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Leading Clothier and Hatter, 35
South Main Street,

Sign of the
RED STAR. ANN ARBOR.

Keep Your Eye on This Space.

It usually contains items of importance either
for your personal appearance or pocket-book.

GRAND SUCCESS.

Customers surprised and delighted with
the Bargains in our Inventory Sale of
BOOTS and SHOES which will
last for **THIRTY DAYS ONLY.**

WAHR & MILLER,

The Leaders
in Fine Footwear.

48 South Main St.

FEBRUARY BARGAINS

ON A LOT OF EARLY

NEW SPRING GOODS

We are going to sell NEW GOODS during the
next 30 days at prices that could not be touched a year
ago; prices that may never be duplicated.

LADIES!

This will be a good opportunity for you to buy Spring
Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Table Linens, Towels, Laces,
Embroideries, Silks, Ribbons and Dress Goods. The
wise and prudent are they who will take advantage of
this sale.

WE WILL SELL

Twill Cotton Toweling at 3c a yard.
Linen Check Toweling at 5c a yard.
Turkey Red Fast Color Table Damask at 18c a yard.
Fine Cream Table Linen at 35c and 46c a yard.
Two Bales Fine Sheetting at 4c a yard.
Bleached Pillow Cotton at 9c a yard.
Bleached, two yards wide, Sheetting at 15c a yard.
Bleached, 2 1/4 yards wide, Sheetting at 18c a yard.
50 dozen Linen Huck Towels, worth 20c, for 12 1-2c each.
Lovely Wash Dress Goods open for this sale at 5c and 10c a yard.
50 pieces Fine New Spring Satines, choice styles, at 12 1-2c a yard.

NEW WOOL DRESS GOODS FOR SPRING

New Black Silks at 50c, 75c and \$1.00 a yard.
New Laces, Pointe de Ireland, Pointe Venice, Bourdon and Chantille, all in
Edges and new Lace Bands.
55 pieces Hand Made Torchon Linen Laces at 5c a yard.
3,000 yards Wide and Narrow Fine Embroideries at 5c and 10c a yard.
10 pieces Figured Swiss for Curtains at 15c a yard.

\$10,000 Worth of New Spring Goods
OPEN FOR THIS SALE.

We always did and always will sell goods cheaper than any house on the street.

SCHAIER & MILLER,

Leaders of
Low
Prices.

THE NEW FACTORY.

What the Promoters of It Propose to Do, and
Its Capacity.

HAVE YOU BEEN DRAWN ON THE JURY?

If so Your Name is on this Page.—
A Good Concert Promised.—
Death of an Esteemed
Physician.

Death of Dr. Kinne.

Dr. Amasa F. Kinne died in Ypsilanti, Wednesday afternoon, aged eighty-one years. He was the oldest practicing physician in Ypsilanti, where he had practised his profession for over forty years. He was born in Waterford, Vermont, and graduated from Dartmouth college with the degree of A. B. in 1837. After teaching a couple of years, he attended a medical college and for nine years practised medicine in New Hampshire. He came to Ypsilanti in 1850. In 1851 he was president of the town council. Three children survive him.

The Photographic Tour of the World.

A large number of our readers are taking advantage of our offer to furnish the fine views of Rugin's Photographic Tour of the World for 10 cents a part. Each part contains 16 large sized views. There will be 16 parts. The first two parts for which coupons have already been issued by the Argus contain the views from Italy and Greece. The third part, which will be given out next week, will contain new and original photographic illustrations of the Hawaiian Islands. These views can be obtained in no other way than by cutting out coupons and accompanying them with ten cents. The Hawaiian Island views are especially fine and at present very apropos. Bring in your coupons.

A Coming Concert.

The Ann Arbor Banjo and Guitar clubs will give a concert in the near future in which Mr. Alfred A. Farland, the "Paderewski of the banjo," will take part. The club has been exceedingly lucky in securing this first and only banjo virtuoso known to the world.

The following is one of the many opinions of the press: "The first to appear was Mr. Alfred A. Farland who has been spoken of as the 'Paderewski of the banjo.' His playing was the very apotheosis of the instrument. Just imagine Beethoven's Sonata op. 30, with allegro assai, moderate, and allegro vivace movements, played upon a banjo, and so played that all their exquisite parts were brought out in such perfection that a thousand people hung upon the sweet sounds with breathless interest and delight. That is what happened last night. It was wonderful. * * * Mr. Farland closed his efforts with a great rendition of the overture to 'William Tell.' The people who heard his great performance last night went wild with delight and recalled him again and again."

The New Wagon Factory.

Mr. Birkett, of the proposed new wagon company to be started in this city with \$75,000 capital stock, returned to this city last evening. Mr. Birkett is a man of long practical experience, having been with the Millburn wagon company for twenty years, for five years of which he has been its superintendent. He gives up a lucrative salaried place to embark in manufacturing for himself. Mr. Talmadge, the gentleman associated with him, is a traveling salesman of wide experience. The company is already organized, but propose to give up the old organization and organize anew under the Michigan laws with \$75,000 capital stock. They have hitherto been manufacturing only the wagon gears but propose here to manufacture the completed wagon. The gears, which have been manufactured at Cleveland for three years, are made under nine base patents which have been tested and held good in the courts. The principal features of high wheels, low on body and a very short turn, which will permit a two-seated vehicle with horse attached to turn in a sixteen foot alley. Many thousands of these gears have been sold in all parts of the country from Connecticut to Texas and Minnesota to Florida, so that it is not a new thing except as to making completed vehicles.

The company propose to put up a three story brick building 60x100

feet with a capacity of 5,000 completed vehicles a year.

As has already been stated in the Argus, they have made a contract with the Ann Arbor Agricultural company which is to furnish them power and land on which to erect the building and taken \$5,000 stock. They propose to raise \$20,000 more stock here, the old company to take \$30,000 of the stock leaving \$20,000 treasury stock to be disposed of as the business may require.

Some of our best business men have been looking into the matter and speak very favorably of it. A complete wagon is expected here today, such as it is proposed to manufacture.

Wool Growers' Mistake.

A petition was introduced into the Senate recently signed by 30,000 wool growers owning 6,000,000 sheep, protesting against the removal of the duty on wool. It was always so. All great reforms have been opposed in their incipency by the very men who were ultimately most benefitted thereby. That the same will prove true in this case we have no doubt. Past experience establishes beyond cavil that whenever foreign wools have been allowed to enter this country at a low rate of duty or no duty at all, American fine wools have always been higher, and we can see no reason why this history should not repeat itself in the future. Wool is by far the most important article imported into the United States for manufacture. We do not grow to exceed one-half of what we make up. Now nothing is more certain than that we cannot import foreign wools on which we have to pay a high duty, amounting in some cases on scoured wool to more than one hundred per cent., and compete with foreign manufacturer who get the raw materials free. Yet this foreign wool our manufacturers must have. American wool is never made up by itself, nor are the imported foreign wools either. The wools manufactured in this country require a combination of the two. It is claimed that there is not a spindle in America running on either alone. Now foreign wools cannot pay the enormously high duties which we impose except by selling for a comparatively high price in our markets. Our manufacturers must have the foreign wool and are, therefore, compelled to pay the greatly enhanced price resulting from the duty. They in turn must recoup themselves. This they do by charging very high prices for their product or by paying the farmer less for his wool.

The fact is that as it would not do to put all of the enormous duty paid on the price of their product or take it all out of the price of the farmers' wool. They divide it between the two. The result is, the farmer receives less for his wool and pays more for his wools than he would if we had free wool. It would be a direct benefit, therefore, to the farmer to have foreign wools admitted free.

Ann Arbor High School.

The programmes of the literary societies have been again postponed this week on account of the Choral Union concert.

On account of the illness of Miss Taylor the classes in Rhetoric have been conducted this week by her sister, Miss Mattie Taylor.

The S. C. A. meeting this afternoon will be led by Mr. S. H. Warner, with the subject "The Practical Christian." A large attendance is desired.

The social given by S. C. A. last Friday evening, in Newberry hall, was one of the best ever given by this society. There was a large attendance and all present spent a very pleasant evening.

The idea of having a class pin is being talked about by the seniors, and in all probability will be voted on by the class before long. This scheme has never been tried by any graduating class before, and if it could be accomplished, would be very good way to spend money. Possibly the amount usually spent for a banquet could be utilized for this purpose.

There is some talk of challenging the Detroit High School to a debate to take place here, in the near future. If the present plans could be carried out, and the High School had secured for such an entertainment, there would probably be a large attendance. A small admission fee would probably defray all the expenses, and it is to be hoped that the debate may be assured before long.

VERY EASY TO LOSE

Your Property Under a Recent Supreme Court Decision.

TAX TITLE DEEDS AS GOOD AS WARRANTY.

If you Let One Get on Your Property you Lose the Whole of Your Property.

—No Redemption after a Year.
—Instances of Injustice.

An innocent looking little decision in the Michigan Supreme court, recently made, will have a wide and far reaching effect. When it is published in the Michigan Reports the opinion, which was written by Judge Grant, will not occupy a page, yet it is like "the business end of a wasp," it's small but it stings. It makes tax title deeds obtained under the present law as good as warranty deeds. It opens the door to defrauding heirs out of their inheritance, mortgagors out of the money they loaned and careless taxpayers out of the property they have accumulated.

Under the provisions of the tax law of 1891, if the taxes on real estate are returned as unpaid, the land, on which the unpaid tax is levied, is sold for taxes in a little over a year from the time of the return. Previous to the sale, the county treasurer petitions the circuit court in chancery, setting forth the lands on which taxes are unpaid, for a decree in favor of the county and praying for a sale to enforce the lien. The clerk of the court issues a subpoena to the delinquent taxpayers, who are residents of the state. If the taxpayer does not appear, the petition is taken as confessed. It is provided that the petition to sell the lands shall be published in some newspaper, and that this publication shall be taken as equivalent to personal service on all persons not personally served. The county treasurer, after the decree is granted, sells the land for taxes. If no bids are made the land is bid off for the state. One year is given for the redemption of the land sold with interest at one per cent. per month. If not redeemed within the year, the treasurer issues to the purchaser of the tax title a deed to the land.

Such is a brief synopsis of the lengthy provisions of the law. The supreme court decision referred to is the case of Cole vs. Shelp, decided December 4, 1893. The plaintiff bought the land in question from a man who had failed to pay his taxes. He had had no personal notice of the petition in the circuit court, not having been personally served with the subpoena, but was brought in by publication of the notice in a newspaper, which he did not see. The land was sold for taxes, the deed was given and the holder of the tax title deed brought suit to eject the owner of the property and obtained possession of it for himself. Judge Newton, who tried the case in the circuit court, permitted Shelp to show that the tax was illegally assessed and decided that the tax title deed was not good. The supreme court, however, reversed Judge Newton's decision, on the ground that he should not have permitted evidence that the tax was illegal, holding that "that matter had been taken as confessed when Shelp had not appeared to contest the case of which he had no personal notice. Judge Grant, in his opinion, says: "The statute makes the publication equivalent to personal service. It is his duty, therefore, to watch the proceedings provided for by the statute for the foreclosure of the lien and interpose any objections he may have to the validity of the tax. The purpose of the statute is to give every person his day in court in an equitable proceeding. He has no right to assume that he will be served with process especially if he is a non-resident. The decree in the chancery proceedings was therefore conclusive upon the plaintiff and it was error to permit him to question the validity of the tax." Not only was poor Shelp ejected from his land but he was saddled with the costs in both the circuit and supreme court, and the tax title shark became the owner of the land.

Such is the law of this state as declared by the highest court of the state. Land may be sold for taxes illegally assessed if the owner of the land does not appear to contest the decree of sale at a time of which he may have no personal notice. After

a year has passed a deed will be given which cuts off all liens upon it.

To show how this decision may work an injustice, an actual case is here cited. Frank Foegen, a minor, who was bereft of his parents at the age of eleven years, is the owner of a block on Clay avenue, Muskegon, which is valued by the assessor at \$13,000. His guardian neglected to look after the taxes and Charles Hesse, of Lansing, got a tax title deed of the property for less than \$200. Foegen is left penniless, while Hesse gets \$13,000 worth of property for \$200. If this law continues children left orphans will have to be posted on the tax laws.

An \$8,000 piece of property in Lansing has been lost on a tax title deed.

One man in Detroit has obtained tax title deeds under the law of 1889, which is like that of 1891, on property worth over \$1,000,000 at an expenditure of less than \$2,500. This man, whose name is Johnson, does nothing but buy tax titles, and he admits that under the old law he got back his money four-fold. What was the need of making the law so much more stringent?

A syndicate of eastern capitalists have already organized with \$200,000 capital to buy tax titles in this state and have their agents out gathering in the titles of those who would not be hard hearted enough to enforce them in the strict manner allowed. Of course this eastern syndicate will have no compunctions of conscience. Co-operations have no souls. Have state legislatures and supreme courts?

Unless the supreme court, on account of the manifest injustice worked, and in compliance with an outraged public sentiment, reverses its decision there are many ways in which injustice can be worked. For instance a man in Monroe county may leave a man in this city \$5,000 on a \$10,000 property, taking a mortgage under which the Ann Arbor man agrees to pay the taxes. The Ann Arbor man may go to a friend and get him to bid in a tax title to the property. The Monroe man is not notified when the land will be sold, but after a year the tax title deed is recorded and the mortgage is no longer a lien on the property. The interest on the mortgage may have been promptly paid and the Monroe man have no reason to suspect a tax title. And yet his \$5,000 is gone.

Heirs may not discover that they are entitled to certain lands left them until tax title deeds have shut them out.

Owners of land, who trust agents to pay their taxes, may lose their property through negligence of the agent.

Owners of several pieces of land in the city often pay the taxes on what they suppose is all their land, when some description may be assessed in another place in the rolls and thus remain unpaid. They may be absent when a subpoena is sought to be served on them, and even if they see the newspaper, may not recognize the description.

Enough has been said to show the supreme importance of seeing that your taxes are paid. Those who neglect to pay their taxes last year, or the year before, should redeem their lands now before it is too late. If a taxpayer thinks he is illegally assessed he should pay his taxes under written protest and seek to recover the amount afterwards. Mortgagors of property, to protect their liens should see that all taxes on the property is paid. In fact the utmost care must be taken to avoid the extreme penalties of the law.

Circuit Court Jurors.

The following circuit court jurors have been chosen to "well and truly try" the jury cases in the March term of court.

Ann Arbor City—W. W. Watts, First ward; Christian Frank, Second; Chas. E. Hiseock, Third; James Donagan, Fourth; James Boyle, Fifth; Eugene B. Hall, Sixth.
Ann Arbor town—Richard Nowland, Augusta—Charles Rogers, Bridgewater—Oscar Blum, Dexter—Christopher Smith, Freedom—Herman Bertke, Lima—William J. Whittaker, Lodi—Jacob Bruckner, Lyndon—Daniel McLaughlin, Manchester—George Nissle Jr., Northfield—Fred Prothnow, Pittsfield—Milton H. Begole, Salem—Charles Naylor, Saline—H. D. Heller, Seio—Gustave Jedele, Sharon—Charles Fish, Sylvan—Samuel Guthrie, Webster—Roy O. Buchalew, York—Martin Grosshans, Ypsilanti town—S. E. Crittenden, P. W. Elliott, Ypsilanti city—A. F. Burbank, Frank Todd, First district; Erwin Peck, Second district.

COUNTY AND VICINITY.

Mr. and Mrs. Gieger, of Worden, have a new daughter.

The Wilcox and Shackleton flouring mills of Plymouth are doing a large business. Good.

On Feb. 5th, at Chelsea occurred the death of Mrs. Adam Epler. Mrs. E. was 28 years of age.

Becker Pratt, of Sylvan, is having the 40 acres of timber west of J. Keen's place made into wood.

Farmers about Plymouth have been hauling a large number of saw logs to the two steam mills there.

On Feb. 6th occurred the marriage of Mr. Harold Gage and Miss Mary Agnes Conway, both of Sylvan. Rev. Fr. Conway officiated.

The Engineering News of New York gives in its last issue a fine cut and sketch of County Surveyor Woodard, of Washtenaw county.

David Woodard, of Clinton, is hauling ashes upon his fruit farm. He hopes it will aid in securing a good crop the coming season.

Mrs. Rosenkrans died at the home of her son, H. H. Rosenkrans, of Waterloo, on February 5. She was 80 years of age and highly respected.

Plymouth has an indebtedness of \$30,000 in 20-year bonds, drawing 44 per cent. interest. This debt was incurred in constructing water works.

Rumors from Plymouth are to the effect that Chauncey E. Baker is to be appointed postmaster there upon the recommendation of Congressman Gorman.

Chas. H. Leonard, of Ann Arbor, and Miss Mary McCabe, of Chelsea, had the matrimonial yoke placed upon their necks Feb. 6. Rev. Fr. Conside-dine did the yoking.

A new cigar firm was recently organized at Plymouth under the firm name of Kellogg & Wilcox. They have already built up a good trade and it is constantly being increased.

J. B. Hause, of Clinton, expects to become an honest tiller of the soil the coming season, having rented twenty acres of ground just east of Clinton belonging to Mrs. Jennie Brown.

The Busy Fairies of Grass Lake, held a meeting at Mrs. Henry Hobert's, recently, and are said to have performed a heap of hard manual labor. We never supposed the work of fairies was hard.

The Wayne Pilot reads the merchants of that burg a mild curtain lecture, because they advertise on the new opera house drop curtain and not to the extent he desires in the Pilot. Serves them right.

The township of Canton is already talking up a slate for the approaching township election. The Democrats will probably head their ticket with the name of Henry Horner for supervisor. He's a good one.

A partnership between A. Black and Wm. Barrow, of Plymouth, has been arranged whereby they will manufacture boots and shoes and do a general repair business. Their headquarters are in the Dodge block.

The Bridgewater mills have passed into the control of Brees Bros. They are "hustlers" and will undoubtedly do a good business. They will grind feed for both man and beast, and farmers will be able to exchange wheat for flour.

Mr. Craig, of South Lyon, is remodeling his flour mill and putting in many improvements. He expects to have one of the finest mills in the county when he is through. He also knows how to manufacture the finest flour in the market. The mill will probably be ready to start next Monday.

The average waist of a woman, a woman's journal asserts, has increased from 15 to 25 inches within five years. It looks elusive, but there are men who will endeavor to get "round it"—Chelsea Standard. 'Twas ever thus with our neighbor. But it be Hoover's him not to waist an arm on such a venture.

On the evening of Feb. 22nd, Company B, of Adrian, will give a grand military ball. Charles B. Hall, of the 19th Infantry, U. S. A., will inspect the company and a number of the officers of the various Detroit commands and the First regiment officers from Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Tecumseh are expected to attend. A fine time is expected.

Genial Charles Ham, of Tecumseh, who for the past nine years has been a traveling salesman for Barnes, Hengeler & Co., of Buffalo, New York, has quit the road and will open up a retail dry goods store in Jackson March 15th. He was recognized as one of the best salesmen on the road, and we have no doubt but that he will be equally successful in his new venture. He deserves it.

According to the Tecumseh News the Episcopal ladies who fed the hungry on the occasion of the supper in the new armory one week ago Saturday made \$75. They also furnished the supper for the party the following Monday evening and from the two suppers realized eighty-five (\$85) cents. Whew! The people who attended that party must have been people of truth and voracity.

A military company has been organized among the boys of the Presbyterian Sunday school, Tecumseh. They are about forty in number and are officered as follows: Captain, Will Caldwell; 1st Lieut., Tommy Lowry; 2nd Lieut., Fay Anderson; 1st Sergeant, Edward McClure. The enemies of this creed would better look a "little out" hereafter or they will find themselves in a bluer condition than the traditional Presbyterian.

At a meeting of Lafayette Grange held at the home of E. Keyes in Lima, February 15, the question, "Resolved, That it is not for the best interest of the United States to issue bonds in time of peace," was discussed. But, dear grangers, the Republicans spent all the money, and what could your Uncle Samuel do without money? He is in exactly the same condition you would be under similar circumstances. It is a woodchuck case pure and simple.

Dr. Samuel Chapin, of Milan, was called to Grass Lake, recently, to assist his brother, Dr. E. B. Chapin, in re-amputating Dwight Van Horn's leg. Two or three years since Mr. Van Horn was injured in the overturning of a load of hay and had to have his

leg amputated at the ankle. In dressing it the skin was drawn so closely over the end of the stump that it has always pained him greatly. Finally, after consulting the physicians at the University, he decided to submit to a re-amputation. Accordingly, Dr. Chapin removed about 24 inches from the stump, and it is now thought that he will have no further trouble with it.

A move is being made at Ypsilanti to interest the people there in the building of an opera house. P. W. Shute, late lessee of the Draper opera house, says that he can buy the old property for \$4,500, and that with an additional \$11,500 a substantial building can be erected which will meet all needs of the city. He says if the citizens will raise this latter amount he will erect a building 165 ft. in depth and 50 ft. in width, with an entrance way to the auditorium 12 feet wide. The building will contain two stairs 16 feet wide, extending back 40 feet to box office, leaving 125 feet as follows: 10 feet for box office and entrance to gallery, second and third floors; 10 feet for foyer that was so much needed in old opera house; then 65 feet for auditorium, leaving 40 feet for stage. He thinks the building can be built and equipped for \$15,000. Here's hoping that he may be successful in his efforts to provide a play house for the good people of Ypsilanti.

At the annual meeting of the C. T. company at G. A. R. hall, Monday afternoon, there was a fair attendance. The terms of three of the nine directors having expired, A. Easlick, of Lake Ridge, W. B. Keyser, of Clinton, and L. G. North, of Tecumseh, were elected to succeed themselves. The election of officers resulted as follows: President, D. T. Hall; vice pres., John T. Boyce; secretary, Dr. L. G. North; treasurer and manager, R. J. W. Bowen. The secretary and the treasurer read their reports, which were adopted. In the former it appears that there are now 83 miles of wire and 240 cells of battery. Seven miles of new line are being built, which will connect Lake Ridge with Pennington's Corners and make a continuous metallic circuit that will admit of operators in Adrian or Holloway talking with Maccon when the line is properly switched. The switch will once more be put into the News office. Two of the seven miles have been built, and the rest of it will soon be completed. The company now carries about 150 instruments, and has at least 200 operators. It was voted to fine anyone leaving a key open or a ground wire on, fifty cents and include the amount in his annual assessment.—Tecumseh News. We believe this telegraph line is of great value to the farming community and all concerned. It saves farmers many trips to the city in busy seasons, enables them to call a physician on a moment's notice when needed, and is a benefit in various other ways. We would be glad to see the line extended to Washtenaw county or a similar line constructed here, with headquarters at Ann Arbor.

Peculiar to Itself

So eminently successful has Hood's Sarsaparilla been that many leading citizens from all over the United States furnish testimonials of cures which seem almost miraculous. Hood's Sarsaparilla is not an accident, but the ripe fruit of industry and study. It possesses merit "peculiar to itself."

Hood's PILLS cure Nausea, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Biliousness. Sold by all druggists.

Manchester.

H. Kirchhofer spent a few days of last week in Ann Arbor.

Owing to the drifts the trains were not on time last Tuesday.

Rev. Hanson, of Detroit, preached at the Lutheran church last Sunday.

Miss Kate Braun, of Jackson, is at home during the illness of her mother.

Miss Minnie McAdam went to Clinton last Saturday to visit her parents.

Mr. J. Waerthner went to Lansing to attend the grand lodge of the K. of H.

Mr. and Mrs. Gross, of Detroit, came to attend the funeral of her father, Mr. Seitz.

F. Schmid, of Ann Arbor, spent the first of the week visiting his brother, N. Schmid.

Mrs. John Braun is very sick. Some of the children have been sick but are recovering.

Mrs. Klein and children left last Friday for Ionia which will be their future home.

Mr. Will Marx went to Hamilton, O. last Tuesday, where he has obtained employment.

Miss Grace Smith went to Saline last Friday to visit her parents, returning Saturday.

Miss Margaret Blosser went to Three Rivers last Saturday to visit her friend Miss Alta Sheldon.

The musical entertainment which was held Tuesday evening at the M. E. church was well attended.

The W. R. C. have prepared a good program for their entertainment, and will serve oysters from five to eight. All are invited.

Last Monday during the storm, Col. Fenn walked to Manchester in order to send a telegram. Finding the storm more severe than he anticipated he hired Geo. Miller to take him home.

Last Friday the funeral of J. Seitz took place. He had an attack of la grippe. For many years he had been a resident of this place and lived to attain the age of 81 years. He leaves a wife and seven children, six daughters and one son, all but one daughter being present at the funeral.

He declares it to be "the best remedy for cough and croup." Mr. D. T. Good, Columbia, Tenn., writes: "I keep Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in the house all the time. It is the best remedy for cough and croup I ever used."

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke your Life Away. In the truthful, startling title of a little book that tells all about No-to-bac, the wonderful, harmless Guaranteed tobacco habit cure. The cost is trifling and the man who wants to quit and can't run no physical or financial risk in using "No-to-bac." Sold by all druggists. Book at Drug Stores or by mail free. Address, The Sterling Remedy Co., Indiana Mineral Springs, Ind.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

Milan.

Rev. C. B. Case is seriously ill. Valentines are in order this week. Mrs. Allen is on the sick list. La Grippe.

Mr. and Mrs. Eldredge are in Adrian this week.

The Milan creamery is doing a fine business.

John Dockwood is the village night-watchman.

There is a lull in business these stormy days.

A. E. Putnam has returned from his Detroit visit.

Snow shovels were in great demand Tuesday morning.

There are six blacksmith shops in progressive Milan.

Mr. H. Sill is entertaining guests from abroad this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Rouse are visiting friends in Lodi this week.

Mrs. Wm. Woolcott is entertaining a brother from Maple Grove.

Wm. Smith has the frame of his new house up on Wilcox street.

The W. C. T. U. ladies are still working for the good of the cause.

Prof. Adams, of Detroit, attended the funeral of his aunt, Mrs. Dr. Palmer, Tuesday morning.

Mrs. J. Murray, who fell and broke her left ankle a few days ago is doing as nicely as could be expected.

Mr. and Soope, of Belleville, were the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Ed. Hinckley, the last of the week.

The Miff Tree drew a full house at the Baptist church Friday evening notwithstanding the inclement weather.

Rev. E. Yager closed the revival meetings Friday evening, feeling well pleased with his work. 150 on the conversion roll.

Dr. Cassidy, of Cone, talks of making Milan his home. La Grippe, hear, listen. Think of that, four doctors in Milan. Your reign is short.

A cold wave struck Milan, Monday, and the wind blew and the snow flew all day and part of the night. The streets were quite deserted. People were glad to stay at home and sit by their fires.

The Milan Leader says it is twelve years old. It is a smart child, and if it grows for the next twelve years as it has for the last twelve years, it will be—well, language fails us; but we will try and find words to wish it great success, as we feel it deserves it.

There is no claim made for Ayer's Sarsaparilla which cannot be endorsed by scores of testimonials. This fact plainly proves that the blood is the source of most disorders and that Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best of blood-purifiers. Try it this month.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and your money will be refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottle free at Eberbach Drug and Chemical Co., Ann Arbor; and Geo. J. Haussler's Manchester.

W. I. Church, of Staunton Post, G. A. R., says: "I have tried nearly every cough remedy, but have found nothing to compare with Parks' Cough Syrup. There is nothing on earth like it for bronchitis. I have suffered ever since my discharge from the army, and Parks' Cough Syrup is the only remedy that has ever helped me." Sold by Eberbach & Sons.

Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative
Ripans Tabules prolong life.
Ripans Tabules are of great value.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. C. C. Osceola,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. KIRCHHOFF,
Conway, Ark.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

RECTAL DISEASES.

Piles, Fistula and Inflammatory Conditions of the Rectum.

These troubles so annoying and dangerous to health are among the commonest with which humanity is afflicted. We are therefore pleased to announce that modern research in medical science has at last produced a certain cure for them and as usual with all great and meritorious inventions, is simple and the only wonder is that such a remedy was not discovered and used years before. The remedy we refer to is known as the Pyramid Pile Cure. It is not an ointment nor a salve, liquid nor internal remedy, but is applied directly to the seat of the disease and produces a cure in a surprisingly short space of time. For itching piles a few applications produces a complete cure, while for bleeding, protruding and other forms of rectal diseases its use will result in a permanent cure even in cases where an operation has failed. The Pyramid Pile Cure is painless to use and relieves all pain at once. All druggists keep it or will get it for you. It is prepared by the Pyramid Drug Co., of Albion, Mich., who will send you full particulars concerning the cause and cure of piles, also testimonials from every section of the country or if your druggists have the remedy on hand you will find the treatise on Piles and testimonials in each package of the remedy. A trial will convince you that the Pyramid Pile Cure is a specific for every form of rectal disease and it is guaranteed to contain no mineral poisons nor injurious ingredients so often resorted to in treating piles.

"If you don't look better, feel better, eat better and sleep better, bring it back." That is what we say when we sell a bottle of "Parks' Sure Cure." If you are not feeling just right; if your head aches; your back aches; your stomach distresses you; if you are "out of sorts" and don't know what the trouble is, why don't you try a bottle on this guaranteed plan? "We will take the chances if you will take the medicine." Sold by Eberbach & Sons.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by The Eberbach Drug and Chemical Co., Ann Arbor, and Geo. J. Haussler, Manchester.

What is it? It is a Balm. What is in the bottle? Syrup. Why do I see it in so many houses? Because everybody likes it. What is it for? For Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough and Consumption. What is its name? Parks' Cough Syrup. Sold by Eberbach Drug and Chemical Co.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world.

Mrs. N. Meyette, the Genesee county treasurer of the W. C. T. U., and a very influential worker in the cause of women, says: "I have used Parks' Tea, and find it is the best remedy I have ever tried for constipation. It requires smaller doses and is more thorough. I shall use nothing else in future." Sold by Eberbach & Sons.

"It is not what you earn, but what you save that makes you rich."

SAVE REGULARLY

On a Plan, and Deposit your Savings in the

STATE SAVINGS BANK

ANN ARBOR, MICH.

4 Per Cent paid and Interest compounded every Six Months.

A. L. NOBLE, Pres. WM. ARNOLD, Vice Pres.
ROBERT PHILLIPS, Cashier.

Cleaning up.

We have been having a general "clean up" in our stock the past month. In Pianos we have a few more odd ones yet to go.

Especially

Two Boardman & Gray brand new Uprights—one each Walnut and Mahogany—three pedals, latest styles and improvements. We do not intend to carry this make of instrument and will sell them TWENTY per cent below regular spot cash price. Everyone knows that the "matchless" Boardman & Gray is first class in every respect. We mean just what we say about closing them out. Here are TWO bargains for some one.

The Ann Arbor Organ Co.

51 S. Main St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

SOLE AGENTS:

CHICKERING BROS.

MEHLIN PIANOS ERIE
BRAUMULLER

WONDERFUL CURES!

THOMAS MINCHIN.

MAJOR W. A. SIMFIELD.



Before Treatment.



After Treatment.



Before Treatment.



After Treatment.

Nervous Debility and Catarrh Cured.
Thomas Minchin says: "I was reduced to a nervous wreck—only weighed 118 pounds. The result of early abuse was the cause. I had the following symptoms: Miserable mentally and physically, melancholy, nervousness, weakness, specks before the eyes, dizzy, poor memory, palpitation of the heart, flushing, cold hands and feet, weak back, dreams and losses at night, tired in the morning, pimples on the face, loss of ambition, burning sensation, kidneys weak, etc. Doctors could not cure me; but Drs. Kennedy & Kergan by their New Method Treatment, cured me in a few weeks. I weigh now 170 pounds. It is three years since I have taken their treatment."

Blood Disease and Dyspepsia Cured.
Major Simfield says: "I had Dyspepsia and Catarrh of the Stomach for many years. To make matters worse I contracted a Constitutional Blood Disease. My bones ached. Blisters on the skin looked horrible. I tried sixteen doctors in all. A friend recommended Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. I began their New Method Treatment and in a few weeks was a new man with renewed life and ambition. I cannot say too much for these scientific doctors who have been in Detroit for fourteen years. I conversed with hundreds of patients in their offices who were being cured for different diseases. I recommend them as honest and reliable Physicians."

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

The Celebrated Specialists of Detroit, Mich.

TREAT AND GUARANTEE TO CURE Catarrh; Asthma; Bronchitis; Consumption (1st and 2nd stages); Rheumatism; Neuralgia; Nervous, Blood and Skin diseases; Stomach and Heart diseases; Tapeworm; Piles; Rupture; Impotency; Deafness; Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat; Epilepsy; Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder; Errors of Youth; Falling Manhood; Diseases of the Sexual Organs; Female Weakness; Diseases of Men and Women, and Chronic Diseases in general. They cure when others fail!

ONLY CURABLE CASES ARE TAKEN FOR TREATMENT. Their NEW METHOD TREATMENT is a nature that has baffled heretofore the medical profession. They are not "family doctors"—they make a specialty of Chronic and difficult diseases.

DISEASES OF MEN. They guarantee to cure all Weakness of Men arising from self abuse, later excesses or disease. Young men, you need help. Drs. K. & K. will cure you. You may have been treated by Quacks—consult Scientific Doctors. No cure, no pay. Consult them.

DISEASES OF WOMEN. Why suffer in silence? They can cure you. Female Weakness, Barrenness, Displacements, Irregularity, and painful periods cured in a short time. Licensed midwives given. Illustrated Book Free. Enclose stamp.

SPECIAL DISEASES. Seminalorrhea, Varicocels, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges, Private diseases, Stricture, Syphilis, and all Blood diseases guaranteed cured or no pay. 14 years in Detroit—150,000 cures—National reputation. Books free—Consultation free—Names confidential. If unable to call, write for a list of references and advice free.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, 128 Shelby St., DETROIT, MICH.

E. N. BILBIE, Violinist

Pupil of Sauret.

After three years' study at the "Stern Conservatory," Berlin, Germany, under eminent teachers in Solo, Ensemble, and Theory; also under professors of the "Berlin High School" is now prepared to take pupils at his rooms in the

Ann Arbor Organ Company's Building, Cor. Main and Liberty Sts., ANN ARBOR.

Terms made known on application.

CLOSING OUT SALE IN WINTER MILLINERY!

Hats trimmed and untrimmed, ribbons, tips, fancy feathers and every thing in the millinery line at half price. This sale will continue till February. Ladies please attend this sale and get your hats at half price.

Respectfully yours,

MRS. A. M. OTTO,

Cor Washington and 4th Ave. No. 18.

D. HISCOCK & SON,

105 N. Main Street,

The only dealers in

LEHIGH COAL.

He is now receiving large invoices of the same, and old and new customers are rushing for it, because they pronounce it the best Coal in the city.

Up-town office at JOHN MOORE'S Drug Store, 12 E. Huron Street.

Special attention paid to orders by telephone or postal card.

TELEGRAPHY TAUGHT in THREE MONTHS
Young Ladies and Gentlemen become expert operators and are assisted to positions upon graduating. Write Detroit School of Telegraphy, 25 Valley Block, Detroit.

TREES FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL, HARDY ROSES AND SHRUBS
37th year. 400 ACRES—LOW PRICES. GREENING BROS.
Monroe, Mich.
INSTRUCTIVE CATALOGUE FREE.

Because It is so Pure!

That's the great reason why you should know about our salt. It requires the best to produce the best. The good farmer realizes this with his seed; shall the butter maker be less wise? Our salt is as carefully made as your butter—made expressly for dairy work; and bright dairy-men everywhere find their butter better made and their labor better paid when they use

Diamond Crystal Dairy Salt.

No matter what brand you have used, just give this a fair trial. It is first in flavor, first in grain, and first in purity. Whether for dairy or table use, you will find it to your advantage to be acquainted with the salt that's all salt.

Write us.
DIAMOND CRYSTAL
SALT CO.,
St. Clair, Mich.

Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies

OR—
Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. Baker & Co.'s

Breakfast Cocoa,

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

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Ypsilanti.

Ypsilanti now has a paid fire department. H. L. Stoup and daughter went to Detroit, Saturday.

Miss Belle M. Blake, of Jackson, is here visiting friends.

Judd Clary left for his home at Dowagiac Tuesday morning.

F. J. Diebel, of Montpelier, Ohio, has been in town the past week.

Mrs. De Nike moved into her new residence on Congress street, Saturday.

Next Friday evening a union temperance meeting will be held at the M. E. church.

Ellsworth M. Ingram left last Saturday for a short visit with his parents at Hancock.

A Lincoln's Birthday social will be held in the G. A. R. hall Thursday evening, the 15th.

Ypsilanti Grange will entertain the Grangers of Washtenaw County next Thursday, the 15th.

Miss Ida Crosby, of Wayne, was the guest of Miss Minnie Stoup, last Saturday and Sunday.

C. D. O'Connor, formerly with Trim & McGregor, is now clerking in the Chicago Shoe Store.

There were only half a dozen participants in the civil service examination, held last Saturday.

Will J. Reader removed his barber shop from Congress street to the post-office block last Monday.

The ladies of St. Luke's church held a sale of home-made provision in the parish house last Saturday.

A Valentine social was held at the Y. W. C. A. rooms, Wednesday evening. A large crowd was present.

Ernest Hutchinson closed his shoe store Saturday and has shipped his entire stock of boots and shoes to Battle Creek.

Hon. E. P. Allen delivered an address at the celebration of Lincoln's birthday at Grand Rapids, Monday evening.

Miss Hattie Root, a former resident of Ypsilanti, but now of Hillsdale, has been visiting Miss Reba Page, the past week.

Wm. Brazee, who has been sojourning here for the past three or four weeks, has resumed his position on the road for a Cleveland firm.

Hon. E. P. Allen lectured on Abraham Lincoln at the Congregational church, Wednesday evening. The proceeds went for the benefit of the Ladies' Library fund.

Beall, Comstock, and Wilcox have moved their dry goods store from Washington St. to the store next to the postoffice. They have now one of the finest stands in the city.

In view of Mrs. Osband's recent illness, the lecture of the Ladies' Library course which was to have been given Tuesday evening, has been postponed to some future date.

Articles of agreement were signed Tuesday evening by Asa Nash and Wm. Campbell, two blacksmiths, for a horseshoe burning match to take place some time in March. The contest is for \$50 a side and will consist in burning 100 shoes on time.

A very large audience was present at the spelling school held in the Presbyterian church Tuesday evening. Prof. Miller, of the Normal school, had charge of the contest. Miss Emma Ackerman, of the Normal, won and in doing so she spelled down quite a number of Ypsilanti's best spellers. Tally one for the Normal.

With the Normal gymnasium almost completed, and one in the Light Guard hall in full blast every night, a prospective one at the Business College, and still another "in the dim, distant future" at the jag cure, Ypsilanti young men will soon be a race of Spartans. Verily, Ypsilanti will then produce Corbets, Mitchells and "Jacksons" by the score.

The vested choir of St. Luke's church, which is composed of 35 boys gave a rehearsal last Saturday evening, and on Sunday evening they made their first public appearance. The church was jammed, there being not even standing room. The selections by the choir were rendered in a very fine manner as were the selections by Felix Lamond and John Dodge.

Don't waste time, money and health, trying every new medicine you may see advertised in the papers. If the cause of your trouble is in the blood, liver or stomach or kidneys, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla at once, and be sure of a cure. Take no other.

Parks' Sure Cure is a positive specific for women who are all "run-down" and at certain times are troubled by backaches, headaches, etc. Sold by Eberbach & Sons.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache, Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation, Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only 50 cents at Eberbach Drug & Chemical Co., Ann Arbor, and Geo. J. Haussler's drugstore, Manchester.

Baldness is either hereditary or caused by sickness, mental exhaustion, wearing tight-fitting hats, and overwork and trouble. Hall's Renewer will prevent it.

How I Felt.

Why, two years ago I was just about crazy, and no wonder that my wife and children were afraid of me. You just want to suffer with neuralgia, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only 50 cents at Eberbach Drug & Chemical Co., Ann Arbor, and Geo. J. Haussler's drugstore, Manchester.

Read This.

Mr. W. H. Butler, with Mr. Chas. R. Whitman, has money to loan upon Real Estate security, in sums of \$100 to \$3,000, at low rates of interest and easy terms. Call early. First come first served. Office over the Post-office.

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Chelsea.

Business started up again on Wednesday, mostly on sleighs.

Dr. Chas. Reilly lectured in Stockbridge on Tuesday evening.

Some cure-all medicine fakirs are advertised to be here next week.

G. J. Crowell and John Staphis were Ann Arbor visitors on Wednesday.

Valentines went around here very freely on Tuesday and Wednesday.

C. A. Watt, of Grand Rapids, was here last Saturday on legal business.

The grip is much less prevalent about here this winter than it was last.

A new time card went into effect last Sunday, but the change in trains is hardly perceptible.

A free seat offering for Rev. L. N. Moon, is set for Friday night this week at the town hall.

The politicians about here are very reticent now on the question of free elections and fair counts.

The high school geology class has got far enough along to tell the difference between a brickbat and chunk of coal by the smell.

Charles Durand, of Kansas, has been shaking hands among relatives and friends about here this week, after an absence of twenty-five years.

Dr. Chas. Reilly, of Detroit, preached a very able sermon last Sunday night to a large audience at St. Mary's church on "The Rescue of the Race."

D. B. Taylor, representative of Chelsea lodge, No. 6, A. O. U. W., will leave on next Sunday night to attend the Grand Lodge of that order, held next week at Bay City.

Grandma Crowell celebrated the anniversary of her eightieth birthday, at the residence of her son, George J. Crowell, Tuesday evening, by a pleasant party of friends and neighbors.

The blizzard of last Monday piled snow five or six feet high in places, and stopped all business that day, and it took most of Tuesday for people to dig out and get ready for business again.

The Rev. Walter Elliott closed his lectures at the town hall last Friday night. He had crowded houses every night, and everybody was pleased with his lectures. If the people will practice what he preached they will be all right.

The market has taken a big drop since one week ago. Wheat, Monday and Tuesday, was down to 50c, though receipts were cut off by the blizzard. Rye, 45c; barley, \$1; oats, 25c; beans, \$1.40; clover seed, \$5.40; dressed pork, \$8; eggs, 13c; butter, 14c.

The farmers are very sick over the late slump in wheat. It is very unfortunate, but what can't be cured must be endured. Those who are out of debt can stand it, but those who are in debt will in many cases have to give up their farms, unable to pay the debts against them.

Rheumatism racks the system like a thumb screw. It retreats before the power of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies the blood.

Dixboro.

Worst storm of the season, Monday. Mrs. Norton still continues very ill. Blacksmith Schmidt has been very busy of late.

Mrs. Thos. Johnson is visiting at Carleton, Monroe county.

Fred Judson, of Ann Arbor, spent the Sabbath with his parents here.

The M. E. ladies' aid society met at the home of Wm. Fair yesterday.

Bennie Campbell is nearly recovered from a severe attack of pneumonia.

C. C. Newkirk, of Harbor Springs, visited his son, Rev. J. L. Newkirk, last week.

The remains of Lyman H. Phillips, father of Mrs. L. C. Pryer, of Ann Arbor, were brought to this place for interment.

A Mr. Balou died at the residence of his son near the Hiscok school house Sunday morning and the funeral was held Tuesday.

Mrs. James Bush, confined to her home for some time with rheumatism, is out again. Mrs. Emma Shuart is also improving in health.

Nelson Pooler, of near Free Church, is badly afflicted with a gathering in the head, which the attending physician pronounces very dangerous.

The revival meetings being held at the M. E. church by the pastor, assisted by Rev. B. Gibson, of Azalia, are becoming interesting. An impressive service Sunday evening, and one conversion. Mr. Gibson's excellent singing has much weight in the services. No meeting was held Monday night on account of the storm.

Mr. Chas. Carman, from Petersburg, Ill., writes: "I know Salvation Oil to be a very good remedy for neuralgia, rheumatism, burns, toothache and cuts. We are never without it."

How to Read

Your doctor's prescriptions. Send three 2-cent stamps, to pay postage, and receive Dr. Kaufmann's great treatise on diseases; illustrated in colors; it gives their signs and abbreviations. Address A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass.

A cup of Parks' Tea at night moves the bowels in the morning without pain or discomfort. Sold by Eberbach & Sons.

Testing a Razor.

The economical young man took his razor to one of the best barbers in town to be honed. Returning to get it, he found it ready for him.

"I'll warrant that edge," said the barber.

"It does look pretty sharp," said the man, and he began to feel the edge with his thumb.

"But I won't warrant it if you do that," declared the barber. "It's the worst thing you could possibly do. You might better cut your nails with it than run your finger across the edge once or shave with it for a month. There's nothing like knowing a thing or two," the barber added.—Buffalo Express.

Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.

ORIGINAL BOOMER.

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ORIGINAL BOOMER.

ORIGINAL BOOMER.

ORIGINAL BOOMER.

From An Original Boomer.

The following letter to the Daily Times is published by request:

Ann Arbor, Feb. 12, 1894.

To the Editor of the Times:

The motion of Mr. J. T. Jacobs recorded by J. E. Beal, A. L. Nobis, Kinsey & Seabolt, etc., etc., all wealthy taxpayers, to raise \$40,000 by assessment to attract manufactures and advertise our city, is a move in the right direction. Ann Arbor has grown as a residence city and mainly since and because of the issuing of the little pamphlet and of the effort on the part of her citizens by the organization and work of the Business Men's Association, etc. Its growth will not stop as a residence city if these efforts are continued.

We can also boom the town as a manufacturing one. It is the sheerest nonsense to suppose because it is a university center, the "Athens of the West," that it cannot be made to grow as a manufacturing town. Burlington, Vermont, the seat of Vermont University, once presided over by the distinguished president of ours, is largely engaged in manufacturing. Lewiston, Maine, has Bates College and a Theological Seminary, also 18 corporations with an aggregate capital of \$9,000,000, producing \$11,000,000 worth of goods annually.

Providence, R. I., is noted for Brown University, famous as one of the best institutions of learning in the United States, and also for being one of the greatest and most prosperous industrial centers in this country. The same may be said of New Haven, Conn., with Yale University, and her 10,000 population. We can forge ahead in both directions. There are hundreds, yes, thousands of people in this great country who have made their fortunes with families to educate who would come here to school their children, then build beautiful homes and invest their surplus capital to aid in starting industrial enterprises in Ann Arbor if they only knew of our advantages.

The facts are that we have the educational goods here to sell for one-half what what they cost east, and all we need to do to get people to come is to let them know it. In other words, it costs from two or three times as much to obtain a college education at Cornell, Yale or Harvard as here.

President Eliot, of Harvard, said that he would not advise a young man to come to Harvard unless he had \$800 per year to spend, and we all know that many a young man has brought his entire expenses for four years at the University of Michigan inside of that sum, while \$400 a year would be considered a liberal allowance by many. It is as if Mr. J. T. Jacobs had a store full of first class goods which he could sell at half the price of any of his competitors. In such a case what would he do to sell them? He would advertise, advertise, advertise. If we will only advertise our goods the people will come. We began well some years since with a little booming pamphlet, but now that plan should be renewed and extended. A book should be gotten up after the manner of some of the eastern publications, as "Picturesque Franklin, Mass., one which should contain from 500 to 1,000 or more beautiful half tone pictures of choice bits of scenery about Ann Arbor, a large number of our handsome homes set in with their attractive landscape surroundings, the many fine society houses, and views in and about the campus of walks, trees, buildings, laboratories, workshops and recitation rooms in detail filled with students, also dental college, law school and medical schools in extenso, with portraits of the faculties, the interior of the great hall of the University, the interior of the museum, the Chinese exhibit, a view of the athletic grounds, etc., etc., etc. This should also contain full page pictures of our manufactures. All of it could be made exquisite in artistic taste and an ornament to any parlor or drawing room, and such a book can be published today with pages size 10 x 13 inches and sold at retail for \$2, and it is the thing to do at once. A Standard Oil College has sprung into existence as if by magic in the windy city with all the advantages save age and renown, which money can buy, and Ann Arbor and the University should bestir themselves to counteract these attractions.

Ann Arbor has the most beautiful and healthy location, and expenses will be less here than in Chicago, but we must advertise this extensively. The writer fired communication after communication at the local press and the president of the Business Men's Association years ago to urge the University authorities to establish summer schools, and is gratified that notwithstanding an unnecessary delay for years, his efforts in this direction have been crowned with success, and that the schools will be opened this year. These schools will attract teachers and superintendents from all over the country who will come here to become more proficient in their several specialties, and they will purchase and carry away "Picturesque Ann Arbor and Michigan University." Every alumnus of the University will also buy it, and every student will take it home as a souvenir, and the University in self defense will purchase thousands of copies to mail to high schools and other fitting schools and to its friends. The extensive advertising which this artistic gem would give to both the city and the University would turn a stream of wealthy men towards Ann Arbor who would move here to educate their children, erect elegant residences on our hill tops and then invest their surplus capital in some local manufacturing.

And, besides, all this advertising can be done at no expense practically to the city. It can be made to pay for itself. The writer has a plan for this which he is ready to submit to the Business Men's Association at the proper moment.

Push this matter, Mr. Editor, we are all interested. Let the watch word be Forward, with all shoulders to the wheel to push.

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SURROUNDED BY MYSTERY!

A Great Mistake.

A recent discovery is that headache, dizziness, dullness, confusion of the mind, etc., are due to derangement of the nerve centers which supply the brain with nerve force; that indigestion, dyspepsia, neuralgia, wind in stomach, etc., arise from the derangement of the nerve centers supplying these organs with nerve fluid or force. This is likewise true of many diseases of the heart and lungs. The nerve system is like a telegraph system, as will be seen by the accompanying cut.

The little white lines are the nerves which convey the nerve force from the brain to every part of the body, just as the electric current is conveyed along the telegraph wires to every station, large or small. Ordinary physicians fail to regard this fact; instead of treating the nerve centers for the cause of the disorders arising therefrom they treat the part affected.

Franklin Miles, M. D., LL.B., the highly celebrated specialist and student of nervous diseases, and author of many noted treatises on the latter subject, has realized the truth of the first statement, and his Restorative Nerve is based on that principle. Its success in curing all diseases arising from derangement of the nervous system is wonderful, as the thousands of unsolicited testimonials in possession of the company manufacturing the remedy amply prove.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve is a reliable remedy for all nervous diseases, such as headache, nervous debility, prostration, sleeplessness, dizziness, hysteria, sexual debility, St. Vitus dance, epilepsy, etc. It is sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or sent direct by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price \$1 per bottle, six bottles for \$5, express prepaid.

Restorative Nerve positively contains no opiates or dangerous drugs.

The Ann Arbor Argus.

BEAKES & HAMMOND, PROPRIETORS.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY
for \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.
Subscriptions not paid in advance \$1.25 a year.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Entered at the Post-Office, in Ann Arbor, Mich.
as second-class matter.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1894.

On the opening day of the Mid-winter Fair, at San Francisco, 72,250 persons entered the gates at fifty cents each.

According to the treasury circulation statement issued recently, there is in circulation, in round figures \$1,739,783,000, based on 67,789,000 population. A little figuring will tell you what the per capita amount is.

There is a science of housekeeping which cannot be intuitively grasped. In view of the practical utility of the science, why should it not be taught in the schools. With most girls a scientific knowledge of this subject would be of far greater utilitarian value than two-thirds of the subjects pursued in the high school. If all young women who expect to marry graduate in this science, it would help very materially in the solution of the servant girl question.

A cheap politician by the name of John I. Davenport, of New York, late chief heeler for the g. o. p. in the manipulation of the federal election laws in the interest of said party, having had his vocation repealed, is now looking for a job. The party of great moral ideas are under many and lasting obligations to him and it is hoped that the faithful everywhere will lend him a helping hand in view of the great sorrow that the wicked Democrats have placed upon him.

Prosecuting Attorney Frazer, of Wayne county, has taken his sharp stick and started out after the rascals who falsified the returns of the vote on the constitutional amendment of 1893 in Detroit. He has already driven one alleged conspirator to cover. James G. Clark, the bill clerk of the Republican Senate, is behind the bars charged with doctoring the returns while on the canvassing board in Detroit. 'Tis said that he claims to have done this at the suggestion of Lieut.-Gov. Giddings.

Commissioner Berry, of the state land office, tries to exonerate himself from blame in the matter of the fraudulent canvass of 1893 by claiming that he was in Ohio at the time and did not attend the meeting of the board of canvassers and only signed the report upon being assured by the other two members that every thing was correct. Thereupon the Lansing Journal rises up and desires to know why, if this be true, there should be a voucher issued to him for services for attendance at that meeting. Echo responds, why?

We invite the careful attention of every Argus reader to the article appearing on our first page under the head of "Very Easy to Lose." Under this outrageous decision of the supreme court, a person may be defrauded of his property without any knowledge on his part that it is in the least danger. Under this decision, even though taxes have been illegally assessed, if the owner of the property does not appear to make a contest at a time of which he may have no knowledge, the property is sold, and after the expiration of a year a tax title deed is given which is quite as good as a warranty deed. The owner has no right to expect to receive personal notice of the approaching sale. Publication in a newspaper is taken as equivalent to personal service. Now this may be good law, but there lurks in it the possibility of damnable injustice. It opens wide the door for the perpetration of fraud and has already had the effect

of arousing to an unwonted degree the soulless tax title sharks and of attracting to our state an eastern syndicate of land grabbers. It would seem that the court might have leaned a little toward the people in their decision upon this question, and especially since so able a judge as William Newton, whom many believe to have been defrauded of his seat upon the supreme bench, had held to a more humane view of the statute. It is to be hoped that the people will bring such pressure to bear upon the court as to compel them to reverse this decision or the legislature to repeal the law.

Under the provisions of the income tax bill recently passed by the House of Representatives, all incomes of \$4,000 and under are exempt, while incomes above the four thousand limit are taxed at the rate of two percent on the excess. That is to say, on an income of \$5,000 the possessor would have to pay 2 per cent. on \$1,000. Such a moderate tax as this should be willingly paid by all who have accumulated fortunes by virtue of laws giving opportunity to energy and protection and security to property. It is but just that the support of the administration should be placed on those who derive the greatest benefits from the laws and are consequently best able to bear the burden. Could the great mass of the American people be guaranteed an income of four thousand dollars per year, they would without doubt cheerfully hand over to the government two per cent. of that amount, without any exemption, as a tribute to the state for the protection and security rendered.

Prosecuting Attorney Frazer continues to render excellent service at his end of the investigation into the fraudulent canvass of 1893. Wednesday evening he ordered the arrest of George H. Bussy, chairman of the footings committee of the Detroit board of canvassers, on the same charge as that against Clark, doctoring the returns on the salaries amendment. These men may not be guilty of the charges that have been lodged against them, but the surrounding circumstances are, to say the least, decidedly suspicious. Why it should have been necessary on any legitimate grounds for these two men, who held official positions at Lansing, to go to Detroit and worm themselves onto the canvassing board is a mystery. They were there, however, and they seem to have had no difficulty in getting excused from their duties at Lansing. It is alleged that other marks of favor were shown them at Lansing. It is just as difficult to understand what rightful personal ends could have been subserved by this Detroit business. These men may be able of course to explain all these circumstances in an entirely satisfactory manner. They will have an opportunity to do so in court. But in view of the alleged boasting of Clark as to his cunning in "fixing" the returns, and the charges upon which the two men have been arrested, public opinion, in its present condition, will assume that there must be something of truth in the accusation. Assuming that the charges are true, what could have been the motive in making the fraudulent return? It certainly could not have been done without a motive or purely for love of those who were benefitted by the act. Men, and politicians especially, do not take such chances for naught. The inevitable conclusion is that if these men did what they are charged with doing, they did it for the advantage of those who would be directly benefitted thereby. Now, if Clark and Bussy are guilty of the offense charged, they are but catspaws in the hands of shrewder rascals, and until the charges against them are shown to be untrue, the finger of suspicion will point to the beneficiaries of the crime. It is the duty of the legal and judicial authorities to determine the degree of guilt of those responsible for the perfidy. Let no guilty man escape.

AN INSIDIOUS CONSPIRACY.

Under our theory of government all authority emanates from the

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

people. Hence no more insidious crime against our institutions can be committed, than to deliberately falsify and override their expressed will. That such an infamous crime has been committed here in Michigan, and that it was the consummation of a deliberate conspiracy, is beyond controversy. By this atrocious act the very charter of our institutions has been changed. Nor is evidence lacking which leads to the conclusion that this is not the first time the people have been similarly defrauded.

If we would maintain our institutions in their integrity, therefore, the authors of this perfidy must be ferreted out and punished in a manner that will be a wholesome lesson to all who would follow in their footsteps.

The officers of the law have their stint laid out before them and they must prosecute their quest with unremitting vigilance. No lukewarmness on the part of the officials is expected or will be tolerated. No sort of "inflowance" must be allowed to stand between the conspirators and justice.

PLEDGES REDEEMED.

Two of the platform pledges of democratic party have been redeemed. They promised to repeal the Sherman make shift and they have done it. They promised to wipe the federal election laws from the statute book and last week witnessed the fulfillment of that pledge. The third, the reform of the tariff, is also well under way. The redemption of this pledge has been and is a herculean task.

The framing of a tariff bill which would be satisfactory to all factions of the majority in congress has been attended with extraordinary difficulties. The tariff legislation of the past thirty years has been distinctively class legislation and consequently all protected interests have stood together as one man in opposition to the new bill. They have been greatly assisted in their efforts by the industrial depression and the extraordinary perplexities growing out of it which have irritated the people beyond compare. The republican press, also, in its effort to stampede congress has done everything possible to terrify the people by predicting unlimited business disasters. No such effort of aggregated capital was perhaps ever put forth to influence the national legislature against the carrying out of the command of the people. Notwithstanding all these untoward circumstances, the Wilson bill was carried through the house of representatives with practically the entire democratic vote and is now in the hands of the senate finance committee. This committee is working upon the bill night and day and will at an early date report it to the senate. That the bill will pass the senate in much the form it now has is reasonably certain.

THE OLD INCOME TAX.

Only once in the history of the United States has the federal government resorted to an income tax as a means of raising a portion of its revenue, and that was during the war of the rebellion. Now, in view of the revival of interest in the subject resulting from the passing of an income tax act by the House of Representatives, and the very general misapprehension as to the provision of the old law and the amount of revenue collected thereunder, the following review of the former law is given.

The act was originally passed by Congress on the 5th of August, 1861, and it provided for a tax of 3 per cent. on all yearly incomes over \$800. This act was superseded in the following July by another, which went into operation in 1863. Under

its provisions incomes of \$5,000 and under were taxed 5 per cent., with an exemption of \$600 and house rent actually paid. Incomes over \$5,000 had to pay an additional 2½ per cent. or 7½ per cent. in all, while incomes of more than \$10,000 were taxed 5 per cent. additional or 10 per cent. in all with no exemptions. The government also imposed a tax of 5 per cent. on incomes of American Citizens living abroad, and 1½ per cent. on incomes from interest on United States securities. These latter taxes expired 1866. In estimating the incomes of people, the \$600 exempted as well as all other taxes paid, national, state and local, were first deducted. In 1864 a special tax of 5 per cent. was levied upon all incomes including incomes from banks, railroads and salaries, in excess of \$600. From this special tax the treasury realized \$28,929,312. During this year the law was again modified and all incomes between \$600 and \$5,000 were taxed 5 per cent. and all above the \$5,000 limit 10 per cent.

The tax was collected under the internal revenue system. The highest number of persons who at any one time acknowledged the receipt of a taxable income was 460,170 in the year 1866. The maximum revenue under these laws was received during this year.

In 1867 the law was again amended and the tax was diminished about one-half in effect. This amendment also provided that the act should expire in 1870. It was renewed in July 1870, however, the rate being reduced to 2½ per cent. and the sum exempted from each person's gross income was raised to \$2,000. There was no valid reason for this change except the manifest desire of the party in power to play into the hands of the corporate wealth of this country. At the same time they reduced the law to an absurdity by allowing all state and local taxes paid during the preceding year to be deducted and all losses sustained during the year by fires, floods, shipwrecks or in trade; the amount paid for rent, or labor to cultivate lands; amount paid for rent of premises actually occupied, and all sums paid for repairs of said premises.

The amounts collected under this law for the series of years it was in operation are as follows:

1863.....	\$ 2,741,856	1868.....	\$41,455,598
1864.....	20,295,731	1869.....	34,771,855
1865.....	32,050,017	1870.....	37,775,873
1866.....	72,982,159	1871.....	19,162,656
1867.....	66,014,429	1872.....	14,438,861

The total amount collected under this law was \$346,911,760.

The rapid decline of the receipts from this tax after 1866 was due to the sweeping exemptions that were made as the Republican party gradually passed under the control of the money kings of the country. In 1872 this moneyed oligarchy had obtained such absolute ownership of the party in power, and had secured so many exemptions in the interest of the money bags that there were but 74,000 persons who acknowledged the receipt of an income bringing them under the provisions of the law, and the revenue from this source was scarcely enough to pay the cost of collection.

Thoroughly Respectable.

Husband—The idea of buying a hat trimmed with chicken feathers!
Wife—These look like chicken feathers. I'll admit, but they are not.
"How do you know?"
"By the price."—New York Weekly.

A Respite.

"Has your daughter stopped her music lessons?"
Mother—Yes, on account of sickness.
"When will she be able to go on?"
"As soon as the neighbors are well enough to endure it."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Appropriate.

"That Lord Bronson who married Jenny Simpson was an awful boor. He was married actually in a business suit."
"Well, why not? The wedding was a pure matter of business so far as he was concerned."—Harper's Bazar.

SEE ROME AND DIE!

SO SAYS THE OLD PROVERB.

We don't do it that way,

WE SAY
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No. 2.	February 16, 1894.
Argus Coupon.	
Photographic Tour of the World.	
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This Coupon and 10 cents entitles you to one Part. Bring or send to	
Ann Arbor Argus, Ann Arbor, Mich.	
Opera House Block.	
This Coupon will be good for either Parts 1 or 2, as designated.	

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OUT

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No. 5 S. Main Street, Ann Arbor

ENTOMBED IN A MINE

THIRTEEN MEN BURIED ALIVE BY A CAVE-IN.

A Wall Four Hundred Feet Thick Between the Victims and the Mouth of the Shaft—The Worst Disaster in the Anthracite Region Since 1885, When Twenty-Two Perished at Nanticoke.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 14.—The mining town of Plymouth is in mourning over a terrible accident that occurred in the Gaylord colliery Tuesday morning.

Thirteen men all citizens of that town, lost their lives while in the discharge of their duties. Their names are:

Mine Foreman Thomas Picton, Thomas Jones, Richard Davis, John Morris, James Kingdom, Thomas Merriam, Thomas Cole, Joseph Olds, Daniel Morgan, John Hammer, Peter S. McLaughlin, Michael Walsh and Thomas Leishon.

All the victims with the exception of two, leave families. One of them lost his wife only a month ago, and four little children survive them. Consequently the disaster throws 11 widows and 36 children on the world's charity.

The Gaylord mine is owned by Daniel Edwards, one of the wealthiest operators in the anthracite region. It is operated by the Kingston Coal company, of which Mr. Edwards is the president. The best coal in the mine was taken out years ago. Then it was abandoned because it could not be operated with profit.

About three weeks ago the company decided to resume operations and Monday morning a large number of expert miners carrying safety lamps entered the mine and began the work of clearing up the old gangways and propping the roof. They had not been at work long until a "squeeze" came which compelled the men to retreat their steps. Foreman Picton with 12 selected miners volunteered to go down the shaft and see what could be done. The descent was made at 10 o'clock Monday night. Picton's object was to get as near as possible to the most dangerous part of where the "squeeze" was the greatest, in order to stay its progress by beaming the roof with heavy timber. In cases of this kind the men get as near as possible to the cave-in and by insertion of cogs and props endeavor to break off the mass of rock overhead to a certain point, thus relieving the pressure on other portions of the mine.

It seems that in this instance the efforts of Picton and his men did not prove a success, as the cave extended far beyond the danger limit and a much greater distance than where the men expected to be safe if they retreated at the first indication of the heavy fall.

This is shown by the vast area of the cave-in. No one is left to tell the story. The supposition is that the men were buried at work, timbering when the rocky roof came tumbling down upon their heads, crushing them out of semblance to humanity and putting a wall of debris between them and the mouth of the shaft 400 feet in thickness.

This disaster is the worst that has occurred in the anthracite region since 1885, when 22 men perished by a cave-in in mine No. 1 of the Susquehanna Coal company at Nanticoke.

BUILDINGS IN DANGER.

Great fissures appear in the earth over the Gaylord mine.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 15.—The rescuers at work in the Gaylord mine did not make much headway Wednesday. At 3 o'clock in the afternoon there was another cave-in of the roof which wrecked inside workings of the mine badly. The workers were compelled to retreat to the foot of the shaft. Great fissures have now appeared on the earth's surface over the mine and a number of houses are in danger of toppling over. It is estimated that the area affected by the cave-in covers 23 acres. The crowds about the mine were less demonstrative, but no less eager.

Many prominent mine operators and engineers visited the scene and it was the general opinion of those best able to understand the condition of things that all of the men must have perished either by being crushed to death or by suffocation if they had time to seek refuge in any other portion of the mine as it is believed there was no chance for a circulation of air after the cave-in.

SHE KISSED A MURDERER.

Mrs. May Fanning Dismissed From the Sheriff's Office.

DURHAM, Ia., Feb. 14.—Mrs. May Fanning, a widow employed in the sheriff's office, has been dismissed for publicly kissing a murderer. The object of her affections was Hugh Robb, indicted with Haley and Kent for murdering Policemen Fritz and Talcott. Robb was sentenced to life imprisonment. He was brought back from Anamosa penitentiary a few days ago to testify for Haley whose trial is now in progress.

The maniacal murderer was passing through the corridor en route from the court room to the jail when Mrs. Fanning rushed up, brushed the officers aside, handed Robb a bank note and a basket of fruit, and tenderly kissed him. In the bottom of the basket was a note to "Dear Hugh," telling him that he had a friend who would never forsake him and signed "Your loving May."

Believed to Have Foundered.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—The fishing smack New London Emma is believed to have foundered off Fire island. The rumor of the loss of the Emma with 10 men on board originated from the stories of the men on the Mary and Carrie, which reached the basin at Fulton Market Tuesday morning. The latter saw the Emma about 3 o'clock Monday afternoon struggling with the heavy seas and gales and lost sight of her shortly afterwards.

Favors Summary Punishment.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The Standard's correspondent at Paris says: The impression is general that a special system is necessary to punish criminals and that when caught reformed they should be tried by a drumhead court-martial and executed immediately without the chance to pose as heroes.

Have Signed a Treaty.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—A commercial treaty between France and Bolivia has been signed, by which Bolivia concedes the right favored treatment to France and France concedes the minimum to Bolivia.

THEY WERE DESPERATE.

Two Colored Highwaymen Attempt to Rob Passengers on a Train.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Two colored highwaymen made a desperate attempt to rob the passengers in one of the day coaches of the 11:30 train on the Fort Wayne railroad soon after it left the union depot Wednesday night. Just as the train was about to cross the bridge at Sixteenth street, where the engineer is required to run slowly, two colored men entered a day coach.

A passenger who was in a seat near the door and who was on his way to Valparaiso, Ind., was struck by one of the men a violent blow on the head while the other began to go through his pockets. A dozen passengers witnessed the assault and went to the assistance of the Valparaiso man. The desperadoes flourished their revolvers and fired several shots into the top of the car.

Two of the passengers then drew their revolvers and fired at the two highwaymen and it is believed one of them was wounded. As soon as the passengers began to make use of their revolvers the two negroes sprang off the train.

STATE ITEMS.

Friday, Feb. 9.

Mrs. Caroline Parker, wife of William J. Parker of this place, died Thursday from an abscess on the brain, after a long sickness.

Chester A. Casey of Dundee, a veteran of the late war, was found dead at his home. Heart disease was the cause. He had always lived there, was a prisoner in Andersonville, and his age was 56 years.

The wife of C. M. Phillips, who lives near Williamston, arose from her bed, went to the pantry, got the butcher knife, and cut her throat from ear to ear. She died in a very few minutes. It is thought that she was mentally deranged, as no other cause is known.

Saturday, Feb. 10.

The Buffalo Mining company at Ne-gaunee has put 25 men at work, and hopes to be running a full force in a short time.

Martin Byers of Bainbridge is 92 years old, but the active nonagenarian stacks up a larger pile of cordwood every day than the average hired man.

The various lodges of Odd Fellows in Van Buren county will unite in observing the 73rd anniversary of the order at Paw Paw April 23.

Dowagiac's manufacturing institutions are now all in operation again, and many workmen who moved away when the factories closed have returned to their old positions.

Monday, Feb. 12.

A telephone line will be constructed between Frankfort and Copehish.

The Iowa circuit court calendar for the February term contains 20 divorce cases.

The annual meeting of the Osceola County Pioneer association will be held at Hershey March 1 and 2.

Menominee wants to have a new high school, and an election will be held on Feb. 21 to vote the \$45,000 bonds necessary.

Seventy-six conversions have taken place at Hollywood, a little hamlet in Berrien county, as the result of a series of revival services.

Tuesday, Feb. 13.

Timothy Gallaway, a pioneer of Dundee, died there at the age of 80 years.

Mrs. F. Shover Grissman, an old and highly respected resident of the township of Washington, died at the age of 74.

There are two new cases of smallpox at Otsego. Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Sherwood, in whose house the first man known to have the disease boarded.

Jim McKenna, who shot and killed a man named Patterson at Bagley, Menominee county, some time ago, was found guilty of manslaughter.

Wednesday, Feb. 14.

A branch of the Young Men's Christian association is to be organized at Allegan.

The revival meetings which have been held at Flint for the past two weeks have resulted in the conversion of 80 persons.

George Hawley's residence at Breedsville, Van Buren county, was destroyed by fire. There was no insurance.

The Exchange hotel at Carsonville, which was recently leased to W. S. Travis of Milford, has again changed hands. John Wilson, the owner, will run it hereafter.

Roan Coe of Climax, while standing on a side track at Battle Creek was struck by a switch engine and seriously injured.

Thursday, Feb. 15.

Watervliet's new \$300,000 paper mill will be ready to begin operations about March 15.

Daniel C. Briggs, a former resident of Schoolcraft township, Kalamazoo county, died recently at Glenwood, Ia., aged 75 years.

Chicago and Grand Trunk engine No. 103 recently made six miles in four and one-half minutes. She is the fastest runner on the road.

THE MARKETS.

Detroit.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 57c; May, 60c; No. 3 red, 54c; No. 1 white, 57c. CORN—No. 2, 36c; No. 2 yellow, 36c. OATS—No. 2 white, 31c. CLOVER—SEED—\$5.60.

Chicago Livestock.

CATTLE—Receipts, 13,000; slow; prime to extra steers, \$5.00 to \$5.15; good to choice, \$4.75 to \$4.90; medium, \$4.50 to \$4.65; common, \$4.25 to \$4.40; Texans, \$2.70 to \$2.80; cows and heifers, \$2.60 to \$2.80; canners, \$1.85 to \$2.40.

HOGS—Receipts, 21,000; slow, 15c to 25c lower; rough heavy, \$4.80 to \$4.90; packers and mixed, \$5.00 to \$5.20; prime heavy and butcher weights, \$5.15 to \$5.25; assorted light, \$5.15 to \$5.20.

SHEEP—Receipts, 14,000; active, a trifle higher; top western wethers, \$3.25 to \$3.70; native mixed, \$3.00 to \$3.75.

LAMBS—\$4.00 to \$4.40; one lot, \$4.65.

Chicago Provisions.

WHEAT—February, 55c; May, 60c; July, 61c; 1893, 62c.

CORN—February, 42c; May, 37c; July, 37c.

OATS—February, 28c; May, 29c; July, 27c.

PORK—February, \$12.00; May, \$12.10.

LARD—February, \$7.30; May, \$7.20; July, \$7.10.

RIBS—February, \$6.20; May, \$6.25.

New York Grain.

WHEAT—February, 62c; March, 62c; May, 65c; July, 67c; December, 71c.

CORN—February, 42c; March, 44c; April, 43c; May, 43c.

OATS—February, 35c; March, 34c; May, 34c; No. 2 white, 37c; 1893c, mixed western, 33c to 37c.

RYE—Dull and nominal.

Toledo.

WHEAT—Active, higher; No. 2 cash and February, 57c; May, 60c; July, 60c.

CORN—Dull, steady; No. 2 cash, 35c; May, 34c.

OATS—Quiet, cash, 30c.

RYE—Dull, cash, 50c.

CLOVERSEED—Active, steady; prime cash, February and March, \$5.60; October, \$4.80; Alsike, \$7.05.

HIS LITTLE JOKE.

How a Bad Subject Turned the Tables on an Insurance Agent.

Bob Keyworth of Houston is a tall man, upward of 6 feet high, but he looks as if he was not long for this world. He is hollow chested and so thin that he looks very much as if he had not had anything to eat since the war. When he passes along the streets, the undertakers come out and cast a long, lingering glance at him, and no wonder, for he has been inspiring them with hopes that have never been realized for the last 20 years. He has, moreover, a hacking cough that has the genuine graveyard ring to it.

Not long ago it occurred to him that it would be a good idea to have his life insured. He had previously experienced some astonishment that he had never suffered from the impotency of life insurance agents. To his surprise, he discovered that the companies were afraid to take any risks on his life; that he was a bad subject, as his death might occur at any time. Being of a somewhat humorous turn of mind, Bob made it a practice from that time on to worry life insurance agents on every possible occasion. Not long since he tackled one in the lobby of a Houston hotel. The agent represented an influential New York company. Introducing himself, Bob said:

"I just heard of your arrival and hurried over to see you. For some time past I have been wanting to get my life insured in some good company, and yours is first class."

The agent gazed at the living anatomy before him and was somewhat embarrassed. He hemmed and hawed a few times and said hesitatingly that he was only taking first class risks and that his visitor seemed to be rather feeble.

"Yes," said Bob, "I know I look consumptive, but I've looked this way all my life, and I ain't dead yet. My grandparents are living yet and are both upward of 90 years of age. The old man can thread a needle without crutches—I mean without glasses. I'm good for 100 myself."

The agent snook his head in a deprecating sort of way.

"I never get drunk or commit suicide and have the digestive power of an anaconda," continued Bob persuasively.

"I don't care to insure your life," said the agent, with increasing firmness.

"That's what all these agents say when I talk to them, but I am offering you special inducements. It is a sacred duty you owe your company to insure my life, my dear sir. You may die before night, and then you will regret having refused my offer. If the company hears of it, they will dock your salary, and I shall make it my duty to let them know how you are neglecting their interests."

"Excuse me, but I have a business engagement," said the agent trying to get away, but Bob reached out a skeleton hand and detained him, saying:

"I have been vaccinated several times, and it took each time. Besides I am a man of influence here, and if you succeed in insuring me there's no telling how many other prominent citizens of Houston you will capture."

"I'm too busy to listen to you," replied Bob, "so I will call again later in the day, when we will talk it over."

The suffering agent rushed out of the hotel, and Bob laughed until the tears rolled down his hollow cheeks.—Texas Siftings.

Musical Item.

At a social gathering in Harlem Gus de Smith sat at the piano and drummed carelessly on the keys. Hostetter McGinnis came to him and whispered:

"Why do you sit at the piano? You don't know how to play."

"I know it, but as long as I sit here the others can't play either."—Texas Siftings.

A Frugal Man.

Miss Muggles—I don't like Dr. Penny-save a bit.

Miss Muggles—Why not?

Miss Muggles—You know he was called in when I was sick, and then he began to call regularly. After I refused him he itemized each of those calls in his bill as professional visits.—Chicago Record.

A Better Land.

Tramp (reprovingly)—Ah, lady! In the part of the country I just come from the women didn't ask us to saw a cord of wood for our dinner.

Lady of the House—Didn't, heh? Where did you come from?

Tramp—The natural gas regions.—Pack.

MICHIGAN REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Village Property.

Lots 5, 6 and 7, in block 16, in Eaton Rapids, Eaton co. Dwelling house and lot 9, in Kendall, Van Buren co. Dwelling house and lot 10, in Kendall, Van Buren co. Brick store and lot in Lansing, No. 718 Turner street. N. E. of lots 1 and 2, in block 13, in Elm Hill, Gratiot co. Store and lot in Verona Mills, Huron co. Store and lot in Clintonville, Leelanaw co. Three acres at Ann Station, Bay co. (good mill site). Two lots in village of Howard City, Montcalm co. House and lot, and 2 1/2 acres, in Maple Rapids, Clinton co.

An undivided 1/2 interest in 2 frame stores and lots, and a brick store and lot in Cheesing, Saginaw co. Three lots in Corunna, Shiawassee co. One store and lot, and house and lot, in Port Sanilac, Sanilac co.

Two brick stores in Saranac, Leelanaw co., known as the J. P. Anderson block. House and lot, 4 1/2 rods, in Delwin, Isabella co. Vacant lot, No. 16, block 11, in Rogers City, Presque Isle co.

House and lot in Ewart, Oscoda co. House and 2 lots in Sears, Oscoda co. Store, barn and lot in Pompet, Gratiot co., known as the R. A. Hicks store property.

House and 6 lots in Peward, Ionia co. Store and lot, in Farwell, Clare co., known as the W. A. Carpenter & Son store property.

House and 2 lots, Nos. 15 and 14, block 42, in Farwell, Clare co. House and lot, No. 15, block 41, Farwell, Clare co. Barn and lots 9 and 10 and western, one-half of lots 7 and 8, in block 19, Farwell, Clare co.

Store and lot, in Sunner, Gratiot co. Store and lot, in Otter Lake, Lapeer co. Brick store and lot, in Vassar, Tuscola co. Store and lot, lot 17, block 7, Trout Lake, Chippewa co.

Farms.

Eighty acres, near Olivet, Eaton co., known as the Dowling farm. Twenty 31-100 acres in the city of Niles, Berrien co. Eighty acres near Leuts, Saginaw co., known as the Cobb farm.

Eighty acres near Midland, Midland co., known as the Foster farm. One hundred and eighty-two 31-100 acres near Quincy, Bay co., known as the Berry farm.

One hundred and fifty-seven acres near Marlette, Sanilac co., known as the Murray farm. Seventy-five acres in Montcalm co., four miles from Riverdale, known as the Pisk farm.

Eighty-nine acres near Thornton, St. Clair co., known as the Hilliker farm. One hundred and twenty acres near Advance, Charlevoix co., known as the Hayes farm.

Three hundred acres, four and one-half miles from Ovid, Clinton co., known as the Scott farm. One hundred and fifty-nine 3-10 acres, three miles east of Verona Mills, Huron co., known as the Redman farm.

Ninety-four and 87-100 acres, near the South Arm of Pine Lake, Charlevoix co., on Sec. 2, Town 33, N. E. 7 West, known as the Steele farm.

Eighty acres in Presque Isle co., described as N. 1/2 of S. W. 1/4 of Sec. 22, Town 35, N. E. 4 East, known as the Brader farm.

Twenty-five acres in Township of Sumner, Gratiot co., on Sec. 32, near village of Sumner.

Eighty acres in Presque Isle co., described as N. 1/2 of S. W. 1/4 of Sec. 22, Town 33, N. E. 5 West.

Unimproved Lands. In Alpena, Benzie, Cheboygan, Gladwin, Gratiot, Grand Traverse, Huron, Kalamazoo, Leelanaw, Monroe, Muskegon, Mackinac, Midland, Muskegon, Montmorency, Newaygo, Oscoda, Ogemaw, Presque Isle, Saginaw, Sanilac, Tuscola and Wexford counties, Mich., and Village Property and Farms. For descriptions apply to

ALLAN SHELDON & CO., DETROIT, MICH.

Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.

AT HAND

In a dangerous emergency, AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL is prompt to act and sure to cure. A dose taken at the first symptoms of Croup or Bronchitis, checks further progress of these complaints. It softens the phlegm, soothes the inflamed membrane, and induces sleep. As a remedy for colds, coughs, loss of voice, la grippe, pneumonia, and even consumption, in its early stages,

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

excels all similar preparations. It is endorsed by leading physicians, is agreeable to the taste, does not interfere with digestion, and needs to be taken usually in small doses.

"From repeated tests in my own family, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has proved itself a very efficient remedy for colds, coughs, and the various disorders of the throat and lungs."—A. W. Bartlett, Pittsfield, N. H.

"For the last 25 years I have been taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for lung troubles, and am assured that its use has

Saved My Life

I have recommended it to hundreds. I find the most effective way of taking this medicine is in small and frequent doses."—T. M. Matthews, P. M., Sherman, Ohio.

"My wife suffered from a cold; nothing helped her but Ayer's Cherry Pectoral which effected a cure."—R. Amers, Plymouth, N. S.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Prompt to act, sure to cure!

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY of Washtenaw, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 15th day of January, A. D. 1894, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Watson Geer late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court at the Probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance on or before the 16th day of July next, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on the 16th day of April and on the 16th day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, January 16th, A. D. 1894. J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

H. KITREDGE.

No. 6 WEST ANN STREET.

LIVERY, HACK AND BAGGAGE LINE.

In the rear of Edward Duffy's grocery store. Hack to all trains, day and night. Orders for trains, parties, weddings and funerals promptly attended to. Telephone, 108 Ann Arbor Mich.

THE EBERBACH

DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.

WOULD LIKE TO CALL YOUR ATTENTION TO THEIR C. P.

BAKING POWDER

This Baking Powder is made in our laboratory and is free from both alum and ammonia. It will not lose strength by standing any length of time if kept in a dry place. We guarantee it equal to the best in the market, or money refunded. PRICE, 28c per lb.

Trial Packages Free.

WE ALSO PREPARE A SWEET CLOVER BUTTER COLOR

That will not become rancid by age, or give any taste to the butter. It is a perfectly harmless vegetable color.

PRICE, 10, 15 and 25c per bottle.

EBERBACH

DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.

TRUCK and STORAGE

C. E. GODFREY.

Residence and Office, 45 Fourth Ave., North

Telephone 82.

WALL PAPER.

WALL PAPER.

OF ALL

The Newest Designs!

PRICES THE LOWEST

AT

OSCAR O. SORG,

THE DECORATOR,

PERSONAL.

Alfred Schmacher was in Detroit, Tuesday.

Engene Koch, was in Detroit Tuesday on business.

J. G. Humphrey, of Monroe, was in the city Wednesday.

W. R. Goodsell, of New York was in the city, Wednesday.

George J. Crowell, of Chelsea, was in the city, Wednesday.

William Campion, of 90 North Main street, is on the sick list.

O. L. Heath, of Detroit, was in Ann Arbor Tuesday on business.

Clark Otis, of Hastings, is visiting relatives and friends in the city.

Willis Clark returned Saturday from a week's visit in Barry county.

Grant E. Jenkins, of Detroit, is expected Monday to visit his father.

G. C. Healey, of New Brunswick, was in Ann Arbor, Tuesday.

Chas. Sundige, of Kalamazoo, was in the city on business, Tuesday.

Benjamin J. Cramer, of New York, was here on business Tuesday.

A. H. Newton, of Hudson, was registered at the Germania Tuesday.

William S. Frost, of Genesee, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Julia Frost.

Ralph W. Pritchard, of Jamestown, N. Y., was in the city, Wednesday.

Mrs. J. W. Holden, of Jackson, is visiting her sister, Mrs. John O. Jenkins.

Mrs. Louis Rehberg, of Detroit, has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Rehberg.

C. H. Thorp, who is interested in the trade issue of the Times, is in the city.

Eugene Wagner, assistant mailing clerk at the post office, went to Detroit, Tuesday.

Dr. Pyle, pension examiner of this district, was in the city Tuesday and Wednesday.

Hiram Wiley, of Washington, D. C., who has been visiting in the city, has returned home.

Paul Waltz and wife, of Grand Rapids, attended the funeral of Mrs. William Goetz, Tuesday.

Supervisor Osborne, of Sharon, and A. F. Freeman, of Manchester, were in the city, Tuesday.

Prof. Reuben H. Kempf, of 22 South Division street, was in Detroit on business, Tuesday.

J. S. Blitz, of New York, representing Lehr & Frick, was in the city, Wednesday, on business.

Mr. and Mrs. John Keck, who have, for the past ten days, been in Chicago came home, Wednesday.

Chas. J. Conrath, of Geddes avenue, attended the state meeting of the Horticultural society at Charlotte.

Michael Donahue, of 88 North Main street has been incapacitated for business this week through illness.

A. W. Slayton, of Tecumseh, the basswood king, was in the city Wednesday and called at the Argus office.

Mrs. Julius Ziegler, mother of Mrs. Wm. L. Frank, is spending a few weeks with friends and relatives in Detroit.

Thomas J. Cavanaugh, Esq., of Paw Paw, has been visiting his brother school commissioner, M. J. Cavanaugh.

Mrs. Mary Klotz, of St. Catharines, Ontario, who has been visiting her father, Christian Eberbach, returned home Wednesday.

Chas. H. Smith, representing the Standard Oil Co., of Cleveland, O., was in the city Wednesday looking after the interests of that mammoth corporation.

Jay J. Ludwick, of Chicago, is registered at the Germania and he says times are beginning to look a little more cheerful in the Windy City than they did the first of the winter.

Mrs. Emeline Cheever celebrated the eighty-fifth anniversary of her birth yesterday at the residence of her son, Judge Noah W. Cheever, a number of her friends being invited to assist her in doing it.

Minister to Corea, J. M. B. Sill, returned from Washington, Tuesday, where he had been to call on the President and Secretary of State for the purpose of receiving his final instructions. He expects to start for his post within the next ten days. He will go by way of San Francisco.

Mr. Wm. W. Wedemeyer left last night for Kalamazoo, where he will spend a few days before going to Chicago as the representative of the Michigan University in one of the Union League meetings to be held on February 22. The subject of his oration is "Some Lessons from the Life of Washington." It is a considerable honor to be selected as the representative of a great university in such a contest.

John J. Knapp, of Freedom, and John Keppeler, of Ann Arbor town, attended a state convention of the German Mutual Insurance Co. in Grand Rapids last Tuesday and Wednesday. Messrs. Knapp and Keppeler are prosperous farmers and representative men of the townships.

Mr. John Heinzenman, of the firm of Heinzenman and Laubengayer, and Fred Besimer, who have been rusticated at Strawberry Lake for the past week, came home Wednesday evening feeling amply repaid for their trip, having captured fully a dozen pickerel weighing all the way from 2 1/2 to 7 1/2 pounds.

Whittaker.

John Lawson was a Detroit visitor Tuesday.

J. D. Abbott visited Detroit Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

P. H. Gabel has moved into George Riffer's house where he will live till spring opens up.

A bright baby boy is the latest attraction at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Lawson. He arrived last Thursday night.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hitchingham lost their youngest child by death last Friday. She was one and a half years old and died of brain fever.

About fifty sinners have been snatched like brands from the burning at the revival meetings held at this place, and still the work goes on. Rev. Ostroth is conducting the meetings.

No Dissenting Voice.

"I'm a sort of April fool," said the man with a wisp on his nose.

"Born the first day of April?" casually inquired the man with the gray spot in his mustache.

"No. Married."

"I don't know whether that made you an April fool or not," said the man in the mackintosh, lighting a cigar, "but whoever picked you up for a valuable package that day got badly April fooled."

And there was a most unanimous and approving silence all around the board.—Chicago Tribune.

Panic on the Benches.

A Maine schoolmaster said with stern emphasis the other day: "I saw the person who was whispering then. I am looking at that person now. Will that person arise before the school without obliging me to call names?" Two boys and four girls stood up blushing. The master is cross eyed and wears glasses.—Lewiston Journal.

He Needed It.

Jack Hardup (despondently)—My aunt says she will leave her money to some deserving charity.

Tom Brightleigh—Cheer up, old man. You'll probably get it, for I don't know any one deserving charity more than you.—Truth.

One of the Signs.

"Mrs. Dotinby thinks that her youngest boy is going to be a great actor."

"Why?"

"Because he doesn't cry like most babies when she has his photograph taken. He positively enjoys it."—Washington Star.

Some Difference.

"I got an awful lickin with the wire bristle hairbrush this morning," said Billie.

"Pshaw!" said Johnnie. "That don't hurt."

"Yes, it does. Pa had the bristle side down."—Harper's Bazar.

Not a Bad Outlook.

Little Sister—You've been fighting again? Little Brother—Yep.

"What will become of you if you go on fighting?"

"Dunno. Mebb'y I'll be a great actor w'en I grow up."—Good News.

The Argument Becomes Personal.

Tommy—Huh! You needn't feel so stuck up. Your daddy used to drive a milk wagon.

Sammy—I know it. I've heard him say your daddy's been owing him a milk bill of \$4 for more'n 16 years.—Chicago Record.

High.

"Mandy, did you read that notice on the counter, 'Your choice for 15 cents?'"

Mandy—Land sakes! yes, but it looks like an awful price to ask for them clerks.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

One.

"Nobody likes Jobson."

"Oh, yes, somebody does."

"Who?"

"Jobson."—Harper's Bazar.

Ophthalmic Item.

Dialogue between two beggars:

"Are you blind by nature?"

"No; only by profession."—Texas Siftings.

Learn to Dance.

The last term for children at Granger's Academy begins Saturday (tomorrow) afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Adults wishing to join the classes are requested to call at the office, 6 Maynard street, and register before the hour of class. Strictly a school.

Cards will be furnished those who have the right of admission.

Christian Endeavor Union.

On account of the State Convention at Detroit, March 21 and 22, the T. A. A. & N. M. R'y will sell excursion tickets March 20 and 21, limited for return to March 23, at one and one-third fare for the round trip.

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When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Most Perfect Made.

Ripans Tabules: a standard remedy Ripans Tabules cure scrofula.

Ripans Tabules: a family remedy. Ripans Tabules banish pain.

THE STOLEN RECORDS

MANY SUSPICIONS ARE RIFE IN LANSING.

Clews Have Been Followed In All Directions, but the Affair Remains a Deep Mystery—Attorney General Ellis Emphatically Denies Being In Room 66 at the Hudson House.

LANSING, Feb. 10.—Many suspicions are rife in the city as to who and by what means the election returns sheets from Wayne county were cut from the book Thursday evening, and presumably destroyed. Newspaper men and others have followed up clews in all directions, but it is hard to find anything tangible.

County Clerk May returned from Mason on the 6 p. m. train and went immediately to the Hudson House, having with him the Wayne county record book, containing valuable evidence in the salary amendments of 1891 and 1892.

May at once asked to be assigned to a room, and was given No. 66. He went upstairs, prepared for supper, and soon came down again, depositing the key of his room with the clerk, and went to the diningroom.

While Mr. May was at supper something peculiar happened. A young woman, an employee of the Capitol, who boards at the Hudson House, came out of the diningroom. When she reached the passageway which leads from the barber shop, a side entrance to the hotel, she met Attorney General Ellis, who had apparently entered the hotel from the barber shop. She noticed that Mr. Ellis kept rather close to the wall, and instead of going into the office or diningroom, as customary, went upstairs. She noticed nothing more.

A few minutes later, not more than 10—Ellis came down again. While Ellis was upstairs a young lady, connected with the house, not as a domestic, happened to pass along the corridor on which is room No. 66, the one assigned to May, and saw the attorney general come out of the room and go downstairs. Mr. Ellis does not room at the Hudson House, but merely boards there.

Attorney General Ellis left the city Thursday night at 8:30 for Ionia, and did not return until yesterday morning. He said the first he knew of the robbery was when he read the morning paper.

He emphatically denies having been in room 66 Thursday night. He says that Mr. May left the hotel without his knowledge and that he (Ellis) went up to the room, knocked, but finding no one there, came away, but did not enter. He says: "I called one of the bell boys and asked him where room 66 was, and he told me. No one saw me coming out of the room, for I was not in it."

LANSING, Feb. 12.—Deputy Sheriff Wright says he will produce evidence before the grand jury, when the investigation of the election record steal is made, to prove that Attorney General Ellis and County Clerk May were closed together for five minutes in the watchman's little house at the depot platform between the time the Detroit train arrived on Thursday afternoon and the time that the Mason train left the same depot.

LANSING, Feb. 12.—Prosecutor Gardner has come out with a sensation. He believes the robbery of election records occurred at the Hudson House and says he is almost in a position to prove that two men went into May's room at the hotel some time prior to Mr. Ellis' visit there and remained in the room until after Mr. Ellis is said to have left it. He no longer questions the fact that the robbery took place at the Hudson House.

LANSING, Feb. 14.—Little business was transacted by the grand jury at Mason Tuesday, as Judge Person was snowbound at Howell and did not reach the scene of action until 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon. Only two witnesses were examined—Miss Anna Wettersland, sister-in-law of Secretary Jochim, and Wesley J. Miller, chairman of the Gratiot county board of canvassers for 1891. The prosecuting attorney says the testimony received was not unimportant.

Prosecuting Attorney Gardner still keeps Postmaster Frank A. Healey of Ironwood here. He has not finished with him and may place him upon the stand today. Conrad Carlson, the Gogebic county clerk, is still here and may also testify today.

DETROIT, Feb. 14.—James G. Clark, the member of the footing committee now under arrest and occupying a cell at Central Police station, is believed to have made a confession.

At about midnight Monday Clark told the police sergeant in charge at the Central station that he desired to converse with Prosecutor Frazer. The prosecutor was sent for in a hurry. Upon his arrival he immediately entered into a conversation with Clark, which lasted about half an hour. When Mr. Frazer left the station he was interrogated as to whether Clark had made a confession. The prosecutor replied: "I cannot tell at present; it wouldn't be in the interests of public policy."

LANSING, Feb. 15.—There is no longer any question that Postmaster Healy of Ironwood is seriously involved in the evidence before the grand jury. He has engaged Hon. Samuel Kilbourne as his attorney. Healey has never seen the fraudulent Gogebic county returns in the possession of the grand jury. When he was before the jury they were not exhibited for his benefit, but his attorney made a demand for them from Prosecutor Gardner, and was given a sight of them.

County Clerk Carlson testified Wednesday that all three fraudulent returns were in the same handwriting and this has tended to implicate Healey as the latter has admitted to the grand jury that he did alter one of the returns in part, writing in the words, "One thousand three hundred and nineteen."

Just at this point in Healey's testimony, which was made Saturday, he was taken from the stand, it being a case of necessity for Deputy Clerk Strom from Gogebic county to be placed on the stand. Since that time Healey had not been recalled, though Prosecutor Gardner asked for him Wednesday. This has had a tendency to keep Healey on the rack and it had the result of his engaging an attorney to enable him to get sight of the returns by proxy.

Healey's admission of having written a portion of the fraudulent returns and the testimony of Clerk Carlson and Deputy Strom to the effect that all three returns are in Healey's handwriting would seem to make a bad case for Healey.

There is no question on the part of the prosecutor and counsel that within a few days matters will have reached a point where indictments could be issued, but it seems to be hardly probable now that the grand jury will be able to get through this week.

George H. Bussey Arrested.

DETROIT, Feb. 15.—George H. Bussey, a member of the footings committee and one of the three who signed the doctored returns from Wayne county on the salary amendment, was arrested shortly before 6 o'clock Wednesday night. Two hours later he was out on bail.

Bussey is charged with tampering with the returns on that amendment. He is the second man arrested for the same offense. The other man is James G. Clark, who is still a prisoner.

ASSAULTED AND ROBBED.

An Old Man Cruelly Beaten by Two Ruffians.

DETROIT, Feb. 15.—About 8 o'clock Wednesday night Conrad Jacob, aged 67, a feed dealer, who resides at 314 Maple street, was found in an unconscious condition in the alley leading from the rear of 460 Winderstreet, having been knocked down and robbed by two men. Jacob had gone to the barn in the rear of that number to stable his horse, and was on his way home. While walking through the alley two men jumped toward him, and one struck him on the back of the head with some instrument, knocking him down. He lost consciousness, and during that time the men went through his pockets, securing about \$6 in change.

HAD INHALED CHLOROFORM.

Miss Alma Mitts of Port Huron Found Dead In Bed.

PORT HURON, Feb. 14.—Miss Alma Mitts, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Mitts, a very estimable and popular young lady, was found dead in bed at her home on Howard street Tuesday morning.

The young lady was a teacher in the Second ward school and was in her usual gay spirits Monday, retiring at the usual hour. Upon being called in the morning by her mother she did not respond, and an investigation disclosed that she was dead and had apparently been dead some hours, rigor mortis having already set in.

The deceased had been in the habit of taking chloroform to quiet her nerves, and it is believed that death resulted from an overdose, a handkerchief saturated with the drug being found in bed.

Firebugs at Saginaw.

SAGINAW, Feb. 14.—A bold attempt was made to burn the dwelling of H. J. Gilbert, superintendent of the Saginaw Manufacturing company. Shortly after 10 o'clock, after Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert had retired for the night, they thought they heard someone prowling around the house, and Mr. Gilbert got up and discovered the house to be on fire and that the blaze came from the basement. He cut a hole through the floor and extinguished the blaze. He made an investigation and found that someone had crawled under the house, taking a bunch of excelsior saturated with kerosene, and after lighting it had placed it where it would communicate with the floor.

Work of a Scoundrel.

PONTIAC, Feb. 12.—An attempt was made to wreck a train on the Michigan Air Line near Romeo. The train was due there about 5 p. m., but was over an hour late. At 6:25 Engineer Kirby discovered an obstruction on the track, and applied the brakes. He succeeded in checking his speed somewhat, but the locomotive struck an iron rail that had been placed across the track with such force that the two front wheels were broken, but neither the locomotive nor any of the cars were derailed. The engineer and fireman Battersby were pitched up against the top of the cab, but escaped with a few bruises and contusions each. There is no clew to the scoundrel who endeavored to wreck the train, and the motive is unknown.

Gang of Thieves Arrested.

ADRIAN, Feb. 13.—Five of the gang of thieves that have been committing numerous bold robberies about Blissfield during the past year were landed in jail here, and officers are now in Ohio after another, who lives at Metamora. The arrests were only made after one of Sheriff Wilson's force of deputies had spent several weeks in laying low with the gang, and so cleverly was the job done that the prisoners have all, with a single exception, made confessions. The amount stolen by the gang will figure up into the thousands, and it is believed they fired some of the places burned there recently.

Both Feet Frozen.

DETROIT, Feb. 15.—A man about 33 years old, who gave his name as B. Wright and claims to live at Almont, was found near the Woodward avenue crossing in a frozen condition. He was taken to the Fremont street station and later sent to Harper hospital, where it was found that both his feet had been frozen. The doctors also found that Wright was insane, and he told them that he had been at Pontiac. He will either be returned to that institution or sent to Wayne.

Youthful Robbers.

BAY CITY, Feb. 10.—Willie and Ed Sarisen and James Sills, aged about 15 or 16, are in jail, charged with highway robbery. It appears the three enticed another boy into the basement of a vacant house, where, after intimidating him with a knife, two held him while the third went through his pockets, taking a small amount of money. Sills and Will Sarisen have served terms at the reform school.

State Health Report.

LANSING, Feb. 15.—Reports to the state board of health show influenza, rheumatism, tonsillitis, neuralgia and bronchitis in the order named causing most sickness in Michigan during the week ending Feb. 10. Scarlet fever is reported at 52 places, diphtheria at 26, typhoid fever at 20, measles at 15 and smallpox at two. Consumption was reported by 89 per cent of the observers making weekly card reports.

De France's Trial.

KALAMAZOO, Feb. 12.—Attorney Taylor, representing S. J. De France, with Colonel Conely, was here Saturday, and it was arranged between him and the attorneys for the people that no attempt would be made to secure a change of venue, and the day of his trial was set for March 5, when Mr. Conely can be here.

AT HARD-TIME PRICES.

SEEDS

ONE CENT A PACKAGE and upwards, according to Variety and Quantity. Cheap as Wool, Cotton or Wheat, by ounce or pound. Climate of Michigan is best in the world for growing seeds. Our Farm, Garden and Flower Seeds are all living, fresh, tested, and sure to grow if given a chance. A Package of Seed given Free with every order. Send us your address by postal card, and we will MAIL YOU FREE our 1894 Illustrated Catalogue. Variety and Prices quoted WILL INTEREST YOU. S. M. ISBELL & CO., Jackson, Mich.

Overbeck & Stabler

PHONE 141.

GROCERS.

"DIRT DEFIES THE KING." THEN

SAPOLIO

IS GREATER THAN ROYALTY ITSELF.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY.

Many residents through the State of Michigan are making snug fortunes by buying vacant lots and acreage in Detroit, Michigan, and vicinity.

IF YOU HAVE \$100.00, or more, and wish to invest it, write the

HANNAN REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, Detroit, Mich.

McGraw Building. Send 3c in stamps for their "Epitome of Detroit." They will double your money.

1883—ESTABLISHED TEN YEARS—1893.

GREEN'S Fruit Guide and Catalogue.

30 PAGES, 9 COLORS, Illustrated. Free to all who Apply. Trees, Plants, Vines, Small Fruits, Roses, Ornamentals. SIXTY THOUSAND PATRONS Established 20 Years. 2 SERIES. See Green's Monthly—"Fruit Grower"—Sample Free. 100,000 Readers. 30c. a year. Address: GREEN'S NURSERY CO., Rochester, N. Y. In answering advertisement, please mention this paper.

TWENTY-SIXTH ANNUAL STATEMENT
MICHIGAN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF DETROIT, MICH.,
For the Year Ending December 31, 1893.

REVENUE ACCOUNT.	
Received for Premiums.....	\$1,082,853 68
Received for Interest and Rents	203,041 85
Total Income	\$1,285,895 53
Disbursements for Death Claims, Dividends, Matured Insurance, Surrender Values, and all Expenses.....	809,057 26
Balance to Investment Account	\$ 476,838 27
ASSET ACCOUNT.	
Cash in Bank	\$ 193,303 79
First Mortgage Loans on Real Estate.....	3,025,315 66
Real Estate, including Home Office Building	323,154 43
Loans to Policy Holders secured by Reserves	440,278 77
Bonds and Balances.....	4,357 03
Bills Receivable	40,825 00
Agents and Collateral.....	40,023 76
Interest and Rents Accrued	66,919 79
Interest and Rents Due	46,255 67
Outstanding Premiums, secured by Reserve Fund (50 per cent loading deducted).....	243,297 57
Deferred Premiums, secured by Reserve Fund (50 per cent loading deducted).....	39,100 80
Total Assets	\$4,563,632 34
LIABILITIES.	
Amount of Reserve Fund, American Table (4 1/2 per cent).....	\$4,005,148 95
Deposits of Policy Holders	3,513 10
Death Claims not due	32,893 91
Surplus	521,077 38
Total	\$4,563,632 34
New Risks assumed in 1893	\$ 7,175,918 15
Increase of Assets	515,390 93
Increase of Surplus	24,112 70
The total amount paid to Policy Holders by this Company to date is.....	\$4,070,614 65

O. B. LOOKER, Pres't. H. F. FREDE, Secretary.
S. E. MUMFORD, 1st Vice-Pres't. G. W. SANDERS, Actuary.
J. W. DUSENBURY, 2d Vice-Pres't. Gen. W. F. BAYNOLDS, Consulting Actuary,
For Rates and Plans of Insurance apply to B. J. CONRAD, Agt.,
Ann Arbor, Mich.

2:10 1-4 SPEED BREEDING. WILKIE KNOX 07. 2:10 1-4. GREAT INDIVIDUALITY.