the senate in order to give him something to do. The constitution was finally adopted Sept. 17.

The Farmers' Alliance platform conrule of two senators for each statelarge or small-continue, or shall each state have a vote in the senate in proportion to its population?

Before any change can be made it will be necessary to get section 3, article 1, of the constitution amended. This reads: "The senate of the United States shall

be composed of two senators from each for six years, and each senator shall have one vote.

To secure this amendment it will be necessary to have it proposed by twothirds of the members of both houses of congress, and it must then be ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the states. That is, assuming that the house will consist of 356 representatives, it will have to receive the votes of 234 representatives and 59 senators, and be ratified by the legislatures of 33 states .-National Tribune.

Belva Lockwood, in a recent interview with a Kansas City Times reporter, said: "I expect to see an Alliance president of the United States some of these days."

The Grange in Maine.

The state grange of Maine recently met at Lewiston. Worthy Lecturer Dr. G. M. Twitchell made a report which showed considerable progress during the past year. Among other things he said:

In no state in all the Union is the order upon the substantial foundation found in the old Pine Tree state. 'Dirigo" our motto in the grange field as elsewhere. In no other state do we find the monuments of permanency, these grange halls, rising in so many sections, testifying to the zeal of the patrons their love of the organization, and the power of combined effort. Whether east or west, north or south, go where you will, and grange halls stand at the four corners, telling to the world of noble purposes and consecrated effort. Out of 220 subordinate granges in Maine, sixtenths gather in their own homes. In the eastern portion of Washington, in the northern sections of Aroostock, among the hills of Oxford and down the valleys of York, the traveler meets these evidences of permanency, away from town or village, where neighborhoods gather for social and intellectual improvement.

Brothers and sisters, the past year has brought a revelation to me of the worth and power of our organization, and also of the grand future which awaits us if we are loyal to our obligations. Never was the harvest so fruitful, never were the laborers so earnest, never were the opportunities so grand for the order of Patrons of Husbandry as today. Free from all political alliances the order is coming to be intensely political, and patrons are arousing themselves to specific and determined action within their own party lines which will surely secure results. The order has been grappling some of the intricate problems, and will this winter make its power felt in the halls of legislation. Loyal patrons of all political parties will there faithfully and fearlessly represent our true interests, and your duty and mine is to stand shoulder to shoulder with and behind them until results are secured.

It is with great interest that I read the communication in your paper on finance, for it is one of the most vital questions of the day. When mankind was content to be slaves it mattered little to them, for they were content if they had coarse food and clothes. But men who want to be free aspire to something higher and nobler. As a solution to this question I submit the following, and to make it plain I will give

Another Financial Scheme.

Harrison county, Tex., issued \$50,000 in bonds to build a court house; said bonds run for thirty years, at 6 per cent., which is \$3,000 per year; thirty years' interest would be \$90,000; we pay, and still owe the principal, \$50,000. Individuals bought these bonds at par. Of course they considered the investment good.

an illustration:

Now suppose the law was so we could have deposited those bonds with the United States treasurer, and receive greenbacks for them at 2 per cent, interest, which would be \$1,000 per year, in thirty years, \$30,000—a difference of \$60,000. So it is plainly to be seen that if 2 of the 6 per cent. went for interest and 4 per cent. for a sinking fund we could pay the principal and interest in thirty years, and have \$10,000 to pay expenses with. This plan looks to me like a wheel within a wheel, and the government would need no other source of revenue forever.

Incorporated cities and counties in the United States could carry their credit, and this plan would greatly reduce the tax of city and county. It is a secure

boards, revises the laws regarding the control of the State Normal and State Agricultural colleges, Hutchinson reformatory; decapitates ex-Governor Crawford, the state agent at Washington; cuts down the number of local district judges about one-fourth; cuts legal advertising, sheriffs' sales, county and state printing of all kinds 50 per cent.; provides for the Australian system of voting and the election of the state board of railway commissioners; provides that the state furnish school books of a uniform text free; overhauls the system of taxation and assessment and puts it on a bona fide basis; cuts down the fees and salaries of all county officers, except coroners and commissioners, and affects constables and justice of the peace fees. The report, if adopted and enacted into law, will save the people of Kansas \$800,000 in taxes annually.

There need be little apprehension that the farmers of the country, as a class, will go to dangerous extremes. They may for the moment be bewildered by the vision of enthusiasm, but they are the solid, conservative element of the land. As to whether they can give durability to a national organization in politics, without an engrossing and overshadowing issue like that of slavery in the formation of the Republican party, is not now considered. Causes not now visible only prevent the Alliance becoming a factor in the contest in 1892 of so much importance that it cannot be disregarded in political computations.-St. Paul Globe.

It has been a source of some surprise and regret with the order that occasionally state masters, at the recent sessions of state granges, failed to mention the grange press, its value and importance. It was undoubtedly an oversight, for no Patron of Husbandry of this day fails to recognize the vital importance of the grange press to the actual life of the order.—American Grange Bulletin.

NEVER A FAILURE.

The Red River Valley of Minnesota and North Dakota

had a failure of crops. It produced 30,000,000

never

bushels of wheat besides other cereals in 1890. Farms can be had

on the crop plan, or long time cash payments. is not an uncommon thing

to pay for a farm from the proceeds of one crop. has all of the advantages of an old country in the shape of school, church, market, postal & railway facilities,

and all the chances of a new country in the way of cheap lands, rich soil, and increase in values.

is one of the most fertile and promising regions in America not yet fully occupied. the rush to the far west, however,

been over-looked. It has room for a million more people. Write to

this rich valley has

F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. for particulars.

Publications sent free.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

FARMERS' & MECHANICS' BANK

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN. at the close of business, OCTOBER 2nd, 1890.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts
Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc.....
Overdrafts Overdrafts
Due from banks in reserve cities
Due from Washtenaw Co.
Bills in traneit
Furniture and fixtures.
Current expenses and taxes paid
Interest paid.
Checks and cash items
Nickels and pennies
Gold. LIABILITIES.

Savings deposits..... Due to banks and bankers..... Total \$368,917 97

Capital stock paid in.....

STATE OF MICHIGAN, SS.
County of Washtenaw, Ss.
I, Frederick H. Belser, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnily swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. H. BELSER, Cashier, Subscribed and sworn to before me this eleventh day of October, 1892.

WM. W. WHEDON.

Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
CHAS. E. GREENE,
JUNIUS E. BEAL,
REUBEN KEMPF,

HAVE YOU READ The Chicago Times

It is the Leading Democratic Newspaper of the Northwest. THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is the popular paper for all who want a first-class newsgiver-edited by the best writers, who each week contribute brilliant articles on Free Trade, The McKinley Bill, Bennett Law, Columbian Exposition, and all live subjects—Political, Social, Educational, Religious, Sporting, Agriculture, etc. The correct market reports are a special feature. Send for sample copies FREE and the SPECIAL PREMIUM offers. Address THE CHICAGO TIMES.

Estate of John Michael Weinmann. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY
Of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the
Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw,
holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann
Arbor, on Tuesday, the thirtieth day of December, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and ninety.

dred and ninety.
Present J.Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of John Michael
Weinmann, deceased. Weinmann, deceased, On reading and filing the petition, duly veri-fied, of Dorothea Weinmann, praying that ad-ministration of said estate may be granted to Frederick B. Braun, or some other suitable per-

Frederick B. Braun, or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 26th day of January next, at ten o'clock in the forencon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the ANN ARBOR ARGUS. a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. of hearing.

of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT,

(A true copy.)

Judge of Probate

WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

tax of city and county. It is a secure plan, for it is based upon the property of the country.—J. E. H. in Journal of Agriculture.

Good Work of the Alliance.

A dispatch from Eldorado, Kan., says: The effects of the Alliance movement in Kansas are already beginning to be felt. Two years ago the Kansas state senate appointed a committee to revise certain portions of existing state laws.

The report abolishes a dozen useless boards, reconsolidates half a dozen other boards, revises the laws regarding the

Notice to Creditors.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice to Creditors.

TATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY
of Washtenaw, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, Imade on the 20th day of December, A. D 1890, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of John Gadd, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the caty of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 29th day of June, next, and that such claims will be beard before said Court on Monday, the 30th day of March and on Monday, the 30th day of March and on Monday, the representation of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, December 20th, A. D. 1890.

J. WILLARD BABBITT,
Judge of Probate.

Estate of James Clancy.

Estate of James Clancy Estate of James Clancy.

CTATE OF MICHIGAN COUNTY
Of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate
Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the
Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Monday the
twenty-second day of December in the year
one thousand eight hundred and ninety.
Present, J. Willard Babbitt Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of James Clancy,
deceased.
Edward Duffy, the administrator of said estate
comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such administrator.

Threupon it is ordered that Monday, the 19th day of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed. And it is further ordered that said administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the And it is further ordered that said administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Argurs a newspaper printed and circulating in said county three successive week previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT,

A true copy.)

A true copy.)

WILLIAM G DOTY, Probate Register.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF SWASHTENAW, SS. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the twelfth day of January, A. D. 1801, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of William H. Randall, late of said county deceased and that all creditors of said deceased are the estate of William H. Randall, late of said county deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the city of AnnArb or for examination and allowance, on or before the thirteenth day of July next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court on Monday, the thirteenth day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, January 12, A. D. 1891.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

Assignee's Sale.

Assignee's Sale.

In the matter of the estate of Nickolas Cordary, insolvent. Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an order dated the 12th day of January, A. D. 1891, granted by the Circuit Court, for the county of Washtenaw. In Chancery, to the undersigned, assignee of the estate of said Nickolas Cordary, insolvent, I will sell at public auction or vendue, to the highest bidder, on Friday, the 30th day of January A, D. 1891, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the First National Bank of Ypsilanti, in the city of Ypsilanti, all the property and all outstanding took accounts of said insolvent remaining in my hands as such assignee, said property described as follows, to wit: Lot number fourteen (14) of Cross and Shutts addition on Miles street; lot number seventeen of Cross and Shutts' addition on the east side of Miles street, with improvements, and, that certain piece of land commencing on the east line of the west

Shutts' addition on the east side of Miles street, with improvements, and, that certain piece of land commencing on the east line of the west half of the northwest quarter of section ten (10), town three (3), south of range seven (7) east, thirteen '13) chains and fifty-four (54) links, south of the northeast corner of said lot; thence south three and three-quarters degrees east, one (1) chain and fifty-three (63) links; thence south 88 degrees, 25 minutes west, eight (8) chains and nine (9) links to centre of Miles street; thence north forty and three-quarters degrees west, along the centre of Miles street, one (1) chain and ninety-seven (97) links to the southwest corner of Cross and Shutts' addition to Ypsilanti; thence north eighty-eight (88) degrees twenty-five (25) minutes, east sixty-four (64) links to the east line of said street, twenty-one (21) links to the south line of a street on the south side of Cross and utes, east sixty-four (84) links to the east line of said street, twenty-one 21) links to the south line of a street on the south side of Cross and Shutts' addition, thence easterly along the south line of said street two (2) chains and seventy-five (75) links, to the east line of the north and south aliey on said addition, thence southerly on the east line of said addition, thence do one (1) chain and ninety-eight (98) links to the south line of said addition; thence north eighty-eight (88) degrees twenty-five (25) minutes east, along the south line of said addition addition five (5) chains and nine (9) links to the place of beginning, and, the east half of the northwest quarter, and the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section thirty-four (34), in town (25), north of range one (1) east, in Oscoda county. Michigan, This sale will be made subject to confirmation by the circuit court for the county of Washtenaw. In Chancery.

WILLIAM LOOK,

WILLIAM LOOK,
Assignee of N. Cordary, insolvent.
Dated, Detroit, January 13, 1891.

The Nestor of the Magazines.

"According to Homer, Nester, the old war-rior and the wise councellor of the Greeks, had roled over three generations of men, and was wise as the immortal Gods."

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subjects."—Philadelphia Ledger.

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FRIDAY, JANUARY 16, 1891.

MEXICAN AND M'KINLEY TARIFFS.

Comparative Duties on Live Animals in Mexico and the United States.

In the so called "farmers' tariff" in the McKinley law a duty of \$30 a head is levied on horses. Mexican ponies are worth in Mexico about \$10 each, which makes the duty equal to 300 per cent. ad valorem. This is done under the pretense of helping our farmers, yet it is principally the farmers themselves who buy these mustangs.

On the New Mexican frontier, however, the people have learned a new way to evade the McKinley duty and get their prices. They buy them in Mexico, and drive them across into New Mexico, where of course they are seized by the ever vigilant custom house officers. The mustangs are then sold at auction, and are bought up by their owners at about the market price of \$10 each. In this way the ranchmen get their ponies for only two prices instead of four, as Mc-Kinley would have them do.

We boast of our civilization, and are inclined to look down upon the Mexican people as far below us in the scale of \$30 apiece extra for \$10 mustangs, while the Mexican government makes its people pay only \$2 apiece as duty on all the horses and mules we sell them, however fine they may be.

The difference between the Mexican and the McKinley ideas of tariffs may be seen from the following figures of duties on live animals:

	Mexican Duty.	McKinley Duty.
Sheep	.\$0 85)	
Lambs	. 0 051	\$1 50
Hogs	. 2 25	1 50
Cattle	. 8 00	10 00
Mules	. 2 00 1	20.00
Horses	. 2 00 5	30 00
McKinlan doubtless	thomak	t bo moo

doing ourselves a great deal of good and the Mexicans much harm by putting a duty on silver lead ores, but the result seems to have been precisely the opposite. The Mexican minister to Washington says: "The exclusion of ores has, so far, been advantageous to us, because several reduction works are being built in Mexico for the treatment of the same, which used to be done in the United States when crude ores came in free of duty in the shape of raw material. Such ores as cannot be worked profitably in Mexico will be sent to Europe for treat-ment since the doors of the United States have been shut to us.'

These ores, too, were made dutiable under the pretense of helping our own people; but where is the gain to us? Our miners have been compelled to pay higher charges for smelting; the price of lead has been made higher, and has fluctuated greatly since the McKinley bill was put on. Many lead using industries have been injured by the higher prices as well as by the fluctuations in prices. The Mexicans are now shipping their lead through our territory to Europe, where it is smelted or resmelted, and some of it finds its way back and by this combination a complete coninto this country to pay two cents a trol of the output and prices has been pound duty. Tariff obstructions thus cause our people needless expense, and nobody is benefited except a handful of carbonate lead mine owners in Colorado.

The Level of Wages.

The fifth annual report of Carroll D. Wright, United States commissioner of labor, is devoted entirely to railroad labor. The differences between the wages of men doing the same work in different parts of the United States are shown to be very great. The following table exhibits these differences in detail:

AVERAGE DAILY RATE OF WAGES.

	New	New		
	England.	York.	Georgia.	Ohio.
Brakemen	\$1 80	\$1.73	\$1 26	\$1 8616
Conductors	2 82	2 54	2 5816	2 6116
Engineers	8 8214	8 15	2 91	8 0716
Firemen	1 89	1 72	1 2916	1 7916
Laborers	1 51	1 2316	88	1 2136
Tel. operators	1 4254	1 341/6	1 50%	1 47
Switchmen	1 78	1 27	1 11	1 5316
	N	orthwest	t Pacific	100000
	Texas.	States.	States.	age.
Brakemen	\$1 95	\$1 7514	\$1 96	\$1 78
Conductors	2 9214	2 8516	8 00	2 63
Engineers		2 7916		*8 2214
Firemen		1 9016		1 7916
Laborers		1 30	1 8716	1 26
Tel. operators.		1 3846	2 0916	1 4316
Switchmen		2 1516	2 20	1 5016

These figures are very important in their bearing upon the tariff question. The protectionists assert, in season and should be maintained and wages inout of season, that if it were not for the tariff wages with us would at once sink secured by reduction of wages, the remto the European level. In order to make edy will be worse than the disease, good that claim they ought first to ex- speaking in a political sense, as it will plain why wages do not sink to the same level in all parts of our own country.

The firemen on railroads, for example, do precisely the same kind of work in its position on the tariff or on taxation all parts of the country, yet they earn \$2.04 in Texas and only \$1.291 in Georgia. Engineers earn \$3.55 in Texas and only \$2.791 in the northwestern states. Ohio tion, overturn the leadership of Harripays its brakemen 61 cents a day more than New England does, but New Eng- Blaine forward with the implied promise land pays its switchmen 291 cents more than Ohio. Engineers in New York get enlargement of trade through reciproci-351 cents a day more than in the northwestern states, but switchmen are paid by repudiating all that the Republican 881 cents more in the northwest than in New York.

The same differences and cross differences run through the whole table. Why do not wages sink to the same level here the protectionists to assume that our wages would sink to the European level if it were not for the tariff?

The M. C. R. R. will sell round trip tickets account Christmas and New Years on December 24, 25, 31 January 3, 1891, at one and onethird fares round trip.

SPRINGER ON REFORM.

THE ISSUE WILL REMAIN TARIFF REFORM.

The Illinois Congressman Gives His Views of the Tariff Reform Outlook-The New Congress Will Keep the Question Open Republicans in a Dilemma.

Hon. William M. Springer, of Illinois, while in New York not long ago talked with a member of the Reform club on the prospects of tariff reform. He spoke in the most hopeful manner of the outlook, and he felt the utmost confidence that the Democrats would win on the tariff issue in 1892. Mr. Springer said:

The Republican politicians of Washington are now endeavoring to divert public attention from the principal issue upon which they were repudiated at the November election. They seem to be of the opinion that there is but one way open through which success is possible in 1892. Upon the tariff question they have been thoroughly repudiated. They now hope by reviving sectional issues through and by means of the Force bill and appeals to sectional prejudice to reform political issues upon other lines than tariff and taxation.

In this they will be as much disappointed as they were overwhelmed by the result of the recent election. The people of the country have pronounced against taxation of the many for the benefit of the few. They will not give up this issue until it has eventuated in practical legislation in accordance with their demands. If we were now living under the form of government which prevails in monarchical England, the new congress would be progress, yet we make our people pay at once convened, and the McKinley bill would be repudiated immediately; but under our more conservative methods we must abide the constitutional forms required for securing results.

On the tariff question the republicans can neither go forward nor backward with any prospect of bettering their condition. To stand still is conceded defeat; to move in the other direction offers scarcely less advantage. If they go forward they must rely upon the ful-fillment of pledges made before the election and pending the passage of the Mc-Kinley bill, to the effect that while prices of articles affected by the tariff might be temporarily advanced, yet, ultimately and in the near future, by means of competition, such prices could be greatly reduced and articles would be sold cheaper than before the passage of the bill, thus placing their reliance in the future for a reversal of the popular judgment in November upon a claim that competition is to come to their relief, and that by the time of the next presidential election the people will be in the full enjoyment of cheap necessaries of life secured through competi-tion. This hope is a flattering one; it can never be realized.

Competition has already done its perfect work in this country in the matter of reducing prices. So perfectly has competition been carried on that combination for the purpose of arresting competition has been resorted to all along the line. There is scarcely a manufacturing industry in the United States that is not more or less controlled by some kind of combination for the purpose of limiting the output and regulating the prices. In some cases this com-bination has taken the form of trusts or organized monopolies. These trusts have secured the concentration of nearly all the capital engaged in a given industry, secured.

In other cases a milder type of combination has been resorted to. In some cases the combination has been secured by means of correspondence between the various interests and a tacit agreement reached as to output and prices year after year. But through one form or another scarcely an industry can be mentioned in which further competition is not prevented or made impossible by the mutual concurrence of those engaged in the business.

Those, therefore, who look to competition for a reduction of prices will be deceived. Prices of manufactured articles can only be reduced, while the McKinley bill is in force, by the reduction of wages or by the adoption of im-proved processes. The latter will come without the tariff; it is entirely independent of it. In most lines of industry it would seem that the processes of manufacture were almost perfect at this time; but still we may hope for continued improvement in this direction, although such improvement will scarcely be perceptible in the brief space of two years. Lower prices secured by reduction of wages would be attended with greater disaster than if present prices creased. So that wherever cheapness is affect the interests of the Republican party. Hence it seems conclusive that the Republican party cannot improve by adhering to the McKinley bill.

If, however, the leaders of the party should determine to reverse their posison, McKinley and Reed, and put Mr. of the repeal of the McKinley bill, the ty, and the bettering of their condition party has done since it came into power, it will find this latter condition more

hopeless than the former. President Harrison in his message to congress "pointed with pride" to the in our own country? What right have fact that there had been recently an increase in the prices of agricultural products, such as corn, wheat, etc., and he endeavored to convey the impression that such increased price of agricultural products was the result of the McKinley bill. Nothing could be further from the truth. If he had taken pains to examine and January 1, good to return until the report on the condition of the crops -which issued from the agricultural

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his message-he would have found that in Kansas the average yield of corn per acre was only eleven bushels, whereas it ought to have been thirty. The very fact that there is almost a total failure of the corn crop in Kansas was one of the reasons which produced the political revolution in that state.

The failure or shortness of the corn crop of the great corn belt of the country caused scarcity of this product, and scarcity resulted in higher prices for corn. But the trouble with the farmers was that they had little or no corn to sell, and many of them who had stock to feed became buyers at the higher rates which scarcity had produced. The prices of agricultural products are determined entirely by the extent of production, and this is governed by natural

causes, not by legislation. A failure of crops in this country is regarded by the farmers as the greatest calamity that can befall them, but such failure inevitably results in higher prices of farm products, and therefore the president has cited as an evidence of prosperity that which the farmers themselves regard as a calamity, namely, higher prices resulting from crop failure. There can be no combination among farmers to reduce the output of agricultural products; such combinations are not even desirable. Farmers universally strive for bountiful harvests, the pious ones among them praying as well as laboring for them. They regard a bountiful harvest as essential to their prosperity, notwithstanding the fact that the greater the crop the less will be the price of the products.

They are political economists who beieve, who realize, in fact, that abundance is wealth and that scarcity can never tend in that direction. If the next season should be favorable, and large crops of wheat, corn, oats and other products of the farm should be realized, there will be a corresponding depression of prices, and the larger the crop the lower the prices. If such should be the result a year from this time the president in his annual message would—fol-lowing the lines of his late one—deplore the unfortunate condition of the country brought about by the low prices for farm products caused by abundant har-

to divert the attention of the country from the tariff question whatever they may do, whether they go forward or go backward. The Democratic party has a plain, unmistakable duty to perform; that duty consists in moving steadily onward and pressing the advantage which it has already obtained. It will keep this question before the public until the fruits of victory have been realized, until the McKinley bill has been repealed, and until materials which make profitable manufacture impossible have been relieved from unnecessary burdens and so cheapened as to not only aid manufacturing, but increase profitable production. It will demand larger markets for American farm products; not only reciprocity with Cuba, South America and Canada, but freer trade with all the world.

The late election was only the expression of popular desire; that popular desire has not been accomplished. It may not be fully realized until after the next presidential election, at which the final and complete victory will be achieved-namely, the election of a president and both branches of congress, who will carry into effect the popular verdict of last November. During the Fifty-second congress the large Democratic majority will keep this question continually in view. It will not be turned to the right nor to the left; it will not permit side issues of any kind to interfere with this all absorbing and all important question. With the advantages already obtained it will be little less than criminal to permit anything to occur which would make impossible ultimate and complete tariff reform.

A Shipment of Glassware.

The "quality" of McKinleyism may be seen from a case recently reported by a Boston paper. A merchant recently imported from Antwerp an invoice of medium table glassware, paying for it \$1,775. On landing it at the custom house the McKinley duty was found to be \$1,065, thus making the entire cost \$2,840. The duty under the old law would have been \$742.30, or \$322.70 less than the McKinley duty. A part of this difference grows out of the customs administrative law making the boxes, straw, packing, etc., dutiable at the same rate as the merchandise when an ad valorem rate is levied.

The old rate on table glassware was 40 per cent.; the McKinley rate is 60 per cent., or an increase of 50 per cent. upon the old rate. This increase is said to have been put on by McKinley for the benefit of the glassware manufacturers in his district. One of the Philadepartment almost simultaneously with delphia manufacturers, who went behad much to say about the pauper laborers of Germany, who "eat meat only once a week," and yet he confessed that workers in our American glass factories have work only about nine months in

McKinley Free Trade.

The protectionists cannot avoid showing that they do not believe their own words when they tell us that "the tariff is not a tax." In order to develop the manufacture of beet root sugar in this country the McKinleyites put a provision into the tariff law that all machinery for manufacturing it should be admitted at the custom houses free of duty till July 1, 1892.

This was intended to encourage the new beet root sugar industry, but if the tariff is not a tax how can this exemption from the duty help the sugar industry? The McKinleyites are anxious to help a young and promising infant in-dustry, and the first food they give it is a large chunk of free trade in their ma-chinery. After doing this these same McKinleyites go up and down the land trying to prove the this very free trade would ruin the country; that it is advocated only by "those who serve foreign interests" and are enemies to their coun-

Great Faith.

A melancholy case was brought to light over in Brooklyn the other day when a man was taken to court on the charge of neglecting to provide for his family. He solemnly asseverated that he carried home all the money he earned. Being further questioned, he admitted that his sole means of livelihood was serving as a juror, and that he only got a chance to prosecute his vocation about once a year. This is sometimes scoffed at as the age of the decadence of faith. But think of the faith which this poor man has exercised day after day and year after year! Is it any wonder if he has sometimes doubted whether, after all, trial by jury is the palladium of our Diaries.

Certainly he were to be pardoned if Ledgers, questionings and suspicions sometimes arose in his mind. Still the calm wings of his faith soared above such petty Journals, things, and he faced the future with confidence. As a family provider, though, it Pass-Books, is plain that such a person has serious drawbacks. But there's no denying his faith. It might not be able to remove mountains, but it would not hesitate at Bill-Books, a fair sized hill.-New York Tribune.

Fires in New York.

That the growth of the work which New York firemen are called on to do demands the best apparatus which can provement must be adopted will be apparent from even a casual inspection of the statistics of fires and consequent sses. In 1866, the year after the paid department took the places of the volunteers, there were 796 fires in the city. In 1888 there were 3,217. In 1866 there was 1 fire to every 80 buildings, and in 1888 1 to 35. In 1866 there were 14 fires to Bargains in Envelopes every man on the force, in 1888 31-7 fires to each man. That the efficiency of the force has more than kept pace with the growth in fires, however, is plain from the fact that the average loss per fire in 1866 was \$8,075.38, and in 1888 but \$1,705.29.—John R. Spears in Scribner's.

No Need of Being Old Before Seventy. Some old persons are apparently as capable as ever, but this is only in certain lines where they have the advantage of earlier habits and all previous accumulations. Their versatility, their power to turn effectively in other directions, to train themselves to new intellectual habits, is far from what it once was.

It is often the case, and sometimes it is a source of trouble, that an old man does not perceive his intellectual shrinkage as clearly as others see it. But there is no dead line at fifty, even for the minister. No man who takes care of himself begins to be old before he is seventy.-Youth's Companion.

Helping Labor.

The high McKinley duties were professedly imposed to help labor. Few cases, if any, have been made public where wages have been raised since Oct. But there are many cases where wages have been reduced. The wages of potters in Trenton, N. J., and in Ohio have been reduced. In Paterson. N. J., the wages of silk weavers have been reduced, and the weavers went on a strike. The wages of cotton weavers at several points in Rhode Island have been reduced. In the iron industry a reduction of the wages of the puddlers at Pottstown, Pa., has been reported, and 1,000 workmen in the rolling stock mills at Ormiston, Ala., have struck because their wages were not paid at all. At Pittsburg, Pa., the Oliver iron and steel mills have shut down and thrown 3,000 workmen out of employment.

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\$15.00, \$16.00 and \$18.00 Newmarkets reduced ato \$10.00.

\$6.00 and \$7.00 Cloth Jackets, \$4.50.

Plush Jackets at Cost. Misses' Cloaks at Cost, and less

Children's " " " "

All other Cloaks at prices to close.

DEEP -:- CUT

That is what we have made in the price of Knit Underwear Ladies' and Gents' \$1.00 Scarlet Underwear reduced to 75 cents.

Ladies' Union Suits at Cost.

All of our 65c Plaids reduced to 50c.

All of our 60 and 65c Serges reduced to 50c, for this sale. All our 64 all-Wool, 75c Plaids reduced to 50c.

Ten pieces French Flannel, for Children, reduced from 50c to 25c, to close.

The price on Woolen Blankets badly cut. Our Show Window will give you an idea of the Cut. \$1.50 Grey Blankets at \$1.00; \$4.50 White and Scarlet Blankets cut to \$3.00.

We have marked the price of Beaver and Camel's Hair Shawls from \$6.00 and \$6.50 to \$4.00. All other qualities in the same proportion.

Attend this Sale, as it is the most important ever announced in the city. You will get the best goods and the Lowest Prices, until February 1st,

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Extra numbers of Harpers' and Century furnished for binding. tury furnished for binding.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Ben Hur to-night.

week for repairs.

Prof. Reuben Kempf has organized a mixed chorus.

Be sure to see the tableaux in Ben Hur, this evening.

Foley guild gives a party at Nickels' hall this evening.

Mrs. Amy Roper has been granted a divorce from William H. Roper.

The Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti street railway is doing a rushing bus-

Dr. James C. Wood has been made a Fellow of the British Gynaecological Society.

A. L. Noble was presented to President Harrison by Congressman Allen, Wednesday.

Fred Gerstner is the happy father of twins-both boys. This makes a large addition to the firm.

Prof. Leutwin will divide his time in German between the high school and the second ward school.

widow of Hiram K. Cotant, has speaker, S. W, Beakes; secretary, been granted an original pension.

County clerk Brown has had the desk in his room put into better order to keep the dust from the

Chas. Cole had his hand so badly crushed in Cornwell's pulp mill, Wednesday, that his thumb had to be amputated.

The Operetta to be given at the Unitarian church next Monday evening promises to be a most entertaining affair.

Miss Franc Baker, of Morenci, conference secretary of the W. F. M. society of the M. E. church, will speak in that church Sunday even-

The Forest Hill cemetery trustees have elected J. Austin Scott, president; J. M. Wheeler, vice-president and E. B. Pond, secretary and treas-

Mr. W.T. Palmer, of Pennsylvania, addresses the temperance meeting next Sunday in Cropsey's hall. The Good Templars have charge of the meeting.

The ladies of the Charitable Union are very thankful for the generous gift of \$12.50, received from Messrs Blitz & Langsdorf, of the Two Sams. Mrs. W. J. BOOTH, Sec'y W. C. U.

Bishop Garrett has been called to Texas, by a telegram announcing the serious illness of a member of his family. Consequently his Sunday evening lecture in St. Andrew's church will be postponed.

The first National bank, Tuesday, e-elected Philip Bach, C. H. Richmond, Henry Cornwell, Alpheus Felch, J. M. Wheeler, E. D. Kinne, E. Treadwell, Wm. McCreery and James Clements as directors.

Daily Post, a very newsy morning paper published by A. N. Brown, who has been a resident of this city for a few months. The paper is evidently very newsy and bright.

The managers of the county fair association meet in their room in the court house, next Thursday afternoon, at two o'clock. The various committees meet at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the same day.

Dr. Heneage Gibbes has been appointed consulting pathologist of Harper Hospital, in recognition of his researches in consumption. Nine consumptive patients have been discharged from the hospitals, very much improved in health.

Mrs. Amelia Cox, of the fifth ward, died last Sunday, of old age, aged seventy-eight years. The funeral services were held Tuesday afternoon at the African M. E. church. On the same day of the Philanthrophist, the Religio-Philofuneral, her son George Cox, died sophical Journal, Lend A Hand, of consumption. The funeral was Spirit and Life, and the best Uniheld yesterday, the Sons of Veter- tarian, Universalist, Jewish, Quaker ans attending in a body.

James L. Babcock will erect a very handsome rssidence on the corner of Main and William streets. Work will probably begin in March. Luick Bros. are shut down this The building will cost over \$6,000.

Next Sunday Rev. Mr. Sunderland will speak in the morning at the Unitarian church on "Materialistic and Other Objections to the Doctrine of a Future Life: the Attitude of Science." His evening subject will be, "A Visit to the Home of the Pilgrim Fathers in Holland." Students' Bible class at noon. Subject: "A Bird's-eye View of the Entire History of the Jewish People."

The funeral services of the late Mrs. Henry S. Frieze were held Wednesday afternoon in St. Andrew's church. Mrs. Frieze was sixty-nine years of age. She was born in Providence, Rhode Island, and was married to Dr. Frieze in 1849. She was a worthy help-meet, and her loss is greatly lamented. Her two daughters have the sympathy of the entire community in their doubly sad bereavement.

Union, initiated Prof. Trueblood, Tuesday evening, and installed the following officers: President, Dr. F G. Novy; vice-president, Dr. L. P. Mrs. Caroline Cotant, of this city, Hall; ex-president, G. Haller; John Baumgartner; financial-secretary, C. W. Wagner: treasurer, W. R. Price: chaplain, J. W. Johnston; chair. I think he struck his head medical examiner, Dr. D. A. Mac- on the corner of the window sill. Lachlan; usher, Mr. Felch.

> The dates for the Glee and Banjo clubs are as follows: Detroit, January 20; Ypsilanti, February 7; Lansing, February 20; Jackson, February 21; Saginaw, March 13; Bay City, March 14; Detroit, March 18; between April 10 and April 12 inclusive, they sing in Grand Rapids, Bloomington, Ill., Springfield, Ill., St. Louis, Kansas City, Topeka, Leavenworth, St. Joseph, Council Bluffs, Des Moines and Chicago.

> The Ann Arbor street railway runs a car to meet the Ypsilanti road, marked Ypsilanti. Transfer tickets are sold on this car only. The car waits for the Ypsilanti car to come in, which enables the passengers to keep warm. It leaves the court house at 7:55, 9:25, 10:55 a. m.; 1.40, 2:50, 4:30, 6:10, 7:50, 9:25 and 10:55 p. m. On Sunday seven trains run. The first leaves the court house at 10:15 a. m. and the last at 8:ro p. m.

in the Old World." His subjects about five minutes. will be: r. "A Visit to the Home of the Pilgrim Fathers in Holland." Canon Liddon."

The Ann Arbor Courier looks like an entirely new sheet since its change during the holiday vacation. In addition to other things, the paper has been enlarged to eight pages, making it the largest weekly We have received the South Bend in the city. - Chronicle-Argonaut. You are misinformed, boys. The Register is larger by one column and the Argus is exactly the same size.-Register. The Register might have put it, the Argus prints 72 columns a week, the Register 56 and the Courier 48. But the Argus does not boast of this fact alone It is quality rather than quantity which makes a newspaper valuable.

It may not be generally known that a free reading room is open at the Unitarian church, every Sunday afternoon from 2 to 6 o'clock. Besides a large and excellent library of books the reading room is abundantly supplied with the latest periodicals, such as the Century, the Atlantic, Scribner's, North American Review, the Arena, the Forum, the Sanitarian, the Old and New Testament Student, Ethical Record, the Nation, the Literary Digest, the Andover Review, the Voice, the and Liberal orthodox weeklies.

His Neck was Broken.

Daniel W. Amsden, the wood yard man, whose place of business is on Huron street next to the Engine House, met with a fatal accident Tuesday afternoon about four o'clock in the saloon of Millman & McNally on North Main street. He was wrestling or scuffling with Andrew Schiappicassee, a son of Tony Schiappicasse. There seems to have been no ill will existing, and the bystanders claim that Amsden was perfectly sober at the time. In the scuffle, both fell over a chair, Amsden being the under man. Amsden fell to the floor. It was seen that he was hurt. He was picked up but died within five minutes, without having spoken a word. Some years ago, he was a patrolman in this city. He was between forty three and forty-four years of age. Coroner Clark held the inquest,

Wednesday morning. The jurors were Henry C. Wilmot, William Saunders, Moses Seabolt, W. A. Clark, A. V. Robinson and W. H. Huron Coumcil, No. 402, National Bowen. Andrew Schiappicassee with whom Amsden was scuffling testified that he was in Millman's saloon about 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon and had a little scuffle in fun with Daniel Amsden, who was sober at the time. "He threw me down at first. I got up and clinched him and then we both fell over a found that he was hurt and lifted him up. He lived about five minutes. This happened five or ten minutes before four o'clock."

C. G. Millman testified to the scuffle in his saloon. Amsden was in the habit of having friendly scuffles with the boys. The scuffle took place shortly after four. Amsden was sober at the time. He fell with Schiappicassee on top, and struck his head against the window sill. think that broke his neck. He had complained to me of heart disease.

William McLachlin saw the scuffle. Amsden fell over the chair at the corner of the window sill and lived about three minutes after he fell. He did not speak. He was sober. The witness at the time did not think Amsden's neck was broken.

Chas. Fox described the scuffle. Amsden got Schiappicassee on his knees. Schiappicassee raised up and caught him around the waist. Amsden threw his arm around Schiappicassee and both fell over a Rev. J. T. Sunderland will begin chair. Amsden's head struck in the next Sunday evening a series of four corner of the room. I think he lectures on "Visits to Famous Places wilted before he fell. He lived

Dr. John Kapp, who made the post-mortem examination, found 2. "A Visit to the Home of Calvin congestion of the lungs, enlargement Servetus, and Rousseau, in Switzer- of the liver and fatty degeneration land." 3. "A Sunday in the English of the heart, also an organic disease Lake Region, at the Home of of the heart. There was an injury Wordsworth." 4. "Sundays in Lon- to the spinal column at the neck at don; Services in St. Paul's; Hearing a point between the third and fourth Stopford Brooke, Spurgeon and vertabrae. Neck was broken by some force. It may have been due in part to violent exercise or exertion causing cessation of heart ac-

The jury found "that D. W. Amsden came to his death at No. 33 North Main street, city of Ann Arbor, by a fall in a friendly scuffle, breaking his neck, about 4:05 o'clock, p. m., January 13, 1891."

Ben-Hur Last Night.

A delightful series of tableaux were put upon the boards of the opera house last evening, in Ben-Hur. A good audience was present and thoroughly enjoyed the tableaux. Prof. Trueblood, before 12. each tableau, read the descriptive passages from Ben-Hur in a manner to charm the audience. The local amateurs who took part did excellently. The young ladies were very pretty. The gentlemen showed to good advantage. The costumes were elegant and the scenery good. Almost everyone who was present last evening will attend to-night, when an entirely different though equally as good series of tableaux will be shown. Many more should crowd the house. It is better than a play, and a decided novelty in Ann Arbor amusements.

Annual mark-down sale at Randall's will continue through Janu-

IT MUST BE DONE

We may not Enjoy the Close, but make no Wry Faces.

The Season is Fast Passing. The Piles Must Lower.

KNOCKED ARE

struck his head on a window sill and In Plain English this means Every Overcoat

STAR & CLOTHING > HOUSE.

ANN ARBOR, MICH.,

Will be Closed Out Regardless of Cost, Selling Price, Color or Previous Condition.

A. L. NOBLE.

LEADING CLOTHIER AND HATTER.

Marriage Licenses. Edgor Nordman, Pittsfield...... Nellie Hubbard, Pittsfield..... John A. Burtis, Ypsilanti... Maud Babcock, Duran, Wis

Two hundred pictures to select from, price same as last year, 50 cts for a \$1.00 picture at RANDALL'S. Remnant sale of moulding now going on. Frame your pictures this month and save money !

Do you want a beautiful photograph of yourself? If so, go to Randall's before the spring rush of student trade. Price, \$3.50 per dozen.

At The Two Sams.

One-quarter off sale on all over coats, suits and heavy underwear. This sale commences Saturday morn ing. This is a splendid sale, for a few days only. At THE TWO SAMS.

A Book to Buy .- Webster's International Dictionary. new book is the authentic "Unabridged" thoroughly revised and enlarged under the supervision of NOAH PORTER, D. D., LL. D., of Yale University. Editorial work on the revision has been in active progress for over ten years, and more than a hundred paid literary workers have been engaged upon it. The sum expended in its preparation before the first copy was printed exceeded \$300,000. This work, well used in a family, will be of more value to the members thereof than many times its cost laid up in

ANNUAL STATEMENT

OF THE

FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

The Charter of Which Expired December 31st, 1889. For the Year Ending December 31st, 1890.

Number of Members Dec. 31, 1889, 2,413 Capital Stock at Expiration of Charter 84,803,775 LIABILITIES, DECEMBER 31, 1889. For Borrowed Money to Pay Losses from Sept.Ist. to Dec. Ist, 1889 31st, 1889 \$ 5,250.00 For Unpaid Losses 50,91

INCOME. 39.49 6,470.52 Total. 6,538.37 5. Add Cash Bal. of Dec. 31st, 1889... Total Receipts and Income .. 6,733.21 EXPENDITURES.

1. To Cash Paid Board of Auditors. \$ 2. " Paid Notes Borrowed Money....Cash Paid Interest on Borrowed Money.... 5,250.00 Money
Cash Paid New Insurance Co.
" " Sec'y Bal. of Salary
" " Fire Losses.
" " Incidental expenses.
" " Office Rent.
" " Postage, etc.
" " Printing and Stationary Cash Paid Refunded Ass'm'ts. " Collectors, Commis sions and Expenses...... 45.91 Total Expenditures..... Loaned to New Company. Cash Bal. on hand.....

Balance Down..... I do hereby certify that the above is a correct and true statement of all the Recipts, and Disbursements, of the former Washtenaw Mutal Fire Insurance Company for the year ending Decembor 31st, 1890. And the true financial data ing Decembor 31st, 1830. And the cial condition of said Company on said date.
WM. K. CHILDS,
Secretary and Receiver.

GEORGE H. POND. Notary Public

MILLINERY.

I should like to announce to the ladies of Ann Arbor and vicinity, that I have for the season now at hand the largest stock and best assertm nt of hats in the latest New York styles in Felt, Plush, Velvet and Beaver of all shade: Also Silk, Plush, Velvet and Woolen Bonnets for Children and Ladies-Tips, Birds, Wings in fact the most complete and finest line of Millinery in the city, and at the lowest prices Soliciting your patronage, Respectfully,

MRS. ANTON OTTO,

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

ANN ARBOR, MICH.

(SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT)

REALMS OF WONDERLAND OPENED! The Greatest, grandest, most enchanting, elaborate, expensive, romantic and intensely interesting spectacle ever offered the Ann Arbor public.

Saturday Eve., January 17.

Beautiful Fairy Spectacle, the

WATER - QUEEN,

Direct from Tiblo's Garden Theatre, N. Y., Respiendent with Gorgeous Costumes, Gitter-ing Armor, Fascinating Ballets. Grand Marches and Novel European Specialties.

50 --- Persons In The Grand Production --- 50

Prices, \$1, 75 and 50 Cts.

Get Your Pocket Books Ready GREAT

Green Ticket Sale

Commencing Friday Morning, January 2nd, 1891, as A Happy New Year Offering and conti

For Thirty Days.

This Sale does not apply to one Thing but Everything in our Establishment. All you require is the cash. It will double its value on every purchase you make at this sale.

CLOAKS!

The time is ripe now for a Graud Clearing of the entire stock. Every garment marked down with the Green licket, some 14, some 14 off and some in Lots at 50 cents on the dollar

We are going to let them all side. Silks and Dress Goods must go with the Green Ticket. 60 pieces black and colored Dress Goods worth 25, 35 and 40 cts, all marked down to 19 cents a yard. 10 pieces 50 inch Black Mohair, 85 cts.

quality, now 57 cents a yard. 1500 yards 10 cent Curtain Scrim now 31/2 cents a yard. 2 cases Shaker Flannel, during this

sale 5 cts. a yard. 500 yards plaid and check white goods now 6 cents a yard. 25 dozen Ladies' Gray Ribbed Vests,

worth 50 cents, now 25 cents. 15 dozen Ladies' Long Sleeve Ribbed Vests now 19 cents each. Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets and Under-

wear all marked down with the Green All our \$9.00 \$10.00 and \$11.00 Robe

Dress Patterns now \$6.50 Colored and Plaid Dress Goods, black Dress Goods, Silk Warp Henriettas all marked down with the Green Ticket. This will be a Great Sale. It cuts down our prices to one-half and will

DURING THIS JANUARY SALE

Prices Will Move Anything

cut down our stock \$12,000 worth.

The Stock will be ready at 8 o'clock Friday Morning. Always the Cheapest.





of confidence in it—the manufacturers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It's a faith that means business, too—it's backed up by money. This the habit of early rising inculcated and and practiced by the well-regulated ward for a case of Catarrh which they cannot cure. They which they cannot cure. They with a guard of assistant sergeants at mean it. They're willing to arms. Then the speaker issued an order for the speaker issued as order for the speaker is sued as order for take the risk—they know their for the arrest of Lieutenant Governor Meimedicine. By its mild, sooth- proceeding being charges that the lieutening, cleansing and healing aut governor was guilty of misconduct in properties, it produces perfect and permanent cures of the worst cases of chronic Catarrh in the Head. It's doing as when the attempt was made to arrest Meikeljohn he defied the writ and would it every day, where everything not submit to arrest, whereupon the speakelse has failed. No matter er's officials pocketed the writ and also the how bad your case, or of how to the front of the chair, which was occulong standing, you can be pied by the speaker, and announced that cured. You're sure of that—
or of \$500. You can't have the was ready to call the joint convention to order. The situation was decidedly ticklish. There were assistant sergeantsboth, but you'll have one or at arms by the score on both sides of the quarrel, and a Donnybrook fair proceeding the other.

WANTED, FOR SALE, ETC.

LOST—A Black Muff on either Detroit or Broadway streets, December 29, with a picture of Father Joos. Return to Goodyear & St. James.

INSTRUCTIONS in pastel, charcoal, crayon and oil painting by Mrs. J. H. Mowers, 25 Spring street. Examine work at Blake's. 1-5

LOST-On Dec. 22, on Main St., a red wool blanket. Finder please leave at John Burg's shoe store and receive reward. Theo. Grace. 98-24.

FARMERS—I have refitted my saw mill throughout with new and improved machinery and will guarantee prompt and first class work. F. M. Hallock. 98-22.

Do You wagt a situation in Chicago or the west? Write the Employers' Association, Chicago, Ill., stating what you can do. ANN ARBOR NURSERY—Fruit and ornamental trees. Peach and pear a specialty. Grape vines, berry plants, etc. Price low. Jacob Ganzhorn, head of Spring street.

FOR RENT—Two commodious pleasant flats, with six rooms each in New Block on State street. Enquire at No. 18 South State street. 66—tf.

PIANO TUNER.—We have secured Mr. T. C. Phelps, an expert piano tuner and repairer, to do our piano work. He comes to us most highly recommended. Any orders left for him at our store will receive prompt and careful attention.

Allmendinger Piano and Organ Co.

A Sitis quite an object forme to ocate near the University, I offer to exchange for a house in the city of Ann Arbor, a fine house and lot in the husting city of Battle Creek. centrally and nicely located (No. 190 Jefferson street), on street care line, and within two minutes' walk of two depots, and five minutes walk of Main street, which brings the M. C. Depot near at hand. The place is worth about \$2,00. Will pay difference in cash, if necessary. Title perfect. Address or call on R. E. Reeve, Dexter, Mich. Address or call on



To cure Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Malaria, Liver Complaints, take the safe and certain remedy,

SMITH'S

KISSING TT-17-70" PHOTOGRAVURE PANEL SIZE. J.F.SMITH & CO. Makernof"BILE BEANS," ST. LOUIS MO.

Estate of Mary Ann Thayer.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY Oof Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Friday, the ninetcenth day of December in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Mary Ann Thayer,

deceased.

Clarissa S. Hayes and Walter I. Hayes, surviving

ecutors of the last will and testament of said de-ased, come into court and represent that they are we prepared to render their final account as such recutors.

now prepared to render their final account as such executors.

Thereupon it is ordered that Tuesday, the 20th day of January next at ten o'clock in the forenoen, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered that said executors give notice to the person interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Arbory, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county three successive weeksprevious to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, [A truecopy]

Judge of Probate.

WM.G. DOTY, Probate Register. WM.G. DOTY, Probate Register.

Estate of Alanson Chase.

TATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY Oof Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Monday, the 22d day of December in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety.

Present, J. Williard Babbitt, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Alanson Chase, decreased.

In the matter of the estate of Alanson Chase, deceased.

Edwin A. Chase, the administrator of the said estate, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such administrator.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the nineteenth day of January, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered that said administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the ANN ARBOR AROUS, 2 newspaper printed and circulating in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABEITT,

[atrue copy] Judge of Probate.

Wm. G. Dorr, Probate Register.

HARD ROW TO HOE.

The One Leading to Nebraska's Executive Chair.

EGYD ALMOST GRASPS THE VICTORY.

Then Chayer Looms Up in a Fortified Position and Says "Not Yet"-Proceedings of the deint Legislative Session Make Interesting Rending-A Threat of Davonets and a Final Defiance of the Deciared Result and of the Supreme Court.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 9.-There was another monkey and parrot of a time in the legislature yesterday. The first thing that developed was that the Alliance men, with the habit or early rising inculcated and

office and breach of the peace. A Defi and a Backdown.

It might be asked of this order-"What was I begun for to be so soon done for," defi, and the lieutenant governor walked would have been easy to precipitate.

Referred to the Supreme Court.

This was observed by the cooler heads of the opposing forces and it was decided to appoint a committee from each side, which should go before the supreme court and submit the question at issue—whether the canvass of the vote for state officers was the first thing in order, and who had the right to preside-to that body. The committees were appointed and proceeded to perform their duty, and the hostile forces declared a truce until the report was made. In the meantime Governor Thayer ordered out a company of state militia, which preceded to the capitol and stacked arms in the corridor.

Decided Against the Alliance.

It did not take long for the supreme court to decide the points submitted to it, and the decision was a black eye for the Alliance men. A mandamus was issued ordering the speaker to proceed as the lieutenant governor had decided should be done Wednesday, and sustaining the anti-Alliance men on every point. But in order to serve the writ the sheriff and his posse had to fight their way through the peaker's sergeants-at-arms, and during the fracas a number of hats were smashed and a few heads made sore, while the sheriff was nearly denuded of clothing in the struggle. The writ having been served, Meikeljohn declared the session adjourned.

Some Legislative "Scraps."

But the Alliance men were only somewhat disfigured; they were still in the ring, and it required a few regular knock-outs before the adjournment was effected. The Alliance man who kept the door attempted to lock the antis up in the cham-ber when they attempted to leave. Then there was blood on the moon. The "man in the door" got his claret tapped straightway, and this brought him to books. Then a series of free fights occurred, and Nat Brown, of Omaha, handled his "dukes" so effectively that another Alliance man up the sponge gant time" for a while, but the excited statesmen finally arrived at their hotels and prepared for the duties of the afternoon by nourishing the inner man.

The Grangers Early Again. Before the anti-Alliance men could go to he chamber in the afternoon the Alliance nen had repeated the morning tactics and taken possession of the hall. They were proceeding to organize by themselves when the attorney general advised them to submit to the order of the supreme court, They paid no attention to the advice, and elected Speaker Elder chairman of the joint session and started to begin work, when the lieutenant governor appeared at the door and wanted to get in. The door-keeper refused to let him pass,

The Governor Threatens Bayonets. The lieutenant governor appealed to Governor Thayer, and the governor or-dered that unless Meikeljohn was admitted the militia would take him in at the point of the bayonet. Meikeljohn was ad-mitted, and walking directly to the speaker's stand he demanded: "Mr. Speaker, do I understand that my passess

will not be honored?" "That's all right," replied the speaker. "I want these passes honored as you agreed they should be upon your honor as

a man," declared Meiklejohn. "I'll see that it's done," replied the

Meiklejohn's passes had been refused at the door by the Alliance sergeant atarms. A Semblance of Order Secured.

speaker.

Then the anti-Alliance men appeared and took their seats, and at 2:15 Speaker Elder called the joint session to order. The Republicans and Democrats were in their seats and answered the roll-call. Meikeljohn held his position in front of the speaker's stand, which was crowded with Alliance men. Chaplain Diffenboicher prayed that the Almighty would give the legislators there assembled grace to control themselves and faithfully perform their duties. Then Meikeljohn immediately assumed control of the joint assembly. This was scarcely objected to by the independents, most of whom were becoming disgusted with the tactics of the leaders. A committee notified the secretary of state that the joint session was ready to

A Word from the Supreme Court. The returns were taken in charge by Meikeljohn, who handed them over to Elder. Elder announced that they had not been tampered with. Then Meikeljohn, after announcing that the Alliance secretaries had refused to act, ordered Stenographer Reed to keep a record of the proceedings. This was accomplished amid a great deal of confusion, the Independents resorting to all sorts of dilatory tactics. It was 4 o'clock when Speaker Elder com-menced, at Meikeljohn's behest, to read As slowly as he could the the returns. speaker called off the vote of each county. In the meantime filibustering was continued. Chief Justice Cobb, of the supreme court, sent in word that the men idle. No disturbance has occurred.

proceed to canvass the state vote.

who advised the Alliance men to disregard the mandates of the court would be dealt with severely.

Declared the Election Void. This had a soothing effect on the ob-structionists in the lobby. At 5:30 the speaker finished the canvass and formally declared that James E. Boyd had been duly elected governor. This declaration

was also made in reference to the Republican state ticket below governor. Then an Alliance member introduced a resoluion to the effect that the election was roid, and refusing to recognize any of the fficers as elected; also cansuring th reme court. After much delay and discussion the resolution was adopted by a strict party vote-70 to 59-the Republicans and Democrats voting no. The joint session then adjourned.

More Trouble for Boyd.

Within thirty minutes after the official announcement of the election's result by Speaker Eider, the oath of office had been administered to Governor Boyd and the other officers-elect, and their bonds approved by the supreme court. But there was another obstacle in the path of Boyd to the governor's chair. At 9 o'clock last evening Boyd called on Governor Thayer and was informed that the latter would not give up the office, on the ground that Boyd was not a citizen of the United States and was therefore not eligible, Governor Thayer has barricaded the exective office and remains inside with police men and a company of militia on guard, It is impossible to reach him to ascertain his purposes, but it is understood that he will remain governor, if possible, until all questions affecting his successor are set-

Situation at Lincoln, Neb. LINCOLN, Jan. 14.-Ex-Governor Thayhave been decided adversely to Thayer by read. the supreme court, but he still retains the contest is decided.

THE NATIONAL LEGISLATURE. Proceedings in the Senate and House of

Representatives. WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 8.-In the senthe term ending in 1889 and McConnell that ending March 3 next. The confer-ence report on the urgent deficiency bill Alaska was discussed, but not disposed of. The financial measure was then discussed, Daniel, Plumb, and Hiscock speaking at length.

The house passed some minor military measures, and continued the debate on the shipping bill.

WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 9.—In the senate yesterday house bills were passed for public buildings at Akron, O., \$75,000, and Davenport, Ia., \$100,000. Senate bill to provide a patrol steamer on St. Mary's river, Michigan, was passed. An agree-ment was reached by which general debate on the financial bill will close Tuesday and a vote be taken Wednesday. Turple and Call addressed the senate on the financial

The house passed the bill authorizing the issue of certificates of service to telegraph operators with the Union army in the late war, and refused to pass a resolu-tion limiting debate on the shipping bill.

WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 10.—The senate yesterday passed the house on product an additional associate justice of the ing.

The legislature met Monday evening, rothing except hear the yesterday passed the house bill providing town, O., and Fort Dodge, Ia., were agreed to. Blackburn and Morgan addressed the senate on the financial bill.

The house passed the bill to authorize Oklahoma City to issue bonds for a railroad right of way through the city. The entire afternoon was spent debating (without action) a bill for the relief of the of the most important in the senate was Citizens' Bank of Louisiana. The night Ramsey's school bill. It is a bill to pre ession was devoted to private pension bills, of which sixty passed, one giving the widow of Gen. Duryea \$30 per month.

WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 12 -In the senate Saturday a bill was passed extending at least sixteen weeks in the year to the time for entry of lands under forfeiture bill of last session. The report on the bill to carry out the act to divide the Sioux reservation was agreed to. Debate on the financial bill was continued, Morgan concluding his speech. Bills for buildings at Rockford, Ills., and Pueblo, Colo., were

In the house the army appropriation bill was debated at length without action. Eulogies on the late Representative Walker, of Missouri, consumed part of the afternoon.

WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 13 .- In the senate yesterday Platt said he would call up the copyright bill as soon as the finance measure had been disposed of. Paddock gave notice that without regard to the copyright bill, or any other bill, he would at the first opportunity call up the pure gross receipts; protecting labor unions food bill. The financial bill was further in their labels, trade marks, etc.; for pundebated, Allen, Cockrell and Berry participating in the discussion in favor of free coinage. A short executive session was held. The house passed a resolution discharge the control of the people to a reporter, to assess a tax on mortgages (Taubeneck); a joint resolution instructing the senators further consideration of the resolution looking to an investigation of the silver was adopted by the Democrats and Allilooking to an investigation of the silver pool and providing for the appointment of a committee of five to investigate the duced a bill relieving saloonkeepers from matter. The consular and diplomatic bill liability for selling liquor to drunkards was reported and placed on the calendar. unless they know them to be such. Two other bills were to punish bribery and to The army appropriation bill was then taken up and discussed, without action, until adjournment.

WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 14.—The senate yesterday, after the passage of some public building bills, one being for Joliet, Ills., proceeded with the consideration of the financial bill. Sherman spoke in opposition to the free coinage amendment. Allison and Evarts followed in speeches also against free coinage, and McConnell in its The house occupied the entire day, after

morning business, discussing the army appropriation bill, and adjourned without action on it.

World's Fair Legislation. WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 12.—The report

of the house World's fair committee is nearly ready. It will recommend that fewer and smaller salaries be paid, and it will also urge that legislation be adopted giving the main control of affairs to the local commission and curtailing the powers of the national commission.

Struck Against a Reduction.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Jan. 14.-Four hundred men employed by the Leavenworth coal mining company and twenty employed by the Home company, have

ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE ORGANIZED.

Republicans Run the Senate and Demo crats the House.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Jan. 8.—The house which is Democratic for the first time in wenty eight years, was called to order at 1000 yesterday by Secretary of State Pearson. R. N. Ramsey, Democrat, was slected temporary speaker, and a motion that the Democratic caucus nominees be made temporary officers of the house was carried. Clayton E. Crafts, Democrat; David Hunter, Republican, and Dr. H. H. Moore, Alliance, were nominated for permaneut speaker. Crafts was elected the following vote: Crafts, 77; Hunter, 73: Moore, 3. The Democratic caucus nominees were made permanent officers, and the house adjourned for the day.

Organization of the Senate.

The senate, which is Republican by a majority of three, was called to order at noon by Lieutenant Governor Ray. The caucus nominees of the Republican senators for offices were by vote made the temperorary officers of the senate. Senator Matthews, Republican, and Senator McDonald, Democrat, were placed in nomination for president pro tem. Senator Matthews being elected by a vote of 27 to 24 for McDonald. A motion making the temporary officers permanent was carried and the senate ad-

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Jan. 9.—The senate yesterday added to the list of committees a World's fair committee. Bills were in troduced and referred-providing for the Australian ballot system; for uniform school text books; limiting the rate of interest; to pay liquor license money into county treasuries, and a number of othr's quo warranto proceedings against Boyd ers. The governor's message was then

In the house nine notices of contests office on the ground that Boyd has not proved his citizenship. The Independents in the house also stubbornly refuse to recovere finally refered to a special election they will never do so until the question of citizenship is determined. It looks as if all legislation will be blocked until the to canvass the returns on state officers, and the work being completed, the house adjourned.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Jan. 10.—Bills were introduced in the state senate yesterday: To amend the act relating to the sale of lands for taxes; to make the first Monday ate yesterday Shoup of Idaho was allotted in September—Labor day—a legal holiday; a bill taking the place of the present compulsory education law; to amend the act relating to the weighing of coal at mines; was agreed to. The bill for education in to provide that an American flag be placed over every school building in the state; to compel every corporation to pay its employes each week; to compel payment of all wages in money; providing that all text-books used in Illinois schools shall be uniform, and printed by contract. The school bill concedes almost, if not quite, all that was asked by the enemies of the compulsory law. The senate adjourned to Monday evening.

Elections Committee Appointed.

In the house the speaker appointed the following elections committee: Green of Alexander, chairman; Dixon, of Lee; Laughlin, of Shelby; Springer, of Morgan; Parsons, of Gallatin; O'Donnell, of Cook; Dowdy, of Bond; Wilson, of Ogle; Mer-ritt, of Sangamon; Prince, of Knox; Paddock, of Kankakee; Callahan, of Craw ford; Kirby, of Morgan; Berry, of Carroll, and Kellar, of Macon. The first nine members are Democrats, the last six Republicans. The governor's message was read, and after a little unimportant busi-

but did nothing except hear the journals read, ex cept that Merritt asked to be excusedfrom serving on theel ections committee, as there was a contest against him. Jones of Sangamon was appointed in his place.

vent truancy and in view of the issue in the last campaign its most interesting provision is the first section, which provides that all children must go to school "some public or private school wherein is taught English, reading, writing, arithmetic, history of the United States and geography." The provision in the present geography." The provision in the present law that the instruction shall be in Eng lish, it will be seen, is left out so that the whole curriculum may be taught in any language. Bills were introduced in the house: For an insane asylum for chronic patients, appropriating \$200,000; abolishing the divisions of the supreme court, so that the whole court shall travel all over the state; prohibiting railway companies from compelling their employes to join a company insurance society; providing that carelessness of a fellow employe shall not bar injured men from obtaining damages from a corporation; providing that the state shall print its own school books; taxing all express companies 2 per cent. on gross receipts; protecting labor unions ishing people who make libellous statedischarging the committee on rules from from this state to vote for free coinage. elect railway commissioners by popular vote.

The senate appointed a committee on joint rules, and received sundry bills. One of these was providing that eight hours shall constitute a day's work.

EARLING WAS CONSIDERATE. Operators and Agents on the C., M. and

St. P. Likely to Strike. CHICAGO, Jan. 14.-A committee repre-

senting the operators and agents of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway made a final call on General Manager Earling yesterday and demanded that all those men of their class who have been discharged be reinstated and the former schedule of wages be restored. Mr. Earling told the committee that if the men who presented the petition stat-ing their grievances would withdraw their names he would not discharge them on account of having signed that document. This proposition the committee rejected, and they have since decided that unless their demands were acceded to the operators, agents, and clerks would resign in a body.

Assignment at Saginaw, Mich. SAGINAW, Mich., Jan. 14-Cornick & Myers, shoe manufacturers assigned yesterday. Liabilities \$19.000

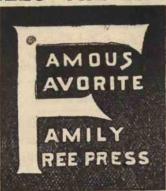


How plain to my mind are the scenes of my childhood, As my recollection recalls them to view, The soap-kettle hung on the poles of green basswood; The Smoke and the Smell that my

But those days of Soas and Have long since departed, we The use of the stuff gan to wane and to languish As soon as they offered

ANTACLAUS SOAP. N.K.FAIRBANK & Co., CHICAGO.

FILLS THE BILL!



YOU WANT.

A CLEAN, WHOLESOME PAPER that you can safely take into your family.

2 A PAPER THAT IS INSTRUCTIVE AND ENTERTAINING while of sound principles.

3 A PAPER that gives the LATEST HOME NEWS, the latest Foreign and General News.

5 RELIABLE MARKET REPORTS; quota-tions of FARM PRODUCTS, LIVE STOCK REPORTS.

6 BRIGHT, CRISP, SENSIBLE EDITORIALS on Political, Social and General Topics.

8 TO BE KEPT POSTED on matters per-taining to the Farm and Garden, Stock, Poultry, etc.

A PAPER ABOUNDING in ORIGINAL SKETCHES, bright sayings, wit and hu-

GOOD STORIES and PLEASING MATTER for young people, that the children may always regard the paper as a friend. 1 2 LITERARY SELECTIONS AND STORIES suitable for older people, for they, too, like to enjoy a leisure hour.

SUCH A PAPER

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And Its Household Supplement. The largest and most complete newspaper pub-lished in Michigan, 12 to 16 pages every week. For \$1.00 a Year. THE PRESS IS just the paper for Farmers, Farmers' Wives, Farmers' Sons, Farmers' Daugh ters, Country Merchants, Country Store-keepers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Builders, Stone Masons, and all other laborers who form the backtone of our country and who want to be thoroughly posted in what is going on in the World.

bend for a sample copy (free) and a list of our special offers.

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Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles inci-dent to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausca, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most cess has been shown in curing

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does note ud here, and those who once try them will find these little pills value. able in so many ways that they will not be wil-ling to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE Is the bane of so many lives that here is where

we make our great boast. Our pills curs it while others do not. Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and

careers Aittle Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills makes dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who mae them. In vialant 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold by druggiets everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE



Restored by the use of "SANATIVO," the Wonderful Spanish work of the General Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the General twe Organs in either sex caused by over exertion, youthful indescretions, or the excessive use of tobacco, opium, or stimulants, which ultimately lead to Infirmity, Consumption and Insanity, Put up in convenient form to carry in the vest pocket. Price \$1\$ a package, or \$6 for \$5\$. Six packages cures the the worst cases, Sent by mail to any address. Circulars free. Mention this paper. Address U. S. Agents.

BARBO CHEMICAL CO., \$41! Destroorn St., Chlosgo, III.

MADRID CHERICAL CO., 417 Dearborn St., Chicago, III. FOR SALE IN ANN ARBOR, MICH, BY Mann Bros., Druggists, 39 South Main St. J. J. Goodysar's Drug Store, No. 5 South Main St.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY of Washtenaw, as. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the twenty-ninth day of Docemer, A. D. 1896, six months from that diste were allowed for creditors to present their chains against the estate of George Stockford, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the twenty-ninth day of June next, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on Monday, the thritteth day of March, and on Monday, the thritteth day of March, and commonday, the twenty-ninth day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, Dec. 29, A. D. 1800.

J. WILLARD BABBITT,

Judge of Probate.

MANN BROS.

TRUGS AND

dair Clippers, Brown & Sharp Cream Shaving Soap -Horse Tails Strops, genuine - 35 and 85 Turkish Cosmetic - 15 Water Hones - 50 to 1.00 Water Hones German Yellow Hones - -50 to 2.50 Razors (Hammer Brand) - 1.25 and 1.50 Mug with Cream Soap -

MANN BROS.,

39 S. Main Street, - Ann Arbor, Mich.

FREDERICK KRAUSE. AUCTIONEER. Will attend to all sales on short notice at reasonable charges. For further particulars call at the Argus office.

H. KITREDGE,

No. 6 WEST ANN STREET. LIVERY, HACK AND BAGGAGE LINE,

In the rear of Edward Duffy's grocery store. Hack to all trains, day and night. Orders for trains, parties, weddings and funerals promptly attended to. Telephone, 108 Ann Arbor Mich.

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om \$25 to \$50 per week and upwards information FREE. PRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

The finest grades and the best coffee for the money. It is freshly roasted, the roasting being done under our own supervision.

That will delight the hearts of house keepers who take pride in their tables-

Selected with care, excellent in quality the tea-drinkers delight. Crockery, Glassware, Groceries

and House Furnishing Goods. EDWARD DUFFY

A ROBBER OR THIEF

Is better than the lying scale agent who tells you as gospel truth that the JONES' \$60 5 TON WAGON SCALE

is not a standard scale, and equal to any made For free book and price list, address Jones of Binghamton, Binghamton, N.Y.



Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

many excellent qualities commend it

to all and have made it the most

popular remedy known.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. LOUISVILLE, KY. MEW YORK, M.V.

Dealer in all kinds of

HARD WOOD, LUMBER. FENCE POSTS

Maple Flooring, etc., also

Pine and Shingles. ALL KINDS OF FIRE WOOD.

PRICES as LOW as any dealer in the City. Agent for

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ANN ARBOR,

The Greatest Blood Purifier KNOWN.

This Great German Medicine is cheapest and best. 128 doses of SU PHUR BITTERS for \$1.00, less that one cent a dose. It will cure the worst cases of skin disease, from a common pimple on the face to that awful disease, Scrofula. SULPHUR BITTERS is the best medicine to use in all cases of such stubborn and Y deep seated diseases. Do ney not ever take BLUE PILLS

ly. Place your trust is SULPHUR BITTERS the purest and best medicine ever made. matter what ails you, use syourTongueCoated

Don't wait until you are unable to walk, or are flat on your back, but get some at once, it will cure you. Sulphur litters is of order. USULPHUR The Invalid's Friend. BITTER The young, the aged and tot-ering are soon made well by s use. Remember what you

its use. Remember what you read here, it may save your life, it has saved hundreds. Don't wait until to-morrow, Try a Bottle To-day!

Are you low-spirited and weak, or suffering from the excesses of youth? If so, SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you.

Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published?

Estate of Eliza Koch (now Rash).

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY Of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arber, on Tuesday, the twenty-third day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Eliza Koch (now Bash), minor

Rash), minor
Comstock F. Hill, the guardian of said ward.
comes into court and represents that he is now
propared to render his annual account as such guardian.

Figure 1 is ordered, that Tuesday the 1 state of January, next, at ten o'clock in the 1 session on, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the next of kin of said ward and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office. In the city of Ann arbor, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed, And it is further ordered, that said guardian give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the ANN ARBOR ARGOR, a newspaper pusated and circulating in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, J. WILLARD BABBITT,

Judge of Probate (A true copy.) Ju Wm. G. Dory, Probate Register.

C. H. MILLEN

Insurance Agent

No. 4 South Main St., Ann Arbor.

The oldest agency in the city. Es tablished a quarter of a century ago Representing the following first-class companies.

Home Ins. Co. of N. Y., - \$7,000,000 Continental Ins. Co. of N. Y. 4,207,206 Niagara Ins. Co. of N. Y. - 1,735,563 Girard Ins. Co. of Phila. - - 1,132,486 Orient Ins. Co. of Hartford - 1,419,522 Commercial Union of London 12,000,000 Liverpool, London and Globe 33 000.000 Rates low. Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid.

C. H. MILLEN.

NEWSOFTHESTATE

A young buy of Sputa hired a livery rig, drove five miles in the country and vas married, when the pair took a ding trip to Greenville with the hired conveyance and left it there. The Sparta liveryman has secured his property but no fee for the use thereof.

The success that has attended peppermint production at Decatur will induce quite a number of people to embark in the aromatic industry at that point another spring.

Rev. F. R. Bunker and Miss Belle Richards, recently married at Kalamazoo, will take a wedding trip to Africa with expectation of devoting twelve years to geting acquainted with heathens.

The Southern Michigan Poultry association had its annual meeting at Monroe the past week with about 1,200 birds in attendance, a larger collection than ever crowed and cackled at once in the state outside of Detroit.

The two occupants of a hand car collided with a Chicago and West Michigan train near Big Rapids, Although thrown a distance of thirty feet the men escaped in-

Four people and the wagon in which they riding collided with a railroad train at Millington, and although the wagon was knocked into kindling wood none of the occupants was seriously injured.

Herbert Warren, the Elmira, N. Y. man who shot his father because he was beating the young man's mother, has been acquitted. He formerly lived at Battle Creek and Lansing.

H. N. Wixon, who lives near Nason, feeds his corn crop to a flock of 10,000 German carp, and finds fish culture more profitable than raising domestic animals for market for market.

The family of John M. Ryan, at Bay City, were awakened from a sound slum ber by a midnight blaze just in time to escape from the burning dwelling. Nothing was saved but the white robes they

While stealing a ride on the Chicago and West Michigan railway, a couple of tramps were injured in getting off the train, whereupon they brought suit against the company for damages, but failed to collect. What next?

A Grand Rapids creditor called on a \$4 lebtor at 5 o'clock in the morning-routing him out of bed at that unseemly hour -and staid all day, securing three good square meals, when the poor man paid in the belief that 'twas the only way to get rid of an all winter' boarder.

Corporal William Kiarbolling, located at Fort Mackinac, gets \$40,000 by the death of a relative in England. He will bring the cash over and put it where it will do

William the most good. Pierre Beauvillier, a Lake Linden lad of 60 summers, has married pretty Philomera Turcott, a lassie of sweet 16.

Rev. S. H. Roblin, the Bay City parson whom Brooklyn, N. Y., Universalists tried to capture with a handsome salary, but failed, is in receipt of a still larger bid from the eastern society. He may capitulate this time.

C. E. Mark, the Flint man who was reported to have skipped, leaving many debts behind, says the allegation is an untruthful one and that he's attending to the laundry business at the old stand as

When State Treasurer Braastad took charge of the finances of the common-wealth, the cash counted up \$609,000 in addition to \$515,000 worth of securities, the bulk of the latter being doposits by insurance companies doing business in the state.

A Grand Rapids man became so in censed because his wife had him locked up for beating her, that he attempted to burn down their home upon his release. Now he's enjoying a second acquaintance with the bastile.

Saginaw has no grain elevator although 8,000,000 bushels of wheat and corn are grown annually in the country tributary

S. Bowhall is the Edmore inventor of a kitchen cabinet which promises to be in such demand by the ladies that a Muske- Terrece, a helper, has a badly sprained gon firm is desirous of securing the right

been in usual good health, died after an The Peninsular Furniture company

of Grand Rapids, has assigned. Liabilities, \$30,000. Belding is to have a new carpet sweeper

actory, backed by a capital stock of \$50,-000. The Perry sweeper will dust for business. Mamie Starr, the East Tawas girl who

went to Chicago and engaged as a domestic, afterwards poisoning her employers, Mr. and Mrs. Newland, has been convicted and sentenced to prison for life.

A Port Huron boy is spending a ten days, inning at the local bastile for firing a snow ball through the window of a residence in that city.

The Michigan Masonic home at Grand Rapids will be dedicated Jan. 27. The association has the building completed and \$11,000 in the treasury with which to fur-

nish it. Capt. Moffat, for fifty years manager of the Port Huron-Sarnia ferry line, has retired for a period of well earned rest.

E. E. Myers, of Detroit, has formulated plans for Saginaw's new \$119,000 city hall. Miss Sallie Little, a Saginaw lady, is particularly fond of a game of pedro, and in her haste to dress for a card party on a recent evening she dropped a lighted match on her dress, setting it on fire. Frightened? Yes; and worst of all she

was badly burned. W. D. Harshaw, a prominent Pontiac citizen, went to Arizona less than three weeks ago on his wedding tour, and has been brought back a corpse by his young bride. Consumption.

While en route to see a patient not far from St. Ignace, Dr. Campbell was thrown from his conveyance by the runaway horse and injured so that he was obliged to summon a physician before he could complete the journey and attend his own

The Ladies Library association, of Port Huron, has been in commission for a quarter of a century and has a library of 4,000 volumes. Only three of the charter members are now resident members of the association.

Mrs. Lawrence Seabald, who died recently from the effects of too much liquor at the St. Clair county poorhouse, is said to have been a niece of Postmaster General Wanamaker.

Maple sugar makers in several counties in the eastern and central sections of the state, are making the necessary preparations to harvest the sugar bounty provided

has got himself outside a prison job, and |-Steady-\$1.14.

will dwell at Jackson for the term of five rears.

The Essexville Congregational church refuses to accept the resignation of Parson Scott, which is considered a complete vin-dication of that gentleman. He will re-main with that church.

Andrew Carnegie and other capitalists are said to have bought the Chapin iron mine at Iron Mountain, the consideration being in the neighborhood of \$3,000,000.

A divorce is what Mrs. Katherine Blair doth most desire. The lady is a daughterin-law of ex-Governor Blair.

Frank Andress, who lives near Williamston when at home, thought 'twould be an easy matter to clean a loaded gun, and now his strong right arm is minus the best portion of a hand.

The Marquette Savings bank finds business profitable enough to warrant an increase of its capital stock to \$100,000.

THE MICHIGAN STATESMEN.

Some Notes from the Journals of Senate and House.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 8.—The house was organized yesterday by the election of Phil B. Wachtel, of Petoskey, as speaker and Lyman A. Brant, of Detroit, clerk. In the senate Chauncey Wisner, of Saginaw, was elected president pro tem, and A. J. Murphy, of Detroit, secretary. Both houses adjourned after the work of organization had been completed.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 9 - The legislature met in joint convention yesterday, and listened to Governor Winans' inaugural message. Governor Winans recommended that the fifteen ex-officio and thirty official state boards with over 100 members and a long list of secretaries and clerks should be wiped out, and in their place the management of the state institutions should be placed in the hands of four or five general boards, non-partisan so far as possible. He also urged the abolition of the state board of health, of the game wardenship, the state board of cor-rections and charities, and the insurance commission. He favored the California system of taxing mortgages on real estate, and urged a reduction in taxation, except in the cases of corporations. In his farewell message Governor Luce announces that the bonded indebtedness of the state has been entirely wiped out.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 10.—Representative Miner has given notice of a bill providing for the election of presidential electors by congressional districts, instead of as now

by the total vote of the state. LANSING, Mich., Jan. 14.—Bills were introduced in the senate to abolish the state board of health, the board of corrections and charities, the state weather service, and the office of state game warden. In the house a bill was introduced making it a penal offense for a member to accept a railroad pass. The bill provides that any corporation offering a pass to a member of the legislature, state officer or judge of a court of record shall be fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$10,000. The recipient of the pass may be fined a like amount or imprisoned for from six months to one year, or punished by both fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the court.

LITERALLY COOKED TO DEATH.

Frightful Fate of a Workman at the Newberry, Mich., Furnace

NEWBERRY, Mich., Jan. 9.-At 10 o'clock Wednesday night a scaffold in the furnace stack of the Newberry furnace came down with such force as to carry away the south and east sides of the top house, the falling walls of which demolished over half of the roof of the casting house. The accident occurred just after a casting was run off, and when the falling walls carried in the roof of the casting house several men were employed in front of the stack sanding the

One Killed and Several Wounded.

John Labombard, a top filler, was literally cooked to death before he could be rescued. Henry Woolner, night watch-man, was in the wreck half an hour; he was badly cut about the head and his back and is burned. Charles Sindquist, a for its manufacture.

Mrs. Miller, a Coldwater lady who had and body bruised. John Johnson, helper, top filler, had his face and head badly cut was badly cut about the head and his body bruised Louis Liberty had his feet burned by hot iron. Claude W. Case, secretary and manager, was carried down under the falling roof, but miraculously escaped with a few scalp wounds.

> Financially Embarrassed. BAY CITY, Mich., Jan. 14.—The Warren Lewis Lumber company, of this city, is financially embarrassed and has put on record chattel mortgages aggregating \$83,-

> > THE MARKETS. Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13, The quotations on the board of trade to-day were as follows: Wheat—No. 2 January, opened 90c, closed 90%c; May, opened and closed 96%c; 90c, closed 90%c; May, opened and closed 90%c; July, opened 82%c, closed 49%c; February, opened and closed 49%c; May, opened, 52%c, closed 52%c. Cats—No. 2 January, opened and closed 49%c; May, opened 40%c, closed 49%c; June, opened 40%c, closed 49%c; June, opened 40%c, closed 45%c. Pork—January, opened \$10.90, closed \$10.32%; February, opened 310.80. May, opened \$10.80. opened and closed \$10.40; May, opened \$10.80, closed \$11.95. Lard—February, opened \$5.85, closed \$5.87%.

Live Stock—Following were the prices at the Union Stock yards: Hogs—Market opened moderately active but easy; prices 5@10c lower; light grades, \$3.25@3.50; rough packing, \$3.30@ 3.40; mixed lots, \$3.35@3.50; heavy packing and shipping lots, \3.45@3.60; pigs, \2.50@3.25. New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18, New York, Jan. 13.
Wheat—No. 2 red winter cash, \$1.08@1,08\delta; do January, \$1.03\delta; do May, \$1.04\delta; do July, 98\delta. Corn—No. 2 mixed cash, 61@62c; do January, 59\delta; do May, 59\delta; do July, 59\delta; Oats—Quiet and easy; No. 2 mixed cash, 51\delta; do May, 51\delta; do May, 51\delta; do May, 51\delta; do May, 51\delta; Rye and barley—Not quoted. Pork—Dull; mess, \$11.00\text{@12.00}. Lard—Quiet; January, \frac{\$6.15}; February, \frac{\$6.20}.

Live Stock: Cattle—Market steady, but no trading in beeves; dressed beef, firm; native sides, \text{63}\delta\text{@8c} \text{\pi} \text{\text{B}}. Sheep and Lambs—Firmer; sheep, \$4.00\text{\text{@5.75}} \text{\text{\text{\$8}}} 100 \text{\text{\text{\$8}}}; \text{\text{\$8}} \text{\text{\$1.00}} \text{\text{\$8}} \text{\text{\$1.00}} \text{\text{\$8}} \text{\text{\$1.00}} \text{\text

sheep, \$4.00@5.75 \$2 100 \$5; lambs, \$6.00@6.75. Hoga—Nominally steady; live hogs, \$3.00@4.25

Toledo.

TOLEDO, Jan. 13. Wheat—Steady and quiet; cash, 9434@9534c; May, 9934c; July, 9134c; August, 9034c. Corn—Quiet; cash, 52c; May, 53c. Cats—Firm; cash, 45c bid; May, 47c bid. Clover seed—Easy; cash, 4.50; February, \$4.55; March, \$4.60. Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 13. Wheat—Quiet: No. 2 spring on track cash, 7@88c; May, 9014@9056c; No. 1 northern, 92c. Corn—Easy; No. 3 on track, 4814@49c. Oats— Dull; No. 2 white on track, 46@401/6c.

St. Louis. ST. LOUIS, Jan. 13. tions to harvest the sugar bounty provided for by a recent act of congress.

Eddie Cushway, the Bay City boy who made his escape from an officer while en route for the reform school five years ago.

Wheat—Higher: cash, 941/2635c; May, 963/6c; July, 861/4c. Corn—Lower; cash, 48c; futures higher: May, 497/9c; July, 51c. Oats—Firm; cash, 451/9c; May, 401/96461/4c. Pork—Dull; \$10.62/9c. Whisky

NEARING A CRISIS.

Hostile Indians Within a Mile of Pine Ridge.

SOLDIERS PREPARED FOR TROUBLE.

Gen. Miles and Buffalo Bill Hope for Peace, but the Latter Thinks That Nothing Is Dead-Certain-A View of the Redskins from the Agency as They Made Their Appearance-The Bucks Cut a Few Very Warlike Capers.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, S. D., Jan. 18.-Last night it looked as though the Indian troubles would be ended to-day, and that without further bloodshed. The hostiles, with many warlike demonstrations and firing of rifles, had advanced to within about a mile of the agency, and Gen. Miles confidently expected that by tonight peace would reign at the agency. Scout Gourard report that the savages were wild and growing more uneasy as they approached the agency. They feared they were going to be swept off the face of the earth for the deviltry they had committed. The crisis will be reached when the savages go into camp here. Then it will only take a spark to set off the whole magazine. Artillerymen were galloping through the camp yesterday placing their heavy guns in more commaeding posi-Everything was so arranged that any hostile demonstration on the part of the savages would be met by a fire which would instantly crush them.

Approach of the Indians. The hostiles reached their camping ground about noon. The spectacle was wildly grand. Of a sudden the sentinels in Capt. Dougherty's fort saw the heads of the scouts of the savages pop up over the ridges at the north. Here they remained for fully ten minutes, apparently scanning the agency. They then disappeared. Fif-teen minutes after a squad of horsemen appeared on the crest of a distant butte. Behind them was another squad, and then came other bands until the summit of the snow-covered range swarmed with the redskins. Through glasses they appeared in all their barbaric splendor. In their white sheets they looked like demons ready for battle. They were now so close that their rifles could be seen slung to their saddles.

Bulldozing the Old Men. After remaining motionless for several minutes, as though to give all Pine Ridge an opportunity to see them, the hostiles moved slowly down the sides of the buttes and into the winding valley which leads towards Red Cloud's house. They bolted again, and the soldiers in Capt. Dougherty's redoubts saw another grand spectacle. The war feeling evidently broke out afresh in the camp, for the young warriors could be seen firing their rifles about the ears of the old men, who were doubtless counseling a surrender.

Quieted Down at Last.

Then they attacked their own horses and dogs, shooting them down in all directions. This demonstration was made within 1,200 yards of the great rifled cannon which peeps over the breastworks thrown up by Capt. Dougherty. Skir-mishers were quickly deployed from the redoubts with instructions not to fire. But gradually the Indians quieted down and everything looked peaceful; still every precaution was taken against a surprise during the night.

Miles Writes to Buffalo Bill. Last evening Gen. Miles sent the following communication to Buffalo Bill, who is in command of the Nebraska state troops: "I am glad to inform you that the entire body of Indians are now camped near here, within a mile and a half. They show every disposition to comply with the orders of the authorities. Nothing but an accident can prevent peace being established, and it will be our ambition to make it of a permanent character. I feel that the state troops can now be withdrawn with safety, and desire through you to express to them my thanks for the confidence they have given your people in their isolated homes. Like information has this day been given Gen.

BUFFALO BILL'S OPINIONS.

He Hopes for Peace, but Can Not Predict It Surely.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.-The Herald, under date of Pine Ridge, Jan. 11, prints a dispatch from W. F. Cody (Buffalo Bill) which reads as follows: "Your request for my opinion of the Indian situation is, by reason of the complications and the changeable nature of the red man's mind and action, a puzzle. Every hour brings out a new opinion. Indian history furnishes no similar situation. You must imagine about 5,000 Indians, an unusual proportion warriors, better armed than ever known before, hemmed in a cordon about sixteen miles in diameter, composed of over 8,000 troops, acting like a slowly closing drag-net.

Despairing, Desperate and Fanatical. This mass of Indians is now influenced by a percentage as despairingly desperate and fanatical as the late Big Foot party. It contains also restrained neutrals, frightened and disaffected Ogallallas, hampered by the powerful Brules, backed by rene gades and desperadoes from all the other agencies. There are about 2,500 acting and believed to be friendly Indians in and around the agency. Such is the situation Gen. Miles and the military confront. Any one of this undisciplined mass is able to precipitate a terrible conflict from the most unexpected quarter.

Miles Must Be Let Alone. Each of the component quantities is to be watched, to be measured, to be just to. In fact it is a war with a most wily and savage people, yet the whites are re-strained by a humane and peaceful de-sire to prevent bloodshed and save a people from themselves. It is like cooling and calming a volcano. Ordinary warfare shows no parallel, Gen. Miles seems to hold a firm grip on the situation. The Indians know him, express confidence in his honor, truth and justice to them, and they fear his power and valor as well. As the matter now stands, he and they should be allowed, untrammeled even by a suggestion, to settle the question, as no one not on the spot can appreciate the fearfully delicate position.

Thinks It Looks Like Peace. "The chaff must be sifted from the wheat, and in this instance the chaff must be threshed. At the moment, so far as words go, I would say it will be peace, but the smoldering spark is visible that may precipitate a terrible conflict any time in the next few days. However it ends, more and prompt attention should be paid in the future to the Sioux Indian in his rights, his complaints, and even his neces-

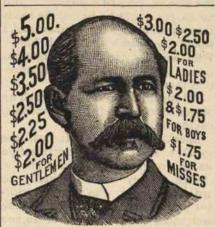


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CAPITAL, \$250,000.

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Offers for sale, at par and accrued interest, its own seven per cent., first mortgage coupon bonds, (in amounts from \$250 to \$5,000) on improved farm and city property, semi-annual interest. Absolute guarantee of interest and principal. Interest payable at Ann Arbor. For particulars in regard to these safe and de sirable loans, consult

> W. D. HARRIMAN, ATTY., ANN ARBOR, MICH.

D. W. AMSDEN, -DEALER IN-

FLOUR, FEED, COAL

AND ALL KINDS OF HARD AND SOFT WOOD,

BALED HAY AND STRAW. Also Linseed Oil Meal an excellent feed for took. No. 33 East Huron Street, next to Firemen's Hall.

DR. L. D. WHITE. CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN, Has removed to 204 Trumbull Avenue, Detroit. Especial attention to the treatment of chrome

STATE OF MICHIGAN:-

The Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, in Chancery.

The Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, in Chancery.

Mary Meyer, Complainant, vs. Julius Meyer, Defendant, Washtenaw County, sa.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw in Chancery, on the 2nd day of December. 1890.

In this cause it appearing from affidavit on file that the defendant, Julius Meyer, does not reside in this state but resides in the state of New York. On motion of Densmore Cramer, solicitor for the complainant it is ordered that the said defendant, Julius Meyer, cause his appearance to be entered herein within four months from the date of this order, and in case of his appearance, that he cause his appearance to the complainant's Sill of Complaint to be filed in this cause, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitor within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said Bill and notice of this order, and that in default thereof said Bill he taken as confessed by the said non-resident defendant. And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Ann Arbor Argus, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that said publication be continued therein at least wenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance. Dec. 2, 1890.

FRANK A. HOOKER,

Circuit Judge.

DENSMORE CRAMER, Solicitor for Complainant.

Real Estate for Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF Washtenaw, ss.
In the matter of the estate of Edwin A.

Washtenaw, ss.

In the matter of the estate of Edwin A:
Peirce, deceased.
Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of
an order granted to the undersigned, Charles
H. Kempf, administrator of the estate of said
deceased, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for
the County of Washtenaw, on the second
day of December, A. D. 1890, there will be
sold at public vendue to the highest bidder, at
the late residence of said deceased in the
Township of Sylvan, in the County of Washtenaw, in said State, on Monday the twenty-third
(28rd) day of February, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock
in the forencon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased)
the following described Real Estate, to wit:
Situated in the township of Sylvan, in the
County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan.

1st. The North half of the East half of the
North-West quarter of Section Twenty-four
24) (except about one and one-half acres of
from the South-West corner, West of highway,
owned by Andrew Barth), leaving thirty-eight
and one-half acres, more or less.

2nd. The South half of the East half of said
North-West quarter of Section Twenty-four,
(24), containing forty acres, more or less.

3rd. Commencing at the center post of said
Section Twenty-four (24), and running thenoe
North on the quarter line to the North Quarter
post of said section, thence East along North
line of said section to the North-East corner
thereof, thence South on the township line
fifteen chains, thence South eighty-seven degrees West parallel with the North line of
said section fourteen chains and seventy-five
line until it strikes the quarter section line at
the North-East corner of lands deeded by
Nathan Peirce to one John Cook, thence West
along the East and West quarter line of said
section to the center post, the place of beginning, containing one hundred and twenty-eight
acres of land, more or less.

CHARLES H. KEMPP,
Administrator.

Dated, December 2, 1890.

Mortgage Foreclosure.

Mortgage Foreclosure.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date the first day of December, 1875, made and executed by Christian Sanzi and Christiana Sanzi, his wife, both of Ann Arbor, Michigan, to Emanuel Beck, of the same place, and recorded in Liber 61, page 572, of Mortgages, in the Office of the Register of Decds for Washtenaw County, State of Michigan, on the first day of December, 1875; on which Mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice this sum of Fourteen Hundred and Thirteen Dollars and fifty-five cents, and no suit or proceeding at; law or in equity having been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof; and said Mortgage having been duly assigned by the said John W. Beck to John W. Beck and by the said John W. Beck to Christiana Sanzi, by deeds of assignment duly recorded: Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that on Saturday, March 14, 1891, at the south door of the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, (the said Court House being the place and building where the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw is held), by virtue of the power of sale in said Mortgage contained jand in pursuance of the statute in such cases made and provided; I shall sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, the property described in said mortgage, together with an attorney's fee of Twenty-five dojlars, as provided for in said mortgage, stogether with an attorney's fee of Twenty-five dojlars, as provided for in said mortgage, also all costs and expenses of this foreclosure. Said premises are described in said mortgage, also all costs and expenses of this foreclosure. Said premises are described in said mortgage as "The East twenty (20) feet in with off from lot number five (5) in block number two (2) South of Huron street, range number four (4) east, in the City of Ann Arboz, Washtenaw County, State of Michigan."

CHRISTIANA SANZI, D. CRAMER, Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage.

Attorney for Assignee. Dated Ann Arbor, December 15, 1890.

Estate of Willis R. Henderson.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY Of Washtensw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtensw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday the seventh day of January in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Willis R. Henderson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Louisa E. Henderson praying that administration of said, estate may be granted to Moses Seabolt, or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday the second day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, and show cause, the second of the west. court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the ANN ARBOR ARGUS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT,
[A true copy]. Judge of Probate.
WM. G. DOTT, Probate Register.

Estate of Abigail Dickerson.

CTATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY

CTATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY

Of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate
Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the
Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the t venty-third day of December in the year
one thousand eight hundred and ninety.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Abigail Dickerson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified,
of Arthur C Van Sickle, administrator, praying
that he may be licensed to sell the real estate
whereof said deceased died scized.

Thereupon it is ordered that Tuesday the 27th
day of January, next, at ten o'clock in the
forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of
said petition, and that the heirs-at-law
of said deceased, and all other persons
interested in said estate, are required to
appear at a session of said court then to be holden at
the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor,
and show cause, if any there be, why the
prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And
it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice
to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by
causing a copy of this order to be published in the
Ann Arbor Argus, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT,
Judge of Probate.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate. [A true copy.] WILLIAM G. DOTY, Probate Register.

'RUCK & STOR

NEW BRICK STOREHOUSE

for the storage of household goods, pianos, books, stoves, etc. Moving of househeld goods and pianos carefully done. All kinds of heavy and light draying. Freight work.

C. E. GODFREY.

Residence and office 45 Fourth Avenue North. Telephone 82.

G. F. Gruber spent several days in Detroit this week.

Hon. J. T. Jacobs returned from Washington, Wednesday.

Deputy Railroad Commissioner Ransom is in town to-day.

Rev. Fr. Goldrick, of Northfield, went to Howell, Wednesday.

Mrs. James Nelson, of 25 East Hiscock street, is on the sick list.

ture in Dexter Wednesday evening. Jackson A. Sweet, of Jackson, Mich., is very ill from typhoid fever. Rev. and Mrs. F. Volz, of East-Saginaw, are visiting Mrs. Sophie

Dr. D. E. Osborne, located in Northern China, has been visiting friends here.

Allen B. Pond, of Chicago, Ill., is visiting at his father's, Justice E. B. Pond's.

her daughter, Mrs. Will T. Whedon, Roman general sent against him. in Boston, Mass.

Postmaster Volney Chapin, of St. Mrs. C. A. Chapin.

Miss Hutchinson, of Buffalo, N. Y., is visiting Mrs. William Morton, on her way home from Wisconsin.

Harry Hill, of St. Paul, Minn., erly manager of the opera house.

Death of Mrs. Cole.

The Fort Madison, (Iowa), Democrat contains the following notice tion there must be disorder. of the death of a former resident of

Died, at the residence of Dr. A. C. Roberts, 710 Third street, in this aged 91 years, 7 months and 18

Rev. C. S. Witherspoon, will be mains will be taken to Ann Arbor, lot in Forest Hill cemetery. The to be expelled. Episcopal service will be read at ernor Alphens Felch.

Huldah Carpenter was born on established government. May 25, 1809, in the village of Aucity she made her home until about by this order. ten years ago, when, becoming unequal to the task of housekeeping, Dr. and Mrs. A. C. Roberts. Her Ann Arbor in 1866. Her first-born. a son, died in infancy-a son, Nelson B., and a daughter, Carrie D., (wife of George A. Freer), in adult mother might not be thrown on the years. Her surviving children are Mrs. A. C. Roberts and Dr. A. J. Cole, of this city, Henry M. Cole, asylum, where the brightest boy is of Indian River, Mich., and Alanson B. and Benjamin F. Cole, of Ann Arbor. She also leaves a brother, A. B. Carpenter, a resident of Seneca Falls, N. Y. In early life church, to which faith she has always adhered.

During her several visits prior to her becoming a resident of Fort Madison and during her ten years of life here, Mrs. Cole drew to herself a circle of warm friends and a host of acquaintances. Gifted with a bright mind and a happy and cheerful nature, undulled even by a larger share of physical suffering than is usually accorded suffering humanity, she was one whom to know was to appreciate, enjoy and love. Her death leaves a gap in the family of her daughter that can never be filled. but that will be lessened by the knowledge that the sorrow it causes is shared by many, and sincerely, who knew her only as a friend or acquaintance.

members, organized by J. F. Schuh, is now full. The first machine was given to Mrs. Jerome Freeman and cost her \$2.00, and the second to John Sedna and cost him only \$3.00. It only costs \$1.00 per week. Mr. Schuh is now taking names for the second club. If you need a machine or intend buying in next 12 months, it will benefit you to join the club, as you get a \$45.00 machine-either Domestic, White, Davis or New Home—at from \$2.00 to \$31.00. alfy's latest success, contains all the Call on J. F. Schuh, Ann Arbor, or good qualities that made his name famous. The piece will be presented in the same elaborate manner as at Niblo's Garden, New York.

IN UNION IS STRENGTH.

(Concluded from First Page.) to show how strong union made

Among human beings the force of union is still greater. There is a from the south, and who said:
"I am here in Chicago on a rather queer What has been the cause of Ireland's sorrow? Disunion. What, the cause of her success. Union. When all hope seemed to cease, a few brave men came together to uphold their fatherland. The force of these unions in human beings is something well nigh almighty. What gave the Greeks the power to resist the great Alexander? It was their union. Rev. Fr. Fierle attended the lec-What made Rome so great? The union of her people. What caused the disintegration of so mighty an empire? It is not without reason that the United States adopted the

When Rome was at the height of her power, a slave by the name of Spartacus, determined to break loose. He gathered around him his friends and soon had a united army ger, and he fell over himself in his hurry friends and soon had a united army of 60,000 men. For twelve years, Mrs. E. J. Knowlton is visiting he whipped in succession every

words "In union there is strength."

You join together ten minds to-day

and you have the intelligence of

it be with crazy people walking Free Press. Johns, has been visiting his mother, around town. What if a man met you with a shillalah and struck you over the head. You would wish him locked up. Who would lock him up? Organization. A burglar enters my house, points a revolver at my head and says "your money at my head and says "your money his home in New York. Vot vos der besht his home in New York. Harry Hill, of St. Paul, Minn., at my head and says "your money or your life." I would say. "Take absence of ten years. He was formno sooner would he be out the room | it on ice,' I suggested. than up would go the window and I would cry "catch him, catch him." Who would catch him? Organization. Where there is no organiza-

> All organization tends to reach an object which, if left to individuals; could not be reached.

Speaking of Free Masons, the speaker said: This organization city, on Tuesday, January 13, 1891, started originally in the Catholic at 12:45 p. m., Mrs. Nelson Cole, church. They were originally an order of masons, who worked without pay. They built temples. These Brief funeral services, conducted men often went in crowds of 20,000 by Rev. George Huston, assisted by or so from city to city, building temples on the invitations of bishops, held to-morrow afternoon at 3:00 who would feed and clothe them.

O'clock at the residence. The re- All were organized and so united All were organized and so united and obedient that the least infraction Mich., for interment in the family of discipline would cause a member

Continuing, he said the Catholic Ann Arbor, Friday forenoon at 10:30 church was opposed to taking away o'clock, at the residence of ex-Gov- a man's free will by an oath, to ora man's free will by an oath, to organizations against the church or an all modern improvements. Three dollars

What are the great orders of the burn, N. Y., living there until 1828, when she moved to Ovid, Seneca county, N. Y., where, on Sept. 15, through the whole world. The Second rouse Runner—Acme hotel, sir. Four dollars a day; fifty cents to ride up. Proprietor pays the help out of his own pocket. (Passenger fairly tumbles into second rous.)—Puck. county, N. Y., where, on Sept. 15, through the whole world. The 1830, she was married to Nelson greatest astronomer of the day was a Cole. June, 1850, she with her poor boy educated by Jesuits. Among "Ma, ma," calls Johnny, distress in his husband and family of seven children, the greatest pdilosophers were those moved to Ann Arbor, Mich., which children of poor parents educated me have but half the bed."

The Catholic Mutual Benefit Association has a twofold object, to she came to Fort Madison to live bring men together to form, as it with her son-in-law and daughter, were, a nucleus in each parish to promote Catholic sentiment, Cathohusband died at the family home in lic union. The other advantages are of a material nature. The association was started so that families might not suffer; so that the old pity of neighbors; so that the children might not be sent to an orphan simply lost.

Fr. Cook gave a number of instances from his own personal observation indicating the great value of Binx's. life insurance and advised young she became a member of the Baptist ladies against marrying men who would not take this precaution to secure their future, and concluded by saying: "I do not see how any reasonuble man who has an opportunity of joining an association like this should refuse to do so."

The next lecture in this interesting series of lectures is that of Rev. M. J. Dowling, S. J., on "Faith and Worldliness," Wednesday evening,

Bolossy Kiralfy who is the proprietor of "The Water Queen," which is to be given at the Opera House Sat. night, was born in Buda-Pest, Hungary, January 1st, 1848. At an early age he created such a sensation with his eccentric dancing, his father was induced to retire from business and devote his time to the boy, who with his brother gave entertainments, traveling all parts of Europe, where they made a The sewing machine club of 100 renowned reputation. In the year 1869 they came to this country, then known as the Kiralfy Family, two sisters and three brothers. They traveled all over the United States, meeting with the same success as in Europe. The girls finally retired, leaving the brothers, who were then in demand for their genius as producers of big spectacles. Accumulating considerable wealth he became his own manager. Since the early days of the "Black Crook," he has produced many great spectacles: The mere announcement of Kiralfy coming delights the hearts of young and old. "The Water Queen," KirHE DIDN'T DIG.

A Little Story with the Wrong Kind of a Point to It.

While a Detroiter was in Chicago the other week he was interviewed at his hotel by a slick looking man, who claimed to be

errand and I want the aid of a square man. Do not be surprised, but I know your name, the city you live in, and have been assured that I can confide in you."

"Well, during the war a confederate who was confined at Camp Douglass here buried \$25,000 in gold under his shanty in

This key fell into my hands only a month ago. I am now here to get "Well, why don't you get it?" I am now here to get the money."

"Because the spot where it is buried is owned by a gardener, and I shall have to buy half an acre of ground at a cost of a thousand dollars.

"Ah! And you can't raise the thou-

sand?"
"No; but if you can I'll go snooks with you on the gold." "Very well. We'll want papers drawn up and signed and witnessed. Come back in half an hour, and I'll have my friend,

o get out of the room and the hotel.
"Who is he?" replied a detective when
asked about the man. "Well, he's monte, bunko, green goods, confidence and two or What are the benefits of organization? What kind of a world would that we can't get a hold on him."—Detroit

Left Out the Feet.

"I used to be an undertaker in Cincinnati," said a coffin drummer. "One day a German came in with crape around his hat and a woe begone expression upon his face. 'You vos der undertaker?' he asked. I adway to ship him?'
"'You'd better freeze the body and send

"'Vot you sharge for freezin' my bru-

"'Twelve dollars,' I replied.

"Twelve dollars? Don't that was a goot deal? Couldn't you done it for ten?"
"I replied that twelve was the lowest

price. "'Well,' replied the German, wiping away a tear, 'I gif you \$10 to freeze poor Fritz aber you just freeze him to der feet. Dey don't need it, for dey was been frost-bitten last winter anyhow." - Philadelphia Times.

A Shining Example.

Sunday School Visitor-Children, you all want to get to the top of the ladder. I can do no better than to ask you to emulate the example of a boy I knew. He started without a dollar, without a friend, as I might say, but he rose, round by round, and now where do you think he is? Pupil—Is he president of the United

Visitor—Not yet; but he's in a store, an' doing well!—New York Sun.

At the Railway Station.

First Hotel Runner—This way for the Grand hotel, sir. Only hotel in town with electric lights, steam heat in every room, a day. Free 'bus right here, sir.

Second Hotel Runner-Acme hotel, sir.

"Why, Johnny," responds Mrs. Simmons severely, "don't be selfish and mean. How much of the bed do you think you ought to

"But you see, ma, Don's in the middle and my half is on both sides."—Exchange.

The Bright Spot.

Travers-My tailor actually accused me of dishonesty the other day. We had a scene—I hate scenes—and I have now been obliged to transfer my trade elsewhere. Cleverton-How unfortunate!

Travers-On the contrary; there was one bright spot in it. I hadn't paid him anything for two years.-Clothier and Fur-

An Unlooked for Punishment. "Boo-hoo!"

"What's the matter, John?" "Got caught stealin' apples at Mr. "Did he thrash you?"

"No; made me eat the apples. Boo-hoohoo."-Kansas City Journal.

A Mystery Explained.

"When my husband and I quarrel we don't permit the children to be present. We send them out of doors so they can hear nothing."

"Oh, now I understand why they are always on the street."—Fliegende Blatter.

A Modern Instance.

She (at the ball)-I don't know that I have ever met you in the evening before, and I hardly knew you in a dress suit. Isn't the gentleman here who occupies the same apartments with you?

He-No. He stayed home.-Life.



Eminent Specialist-Yes, madam, your husband is suffering from temporary aberration due to overwork. The form of his mania is quite common.

Wife-Yes, he insists that he's a million-

Eminent Specialist—And wants to pay me \$1,000 for my advice. We'll have to bumer him, you know.—Life.

SENSATIONAL PRICES!

buried \$25,000 in gold under his shanty in the prison pen. He died in the prison, but among the papers he sent home was a cipher key to the money and the spot where it was buried." "I see." The died in the prison, but among the papers he sent home was a cipher key to the money and the spot where it was buried." The see."

ILOOKI.

Compare, Examine, Select. January 18 to 24, 100 pieces fancy new style Dress Plaids, worth 15 cents per yard, 7 cents.

See our Window Displays. Attend all our Weekly Sales.

Mack & Schmid

Real Lightning for the Stage.

Fred V. L. Smith is the inventor of a peculiar electrical apparatus for the purpose of producing flash lights to imitate lightning on the stage. Flash lights are located among the flies, and are operated from a small resistance block not more than six inches square.—Pittsburg Dis-

Very Obliging.

There is a tradesman in this village who occasionally gets off a good thing. The fact that he is innocent of any intent to joke adds force to his comical sayings. The other day a lady called at his place of business and asked: "Have you spittoons?"

"Eh?" said the merchant, pricking up his

ears.
"Can you show me a spittoon?" repeated

"No," said the merchant; "I have nothing of the kind. But," he added hospitably, "you can spit in the coal hod." The listeners chuckled audibly, and the

lady smiled and took a hasty departure.— Richmond (Me.) Bee.

A Test of Greatness.



"I trust that he will make a handsom portrait for me." "He no doubt will. An artist as great as he is can do almost anything."-Life.

He Was Whipsawed.

"Can you drive?" asked a fair young East End damsel as she stood by the side of her adorer and gazed out of the window at the snow. "Oh, yes," replied the young man un-

thinkingly. "I'm quite a good driver."
"And it looks like good sleighing," the girl went on.

The young man relapsed into silence, which was occupied chiefly in mental calculations as to how many sleigh rides at current rates he could afford on his \$10 a week salary.

"You said you could drive, didn't you?" asked the girl, resuming the subject.
"Well—er—it's been a long time since I
did much driving, and I'm afraid it would hardly be safe for me to undertake it."

"Oh, I'm so sorry! I was just going to ask papa to have the cutter hitched up so we could take a ride."-Pittsburg Chroni-

Settled at Last. Mr. Hayforke (reading The Weekly Wel-

come)—A Second Adventist out west proves conclusively by the Bible that the world will come to an end on the 23d of next

Mrs. Hayforke (dropping her knitting)— Land sakes! Then what's the use o' me finishin' these stockings? Maybe it won't even be cold by that time. Iky, look in The Farmer's Almanac an' see what the weather is goin' to be. Iky (after a moment)-It's goin' to be

noderate, mother; moderate an' fair. Mrs. Hayforke-Does the almanac stop

Iky-No; it goes right on to the end o' the year.
Mrs. Hayforke—Don't it say anything about th' world comin' to an end?

Iky-Not a word. Mrs. Hayforke (resuming her knitting)-The Bible is wrong.-Good News.

The Ruling Passion. They were teaching the swell little New

York girl to count. "Three hundred and ninety-seven, three hundred and ninety-eight, three hundred

and ninety-nine, four hundred," said the

And the child followed correctly. "Four hundred and one," continued the mother.

"Go on," said the mother, "you were doing very nicely."
"No, mamma," she said with dignity, "I can't go beyond the 400."

And there shestuck.-Washington Star.

which have been introduced into our

The entire working of the machine is open to the inspection of all further information call at M. C. farmers. It cleans wheat exactly as ticket office. H. W. HAYES, Agt. a fanning mill does the work only with less waste of good grain and very much more rapidly, its capacity being 400 bushels per hour.

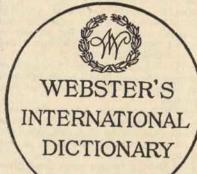
All screenings are run into the farmer's bags to be ground for feed For the Year Ending December 31, 1890, or taken home by him, as he sees

This machine is now ready, with out charge for its use, for those who wish to avail themselves of it.

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The Mich. Central has completed In planning the first equipment of arrangements for new train service the Ann Arbor Central Mills, we to Philadelphia, Baltimore and aimed to secure a complete outfit for Washington. Only one change of doing all kinds of farmer's work in cars between Ann Arbor and above our line. As time has passed, many points via Mich. Cent., New York improvements have been invented Cent. and Northern Cent., via Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Rochester and Harrisburg. Leave Ann Arbor The latest of these is a power on North Shore Limited at 6:30 p. cleaning machine, designed to re- m., at Rochester next a. m. at 6 place the farmer's fanning mill. It o'clock, Baltimore 7, Washington is the first to be placed in any mill 8:15, Philadelphia 7:50 the next in this part of Michigan, but we afternoon. Leave Ann Arbor at have put it in operation only after thoroughly satisfying ourselves that 7:50 a. m., Rochester 8:10 p. m., Baltimore 8:19, Washington 9:55, the machinery has proved a marked Philadelphia 10:20 the following success in many parts of the country. morning. The Mich. Cent. is now the gilt edged as well as the Niagara Falls route to points named. For

Go to Gruber's P. O. news room for Gold Pens-Souvenirs.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

Financial Condition and Affairs

Washtenaw Mutual Fire Insurance Co., located at Ann Arbor City, Michigan. Organized January 1, 1890, under the laws of the State of Michigan, and doing

business in the County of Washtenaw.

HENRY D. PLATT, President. WM. K. CHILDS, Sec'y and Treas., P. O. Ann Arbor, Mich. MEBERSHLP. Number of Members Jan. 1st.

Number of members added in present year ...

Total. Number of members cancelled 5. Number of members now be-longing to company

RISKS. I. Amount of property at risk Jan. 84,661,500 00 2. Amount of risks added during present year.....

227,765 00

 Net amount now at risk...... 84,754,460 00 RESOURCES. 1. Assessment of past year uncol-

lected. \$ 134 14
2. Cash on hand ... 43 47
3. Capital stock of the company. 4,754,460 00 4. Total available resources..... \$4,754,637 61 LIABILITIES. For losses due and payable....

Due or to become due for borrowed money...

For printing, salary, etc.....

4. Total liabilities..... 8 INCOME. Collected on assessment of \$2.50

Cash from borrowed money per

9,850 00

297 55 5 00 118 30

132 66

Cash from old company per stamped envelopes and sta-tionery Total receipts and income \$ 22,016 06 EXPENDITURES. Paid forty-one losses (fire and lightning)
Paid notes, borrowed money...
Paid Interest on borrowed

money
Paid incidental expense acct.
Paid postage account.
Paid printing and stationery Paid collectors commission and

expense Paid refunded assessment Officers and assistance.....

10. Total Paid during the year... \$ 21,972 59 Debt of company deducting cash on hand STATE OF MICHIGAN. ss. County of Washtenaw.

County of Washtenaw. 1

Henry D. Platt, President, and Wm. K. Childs, Secretary, of said company, do, and each for himself doth depose and say that they have read the above statement, and know the contents thereof, and that they have good reason to believe, and do believe, said statement to be true.

HENRY D. PLATT, President.

WM. K. CHILDS, Secretary.

WM. K. CHILDS, Secretary.

Sworn and subscribed to before me at Ann Arbor, in said State and County, this fifth day of Januaty, 1891.

GEO.H. POND,

Notary Public.