

GRAND SUCCESS.

Customers surprised and delighted with the Bargains in our Inventory Sale of **BOOTS and SHOES** which will last for **THIRTY DAYS ONLY.**

WAHR & MILLER,

The Leaders in Fine Footwear.

48 South Main St.

FEBRUARY BARGAINS

ON A LOT OF EARLY

NEW SPRING GOODS

We are going to sell NEW GOODS during the next 30 days at prices that could not be touched a year ago; prices that may never be duplicated.

LADIES!

This will be a good opportunity for you to buy Spring Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Table Linens, Towels, Laces, Embroideries, Silks, Ribbons and Dress Goods. The wise and prudent are they who will take advantage of this sale.

WE WILL SELL

Twil Cotton Toweling at 3c a yard.
Linen Check Toweling at 5c a yard.
Turkey Red Fast Color Table Damask at 18c a yard.
Fine Cream Table Linen at 35c and 46c a yard.
Two Bales Fine Sheetings at 4c a yard.
Bleached Pillow Cotton at 9c a yard.
Bleached, two yards wide, Sheetings at 15c a yard.
Bleached, 2 1/2 yards wide, Sheetings at 18c a yard.
50 dozen Linen Huck Towels, worth 20c, for 12 1-2c each.
Lovely Wash Dress Goods open for this sale at 5c and 10c a yard.
50 pieces Fine New Spring Satines, choice styles, at 12 1-2c a yard.

NEW WOOL DRESS GOODS FOR SPRING

New Black Silks at 50c, 75c and \$1.00 a yard.
New Laces, Pointe de Ireland, Pointe Venice, Bourdon and Chantille, all in Edges and new Lace Bands.
55 pieces Hand Made Torchon Linen Laces at 5c a yard.
3,000 yards Wide and Narrow Fine Embroideries at 5c and 10c a yard.
10 pieces Figured Swiss for Curtains at 15c a yard.

\$10,000 Worth of New Spring Goods

OPEN FOR THIS SALE.

We always did and always will sell goods cheaper than any house on the street.

SCHAIER & MILLEN, Leaders of Low Prices.

BUY YOUR ENVELOPES AND PAPER

AT THE ARGUS OFFICE.

Prices that defy all competition. Envelopes of good quality, 25 in a package, 3 cts. per package, 2 packages for 5 cts. First class envelopes, 5c per package. First class, cream laid, plate finish, Writing Paper, 100 sheets for 10 cts.

Best quality of Linen Paper, ruled, 100 sheets, 15 cts. These are but sample prices.

Investigate and be convinced that we can save you 100 per cent. on goods in this line.

ARGUS OFFICE,

Opera House Block,

ANN ARBOR, - MICH.

FIGHT WITH A BURGLAR

Seven Shots Fired at Comstock F. Hill's in Lodi.

THE MISSING JONES SUICIDES IN YPSILANTI

Driven to Desperation, He Uses the Revolver on Himself with which He Shot Smith.—His Father and Mother Arrested.

A New Mill Dam Suit.

Thomas Fleming, of Lyndon township, has filed a bill in chancery through his attorney, Charles R. Whitman, asking for an injunction restraining Beeman & Rummel from flooding seventy acres of his land with water. The bill sets forth that Orson Beeman and Jacob Rummel are owners of the Waterloo grist mill, which is situated on the creek flowing from the western outlet of Sugar Loaf lake, which stream flows across Flemings' land and near the center of his land widens out into a large pool or small lake, and then flows into a narrower form until it reaches the mill pond, that for several years Beeman & Rummel have maintained at the upper end of the mill pond a flood gate, which has caused the water to overflow seventy acres of Fleming's land, that besides rendering the land unfit for cultivation, the overflowing of it with water in June and July causes foul odors to arise. Mr. Fleming asks for an injunction restraining Beeman & Rummel from overflowing his land.

An Encounter with a Burglar.

Wednesday night about midnight Comstock F. Hill, an old and wealthy resident of Lodi Plains, was aroused from his slumbers by the ringing of an electrical burglar alarm connecting his barn and residence. He and his son Ernest arose, hastily dressed themselves and started for the barn. Mr. Hill being armed with a double-barrelled shot-gun and Ernest Hill with a revolver. They separated, one going one way around the barn and the other the other. In a moment the burglar appeared in the door of the shed of the barn. Mr. Hill raised his gun and fired full at the burglar, but failed, so far as known, to hit him. The burglar returned the fire with a revolver, sending two bullets after Mr. Hill, and then started to run around the barn. As he went through the gate, Mr. Hill fired the other barrel at him but without bringing him down. As he ran around the barn he encountered young Hill who fired at the burglar when about 60 feet distant. The burglar ran toward Hill and when 10 or 15 feet away fired.

The ball embedded itself in young Hill's watch, but did no further harm. The burglar then, closed in on Hill and struck him over the head with a revolver, knocking him down. In the meantime Mr. Hill had returned to the house, reloaded his gun, and returned to the affray. Young Hill having recovered from the blow dealt him, started for the house, and meeting his father informed him that he (Ernest) was shot. His father returned with him to the house, and the burglar made his escape.

It was afterwards found that the burglar had been in the house, entering through a front window. He had been to the secretary and removed therefrom \$110 or \$115 in cash, and had then gone to the barn to steal a horse. In entering the shed to the barn he sprung the electric burglar alarm, which aroused Mr. Hill and his son. Their appearance on the scene prevented the stealing of the horse. In the past three or four years Mr. Hill has had several valuable horses stolen, and it was this fact which led to the putting in of the burglar alarm. Ernest, who formerly worked at Haller's jewelry store, in this city, conceived the idea of the electric burglar alarm, which undoubtedly in this case prevented the loss of another horse. Owing to the darkness and the excitement of the moment, neither Mr. Hill or his son are able to give any good description of the burglar, or tell whether he was white or black.

Sheriff Brenner was notified as early as possible and repaired to the scene of the burglary, but up to the present time, the officers have been unable to catch the thief.

Suicide of William Jones.

William Jones, the colored burglar, who shot deputy sheriff Smith, in Ypsilanti on Monday, last is dead

by his own hand. He committed suicide Wednesday. With frozen feet and hands, aware that the officers were after him, with a scar on his neck which prevented concealment, denied shelter at his mother's house, he lacked the courage to face the penalty of the law for his crimes and took his own life.

At about nine o'clock Wednesday night William Jones appeared at the residence of his mother, Mrs. Simpson, Prospect street, Ypsilanti. He was warned by his mother that it was no place for him, the officers were watching and they were looking after the house with the idea that he might come back. He asked to get warm. His hands and feet were frozen. He had ridden back to Ypsilanti from Jackson on the bumpers and exposure in the winter weather had told on him. He had a hunted look in his face. His mother impressed on him the fact that he must not stay in Ypsilanti. He replied that he wouldn't bother her long as he intended to make away with himself. After setting by the fire for awhile he went out, stepped across the lane into an orchard and then shot himself. He was found at once by Charles Simpson with a bullet hole in his head. He had shot himself in the right temple and his lifeless body lay face downward in the snow with a bull dog revolver under it. The suicide occurred shortly after midnight.

Justice Beach empaneled a coroner's jury and the inquest will be held this morning.

A letter was found on Jones's person which was as follows:

To whom it may concern:

This is to certify that I have this night taken my own life. My mother has closed her doors on me. My feet are frozen so bad I can't walk, so every avenue of escape is cut off. I hope the courts will not hold my dear mother responsible for anything that was found in her house that was stolen. I know she was asleep when it was brought in the house. I also wish to take all blame off Chas. Simpson. He is innocent. He knew nothing about any of the things that we were doing. I hope my mother says I can't stay in her house so I have nothing to do but die. My last request is, will the court see that my mother has my trunk and the things which belong to me, as nothing in there was stolen except the new stuff. I think I would have made a poor burglar had I lived to try my luck. Goodbye to the world.

W. R. JONES.

The mother received the following letter by mail from the suicide:

Jackson, Feb. 19, 1894.
My Own Dear Mother,—I beg you to forgive me for the terrible disgrace that I have brought upon your house. I know you did not suspect there was anything stolen in your house or you would have made us move it right away. I know the people will look down upon you and think you knew all about it, but you was asleep when that stuff came in to your house. Please do not worry over us boys, for I think we are not worthy of so good a mother. It was despondency that drove me to do it. I have been out of work so long without money or clothes so what could I do? I am in a barn, they have searched for me, but was not game enough to go all the way. I am never coming to Ypsilanti again and I may be a murderer. There was a policeman tried to take me to the lockup and I shot him two or three times. I don't know how bad I hurt him or anything about it, but I will not stop to find out. Kiss little sister for me. Love to you and Charlie. I remain, your son,
W. R. JONES.

Don't write. I may be in the other world when you hear from me again.

The officers don't take much stock in the story about the mother not knowing of the stolen goods and say that it does not agree with her story.

After the account of the recovery of the goods stolen from Bowdish & Matteson and Dusiber was written for last Tuesday's Argus, the officers made a more thorough search of the house and discovered a large quantity of stolen goods, including silver ware which had been marked over. In a trunk 160 napkins were found. They also had been marked over the original name. It is thought that the Jones boys were concerned in the Worden robbery last fall and in the robbery of the Saline post-office.

"Cy" Simpson and his wife were arrested as receivers of stolen property and bound over to the circuit court under \$350 bond each, which bonds they furnished.

Deputy Sheriff Peterson is confined to the house with his wounded hand. The bullet cut an ugly, jagged wound, and the officer kept on with his duties for several hours after he was shot so that the wound is very painful. Deputy Sheriff Smith is doing well.

ANN ARBOR POSTOFFICE

Good Prospects of a New Building Being Ordered.

CONGRESSMAN GORMAN'S BILL MAY PASS.

Committee On Buildings Favorably Disposed.—Congressman Griffin's Telegraph Bill.—Mr. Gorman's Accident.—Michigan Notes.

(Special Correspondence from Capitol News Co.) WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 19, 1894.

Heretofore Congressman Griffin has been keeping pretty quiet and learning how to be a congressman. He has, up to date, introduced only two private pension bills, but he has been preparing a bill he is about to introduce that will be decidedly public in its character. The time may grow ripe for such a bill, and sometime, but probably not during Mr. Griffin's time as a congressman, and possibly not in the present century, such a bill may pass. The bill is to provide for the ownership by the government of all telegraph lines, as the government now own and controls the postoffices. When questioned about his proposed bill, Mr. Griffin said:

"Yes, I propose to introduce such a bill in order that my position on the subject may be understood. There is a strong public demand for government ownership of the telegraph and for a one-cent rate of postage. Of the two, I think the former should receive first attention. It may not be possible for the government to build up an entire telegraph system at a single stroke, but it can be gradually accomplished. The government can first give the people one or two lines, and connecting lines can be added later." When asked if he was not stealing the thunder from Jerry Simson or some other Populist, he said:

"I don't care whether the Populists or Socialists urge the plan; I believe it to be entirely feasible. This country is advancing, and in its advance it should control the telegraph lines just as it now controls the mails."

During the past week the House committee on public buildings and grounds has reported favorably upon three or four public buildings in different parts of the country, and the bills providing for their erection will no doubt pass the House at an early day. The fact is one that will be especially encouraging to the citizens of the University city of Michigan, as well as to the students and friends of the great University, as soon as they know other facts in connection therewith. The members of the committee have all along assured Congressman Gorman that his bill for a public building at Ann Arbor should be favorably reported and passed as soon as any bills for any public buildings in any state were reported and passed. And that is the reason why Mr. Gorman feels so much encouraged to believe that he will live to see the present Congress pass his bill to give Ann Arbor a \$75,000 public building.

Many cities in the country lay claim to public buildings, and their claims have much of merit in them. This nobody on the committee or in congress disputes; and yet the members of the committee freely concede the greater claim of a city like Ann Arbor, with one of the greatest universities in the land, with its 3,000 students to patronize the postoffice. With his bill once reported Mr. Gorman will have no trouble in passing it, and for this reason. There are in the House and Senate, scores of men who are full graduates of either one or two of the courses there or have attended school there for at least a part of a course. This gives the city an acquaintance among members of Congress that few cities many times larger possess, and the impression is, in every case, a most favorable one.

And so the conditions are more favorable for Ann Arbor's public building than for any other building in Michigan, or for almost any other in the country.

Congress sometimes passes a public building bill and omits what is called the appropriation clause. That is, the building is authorized, the limit of cost fixed, and the supervising architect authorized to go ahead and select the site and prepare plans, but no appropriation is made at that time for commencing the real work of building, or even with which to pay for the site. Such a bill is far preferable to none, for it insures the building for the city named, and makes it obligatory upon the next congress thereafter to make an appropriation for paying

for the site and erecting the building. And so, if Congressman Gorman can't get the appropriation now, he hopes for the next best thing, and will be glad to have the building ordered this year, hoping that he can secure all or a part of the necessary appropriation from the short session of the present congress.

Congressman Weadock informs the writer hereof that the nomination of Wm. J. Daunt, to be postmaster at Bay City, is not hanging fire because of any intention on anybody's part to defeat his confirmation, or because anybody finds any fault with the appointment. The case is simply waiting for Senator McMillan, who has been away because of the death of his brother's wife, and is to be away this week in attendance at the Michigan Club banquet at Detroit on the 22nd instant. The committee on Postoffices and post roads is divided into sub-committees, and as such Senator McMillan is in charge of all post-office nominations for Michigan and one or two other states. In that position his recommendations count for or against an appointee just as stoutly as though he were a tried and true Democrat.

Dr. Kennedy, who is the referee in the Saginaw district, now represented by a Republican, is said to have endorsed for postmaster at Greenville, where a lively contest has raged for some time, Charles Hickox, who held the same position under Mr. Cleveland in his first term. Dr. Kennedy was also Mr. Cleveland's former postmaster at St. Louis, and, very naturally, endorsed himself for his old job, to which he was recently appointed. The other five candidates at Greenville naturally kick on the choice Dr. Kennedy has made.

Although still a great sufferer from his recent fall, when he landed squarely on the stump of his amputated arm, Congressman Gorman is very slowly getting better. He is now able to be at the capitol a part of each day, but fears he will never again be as well even as he was before the fall. The left arm or stump, hangs by his side and he is powerless to raise it an inch even, and thinks it likely he will not again be able to move it as he did before the accident.

Congressman Moon, who will be one of the congressional party to leave here on the 20th for the Detroit banquet, expects to go on to his home at Muskegon and spend a week in looking after his business interests before returning to his congressional duties.

Congressman Stephenson has secured from the committee on public lands a favorable report on his bill to donate forty acres of land to the township of Ironwood, Schoolcraft county, for cemetery purposes, and the bill will pass. The township some years ago bought the land from a private individual who supposed he had a valid title and could give a good title to it. It was found he had not, and so the government was asked to either sell or give the land to the township, as it was in use as a cemetery. They will donate it as its value is only \$1.25 per acre.

Michigan Democrats were on the 12th made postmasters as follows: Manistique, Arthur R. Putnam; St. Clair, Wm. M. Barren; Norway, J. H. Gee.

On the same day the Senate confirmed the nominations of Alfred P. Lyon and John Powers as district attorneys of the eastern and western districts of Michigan, respectively; and of Charles R. Pratt as marshal of the western district.

Municipal Club Election.

The Municipal club held a meeting last Tuesday night. They had accomplished such great and lasting reforms during the past year that they felt like enabling the republicans to get a few of the offices again this spring. So they met, talked and elected the following officers: President, Levi D. Wines; vice-president, George W. Weeks; secretary, J. R. Bowdish; treasurer, E. E. Calkins; executive committee, B. M. Thompson, Henry S. Dean and G. Frank Allmendinger. The Times says of the meeting that the enthusiasm displayed was rather chilly. Speeches were made by Mayor Thompson, Rev. J. M. Gelston, Rev. Mr. Willits, Rev. Mr. Sunderland, A. Ten Brook, E. F. Johnson, Ald. Prettyman and J. V. Sheehan.

The club last year made a great howl about houses of ill fame. Mayor Thompson in his remarks said: "In regard to houses of ill fame, there were none in the city when I came into office and I believe there are none now." He said he would not be a candidate for re-election.

Manchester.

H. Bowen went to Toledo last Monday to visit friends.

Mrs. Rob. Murphy, of Detroit, is visiting at her uncle's, J. Kelly.

Miss Allie Lazell spent Sunday with her friend, Miss Ethel Baldwin.

Miss Ora Case, of Summit, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Frank Merrithew.

Ed. Root went to Bay City, Monday, as a delegate of the A. O. U. W. lodge, No. 53.

A number of school children as well as the older ones are sick with the mumps.

Thursday being a legal holiday school was dismissed, but Friday the work was resumed.

Mrs. Babbitt, of Ypsilanti, was in town Tuesday and attended the meeting of the W. R. C.

The ladies of the Baptist church will serve refreshments at one of the vacant stores next Saturday.

Mrs. J. Kelly and Mrs. R. Murphy went to Clinton Tuesday to spend a few days visiting relatives.

Mrs. Henry Cash and children, of Brooklyn, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Kelly.

Mr. Gruner, of Ann Arbor, and Mr. Helber, of Saline, were in town the first of the week, on business.

Alma, Louise and Marie Schmid spent Thursday at Tecumseh visiting their aunt, Mrs. Wm. Arnold.

Mrs. Chas. Senger, who for a number of years has been quite feeble, is now very sick with bronchitis.

The Misses Leitz, of Tifton, Ohio, who came to attend the funeral of their father, have returned home.

A number of pupils of the Union school have joined the Michigan Pupils' Reading Circle which will meet once every week.

Florida on wheels was the great attraction in town last Tuesday. A great many who did not visit the World's Fair had an opportunity to see a choice display.

St. Valentine's day was well observed by the school children. They not only sent and received many but were also treated to nuts, candies, oranges, etc., by their respective teachers.

At the meeting of the Alpha Sigma last Monday evening, the subject of the debate was "Resolved, that the life of the barbarian is happier than that of the civilized." It was decided in favor of the negative.

Economy and Strength.

Valuable vegetable remedies are used in the preparation of Hood's Sarsaparilla in such a peculiar manner as to retain the full medicinal value of every ingredient. (Thus Hood's Sarsaparilla combines economy and strength and is the only remedy of which "100 Doses One Dollar" is true. Be sure to get Hood's.

Hood's PILLS do not purge, pain or gripe, but act promptly, easily and efficiently.

Chelsea.

The Congregational society will now build a new church next summer.

Rev. Walter Elliott will preach at St. Mary's church next Sunday evening.

Business has been dull since the going broke up and prices on nearly everything declined.

D. B. Taylor was in Bay City the first of the week attending the Grand Lodge of the A. O. U. W.

C. W. Maroney has the contract to put up C. J. Chandler & Co's warehouse and chicken ranch.

Dr. H. A. Curtis has been holding forth at the town hall this week with Japanese cure-all remedies.

The Rev. L. N. Moon will preach next Sunday night on the subject: "After Death, Where?" Purgatory or intermediate state.

The free seat offering for the M. E. church last Friday night was well attended and a pleasant occasion and realized \$110 for Rev. L. N. Moon.

The ladies' county missionary society of the Baptist church will hold a convention at the Baptist church in this village on Thursday of this week.

Henry Franklin, of Sylvan Center, was in this village on Friday night the 9th of this month, in a state of intoxication, and has not been heard of since. It is uncertain whether he undertook to go home and got lost and froze to death, or went away and has not reported his whereabouts. He was a single man about 45 years old, and respected by his neighbors. He had only the one unfortunate habit of taking too much drink occasionally.

Happy and Hungry.

For over five years I was a constant sufferer with that most terrible and annoying disease, dyspepsia. After paying out hundreds of dollars, the only medicine I found that would do me any good was Sulphur Bitters. Six bottles cured me. Now I can eat well and am happy and hungry.—Editor.

Bridgewater.

Flavius J. Knight, of the University, spent Sunday at home.

Mrs. Emma Blackmer, of Galesburg, Ill., (nee Emma Hall, of Saline,) and two children, are visiting friends in town.

On Wednesday evening, Feb. 14, occurred the twenty-fifth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Van Gieson. Remembering friends and neighbors planned a surprise to commemorate the event. Accordingly, on that evening a small army, numbering about fifty, laden with provisions, marched in upon the unsuspecting pair. Under the auspices of the Bridgewater Literary Society a short program was rendered, consisting of a vocal solo by Miss Edith Van Gieson, address of welcome and presentation by the president of the society, James Benham; reading, Miss Ada Stancil; instrumental solo, Lizzie G. Tate; address, Taylor Aulis. A bountiful supper was served and a very pleasant evening spent, after which the guests departed, leaving behind them a few appropriate tokens of regard. Here's wishing them many happy returns of the day.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

Milan.

Mrs. H. Vincent is quite ill.

Mrs. Coe left for St. Louis, Mo., Monday afternoon.

Prof. Warren Babcock and wife left for Lansing, Friday.

Little Walton Barnes, who has been quite ill, is out again.

Chas. Wilson and wife are visiting friends in Mancelona.

Mrs. Hinkley gave a little party Monday evening to a few friends.

Mrs. Susie Knight is the guest of her sister Mrs. T. Barnes, at Dundee.

Miss Leena went to Napoleon to organize a Junior League Saturday.

L. Eldredge and wife spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. T. Barnes at Dundee.

Mr. C. M. Fuller taught school at the Tamerack for Miss Swick, Monday.

Mrs. J. Denton gave a tea to a number of her lady friends, Friday afternoon.

The Baptist minister, Rev. J. W. Stone, and family, will move to Milan this week.

Mr. O. H. Kelly will soon be selling goods at his own store on West Main street.

Forty-five members were taken into the M. E. church on probation last Sunday morning.

Mrs. T. Y. Lacy entertained her son, Private Wm. R. Trimble, of Fort Wayne, last week.

Another masquerade in honor of Father George, the 22nd of February, at the opera house.

Mrs. C. Chapin entertained a few guests one bright evening last week at her home on W. Main street.

Mrs. Whitmarsh is entertaining her sister, Mrs. Belle Stringer, and children, from Inkster, this week.

Mr. Dick Knight, from the Green Mountain state, is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Knight.

Mrs. H. Sill is entertaining her mother, Mrs. Wm. Hoyt, of Saline, and her aunt from New York, this week.

Editor Smith says he sold 536 valentines the first week in February, and he wishes for more valentine days during the year.

Rev. C. S. Bullock, of Saline, will deliver a free lecture at the M. E. church, Tuesday evening, Feb. 20. Subject: "Glimpses of the Past."

Thursday evening Rev. and Mrs. E. Yager will give a reception to the converts and the young members of the church at Blackmer's Hall.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. church, will hold their tea social at the residence of Mrs. H. A. Taylor on First St., Wednesday afternoon.

Misses Flossie Chapin, Imo Whitmarsh, Lelia Kelly and several others attended the Choral Union entertainment at Ann Arbor Sunday evening.

Mrs. Pyle gave a pleasant little tea party the last of the week in honor of her guests, Mrs. Minnie and Ward, of Chicago, and her sister, Miss Grace Menzie, of Niagara Falls.

The Star Lodge will indulge in a pink tea and social at the opera house, Tuesday evening. Games and an interesting program will be indulged in, making the evening full of interest to all.

People troubled with sick and nervous headache will find a most efficacious remedy in Ayer's Cathartic Pills. They strengthen the stomach, stimulate the liver, restore healthy action to the digestive organs, and thus afford speedy and permanent relief.

Dexter Village.

Mr. John Hanzleman, of Detroit, is visiting his friends here.

Wheat dropped in price as low as 49 cents here last week.

There are several cases of scarlet fever in Hudson and Dover.

Joseph Stierle will move on the Wm. Stevens farm in the near future.

The Catholic priest will give a series of lectures at the Dexter opera house this week.

Jacob Berner has rented the Sullivan farm near Ann Arbor, and will move there in spring.

The new front of S. L. Jenny's store is now completed, and Mr. Ed. Croarkin will soon occupy the same with a good stock of clothing.

Mrs. John Schieferstein has purchased the Hunter property in Chelsea, a house and lot on the corner of Washington and Madison streets, and will move there in the spring.

The Japanese medicine company, who have been giving entertainments here for the past few weeks, leave for Chelsea, Monday. They gave good entertainments here, and also sold a large quantity of their medicines.

Do not allow yourself to be imposed on by the many novel schemes, advertising new and untried so-called cough remedies; but stick to the old reliable, Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the unfailing cure for all affections of the throat and chest.

The Grip.

An experience with this disease during all its past epidemics, warrants the bold claim that Dr. King's New Discovery will positively cure each and every case if taken in time, and the patient takes the ordinary care to avoid exposure. Another thing has been proven, that those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery escape the many troublesome after results of this disease. By all means get a bottle and try it. It is guaranteed, and money will be refunded if no good results follow its use. Sold at Eberbach Drug & Chemical Co.'s drug store, Ann Arbor, and at Geo. J. Haussler's drug store, Manchester.

W. I. Church, of Staunton Post, G. A. R., says: "I have tried nearly every cough remedy, but have found nothing to compare with Parks' Cough Syrup. There is nothing on earth like it for bronchitis. I have suffered ever since my discharge from the army, and Parks' Cough Syrup is the only remedy that has ever helped me." Sold by Eberbach & Sons.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Dexter Township.

D. Bell spent Sunday with his Hudson friends.

Nick Ridd entertained his chum the past week.

Mr. Sales entertained friends the first of the week.

Mr. Williams and wife entertained friends this week.

Hugh Quinn spent several days in Pontiac last week.

Mrs. F. Carpenter entertained her brothers last week.

Will Counter, of Jackson, is the guest of his cousins.

Chas. Stannard and family spent Monday in Pinckney.

John McIntee has been the guest of friends the past week.

H. D. Mowers, of Pinckney, made us a pleasant call, Friday.

E. Croarkin will open a new clothing store in our village.

Norman Reason, of Pinckney, was here one day last week.

Will Thurston and sister visited Ann Arbor friends last week.

Mrs. McQuillan and baby visited in Lodi the last of the week.

Mr. Wheeler and wife, of South Putnam, spent Saturday here.

A series of lectures is being held at the opera house this week.

Geo. Culy, of Hamburg, was here on business one day last week.

Business called B. Hooker, of Pettysville, to this place Saturday.

Mrs. F. Schulthys enjoyed a visit from her daughter the past week.

John Gregory made his country friends a short call, Monday.

Thomas McComb entertained his nephew several days last week.

John Roberts and daughter visited in Chelsea the first of the week.

Ray Buckalew has purchased his grandfather's farm in Webster.

Dan Sackett and wife was the guest of Pinckney relatives last week.

John Fittle was looking after old friends in this vicinity last week.

Mr. Whitehead intends moving on the Wilson farm, near Anderson.

L. D. Alley and wife spent several days last week in Livingston Co.

James Lyman entertained his son from Jackson the first of the week.

L. C. Rodman will erect a large, basement barn on his farm next spring.

Frank and Carrie Erwin are entertaining their cousin for a few days.

Mrs. E. Serviss, of Ann Arbor, visited her mother Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. Culet and friend were entertained by Pinckney friends, Saturday.

The Misses Dolan, of Pinckney, spent Wednesday with their cousins.

The most punctual man on earth is the tax collector. He's always on time.

Mr. Sly is soon to take possession of Richard McQuillan's farm at North Lake.

Siney Thurston gave the young people a dance Friday evening at this house.

Mrs. John McCabe and family entertained some of their relatives last Saturday.

It is reported that Geo. Spiegelberg and family will move to Chelsea in the spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Stanton entertained a number of their friends at progressive euchre one night last week.

Married, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Reason, in Pinckney, Wednesday, Feb. 21, 1894, Miss Annie I. Reason to Mr. Fred M. Grieres. May much happiness attend them through life is the wish of their many friends.

Any one in possession of 25 cents can go to the nearest dealer in medicines and procure a bottle of Salvation Oil for rheumatism, neuralgia, or any pain or ache.

Proceedings of the Board of Public Works, (OFFICIAL.)

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, Ann Arbor, Mich., Feb. 14, 1893.

Regular session. Called to order by Pres. Keech. Roll called. Full Board present.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

The sewer labor bills from January 29 to and including February 10 were read and approved, and submitted to the Common Council for payment of the same.

Mr. Keech moved that the bills of John J. Robinson, of \$100, and Mrs. Emma B. Ricketts, of \$25, for right of way of the main sewer over their property, be approved and submitted to the Common Council for their allowance and payment of the same.

Yeas—Messrs. Keech, Schuh and McIntyre.

The claim for damages in the matter of the petition of Mrs. Ann J. Walker for injury by falling on sidewalk on Geddes avenue was, on motion of Mr. McIntyre, referred to Mr. Keech and the City Attorney for report.

On motion the Board adjourned. W. J. MILLER, Clerk.

"If you don't look better, feel better, eat better and sleep better, bring it back." That is what we say when we sell a bottle of "Parks' Sure Cure." If you are not feeling just right; if your head aches; your back aches; your stomach distresses you; if you are "out of sorts" and don't know what the trouble is, why don't you try a bottle on this guaranteed plan? "We will take the chances if you will take the medicine." Sold by Eberbach & Sons.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE. The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by The Eberbach Drug and Chemical Co., Ann Arbor, and Geo. J. Haussler, Manchester.



Poor Health No Appetite

Neuralgia—Very Miserable
Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures Good Health.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: 'About one ago, I was in very poor health and had no appetite. I could not work, for I did not have any energy. I was suffering with neuralgia and the pain was intensified by my being kicked by a horse. Altogether I

was Very Miserable and had fallen away so that I only weighed ninety pounds. I took doctor's medicine, but it did me no good. Perchance I noticed an advertisement of Hood's Sarsaparilla in the Christian Evangelist. I sent at once for a bottle of the medicine. When I had emptied the bottle my appetite was quite good and I was

A Good Deal Stronger. I therefore kept on until I had taken three bottles. By that time I was well, and my weight had increased to 120 pounds. MRS. SARAH E. FELL, Walz, Michigan.

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

Proceedings of the Board of Public Works, (OFFICIAL.)

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, Ann Arbor, Mich., Feb. 21, 1893.

Regular session. Called to order by Pres. Keech. Roll called. Full Board present.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

The matter of sinking well and putting pump in running order for Mrs. Doig was referred to the Street Commissioner.

Mr. Keech moved that the bill of Dett & Philips of \$16 for sinking Heinzenman & Laubengayer's well be approved and recommended to the Common Council for its allowance.

Yeas—Messrs. Keech, Schuh, and McIntyre.

The Clerk reported that he had received \$7.56 on account of damage to sewer pipe from the T. A. A. & N. M. railroad.

On motion the Board adjourned. W. J. MILLER, Clerk.

When the hair begins to fall out or turn gray, the scalp needs doctoring, and we know of no better specific than Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

Unsuccessful. The pages of amusing literature are stocked with the sayings of honest and untruthful people. The following incidents have, moreover, the merit of being strictly true.

A lady who had studied an elementary treatise of astrology one day took it upon her to "cast the horoscope" of a boarding house acquaintance.

"Let me see," she began after taking down the day of the "subject's" birth, "you are in Aries. Aries is intellect. Why, no!" she suddenly exclaimed, looking up, as the full force of the definition struck her, "there must be some mistake. You can't be in Aries!"

Another innocently frank person was admiring the baby grandson of a famous man.

"Now," said she encouragingly to the parents of the child, "this boy will be a genius. It is perfectly safe to expect it, for you know genius always skips one generation."—Youth's Companion.

Sharpening Up.

Northerner—That hog must be bothered with fleas, from the way he scratches himself.

Southerner—Fleas nuthin! That's a razor-back hog, sah, and he's just stroppin' himself.—Life.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world.

Mrs. N. Meyeette, of Genesee county treasurer of the W. C. T. U., and a very influential worker in the cause of women, says: "I have used Parks' Tea, and find it is the best remedy I have ever tried for constipation. It requires smaller doses and is more thorough. I shall use nothing else in future." Sold by Eberbach & Sons.

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke your Life Away

Is the truthful, startling title of a little book that tells all about No-to-bac, the wonderful, harmless Guaranteed tobacco habit cure. The cost is trifling and the man who wants to quit and can't run on physical or financial risk in using "No-to-bac." Sold by all druggists. Address: The Sterling Remedy Co., Indiana Mineral Springs, Ind.

"It is not what you earn, but what you save that makes you rich."

SAVE REGULARLY

On a Plan, and Deposit your Savings in the

STATE SAVINGS BANK

ANN ARBOR, MICH.

4 Per Cent paid and Interest compounded every Six Months.

A. L. NOBLE, Pres. WM. ARNOLD, Vice Pres. ROBERT PHILLIPS, Cashier.

Cleaning up.

We have been having a general "clean up" in our stock the past month. In Pianos we have a few more odd ones yet to go.

Especially

Two Boardman & Gray brand new Uprights—one each Walnut and Mahogany—three pedals, latest styles and improvements. We do not intend to carry this make of instrument and will sell them TWENTY per cent below regular spot cash price. Everyone knows that the "matchless" Boardman & Gray is first class in every respect. We mean just what we say about closing them out. Here are TWO bargains for some one.

The Ann Arbor Organ Co.

51 S. Main St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

SOLE AGENTS: CHICKERING BROS. MEHLIN PIANOS ERIE BRAUMULLER

WEAK, NERVOUS & DISEASED MEN.

Thousands of Young and Middle Aged Men are annually swept to a premature grave through early indiscretion and later excesses. Self abuse and Constitutional Blood Diseases have ruined and wrecked the life of many a promising young man. Have you any of the following symptoms: Nervous and Dependent; Tired in Morning; No Ambition; Memory Poor; Easily Fatigued; Excitable and Irritable; Eyes Blue; Pimples on the Face; Dreams and Drains at Night; Headless; Haggard Looking; Stitches; Sore Throat; Hair Loose; Pains in Body; Sunken Eyes; Lifeless; Distracted and Lack of Energy and Strength. Our New Method Treatment will build you up mentally, physically and sexually.

Chas. Patterson. Read DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN Have Done What

"At 14 years of age I learned a bad habit which almost ruined me. I became nervous and weak. My back troubled me. I could stand no exertion. Head and eyes became dull. Dreams and drains at night weakened me. I tried seven Medical Firms, Electric Belts, Patent Medicines and Family Doctors. They gave me no help. A friend advised me to try Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. They sent me one month's treatment and it cured me. I could feel myself gaining every day. Their New Method Treatment cures when all else fails." They have cured many of my friends.

Cured in one month Dr. Monilton.

Cured a year ago Capt. Townsend.

Cured in one month Dr. Monilton.

Cured a year ago Capt. Townsend.

"Some 8 years ago I contracted a serious constitutional blood disease. I went to Hot Springs to treat for syphilis. Mercury almost killed me. After a while the symptoms again appeared. Throat became sore, pains in limbs, pimples on face, blotches, eyes red, loss of hair, glands enlarged, etc. A medical friend advised Dr. Kennedy & Kergan's New Method Treatment. It cured me, and I have had no symptoms for five years. I am married and happy. As a doctor, I heartily recommend it to all who have this terrible disease—syphilis." It will eradicate the poison from the blood."

15 YEARS IN DETROIT. 150,000 CURED.

"I am 33 years of age, and married. When young I led a gay life. Early indiscretions and later excesses made trouble for me. I became weak and nervous. My kidneys became affected and I feared Bright's disease. Married life was unsatisfactory and my home unhappy. I tried everything—all failed till I took treatment from Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. Their New Method built me up mentally, physically and sexually. I feel and act like a man in every respect. Try them."

No Names Used Without Written Consent of Patient.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

(OFFICIAL.)

Council Chamber,
Ann Arbor, Feb. 19th, 1894.Regular meeting.
Called to order by Pres. Watts.
Roll called. Quorum present.
Absent—Ald. Martin, O'Mara, Taylor—3.

The journal of the last session was approved.

PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS.

A petition was received from the Ferguson Cart & Carriage Co., asking permission to erect a frame barn on the south side of the residence of A. P. Ferguson, about ten or fifteen feet from the west property line.

Ald. Wagner moved that the petition be referred to a special committee of three.

Adopted.
President Watts appointed the following committee:

Ald. Prettyman, Wood and Manly.

A petition of Ambrose Kearney as administrator of the estate of Richard Sappel, deceased, makes the petition in behalf of said estate, that on the 1st of January, 1894, Richard Sappel was in the employ of the city, as a laborer, in constructing the main sewer and upon the premises of Heinzmann & Laubengayer, the said Richard Sappel was buried in said sewer causing his death. The petition represents that the said Richard Sappel left surviving him Johanna Kennedy, that she was wholly dependent upon him for support and maintenance. Petition asks damages to wit the sum of \$6,000.

Accepted and referred to sewer committee.

REPORT OF COMMITTEES.

To the Common Council:—
Your committee on licenses to whom was referred the petition of eleven day-men of the city asking that the day licenses be raised to \$10 on single and double drays.

Your committee have had the subject under consideration and find that in the year 1889 the council was petitioned to have the license fixed at \$3 and \$5 and the ordinance was so amended and in 1891 the council was asked to have the license reduced and the ordinance was amended so as to reduce the license, which ordinance is now in force.

Your committee is therefore unanimously of the opinion that there is no good reason why the ordinance should again at this time be amended, therefore recommend that the petition be denied.

Respectfully submitted,

ARTHUR J. KITSON,
FRANK WOOD,

License Committee.

Accepted and recommendation concurred in.

FINANCE.

To the Common Council:

Your Committee on Finance respectfully report that they have had the following bills under consideration and would recommend their allowance at sums stated:

SEWER FUND.

Ann Arbor Savings Bank, accounts assigned them as follows:

Charles Weiler, laborer	14 55
Emil Baer, laborer	2 70
August Jahneke, laborer	2 70
William Walker, laborer	5 00
Julius Nimm, laborer	7 35
Henry Luce, laborer	15 45
John Krumme, laborer	15 07
Charles Krumme, laborer	15 42
Anton Spies, laborer	10 35
Wm. Loebe, laborer	7 59
John Schaeffer, laborer	2 25
Julius Weinmann, laborer	15 15
P. W. Rogers, laborer	1 35
August Moikentien, laborer	4 80
Charles Glaser, laborer	8 10
Richard Looker, laborer	5 40
Ernest Gutekunst, laborer	8 10
Harry Gaudel, laborer	7 05
Harvey Brughlin, laborer	15 83
August Jahr, laborer	1 35
James Wilcox, laborer	8 30
William J. Wickham, laborer	17 59
Robert Leonard, laborer	17 59
Gottlieb Leubke, laborer	8 10
Fred Luebbe, laborer	7 05
Julius Betke, laborer	8 10
Samuel Katenbach, laborer	1 35
Wm. Kretlow, laborer	6 75
Alexander Morrison, laborer	7 04
Daniel Morrison, laborer	7 05
Charles Hinderlong, laborer	7 04
Michael Williams, laborer	13 50
Peter Hinderlong, laborer	2 45
John Brown, laborer	15 35
Frank Reichenbacher, laborer	5 85
Julius Schultz, laborer	2 10
Gottlieb Finkbeiner, laborer	13 50
Albert March, laborer	10 20
Jacob Basler, laborer	6 30
Frank Schults, laborer	2 70
Andrew Lyons, laborer	5 70
Chas. Bucholz, laborer	4 00
Christian Deiterle, laborer	8 50
James Parsons, laborer	15 25
Patrick McCabe, laborer	15 25
John Roel, laborer	12 00
Michael Frieshorn, laborer	21 23
Christopher Comiskey, laborer	4 80
Martin Adenschank, laborer	6 00
Herman Baer, laborer	13 05
Charles Weinkauf, laborer	13 50
John F. Gross, laborer	9 00
Gottlieb Walter, laborer	12 70
August Arndt, laborer	5 55
William Giesgrove, laborer	6 55
Gottlieb Geisler, laborer	13 95
George Fischer, laborer	7 85
Carl Jonoske, laborer	10 50
William Dorow, laborer	11 85
S. D. Bycraft, laborer	15 75
John Holik, laborer	6 60
John Meaerth, laborer	11 25
Frank Dugdale, laborer	15 75
Albert Zemke, laborer	14 77
Michael Welch, laborer	12 00
Alexander Schioup, laborer	4 65
Charles Walker, laborer	13 80
Edward Jacobus, laborer	8 02
Michael Kusterer, laborer	12 50
Christian Waltz, laborer	14 85
Harry O'Grady, laborer	16 49
George Haus, laborer	5 25
Adolph Walter, laborer	7 05
Adolph K. laborer	10 05
Gustave Walter, laborer	10 80
N. J. Kline, laborer	11 40
Jacob Moegle, laborer	10 80
Joseph Moser, laborer	15 15
Geo. Mason, laborer	14 40
Edward Miller, laborer	13 20
William Piske, laborer	23 10
James Meisner, laborer	4 05
Christian Letter, laborer	6 60
Frank Cosgrove, laborer	12 81
William Howard, laborer	15 45
Philip Leaver, laborer	10 80
Charles Long, laborer	5 02
Geo. Lavers, laborer	9 45
William Felske, laborer	21 15
Adolph Finkbeiner, laborer	7 55

H. L. Bucholz, laborer	13 80
Hert Bailey, laborer	12 35
John Bailey, laborer	2 10
Charles Bailey, laborer	11 10
Charles Colegrove, laborer	4 20
Christian Larnie, laborer	7 35
Fred Wolf, laborer	6 05
Charles Cole, laborer	5 50
Frank Archer, laborer	3 30
Frank Wehrhies, laborer	1 05
William McQuinn, laborer	5 17
Frank Burt, laborer	4 05
George Boettger, laborer	2 55
Bernard Mast, laborer	2 10
David T. Tabor, laborer	7 50
Michael Kenny, laborer	8 10
Charles Raab, laborer	2 10
Ed. S. Carr, laborer	4 35
August Reiter, laborer	7 35
William Enkeman, laborer	5 25
Robert Milten, laborer	4 35
William Erdman, laborer	4 95
Charles Bruck, laborer	4 30
John Downs, laborer	4 30
William Miley, laborer	4 05
Paul Fessner, laborer	7 50
A. M. Carroll, laborer	10 20
Edward Barnett, laborer	7 35
Thomas Clarken, laborer	7 35
Wm. Stoll, laborer	8 17
August M. laborer	6 30
William Bird, laborer	3 30
Patrick Reid, laborer	4 80
Albert Steffin, laborer	15 75
Albert Schoen, laborer	7 35
Michael Herey, laborer	2 10
Fred Hintz, laborer	2 10
Peter Peterson, laborer	3 90
Henry O'Malley, laborer	8 70
Lewis Waltz, laborer	2 70
Conrad Leuman, laborer	4 05
Charles Winkie, laborer	10 50
Frederick Schaeffer, laborer	7 50
Christian Altmendinger, laborer	4 70
John Byrns, laborer	13 20
Solomon Armstrong, laborer	6 05
Adam Vorhels, horse and cart	25 01
Daniel Carward, horse and cart	15 27
Total	\$1,198 05 1,198 05

Farmers & Mechanics Bank, accounts assigned as follows:

Adolph Finkbeiner, laborer	2 70
Charles Burt, laborer	18 80
Frank Ulrich, laborer	2 10
John Byrns, laborer	15 75
John Schaeffer, laborer	6 10
Charles Sapp, laborer	15 75
Walter Rogers, laborer	5 40
Johnathan Drake, laborer	16 20
Fred Hintz, laborer	3 70
Daniel Flynn, laborer	13 15
John Burnes, laborer	1 55
Charles Haas, laborer	11 62
William Kayska, laborer	15 25
Hiram Kiregaw, laborer	4 65
Michael Heinemann, laborer	13 15
Gottlieb Finkbeiner, laborer	9 45
Gottlieb Kugart, laborer	15 75
Herman Schaeffer, laborer	6 45
Gottlieb Scheider, laborer	6 15
Joseph Clinton, laborer	9 45
Anton Otto, laborer	9 00
Bernhard Lander, laborer	8 02
Oscar Schrader, laborer	10 50
August Moikentien, laborer	6 30
Theobald Martini, laborer	15 75
Lawrence Hughes, laborer	10 35
Gottlieb Schuon, laborer	4 05
Charles Bucholz, laborer	7 50
Herman Bucholz, laborer	9 45
Charles Schreier, laborer	8 10
Chas. Starks, laborer	2 10
George Haues, laborer	4 40
August Boehneke, laborer	2 70
August Behnke, laborer	8 00
Christian Larnie, laborer	7 50
Christ. Heinemann, laborer	7 50
William Erdmann, laborer	7 50
William Kretlow, laborer	13 20
Theo. Reichenbacher, laborer	2 70
Herman Zoll, laborer	4 80
Nicholas Hinderlong, laborer	9 45
Dan. Morrison, laborer	6 05
Julius Schultz, laborer	8 10
Frank Schultz, laborer	8 10
Emil Rabr, laborer	4 65
Charles Kraus, laborer	12 82
John Gross, laborer	5 70
Louis Spaulding, laborer	7 05
Gustave Schmitt, laborer	5 70
John Kramel, laborer	8 77
David Taylor, laborer	7 05
William Looker, laborer	7 05
Michael Kusterer, laborer	7 05
Michael Kusterer, laborer	5 22
George Boettger, laborer	7 35
August Tesmer, laborer	7 35
Julius Reuter, laborer	7 05
Bernhard Mast, laborer	6 83
William Kretlow, laborer	8 10
Patrick Reed, laborer	7 35
Charles Colegrove, laborer	5 62
Julius Betke, laborer	8 10
Henrich Lemling, laborer	18 84
Daniel Crawford, horse-cart	4 70
Total	\$ 825 34 825 34

State Savings Bank, accounts assigned them as follows:

John Zebbs, laborer	1 35
Henry Olmeyer, laborer	2 70
Philip Gauss, laborer	2 70
C. Comiskey, laborer	1 35
Charles Lohrke, laborer	7 40
Michael Weick, laborer	6 15
William Muey, laborer	6 15
August Jahr, laborer	1 25
Michael Schable, laborer	7 35
John Cairns, laborer	3 00
Richard Zebbs, laborer	19 46
Charles Schneider, laborer	11 40
Louis Spaulding, laborer	5 40
James Wilcox, laborer	2 70
August Jahneke, laborer	3 40
John Jakke, laborer	20 85
Total	\$ 107 68 107 68

Total amount. \$1827 97 1828 97

Respectfully submitted,

WILLIAM HERZ,
FRANK WOOD,
Finance Committee.

Ald. Schairer moved that the reading of the finance report be suspended and the report be accepted and adopted, and the clerk is hereby directed to draw orders for the sums stated therein.

Accepted and adopted as follows:

Yeas—Ald. Schairer, Wagner, Herz, Snow, Wood, Ferguson, Prettyman, Manly, Kitson, Pres. Watts—10.

Nays—None.

REPORTS OF CITY OFFICERS.

Ann Arbor, Feb. 19th, 1894.

To the Common Council:

I hereby certify that the pressure of water on the gauge at engine house has not been less than 65 lbs. at any time since Feb. 5th, the date of the last report.

FRED SIPLEY,

Chief Fire Dep't.

Accepted and placed on file.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Ald. Manly:
Resolved, That the committee on finance is hereby instructed to report at the next meeting of the council, what funds if any, are available for the construction of a fire alarm (telegraph or telephone) system.

Accepted and adopted.

Ald. Wood, of the finance committee, made a supplementary report that the committee have examined the following bills of John J. Robison of \$100, and Mrs. Emma B. Ricketts of \$25, for permission to cross their premises with the main sewer, recommending their allowance at sums stated.

Supplementary report accepted and recommendation concurred in as follows:

Yeas—Ald. Schairer, Wagner, Herz, Snow, Wood, Ferguson, Prettyman, Manly, Kitson, Pres. Watts—10.

Nays—None.

By Ald. Prettyman:
Resolved, That the fifty-seven (57) plates presented to the council for ap-

proval, by Ald. Manly, be approved and paid for as per resolution Jan. 15, '94, and the same be paid for, amounting to \$71.25, from the contingent fund.

Accepted and adopted as follows:

Yeas—Ald. Schairer, Wagner, Herz, Snow, Wood, Ferguson, Prettyman, Kitson, Pres. Watts—9.

Nays—None.

Ald. Manly was excused from voting.

City Engineer Key submitted to the council, as requested by resolution of Feb. 5th, 1894, specifications for the construction of cement walks and street crossings.

Referred to sidewalk committee.

On motion the council adjourned.

W. J. MILLER,
City Clerk.

An obedience to the simple laws of hygiene and the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla will enable the most delicate man or sickly woman to pass in ease and safety from the icy atmosphere of February to the warm, moist days of April. It is the best of spring medicines.

No Use.

"Ignorance of things generally prevents us from enjoying a dreadful lot of happiness in this life," said Aaron Linscott to the minister one day. He was given to this form of discourse with the clergyman, doubtless on the same principle that led him to talk sickness with his doctor and crops with his neighbors.

"You get a terrible blind view of life and the way things is running if you don't educate yourself up to know a blessing when you see it. When I see folks throwin their blessing away, it allers makes me think of a barrel of cranberries."

A barrel of cranberries! If the visitor felt small interest before, he certainly lacked none now. He expressed his surprise.

"Yis, a barrel of cranberries," said Aaron. "When I was out in the West Indies, there was a man tulk kear of me when I was sick, an he wouldn't take pay, but said I could send him somethin off the farm, so when I got home I shipped him a barrel of cranberries by a vessel that was goin out from our place."

"Well, after a time a letter kem back. He writ very perlice an seemed grateful, but he said, most unfortunate, that the fruit looked putty, but he hed to throw it away, for in comin it hed turned sour."

And then Aaron added his moral. "That's what I call missin the sweetness of things 'cause you didn't know how to get at it."—Youth's Companion.

She Got a Pass.

Mayor Joe Rhinock of Covington last evening related to his friends an amusing adventure of the day before. A colored woman, burdened with a lusty, squalling baby, called at his office.

"Am dis de mayor?" she wanted to know. "I am," responded the executive.

"Den jest you ky, den write me a pass to Fruits, Ky," she ordered, without any palpable waste of words.

His honor explained that this was not one of his prerogatives and that her request would have to be laid before the chairman of the council relief committee.

"It does, eh?" asked the madam. "Ize got to catch dat 2 o'clock train. Gimme dat pass, or I leave de baby!" She made a motion to drop the pickaninny into Mr. Rhinock's lap. That settled the argument. She got the pass.—Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

She Blushed.

awfully when I told her what to do for those horrid pimples with which her face was covered. She now says if you want a pink and white complexion with a nice clear smooth skin, you must use that best of all blood purifiers, Sulphur Bitters.

Parks' Sure Cure is a positive specific for women who are all "run-down" and at certain times are troubled by backaches, headaches, etc. Sold by Eberbach & Sons.

How I Felt.

Why, two years ago I was just about crazy, and no wonder that my wife and children were afraid of me. You just want to suffer with neuralgia with no relief, as I did until I used Sulphur Bitters. They cured me, and now my wife says I am as meek as a lamb.—Robert Davis, American House, Boston.

Read This.

Mr. W. H. Butler, with Mr. Chas. R. Whitman, has money to loan upon Real Estate security, in sums of \$100 to \$3,000, at low rates of interest and easy terms. Call early. First come first served. Office over the Post-office.

It is not what its proprietors say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house, and his family has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it, if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best cough remedy that he has used in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so free at Eberbach Drug and Chemical Co.'s drugstore, Ann Arbor, and at Geo. J. Haessler's, Manchester. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

How to Read.

your doctor's prescriptions. Send three 2-cent stamps, to pay postage, and receive Dr. Kaufmann's great treatise on diseases; illustrated in colors; it gives their signs and abbreviations. Address A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass.

A cup of Parks' Tea at night moves the bowels in the morning without pain or discomfort. Sold by Eberbach & Sons.

Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative. Ripans Tabules prolong life. Ripans Tabules are of great value.

Children Cry for
Pitcher's Castoria.

AT HARD-TIME PRICES.

SEEDS

ONE CENT A PACKAGE and upwards, according to Variety and Scarcity. Cheap as Wool, Cotton or Wheat, by ounce or pound. Climate of Michigan is best in the world for growing seeds. Our Farm, Garden and Flower Seeds are all living. Fresh, Tested, and sure to grow if given a chance. A Package of Seed given Free with every order. Send us your address by postal card, and we will MAIL YOU FREE our 1894. Illustrated Catalogue. Variety and Prices quoted WILL INTEREST YOU.

S. M. ISBELL & CO., Jackson, Mich.

Overbeck & Stabler
PHONE 141.
GROCERS.2:10 1-4 | WILKIE KNOX 07. | 2:10 1-4.
SPEED BREEDING. | GREAT INDIVIDUALITY.

Fastest Stallion Bred and Owned in Michigan! Best Representative Son of Gale's Barney Wilkes, 2:23 1/4.

MANOMET, 14,036.

ONE OF THE CHOICEST BRED STALLIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Electioneer, 125	Hambletonian 10.
Egotist 5018	Green Mount'n Maid
Sprite	Belmont 64.
Dictator 113	Waterwitch.
Aureola	Hambletonian 10.
Bertha	Clara.
	Blackwood 74.
	Starlight.

SERVICE FEE FOR 1894, Return Privilege.

WILKIE KNOX.....\$35. MANOMET.....\$25.
Accidents and Escapes at Owner's Risk.GEDDES FARM, 5 1-2 Miles East of Ann Arbor
on River Road.

P. O., YPSILANTI, MICH.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK!

At Ann Arbor, Michigan, at the close of business, Dec. 19, 1893.

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Loans and Discounts.....\$410,724 48	Capital stock.....\$ 50,000 00
Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, etc.....379,181 58	Surplus fund.....150,000 00
Overdrafts.....892 09	Undivided profits.....18,275 43
Real Estate, Furniture, Fixtures and Savings Deposits.....37,373 64	Dividends unpaid.....399 00
Current expenses and taxes paid.....4,466 43	
CASH.....101,902 07	DEPOSITS.....
Due from banks in reserve cities.....170 00	Certificates of deposit.....66,156 05
Due from other banks.....1,114 55	Banks and Bankers.....3,235 79
Checks and cash items.....125 45	Commercial deposits.....165,986 96
Nickels and pennies.....2,900 00	Savings deposits.....541,083 28
Silver coin.....27,000 00	
U. S. and National Bank Notes.....	

The Ann Arbor Argus.

BEAKES & HAMMOND, PROPRIETORS.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

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FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1894.

"Claim everything, concede nothing" is a famous expression said to have been used by a Michigan man at the time of the inception of the great fraud of 1876, whereby the presidency was stolen. The recent salaries steal in our State suggests a possible growth of the seed then sown into the harvest now being reaped. Chickens seldom fail to come home to roost.

Last Monday Gov. Rich, after listening to their defense, served formal notice of removal upon the members of the state canvassing board for gross neglect of duty in canvassing the returns on the salaries amendment to the constitution last spring. The end is not yet, however, as they refuse to surrender their offices. Quo warranto proceedings have, therefore, been commenced in the Supreme Court to determine by what authority they continue to exercise the functions of their respective offices in the face of the governor's order of removal.

To the lasting honor of Joseph Pulitzer, of the New York World, he it said that, although a millionaire several times over, he is a consistent advocate of the income tax. The World, in fact, is the only great metropolitan paper that has warmly and ably advocated this just tax from the start. He believes that as the possessors of wealth are the greatest beneficiaries of the government, they should willingly contribute their just share towards the maintenance of the governmental burdens. If there were more people of wealth possessed of the spirit of Mr. Pulitzer, there would be in this country a more equitable distribution of wealth and less friction between classes.

'Tis said that the sub committee of the senate finance committee is in favor of reporting the Wilson bill in substantially the condition they received it from the House. The desire for changes in the interest of trusts and protected industries comes from outside the committee. The senators from Louisiana want a tax on sugar, Senators White, of California, and Smith, of New Jersey do not desire to have the democratic policy of tariff reform applied to their states and the New York senators are said to have promised a hearing to interested parties and threaten to vote with the Republicans to recommit the bill, if these hearings are not granted. Such log-rolling schemes are of course expected of the supporters of protection, but that the professional advocates of tariff reform should resort to such tactics is infamous. The McKinley bill, the most disreputable tariff measure ever forced through Congress was made up through just such "herring" combinations. "Whole paragraphs are said to have been copied verbatim from the documents furnished by the trusts and protected interests. It was a dishonest measure throughout, framed in the interest of classes as opposed to the masses, and consequently such tactics were befitting its origin and purpose.

Such, however, is not the history of the Wilson bill. It is a conservative, honest measure, framed in the interest of the people, and designed to redeem the platform pledges of the Democratic party. These pledges were accepted by the people and the majority in Congress was commissioned to carry them out. That any Democrat should now be found willing to engage in the miserable log-rolling methods of the protectionist is a betrayal of trust

and unworthy any advocate of tariff reform. Better allow the bill to fail than to surrender the principle upon which it is framed.

JUSTICE WHITE.

At last the unseemly wrangle in the Senate, whereby the exalted position of Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States has been made the football of warring factions, to the detriment of public business and the disgust of the people, has been settled, and for the first time since 1806 the great state of New York, which furnishes far more litigation before that tribunal than any other state of the union, is without a representative upon the bench.

Monday afternoon, the President, to the surprise of everybody, sent in the name of Senator Edward Douglas White, of Louisiana, for Associate Justice. The nomination did not go through the formality of a reference to the Judiciary committee, but was confirmed at once by the unanimous vote of the Senate.

Mr. White is a man in the prime of physical and intellectual manhood, being but 48 years of age, of commanding presence and agreeable manners, scholarly, able and brilliant. He has had experience upon the Supreme Bench of his native state and is said to possess a mastery of the civil law as practiced in Louisiana, knowledge possessed by but few of the ablest lawyers of this country. He is very popular among his own people.

We believe under the circumstances, President Cleveland did wisely in going outside New York for the nominee, even though the honor was conceded to belong to that state. He had shown by his previous nominations that he fully appreciated the claims of that state upon the position and his willingness to give them due weight, but the opposition of Senators Hill and Murphy to any man who had opposed the unfit nominee of the Hill machine for justice of the New York court of appeals last fall, rendered it difficult to find a man of recognized ability who could secure this support. Upon Mr. Hill, therefore, rests the responsibility for the fact that New York is unrepresented upon the supreme bench of the United States. It should prove a valuable lesson to the state, in this, that in the time to come if that state is to receive the recognition to which its importance entitles it, it must lay aside its dictatorial policy and miserable factional fights.

Started for Corea.

Minister Resident and Consul General of the United States to Corea, John M. B. Sill, together with Mrs. Sill and son Joseph, started on their long journey to the opposite side of the earth last Tuesday. They went from here to Detroit, where they will spend the time until the 26th inst., in visiting old friends. From Detroit they will journey to Los Angeles, where they will spend some days with friends, leaving March 15th for San Francisco, from which port they will sail on March 20th. They expect to reach Chemulpoo about April 12th, from whence they will travel to the interior city of Seoul, the seat of government of the Korean monarchy. Minister Sill having been for years an interested student of eastern peoples is delighted with the prospect of being able to carry on his studies upon their own soil and face to face with them. In the time to come we may have the pleasure of reading from his pen a history of this comparatively unknown but interesting people.

Last week Mr. Sill returned from Washington where he had been summoned by the Secretary of State to receive his final instructions before starting for his post of duty. He spoke of his reception by the various officials in the pleasantest terms. He was much impressed with President Cleveland and said that he was a man whose personality would attract attention in any place and under any circumstances. Mr. Cleveland tried to impress upon the new minister his earnest desire that the Korean government be made to understand the sincere friendship of this government towards their own, and the wish that the relations of the two peoples may become closer and mutually advantageous. He spoke in the highest terms of his courteous treatment at the hands of Secretary of State Gresham. Found him to be easy mannered and suave, very approachable and straightforward in the transaction of business, a man who impresses a stranger by

his evident power of mind and reserve force.

Assistant Secretary Edwin F. Uhl, of our own state, accompanied Mr. Sill on his official call upon the Korean Embassy. The call occupied about one hour and the conversation was carried on by means of an interpreter. The Korean Charge de Affairs, the ambassador being absent, expressed the desire that the new American minister would be kind and patient toward the Korean people. He conversed entertainingly about his people and alluded in a humorous way to certain habits and customs of the Koreans which would appear surprising to strangers. All of the conversation indicated that the Koreans are an intensely patriotic people, fully cognizant of western advancement, and anxious to grow in the direction of western civilization.

An invitation to dine at the embassy was extended and accepted. Dinner was served at half-past seven o'clock and the sitting continued two hours and a half. American food was served and in elegant style. A number of Americans were invited to meet Messrs. Sill and Uhl, among whom was Private Secretary Thurber. A day or two thereafter a return call was made by Charge de Affairs, Mr. Ye Sung Loo, Member of Legation, Mr. Ye Kune Gip, and Interpreter, Mr. Jarny. Mr. Sill was agreeably impressed with the members of the Korean legation, and came away with a feeling of deep respect for them.

The Earliest Election Returns.

In a little old book in the County Clerk's office, no larger than books now kept for memorandum in small business, are found the earliest election returns of the county. The first entry in the book is as follows:

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTION.
TERRITORY OF MICHIGAN, ss.
WASHTENAW COUNTY.

Clerks office at Ann Arbor Received for record this 12th day of July 1827 at 5 o'clock p. m.

DAVID E. LORD
C. Clerk.
At a meeting of the board of canvassers at the Clerks office in the County of Washtenaw on the 12th day of July 1827 for the purpose of making an estimate of the whole number of votes given in the several townships in said county for a delegate to Congress. The following persons being properly authorized from their respective townships appeared and constituted said board, viz.

Henry Rumsey from the Township of Ann Arbor, Asa H. Reading from the Township of Ypsilanti and George W. Peters from the Township of Dexter. Henry Rumsey was appointed Chairman and David E. Lord C. C. Sect. and after being organized proceeded to canvass and the result is as follows

In the Township of Ann Arbor Austin E. Wing had sixty-eight votes.....	68
John Biddle had forty-four do.....	44
Gabriel Richards had seven do.....	7
In the township of Ypsilanti John Biddle had fifty-four votes.....	54
Austin E. Wing had forty-one do.....	41
Gabriel Richard had eight do.....	8
In the township of Dexter John Biddle had twenty-five votes....	25
	100 123 15

We do hereby certify that the above is a true return of the Election for Delegate to Congress of the United States from the several Townships in the County of Washtenaw held on Monday the 9th day of July 1827.

Ann Arbor July 12th 1827.

David E. Lord Henry Rumsey

Sect. Ch'm.

Three things will be especially noted. Ann Arbor is spelled Ann Arbor. This spelling in the records continues down to 1833. There were only three towns in the county. In 1829 four towns were shown in the county, the fourth town being the township of Panama. The third interesting fact is the small number of votes cast in the county, 247 in all. In November of the same year the vote had increased to 277 and in 1829 it had increased to 444.

Ann Arbor High School.

The regular term reviews begin next week.

The junior class will give a sleigh-ride this evening, and all who intend to go will meet in the high school building at 7:15 o'clock.

Mr. L. L. Renwick, '95, who has been acting as organist in the 1st Methodist church of this city, for the past year, has accepted a position with the 1st Methodist church of Ypsilanti.

A committee was appointed by the president of the senior class, at a meeting held last Tuesday morning, to investigate and report on the matter of having a class pin. The projected debate with the Detroit high school was attended to also, by means of a committee, who were given power to act.

A very interesting programme was given by the Arena last Friday evening. The subject of the debate was: Resolved, That suffrage equal to that possessed by men should be extended to women. Messrs. Emerson and Danforth were for the affirmative, while Messrs. Bain and Salisbury supported the negative but the decision was finally awarded to the negative.

The decorating committee for the junior exhibition have been appointed by the senior president. The exhibition will take place in the chapel on Friday evening, March 16th, and many arrangements are being made to make it a success. The following are the committee: S. H. Warriner, C. H. Woodruff, H. W. Nichols, G. A. Trowbridge, Winifred Beman, Grace Flagg, Gertrude Sunderland and Anna McOmber.

At the S. C. A. meeting last Friday afternoon, the society decided to send two delegates to the convention of those interested in the Students' Volunteer movement, which will be held in Detroit the 28th of this month. The meeting today will be led by Miss Mella Taylor; the subject being, "God's Promises," 2 Peter 1:4. Those who intended to be present are requested to bring a promise from the Bible.

The programme of the Lyceum for this week is as follows: Quotations, High School faculty; secretary's report, E. B. Caldwell; "Should not High School Students compose the Chapel Choir?" D. H. Trowbridge; "Should High School students be compelled to attend Chapel?" E. C. Thurman; "The present condition of the Arena," A. A. Taylor; "The present condition of the Clio," J. W. Smoots; "The present condition of the Lyceum," W. H. Connor; "Should not the Lyceum allow ladies of the High School to join it?" W. H. Nichols; music, Lyceum quartette; "Are there enough High School socials given?" E. B. Caldwell; "High School athletics," L. C. Stocking; "Should politics be discussed in the High School societies?" H. I. Weinstein; "Resolved, that there is more good derived from the study of Mathematics in the Ann Arbor High School than from the study of languages," affirmative, G. A. Trowbridge; negative, W. E. Turton; critic's report, Mr. Hoppe; general business, discussion of Roberts' Rules of Order. It will be seen from the above that the subjects are all connected with the High School in some way and being of more or less interest to all our students, a large number should be present.

Ypsilanti.

The Stay factory has again resumed operations.

Will S. Putman left Tuesday for Manistique.

All stores and business houses were closed yesterday.

Jud Clary, of Dowagiac is again in town visiting friends.

W. H. Cadwell, of Port Huron, is in town visiting friends.

John Frick has been visiting friends in Detroit the past week.

A dance was given by the Maccabees at their hall last evening.

The Arbeiter Society gave a dance at the Grove last evening.

Services are being held daily during Lent at St. Lukes' church.

Miss Minnie Ellis, of Albion, is visiting friends here this week.

Low Spencer returned Saturday from a two weeks' visit at Charlotte.

The Misses Wiard entertained a sleighing party last Friday evening.

Miss Eleanor Woodruff, of Benton Harbor, is the guest of Miss Watling.

The Band of Hope of the M. E. church gave an entertainment yesterday.

Bishop Ninde will preach at the M. E. church both morning and evening next Sunday.

P. W. Shute has opened a real estate and an auctioneer's office in the Savings Bank block.

Rev. Father Holly, of Monroe, conducted the services at the Catholic church, Wednesday evening.

The Sanctuary Chapter of St. Luke's will give a supper at the parish house, Saturday evening from 5 to 7. Price of supper 15 cents.

Miss Jennie Hendricks, one of Ypsilanti's favorite society members, was married Wednesday, to Ex-Mayor Osborne, of Owosso.

The residence of W. Smith was broken into, Sunday evening, while the family were at church. A quantity of jewelry and other articles were stolen.

P. O. Holstrom pleaded guilty last Friday, to the charge of keeping his saloon open after hours. He was fined \$25 and costs by Justice Bogardus.

Principal Boone in company with P. F. Powers have gone east on an inspection tour of the gymnasiums connected with the principal eastern schools.

W. L. Pack, cashier of the First National Bank, is delivering a series of lectures on "Banks and Banking," for the benefit of the students at the Business College.

A good sized audience was present at the entertainment in the Normal lecture course, Tuesday evening. Lieut.-Gov. Giddings lectured on Uncle Sam's People.

The Hartman family, of Detroit, gave an entertainment at the Normal hall, Saturday evening, under the auspices of the Normal Athletic association. A very small audience was present.

The closing recital of the first semester was held at the Normal hall, Monday evening, a large crowd being present. All selections were rendered in a very able manner. Miss Josephine A. Gaffney responded to the only encore for the evening.

World's Fair Hotel Furniture.

Don't miss the great sale of above goods for ten days only; next door to Weinman's market, consisting of suits, bedsteads, springs, mattresses, chairs, toilet sets, carpets, rugs, etc., etc. 1/2 price 1/2.

THE KING OF THE CANNIBAL ISLANDS,

So says the old college song. But the Islands are no longer Cannibal, and no longer have a King or Queen, but are a Free Republic in Mid-Ocean.

The Only Set of Hawaiian Views in Existence.

What are we Talking about?
Why the Hawaiian Islands and

PART III

OF OUR

ART AND TRAVEL SERIES.

These Views

Were selected by special permission from a large private collection brought straight from Honolulu. No one else has them or can get them.

A TRIP TO HONOLULU FOR 10 CENTS.

SEE THE

HULA DANCERS,

THE FAMOUS

LEPER SETTLEMENT,

QUEEN LIL'S PALACE, ETC.

Sixteen Large Photographs of the Sandwich Islands.

How to Secure this Unprecedented Offer.

Cut out of the ARGUS one of the Coupons that will appear each week and bring or send to the Argus Office with ten cents. If you bring it, the part named in the coupon will be handed you. If you mail it, the part will be mailed you.

CUT THIS OUT

No. 3. February 23, 1894.

Argus Coupon.

Photographic Tour of the World.

PART III.—HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

This Coupon and 10 cents entitles you to one Part. Bring or send to

Ann Arbor Argus,

Ann Arbor, Mich.

Opera House Block.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The W. C. T. U. meets this afternoon in McMillan hall.

Foley Guild meets in Calkins' hall on State street Saturday evening.

The regents of the university were unable to get a quorum, Wednesday.

Allmendinger & Schneider are starting up the Central mills at Owosso.

Weinmann and Stein have about 200 tons of ice in their cold storage building.

Hon. John J. Ingalls speaks before the Students' Lecture association, March 9.

All friends of the Maccabees are invited to attend the exercises in the hall of Arbor tent, tonight.

Daniel J. Ross will build three new houses on the old Catholic church property which he has purchased.

The M. E. Woman's Foreign Missionary society meets at Mrs. W. J. Booth's, on William street, at three o'clock this afternoon.

A union service of the Young People's Christian societies will be held in the Presbyterian church Sunday evening at 6:15 sharp.

The project of starting a new wagon manufactory here has been abandoned. The projectors of it are thinking of going to Charlotte.

Rev. Fr. Chas. O'Reilly, of Detroit, formerly of Chelsea, has been assigned to the church of the Immaculate Conception at Adrian.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of the rising young attorney, W. H. Butler, to Miss Mabel Lewis in Chicago next Wednesday.

Frank Lincoln, the famous humorist, gives one of the finest entertainments of the season before the Inland League next Monday evening.

The Rifles gave a very amusing street parade yesterday afternoon, showing considerable ingenuity in 'getting up' appropriate costumes. They held a very successful masquerade last evening.

Rev. J. T. Sunderland will exchange pulpits next Sunday with Rev. Lee S. McCollister, of Detroit, both morning and evening. Mr. McCollister's evening lecture will be upon "The Cathedrals of Milan, Florence and Venice."

The Y. M. C. A. were given a reception and social by the ladies of the Congregational church, in the church parlors, Tuesday evening. Literary and musical exercises and a bountiful supper contributed toward making the affair a most enjoyable one.

A class in physical culture will be formed at the school of music on Thursday evening next from 7 to 8 o'clock. Mrs. Merry's method will be of benefit to all students who wish to learn the art of resting and the habit of nerve economy. The class will meet Mondays and Thursdays at the same hour for practice in Americanized Delsarte.

The following standing committee of the Forest Hill cemetery have been appointed: Avenues and Paths—Pond, Wagner and Scott; Lots, Spaces and Buildings—Brown, Hiscock and Dean; Finance and Securities—Stevens, Seabolt and Schmidt; Employment of Sexton—Dean, Schmidt and Pond; Special Committee on Trees—Schmidt, Hiscock and Seabolt.

The Knights of Pythias gave a highly successful reception and ball at Granger's hall Wednesday evening. The occasion was the thirtieth anniversary celebration of Ann Arbor Lodge, No. 44. Prof. E. F. Johnson on the history of the order was the right man in the right place. His narration was deeply interesting and his delivery excellent, and all present were highly entertained.

The Woman's League will hold its next monthly meeting in McMillan Hall, at 4 o'clock on Saturday of this week, Feb. 24. Miss Julia King, professor of history in the Ypsilanti Normal School, will address the League on the subject: "The Fettered Soul." Mrs. Angell will give a short talk on practical social requirements of Hostess and Guest.

Mrs. Sunderland's Sunday noon Bible class in the study of the "Christian Denominations," at the Unitarian Church, has an attendance of over 150. Her subjects the past three Sundays have been the Episcopal, Presbyterian and Congregational churches; those for the next three Sundays will be the Baptist, Methodist and Universalist churches.

Geo. W. Seybold was kicked yesterday while shoeing a horse and badly injured. The horse kicked with both feet, striking him in the side and also on the wrist, breaking one of the bones of the same. He was taken to his home and Dr. Morton summoned and the fracture was reduced. He was able to get down to the shop today but he feels pretty sore and it will be some time before he will be able to attend to his work again.

Among the losers at the big Chelsea fire not mentioned in our article of Tuesday were R. S. Armstrong & Co., stock damaged in moving, \$500, insured; Miss Emma Gillam, loss on furniture in Chelsea House, \$1,500, insured; Chelsea fire department, furniture, \$100, no insurance; C. E. Whittaker, stock damaged in moving, \$500, insured; Rev. O. C. Bailey, damage to household goods, \$200, no insurance; A. Mensing, damage to household goods, \$200, no insurance.

Last Tuesday a lively runaway was witnessed on Detroit street. The horse was a large gray animal, which seemed to be imbued with all the activity necessary for a "quarter horse," became frightened at a freight engine which was passing under the Detroit street bridge, and in his fright seemed to have forgotten that someone was supposed to be driving him. Finally the boy with the presence of mind of an army officer, saw that it was impossible to even check the speed of his fiery untamed, very mechanically run him upon the sidewalk and up to a house.

Marshal Wheeler says that President Watts and himself rode all over the city yesterday and could find no walks which had not been cleaned of snow.—Daily Times, Feb. 15.

These gentlemen better walk next time, and they may, possibly, find a few. For it was a notorious and shameful fact that on the day above mentioned the sidewalks of the city were never before in a more disgraceful or dangerous condition from the accumulation of snow thereon. The pure, unadulterated laziness of Ann Arbor citizens in respect to cleaning their walks of snow, is notorious through all the country round.—Courier.

"People who live in glass houses shouldn't throw stones." Is the editor of the Courier sure that he doesn't live in a glass house in this matter?

The lecture of Rev. Father Kelly, of St. Thomas' church, under the auspices of the Unity club on Monday evening, was largely attended and very interesting. The liberal and generous spirit of the speaker, his scholarly treatment of the subject and his modest dignity, was very pleasing and captivated his audience. His subject was Cardinal Newman, and his appreciation of the life and character of the great Englishman, it is needless to say, was very high but not higher than he deserves. Cardinal Newman, as Father Kelly showed, was a sincere, brilliant and noble character, an honor to the English race and the great church to whose protective arms he implicitly committed himself and to whose service he devoted the last forty years of his life. The officers and members of Unity club, we have reason to know, feel under many obligations to Father Kelly for his kindness and liberality, in consenting to lecture for them and hope to hear him again.

Whittaker.

E. C. Howard visited Ypsilanti, Monday.

Orval Hawks has moved into the old "bee hive."

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Gabel visited Maybee Sunday.

Dave Furgeson was taken quite seriously ill Monday night.

Frank Engle returned home from Morocco, where he has been for the last six weeks.

John Ford, of Belleville, an employee of the Wabash R. R. Co., has been here fixing up the old depot and platform.

While going from his office to the barn Dr. Gregg fell on the ice and broke his arm. It is said that he showed some of his grit by quietly seating himself on the ice till he got his arm in proper shape, and then going into the office and setting it in the usual manner.

The School of Dancing.

The Thursday evening and Saturday morning classes at Granger's academy are for gentlemen (beginners). The Saturday afternoon class, from 2 to 3:45, is for juveniles. The class from 4 to 5:45, Saturday afternoon, is for ladies (beginners and advanced). The Tuesday and Saturday evening classes are for intermediate and advanced pupils (adults exclusively). Granger's academy can be rented for private parties, etc. We reserve the right to reject any application we think best. No. 6 Maynard street is not a public hall.

Great Sale of Hotel Furniture.

Never before has furniture been sold for so little money. Don't miss it. You can save dollars. Next door to Weinman's market.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Minerva Bliss is visiting in Detroit.

Leslie Walker returned from Arkansas, Tuesday.

Mrs. Eli W. Moore is visiting her father in Adrian.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Belser and son are visiting in Detroit.

Geo. L. Bulcher, of Leslie, was in the city, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Goodyear were in Detroit, Wednesday.

Arthur E. Mummery, of this city, is in Detroit on business.

Hon. Edward Duffy was in Detroit Monday on business.

Samuel Langsdorf, of this city, is rusticated at Zukey Lake.

Mrs. Charles Binder was visiting friends in Detroit, yesterday.

J. B. Wortley, of Ypsilanti, was an Argus caller, Wednesday.

Prof. and Mrs. Jacob E. Reighard were in Detroit, Wednesday.

Judge E. D. Kinne has been holding court in Monroe this week.

A. B. Sanderson, of Litchfield, Mich., was in city, Wednesday.

Hon. Chas. H. Kline was in Jackson on business, yesterday.

Miss Lizzie Nichols, of Detroit, is visiting Mrs. Nathan Sutton, of Northfield.

Ald. Prettyman was in Chelsea, Wednesday.

S. H. Doud, of Brownhelm, O., was in the city on Tuesday and Wednesday.

E. R. Wills, of Detroit, was in the city on business, Wednesday and Thursday.

E. T. McClure is in St. Joseph, Mich., superintending the opening of his new hotel.

Jack Kenny, of the firm of Kenny & Quinlan, was in Detroit on business, Monday.

Grant Jenkins, of the Detroit Free Press composing room, was in the city this week.

Mrs. George Olp, of this city, visited Thomas A. Neat's family in Ypsilanti, Thursday.

Mrs. H. P. Hammond, of Whitaker, has been visiting her son, D. A. Hammond, this week.

Mrs. Wetmore, of this city, is visiting friends, relatives and acquaintances in and about Jackson.

Mrs. W. D. Adams and children, of this city, are spending a few days with her mother in Jackson.

Miss Agnes Howard, of Jackson, spent Sunday with her grandmother, Mrs. M. Hersey, of Spring street.

Mr. Keefer, of Detroit, who has been visiting Jas. R. Bach's family, returned home Thursday evening.

Herman Dietrich, of Detroit, was in the city Tuesday, looking after the new building at the University.

M. S. Cook, of Dexter, who has been to Bay City for the past few days returned home Thursday evening.

Mrs. W. W. Whetmore, is attending the golden wedding anniversary of ex-Regent Grosvenor at Jonesville.

Miss Mary Alber and Miss Tillie Girbach, of Chelsea, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Brown, of Miller avenue.

Misses Nellie and Ella Richmond, of Detroit, who have been visiting Miss Emma E. Schmid, returned home Wednesday.

Chas. J. N. Jacobs, with the firm of J. L. Hudson & Co., of Detroit, spent Sunday with his parents, Hon. J. T. Jacobs family.

Herbert Taylor, of this city, formerly of the regular army, located in California, left for Toledo, Tuesday morning, on business.

Miss Sayda Storms, of No. 10 Lawrence street, left on Wednesday morning for Chicago, to make quite an extended visit with friends.

Mrs. John Wies and her brother, Tom Colburn, left Monday morning to attend the funeral of their uncle, John Colburn, in Toledo, Ohio.

Mr. M. Schohl, of Toledo, O., escorted the Ann Arbor delegation to Toledo Wednesday morning, to the grand opening of the Alhambra.

W. H. Gilbert and family, of Chelsea, spent Washington's birthday in this city, the guests of Chas. K. McGee's family, No. 6 Olivia avenue.

Mr. George Armstrong, of Detroit, who has been visiting a few days with his mother and sister, 53 Center street, this city, returned to his home Tuesday evening.

O. W. Blane, Past Grand Chief Templar of the I. O. G. T., arrived from Detroit this morning to attend the district lodge of that order at Whitmore Lake this afternoon and evening.

Miss Carrie Heaton, formerly of this city, now of Sioux Falls, Dakota, is visiting the family of Rev. and Mrs. Samuel D. Breed, No. 27 East Ann street. She will enter school here soon.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Woodruff, of Detroit, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Woodruff. Mrs. C. H. Woodruff has just returned from a two weeks' visit in Detroit.

President and Mrs. James B. Angell, Secretary and Mrs. James H. Wade and Supt. Joseph Clark are attending the golden wedding anniversary celebration of ex-Regent E. C. Grosvenor at Jonesville.

Hon. J. T. Jacobs, J. A. Brown, Quincy Turner, E. K. Frueauff, I. N. S. Foster, H. M. Wood, Major W. C. Stevens, Dr. W. F. Breakley, Hon. Reuben Kempf and Fred C. Brown of the Times, were among the republican faithful who attended the Michigan Club banquet in Detroit last evening.

WANTED.—Rooms for light house-keeping. Address Y, Argus office.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

We are offering a two quart fountain syringe complete, for \$1.00. We have others, made of better rubber, for more money, but this one is pretty good.

Calkins' Pharmacy.

WANTED, FOR SALE, ETC.

A NON-UNION Carpenter having \$400, or a young man quick to learn carpenter work, with same amount, can form a partnership with a carpenter and builder who can get plenty of work at good prices. Address G. D. Gregory, 181 Washington Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

CASH PAID for Hardwood Saw Logs. Air-dried Hardwood Lumber on hand. A. Blaess' Saw Mill.

FOR SALE.—A farm of 40 acres two miles east of Saline in the town of York. Inquire of Frank E. Jones of Saline.

FOR SALE.—Black mare with white star, intelligent, fine figure, four years old in May, daughter of Mambrino Goldust. Emil Baur, Dexter Ave.

FOR SALE.—Brick house at corner of South University and Forest Aves. Inquire at the house.

FOR SALE.—At 74 East Washington St. Two folding beds with mattresses, one pair pillows, one commode with mirror, one long sofa, one rocker, hall and banquet lamps.

FOR SALE.—Five acres on West Huron street. Good house, barn, orchard. Beautiful location. Will sell on easy terms. Apply to or address E. D. Davis, West Huron street, Ann Arbor, Michigan.

FOR SALE AND TO RENT.—Several good farms, farming lands and city property improved and unimproved, on very easy terms. Franklin L. Parker, 34 Ann St., Ann Arbor.

I HAVE 25 bu. of the Mammoth Clover Seed which I will sell for \$6.00 per bu. within the next ten days. Address E. C. Bartlett, Emery Mich. or apply at northwestern corner of town Superior.

LOST.—A brown horse with white star in forehead and one white hind foot, having on an old harness and hitched to open buggy, was lost Saturday, the 3d. Any person possessing information of the same will kindly inform Emil Stabler, Dexter, Mich.

PIANO TUNING.—A. D. Brown, the well known piano tuner with C. J. Whitney, will be in the city soon. Orders left at the ARGUS office will receive his attention.

TO RENT.—At No. 20 S. State St. A flat of six rooms. Enquire at 18 S. State St.

TO RENT.—Furnished house heated with furnace, in good order. Apply to Noah G. Butts, Room 18, Masonic Block.

WANTED.—Two or three men or women agents for our standard books. \$2 per day guaranteed. You can make much more. No experience necessary. Michigan Publishing Co., Howell, Mich.

MAN Wanted: salary and expenses. Permanent place; whole or part time. Apply at once. Brown Bros. Co., Narsymen, Chicago.

TRUCK and STORAGE

C. E. GODFREY.

Residence and Office, 48 Fourth Ave., North

Telephone 82.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR SALE

SIX DAYS ONLY.

E. F. MILLS & CO.

Commencing Thursday, February 22d.

Closing Wednesday, February 28th.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK of Muslin Underwear at Special Prices for Six Days.

Corset Covers.		Drawers.		Skirts.		Night Gowns.	
Regular Price.	Sale Price.	Regular Price.	Sale Price.	Regular Price.	Sale Price.	Regular Price.	Sale Price.
17c	13c	50c	41c	50c	41c	\$1.00	83c
23c and 25c	1c	75c	63c	75c	63c	1.50	1.17
30c	25c	85c	71c	\$1.00	83c		
47c and 5c	30c	\$1.00	83c				
75c	63c						
8c and \$1.00	83c						

Do not let this opportunity of replenishing your wardrobe at a nominal expense pass by.

E. F. MILLS & CO.

DRY GOODS, CARPETS, FURNISHINGS.

20 So. Main St.

"DIRT DEFIES THE KING." THEN

SAPOLIO

IS GREATER THAN ROYALTY ITSELF.

GREEN'S Fruit Guide and Catalogue.

60 PAGES, 9 COLORS, Illustrated, Free to all who Apply. Trees, Plants, Vines, Small Fruits, Roses, Ornamentals. SIXTY THOUSAND PATRONS. Established 20 Years. 2 Nurseries. See Green's Monthly—"Fruit Grower"—Sample Free, 100,000 Readers, 50 cts. a year. Address GREEN'S NURSERY CO., Rochester, N. Y. In answering advertisement, please mention this paper.

TWENTY-SIXTH ANNUAL STATEMENT MICHIGAN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF DETROIT, MICH.,

For the Year Ending December 31, 1893.

REVENUE ACCOUNT.	
Received for Premiums.....	\$1,082,853 68
Received for Interest and Rents.....	203,041 85
Total Income.....	\$1,285,895 53
Disbursements for Death Claims, Dividends, Matured Insurance, Surrender Values, and all Expenses.....	809,057 26
Balance to Investment Account.....	\$ 476,838 27
ASSET ACCOUNT.	
Cash in Bank.....	\$ 193,363 79
First Mortgage Loans on Real Estate.....	3,025,215 66
Real Estate, including Home Office Building.....	323,154 43
Loans to Policy Holders secured by Reserves.....	440,278 77
Agents' Balances.....	4,257 02
Bills Receivable.....	40,825 00
Bonds and Collaterals.....	40,023 75
Interest and Rents Accrued.....	66,919 79
Interest and Rents Due.....	46,255 67
Outstanding Premiums, secured by Reserve Fund (see per cent. holding due added).....	343,297 57
Deferred Premiums.....	39,100 89
Total Assets.....	\$4,562,632 34
LIABILITIES.	
Amount of Reserve Fund, American Table (4 1/2 per cent.).....	\$4,005,148 95
Deposits of Policy Holders.....	3,512 10
Death Claims not due.....	32,893 91
Surplus.....	521,077 38
Total.....	\$4,562,632 34
New Risks assumed in 1893.....	\$ 7,175,018 15
Increase of Assets.....	515,390 93
Increase of Surplus.....	24,112 70
The total amount paid to Policy Holders by this Company to date is.....	\$4,670,614 65

O. R. LOOKER, Pres't. H. F. FREDE, Secretary.
S. R. MUMFORD, 1st Vice-Pres't. G. W. SANDERS, Actuary.
J. W. DUSENBURY, 2d Vice-Pres't. Gen. W. P. EAYNOLDS, Consulting Actuary.
For Rates and Plans of Insurance apply to B. J. CONRAD, Agt., Ann Arbor, Mich.

GOODYEAR'S Drug Store

No. 5 S. MAIN STREET.

MATCHLESS

In every respect is the assortment of goods we have in our store. Everyone admits we have the largest and best stock of DRUGS and MEDICINES, Tooth, Nail, and Hair Brushes, Toilet Articles, such as Perfumes, Powders, Manicure Goods, etc., etc., to be found in the city and our prices are as low as the lowest.

GOODYEAR'S DRUG STORE,

No. 5 S. Main Street, Ann Arbor

C. W. VOGEL,

ANN STREET.

CHOICEST CUTS OF STEAKS.

All kinds of

MEATS AND SAUSAGES.

Fresh lard always in stock. Poultry in season.

H. KITREDGE,

No. 6 WEST ANN STREET.

LIVERY, HACK AND BAGGAGE LINE,

In the rear of Edward Duffy's grocery store. Hack to all trains, day and night. Orders for trains, parties, weddings and funerals promptly attended to. Telephone, 108 Ann Arbor Mich.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Monday, February 26.

ACNES HERNDON

Under the management of Jos. A. Jessel in her new Comedy Drama,

"A Girl with a Temper"

By Prof. Alfred Hennequin.

Miss Herndon's Costumes are Marvels of Beauty and have never been surpassed in this city.

PRICES: Reserved Seats, 75c. Admission—Parquette and first row in Parquette Circle, 75c. Parquette Circle back of first row, 50c; Gallery, 35c.

Reserved seats on sale at Watts' Jewelry Store.



A STRANGE CASE.

How an Enemy was Foiled.

The following graphic statement will be read with intense interest: "I cannot describe the numb, creepy sensation that existed in my arms, hands and legs. I had to rub and beat those parts until they were sore, to overcome in a measure the dead feeling that had taken possession of them. In addition, I had a strange weakness in my back and around my waist, together with an indescribable 'sore' feeling in my stomach. Physicians said I was creeping paralysis, from which, according to their universal conclusion, there is no relief. Once it fastens upon a person, they say, it continues its insidious progress until it reaches a vital point and the sufferer dies. Such was my prospect. I had been doctoring a year and a half steadily, but with no particular benefit, when I saw an advertisement of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, procured a bottle and began using it. Marvelous as it may seem, but a few days had passed before every bit of that creepy feeling had left me, and there has not been even the slightest indication of its return. I now feel as well as I ever did, and have gained ten pounds in weight, though I had run down from 170 to 137. Four others have used Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine on my recommendation, and it has been as satisfactory in their cases as in mine."—James Kane, La Rue, O.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or sent direct by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, \$1 per bottle, six bottles for \$5, express prepaid. It is free from opiates or dangerous drugs.

Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

BAUMGARDNER'S
MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS
Dealer in American and Imported Granites and Marbles and all kinds of Cemetery Work, also Building Stones. Estimates cheerfully furnished.
JOHN BAUMGARDNER,
(Successor to the late Adion Elsie.)
Shop Corner Detroit and Catherine Sts., ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

FARMERS' & MECHANICS' BANK

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN,
At the close of business, July 12, 1893.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	\$267,023.29
Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages, etc.	87,715.07
Overdrafts	3,539.75
Due from banks in reserve cities	17,563.81
Due from other banks and bankers	4,009.50
Due from Washington Co.	1,315.14
Furniture and fixtures	2,000.00
Current expenses and taxes paid	35.90
Interest paid	387.98
Checks and cash items	3,540.27
Nicksels and pennies	219.48
Gold coin	10,550.00
Silver coin	1,983.20
U. S. and National Bank Notes	15,588.00
Total	\$411,099.82

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	20,000.00
Undivided profits	5,756.08
Dividends unpaid	185.50
Individual deposits	99,979.42
Certificate of deposit	152,948.58
Savings deposits	82,230.33
Total	\$411,099.82

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
County of Washtenaw,
I, Frederick H. Belser, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. H. BELSER, Cashier.
CORRECT—Attest:
AMBROSE KEARNEY, Directors,
W. F. BREAKLEY,
EDWARD DUFFY,
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 19th day of July, 1893.
H. A. WILLIAMS,
Notary Public.

WANTED.

HICKORY TIMBER.

I will pay \$12.00 per cord, cash, for strictly first quality, second growth Hickory Butts, suitable for Axe-Handles, delivered at my shop.

G. W. DICKINSON,

Ypsilanti.

F. C. SCOTT,

DEALER IN

Lime, Calcined Plaster, Buffalo,

Louisville and Portland Cements, Hair, Buckeye, Mowers and Binders and Machine Oils. Office and Warehouses in the Finnegun Block, DETROIT STREET.

GUILTY OF NEGLECT.

CHARGE UPON WHICH THREE OFFICIALS WERE OUSTED.

Governor Rich's Application For a Mandamus to Compel a Recanvass of the 1891 Vote on the Salaries Amendment Argued Before the Supreme Court—An Opinion Expected Next Tuesday.

LANSING, Feb. 20.—At 2 o'clock Monday afternoon Governor Rich announced that he had decided to declare vacant the offices of land commissioner, state treasurer and secretary of state. An hour later the formal order removing John C. Berry, Joseph F. Hambitzer and John W. Jochim was filed in the office of the secretary of state and seized upon the offices.

The governor's order of removal recites the various charges made against the three officials in connection with the '93 canvass, their appearance in answer to the charges, the hearing and



JOHN T. RICH.

the governor's decision that the three named had been proved guilty of the charges preferred.

The order then concludes: "Therefore, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the constitution, I, John T. Rich, governor of the state of Michigan, do hereby remove you, John W. Jochim, from your office of secretary of state, and you, Joseph F. Hambitzer, from your office of state treasurer, and you, John T. Berry, from your office of commissioner, for gross neglect of duty, as members of the board of state canvassers, and said offices of secretary of state, state treasurer and commissioner of the state land office are hereby declared vacant."

LANSING, Feb. 21.—Governor Rich has not yet appointed successors to Jochim, Hambitzer and Berry. He will await the action of the supreme court as to whether the governor has the power to remove state officers. It is almost positively known that Washington Gardner of Albion will be secretary of state if Secretary Jochim's removal goes.

LANSING, Feb. 21.—Nearly the entire afternoon Tuesday was occupied in the application of Governor Rich for a mandamus to compel the state board of canvassers to convene and recanvass the 1891 vote on the salaries amendment. Edward Cahill, ex-justice of the supreme court, and Harrison Geer appeared for the governor, and J. P. Lee for the board, while Otto Kirchner of Detroit appeared as special counsel for Attorney General Ellis in an attempt to prevent the issuance of the writ, as it would result in a defeat of the amendment and require a return by Ellis of \$5,000 in salary.

The court took the case under advisement and announced that it would come on again on Tuesday next. An opinion is expected at that time.

PRACTICALLY COMPLETED.

The Work of the Ingham County Grand Jury at Mason.

LANSING, Feb. 22.—The Ingham county grand jury has practically completed its work and adjourned until tomorrow morning. There are but three witnesses needed now to complete the case, so far as the grand jury is concerned, against the amendment conspiracy of 1893 and the man who instigated and carried out the forgery of the election returns of 1891.

The first witness Wednesday morning was John Cole of the auditor general's office. He was followed by Auditor General Stanley Turner, who had come over with Mr. Cole. Mr. Turner carried a bundle which contained the vouchers for all the money paid to Attorney General Ellis since the amendment was passed in 1891.

Captain Alex Cameron, the deputy land commissioner, was before the jury for a few minutes. Rudolph Lutz, who now lives in Mason, but in 1891 was in the secretary of state's office and assisted in the canvass of the vote. E. R. Haven of the land office; William Woods, colored, of the auditor general's office; Katherine Blair, a clerk in the secretary of state's office, who had testified before upon this matter; Henry Whitely of the land office, Adele Haslett of the land office, H. L. Shulte of the auditor general's office, C. H. Chapman and O. S. Kerr of the secretary of state's office, who had testified before, were all recalled to answer a few short and direct questions upon matters that they had previously remained silent about or which confirmed statements made by other witnesses.

LANSING, Feb. 17.—The first witness before the grand jury Friday was Dr. Webster, an attorney from Ionia. He was before the jury for about 10 minutes. What he said cannot be positively known, of course; the grand jury meeting in secret. It is understood, however, that he testified that last April Jochim, on his way to Lansing, met the doctor at the depot in Ionia. Jochim told him that the amendment was defeated. That was before the meeting of the canvassing board—a small circumstance, perhaps, but a link in the chain of evidence that the prosecutor is slowly and rather painfully trying to weave.

LANSING, Feb. 19.—Ex-Senator J. H. D. Stevens was before the grand jury at Mason Saturday. His testimony was to the effect that Attorney General Ellis on Jan. 21 attempted to induce him to assist in changing the figures of the Gogebic election returns. A. D. Garner, cashier of the People's Savings Bank at Ironwood, was also a witness. He is in precisely the same position as Postmaster Healey—that is, he signed one of Mr. Ellis' affidavits.

LANSING, Feb. 20.—Prosecutor Gardner declares positively that no indict-

ments have been found by the grand jury and that a ballot has not even been taken. There was no session of grand jury Monday as one of the jurors missed his train from Leslie in the morning and did not arrive at Mason until evening.

MASON, Feb. 21.—Fourteen witnesses were before the grand jury Tuesday. They were principally clerks in the senate and house of the last legislature and department clerks in the capitol. Ex-Clerk Warren was of the number examined and it is believed that he gave important testimony in regard to the canvass of 1893. He had been before the jury before, but again appeared at his own request.

STABBED HIS WIFE.

Thinking She Was Dead Frederick Westfall Hanged Himself.

BENTON HARBOR, Feb. 22.—Frederick Westfall, a farmer living near Hagar station, quarreled at breakfast with his wife about some trivial matter. Words led to blows and the couple became furious.

Mrs. Westfall in a white anger broke a plate over her husband's head, the fragments cutting his face. He, enraged, sprang at the woman and badly cut her about the head and neck with a case-knife.

Snuffing his wife dead, Westfall drove the screaming children away at the point of a gun, poured kerosene oil over the floor and furniture, overturned the stove with a violent shove and set fire to the house. Then he cut his throat and wrists, ran wildly back of the barn and hanged himself under a shed.

Mrs. Westfall was afterwards rescued, but lies in a critical condition.

DE FRANCE MAKES A DENIAL.

Says His Father-in-Law Was a Bird Dealer and Not a Showman.

KALAMAZOO, Feb. 22.—Stonewall J. De France was seen in the jail in regard to a story published in a Toronto paper that his wife was the daughter of a circus proprietor named Barnard. He said:

"It is absolutely false. Mrs. De France was the daughter of a former well known citizen of Toronto, Karl Von Bergman. Mr. Von Bergman was for years a dealer in birds and animals for zoological gardens, importing from the West Indies and other countries. At the time of his death his estate was reported to be worth \$200,000, but that was excessive."

Health of the State.

LANSING, Feb. 22.—Reports to the state board of health show influenza, bronchitis, rheumatism, neuralgia and tonsillitis in the order named causing most sickness in Michigan during the week ending Feb. 17. Scarlet fever was reported at 53 places, diphtheria at 25, typhoid fever at 18, measles at 15 and smallpox at 3 places. Consumption was reported present by 39 per cent of the observers making weekly card reports.

Pythians Celebrated.

GRAND RAPIDS, Feb. 20.—Monday was a great day in this city for Pythianism. Aside from the usual brotherly patriotism to be drawn out by Pythian day, there was the laying of the cornerstone of the handsome new Pythian temple, and the double celebration was made a grand one.

The ceremonies began with a parade through streets gaily decorated with the colors of the order, and although the weather was bitterly cold, the parade was very large. There were brass bands and inspiring music, uniforms, glistening accoutrements and the pretty plumes danced gaily in the wind.

Had Their Own Line.

SAGINAW, Feb. 19.—Some time ago suit was brought in the circuit court by the Flint and Pere Marquette Railroad company against the A. W. Wright Lumber company for \$100,000. The plaintiff claiming they had built a railroad 14 miles long for the purpose of carrying the defendant's lumber and after it was built said defendant refused to send their lumber over their road.

In their answer the A. W. Wright Lumber company claims that it already had a line traveling the same route and also that the Flint and Pere Marquette did not give it the rates promised in the contract.

Paccaloni Innocent.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Feb. 17.—After being out two hours, the jury in the case of Paccaloni, who was charged with murdering his wife, brought in a verdict of not guilty. The result of the trial surprised everybody, as the guilt of Paccaloni seemed to be a foregone conclusion. McMahon, Oran & Snell, the attorneys for the defense, are the talk of the town, as they not only had to contend with a case that seemed to present no hope, but with a brilliant prosecution as well. The case occupied a week, and the courtroom was crowded to suffocation every day.

Struck by a Train.

IONIA, Feb. 21.—Henry Sprague and William B. Taylor, two prominent farmers of Berlin, were returning home and while attempting to cross the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee track at Steele street the horses were struck by a passenger train and one killed. The two men were thrown from the wagon quite a distance, but by a miracle escaped unhurt. The horses were owned by Mr. Sprague and the one killed was valued at \$200.

They Smuggled Horses.

ALPENA, Feb. 21.—James H. Blackmore and William Eagle, farmers of this county, were arrested by United States Officer Carter, charged with smuggling four horses from Canada. The men claimed to be Canadian emigrants and as such entitled to bring the horses in free of duty. As a matter of fact they were residents of Michigan. They will be taken to Bay City for trial.

Jag-Cure Law Invalid.

LANSING, Feb. 21.—The supreme court reversed the decision of Circuit Judge Kelly of Alpena in the case of the senate of the Happy Home Clubs of Alpena vs. the Board of Supervisors of Alpena County. The court's opinion is, in effect, a declaration that the so-called jag-cure act of the last legislature is invalid.

Railroad President Resigns.

GRAND RAPIDS, Feb. 22.—William O. Hughart, president of the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad since 1872, has resigned and the directors elected at the annual meeting Monday will choose his successor. He resigns on account of ill health.

UNIVERSITY NOTES.

Prof. Beal, lit '59, professor of Botany in the Michigan Agricultural college, was visiting old friends recently.

Mr. Lyons, traveling secretary of the Students' Volunteer movement, will address the S. C. A. next Sabbath morning.

A rocky mountain sheep has recently been added to the museum. It is the gift of Dr. Leonard, and is the only specimen that the museum has ever had of its kind.

The registration for the School of Music is progressing very rapidly, and indications point to a successful semester. It would be well for those who desire to avail themselves of the advantages of the school to consult the Director as soon as possible.

Mrs. Sunderland's Sunday noon Bible class in the study of "Christian Denominations," at the Unitarian church, has an attendance of over 150. Her subjects the past three Sundays have been the Episcopal, Presbyterian, and Congregational churches; those for the next three Sundays will be the Baptist, Methodist and Universalist churches.

Mrs. Alice Turner Merry, whose lecture on physical culture and the Americanized Delsarte system was heard with so much profit and pleasure by her audience last week, organized a new class at the School of Music last Thursday evening. This class meets each Monday and Thursday at the same hour. Other classes will be formed later.

Cornell Disgraced.

Experience keeps a dear school, but Cornell can learn in none other. This conclusion may be drawn from the reports of the freshman banquet or rather "melee" which was held Tuesday night. The particulars of the "fun" as it is called, as near as can be learned, are as follows:

The banquet was spread in the large hall formerly occupied by the Masonic fraternities. At 9 o'clock the freshmen were to meet on the hill and march down to the banquet hall. Tioga street was well filled with students long before 9 o'clock, waiting for the coming freshmen, ready to pounce upon them and spoil their banquet. The whole of the Ithaca police force was on hand to quell any serious trouble. About ten o'clock the freshmen reached Tioga street. Then a "rush," as they called it, began, but in reality it was nothing less than a free fight. The freshmen surged toward the door leading up to the hall and were attacked from all sides. Faces were punched, hats smashed, and a general melee resulted in which the officers were tossed about like chaff. The "rush" was only ended when the last freshman was safely in the hall.

Things went along smoothly enough until about 11 o'clock, when a sensation was discovered. First appeared a colored woman, led by two men. She was fainting and apparently nearly dead. She was taken to a doctor's office, and means taken to resuscitate her. But all attempts proved of no avail, and a few moments after 11 o'clock she died. Soon after she was led out of the building a number of students were carried out. The efforts to revive them proved more successful, and they recovered sufficiently to be taken home and put under care of physicians.

A vigorous investigation as to the cause of the trouble showed that someone had entered the room underneath the kitchen and bored two holes in the ceiling above. On the table stood a large jug corked. In the cork were two rubber tubes, which ran nearly up to the ceiling where they connected with two glass tubes. These ran through the holes in the floor, thus liberating in the room above the gas generated from the jug, which was found to be chlorine, a mixture of salt and sulphuric acid. There was, however, no clue to the party who had been guilty of this dastardly piece of business.

A rigid investigation is being made and if the culprit is found he will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

Young America.



Small Boy—I'll clean the snow off your hat for a nickel.—Hello.

SULPHUR BITTERS

Cleanse
The Vitiated
Blood
When you see
Its impurities
Bursting through
The Skin
In Pimples,
Blotches
And Sores.

Rely on Sulphur Bitters and Health will follow.

Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

TIME TABLE (Revised) FEBRUARY 11, 1894.

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.

GOING EAST.	GOING WEST.
Chicago, Ill. 10:30 a.m.	Chicago, Ill. 6:00 a.m.
Ann Arbor, Mich. 11:00 a.m.	Ann Arbor, Mich. 6:30 a.m.
Ypsilanti, Mich. 11:30 a.m.	Ypsilanti, Mich. 7:00 a.m.
Dearborn, Mich. 12:00 p.m.	Dearborn, Mich. 7:30 a.m.
Wayne, Mich. 12:30 p.m.	Wayne, Mich. 8:00 a.m.
Livonia, Mich. 1:00 p.m.	Livonia, Mich. 8:30 a.m.
Westland, Mich. 1:30 p.m.	Westland, Mich. 9:00 a.m.
Southfield, Mich. 2:00 p.m.	Southfield, Mich. 9:30 a.m.
Warren, Mich. 2:30 p.m.	Warren, Mich. 10:00 a.m.
East Warren, Mich. 3:00 p.m.	East Warren, Mich. 10:30 a.m.
Hamtramck, Mich. 3:30 p.m.	Hamtramck, Mich. 11:00 a.m.
St. Louis, Mo. 4:00 p.m.	St. Louis, Mo. 11:30 a.m.
St. Paul, Minn. 4:30 p.m.	St. Paul, Minn. 12:00 p.m.
Chicago, Ill. 5:00 p.m.	Chicago, Ill. 12:30 p.m.

TOLEDO
ANN ARBOR
AND
NORTH MICHIGAN
RAILWAY.



TIME TABLE

IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 5, 1893.

Trains Leave Ann Arbor.

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:15 a. m.	7:15 a. m.
12:15 p. m.	11:30 a. m.
4:15 p. m.	9:00 p. m.

*Trains run between Ann Arbor and Toledo only.

W. H. BENNETT, R. S. GREENWOOD,
G. P. A., Toledo, Ohio. Agent.

THE EBERBACH DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.

WOULD LIKE TO CALL YOUR ATTENTION TO THEIR C. P.

BAKING POWDER

This Baking Powder is made in our laboratory and is free from both alum and ammonia. It will not lose strength by standing any length of time if kept in a dry place. We guarantee it equal to the best in the market, or money refunded. PRICE, 25c per lb.

Trial Packages Free.

WE ALSO PREPARE A
SWEET CLOVER

BUTTER COLOR

That will not become rancid by age, or give any taste to the butter. It is a perfectly harmless vegetable color.

PRICE, 10, 15 and 25c per bottle.

EBERBACH
DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.

THE MOST USEFUL MAGAZINE

to the business man, the lawyer, the physician, the clergyman, the teacher, the politician, and, in short, to every one who is interested in affairs which concern the American public, and who wishes to keep fully abreast of the times, is

THE North American Review.

Every subject of importance is dealt with in its pages—impartially, on both sides—at the very time when the course of events brings it to the front, and by the very men or women whose opinions are most valued. The REVIEW does not hesitate at the most liberal expenditure in order to secure articles from the highest authorities. Its list of contributors forms a roll of the representative men and women of the age.

THE NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW is the most widely read magazine of its class in the world, being neither scholastic nor technical, but popular and practical in its treatment of all topics.

THE NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW is the only periodical of its kind which has a recognized place as

A FAMILY MAGAZINE

This is because it devotes much attention to subjects that are of particular interest to women.

No other periodical in the world can point to such a succession of distinguished writers as have contributed to the REVIEW during the past four years. The list embraces American and British Cabinet Ministers; United States Senators and Representatives; Governors of States; American Ministers abroad; Foreign Ministers to the United States; Judges of the Supreme Court; Ecclesiastical dignitaries and eminent theologians of every denomination; officers of the Army and Navy; famous physicians and scientists; and in general men and women whose names are household words throughout the English-speaking world.

Published Monthly. \$5.00 a Year.

THE NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW

3 EAST 14TH STREET, NEW YORK.

Until January 31st, 1894, we will furnish the North American Review and the ARGUS for \$4.00 per Year in advance.



A year's subscription to SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE will bring into your home twelve monthly numbers, aggregating over 1,500 pages of the best and most interesting reading, and more than 700 beautiful illustrations.

Announcements.

George W. Cable will begin in the January number a romance entitled "John March, Southerner."

Two other important serials have been engaged: J. M. Barrie, author of the famous "Little Minister," has written a new novel, the first since that famous story. George Meredith, the great English novelist, has in preparation a novel entitled "The Amazing Marriage."

SHORT STORIES will be abundant.

W. D. Howells, Miss Elliot, W. H. Bishop, Ludovic Halévy, Paul Bourget, J. G. Chandler Harris and many new writers will contribute.

STORIES OF AMERICAN LIFE will be an important feature, including Newport, Bar Harbor, Lenox, etc., and the West. THE ILLUSTRATIONS will be even more numerous and beautiful than ever. A series of Frontispieces chosen by Philip Gilbert Hamerton will be especially notable.

SPECIAL OFFER.

The numbers for 1893, and a subscription for 1894, - \$4.50

The same, with back numbers bound in cloth, - - - - 6.00

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743 Broadway, New York.

It is human nature to want something for nothing.

SILVERWARE GIVEN AWAY FREE

W. F. Lodholz Grocery Store,
Nos. 4 and 6 Broadway.

This is the way it is done: With every Cash Sale, whether it be ten cents or fifty dollars we give you a coupon showing the amount purchased, and when you have bought groceries or any goods in our line to the amount of Forty Dollars, Forty-five Dollars or Fifty Dollars YOU CAN HAVE YOUR CHOICE OF THE TWENTY BEAUTIFUL PIECES OF SILVERWARE, such as Sugar Bowls, Spoon Holder, Cream, Fruit, Caster, Berry, Pickle, Butter Dishes, etc.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

Remember Everything in the GROCERY LINE Sold Cheap for Cash.

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4 and 6 Broadway

MARTIN & FISCHER,
PROPRIETORS OF

THE WESTERN BREWERY,

ANN ARBOR, MICH.

Brewers of Pure Lager Beer.

TILT IN THE SENATE

AN AIR OF ACRIMONY PERVADED THE CHAMBER.

Sensors Accuse Each Other of Unworthy Acts—Still No Quorum in the House on the Bland Silver Seigniorage Bill—Effort to Adjourn Over Washington's Birthday Failed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—The tariff question came up in quite an unexpected way in the senate Wednesday and for two hours it held the floor to the exclusion of all other business. The matter was indirectly alluded to by Senator Voorhees, who arose to a question of privilege to deny a newspaper statement indicating that the Democratic members of the finance committee were submitting to the president's directions in matters relating to the tariff bill.

After this denial by Senator Voorhees Senator Chandler of New Hampshire precipitated the discussion of the day by an inquiry as to the part that Senator Mills is performing in the consideration of the bill in committee and whether he is still acting as the proxy of Senator McPherson since the latter's return to the city.

Sensor Voorhees at first referred Senator Chandler to the record for his information, but when the New Hampshire senator insisted upon a direct answer, Senator Voorhees finally declared that it was no business of the senator how the finance committee considered the bill. This provoked an air of acrimony and for the next hour senatorial courtesy had no place in this dignified body. Many senators accused each other of unworthy acts, and Senator Vest finally quoted from a record in an attempt to prove that Senator Chandler had promised to take care of certain officials in the southern states in 1876 if they would decide against the Democracy and in favor of Hayes for the presidency.

The controversy was finally brought to a close by Senator McPherson and Senator Mills, both explaining their positions, the former stating that Senator Mills, at his request, was still acting as a member of the finance subcommittee and the latter declaring that he was opposed to public hearings and did not believe in consulting the tariff beneficiaries in framing a law solely designed to check their rapacity and benefit the whole people.

Still No Quorum.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Mr. Bland failed to secure a quorum Wednesday on his motion and after four hours of fruitless rollcalls the house adjourned. The highest number of votes polled was 170, 9 short of a quorum. An effort was made to adjourn over Washington's birthday, but Mr. Bland insisted that if the Democrats of the house could not do business it was not proper to fritter away time on holidays and his supporters sustained him.

The Record in Brief.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Senate: Oklahoma town site bill passed. House: Bland seigniorage bill occupied the time Thursday.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Senate: Peckham's nomination was rejected by a vote of 32 to 41. House: Entire day consumed by the Bland bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—House: Bland bill debated until 2 o'clock Saturday; the remainder of the day was devoted to a recital of the late Representative Lilley of Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Senate: E. D. White, senator from Louisiana, was confirmed as associate justice of the supreme court. House: Filibuster on the Bland bill consumed the time Monday.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Senate: No important business transacted Wednesday. House: The deadlock continued on the Bland bill.

DID TERRIBLE WORK.

A Mastiff Afflicted With Hydrophobia Badly Mangles a Woman.

ALLIANCE, O., Feb. 20.—At Mechanics town, near here, an immense mastiff owned by William Allison, one of the wealthiest men of this section, developed hydrophobia and did some terrible work. The big brute first sprang upon Mrs. Allison, fastened his teeth in her neck and threw her down.

Her throat was torn and she was bleeding fearfully, but splendid courage saved her from an immediate and horrible death. She managed to regain her feet and fought the mad dog desperately, but coolly. Finally, after he had mangled her arm, she flung him off. He rolled over on the floor, sprang up again and attacked her little granddaughter, crunching her arm and shoulder in his bloody jaws.

Mrs. Allison bravely flew to the rescue and beat the mad brute off. It then ran out of the house and, after biting several dogs, attacked a man, who crushed its skull with a rock. The other dogs that were bitten have been killed. Mrs. Allison and her granddaughter left immediately with a physician for Chicago to be placed under the Pasteur treatment.

New Electric Line.

TOLEDO, Feb. 22.—J. A. Dawson, promoter of the Toledo, Monroe and Detroit electric road, says the company will be incorporated this week and that sufficient money has been subscribed to build the road. Surveyors will make a final trip over the line on March 1, and track laying will follow at once. The road will be 60 miles long and transfer arrangements will be made with local lines in both this city and Detroit.

Quarreled Over a Money Matter.
OAKLAND, Cal., Feb. 22.—Morelli Leonard was shot by Eusidio Garabaldi after a dispute over a trifling money matter. Garabaldi then blew his own brains out. Leonard is not expected to live.

Horses and Cows Burned.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 22.—Fire destroyed the Hoover & Huggler dairy. Many cows, horses and mules were burned. Two employees had a narrow escape. Loss, \$30,000.

Will Increase Their Capital Stock.

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—The stockholders of the Chicago Edison company met in special session and voted to increase their capital stock from \$5,000,000 to \$5,000,000.

More Anarchists Arrested.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—The police of Lyons have arrested three more anarchists and the work of searching suspected residences will be continued.

CHASKA IS PICKLE.

Left His White Wife and Elope With an Indian Maiden.

YANKTON, Feb. 20.—Mrs. Chaska, nee Cora Bell Fellows, who was married at Cheyenne River agency three years ago to a Santee Sioux named Chaska, or Samuel Campbell, is now living apart from him in a small town in southern Nebraska. Several months ago Chaska and his family went to reside on the Santee reservation, a short distance up the river from Yankton, that they might enjoy the fruits of Chaska's Indianhood. Chaska, in company with his children, receives a government subsidy every three months. After two months of life on the reservation Chaska suddenly disappeared, and it was discovered that he had eloped with a young and buxom squaw. Mrs. Chaska, after waiting for his return for weeks, left the reservation with her half-breed children, vowing she would never live with Chaska again. Two weeks after she left, Chaska returned to the agency and is now living there with the woman who accompanied him in the elopement.

Dressed in Male Attire.

PADEUAH, Ky., Feb. 22.—Florence McCurdy, who hails from Pittsburg, was arrested here with a companion named Charlie Jacob. She was arrested in male attire and broke down at the jail when about to be searched, exclaiming: "I'm a girl." She has a mother and three sisters living at Pittsburg. Jacob is also from Pittsburg. The girl will be sent home.

STATE ITEMS.

Friday, Feb. 16.

A sanitary convention will be held under the auspices of the state board of health at Menominee April 5 and 6.

Ed Smith, a young man living four miles from Copemish, was instantly killed by being struck by a limb while felling trees.

A. B. Stewart, a prominent business man of Osego, dropped dead from heart disease. He was the founder and the former owner of the chair factory, which is one of the largest industries in the village.

Saturday, Feb. 17.

A tannery will be established at Alpena during the coming summer.

Eighty thousand brook trout are being planted in Cass county streams.

A lodge of I. O. G. T. has been instituted at Galien, with 30 charter members.

A movement has been started in Eaton Rapids to establish a telephone exchange at that place.

The annual meeting of the Michigan News Writers' association will be held at Dowagiac, March 20.

Monday, Feb. 19.

The second annual meeting of the Lake Superior Mining institute will be held at Houghton, beginning March 7.

At its annual meeting the Allegan County Agricultural society fixed the date of the annual fair for Sept. 25 to 28.

Antrim county people will vote on a proposition for local option on March 12, and it is thought that the measure will pass.

Joseph Skalla, a pioneer business man of Niles, and founder of the furniture factory in that place, is dead at the age of 78 years.

Tuesday, Feb. 20.

Marcellus' school seat factory has again commenced operations.

The annual convention of the Calhoun County Sunday School association will be held in the Methodist Episcopal church at Marshall Feb. 28.

A new firm will be added to the business interests of Homer. Messrs. Harmon & Allen will open a store of general merchandise.

H. J. Sykes of Tekonsha has in his possession an illustrated edition of the London Times dated 1855, containing an account of Queen Victoria's visit to France.

Wednesday, Feb. 21.

Over \$160 was received at the Congregational donation at Vicksburg.

Bloomington business men have organized a local building and loan association.

Vicksburg now has long distance telephone communication with Detroit and Chicago.

The ministers of the Reformed church of western Michigan held a conference at Zeeland, Ottawa county, Tuesday.

The little hamlet of Cheshire, in Allegan county, has 60 converts as the result of a recent series of revival services.

Thursday, Feb. 22.

The relief society at Calumet has sent to the Gogebic County Relief society a draft for \$2,000.

A new lumber yard will be started in Dearborn shortly, James Wallace of Wayne moving his to the former place.

A carload of provisions was sent from Adrian Wednesday to the Dickinson county sufferers. It was the contribution of Lenawee county.

The residence of C. Pippel, in Robinson township, Ottawa county, was destroyed by fire. The blaze started from a defective chimney.

A dispatch from Lexington, Sanilac county, says that there is very little ice in sight off that place, and that one day's warm weather would open navigation.

THE MARKETS.

Detroit.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 57½¢; May, 60½¢; July, 62½¢; No. 3 red, 55¢; No. 1 white, 57½¢; CORN—No. 2, 36½¢; No. 2 yellow, 37¢; OATS—No. 2, 29½¢; No. 2 white, 31½¢; CLOVERSEED—No. 65.

Chicago Livestock.

CATTLE—Receipts, 12,500; trifle higher; good to choice, \$4.80@4.90; medium, \$4.40@4.50; others, \$3.00@3.75; Texans, \$2.75@3.10.

HOGS—Receipts, 25,000; active, 10c higher; rough, heavy, \$4.80@5.05; packers and mixed, \$5.10@5.15; prime heavy and butchers' weights, \$5.15@5.25; assorted light, \$5.10@5.25.

SHEEP—Receipts, 10,000; unchanged; tops, \$3.00@3.60.

LAMBS—Tops, \$4.00@4.25.

Chicago Provisions.

WHEAT—February, 57½¢@57¾¢; May, 60¢@60½¢; July, 61¾¢.

CORN—February, 34½¢; May, 37½¢; July, 38¢.

OATS—February, 29¢; May, 29½¢@29¾¢; July, 28¾¢.

PORK—February, \$12.20; May, \$12.35.

LARD—February, \$7.55; March, \$7.35; May, \$7.25; July, \$7.15.

RIBS—February, \$6.30; May, \$6.35.

New York Grain.

WHEAT—February, 61½¢; March, 61½¢; May, 63½¢; July, 66½¢; December, 67½¢.

CORN—February, 42½¢; March, 42½¢; May, 43½¢.

OATS—February, 36½¢; May, 34½¢; No. 2 white, 35½¢@38½¢; mixed western, 37¢@38¢.

RYE—Dull and nominal.

Toledo.

WHEAT—Active, easier; No. 2 cash and February, 57½¢; May, 60¢; July, 61¾¢.

Against the Silver Basis.

Prof. F. M. Taylor Monday evening discussed "Some Recent Phases of the Monetary System in the United States." His treatment of this complicated subject was clear and unpartisan although his position was stated in an unmistakable manner.

The Professor severely criticised our present monetary system, stating that it was complex, unstable, insecure, inelastic, and in general bad. We have three kinds of money in circulation: 1. Gold, the standard or real money, worth as much in bullion as in coin, of which there are in circulation in the United States 600 millions; 2. Credit moneys, made up of greenbacks, 346 millions; treasury notes, 153 millions; and bank notes, 209 millions; 3. Semicredit moneys, which include 419 millions of silver dollars, worth 49 cents each; and 65 millions of subsidiary coins, worth even less per dollar. All credit moneys are redeemed by the United States on demand, in gold. Silver dollars are not redeemed, but can be exchanged for credit moneys and these are redeemed. For purposes of redemption the government keeps a reserve fund of 100 millions, and this has been as low as 65 millions. The outcome of the attempt to keep these 1200 millions of creditor semicredit moneys upon a par with these 600 millions of gold, and with such a paltry reserve as 65 millions, is extremely uncertain. The realization of this uncertainty was what caused the beginning of the present panic. Everybody wished to be prepared for the coming earthquake, and so money disappeared as by magic, simply from lack of confidence in the government's ability to redeem, and hence in the security of banks. The bond issue to increase the reserve will avail little, for every man has the right to exchange at the treasury any amount of other money for gold.

Congressman Bland admitted recently in debate that he did not expect under free coinage a parity to be maintained between gold and silver. This means the silver basis. His bill to increase the amount of silver money by coining the seigniorage is but the thin edge of the wedge which is to accomplish that basis.

Is silver, wheat, etc., falling or is gold rising? Gold is not rising if we judge by wages. The most reliable set of reports the census department ever put forth shows that carpenters in 1840 received on an average for ten hours' work, \$1.50; in 1860, \$2.00; and in 1891, \$3.50. Judged by some kinds of goods, gold is not rising. The same report shows that a bill of goods such as a working-man would be likely to need for a week's supplies cost \$10.22 in 1840, \$10.73 in 1860, and \$12.17 in 1891.

The silver basis means that a \$10 denison would be worth \$5, and a similar reduction for all those whose income depends upon a salary, an annuity, interest on instruments, or wages. We can not afford to go to a silver basis while Europe maintains a gold basis, for our export would be immensely increased and the silver we should receive in return would rapidly depreciate, leaving us bankrupt.

What is it? It is a bottle. What is in the bottle? Syrup. Why do I see it in so many houses? Because everybody likes it. What is it for? For Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough and Consumption. What is its name? Parks' Cough Syrup. Sold by Eberbach Drug and Chemical Co.

MICHIGAN REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Village Property.

Lots 5, 6 and 7, in block 15, in Easton Rapids, Easton co. Dwelling house and lot 9, in Kendall, Van Buren co. Dwelling house and lot 10, in Kendall, Van Buren co. Store and lot 11, in Kendall, Van Buren co. N. ½ of lots 1 and 2, in block 1, in Elm Hill, Gratiot co. Store and lot in Verona Mills, Huron co. Store and lot in Verona Mills, Huron co. Three acres at Arn Station, Bay co. (good mill site). Two lots in village of Howard City, Montcalm co. Five lots in village of Lyons, Ionia co. House and lot, and 2½ acres, in Maple Rapids, Clinton co.

An undivided ½ interest in 2 frame stores and lots, and a brick store and lot in Cheesing, Saginaw co. Three lots in Corunna, Shiawassee co. One store and lot, and house and lot, in Port Sanilac, Sanilac co.

Two brick stores in Saranac, Ionia co., known as the J. P. Anderson block. House and lot, 4½ rods, in Delwin, Isabella co. Vacant lot, No. 16, block 11, in Rogers City, Presque Isle co.

House and lot in Ewart, Oscoda co. House and 2 lots in Sear, Oscoda co. Store, barn and lots in Pompet, Gratiot co., known as the B. A. Hicks store property.

House and 6 lots in Fawcett, Ionia co. Store and lot, in Fawcett, Ionia co. Known as the W. A. Carpenter & Son store property.

House and 2 lots, Nos. 13 and 14, block 42, in Farwell, Clare co.

House and lot, No. 18, block 41, Farwell, Clare co. Barn and lots 9 and 10 and westerly one-half of lots 11 and 12, in block 12, in Farwell, Clare co.

Store and lot, in Sumner, Gratiot co. Store and lot, in Otter Lake, Leape co. Brick store and lot, in Vassar, Tuscola co. Store and lot, lot 17, block 7, Trout Lake, Chippewa co.

Farms.

Eighty acres, near Olivet, Eaton co., known as the Dowler farm.

Twenty 31-100 acres in the city of Niles, Berrien co. Eighty acres near Leutz, Saginaw co., known as the Cobb farm.

One hundred and eighty-two 31-100 acres near Quincy, Mich., known as the Berry farm.

One hundred and fifty-seven acres near Marlette, Sanilac co., known as the Murray farm.

Seventy-five acres in Montcalm co., four miles from Riverdale, known as the Risk farm.

Eighty-nine acres near Thornton, St. Clair co., known as the Hill farm.

One hundred and twenty acres near Advance, Charlevoix co., known as the Hayes farm.

Five hundred acres, four and one-half miles from Ovid, Clinton co., known as the Scott farm.

One hundred and fifty-nine 3-10 acres, three miles east of Verona Mills, Huron co., known as the Redman farm.

Ninety-four and 37-100 acres, near the South Arm of Pine Lake, Charlevoix co., in Sec. 4, Town 32, N. 3, E. 7 West, known as the Steele farm.

Eighty acres in Presque Isle co., described as N. ½ of E. ½ of Sec. 22, Town 35, N. 3, E. 4 East, known as the Brader farm.

Twenty-five acres in Township of Sumner, Gratiot co., in Sec. 32, near village of Sumner.

Eighty acres in Township of Ferris, Montcalm co., described as S. ½ of N. E. ¼ of Sec. 23, Town 11, N. 3, E. 5 West.

Unimproved Lands.

In Alpena, Benzie, Cheboygan, Gladwin, Gratiot, Grand Traverse, Huron, Kalamazoo, Leelanau, Montmorency, Muskegon, Mackinaw, Midland, Muskegon, Montmorency, Newaygo, Oscoda, Oshtemo, Ottawa, Roscommon, Saginaw, Sanilac, Shiawassee, St. Ignace, St. Joseph, St. Louis, and Village Property and Farms. For descriptions, apply to ALLAN SHELTON & CO., DETROIT, MICH.

**For Constipation
Ayer's Pills
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Ayer's Pills
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Ayer's Pills
For Rheumatism
Ayer's Pills
For Colds
Ayer's Pills
For Fevers
Ayer's Pills**

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

Every Dose Effective

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

D. A. MAC LACHLAN, M. D.

Diseases of the

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

Office, cor. of Main and Washington Streets.
Residence, 14 S. State Street. Residence telephone No. 128. Office telephone No. 134.
Hours: 10 a. m. to 12 and 1 to 5 p. m.

ELIHU B. POND.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
And Notary Public. Conveyancing done and REAL ESTATE bought and sold on commission. Patronage solicited. No. 6 N. Main St.

ATTORNEYS.

E. B. NORRIS

ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Does a general law collection and conveyancing business. A moderate share of your patronage respectfully solicited. Office, 16 E. Huron Street, upstairs.

G. R. WILLIAMS,

Attorney at Law and Pension Claim Attorney,

MILAN, MICH.

Conveyancing and Collections.

DENTISTS.

W. W. NICHOLS D. D.

DENTIST.
In the old St. James Hotel Block.
Teeth extracted without pain by the use of vitalized air.

A. C. NICHOLS.

DENTIST
Late of Nichols Bros. Over Adams' Bazaar
No. 13 South Main street.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1894, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Watson Geer late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court at the Probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance on or before the 15th day of July next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court on the 16th day of April and on the 15th day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, January 16th, A. D. 1894.
J. WILLARD BABBITT,
Judge of Probate.

Real Estate for Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. ss. In the matter of the estate of Thomas Tate, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned administrator of the estate of said Thomas Tate, deceased, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1894, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the late residence of said deceased in the township of Bridgewater, in the County of Washtenaw, in said State, on Wednesday, the 28th day of March, A. D. 1894, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased) the following described real estate, to wit:

The east half of the southeast quarter of section number twenty-three (23) and the west half of the southwest quarter of section number twenty-four (24) all in the township of Bridgewater, in the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan.

SOLOMON TATE, Administrator.
Dated February 6, 1894.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. ss. In the matter of the estate of Thomas Tate, deceased.

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Dated February 6, 1894.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. ss. In the matter of the

GORMAN ON WOOL.

Extracts From the Congressman's Speech on the Wilson Bill.

HOW WOOL DECLINED UNDER PROTECTION

A Comparison with English Prices.—Why Free Wool will not Lower the Price—Where the Sheep Are.

Hon. James S. Gorman, our congressional representative, in a speech in the House of Representatives, on the Wilson bill, devoted part of it to the wool tariff, from which part of the speech we quote as follows:

"I am frank to confess, in view of the fact that we do not produce all the wool that is consumed by the manufacturers of this country that a protective tariff ought to increase the price, and I am equally as emphatic to deny that it does. Two causes I allege for this condition of things: The first is that we do not produce the variety and quality of wool that our manufacturers require in the production of certain grades of goods that enables them to compete with our foreign competitors who get all the grades; and second, the more we have taxed our woolen manufacturer for the imported wool that he needs to mix with the domestic in the manufacture of particular grades of goods, the greater necessity it has been to decrease the price of the domestic wool to make up for the extra price that he pays for the imported wool in order to place him on an equal footing with his foreign competitor.

We also produce about 60 per cent of the wool that is manufactured in this country, consequently the importation of the other 40 per cent drives none of our domestic wool out of the market; and if the price is not decreased because of the two reasons assigned above, then I pause for some one to give me a reason why the price of the domestic wool does not equal the price of a foreign wool of a similar grade plus the duty. To illustrate: Referring to the price list in the British Trade Journal of January 1, 1893, Western Australia and Port Phillip, washed, is quoted from 9d. to 1s. 1d., which equals in our country 19 cents to 27 cents; and on the same date Ohio, fine, washed, which is the nearest comparison that can fairly be made with Port Phillip, was quoted at 29 cents. And taking the first of January, 1894,

from the same authority, Western Australia, washed, sold in London from 7d. to 1s. 1d., which equals in our money 14 cents to 27 cents. New South Wales, washed fleece, sold on the same date in London from 10d. to 1s. 4d., which equals in our money 21 cents to 29 cents; and on the same date in Boston, Ohio fine sold from 27 to 29 cents.

Before leaving these figures, which make their own argument and can not be contradicted or successfully controverted, I wish to warn those investigating this subject of a protective tariff on wool when they are looking at tables given by advocates of that policy to notice what grades of wool are compared. If a comparison is made with South Australia or New Zealand and Ohio medium, it will not be a fair comparison, because Ohio medium is the highest grade of wool produced in America, and the two referred to are not the same fiber or quality. Ohio medium averages from 3 cents to 5 cents a pound higher than Ohio fine, sometimes called Ohio X, and this latter grade of wool is that which is nearest the same quality and fiber to Port Phillip, and are the proper grades to make a fair comparison upon. S. N. D. North, secretary of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, and a Republican advocate of a protection on wool, is authority for the statement that these two latter grades are the only fair comparisons.

When we find that Port Phillip wool sells for practically the same price in London that Ohio fine sells for in Boston at the same time, I am curious to know what effect the tariff has on the price of domestic wool. Much effort has been made to show that if the duty was taken off of wool that our woolgrowers would have to destroy their flocks. Can not our woolgrowers compete with foreign competition as successfully as the Canadian woolgrowers that have no duty on wool, and only 27 per cent tariff on woolen fabrics? Does anyone mean to say that the woolen industry has been in the decline in Canada? I think no intelligent woolgrower will argue that. Then, when we come to consider that our wool in price has gone down proportionately with the price of wool in other countries, I ask the woolgrower, in all sincerity and candor, what he wants a duty for or what good it has been to him? At this point, Congressman Gorman introduced two long tables, the first taken from the Bradford Observer, England, showing the average price of Port Phillip fleece from 1872 to 1891, which tables show that the price for the average Port Phillip fleece declined from 25d to

14d and the Port Phillip grease declined from 15d to 10d. The second table shows the price of Ohio wool by months from 1870 to 1893, by which it is seen that the price in January for Ohio fine wool declined from 48cts in 1870 to 33cts in 1891. Ohio medium declined from 45cts to 37cts. Ohio coarse declined from 44cts. to 37cts. Continuing he said:

I specially call your attention to the gradual decline from the earlier to the later date. Alongside this table I give you the price in Boston of Ohio fine from 1872 to 1893, inclusive; and by a comparison you will note that the decline in the price of Port Phillip in London represents practically the same corresponding decline of Ohio fine in Boston. It is unnecessary to comment on these figures and prices other than to call the attention of any impartial man to the corresponding relation.

They make their own argument, and all the threats and all the prophecies and all the declamations on the destruction of the American flocks will not change the facts. They are real they exist, and the wool-grower of the United States has been obliged to submit to them, and no sophistry can explain them away.

I represent in this House, to the best of my ability, one of the best agricultural districts in the United States, and I think without any reflection on any of the other districts, the best district for the production of wool of any in the State of Michigan. The grade of wool that is produced in my district, which is sold in Boston as Michigan X, sold on the 31st day of January, only yesterday, at 22 1/2 cents. The most of the wool sold by the farmers of my district is bought as Michigan X, and I herewith submit a statement received from the Hon. Reuben Kempf, of the firm of R. Kempf & Bro., of Chelsea, Mich., transmitting an abstract of prices paid by that firm for wool from 1879 to 1893, inclusive:

BANKING OFFICE OF R. KEMPF & BRO., Chelsea, Mich., January 18, 1894.

MY DEAR SIR: Agreeable to yours of the 13th instant, I herewith hand you statement of average price paid by us for clean or Michigan X washed wools from 1879 to 1893, both inclusive:

	Cents.		Cents.
1879.....	32	1887.....	20
1880.....	35	1888.....	20
1881.....	35	1889.....	27
1882.....	33	1890.....	28
1883.....	29	1891.....	23
1884.....	25	1892.....	21
1885.....	23	1893.....	15
1886.....	25		

Yours respectfully, R. KEMPF.
HON. JAMES S. GORMAN,
Washington, D. C.

This firm is one of the heaviest wool buyers in the State of Michigan. It is financially solid and entirely reliable. An examination of this schedule of prices paid the farmers of that

locality will disclose the fact that with one or two exceptions there has been a constantly increasing tendency downward in price, and especially so after the passage of the McKinley bill of 1890, since which time, it is observed, the price dropped rapidly. It may seem singular to some, but nevertheless it is true, that the lower the tariff the higher has been the price in the tables given above, and every increase of the tariff has been followed by decline in the price of wool. To illustrate: The reduction of 10 per cent. on the duty on wool in 1872 did not affect the average price, for during the following year, in 1873, the price was the same. The restoration of the 10 per cent. in 1875 was followed by a reduction in the price of wool in 1876 from 55 cents to 48 cents. The change in the tariff in 1883 was followed by a decline in the price in 1885 from 40 cents to 34 cents. Whether the tampering with the tariff produced this decline or not I am not prepared to say, neither will I undertake to argue, but I do maintain, and challenge contradiction, that the price of wool in this country has constantly decreased in the same relative proportion that the price of wool in London has decreased, and that the tariff, whether it has been high or low, has not enhanced the price of wool to the American woolgrower. This is true, it matters not what reasons may be assigned for it. We hear the advocates of a high protective tariff on wool now desert every argument that they have ever before advanced on the subject in form of a protection on manufactured goods, and insist now that if wool is placed on the free list that woolen goods should also be placed on the free list. This is puerile, flippant, protectionist statesmanship, made for the purpose of tickling the short ribs of the agricultural cranks on protection. It is the dying gasp of a weak and vicious policy.

The men who are advocating tariff reform to-day are intent and determined upon reducing the tariff by degrees, as I said before, giving to the manufacturer all that is deemed to be necessary for his protection by levying the revenue duty, which is incidentally a protection, on the manufactured article, and furnishing him his raw material free. That is the design and the policy. And when any man will stand up on this floor and say that because wool goes on the free list woolen fabrics should be on the free list also, he is inconsistent and discloses his insincerity in his advocacy of a protective policy heretofore. This bill proposes to reduce the present duty on woolen fabrics, which will average under the

present law in the vicinity of 90 per cent, to a duty of from 25 per cent to 45 per cent. This will be protection to the extent of that duty, and our manufacturers can not complain that we have left them open to the competition of the world without opportunity to adjust themselves accordingly.

I now wish to call attention to the depletion of our flocks under a high protective tariff, the advocates of which would make you believe that because of the high duty flocks should be increased and a greater amount of wool produced. In highly protected New England in 1840 there were reported 3,820,000 sheep, and in 1891, being the last report at hand, for space will not admit of my giving every report intervening, but simply say that it has been a gradual decline, until the number has dropped down to 1,205,000.

During the same time in the States of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware and Maryland the flocks decreased from 7,403,000 to 2,715,000. In the State of Ohio, the state by the way that talks more about a protective tariff on wool and the destruction of the flocks and the recognition of the flock-master than any other state in the Union, in 1870 there was reported 4,929,000 sheep, and they have gradually decreased until in 1890 they reported 3,944,000 sheep. In Michigan, in 1875 there was reported 3,416,000 sheep and in 1891, 2,263,000; so that my own state has been losing in number notwithstanding the inducements held out by the high protective tariff advocated that a duty on wool would increase the price and consequently make the sheep more profitable.

Let me show a little further where the sheep business has gone, and where that great industry most flourishes now. In 1840 there were no sheep reported in Texas. In 1850 there were 101,000, and it gradually increased until in 1885 they reported 7,558,000, and in 1891 it had decreased to 4,990,000. California makes the first report in sheep in 1850 of 18,000, and in 1880 had reached 7,647,000, and in 1891 dropped back to 3,712,000. Oregon in 1850 reported 15,000, and gradually increased until in 1871 it reports 2,432,000. New Mexico reports in 1885, 5,411,000, and in 1891, 3,134,000. Montana in 1885 makes the first report of sheep in that Territory of 625,000, and in 1891 reports 2,067,000.

Wyoming makes the first report of sheep in 1885 of 610,000, and in 1891, 1,119,000. Utah reports in 1885, 64,000, and in 1891, 2,056,000. Now, referring to every state east of the Mississippi River, the flocks have decreased since

1870 and 1875, and there are less sheep in every state. If there is any benefit to come to the flock-masters of this country by a protective tariff on wool, it will not materially affect the farmer who has 50 or 100 sheep. The effect, if any, will be felt by the men who count their sheep by the thousand. East of the Mississippi River the principal profit to the farmers by raising sheep is the mutton they produce.

AGNES HERNDON.

An Actress with 141 New Pairs of Shoes.

All people have hobbies. Agnes Herndon, who plays here Feb. 26th, has a peculiar one, that of ordering duplicates of every pretty pair of shoes she sees, and an exchange who sent a reporter to interview her the other day, relates how he found her maid busy preparing her costumes for the evening's performance. The aforesaid maid was well up in her business, and particularly in that priceless gift for a maid—namely, silence when asked regarding things which should not interest strangers.

The maid wore a smile on her face and had a dainty bronze shoe in her hand, and the dressing room was a complete shoe store, a large trunk having just been emptied.

"Does Miss Herndon wear all these in the play tonight?" was asked.

"Heaven forbid," said the maid. "She only wears four pairs, and one pair is particularly lovely. See!" and she held up a pair—a delicate suede pink, low cut shoes.

"These," she said, "are made especially to suit the pink Greek robe."

"What does Miss Herndon do with so many?" was asked. "Just keeps them—it's her hobby."

"Do you keep any of the shoes, I mean?"

And then the maid said "shew,"—and he "shewed."

One hundred and forty-one pairs of shoes for one woman at one time. Now, if it had been bonnets—well—

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Most Perfect Made.

Ripans Tabules: a standard remedy

INVENTORY IS OVER

AT THE

STAR CLOTHING HOUSE

Our Boys' and Children's Department Overloaded.

Too many CHILDREN'S SUITS. Too many BOYS' SUITS. Too many OVERCOATS. Too many ULSTERS.

NOW FOR AN UNLOADING

CASH YOU HAVE.

CASH WE WANT.

ANOTHER QUARTER-OFF SALE FOR TEN DAYS—FEBRUARY 21st to MARCH 4th

Dress up your Children now. Dress up your boys now. We are anxious to sell at least \$1,000.00 worth from this department during this sale. Suits for Sunday. Suits for rough and tumble, Knee Pant Suits, Long Pant Suits.—All go into this sale.

ONE-QUARTER OFF FOR TEN DAYS.

CASH BUYS THEM AT THESE FIGURES.

Don't ask for credit. Don't come too Late.

TO MAKE IT MORE INTERESTING

WE HAVE ADDED

Men's Suits from last season.
Men's Pants from last season.

All Men's Overcoats and Ulsters.
All Winter Underwear.

ANOTHER OPPORTUNITY OF SAVING MONEY.

35 S. MAIN ST.,
ANN ARBOR.

A. L. NOBLE,

LEADING—
CLOTHIER AND HATTER