

The Ann Arbor Argus.

VOL. LVII.—NO. 42.

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, TUESDAY, JUNE 2, 1891.

WHOLE NO. 3003

A GRAND OPPORTUNITY.



A Chance for a Present to every one who gets One New Subscriber to

The Ann Arbor Argus.

The best county paper published in Washtenaw, for one year, will be given a

REVOLVER AND TARGET.

Every one will be delighted. The Game can be seen at the ARGUS office. Get your neighbor to subscribe.

The J. T. Jacobs Company.

SPECIAL - BARGAIN - SALE!

WE SHALL PLACE ON SALE THIS WEEK THE

Greatest Bargain in \$8.00 Suits for Men!

EVER OFFERED IN ANN ARBOR.

We have taken a lot of suits that sold for a great deal more money, and shall close them out at this price. ALSO A LARGE LINE OF

CHILDREN'S SUITS FOR \$2.90

The Best Pant (For Workingmen)

Ever Seen, For Only 75 Cents.

The greatest line of Outing Shirts in the city. The place is

The J. T. Jacobs Company, 27 and 29 Main St.

N. B.—A LIBERAL DISCOUNT ON ALL SPRING OVERCOATS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK,

At Ann Arbor, Michigan., at the close of business May, 4, 1891.

| RESOURCES. | | LIABILITIES. | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| Loans and Discounts..... | \$431,338 71 | Capital stock..... | \$ 50,000 00 |
| Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, etc., | 244,316 24 | Surplus fund..... | 100,000 00 |
| Overdrafts..... | 10,642 28 | Undivided profits..... | 33,339 97 |
| Furniture and Fixtures..... | 1,930 85 | Dividends unpaid..... | 356 00 |
| Current expenses and taxes paid..... | 2,288 15 | | |
| CASH. | | DEPOSITS. | |
| Due from banks in reserve cities..... | 101,140 90 | Commercial deposits..... | 150,786 82 |
| Due from other banks and bankers..... | 1,785 83 | Savings deposits..... | 455,535 90 |
| Checks and cash items..... | 229 80 | Certificates of deposit..... | 28,548 68 |
| Nicksels and pennies..... | 141 53 | | |
| Gold coin..... | 15,000 00 | | |
| Silver coin..... | 2,800 00 | | |
| U. S. and National Bank Notes..... | 15,955 00 | | |
| | \$827,567 27 | | \$827,567 27 |

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
County of Washtenaw.

I, Charles E. Hiscock, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

CHARLES E. HISCOCK, Cashier.

CORRECT—Attest: Christian Mack, L. Gruner, W. D. Harriman, Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of May, 1891.

MICHAEL J. FRITZ, Notary Public.

Capital stock paid in, \$ 50,000 | Total assets, - \$761,291.31

Capital security, 100,000 | Surplus, - 100,000.00

Transacts a general banking business; buys and sells exchanges on New York, Detroit and Chicago; sells drafts on all the principal cities of Europe.

This bank, already having a large business, invites merchants and others to open accounts with them with the assurance of the most liberal dealing consistent with safe banking.

In the Savings Department interest is paid semi-annually, on the first days of January and July, on all sums that were deposited three months previous to those days, thus affording the people of this city and county a perfectly safe depository for their funds, together with a return in interest for the same. Money to loan on approved securities.

DIRECTORS.—Christian Mack, W. D. Harriman, Daniel Hiscock, William Deubel, Willard B. Smith, David Rinsey, and L. Gruner.

OFFICERS.—Christian Mack, President; W. D. Harriman, Vice-President; Chas. E. Hiscock, Cashier.

MRS. C. H. JONES,

FASHIONABLE DRESS-MAKER!

Fourth St. Opposite Court House

Draping and Cutting a Specialty!

Mme. Kellogg's French Tailor System used. Perfect work guaranteed. Instructions in cutting by the Kellogg French Tailor System given.

N. G. BUTTS,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Real Estate and Collection Agent.

Office: In Masonic Block.

M. P. VOGEL,

DEALER IN

Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats

And game in season.

22 E. HURON STREET

TRUCK AND STORAGE.

Now we are ready with a

NEW BRICK STOREHOUSE

for the storage of household goods, pianos, books, stoves, etc. Moving of household goods and pianos carefully done. All kinds of heavy and light draying. Freight work.

C. E. GODFREY,

Residence and office 46 Fourth Avenue North.

Telephone 32.

A GROWING INDUSTRY.

The Michigan Furniture Factory To Increase Its Production One-Third.

BUILDING A LARGE FOUR-STORY ADDITION.

More Than Doubling Boiler Capacity.

To Increase the Employees to Over a Hundred.—New Dry Kilns and Machinery.

The Michigan Furniture Factory, in this city, is one of those manufacturing industries which is making its way to success without any tramping of horns and is rapidly increasing its facilities without the aid of bonuses. To-day it employs from 82 to 85 hands and pays out every month over \$3,000 in wages. As soon as the projected improvements are made it will employ at least a hundred. It has aided materially in the growth of the second ward and the increasing prosperity of the city.

The furniture factory is about to begin the construction of a four story addition, thirty-five by forty-five feet. The addition is built to provide the additional boiler and finishing room which is imperatively necessary. The first story will be arched over and will be used as a boiler room. The second and third stories will be used for store rooms and the fourth story will be used for a finishing room. A brick smoke stack seventy-five feet high will also be built. This addition will be uniform with the main building which, as our readers know, is a new one. When completed, the furniture factory will be two hundred feet long, fifty feet wide and four stories high.

A new boiler, 6 by 16 in size, and 100 horse power is expected to be here in a week. The present boiler, which will be retained, is an 80 horse power one.

A new dry kiln has just been finished similar to the one put in last fall and which has done excellent work. Considerable additional machinery has been placed in the building. The improvements will cost in the neighborhood of \$10,000. The quality of the work turned out is of the best and the demand has been such as to make an enlarged capacity necessary. It is thought that the improvements will increase the finished product turned out at least one third.

The factory has always been very successful. It is fortunate in possessing a most efficient, energetic and capable superintendent in Paul Snauble and one of the best foremen in the state of Michigan in John Mayer.

There is now on hand a million feet of lumber belonging to the factory covering six city lots. If our readers should drive around that way and look at the lumber piles, we doubt if one of them would say there was little manufacturing in the city.

He Lost His Life.

Last evening as the day express on the Michigan Central was passing through this city, a man jumped off the baggage car on which he had been stealing a ride, as the train passed the freight house. There are no steps on the baggage car and the man in jumping fell under the car. His knee was crushed so severely that it had to be amputated. He gave his name as Fred Beck and said he had come through from Chicago. He said that his mother lived in England and that he had no relatives in this country excepting an uncle who lived in New Jersey. He was taken to the University hospital, where his leg was amputated at ten o'clock. He lingered until seven o'clock this morning, when he died. Coroner Clark has empaneled a jury and is holding an inquest.

A Great Success.

The Art Loan closed Friday with the largest crowd of the season. Many seemed to have put off attending until the very last, while others could not resist taking a last view of the many attractions. The receipts were \$2,650, while the expenses will be under \$300. The ladies are deserving of much praise for their arduous but successful work. The Art Loan has been the most deserving as well as the most successful exhibit of any kind ever held in Ann Arbor.

One Day's Business.

"Any business in your court, today?" was the question the reporter fired at Justice Butts, yesterday morning, in his room, where four officers lingered and the prosecuting attorney was just going out of the door. "Only about four hundred and fifty vagrants," replied the justice, "we have just given three of them five days in jail and released four." The seven vags who had been arranged together had been captured in Michigan Central box cars. They claimed to hail from half as many states. And they didn't like stone yard diet a little bit. In the same court, at about the same hour, came Mrs. Rosina Oelkrug to appear against her husband, Frederick Oelkrug, on the charge of assault and battery. A little investigation showed that he was probably insane and an officer took him in charge, while the matter was brought to Judge Babbitt's attention.

Sewerage Discussed Again.

Sewerage discussion is again in order. The matter was brought up last night in the Council by a resolution of Ald. Wines, which provided for the appointment of a committee of eleven on the subject, three from the Council, three from the Board of Public Works and five from the Business Men's Association. The committee were requested by the resolution to report immediately. This will precipitate the sewerage discussion. The Council appointed as its three members of the committee Ald. Martin, Wines and Pres. Cooley.

The Council also wanted the number and cost of street signs looked up and appointed Wines, Herz and O'Hearn to report on renovating, refurnishing and refitting the Council room. Inquiry was also set on foot regarding the cost of a large map of the Council. In the course of the regular routine business a large number of sidewalks were ordered laid.

The Redemption.

The last concert of the Chora Union Series was given in University Hall, Saturday evening. The Union sang Gounod's Redemption and were assisted by the following soloists: Soprano, Mrs. Jennie Patrick Walker of Boston; mezzo-soprano, Miss Alice May Harrah of Detroit; contralto, Miss Jennie L. Stoddard; tenor, Jules Jordan of Providence, R. I.; bass, Arthur Beresford of Chicago. The chorus consisted of 233 voices, and the orchestra of 45 pieces.

The work of the chorus was very much finer than at any time this year, the chorus, "Unfold, ye portals everlasting," being exceptionally well rendered. The singing of the soloists was all that could be desired. Mrs. Jennie Patrick Walker received an undeniable encore for her solo, "From Thy Love as a Father." Mr. Beresford's renditions of the bass parts were probably more thoroughly enjoyed than any of the solos. During the intermission between Parts I and II, Prof. de Pont stepped to the front of the platform and in a neat and witty speech presented Prof. Stanley with a photograph of a handsome music stand, as a testimonial of the regard in which he is held by the

members of the Choral Union. The stand, unfortunately, was not made in time to send to Ann Arbor before the concert, hence the photograph. Prof. Stanley acknowledged the gift in a brief speech to the chorus.—U. of M. Daily.

Field Day Sports.

There were 1,000 people at the fair grounds on Saturday, and the day was, contrary to tradition, a clear and warm one. The contests were spirited, and as the DAILY predicted, several records were broken. Malley broke the shot and hammer, Van Inwagen the high jump and Gamble the American amateur record in the standing broad jump with weights.

Wright, Kay & Co., of Detroit, offered a handsome pair of field glasses to the best all-around athlete, first place to count 5, second place 2, and third place 1. The glasses were won by E. de Pont, with thirteen points to his credit, one first three seconds and two thirds. Harvey, Jewett, Gamble Van Inwagen and Sanderson tied for second place with 12 points apiece. The events and winners are as follows:

100 yards dash: 1. Harvey; 2. Van Inwagen; 3. Van Deventer; time 10 2-5 seconds.

Two mile bicycle: 1. Parmele, A. A. H. S.; 2. Crosby; time, 7, 44 4-5 sec.

Running broad jump: 1. Jewett, D. A. C.; 2. Dorgan, N. A. A.; 3. Annesley, D. A. C.; 21 ft, 1 in.; 20 ft, 6 in.; 19 ft, 10 in.

Running hop step and jump: 1. Gamble; 2. de Pont; 40 ft 7 in.; 38 ft, 7 in.

150 yards: 1. Jewett, D. A. C.; Annesley, D. A. C., 13 1-5 sec. By mistake the runners had started 78 ft, 3 in. short of the starting point. Hence the fast time.

220 yards dash: 1. Harvey; 2. Sanderson; 3. Burgess; time 24 3-5 sec.

120 yards hurdle: 1. Luce, D. A. C.; 2. Van Inwagen; time, 18 1-5 sec. Luce was not entered but was permitted to run upon condition that the gold medal would be awarded to second.

Putting shot: 1. Malley; 2. Gamble; 3. de Pont; 37 ft, 1 in.; 36 ft, 6 in. Both Malley and Gamble broke the U. of M. record of 36 ft.

300 yards: 1. Annesley, D. A. C.; 2. Townsend, Marshall A. A.; time 35 2-5 sec.

Throwing the hammer: 1. Malley; 2. de Pont; 94 ft, 3 in. by inter-collegiate rules: 120 ft, 1 in. by A. A. U. rules. Malley broke the U. of M. record of 84 feet by 10 ft 3 in.

One mile walk: 1. McGee, D. A. C.; 2. Rudolph, D. A. C.; time 7 min., 50 3-5 sec. 3. Wilber, N. A. A.

440 yards: 1. Sanderson; 2. Cooley; 3. Ayers; time, 56 2-5 sec.

One mile run: 1. Hutchinson; 2. Snyder; time, 5 min. 44 1-5 sec.

Standing broad jump (without weights): 1. Gamble; 2. de Pont; 10 ft 6 in.; 10 ft, 1 in.

880 yards: 1. Lyster; no time taken. Pole vault: 1. Luce, D. A. C.; 2. Herring, D. A. C.; 10 ft, 6 in.; 10 ft.

Running high jump: 1. Van Inwagen; 2. Jewett, D. A. C.; 3. de Pont; 5 ft. 6 1/2 in.; 5 ft. 5 1/2 in.; 5 ft. 4 1/2 in. Van Inwagen broke the U. of M. record by 4 of an inch.

Standing broad jump (with weights): Gamble gave an exhibition, breaking the U. of M. record and also the American amateur record of 12 ft. 9 1/2 in., jumping 13 ft. 1 in.

Featherweight wrestling: 1. Durand, N. A. A.; 2. Green, N. A. A.

Light weight wrestling: 1. Dasef, N. A. A.; 2. Thurlert.

Middle weight wrestling: 1. Herring, D. A. C.; 2. Richmond, N. A. A.

Fencing: 1. Fassett; 2. Foreman; 3. Lawrence.

Relay race: 1. lits; 2. medics; 3. laws. The teams were: lits, Sanderson, Lyster, Cooley and de Pont; medics, Harvey, Faust, Ayers and Burgess; laws, Duffy, Malley, Roberts and Munger.

The first prizes, handsome gold medals, were donated by the following: G. H. Wild, Chas. Speller & Co., Ann Arbor Register, Messrs. Wahr and Rosey, W. G. Burchfield, J. M. Stafford, F. Stoflet, Gibson, Chicago Daily News, Burleigh & Jolly, Ann Arbor Argus, Eberbach, Butts and Hazlewood, H. J. Brown, L. G. Damm, Chicago Herald, Detroit Evening News, J. T. Jacobs, Dean & Co., Detroit Free Press, A. L. Noble, S. W. Millard, Wadhams, Kennedy & Reule, Two Sams and W. W. Bliss.—U. of M. Daily.

Proceedings of the Board of Public Works.

[OFFICIAL.]
BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS,
Ann Arbor, Mich., May 27, 1891.

Regular meeting. Called to order by Pres. Keech.

Roll call. Present — McIntyre, Schuh and Keech.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

A petition signed by W. J. Just and seven others, residents and property holders of the Second Ward, City of Ann Arbor, asking that a sidewalk be ordered laid on the east side of Ashley Street, from Madison to Jefferson Streets. Received and placed on file.

Mr. Keech moved that we recommend and ask the Council to order sidewalks built on Ashley Street, from Madison to Jefferson Streets.

Yeas—Schuh, Keech and McIntyre.

A petition signed by Wm. Schleede and six others, residents and property holders of the Second Ward, City of Ann Arbor, asking that a sidewalk be ordered built on the west side of Ashley Street, from Madison to Williams Streets. Referred to Street Commissioner.

Mr. McIntyre moved that we recommend and ask the Council to order sidewalk built on the south side of Miller Ave., from First to Seventh Streets, and on Catherine Street, south side, from Main to First Streets.

Yeas—Schuh, Keech and McIntyre.

Mr. Keech moved that we recommend and ask the Council to order sidewalk built on the east side of Seventh Street, from Madison to Huron Streets.

Yeas—Schuh, Keech and McIntyre.

Street Commissioner Sutherland recommended that the following sidewalks be ordered built of stone at once:

Duncan McMillan, on Huron Street.

Henry Douglass estate, on Huron Street.

Wm. McCreery, on Huron Street.

M. H. Goodrich, on Fourth Ave.

M. M. Green estate, on Fourth Ave.

J. F. Lawrence, on Fourth Ave.

Mrs. N. E. Green, on Fourth Ave.

Mrs. F. Nebel, on Detroit Street.

Miss M. Gilshannon, on Detroit Street.

Lucy Morgan estate, on Detroit Street.

G. Hoefler, on Detroit street.

Miss Carey, on Detroit Street.

A. W. Hamilton, cor. Huron Street and Fourth Ave.

Mr. Keech moved that this Board recommend and ask the Council to order sidewalks built as recommended by the Street Commissioner.

Yeas—Schuh, Keech and McIntyre.

Mr. Schuh moved that Geo. B. Schwab be employed to draw plans and specifications for a new culvert on Hill Street.

Yeas—Schuh, Keech and McIntyre.

Mr. Schuh moved that this Board recommend and ask the Council to appropriate the sum of \$50 to build one stone crosswalk on Ashley Street, crossing Liberty Street.

Yeas—Schuh, Keech and McIntyre.

The monthly report of the Street Commissioner was accepted and accounts audited.

Board then adjourned.

W. J. MILLER, Clerk.

Mr. Budget of the Sophomore Medical class has been appointed assistant to Dr. Howell in Physiology. Mr. Budget's work in Bacteriology and advanced Histology has been exceptionally excellent and he undoubtedly deserves the appointment. He takes Mr. Waple's place, who has been advanced to the assistantship in Histology, which has been held by Dr. Huber. Dr. Huber will leave for Europe in June to pursue special work in Histology and Embryology.

S. W. BEAKES, EDITOR AND PROP.

PUBLISHED ON TUESDAY AND FRIDAY
OF EACH WEEK

TERMS.—\$1.25 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Entered at the Post-Office, in Ann Arbor, Mich.,
as second-class matter.

TUESDAY, JUNE 2, 1891.

The high tariff papers of the country are at present making a great ado over the plate glass industry, which they claim is a triumph of protection. They are constantly asserting that it was not until the industry was established in this country that the prices of plate glass began to fall, and they are very fond of comparing the prices which prevailed from 1870 to 1872 with those at which the glass is sold now.

How careful they are not to say anything about the real cause of the high prices which prevailed during the former period. France is the most important center for the industry in Europe, and it is from France that nearly all our imports of plate glass have come. During the Franco-Prussian war all industries were shaken up, and the drain of recruits from the workmen for the armies caused a great rise in wages. For the same reason the prices of materials rose, which, taken in connection with the heavy taxes and expenses incident to manufacturing industries in war time, caused an abnormal rise in the cost of production, and hence the price of glass.

It is just as logical, therefore, to compare the prices of wool during war time and now as it is to compare present prices of plate glass with those ruling in 1872. The average price of Ohio wool in New York in January, 1865, was ninety-six cents to \$1.02 per pound. The present price is thirty-one cents per pound. Behold the effect of a high tariff. Of course such a comparison is absurd, but so is that made by the high tariff papers on plate glass.

History tells us that in 1699 the Countess of Frique exchanged an estate for a single mirror of plate glass. Only three years later a yard of plate glass sold in England for £6 12s., or \$32.11.

How absurd is the statement of the papers that plate glass did not fall in price until the industry became established here is shown by the following figures, which are for plate glass sold by the St. Gobain plate glass works of France:

| PRICES PER SQUARE FOOT. | 1835. | 1856. | 1882. | 1881. |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 30.37x39.37 inches. | \$2.37 | \$1.09 | \$0.86 | \$0.62 |
| 78.74x39.37 inches. | 6.76 | 2.56 | 1.91 | 1.46 |

This does not show that prices were kept up until we began to make plate glass. On the contrary, the prices have steadily fallen. Only during the past decade have our manufacturers been able to produce enough glass to affect the market.

The duty on the sizes of plates now imported are twenty-five cents and fifty cents per square foot, and our manufacturers add the duty to the price of the glass they make, thus enabling them to exact this amount from the consumers. That the domestic manufacturers do add the whole amount of the duty to their glass is shown by the fact that, while the small quantity of plate glass imported last year is valued in the treasury reports at slightly less than thirty-three cents per square foot, the domestic manufacturers sell their output at an average of about eighty-five cents. Thus the domestic manufacturers are able to declare enormous dividends on watered capital, and last year the Pittsburgh Plate Glass company declared a dividend of 31 per cent.

At the same time that the manufacturers make these enormous profits they pay the lowest wages of any industry requiring skilled labor. The highest wage they pay their workmen for twelve hours' work is three dollars per day. This amount is earned by the master tanners. Other workmen receive as low as \$1.25 per day for the same number of hours. They are enabled to keep the wages down by importing contract laborers in spite of the contract labor law.

The real causes of the fall in the price of plate glass are the use of machinery, which makes possible cheaper production, and the greatly increased demand for plate, which in turn makes possible production on a large scale.

The true effect of the duties upon plate glass, therefore, is to make possible the combinations among the manufacturers to keep up prices and keep down wages. It is impossible to evade the duties so that the prices they fix cannot be cut. But they succeed in evading the contract labor law so that they have practical free trade in labor. Thus on the one hand they make consumers pay more, and on the other force their workmen to accept less for their labor. These are the true effects of the high duties, and, being such, tariff reformers are perfectly contented to let their opponents have all the glory that they can make out of them.

A Tack Trust.

The tack companies of New England have met and formed a trust. Several years ago there was a larger tack trust, the history of which is thus given in Hardware, the New York trade journal:

When the tack manufacturers combined several years ago they at first were satisfied with a moderate profit. A high tariff protected them, and all would have been well, but 10 per cent. dividends gave way to 15, cupidity took 20, and then "the bit was taken" and 30 was considered none too good. Capital discovered the golden mine, and almost any one who could talk tacks found it possible to obtain a moneyed partner, and when the end came eighty concerns were uncovered to the light of statistics. The impetus was on, however, and the number did not stop there. It was the killing of the goose that laid the golden egg with a vengeance not often seen.

THE SORTED WOOL CLAUSE.

Secretary Foster Decides That This "Sorting Clause" Applies to Carpet Wools.

Who makes our tariff laws? It is usually supposed that the members of congress who vote for them are the makers of them. This is true only to a certain extent, for the beneficiaries of the tariff in many cases write into the tariff bill the duties which they want. Thus by "ways that are dark and tricks that are vain" the tariff bill gets into the house of representatives and is voted upon by the average member, who never suspects how many different handwritings were to be found in the original draft of the bill, put there by men financially interested in getting high duties and obediently accepted by their political friends on the ways and means committee.

After these protected interests get their duties voted into law they are usually silent—are like "Bre'r Rabbit, he lay low." Not always so, however. Judge Lawrence, the Ohio political shepherd, has recently boasted of being the author of the wool schedules of the McKinley law. In that law is a clause called the "sorting clause," which provides that the duty on wool "which has been sorted or increased in value by the rejection of any part of the original fleece shall be twice the duty to which it would be otherwise subject."

When the McKinley bill was under discussion it was understood by the carpet manufacturers that this language was meant to apply to clothing wools, which bear specific duties—not to carpet wools, where the duties are ad valorem and of course increase with the value of the wool. Now, however, Judge Lawrence has come forward and has had Secretary Foster to decide that this "sorting clause" applies also to carpet wools. Judge Lawrence says, "I wrote the sorting clause and I know that it was so intended to apply."

By the operation of this clause some kinds of carpet wools now imported will have to bear double duty, which will perhaps prevent their importation altogether. The East India wools are always sorted before shipment. A leading manufacturer says of these wools, "They are of great importance to us; we use large quantities of them exclusively for carpets."

A comparison of these double duties on sorted carpet wool with the duties prevailing before the McKinley law was passed will show the quality of Judge Lawrence's worth. The old duty on carpet wool was 2½ cents a pound where the value was 12 cents a pound or less, and 5 cents a pound on wool worth more than 12 cents. These duties were equal to 25 and 30 per cent. ad valorem, respectively. Judge Lawrence had both duties changed to ad valorem duties—32 per cent. on wool worth less than 13 cents, and 50 per cent. above that. Sorted wool will now pay 64 and 100 per cent.

What makes these duties all the more absurd is that we raise practically no carpet wool, finding it more profitable to produce clothing wool. More than three-fourths of our wool imported is carpet wool.

The Window Glass Trust.

The window glass manufacturers have gotten together and put up prices. The fact is thus commented upon in the editorial columns of the Boston Journal of Commerce: "The efforts on the part of the window glass manufacturers to advance their product have been successful, and that article was advanced in price this week 15 or 20 per cent. on previous quotations. This advance is the outcome of more or less agitation of the subject by the makers. There has for a long time been a division of opinion on the part of producers whether it was advisable, and not until recently was the question decided."

The tariff, we are assured, is for the purpose of developing home competition, and thus bringing prices down; but the high tariff journal just quoted goes on to say: "It is to be hoped that an arrangement by the various makers of window glass can be formed strong enough to keep prices up, for the market has been in a terribly unsettled state the past year through rate cutting."

The duty on window glass ranges from 1½ to 3½ cents per pound, according to size, the ad valorem equivalents ranging from 68 to 142 per cent. Notwithstanding the high protection which the window glass industry has enjoyed for the past thirty years, and notwithstanding the fact that the prices of nearly all commodities, both farm and manufactured, have greatly fallen since 1860, the price of window glass has changed but slightly, as the following table of prices of the various grades of single strength glass in 1860 and 1890 shows:

| PRICE PER ½ BOX OF 50 FEET. | 1860. | 1890. |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------|
| 8x10 inches, 3d quality. | \$1.55 | \$1.90 |
| 8x10 inches, 4th quality. | 1.80 | 1.85 |
| 10x14 inches, 2d quality. | 2.40 | 2.04 |
| 10x14 inches, 3d quality. | 2.10 | 1.90 |
| 12x18 inches, 1st quality. | 3.00 | 2.75 |
| 12x18 inches, 2d quality. | 2.40 | 2.28 |
| 18x24 inches, 2d quality. | 3.80 | 3.18 |
| 22x28 inches, 2d quality. | 5.60 | 5.28 |

Total, 8 boxes.....\$20.85 \$19.125
The window glass men have been in combinations of varying dimensions and strength for some years to control prices and keep down production, but of late their combination had become rather loose. Efforts to remedy this state of things have been made for some months, and these efforts were recently crowned with success at a meeting in Chicago, when forty-three manufacturers signed an agreement to raise prices and keep them raised. More than that, it is reported that a further advance is to be made.

This window glass trust is a child of the tariff.

The board of general appraisers, which decides tariff controversies, seems to be thoroughly possessed with the notion that it must squeeze out the highest possible duty in every case. Most people would consider a jewsharp a toy; but as toys bear a duty of 35 per cent. in the McKinley law, and "manufactures of metal" a duty of 45 per cent., the jewsharp is decided to be a manufacture of metal. On the other hand, Japanese kites are decided to be toys at a 35 per cent. duty rather than "manufactures of paper" at 25 per cent.

Harvard's Defeat.

The yellow and the blue downed the crimson yesterday in a hard fought game at Cambridge, Mass. Michigan's first run was scored in the third inning on hits by Wilkinson, Pearson, and Kelly and an error and a stolen base. Another was added in the fourth on three errors. Two runs were scored in the seventh on singles by Spitzer and Walsh and errors. Harvard scored its first run on balls, two steals, a sacrifice and Kelly's error. Harvard was shut out until the ninth inning when two runs were tallied on Dean's three-bagger, which with Frothingham's two-bagger were the only hits made off Codd, Wilkinson's error and a sacrifice. Summary: Earned run Michigan; base on balls, by Codd 1, by Bates 3; stolen bases, two each; struck out, by Codd 3, by Bates 5. Time, 1 h. 25 m. U. of M. made eight hits: Walsh 2, Pearson 2, Wilkinson, Rich, Kelly, and Spitzer one each. Score by innings:

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| U. of M. | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Harvard | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |

THE CELEBRATION TO-NIGHT.

The team will be given a greeting this evening upon their arrival, a greeting after the manner peculiar to collegians. The nine has made a fine record in the east, particularly in the Harvard game, and they are to be shown that their work is appreciated by the students. The students are requested to meet in front of the Law building at 10.15 p.m. The train arrives at 11 o'clock. The team will be drawn in a coach, by the students. Major Soule will act as chief marshal, and the following will be marshals and leaders of cheering: S. C. Glidden, J. E. Duffy, A. W. Diack, C. T. Alexander, G. B. Dygert and H. P. Harmon. Fireworks and a bonfire, on the campus, will enliven affairs. Horns will be supplied at the station at a nominal price. A brass band will assist in the celebration. Lots of fun can be had for a little money, and the following have been selected to collect subscriptions: C. W. Middlekauf, R. Stone, Tibbals, Glidden, Ted Smith, VanDeventer, Malley, J. E. Duffy, M. B. Hammond, F. E. Wood, Dygert, R. M. Shaw, Platt, C. Church, Bronson, Jameson, J. R. Angell, E. M. Kennedy, A. M. Harvey, F. M. Prettyman, and the athletic directors. Hand your subscriptions to any of these. Don't wait to be asked. This will serve as a notice to the committee. The committee is requested to meet at 6.30 Wednesday evening at Chas. Speller & Co.'s to report.—U. of M. Daily.

Paul Snauble has taken a business trip to Grand Rapids.

Julius V. Seyler, of Detroit, is visiting his father, Adam D. Seyler.

Students buying a 1000-mile book for sale by The T. A. A. & N. M. Ry. and good on 14 roads, can use it for all vacations during one year from date.

The T. A. A. & N. M. Railway will sell one way tickets at two cents per mile to students in parties of 10 or more to all points in the Central Traffic Association, including St. Louis, Mo., and Cincinnati, O.

"Golden Medical discovery" cures those diseases which come from blood impurities—scrofula and skin diseases, sores and swellings. But does it? It's put up by the thousands of gallons, and sold to hundreds of thousands. Can it cure as well as though it had been compounded just for you?

Its makers say that thousands of people who have had Tetters and Salt-rheum, Eczema, Erysipelas, Carbuncles and Sore Eyes, Thick Neck and Enlarged Glands, are well to-day because they used it.

Suppose that this is so. Suppose that a quick-witted man was far-seeing enough to know that to cleanse the blood was to cleanse the life. Suppose that my many experiments, and after many failures, he discovered this golden key to health and that his faith in it for you is so strong that you can go to your druggist, buy a bottle, and if it doesn't help you, you can get your money returned—cheerfully. Will you try it?

The remedy to have faith in, is the remedy the makers themselves have faith in.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.



from which the excess of oil has been removed, is Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

WANTED, FOR SALE, ETC.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—Columbia Safety Bicycle, in first-class condition. W. W. WATTS, 10 S. Main St. 37-41

FOR RENT—Two commodious pleasant flats, with six rooms each in New Block on State street. Enquire at No. 18 South State street. 66-11.

FOR SALE—Three Cows, two Open Buggies and Phaeton, two sets of Single Harness, Hay Press, and Billiard Table. C. H. RICHMOND, 60 East Huron street. 39-49

FOR RENT—Offices suitable for Doctor, Lawyer or Dentist, over W. D. Adam's Bazaar. No. 13 South Main street. C. H. RICHMOND, 60 East Huron street. 39-49

ANN ARBOR NURSERY—Fruit and ornamental trees. Peach and pear a specialty. Grape vines, berry plants, etc. Price low. Jacob Ganzhorn, head of Spring street. 39-49

1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11-12-13-14-15-16-17-18-19-20-21-22-23-24-25-26-27-28-29-30-31-32-33-34-35-36-37-38-39-40-41-42-43-44-45-46-47-48-49-50-51-52-53-54-55-56-57-58-59-60-61-62-63-64-65-66-67-68-69-70-71-72-73-74-75-76-77-78-79-80-81-82-83-84-85-86-87-88-89-90-91-92-93-94-95-96-97-98-99-100-101-102-103-104-105-106-107-108-109-110-111-112-113-114-115-116-117-118-119-120-121-122-123-124-125-126-127-128-129-130-131-132-133-134-135-136-137-138-139-140-141-142-143-144-145-146-147-148-149-150-151-152-153-154-155-156-157-158-159-160-161-162-163-164-165-166-167-168-169-170-171-172-173-174-175-176-177-178-179-180-181-182-183-184-185-186-187-188-189-190-191-192-193-194-195-196-197-198-199-200-201-202-203-204-205-206-207-208-209-210-211-212-213-214-215-216-217-218-219-220-221-222-223-224-225-226-227-228-229-230-231-232-233-234-235-236-237-238-239-240-241-242-243-244-245-246-247-248-249-250-251-252-253-254-255-256-257-258-259-260-261-262-263-264-265-266-267-268-269-270-271-272-273-274-275-276-277-278-279-280-281-282-283-284-285-286-287-288-289-290-291-292-293-294-295-296-297-298-299-300-301-302-303-304-305-306-307-308-309-310-311-312-313-314-315-316-317-318-319-320-321-322-323-324-325-326-327-328-329-330-331-332-333-334-335-336-337-338-339-340-341-342-343-344-345-346-347-348-349-350-351-352-353-354-355-356-357-358-359-360-361-362-363-364-365-366-367-368-369-370-371-372-373-374-375-376-377-378-379-380-381-382-383-384-385-386-387-388-389-390-391-392-393-394-395-396-397-398-399-400-401-402-403-404-405-406-407-408-409-410-411-412-413-414-415-416-417-418-419-420-421-422-423-424-425-426-427-428-429-430-431-432-433-434-435-436-437-438-439-440-441-442-443-444-445-446-447-448-449-450-451-452-453-454-455-456-457-458-459-460-461-462-463-464-465-466-467-468-469-470-471-472-473-474-475-476-477-478-479-480-481-482-483-484-485-486-487-488-489-490-491-492-493-494-495-496-497-498-499-500-501-502-503-504-505-506-507-508-509-510-511-512-513-514-515-516-517-518-519-520-521-522-523-524-525-526-527-528-529-530-531-532-533-534-535-536-537-538-539-540-541-542-543-544-545-546-547-548-549-550-551-552-553-554-555-556-557-558-559-560-561-562-563-564-565-566-567-568-569-570-571-572-573-574-575-576-577-578-579-580-581-582-583-584-585-586-587-588-589-590-591-592-593-594-595-596-597-598-599-600-601-602-603-604-605-606-607-608-609-610-611-612-613-614-615-616-617-618-619-620-621-622-623-624-625-626-627-628-629-630-631-632-633-634-635-636-637-638-639-640-641-642-643-644-645-646-647-648-649-650-651-652-653-654-655-656-657-658-659-660-661-662-663-664-665-666-667-668-669-670-671-672-673-674-675-676-677-678-679-680-681-682-683-684-685-686-687-688-689-690-691-692-693-694-695-696-697-698-699-700-701-702-703-704-705-706-707-708-709-710-711-712-713-714-715-716-717-718-719-720-721-722-723-724-725-726-727-728-729-730-731-732-733-734-735-736-737-738-739-740-741-742-743-744-745-746-747-748-749-750-751-752-753-754-755-756-757-758-759-760-761-762-763-764-765-766-767-768-769-770-771-772-773-774-775-776-777-778-779-780-781-782-783-784-785-786-787-788-789-790-791-792-793-794-795-796-797-798-799-800-801-802-803-804-805-806-807-808-809-810-811-812-813-814-815-816-817-818-819-820-821-822-823-824-825-826-827-828-829-830-831-832-833-834-835-836-837-838-839-840-841-842-843-844-845-846-847-848-849-850-851-852-853-854-855-856-857-858-859-860-861-862-863-864-865-866-867-868-869-870-871-872-873-874-875-876-877-878-879-880-881-882-883-884-885-886-887-888-889-890-891-892-893-894-895-896-897-898-899-900-901-902-903-904-905-906-907-908-909-910-911-912-913-914-915-916-917-918-919-920-921-922-923-924-925-926-927-928-929-930-931-932-933-934-935-936-937-938-939-940-941-942-943-944-945-946-947-948-949-950-951-952-953-954-955-956-957-958-959-960-961-962-963-964-965-966-967-968-969-970-971-972-973-974-975-976-977-978-979-980-981-982-983-984-985-986-987-988-989-990-991-992-993-994-995-996-997-998-999-1000-1001-1002-1003-1004-1005-1006-1007-1008-1009-1010-1011-1012-1013-1014-1015-1016-1017-1018-1019-1020-1021-1022-1023-1024-1025-1026-1027-1028-1029-1030-1031-1032-1033-1034-1035-1036-1037-1038-1039-1040-1041-1042-1043-1044-1045-1046-1047-1048-1049-1050-1051-1052-1053-1054-1055-1056-1057-1058-1059-1060-1061-1062-1063-1064-1065-1066-1067-1068-1069-1070-1071-1072-1073-1074-1075-1076-1077-1078-1079-1080-1081-1082-1083-1084-1085-1086-1087-1088-1089-1090-1091-1092-1093-1094-1095-1096-1097-1098-1099-1100-1101-1102-1103-1104-1105-1106-1107-1108-1109-1110-1111-1112-1113-1114-1115-1116-1117-1118-1119-1120-1121-1122-1123-1124-1125-1126-1127-1128-1129-1130-1131-1132-1133-1134-1135-1136-1137-1138-1139-1140-1141-1142-1143-1144-1145-1146-1147-1148-1149-1150-1151-1152-1153-1154-1155-1156-1157-1158-1159-1160-1161-1162-1163-1164-1165-1166-1167-1168-1169-1170-1171-1172-1173-1174-1175-1176-1177-1178-1179-1180-1181-1182-1183-1184-1185-1186-1187-1188-1189-1190-1191-1192-1193-1194-1195-1196-1197-1198-1199-1200-1201-1202-1203-1204-1205-1206-1207-1208-1209-1210-1211-1212-1213-1214-1215-1216-1217-1218-1219-1220-1221-12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USE



CLARK'S MILE-END SPOOL COTTON

BEST SIX CORD

FOR

Machine or Hand Use

FOR SALE BY

Mack and Schmid

CITY AND COUNTY.

Manchester is painting up.

Capt. Allen spoke in Nashville, decoration day.

St. Mary's church in Manchester is being painted and decorated.

The Ann Arbor Light Infantry are drilling three times a week.

The annual sale on the Boyden stock farm in Webster occurs Thursday.

The southern Washtenaw farmers meet next Friday at Stephen Merrihews, in Sharon.

Rev. Mills B. Gelston, of Washington street, preached for forty years without a vacation.

The new railway bridge on the Hillsdale branch of the Lake Shore at Manchester is nearly finished.

A six o'clock tea will be given by the ladies of St. Andrew's church next Thursday, at Harris Hall.

The Stockbridge Sun is seven years old and it still shines for those who have a dollar to pay for it.

The Young Peoples' Society of the Presbyterian church hold a picnic, next Saturday, at Whitmore lake.

The original Fisk Jubilee Singers will give a concert next Saturday evening, in University Hall, for the benefit of Newberry Hall.

James L. Babcock has purchased the residence of Mrs. Dr. E. Wells, on the corner of Division and Ann streets for \$10,000.

Harvey Squiers, who came to Manchester in 1832 and owned one of the best farms on the west plains, died May 24, aged eighty-two years.

Joseph T. Jacobs has purchased the store building occupied by Schuh & Muehlig, from the Risdon estate. The purchase price was \$9,000.

Fred Rane, of Whitmore Lake, a senior in the Ohio State University, has captured eight prizes and a \$25 gold medal offered for the best all around athlete.

John George Andress, of Saline, died May 27, aged seventy-nine years. He was born in Wurtemberg, but had lived in this county since a young man.

John C. Bryce, a farmer of Canton township, not far from Ypsilanti, was killed by lightning yesterday. He was planting corn and took refuge under a large tree.

The U. of M. ball team defeated Harvard yesterday by a score of 4 to 3, Harvard using its best battery. This makes four victories and three defeats on the eastern trip. The defeats were mere scratches. The U. of M. team made 52 runs during the trip to their opponents 25.

William Kirk, of Manchester township, died of heart disease May 23, aged seventy-one years. He had gone out to milk the cows and was found lying dead on the ground.

Fred Glazier, while climbing on a load of wood in the Fifth ward yesterday, fell off and under the horses' feet. A horse stepped on him, cutting his face, but not seriously injuring him.

Two freight trains on the Ann Arbor road collided near Howell yesterday, smashing several cars. The only injury to the employees was a slight scalp wound received by a brakeman.

Miss Virginia Wiltsie, sister of Mrs. P. R. de Pont, died very unexpectedly in New York City, early last Friday morning. Her loss was a great bereavement to her sisters and very many friends.

Charles T. Parshall of Ann Arbor town, lost \$100 worth of strawberries by the frost last week. He is engaged in the manufacture of berry crates and has just received an order for two hundred.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of City Clerk William J. Miller to Miss Minnie Tagge, on Monday, June 10. Congratulations will be in order after that date, and there is no doubt about them being hearty ones.

Edgar R. Aldrich, who died in Saline May 25, from cancer, was born in Saline in 1839 and lived there all his life excepting nine years, when he was employed in the Detroit postoffice. He leaves two daughters and one son.

Some of our Lyndon farmers have been doing a very fine job of ditching in town, in order to drain a wet piece of land belonging to "Uncle Sam," that they may reap a good crop of hay from it.—Correspondence Dexter Leader.

Nancy Fischer, who has long appeared in the justice court records as an habitual drunkard, and who is a nuisance generally to the community, was sentenced Friday by Judge Kinne to two years in the house of correction, at Ionia, on the old charge.

Ransom Ferris died in Dexter township, May 24, aged eighty-eight years and three months. He was born in New York. In 1850 he moved to Indiana and two years later to Michigan. He had resided in Dexter township thirty-four years. Two daughters and a son survive him.

Rev. Fr. Fierle, of St. Thomas church, who leaves for his new charge in Ionia to-day, was presented with a purse of over \$500 by his parishioners here last evening as a testimony of the esteem in which they hold him. Rev. Fr. Goldrick, of Northfield, made the presentation speech.

The city treasurer received from the county treasurer, yesterday, \$7,637.84 liquor tax and \$142.49 delinquent tax. All the saloons in the city have paid their tax. Before this tax was received the balance in the city treasury was \$3,716.82. The balance now on hand is \$11,507.15.

The Milan Leader tells a story "Eggactly" true about a white hen. You will find it in the last issue. The hen was white and so was the egg. It was a big egg and that hen was trying to make a goose of itself. Just think of a four ounce egg, that has a circumference the long way around of 8½ inches, short way 6¾. The Leader man would like to hear from a few more hens with an extra record.

Matthews and Gow, the two Register employees, arraigned for criminal assault, were brought before Justice Pond, Friday, and bail, pending the examination, was fixed at \$1,000 in each case. City Clerk August T. Kronberg, of Detroit, and Alex. E. Riopelle, of Detroit, went on Matthews' bond, who was at once released on bail. Gow has not yet secured bondsmen.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Medaris spent Sunday and Monday in Toledo.

Mrs. M. Mansfield has been visiting friends in Coldwater.

Mrs. E. D. Kinne returned from New York City, Saturday evening.

Mrs. E. T. Gooch, of Shelbyville, Mo., is visiting her mother, Mrs. P. N. Tagge.

Mrs. J. J. Wood, of Hudson, has been visiting friends in this city and Ypsilanti.

Eugene Oesterlin, jr., and Eugene Koch are in Detroit to-day, attending a wedding.

Mrs. H. S. Cheever has been spending a few days with old Tecumseh acquaintances.

Miss Campbell of Detroit, sister of the late Judge Campbell, is visiting her nephew in the city.

Charles Dietas, for some months in the ARGUS office, but now a Detroit compositor, was in the city over Sunday.

Mrs. N. P. Jacobs, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. J. Storins, for the past two weeks, returned to her home in Chicago, Thursday.

Mrs. Kersey and daughter Maggie left Thursday for their home in Bedford, Iowa, after spending the winter with Mrs. J. Storins, Mrs. Kersey's mother.

Mrs. Dr. Wile and little daughter Aimee, of La Porte, Ind., came Saturday night to spend several weeks with her father, A. Hammond, of the Fifth ward.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hollinshead arrived Friday from Martin, Lincolnshire, England. Mr. Hollinshead worked for many years in the city as a miller. About a year ago he went to England and has just returned with his bride.

Milan.

Charles Steidle left for Chicago last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Fuller visited Ann Arbor Saturday.

Will Dent spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Frank Guy.

T. Barnes, of Dundee, spent Sunday with Milan friends.

Claud Chapin entertained a few friends Wednesday evening.

Milton Clark, of Blissfield, is spending a few days in Milan.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Day entertained guests from Ypsilanti the first of the week.

Mrs. F. A. Blinn is entertaining Rev. Chas. Case and family, from Lambertville.

Mr. Vidder and family are moving on the Dr. Pyles farm near the Wabash depot.

Mrs. Alice Hill, of Alma, was the guest of her mother, Mrs. Putnam, last week.

Rev. Mr. Sloan, of the M. E. church, administered baptism to twenty, Sunday.

Mrs. Rouse and Mrs. Nellie Whaley and daughter spent Wednesday at Stony Creek.

Miss Imo Whitmarsh was the victim of a surprise party, Saturday, the occasion being her 12th birthday.

School will be out in one more week and then the children will have a nice long rest from their books.

Dr. Calhoun, our enterprising dentist, has started a branch office at Britton, and will be there every Wednesday.

The Epworth League gave an ice cream social at Mrs. Woolcott's residence on County street Wednesday evening.

Two Quaker Evangelists, Rev. John Holly and George Jackson, are holding a series of meetings in the Union church.

Decoration day was observed in honor of the fallen heroes in a very appropriate manner, Gen. Spaulding, of Monroe City, delivering the address. The music was fine. The Sons of Veterans, under the command of Chas. Robinson, fired the salute at the soldiers' monument. The flowers were beautiful and the day was pleasant. Everything worked in perfect order.

The 20th anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Clark was quite an event. They were the recipients of a surprise party Saturday evening and a fine lot of presents. About fifty guests were there to honor the event and congratulations were many and sincere. The menu was of a rare order and the guests after spending the last of the week and a little bit of the next week departed in good spirits.

NEW FIRM

Having bought the wood yard and feed business of George H. Hazelwood, we propose to keep

WOOD OF ALL KINDS

Kindling Wood, Baled Hay and Straw, Flour and Feed of the best quality, Charcoal, etc.

Goods delivered to any part of the city.

CASH PAID FOR CORN AND OATS

The firm will continue the truck business of G. H. Jones as before. Orders by telephone promptly attended to.

Clark & Jones,

33 East Huron St.

Telephone 14. One door west of Firemen's Hall.

H. C. Clark. C. H. Jones.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Richard Brown and Catherine Brown to Thomas Kearney, dated March 5, A. D. 1885, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, for the County of Washtenaw and state of Michigan, on the fifth day of March, A. D. 1885, in Liber 44 of Mortgages, on page 68, which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of two thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine dollars and fifty-nine cents, and an attorney's fee of thirty dollars provided for in said mortgage, and no suit or proceedings at law having been instituted to recover the moneys secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof:

Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on Friday, the tenth day of July, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, I shall sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, at the north front door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor (that being the place where the Circuit Court for Washtenaw County is holden), the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage, with seven per cent. interest, and all legal costs, together with an attorney's fee of thirty dollars covenanted for therein, the premises being described in said mortgage as follows: The certain lot, piece and parcel of land situate in the Township of Webster, in the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan and known and described as follows: The east half of the north-east quarter of section number one in township number one south of range number five, east.

THOMAS KEARNEY, Mortgagee.

THOS. D. KEARNEY, Attorney for Mortgagee.

No more of this!



Rubber Shoes unless worn uncomfortably tight generally slip off the feet.

THE "COLCHESTER" RUBBER CO.

make all their shoes with inside of heel lined with rubber. This clings to the shoe and prevents the rubber from slipping off.

Call for the "Colchester"

"ADHESIVE COUNTERS."

FOR SALE BY

Wm. Allaby, John Burg, Doty & Feiner L. Gruner, W. Reinhardt & Co., A. D. Seyler & Son,

ANN ARBOR, MICH.

RINSEY & SEABOLT'S BAKERY, GROCERY

AND

FLOUR AND FEED STORE.

We keep constantly on hand

BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, &c.

For Wholesale or Retail Trade.

We shall also keep a supply of

OSBORNE'S GOLD DUST FLOUR.

J. M. Swift & Co.'s Best White Wheat Flour, Rye Flour, Buckwheat Flour, Corn Meal, Feed, &c., &c., &c.

At Wholesale and Retail. A general stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

constantly on hand, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as at any other house in the city.

Cash Paid for Butter, Eggs, and Country Produce generally.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city with out extra charge.

Rinsey & Seabolt.

H. KITREDGE,

No. 6 WEST ANN STREET.

LIVERY, HACK AND BAGGAGE LINE,

In the rear of Edward Duffy's grocery store. Hack to all trains, day and night. Orders for trains, parties, weddings and funerals promptly attended to. Telephone, 108 Ann Arbor Mich.

PATENTS OBTAINED IN U. S. and all foreign countries. Examinations made, Licenses and assignments drawn. Infringements prosecuted in all Federal courts. Advice and pamphlets free. Scientific expert validity opinions given. No models required. Established A. D. 1865.

THOS. S. SPRAGUE & SON, 37 Congress Street, West, Detroit, Mich.

DR SELLERS' NEVER FAILS COUGH SYRUP.

SOLD BY DRUGGIST

HEINZMANN & LAUBENGAYER,

Elevator and Farmers' Customs Mill

Where we are prepared to do all kinds of grinding on short notice. Elevator near T., A. A. & N. M. R. R. Dealers in

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A CLEVER GIRL'S SCHEME FOR STEAM BATHING AT HOME.

An Old Chair, Pieces of Cast Off Water-proofs, Alcohol and Feminine Ingenuity Form an Interesting Combination—The Details of Her Method.

"During the winter I do not have the enthusiasm about bathing that I do the very first warm spring day," said a girl to a friend of hers one pleasant day; "and then the baths cost so much."

"Yes, I have learned that to my sorrow. The bath itself is always one dollar, a bit of cracker and a taste of wine is half as much more, and then my bangs are straight when I am through, but I have solved the problem now."

"How? So it won't cost so much? Oh, do tell us all."

"Oh, I have rigged up a Turkish bath which only costs a cent an hour."

"For goodness sake where? I thought you lived in a flat."

"I have it in my room where I can sit and steam away all day, if I choose, without disturbance."

"But doesn't it take up lots of room?"

"Oh, no, not at all."

"Then just sit down and tell us all about it."

"I took a low seated, high backed grandfather's chair, which mother had banished from the parlor, because you know every one has one now, and nailed narrow strips of wood in such a manner as to form a canopy-like top to it. Then, you know, like every one else, I had several old mackintoshes or gossamers in the old clothes closet, which from having sprung a leak about the shoulder or like cause had been thrown aside."

HOW SHE MANAGES.

"Cutting out the best parts of these, I bound the edges of several pieces I had fitted to the frame with tape, and in the corners and at intervals along the edges made strong button holes and fastened the whole by means of these to nail heads I had left projecting about one-half inch from the framework: These pieces can be buttoned on and taken off in a few moments. When on the back and sides of the chair and top, being covered squarely and neatly, look like a high box. In front another piece falls down to the seat, with a small piece like a little window cut out of the middle to breathe through."

"This being finished, you want a small foot tub placed in front of the chair and filled, when you are ready to use it, with hot water."

"I think every one should have in her room a one burner oil stove or a small gas stove, by means of which one may have water that is not only hot, but boiling, at will."

"Place such a one on a chair at hand, with a pan of hot water with which to keep that in the foot tub replenished. If you have not a shower bath, have ready cold water for a lightning sponge bath. Place a linen rag in a saucer and pour on it a teaspoonful of alcohol and set beneath the chair."

"Oh, yes; I tried that once when I had a bad cold coming on and I nearly roasted myself."

"Oh, but if you just tack a piece of cardboard on the front of the chair, just wide enough to protect the limbs from the blaze and have the seat of wood, or else well padded, you will have no trouble."

"It is a bother to get all these things together, but once having done so it is best to put them away in such a manner as to be easily accessible."

"Notice how all evidence of it may be disposed of afterward. The pieces buttoned on to the nail heads may be taken off in a moment, the steam wiped off the waterproof surface, and they may be aired at the window while you are picking up the other things."

IT TAKES UP LITTLE ROOM.

"When emptied the tub must be thoroughly dried over the register, the bath towels and wraps put away. A neat drapery of muslin or heavier stuff may be arranged like a canopy about the chair, and a dainty cushion and valance will conceal the tub in which the folded pieces of mackintosh are laid, and the whole may be stowed away beneath the chair."

"It is obvious that if the chair is not available a simple framework could be made up by a carpenter at low cost, or a bright girl with a large bedroom or bathroom at command could utilize two packing boxes for the same purpose with better effect, if any, than the chair bath, although the almost hopeless ugliness of two packing boxes is a drawback."

"And now for the bath."

"You disrobe as usual, and lifting up the curtain with the little window in it, step into the warm footbath and sit down in the chair. Tuck the quilted laprobe about your knees, let down the curtain and put one hand out and drop a lighted match into the teaspoonful of alcohol in the saucer."

"Draw your hand in and close every crevice to keep the hot air in. If you can stand it put more of the alcohol in the saucer at intervals, but don't try more than one teaspoonful at once. The hot, dry air at first makes you feel faint, but when the perspiration breaks out you can just sit and sizzle in comfort. After fifteen minutes I generally take the bath mitten and plenty of soap and water and scrub off the perspiration."

"Then I burn another teaspoonful of alcohol, and when I get well warmed up in the hot air I take a quick bath in cold water, into which I have put a preparation of gum benzoin, then with a quick rubbing with a coarse towel I jump into my bath blanket and into bed for a nap."—New York World.

Train Is Right.

Mrs. Bin—George Francis Train says that people will wake up some morning and find that Jay Gould has lost every dollar.

Mr. Binks—That's so, every word of it. "My goodness! When will it be, do you think?"

"When he dies."—New York Weekly.

Election Day in Greece.

Election day is an exciting one in Greece. The last one was especially so in Athens. The people were to vote for members of parliament. The election occurs every four years. For a week previous to the polling all the men and boys were parading the streets, headed by a band. The Greeks are blessed with most powerful lungs, and their shouts of "Viva!" fairly drowned the braying of the donkeys. The interest was so intense that the young children shared it, and an American lady, passing a "mife of a boy" on the street, who was escorting a little girl home from school, gallantly carrying her books, heard him ask her if she had a vote!

The voting takes place in the churches on Sunday, consequently the customary service is dispensed with. In the church to which an American gentleman succeeded in finding access there were ranged round the church forty-two boxes, that being the number of the candidates.

These boxes were something the shape of a tea box, one half painted white, with "Yes" on it, and the other half black, with "No" on it.

Tin tubes projected from the front outward. Looking through these tubes one could see that the boxes were divided into two compartments. Beside each box stood a representative of the candidate, and over the box appeared the candidate's picture. Each voter, as he entered the church, had his name and address registered, and a check given him. The above mentioned representative then gave the voter a bullet, or vote, made of lead.

Formerly the dishonest voter would slip another bullet up his coat sleeve, and as he raised his arm to the tube the bullet would roll down, and two votes instead of one be cast; but the representative now watches to prevent cheating. Negative votes as well as affirmative must also be cast; that is, if a voter objects to a candidate, he must cast a negative bullet. The voter, of course, casts one vote at each box, or forty-two in all.—Cor. Youth's Companion.

The Chinaman's Purchase.

The Chinese are not supposed to have much talent or liking for humor, but a little story related by the author of "Three Years in Western China" shows that they are not altogether deficient in that respect:

Several of my followers were opium smokers, and one of my bearers had contracted a great craving for the drug. He was somewhat disreputable in appearance, but a willing worker. His baggage consisted of the clothes on his back and a small bundle containing his opium pipe and the necessary paraphernalia for smoking.

On leaving a certain village I noticed that the bundle had assumed larger dimensions, but my speculations as to its contents proved to be wide of the mark.

A few miles to the west of Yang-lin a halt was called for rest, and the cakes on the roadside stall were quickly bought and devoured. The opium smoker, meanwhile, sat apart on the edge of the stone road.

"How is it that you are all eating and drinking," said he to one of his comrades, "and I haven't a single cash to follow your example?"

The other man put his thumb to his mouth, and pretending to inhale, pronounced the single word, "Opium," at which the smoker smiled and was silent.

On the following day we were suddenly overtaken by a sharp rain storm, and when the other bearers were searching for shelter the smoker solemnly produced his bundle, gravely undid the cover, and proceeded to unfold and put on a first-class waterproof coat which he had wisely purchased in the village to which we have referred. The astonishment on the other men's faces and the look of triumph in which the smoker indulged were a study.

The First Horse Car.

It was in 1831 that I devised the first street car, or omnibus, as it was then called. This car was composed of an extension to a coach body, with seats lengthwise instead of crosswise. On the outside of the vehicle was printed "Omnibus," in large letters. People would stand and look at this word and wonder what it meant. "Who is Mr. Omnibus?" many of them would inquire. I had a shop of my own at this time, and there I built the first horse car. It was run for the first time in 1832, from Prince street, in the Bowery, to Fourteenth street. This car had three compartments of ten seats each, entrance being had from the sides. On the top there were also three rows of seats, facing back and front, seating thirty persons.—John Stephenson in Ladies' Home Journal.

Salvation Army and the Crusades.

It is obvious that if we would find any analogy for the growth and force of this movement of the Salvation Army, we must go back to the enthusiasm exerted by the preaching of the Crusades, to the work of Francis and Dominic in founding the mendicant orders, to the Protestant Reformation, to the preaching of George Fox, or to the growth of Wesleyanism at the close of the last century. Further, no attentive student of early church history can fail to see many striking points of analogy between the methods adopted and the results achieved by the Salvation Army and those which astonished and disgusted the pagan world in the rapid success attained by the early missionaries of the Christian church.—Archdeacon Farrar in Harpers.

Various Hues.

Every once in a while the African mind will evolve an expression that has a wealth of grotesque poetry in it. An elderly man who is employed about one of the public buildings in this city was heard to remark:

"I dunno what Ise gwine ter do for close foh all ob my family?"

"Have you a large family, uncle?"

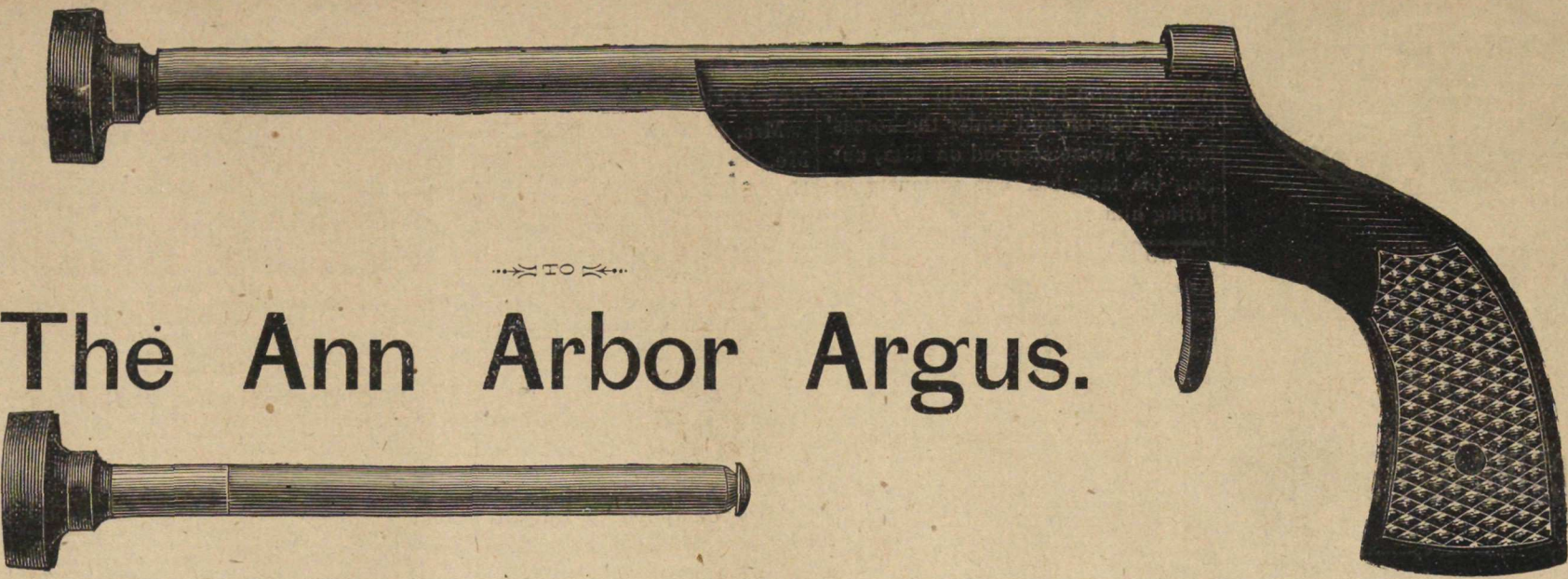
"I said one of the clerks in a quizzical tone."

"Deed I is—seven chillum."

"Are they all the same color as you?"

"No, sah; dey varies, rangin' all de way fum dusk termidnight."—Washington Post.

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The Ann Arbor Argus.

The Greatest Parlor Amusement of the Day.

IT BEATS TIDDLEDY WINK. PLEASES YOUNG AND OLD.

One of these Guns and a Target will be Given to Every One who Gets One New Subscriber to the Argus.

GET THE GUN NOW BEFORE THEY ARE GONE.

REVISION SHELVED.

Action of the Presbyterian General Assembly at Detroit.

DETROIT, May 23.—With the usual devotional exercises the Presbyterian general assembly opened yesterday with a great array of empty seats, the commissioners not coming up very promptly. It was 10 o'clock before there was a full house. The moderator named the committees, and then the clerk read a list of the presbyteries that have voted on the question of change in the confession, that being the special order for the day. Ninety-one presbyteries voted for change, seven voted against, and six refused to report. The report of the revision committee was then read by Rev. W. C. Roberts. In the debate on the report, after Rev. J. T. Smith, of Baltimore, had moved its acceptance and recommit to the presbyteries, President Patton said he heartily approved of revision, but objected to sending this report down with marks of approval. Some of the changes he endorsed, others he opposed. After some further debate the report was adopted and recommitted. The presbyteries will report their views back to the committee on revision, and the latter will finally report next year. And so the great revision battle was ended almost as soon as it was begun.

Southern Assembly Notes.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 26.—In the southern Presbyterian general assembly yesterday several of the ministers condemned the opinions of Dr. Briggs, of the New York Theological seminary. The question "Can Universalists hold services in the Presbyterian churches?" was answered in the negative, while Texan Presbyterians who wanted to know how if women could speak in public were told that they could, but they must not preach.

DEATH OF JUDGE TAFT.

The Eminent Ohioan Finally Surrenders to Inevitable Death.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 22.—Attorney General Miller has been informed by Solicitor General Taft of the death yesterday at Los Angeles, Cal., of his father, ex-Attorney General Alphonso Taft, Mr. Taft was also secretary of war under President Grant, and represented the United. at the courts of Russia and Austria. Orders were issued to drape the justice buildings in mourning for thirty days, and to close both departments on the day of the funeral. The remains of ex-Attorney General Taft will be taken to Cincinnati, Ohio, for interment.



As early as the campaign in Spain, in 1367, in support of Peter the Cruel, and also in the following reign of Richard II, the English soldier appears to have been in white and with a red cross of St. George on his breast and back. In 1461 there is evidence of red being adopted for a small number of men at least, when a contingent for the army of the king-maker (the Earl of Warwick) was sent from Rye dressed in red coats.

An Appropriate Costume.

"What was the idea of dressing the little page at the Revere wedding like a desperado?"

"Oh, he was to hold up the train, you know!"—Puck.

LACRYMÆ RERUM.

O, Time and Change, they range and range From sunshine round to thunder!

They glance and go as the great winds blow, And the best of our dreams drive asunder; For Time and Change estrange, estrange— And now they have looked and seen us, O we that were dear, we are all—too near With the thick and the world between us.

O, Death and Time, they chime and chime Like bells at sunset falling!

They end the song, they right the wrong. They set the old echoes calling; For Death and Time bring on the prime Of God's own chosen weather, And we lie in the peace of the Great Release As once in the grass together. —W. E. Henley in New York Commercial Advertiser.

Short Shifts.

One of the leading banking firms in Paris, on the recommendation of a London correspondent, engaged an English clerk of the name of Stephenson. For about three years the man's punctuality was altogether unprecedented. He came to his work at 9 in the morning and did not leave the office before the last stroke of 5. He was not a man, he was a clock. Besides, during the whole time he never asked for a holiday. One fine morning, however, to the great surprise of his superior, Stephenson blushinglly craved permission to absent himself for an hour on the following day.

Next day at 12 he left the office. It was observed that a carriage stood waiting for him at the door. At 1 o'clock he drove up again in the same carriage and resumed his calculations as cool and self possessed as if nothing had happened. This short absence puzzled the brains of all the employes in the bank. The principal himself, eager to obtain the solution of the enigma, invited this paragon of clerks to dinner. Between two glasses of Chamberlain the banker said, "You will not think me indiscreet if I ask you what you did with yourself in that hour's leave of absence you applied for last Tuesday?"

"Oh! dear no!" replied Stephenson, "I went and got married!"—Messenger Boiteux.

Insulted by a Woman.

"Oh, yes, I'll remember Detroit; no fear about that," said sweet voiced Dora Wiley as she rocked to and fro in an easy chair in the Russell House. "I shall remember it as the first place in which I was really insulted, and by a woman too."

"How and when did all this happen?" asked the reporter.

"One night this week," continued Miss Wiley in reply. "A woman sat in one of the boxes with her back to the stage. One could bear that sort of thing for a little while, but when an auditor turns his or her back squarely on you for a whole evening you cannot drive from your mind the impression that an insult is intended. Well, that was the feeling that came to mind as scene after scene of the play went by, and still that woman sat there."

"I became so annoyed—exasperated, I might say—that I could hardly sing at all. It affected others on the stage the same, but perhaps to a less extent. The legitimate result, of course, was to take our minds off our work to a certain extent, and to a measure the audience suffered by the acts of that one woman, although, perhaps, they may not have noticed it."—Detroit Journal.

A Cinch for the M. D.

A good story comes all the way from San Francisco. It is said that a lady applied to her physician in that city for advice and a prescription. He had long attended her and her family, and on this occasion he recommended that she go to a popular watering place in that part of the country, giving her a letter of introduction to a physician who resided at the springs.

On the way there the lady remarked to her daughter that as long as her doctor had been treating her he had never stated just what was her ailment. "I've a good mind to open this letter and see what he says of my case to the other doctor." Acting on the impulse she tore open the envelope, and, taking out the letter, read, "Dear Doctor—Keep the old lady four weeks, and then send her back to me."—Detroit Free Press.

Races in Brazil.

The pure whites of Brazil comprise about 35 per cent. of the total population; 25 per cent. or so are negroes, and about 35 per cent. mulattoes, while the remainder are aboriginal Indians. In the northern provinces the Indians are most numerous, and in Rio de Janeiro, Bahai, Pernambuco and Minas the negroes are to be found in great numbers. The greater part of the Europeans in Brazil (who live in the seaport towns and the adjacent provinces) are those from the Latin races, chiefly the Portuguese and Spanish.—Detroit Free Press.

Why Humanity Is Dwarfed.

Woman has not suffered alone from the denial to her of political equality. The human race is like a man who through infancy, youth and manhood has compelled his right leg to bear the burden of his body, regarding the left merely as an ornamental appendage, to be swung up by supports and tricked out with ribbons, lace and jewelry. The one would be nerveless and feeble, the other lame and overworked, and the progress of the whole body would be halting, uneven and slow. So with the body politic. All who are interested in public affairs feel how lame, unequal and imperfect is the advance of society, and how heavily drag the mighty interests of the great republic.

It will be no better till complete justice is done to woman. With her enfranchisement there will come a nobler era. Then, with interests that are identical, with a humanity common to both, the masculine head married to the feminine heart, wisdom supplemented with love, man and woman shall together work out the great problems of life, and a nobler and better civilization shall come to the waiting future.—Mrs. Mary A. Livermore.

Heavier Engines Bound to Come.

The demand of the time is to move weight over distance at the least possible cost to it on slow freight or fast passenger trains. There are hundreds of locomotives in service of about forty tons weight, capable of hauling a train of 100 tons at the average running rate of sixty miles an hour. But that is not the kind of fast train that our railroad managers want. They are required to make money for the companies employing them, and they realize that it pays much better to use locomotives weigh-

ing sixty tons that are capable of hauling a fast train of 300 tons.

It is a curious study, and one that is interesting to some minds, to investigate the rapid speed that might be made with safety with locomotives having abnormally large drivers, but as far as the bearing on American railroad operating is concerned, it is just as practicable as speculations or calculations respecting the time it would take a balloon of certain proportions to reach the moon.—National Car Builder.

Cheap Funerals in New York.

A Hester street undertaker says: "Funerals don't come very high in this neighborhood, but such as they are the poor people seem to have trouble paying the bills. I furnish what is considered a respectable funeral for \$5.50, but that does not include any carriages. The coffin and the hearse attendance is all that I can give for the money. The people in this neighborhood are mostly Polish Jews and Greeks, who are nearly all very poor, and \$5.50 represents a small fortune. Only a few of them, in my experience, have ever expressed any objection to having their dead buried in Potter's field, but they all are sensitive and superstitious about the funeral, and will sacrifice almost anything to obtain a coffin and hearse."

"They seem to have no idea of the value of our money. A woman, whose husband died the other day, came to me with a brass ring, which she thought I would take in exchange for a coffin. She was very much surprised when I refused her, and offered to work for me for a year if I would only give her husband a decent funeral. He was finally buried at the expense of the city."—New York Letter.

Acquitted the Deputies.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., May 25.—The trial of Capt. Loar and ten deputies, charged with murder in causing the death of strikers on the occasion of the recent riot, has ended in the acquittal of all the accused.

Threw Himself Before a Train.

READING, Pa., May 25.—A. E. Townsley, aged 35 of this city, deliberately threw himself in front of a Wilmington and Northern railroad train near here and was cut in two.

Sleighing.—She— Oh, dear? George, my hands are nearly frozen! He— Why didn't you bring your muff? She— I did.

Tommy—Paw, what is a "true blue party man?" Mr. Figg—He is the man who votes the straight ticket when it is crooked.

Full-grown Gloves—Tommy Jones— Say, mister, I want to get a pair of gloves.

Furnisher—Kid gloves? Naw! Naw! What you givin us? Gloves for grown persons.

First Broker—What became of that messenger boy of yours? He was slower than death.

Second Broker—Yes, that's just what's the trouble. It overtook him.