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THE ARGUS
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The best county paper published in Washtenaw, for one year, will be given a

REVOLVER AND TARGET.

Every one will be delighted. The Game can be seen at the ARGUS office. Get your neighbor to subscribe.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK.

At Ann Arbor, Michigan., at the close of business Dec. 19th, 1890.

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Loans and Discounts, \$375,536 49	Capital stock paid in, \$ 50,000 00
Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, etc., 259,718 15	Surplus fund, 100,000 00
Overdrafts, 2,610 51	Undivided profits, 31,675 79
Due from banks in reserve cities, 75,234 89	Dividends unpaid, 885 00
Due from other banks and bankers, 7,917 20	Commercial deposits, 152,237 07
Due from Treasurer School District No. 1, A. A., 12,151 23	Savings deposits, 416,843 47
Furniture and Fixtures, 1,930 85	Due to banks and bankers, 338 92
Current expenses and taxes paid, 2,832 93	Silver, 2,065 00
Checks and cash items, 692 05	U. S. and National Bank Notes, 23,062 00
Nickels and pennies, 60 60	
Gold, 15,000 00	
Silver, 2,065 00	
U. S. and National Bank Notes, 23,062 00	
\$777,870 62	777,870 62

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
County of Washtenaw, ss.
I, Charles E. Hiscock, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
CORRECT—Attest: Christian Mack, Daniel Hiscock, David Rinsey, Directors.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 24th day of December, 1890.
MICHAEL J. FRETZ, Notary Public.

Capital stock paid in, \$ 50,000 | Total assets, - \$761,291.31
Capital security, 100,000 | Surplus, - 100,000.00

Transacts a general banking business; buys and sells exchanges on New York, Detroit and Chicago; sells drafts on all the principal cities of Europe.
This bank, already having a large business, invites merchants and others to open accounts with them with the assurance of the most liberal dealing consistent with safe banking.

In the Savings Department interest is paid semi-annually, on the first days of January and July, on all sums that were deposited three months previous to those days, thus affording the people of this city and county a perfectly safe depository for their funds, together with a return in interest for the same. Money to loan on approved securities.

DIRECTORS.—Christian Mack, W. D. Harriman, Daniel Hiscock, William Deubel, Willard B. Smith, David Rinsey, and L. Gruner.

OFFICERS.—Christian Mack, President; W. D. Harriman, Vice-President; Chas. E. Hiscock, Cashier.

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO THE PUBLIC:

We would respectfully call the attention of our friends and patrons, to the fact that we are prepared to show them a larger and better selected stock of spring and summer goods, in the way of fine ready made clothing, hats, caps and gents' furnishings than at any time during the past five years.

In our fine clothing, we claim to excel many exclusive merchant tailors. Our leading hat is the GUYER Self-Conforming."

We ask special examination of our children's department. Those interested in this line will do us a favor to call and look this stock over. It will be a pleasure to show the goods whether you wish to buy or not. Our overall and cheap pant department is chock-full of bargains. See our line of neckwear, prices from 25c to \$1.00. In spring overcoats we surpass all competitors, prices ranging from \$5.00 to \$30.00. Take a look at them; no trouble to have you examine these fine garments.

There has never been a season that we have marked goods at a closer price than this. We realize full well that the state of the times demands low prices, and we have marked our goods accordingly. The farmer especially is obliged to take a low price for his products and we propose to meet him half way. Our prices are lower than any house in the state of Michigan. Call and convince yourselves of the truth of our statements. Respectfully,

27 AND 29 MAIN ST. **THE J. T. JACOBS & CO.**

MRS. C. H. JONES,
FASHIONABLE DRESS-MAKER!
Fourth St. Opposite Court House
Draping and Cutting a Specialty!
Mrs. Kellogg's French Tailor System used. Perfect work guaranteed. Instructions in cutting by the Kellogg French Tailor System given.

N. G. BUTTS,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
Real Estate and Collection Agent.
OFFICE: In Masonic Block.

M. P. VOGEL,
DEALER IN
Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats
And game in season.
22 E. HURON STREET

SEED BARLEY
We offer best Barley Seed at reasonable prices in any quantity.
GILLETT & HALL,
5 BOARD OF TRADE,
DETROIT, - MICH.

FROM FAR OFF CHILI.

An Interesting Letter from Mrs. Emma Winans, of Iquique, Chili.

CIVIL WAR, ITS CAUSES AND THE EFFECT.

The Land Where the Sun Shines in North Windows.—Snow and Pop Corn Unknown.—But the Chilians can Fight.

Mrs. Emma R. Winans, nee Kempf, a former resident of Washtenaw and for three years a teacher in the Mills district in Pittsfield, is now in Chili, from which country she has just written an interesting letter to her friends here from which we have permission to quote part. The letter is dated Iquique, Chili, February 18. She says: "We are not suffering from any overplus of chilliness here. The entire time of our stay (three months yesterday) has been one long summer day. Sunshine all the time, with here and there a day when there were a few light clouds. Extremely warm in the sun, but never warmer than '86 degrees in the shade; always a pleasant breeze from the sea, never anything stronger. The sun has begun to creep in our north windows. Each day he quietly shoves his toes a little farther than before. The moon stays as far north of us as she is south of you. Between eight and nine o'clock in the evening, Orion passes over our heads, his knees scraping the zenith. That will give you an idea of our location. Perhaps I should tell you the cause of Iquique's having a cooler climate than any other place on earth with the same latitude and altitude is that a cold current from the Antarctic strikes the coasts near here. It is very pleasant here; however, I should like a sleigh ride this minute.

We had a very pleasant and home-like Christmas. We borrowed an evergreen tree (somewhat sickly) growing in a keg; also several vines that had been trained on poles, and fixed up a very pretty Christmas tree for the Spanish Sunday school. It was decorated with festoons of pop corn, wax candles and toys for the children. The pop corn is a novelty for the native people here. It was sent from home. One little boy asked with all the sincerity imaginable, "Is it snow?"

New Year's Eve at eleven o'clock we went to the plaza, where a crowd was gathered to see the fireworks that welcomed the new year. The fireworks were like the best at home. I think they were the most beautiful I ever saw.

I suppose I must tell you next what is uppermost in our minds at present, viz., war. You will not wonder that we can think of little else when I tell you that our port was blockaded five weeks ending last Monday, and we were in the midst of a battle day before yesterday. The battle was right in our city here; and we had to listen to musket balls whistle up our streets and past our windows and also great cannon balls and shells from gun boats tearing through houses or rushing over the city; all these horrible sounds from half past six that morning till half past five in the afternoon. If we were only sure that it was all over, for there may be more fighting still. I will try to give you a clear and condensed account of what has happened here.

You doubtless have heard long ago of the revolution in Chili. Congress and the President could not agree. The navy at once offered its services against the President and the land for us which stand by him. We do not know much about the causes of the rupture, beside that the President, an old man, began as a liberal and has so far changed his administration that he wishes to assume the rights of a dictator. His term of office will expire next Sep-

tember, elections taking place next month, and it is said that he also wishes to name his successor, who should be elected by the people. The oppositists claim to be fighting for the constitution which the dictator, for that is what they call the president, is violating, and they call themselves the constitutionalists. Here the people seem to be decidedly in sympathy with the constitutional party. We cannot tell which side is in the right. We know almost nothing of what is going on in other parts of Chili, as the cables, telegraphs and Chilian mails have been interfered with, and until a week ago no paper was published here, in Iquique, excepting the one which was on the government side.

On Monday, January 12, two gunboats came into the bay. The officers soon notified the city, that if the governor of this province, who lives here, did not surrender the city before, the port would be blockaded beginning January 20. We live in the province of Tarapaca. Iquique is the money bag of this country. An export duty is charged on the amount of saltpetre shipped here, and that with the import duties makes the amount of money taken in at the custom house as high as two or three million dollars in some months. The governor did not surrender, so the port was under blockade until last Monday, Feb. 16. In the mean time the navy has blockaded other ports along the coast. It got possession of one port north of us, Pisagua, and of another south, Coquimbo. Government troops sent overland retook the places, but the former is now again in the possession of the constitutional forces. By that means troops have been sent up into the interior of one province (east of us and across the mountains) and have there fought the government troops. That part of the country is barren, level, and is the seat of large saltpetre beds. It is called "the Pampa." The government forces were sent from here, and as that side failed and the governor saw that he could not hold this place, he gave it over into the hands of the many foreign consuls, here and the constitutional forces came in and took possession last Monday. It seems that they had not a very strong force in the bay, so they had a small force on guard only in the custom house, a large stone building.

On Wednesday night, government troops came down the mountains and into the city unobserved. It is said that they came on a train which had the ambulance flag, the soldiers lying on their back on flat cars with their muskets under them. I do not know whether it is true that they resorted to such strategy or not, but trains have come down from the Pampa with wounded soldiers several times. However, they came through the city and wakened the fellows in the custom house. The battle, which I have already described, followed.

A constitutional-side paper published since, states that on the Government side there were 49 killed and 93 wounded, on the other side 11 killed and 35 wounded. At half-past five in the afternoon firing suddenly ceased, people gathered on street corners and we soon learned that an armistice had been agreed upon until the following day at noon. Then we saw some of the wounded carried by on stretchers, and carts containing the dead. The ambulance flag was frequently seen in the streets during the day. The next morning we heard that both sides expected re-enforcements and the battle would be worse than the preceding day. Most of the foreign residents and also citizens who could get away have been out on the bay in the ships which are waiting to load saltpetre. We, here at the school, had felt that God had put us here and He would take care of us. At times, however, we have wondered if it were after all pre-

sumption for us to remain where there was danger in the form of cannon-balls and shells, and the destruction of the city by fire threatening us. On Thursday, two fires occurred during the fighting, both about three blocks from us, and the last one burning four whole blocks and part of another. When we saw this and feared that it would come our way, we all packed our trunks ready to be buried in a hole in the back yard that the men were digging. Friday morning we were all frightened more or less (though we could not see how the fighting could be worse than what we have already seen) and we decided to go out into the ship where Mrs. Hoover had been. She is timid and went out two weeks before when we expected the town to be bombarded and remained two weeks with her baby and the nurse. Everything was quiet until last Monday evening, when a mob composed of the roughs of the place formed on the street. During the day they had sacked the governor's house, killed his cow and carried home the meat and had torn down the house where government troops have stayed heretofore. In the evening they were bent on setting fire to stores and then plundering. The police force had gone with the soldiers to fight in the Pampas and the constitutional forces had not gotten into working order, so the place was quite unprotected. All along people had not dreaded the soldiers coming in, but just what then came upon us was a drunken, lawless mob, bent on theft and destruction. Fifty "urban guards," composed of Englishmen and good Chilian citizens had been organized and were ready, as were also the store-keepers who were on guard near their respective places of business. The mob came up the street to our corner, then turned southward and soon we heard firing in every direction. The "urban guard" had to take this way of dispersing the mob. The next day we heard that a number were killed. Two firemen were killed by the mob while putting out fires started by them or helping on guard that night.

Well, to come back to my starting point, we all went on board Friday, before noon. We did not hear the firing at noon that we had expected, and later heard that the army had surrendered to the fleet and the fighting was all over in the Iquique. The fleet as we knew had brought large reinforcements by water, and when noon came the government soldiers came and laid down their arms without any conditions and walked away. They have been about town since. Some think this was only a "blind" as it is known that during the fighting here on Thursday while the gunboats were landed below here and are coming overland.

Monday, Feb. 23, 1891.

To-day the constitutional forces are marching about the city and getting all the recruits they can. I hear their drums now. Two hundred and fifty soldiers have just passed here. Some of them so young—mere boys. Oh, war is so terrible! To think that nearly every one of those men is somebody's brother, husband or father. God has protected us so wonderfully. Two companies run steamers along this coast, an English and a Chilian, and they were running steamers so that two steamers, one from north and one from south, come here each Monday and each Thursday, bringing provisions, mails, etc. The Chilian vessels have all been captured by the fleet and some are now used for transporting their troops. The English steamers still run, but very few have been here during the past six weeks, and the few that have entered have brought foreign mail and landed a few passengers. Provisions are get-

ting rather low and their prices very high since we depend almost entirely on the steamers for our supplies. The best meat has been as high as \$1.30 a pound. It is some cheaper now as cattle have been brought over the mountains. Potatoes were brought up by business men and sold at \$20 and \$25 per sack of 200 pounds. Remember this money is worth only half and less its face value in gold and silver.

The English man-of-war, "War Spite," is going to leave here in a day or two for Behring Sea and will take letters along and mail them on the coast, so I must finish this in haste.

Our old friend E. J. Smith, of the Adrian Press, has just been elected Justice of the Peace in Adrian by a flattering majority. On emerging from the heat of the campaign he says:

"The editor desires to return thanks to his friends, the enemy, for their generous forbearance during his recent 'exciting' canvass. He was referred to as 'the lank haired skeleton from Wonderland' only 16 times; 'spider-legged dude' 11 times; 'dyspeptic little chump' 10 times; 'court columbine' 1 time; 'bloming idiot' 1,000,000 times; 'judicial three cent piece with a hole in it' 2 times; 'owl of the press' 18 times; 'silver' several times; 'lunk-head' 1,100 times; 'harlequin of justice' 5 times; 'law lilliputian' 4 times; 'democratic soup bone' 7 times. He was jostled against a coal cart only once, on election day; stepped on at the polls 14 times and hit in the ear with a rotten lemon in but a single instance. This shows that politics is not what they once were, and that personal attacks on candidates are dying out, and a man may run for office and be elected on pure principle and the iridescent issues of the hour. Gentlemen, we thank you!"

Generous Forbearance.

Death of James H. Morris.

James H. Morris, long a familiar figure to the older residents of the county, is no more. He died last Thursday afternoon. His death was unexpected. For many years he has carried on a general country insurance business and he was on one of his regular trips. The storm, Thursday afternoon, overtook him within two miles of Chelsea and he drove into a barn, got out of the buggy and while getting ready to start for the house he dropped dead of heart disease. He was born in Springfield, Windsor county, Vermont, November 20, 1811. He came to Detroit before the forties. For three or four years he was a resident of Monroe county. He removed to Ann Arbor and for a great many years was a boarder at the Cook house. His wife died in 1860. He had no children and since his wife's death he had lived alone. His only surviving brother is Judge Gouverneur Morris, of Monroe. He had an extensive acquaintance in every part of the county and he kept a record of the number of miles he travelled, which showed that he had driven the horse he had at the time of his death over 29,000 miles. The funeral services were held at two o'clock yesterday afternoon, Rev. W. O. Waters officiating. The honorary pall bearers were Ex-Gov. Alpheus Felch, Hon. John J. Robinson, Benj. Brown and Capt. McGilvray.

A Sudden Death.

Simon Nordiak died suddenly at six o'clock last evening, while doing the chores at Mrs. Eisele's on Catherine street. For years he had been subject to epileptic fits. Last night he went to the barn to do the chores as usual. After being absent some time, he was discovered in the hay mow, dead. He had evidently fallen into the hay in a fit and had in his struggles buried himself deeper in the hay, face downward until death ensued. He was about forty years of age and single. A coroner's inquest is being held this morning.

S. W. BEAKES, EDITOR AND PROP. PUBLISHED ON TUESDAY AND FRIDAY OF EACH WEEK. TERMS.—\$1.25 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE. OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

TUESDAY, APRIL 14, 1891.

HORTON, the unseated senator from the Lenawee district, and his friends, made a great effort for a rebuke to the democratic senate at the election last week.

"God Help the Surplus." It will take all the gold and silver produced in the world for four years to pay the appropriations made by the Billion Dollar Congress.

All the wages of all the workers in every protected American industry for three years. All the wages of all the workers in 1,005 cotton mills for twenty years.

All the wages paid 1,000 woolen mills for forty years. All the wages paid in all the glass factories for 110 years.

Our total wheat crop for 1890 will only pay one-third of it. Our total corn crop for 1890 will only pay two-thirds of it.

"God help the surplus?" It is God help the workingman.—Republican Watchman. Pay the Fiddler.

The Billion Dollar Congress spent of the people's money one-sixth the total cost of the civil war, as estimated by John Sherman.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Amount. Includes John O'Mara, reg. and election (10 00), Frank O'Hearn, reg. and election (5 00), Henry Frank, 7 dinners, 1st ward (3 60), etc.

Respectfully submitted, CHRISTIAN MARTIN, Finance Committee.

Ald. Taylor moved that the report be accepted and adopted and warrants ordered drawn for the same.

Yeas—Ald. Mann, Martin, Herz, Snow, O'Mara, Spafford, Taylor, A. F. Martin, Hall, Pres. Howlett—10. Nays—None.

By Alderman Martin: Whereas, A vacancy in the office of slderman of the Fourth ward in the city of Ann Arbor exists, occasioned by the resignation of William J. Miller; therefore,

Resolved, And it is hereby ordered, that an election be held on Monday, the 27th day of April, A. D. 1891, in the Fourth ward, in the city of Ann Arbor, for the purpose of filling such vacancy in the office of alderman for the aforesaid ward.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and is hereby ordered and directed to deliver to the inspectors of election of said Fourth ward a certified copy of this resolution, and also give notice of said election as required by law.

Yeas—Ald. Mann, Martin, Herz, Snow, O'Mara, Spafford, Taylor, A. F. Martin, Hall, President Howlett—10. Nays—None.

A petition of Geo. Frank Allmendinger received setting forth that on information and belief errors were made in the returns made for the office of mayor at the election held April 6th, 1891, in the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the city, and asking for a recount.

Ald. A. F. Martin moved that the petition be granted. Ald. O'Mara moved as a substitute, that the petition be laid on the table. Carried.

Mr. Sawyer was granted the floor to make a statement in regard to the petition. Mr. Whitman made a statement, in behalf of Mr. Doty.

Ald. Martin moved that we proceed to a canvass of the votes as provided in section 26 of the city charter. Carried.

For Mayor: William G. Doty, Geo. F. Allmendinger, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Amount. Includes For Alderman; Christian Martin (288), Adna D. Markham (63), Frederick Weinberg (2), etc.

For Supervisor: James Kearns (202), James R. Sage (144), William Copeland (6), etc.

For Constable: Paul Schall (254), Frederick Weinberg (13), etc.

For Supervisor: John Baumgardner (172), Giles Lee (108), Isaac T. Dunn (7), etc.

For Constable: Thomas F. Leonard (167), John D. Boylan (23), etc.

For Supervisor: Thomas J. Speechly (103), Amos Corey (69), Nelson Rogers (2), etc.

For Constable: Daniel S. Millen (68), Rudolph Kern (102), William Graves (2), etc.

For Supervisor: John W. Bennett (170), Hudson T. Morton (66), Peter D. Woodruff (12), etc.

For Constable: Henry Marsh (175), Charles Sedgwick (62), Henry T. Purfield (10), etc.

For Supervisor: John R. Miner (267), Albert Gardner (149), Chas. Boylan (14), etc.

For Constable: John R. Miner (267), Albert Gardner (149), Chas. Boylan (14), etc.

For Supervisor: Eugene Oesterlin (204), John Krause (132), Geo. M. Henion (13), etc.

For Constable: Eugene Oesterlin (204), John Krause (132), Geo. M. Henion (13), etc.

For Supervisor: Eugene Oesterlin (204), John Krause (132), Geo. M. Henion (13), etc.

For Constable: Eugene Oesterlin (204), John Krause (132), Geo. M. Henion (13), etc.

First ward, for supervisor, John R. Miner. First ward, for alderman, Levi D. Wines.

Second ward, for supervisor, Eugene Oesterlin. Second ward, for alderman, Christian Martin.

Third ward, for supervisor, James Kearns. Third ward, for alderman (long term), Ariel H. Fillmore.

Fourth ward, for supervisor, John Baumgardner. Fourth ward, for alderman, A. P. Ferguson.

Fifth ward, for supervisor, Thomas Speechly. Fifth ward, for alderman, Ernest Rehberg.

Sixth ward, for supervisor, John W. Bennett. Sixth ward, for alderman, Arthur Kitson.

Resolved, That the foregoing named gentlemen be declared duly elected to said offices respectively.

Yeas—Ald. Mann, Martin, Herz, Snow, O'Mara, Spafford, Taylor, A. F. Martin, Hall, President Howlett—10.

Nays—None. By Ald. Hall: Resolved, That thanks be extended to President Howlett and Clerk Bach for the courteous manner in which they have performed their duties during the past year.

By Ald. Martin: Resolved, That the clerk be and is hereby ordered and directed to procure a gold dollar and have the same suitably inscribed, and present the same to Charles H. Manly, as his salary, for the last year, as mayor.

Backward Season, Backward Prices

The above few words suffice to explain our position for this Spring. We had faith in an early Spring, prepared for it accordingly, and now find ourselves disappointed.

SUITS AND SPRING OVERCOATS

and as bitter as the pill is, we will have to smile and bear it. IT IS YOUR GAIN

And we know from past experience you will avail yourself of the opportunity. We have selected a big lot of suits—the former prices were \$15.00, \$18.00 and \$20.00—and marked them,

\$10.00

We did not do it because we wanted to, but because we are compelled to on account of the backward season. This lot includes both

SACK AND FROCK SUITS

LIGHT AND DARK COLORS and the best goods for the money ever offered by us or anyone else. If you doubt it, you will be convinced by seeing them at

THE TWO SAMs, L. BLITZ.

On SATURDAY we will sell another lot of WORKINGMEN'S PANTS, good quality, and well made at 75 CENTS A PAIR. As good as you have been paying \$1.25 for.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY. MICHIGAN CENTRAL

Table with 2 columns: Station and Time. Includes Chicago, Lv., Jackson, L.V., Chelsea, etc.

WESTWARD. STATIONS: Buffalo, Detroit, Ar., Wayne June, etc.

W. W. NICHOLS D. D., DENTIST. In the old St. James Hotel Block.

LOUIS P. HALL, DENTIST. Office South State street. Over Sheehan's Book Store.

A. C. NICHOLS, DENTIST. Late of Nichols Bros. Over Adams's Bazaar.

D. A. MAC LACHLAN, M. D., DENTIST. Office in Hangsterfer block. Residence, 28 S. Division Street.

TONY SCHIAPPACASSE, FRUITS, NUTS and CONFECTIONERY. ALWAYS ON HAND.

C. W. VOGEL, CHOICEST CUTS OF STEAKS. MEATS AND SAUSAGES.

THE WESTERN BREWERY, Brewers of Pure Lager Beer.

WM. HERZ, HOUSE, SIGN, ORNAMENTAL and FRESCO PAINTER.

H. KITREDGE, LIVERY, HACK AND BAGGAGE LINE.

DR. SELLERS' NEVER FAILS COUGH SYRUP.

Light Hearts and Plenty Money. I have completed my first week with my Plater, and have \$24.25 clear money.

Baldness is catching says a scientist. It's catching flies in summer time. Use Hall's Hair Renewer and cover up the bald place with healthy hair and flies won't trouble.

RINSEY & SEABOLT'S BAKERY, GROCERY AND FLOUR AND FEED STORE.

OSBORNE'S GOLD DUST FLOUR. J. M. Swift & Co.'s Best White Wheat Flour.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS constantly on hand, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as at any other house in the city.

W. BAKER & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa. Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals are used in its preparation. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch.

Sold by Grocers everywhere. W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

FREE. OUR NEW GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878. Worth \$100.00.

TOLEDO, Ann Arbor and North Michigan Railway. Time Table going into effect, Monday, Feb. 20.

GOING NORTH. Manistee Express and Mail, Mt. Pleasant Passenger.

GOING SOUTH. Mt. Pleasant Express, Manistee Mail.

W. H. BENNETT, R. S. GREENWOOD, Gen. Pass. Agent, Local Agent.

AGENTS WANTED TO ENTIRELY NEW BOOK. The most wonderful collection of practical real value and every-day use for the people.

WM. HERZ, HOUSE, SIGN, ORNAMENTAL and FRESCO PAINTER.

H. KITREDGE, LIVERY, HACK AND BAGGAGE LINE.

DR. SELLERS' NEVER FAILS COUGH SYRUP.

USE



BEST SIX CORD

FOR

Machine or Hand Use

FOR SALE BY

Mack and Schmid

CITY AND COUNTY.

Georgé Roehm has been given a pension.

Frank M. Harlow is building a \$3,000 house in Ypsilanti.

Work has been commenced on the new South Lyon flouring mill.

The Wolverine cycle club give a hop in the rink to-morrow evening.

The county board of canvassers are in session at the court house today.

Only eighty-one votes were cast for the state ticket in Freedom this year.

Mrs. Robert Smith died in Manchester, on Monday of last week, of cancer.

Martin Merkel has purchased the Hathaway farm near Chelsea, 123 acres, for \$4,900.

Rev. Mr. Leeland, formerly of Petoskey, is now pastor of the Salem Baptist church.

Justice Bogardus, of Ypsilanti, sent three tramps to jail last week. They may try the stone yard.

We greatly desire a Manchester correspondent. Which one of our readers will suggest one to us.

Manchester lodge, F. & A. M., are making extensive preparations for a social, next Friday evening.

M. C. LeBeau has been appointed state agent for the National Life Insurance Company of Vermont.

Jacob Aprill and Miss Caroline Staebler were married in Scio, last Thursday. There were 300 wedding guests.

The gold watch of P. H. Scully, which was raffled Monday evening, was drawn by F. M. Gowdy, a senior medical student.

The Adventists dedicated their church in Willis, Sunday before last, at which time \$76 was contributed by the congregation.

Mrs. P. F. McNair, of Mattoon, Ill., died last Saturday at the residence of her mother on Packard street, aged twenty-five years.

At a recent teachers' examination in an adjoining county only seventeen out of the forty-two applicants examined received certificates.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of James Barker, a former Ann Arbor resident, to Miss Grace Minnis, of Jackson, Thursday evening.

For twenty-one years John G. Hoover has been a trustee of the Baptist church, in Chelsea. Having served out his majority, he has just been re-elected.

The Harugari Mannerchor has elected John Mayer, president; Christian Lutz, secretary; Gottfried Gockenbach, treasurer, and William Vogel, steward.

Levi Quackenbush died in Salem April 3, aged 67 years. He was born in New York and came to Michigan when eleven years old.

He leaves a wife to whom he had been married 44 years, three sons and two daughters.

Mrs. Paulina Bortle died at Centerville, Mich., April 6th, aged 81 years. She was for many years a resident of Saline, where her son and daughter now live.

Mrs. L. L. Warner died near Mason, March 31, aged 53 years. For some years she resided in Lima and was the mother of thirteen children, twelve of whom survive her.

Mrs. Sarah Coe died in Ypsilanti last Wednesday, aged 86 years. The funeral services were held Saturday afternoon. Three of her sons, Henry, George and Albert Coe reside in York.

Mrs. Patrick O'Neal, formerly of Ann Arbor, died of typhoid pneumonia in Detroit, last Thursday. The funeral services were held in Detroit, and the remains were brought to this city.

Great preparations are being made for the Children's Kirmess at the opera house, April 25, under the direction of Prof. Ross Granger. About sixty children will participate in the exercises, and they are having daily rehearsals.

Dr. Nancrede, Dr. Palmer, of Chelsea, and Dr. Williams, last Thursday trephined the skull of Hiram Barton, of near Stockbridge, whose skull was crushed by a limb of a tree falling upon him from an elevation of thirty feet.

W. F. Abrams, of Detroit, will address the open meeting of the carpenters' union, to-morrow evening, at their hall. As heretofore there will be no admission fee. On the contrary, everyone is cordially invited. The meeting is called for half-past seven.

John Gordon comes to the front and produces a fine showing in Lincolnshires. He has a flock of fifteen yearlings with an average weight of 130 1/2 pounds, one of which he purchased of Will Fowler and tips the beam at 164, and sheared 12 1/2 pounds, the wool being nearly three inches long. John has over 250 of his breed.—Saline Observer.

About 900 pupils of the ward schools took part in the Kindergarten exercises in the high school, last Friday afternoon. The gallery was filled with the parents of the pupils. All the ward schools were represented and the Kindergarten plays and exercises went off with considerable spirit. The exercises were interspersed with a great deal of music by the pupils in charge of Miss Lucy Cole, and proved a great success.

A lively fight occurred yesterday afternoon between two tailors Joseph Zelmiskie and Frank Schmidt, employed by Stafford, in his work room in the third story of the Farmer's and Mechanic's bank building. Blood was plentiful, gashes in the back of the head, bruised noses, contusions on top of the head, etc., aroused the neighborhood. Both tailors were taken to jail by Turnkey McCabe, who stopped the fight. They are out again.

Gradually but inevitably the natural groves about the city are disappearing. Now it is that once lovely one covering the slopes between the Catholic cemetery and North Main street. The vandal wood-chopper is at his work of destruction there, and many a noble oak has fallen to rise no more, and ignominious wood-piles dot the opened glades. Soon, like School-Girls' glen, another of our most delightful and convenient resorts will have been ruthlessly swept away.

The annual report of the secretary of the Parish Aid and Woman's Auxiliary society of St Luke's (Episcopal) church in Ypsilanti shows among other interesting facts, seven comfortables made, five sun-bonnets and sixty-six aprons, four quilts besides the many fancy articles made for the Christmas market. There are 180 children in the Sunday school. The Easter offering was \$52. Fifteen families have been given relief and \$359.40 worth of

clothing has been distributed, a box of reading matter has been sent the county house.

Nearly two years ago a pair of diamond earrings, worth \$150 or more, was missed by the family of James Clements. John and Sarah Mulday, colored, worked in the family and were employed in the search, which extended to taking up the stair carpet, looking in the registers, etc., but the diamonds were not found. Yesterday, Marshal Murray, and Deputy Sheriff Schall found them in Sarah Mulday's ears, and returned them to their owner. John Mulday had picked them up, continued the search and said nothing.

TEN YEARS A VICTIM OF CATARRH.

How a Cure Was Found After Everything Else had Failed.

A Sure Cure for La Grippe.

If cases like the following can be cured, certainly there is hope for all. This patient has been growing worse in spite of all treatment for ten years, and had reached that terrible condition known as the third stage of catarrh (atrophic catarrh). The offensive breath, and dry scabs forming in the nose, and cracking in the ears; describe a condition which is considered by most physicians as hopeless. The case is given in the words of the patient:

"Kyle, Texas, March 21, 1891. "For ten years I have been a sufferer of that dreadful disease, chronic catarrh. The doctors all pronounced my case to be catarrh in its worst form. I took many kinds of treatment to no avail. I have tried every catarrh cure, but nothing seemed to benefit me in the least. I lost all confidence in medicine. At last I heard of Pe-ru-na. I commenced to use it, and soon found relief. I continued until I was completely cured, and am now entirely rid of all catarrhal symptoms. I would give ten dollars a bottle for Pe-ru-na rather than to be without it. It has restored me to perfect health.

"Mrs. M. J. Tamblin." It would be difficult to describe a worse case to cure than the above. The length of time it had run, the fact that it had continually grown worse, and the further fact that it had already developed the symptoms of the dry, or atrophic, stage of catarrh, combine to make this a very remarkable cure, quite impossible to be made with the ordinary treatment.

This cure was effected by internal treatment alone, and no spray, gargle or inhalant was used. The case began to improve as soon as the medicine was begun, and in a few weeks every symptom had disappeared, but the medicine was continued a while longer for fear they would return. Not a month passes but that hundreds of similar cures are made by the internal use of Pe-ru-na, unassisted by other treatment.

The only reason that there are any failures is either because the catarrh is complicated by some organic disease or the patient does not take the medicine long enough. The majority of people expect to be cured in a week or two of catarrh that has run ten or fifteen years. Pe-ru-na will cure a recent case of acute catarrh in a few days or weeks, but when the disease becomes chronic it takes longer.

During the epidemics of La Grippe Pe-ru-na has been in great demand, as it is the only specific known for this disease. Not a single failure has yet been known in the cure of La Grippe where the Pe-ru-na was used from the beginning of the attack. In lingering cases of La Grippe, where other remedies have failed to cure, Pe-ru-na rarely fails to completely restore in a short time.

Colds, winter coughs, bronchitis, sore throat, and pleurisy are all catarrhal affections, and consequently are quickly curable by Pe-ru-na. Each bottle of Pe-ru-na is accompanied by full directions for use, and is kept by most druggists. Get your druggist to order it for you if he does not already keep it.

A pamphlet on the cause and cure of all catarrhal diseases and consumption sent free to any address by The Peruna Medicine Company, Columbus, Ohio.

The approach of Spring brings a host of derangements and diseases which require the most careful attention of every person who values health. A valuable pamphlet on spring diseases, giving a complete description of their nature and cure, sent free by the Peruna Medicine Company to any address.

Quizzee—Why do you call that quack M. D. Dr. Peroid? Sharpleigh—Because he has made so many lives come to a full stop.

What a debt of gratitude the world owes such men as Drs. Ayer and Jenner—the latter for the great discovery of vaccination and the former for his Extract of Sarsaparilla—the best of blood-purifiers! Who can estimate these discoveries have benefited the race!

FOR DYSPEPSIA, Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is an effective remedy, as numerous testimonials conclusively prove. "For two years I was a constant sufferer from dyspepsia and liver complaint. I doctored a long time and the medicines prescribed, in nearly every case, only aggravated the disease. An apothecary advised me to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I did so, and was cured at a cost of \$5. Since that time it has been my family medicine, and sickness has become a stranger to our household. I believe it to be the best medicine on earth." —P. F. McNulty, Hackman, 29 Summer st., Lowell, Mass.

FOR DEBILITY, Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is a certain cure, when the complaint originates in impoverished blood. "I was a great sufferer from a low condition of the blood and general debility, becoming finally, so reduced that I was unfit for work. Nothing that I did for the complaint helped me so much as Ayer's Sarsaparilla, a few bottles of which restored me to health and strength. I take every opportunity to recommend this medicine in similar cases." —C. Evick, 14 E. Main st., Chillicothe, Ohio.

FOR ERUPTIONS

And all disorders originating in impurity of the blood, such as boils, carbuncles, pimples, blotches, salt-rheum, scald-head, scrofulous sores, and the like, take only Ayer's Sarsaparilla. PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass. Price \$1; six, \$5. Worth \$5 a bottle.

ANN ARBOR MARKET REPORT

Table with columns for item, price, and quantity. Includes items like Apples, Beef, Butter, Beans, etc.

TRUCK AND STORAGE. NEW BRICK STOREHOUSE. Now we are ready with a NEW BRICK STOREHOUSE for the storage of household goods, pianos, books, stoves, etc.

No more of this! Illustration of a woman with a rubber shoe. THE "COLCHESTER" RUBBER CO. make all their shoes with inside of heel lined with rubber.

"ADHESIVE COUNTERS." FOR SALE BY Wm. Allaby, John Burg, Doty & Feiner L. Gruner, W. Reinhardt & Co., A. D. Seyler & Son, ANN ARBOR, MICH.

FOR RENT—House and ten acres land, on 2 mile west of city, on Miller avenue. Possession can be had immediately. Enquire 72 S. Main street.

MILLINERY. I should like to announce to the ladies of Ann Arbor and vicinity, that I have for the season now at hand the largest stock and best assortment of hats in the latest New York styles in felt, plush, velvet and beaver of all shades.

WALL PAPER. SAMPLES SENT FREE of spring patterns with borders and settings to match. One half million rolls offered at wholesale prices. White blanks to 6c. Gilts to 30c. Embossed Gilts to 50c. I will send you the most popular colorings, and guarantee to save you money. ALFRED PEATS, Wall Paper Merchant, 147-149 W. Madison-st. Chicago.

HEINZMANN & LAUBENGAYER, Elevator and Farmers' Customs Mill

Where we are prepared to do all kinds of grinding on short notice. Elevator near T. A. A. & N. M. R. R. Dealers in

Flour, Feed and Wood

Baled Hay and Straw, Oil Cake Meal, Fertilizers and Land Plasters.

We are also agents for Chas. Pillsbury & Co. Best Patent Flour. We guarantee Pillsbury's Best to be the choicest flour made in the United States, taking all its qualities into account. It will yield from 40 to 60 pounds more bread to the barrel than flour made from winter wheat. It requires more moisture in mixing and the bread will keep sweet and moist for several days. ASK YOUR GROCERS FOR IT.

We have always adhered to a high standard for our product. We say to you frankly at the outset that we do not attempt to follow competition prices to the point where quality must be sacrificed. We are anxious that our goods shall have the reputation of being good rather than cheap. Our aim is to serve our customers so well that we shall gain their entire confidence and permanently retain their trade.

HEINZMANN & LAUBENGAYER. Office and Store, No. 9, W. Washington St.

A MAN UNAQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THE COUNTRY, WILL OBTAIN MUCH VALUABLE INFORMATION FROM A STUDY OF THIS MAP OF THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILWAY. Including main lines, branches and extensions East and West of the Missouri River. The Direct Route to and from Chicago, Joliet, Ottawa, Peoria, La Salle, Moline, Rock Island, in ILLINOIS—Davenport, Muscatine, Ottumwa, Oskaloosa, Des Moines, Winterset, Audubon, Harlan and Council Bluffs, in IOWA—Minneapolis and St. Paul, in MINNESOTA—Watertown and Sioux Falls, in DAKOTA—Cameron, St. Joseph and Kansas City, in MISSOURI—Omaha, Fairbury and Nelson, in NEBRASKA—Horton, Topeka, Hutchinson, Wichita, Belleville, Abilene, Caldwell, in KANSAS—Pond Creek, Hannessey, Kingfisher, El Reno, in the INDIAN TERRITORY—and Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, in COLORADO. FREE Reclining Chair Cars to and from Chicago, Caldwell, Hutchinson and Dodge City, and Palace Sleeping Cars between Chicago, Wichita and Hutchinson. Traverses new and vast areas of rich farming and grazing lands, affording the best facilities of intercommunication to all towns and cities east and west, northwest and southwest of Chicago, and Pacific and trans-oceanic Seaports.

MAGNIFICENT VESTIBULE EXPRESS TRAINS, Leading all competitors in splendor of equipment, warmed by steam from the locomotive, well ventilated, and free from dust. Through Coaches, Pullman Sleepers, and Dining Cars daily between Chicago, Des Moines, Council Bluffs and Omaha, with Free Reclining Chair Cars between Chicago and Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, via St. Joseph, or Kansas City and Topeka. Splendid Dining Hotels (furnishing meals at reasonable hours) west of Missouri River. California Excursions daily, with CHOICE OF ROUTES to and from Salt Lake, Ogden, Portland, Los Angeles, and San Francisco. The DIRECT LINE to and from Pike's Peak, Manitou, Garden of the Gods, the Mountain Cities, Mining Camps, Sanitariums, and Scenic Grandeur of Colorado.

VIA THE ALBERT LEA ROUTE, Solid Express Trains daily between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, with THROUGH Reclining Chair Cars (FREE) to and from those points and Kansas City. Through Chair Car and Sleeper between Peoria, Spirit Lake and Sioux Falls, via Rock Island. The Favorite Line to Pipestone, Watertown, Sioux Falls, and the Summer Resorts and Hunting and Fishing Grounds of the Northwest. THE SHORT LINE VIA SENeca and KANKAKEE offers facilities to travel between Chicago, La Fayette, Lafayette, and Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Minneapolis and St. Paul. For Tickets, Maps, Folders, or desired information, apply to any Coupon Ticket Office in the United States or Canada, or address

E. ST. JOHN, General Manager. JOHN SEBASTIAN, Gen'l Ticket & Pass. Agent. CHICAGO, ILL.

EXPORT. EXPORT. EXPORT. THE NORTHERN BREWERY. Try HARDINGHAUS' Celebrated Export Beer. BOTTLED EXPRESSLY FOR TABLE USE.

HERMAN HARDINGHAUS. BEAL & POND (Successors to A. DeForest.) Insurance Agency. Representing Only FIRST-CLASS COMPANIES. COVERING Fire Insurance, Steam Boiler Insurance, Plate Glass Insurance.

THE ANN ARBOR FRUIT FARM. Pears and Grapes a Specialty. Fruit, Ornamental Trees and Flowers From Ellwanger & Barry. Order Early by Mail.

NEW PERKINS HOTEL. JUST OPENED At the Old Stand, Cor. Grand River and Cass Avenues, Direct Street Car Connections from all Depots. Rates, \$1.25 to \$2 per day. E. BAUR, West Huron St. Detroit.

PERSONAL.

Charles P. Stone is visiting in Kalamazoo.

Judge Kinne has gone to Monroe to hold court.

J. C. Watts returned to East Saginaw yesterday.

Mrs. M. H. Southard was in Detroit, yesterday.

Prof. and Mrs. W. H. Pettee are visiting in New York.

Miss Mary E. Dickey is visiting her mother in Marshall.

Walter Mack returned from New York city Saturday evening.

Mrs. W. H. Ryder, of Andover Mass., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Tripp.

James Nelson returned Friday evening from a weeks visit in Monroe.

Mrs. Calvin Thomas has returned from a visit to her former home in Grand Rapids.

Miss Bessie Woolsey, of Detroit, was the guest of Miss Mary Rominger, of Detroit, over Sunday.

Mrs. Duane Doty, of Pullman, Ill., visited at F. F. Huson's, last week.

Editor Chilson, of the Lansing State Republican, was in the city, yesterday.

Mrs. August Hutzl, Miss Charlotte Hutzl and Miss Mary Rominger left last evening for Stuttgart, Germany.

Miss Lucy Cole left last evening for Dresden, Germany, to complete her musical studies. She will be absent until September.

Mrs. Felton of Steelton Penn., nee Alice Bent, of this city, is the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. Tomlinson of North State St.

Maude Granger.

One of the artistic events of the theatrical season will be the appearance of the famous New York favorite, Maude Granger, at the opera house, to-morrow night.

Maude Granger is in every sense, an artiste. She is a later graduate of the same school that has produced Clara Morris, Rose Eyttinge, Kate Claxton, Rose Coghlan, Fannie Davenport and Agnes Booth, and has been associated with them all in the greatest stock companies New York has ever seen. She has been beading lady in turn at Daly's, Wallack's and the Union Square, New York, and has probably been as prominently identified with notable metropolitan productions as any actress we have. Her first visit to the coast was when a mere girl and as leading lady with that brilliant ensemble of dramatic talent whose production of "Diplomacy" and other plays of that calibre will always be recalled as one of the most interesting events in the dramatic annals of San Francisco. The greatest proof of the fair Granger's artistic merits is her versatility, which she certainly possesses to a remarkable degree. She has supported in leading roles such stars as Edwin Booth, John McCullough and George Rignold in tragedy, and Lester Wallack, W. J. Florence and Joseph Jefferson in comedy. It might be said, however, that it is in the emotional drama that the fair Granger excels. Her name is today more prominently identified with such roles as "Camille" and "The Creole" than any actress we have, unless it be Clara Morris.

Let's reason together. Here's a firm, one of the largest the country over, the world over; it has grown, step by step, through the years to greatness—and it sells patent medicines!—ugh! "That's enough!"— Wait a little— This firm pays the newspapers good money (expensive work, this advertising!) to tell the people that they have faith in what they sell, so much faith that if they can't benefit or cure they don't want your money. Their guarantee is not indefinite and relative, but definite and absolute—if the medicine doesn't help, your money is "on call." Suppose every sick man and every feeble woman tried these medicines and found them worthless, who would be the loser, you or they? The medicines are Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery," for blood diseases, and his "Favorite Prescription," for woman's peculiar ills. If they help toward health, they cost \$1.00 a bottle each! If they don't, they cost nothing!

Mr. Conecake—Ticket for Pecosset R. I. Agent—Air line? Mr. Conecake—Blame it, no! Steam cars.

PRIZE ESSAYS ON ROAD MAKING.

Valuable Suggestions on Construction and Maintenance.

About a year ago a committee representing the University of Pennsylvania offered three prizes of \$400, \$200 and \$100 for the best three papers on road making and maintenance. The award of prizes was duly made last October, and the three prize essays have appeared in book form, together with five other essays, the writers of which have received honorable mention.

The first prize paper is by Henry Irwin, of the engineering department, Canadian Pacific railroad, Montreal. His essay is based on experience while in charge of a district adjoining a large town where some of the finest macadamized roads are to be found, and while driving for many years over some of the worst highways in the adjacent county. First, Mr. Irwin shows that a practically level road around a hill, though it increases the distance one mile, would effect a saving in work equivalent to \$6,750 a year, supposing the road to be used by 100 farmers. In a hilly country roads may generally with advantage follow along water courses, railway fashion. The steepest grade of a public road should not exceed one foot in twelve, and this for not more than 100 feet. A good load may be taken up a grade of one in twenty for a length of 400 feet. This is the steepest slope allowable on a road with much traffic. A long stretch of a perfectly level road is not desirable on account of drainage.

Drainage is the first item to be looked after, and is second in importance to none. Money is well spent that secures a firm, dry roadbed. A road heaved by the frost means a road badly drained. Country roads may be macadamized for a width of only eight feet if extreme economy is necessary. But for constant traffic the macadamized portion should be sixteen feet wide. Where but one sidewalk is constructed it should be on the north or east sides, for there the sun dries the walk more quickly. When the roadbed is graded it should be rolled several times with a roller of not less than ten tons. In macadamizing hand broken stone is much superior to that crushed by a machine, which is generally of irregular shape and does not readily bind together, an essential matter. The best time to apply the stone is during hot weather in the spring and fall. In dry summer weather loose stones should be used for patching the surface or else stored in heaps along the roadside.

"There is nothing strikes a European more on his arrival in North America," Mr. Irwin says, "than the excellence of the railroads and the inferiority of the roads. This inferiority may partly be due to the fact that the rich, both in the United States and Canada, almost invariably live in the cities, where the roads are better kept up, or else in the immediate neighborhood of towns which they can reach by rail. The country roads seem to be principally used by farmers, to whom time seems to be no object, and who do not apparently realize that good roads can be profitable, since they do not actually place dollar bills in their hands, and who seem to think that the only way to increase their income is to sell more produce, no matter how much it may cost to draw it into market, and accordingly they spend a greater part of their lives slowly plodding over bad roads without a thought of trying to improve them."

Good roads admit of larger loads at greater speed; of use in wet weather when horses would otherwise be idle; they practically shorten distances, encourage travel, benefit trade, enhance the value of lands and save money. It has been estimated that in Illinois a full load can be carried on the roads only three months in the year; two-thirds of a load three months, and half a load six months. Good, permanent macadamized roads there would reduce the cost of hauling three-fourths. The defective highways of Illinois cost it annually an extra \$15,000,000 for hauling, and depreciate its farms \$160,000,000.

The second prize paper is by David H. Bergey, of North Wales, Pa. Mr. Bergey, like Mr. Irwin, approves most highly the Telford and macadam systems. For either system the bed of the road should receive some preparation before the work of construction begins. It should be excavated, leaving a four-inch elevation or ridge in the middle, and gradually slope toward the edges. This saves some material in the construction of the road, besides giving the roadway an arched contour. This feature is valuable, especially in thin macadam.

The board of adjudicators awarding these prizes, consisting of seven prominent Philadelphians, join in the following recommendations to the committee on better roads.

First—That in the improvement of roads the macadam system, consisting of small angular fragments, in sizes not exceeding from two to two and a half inches in their longest dimension, according to quality, should be used, wherever a stone surface is both practicable and justifiable.

Second—That the minimum width of the metalled surface for a single track should be deemed (3 1/2 feet), of such depth as the amount of traffic and character of the subsoil may require, to be determined by the engineer in charge.

Third—That the bed to receive the stone must be so prepared that it cannot be saturated with water, and to accomplish this great attention should be paid to the character and drainage of the subsoil.

Fourth—That there should be legislative enactment regulating the width of the tires of the wheels, and that the minimum width of all cart, dray, wagon or other heavy draught vehicles should be four inches, to be increased when the capacity of the vehicle exceeds half a net ton per wheel at the rate of one inch for each 400 pounds in excess.

Sagacity.

She—Don't you sing? Why, how stupid of you! He—If you'd ever heard me try, you'd think it was everlasting smart of me.—West Shore.

Marriage Licenses.

- Willard E. Henry, Dexter... Ellen Whitaker, Dexter... Frank Dosey, Ann Arbor... Minnie Henning, Augusta... Frederick Ernst, Bridgewater... Carrie Aitenbernd, Freedom... George Holzapfel, Sharon... Carrie Eiseman, Freedom... Jacob F. April, Scio... Carrie C. Stabler, Scio... Jacob F. Ardner, Ann Arbor... Mary A. Schauble, Ann Arbor... August Schippleck, Ann Arbor... Ida Orlisch, Ann Arbor... Arthur Tedder, Augusta... Maggie A. Close, Augusta... Charles E. Sherman, Sumpter... Nellie E. Pelton, Willis...

Fourth Ward Election Notice.

Notice is hereby given that a special election will be held on Monday, April 27, 1891, in the Fourth Ward of the City of Ann Arbor, for the election of an alderman to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of William J. Miller. Said election will be held in the Fourth Ward engine house. Dated, April 14, 1891. WILLIAM J. MILLER, City Clerk.

"Ayer's Hair Vigor is a most excellent preparation for the hair. I speak of it from experience. Its use promotes the growth of new hair, and makes it glossy and soft. The Vigor is a sure cure for dandruff. J. W. Bowen, Editor Enquirer, McArthur, Ohio.

The A. A. & Y. street railway changed time Sunday, and the trains run as follows: Leave court house at 8:10 and 10:40 a. m.; 1:25, 3:25 and 5:25 p. m. Leave Ypsilanti at 7:30 and 10:00 a. m.; 12:45, 2:45 and 4:45 p. m.

Mr. Marshall Pease, who has just returned from N. Y. City, where he has been studying for two years, will accept pupils in vocal culture on Mondays and Thursdays. For particulars as to terms, method, etc., address Mr. Pease at Ypsilanti or apply at Clement's, Ann Arbor.

Mabel—What a perfectly exquisite new bonnet, dearest!

Ethel—Oh, I'm so glad you like it. I was so afraid you wouldn't. Are you sure you like it?

Mabel—Sure? Oh, perfectly. I always did adore that shape. Why, I had three just like it—when it was in fashion.

Mr. Pease, whose notice appears in another column, is a pupil of Mr. Wm. Courtney, of New York, and of Herr Wilhelm Haag, of Munich, Bavaria.

"Well Jimmiboy, do you want papa to tell you a story?"

Nope. Papa'll get thpanked like Jimmiboy if he tell ththories."

SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE.

The success of this Great Cough Cure is without a parallel in the history of medicine. All druggists are authorized to sell it on a positive guarantee, a test that no other cure can successfully stand. That it may become known, the Proprietors, at an enormous expense, are placing a Sample Bottle Free into every home in the United States and Canada. If you have a Cough, Sore Throat, or Bronchitis, use it, for it will cure you. If your child has the Croup, or Whooping Cough, use it promptly, and relief is sure. If you dread that insidious disease Consumption, use it. Ask your Druggist for SHILOH'S CURE, Price 10 cts., 50 cts. and \$1.00. If your Lungs are sore or Back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cts.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Richard Brown and Catherine Brown to Thomas Kearney, dated March 6, A. D. 1885, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, on the fifth day of March, A. D. 1885, in Liber 64 of Mortgages, on page 438 on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of two thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine dollars and fifty-nine cents, and an attorney's fee of thirty dollars provided for in said mortgage, and no suit or proceedings at law having been instituted to recover the moneys secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on Friday, the tenth day of July, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, I shall sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, at the north front door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor (that being the place where the Circuit Court for Washtenaw County is holden), the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage, with seven per cent. interest, and all legal costs, together with an attorney's fee of thirty dollars covenanted for therein, the premises being described in said mortgage as all that certain lot, piece and parcel of land situate in the Township of Webster, in the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan and known and described as follows: The east half of the north-east quarter of section, number one in township number one south of range number five, east. THOMAS KEARNEY, Mortgagee. THOS. D. KEARNEY, Attorney for Mortgagee.

W. F. LODHOLZ IS OFFERING

BARGAINS

Groceries and Provisions.

FIRST-CLASS GOODS A SPECIALTY.

New Teas at 25, 30, 40, and 50c per pound. Kettles, porcelain lined, free with 1 pound Baking Powder at 50 cents. China ware free with 1 pound coffee at 25 cents per lb. The best goods at the lowest prices. Always full weight and measure. All goods fresh and warranted. Delivered to any part of the city. You will save money by trading with

W. F. LODHOLZ, 4 and 6 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE

TO INVESTORS AND HOMESEEEKERS.

The University of Michigan have purchased ten acres of land opposite

HAMILTON, ROSE AND SHEEHAN'S

ADDITION

TO THE CITY OF ANN ARBOR,

On South State Street. A new Gymnasium will be built on this ground.

We believe Ann Arbor is the best city in Michigan in which to live. The educational advantages here are unsurpassed. The streets are broad and well kept. Ann Arbor has a low rate of taxation. It has the best system of water works in the west. Our addition is just

5 BLOCKS FROM THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

It has a front of one hundred rods on State street, the best residence street in the city. Its location is unsurpassed for health and convenience. The levels taken by our engineer, Geo. W. Sanborn, show the lowest point on our addition to be higher than Main street in front of the Savings Bank. The slope of the ground is such, that the drainage is perfect, having a fall of from six to ten feet. We have laid six inch drain pipe across our land. We have filed our plat and have given eight and one-half acres for a park. We have paid fifty dollars for a handsome and attractive plan for a Park. Work has been commenced on the streets and Park.

Seven New Houses Already Contracted For

to be built upon our addition this year. New sidewalks have been laid, 1100 (eleven hundred) shade trees have been planted upon the streets and Park. Two professors in the University have already purchased lots in this addition and will soon build good houses on their lots. All the lots have an alley sixteen feet wide in the rear. We have made the

PRICE OF LOTS VERY LOW.

If you buy a lot we believe you will double your money in three years' time. The investment is as safe as a savings bank and the gain in value much more rapid. Ten new houses will be built on South State Street this year.

We will sell lots for cash. We will sell lots on time payments. We will sell lots to parties who wish to build houses at once and will help them to furnish money to build. Fifty thousand dollars in new buildings on State Street this year.

BUY A LOT. MONEY MADE.

Payments may be made by the week, by the month or by the year to suit purchasers. Call at Sheehan's Store or at Hamilton Block to see the plat. We have the Park Plans. We desire those intending to purchase lots to examine them. The new buildings on State street this year will amount to Fifty Thousand Dollars.

INVESTIGATE WHAT WE HAVE

then judge for yourselves. This is better than a Loan and Investment Association.

YOUR MONEY IS KEPT AT HOME. Look over our Addition and investigate for yourselves.

Two New Houses, with modern improvements, to Rent. Apply to

HAMILTON, ROSE & SHEEHAN.