

A Change in the . . . Management OF . . .

1-4 off

NOBLE'S STAR CLOTHING HOUSE

Means a general reduction sale. Everything in the stock is to be sold at 1/4 off from regular price. Come and see if we have anything you can use. A good opportunity to supply yourself or boy with a suit. Why? Because you can save 25c on every dollar's worth of goods bought for the next two weeks. Economy is the road to wealth. CASH ONLY. NOTHING CHARGED.

Great Inventory Sale

—OF—

BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, ETC.

Commencing

Jan. 2 And Continue Until Feb. 1

The Greatest REDUCTION SALE ever known in the history of Ann Arbor.

WAHR & MILLER

48 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

Dealers in Fine Footwear. Call and See Prices.

BUSY STORE OF SCHAIRER & MILLEN

THIRD WEEK OF JANUARY

Mark-Down Clearing Sale!

Read the Low Prices we make on Cottons.

Did you ever hear of such low prices before.

50 pieces Apron Check and Plaid Gingham, this sale 4c a yd.

10 pieces Good Bed Ticking, for this sale 5c a yd.

25 yards Good yard wide Sheeting for \$1.00.

7c yard wide Soft finish Bleached Cotton for 5c a yd.

8c yard wide Fine Bleached Cotton for 6c a yd.

Best quality Lonsdale Cambric, for this sale 10c a yd.

Yard wide Fruit of the Loom Bleached Cotton for 7c a yd.

Yard wide Lonsdale Bleached Cotton at 7c a yd.

All 7c and 8c yard wide Unbleached Cottons now 6c a yd.

All best quality 7c Dress Prints, during this sale 5c a yd.

Best quality 7c yard wide Unbleached Cotton now 5c a yd.

42 inch Bleached Pillow Cotton, for this sale 8c a yd.

46 inch Bleached Pillow Cotton, for this sale 10c a yd.

6-4 wide Bleached Cotton, for this sale 12c a yd.

8-4 wide Bleached Sheeting, for this sale 14c a yd.

9-4 wide Bleached Sheeting, for this sale 16c a yd.

10-4 wide Bleached Sheeting, for this sale 18c a yd.

8-4 and 9-4 wide Unbleached Sheeting, a bargain at 12 1/2c yd.

10 pieces Unbleached Canton Flannel, for this sale 5c a yd.

A good time to buy your Spring Cottons during this sale.

Bleached and Unbleached Twill Cotton Toweling at 3 1/2c a yd.

Checked Glass Linen Toweling, for this sale 5c a yd.

Stevens' 16 inch Linen Toweling, for this sale 5c a yd.

All Fine Linen Toweling marked down for this sale.

10-4 White and Gray Blankets, for this sale 53c a pair.

White Bedspreads, the 85c quality, for this sale 59c each.

Fine Bed Blankets and Comfortables all marked down.

LADIES! Don't Forget Our Dress Goods and Silk Sale at One Quarter Off, a saving of 25 per cent on every dollar's worth you buy.

SCHAIRER & MILLEN Leaders of Low Prices.

THEY ARE REINSTATED

The Suspended Students Returned to School Yesterday.

THE DOINGS OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS.

Unitarian Church Reunion.—More Mail Carriers.

The Two New Mail Carriers.

The official notification from the postoffice department that Ann Arbor has been given two new carriers has been received here. They will begin their work early in February. To save some hustling on the part of would be applicants it may be stated that no one is eligible to appointment who has not taken the civil service examination and passed so as to stand well up in the list. One of the carriers will have charge of the down town business mail and will make more frequent deliveries and collections. The other carrier will be given a district in the residence portion of the city and the whole districting scheme of the city will have to be more or less rearranged, the object being to give each carrier all the work he can do well in the eight hours allowed each day by law.

Annual Reunion of the Unitarian Church.

The most interesting social gathering of the year at the Unitarian church occurred last Monday night. It was the annual supper and reunion. A hundred and twenty-five persons sat down at the tastefully arranged and well-filled tables, over which Mrs. Motley and a dozen other leading ladies of the society presided. After supper there were toasts, responses, brief reports of work, recitations, music, etc. Professor Pettee acted as master of ceremonies. Mr. W. K. Childs and Mr. B. A. Finney spoke in the interest of the business side of the church. Mr. Robert Phillips represented Unity club, calling attention to its very successful course of lectures and to its great value in the city in tending to break down social and sectarian lines and prejudices, and in furnishing a broad and free platform where orthodox and liberal, Catholic and Protestant, college man and non-college man can stand side by side in perfect equity, and can speak their honest thought, sure of an intelligent, candid and respectful hearing. Mr. A. P. Gilmore spoke for the Young Men's Liberal Guild, and Miss May Taylor for the King's Daughters, giving interesting accounts of the Sunday Bible classes, and the various lines of social, benevolent, and helpful work which these excellent institutions are carrying on. Miss Ida Allen told about the Saturday sewing school and the useful work it is doing for the poor of the city. Mrs. Pettee, who represented the Ladies' Union, read a very bright poem, in which the literary and other work of the Union were very happily characterized. Mr. J. Sivret indulged in some interesting reminiscences. Capt. Danforth spoke of the value of liberal churches. Mr. J. T. Powers gave some illustrations of the value of a liberal church to young men, and the wide reaching influence of the Unitarian church here through the students of the University. Professor Mechem spoke with fine wit, yet with earnestness and power, upon religion and law. Mrs. Sunderland spoke of the heart side of the church. The recitations and music, which were a very pleasant part of the evening's exercises, were furnished by Miss Sykes, Miss Millsbaugh, Miss Taylor, Miss Lucy Cole, and Mr. Finterman. Altogether the reunion was one of the most enjoyable and successful ever held in the church.

Settled.

In "High School Notes" which appear elsewhere in this issue, will be found a statement of some recent happenings in the high school, which have attracted wide attention and aroused considerable feeling and much comment. It appears that on Monday last Principal Pattengill suspended twelve pupils ostensibly for being members of certain secret societies. This was done under a direct rule of the board which reads as follows: "Any student of the high school who becomes or remains a member of a secret school society subjects himself thereby to suspension or forfeiture of diploma of graduation or both."

Considerable excitement was stirred up by this action of the principle, reporters of the Detroit dailies and local papers hurried to investigate and write up the situation and the parents of the suspended pupils conferred together over the matter and lastly the board of education called a special open meeting Wednesday evening and after listening to speeches by members of the board, several interested parents and Principal Pattengill and Supt. Perry, precipitately retreated from the position assumed by the rule and proceeded by a vote of 7 to 2 to abrogate the same. As a result of this action Principal Pattengill reinstated the suspended students yesterday morning and the fraternities and the students seem to have the best of the situation thus far.

Whether there has been any wisdom displayed in any of these transactions remains to be seen. That the action of Principal Pattengill in suspending certain students was based solely upon the fact of their belonging to certain secret school societies, cannot be believed for a moment. If such was the case, his action could not be considered justifiable; but if, on the other hand, through their connection with these societies, these students were becoming negligent of their school work and conducting themselves in their school relations in such a manner as to disadvantage themselves and the school, then his action was based on good judgment and merited the support of the school authorities, especially since it was based on a direct rule of the board. Years of experience in the school-room has convinced us that such organizations are usually detrimental to the highest school interests of the pupils connected with them. As a rule, pupils of the age of most high school students are peculiarly susceptible to the attractions and pleasures of society, and the result of too much, or indeed very much, of it is quite sure to divide their attention and result in serious loss to their school work. Of course it is not wise to deprive them of all society and amusement, but our experience has been that the difficulty does not lie in this direction, but rather in their having too much of it and too little study. They lack the requisite maturity of judgment to insure moderation, and the result is failure in study, failure to pass their work at the end of the year, and often censure of the teachers for the failure, when it is directly attributable to too much society and amusement. There is but little if any doubt that if the question as to the good or bad effects upon school interests of such organizations was submitted to the high school principals and school superintendents of the state, the people who come in most direct contact with their workings, the decision would be that they are detrimental to the highest good of the schools. When these results can be established, the question would seem to be a legitimate one for a board of education to deal with. In the abuse of these things lies the offense, not in the thing itself; and that there had been abuses in the past is evidenced by the rule of the board covering the subject. That there are such abuses at the present time seems to be a quite general belief. That the rule should have been abrogated without a searching investigation, therefore, looks hasty. It would seem to leave the question in a rather unsatisfactory condition for all concerned except the members of the fraternities.

The Regents' Meeting.

The meeting of the board of regents of the University of Michigan held on Wednesday was of unusual importance to the institution. Regents Barbour, Cocker, Kiefer, Fletcher, Dean, Cook and Butterfield were present. Regent Butterfield, of the executive committee was given one more month time in which to report on the time for vacations as recommended by the University senate. The degree of A. B. was conferred on Henry Stoup, '94. Regent Kiefer, of the medical committee stated that before accepting the resignations of the homeopathic professors he asked that Dean Obetz be heard. This was granted and Dr. Obetz read a most pungent paper. After recapitulating the history of the establishment of the homeopathic school and its contest with the medical department resulting in adding professorships to duplicate lectures on kindred topics and in the building of two separate hospitals at an extra expense, one of which he claimed was full while the

other was half full, many patients being turned away because they did not know that if they went to the homeopathic hospital they must ask for it by that distinctive name, he took up the subject of the cost. He said the homeopathic school has graduated 309 students. It has cost the state \$204,213.45 and has paid back in fees \$49,430.62, a net loss on every student graduated of \$500. He charged that since 1875 the payroll of the medical department had increased from \$16,641.66 to \$48,644, with an increase in students of only twelve; that since 1875 the payroll had been \$515,906.76 and the fees paid into the treasury have been \$236,732.45, making a net loss of \$169.57 for each student graduated. He favored amalgamation of the faculties and thus outlined his scheme.

Following is a brief resume of Dean H. L. Obetz's communication read to the board of regents at yesterday's meeting. Dr. Obetz among other things said that he believed the medical department should be reorganized in the interest of justice to all students and in the interest of economy.

"In doing this I would allow each school a professor of materia medica and of the theory and practice of medicine. I would divide the operative chairs equally between them, thus saving repetition. Thus surgery and obstetrics should go one school and gynecology and ophthalmology to the other. This is economical and perfectly fair. The rest of the chairs should be single, and some of the useless chairs now existing in the medical department should be entirely abolished.

"The salary list for this faculty should be \$28,500. This allows \$2,000 salary for the practice chairs and \$2,500 for the laboratory men. There should be added eight assistants to the practice chairs, who are to carry on the demonstration courses at \$200, making this item \$1,600. The laboratory men should each have one assistant at \$600, \$2,400 in all for this item. Each of the same chairs a sub. at \$200, making this item \$800.

"For the anatomical laboratory, a demonstrator and lecturer at \$1,200 and three sub-demonstrators at \$200 each, making this item \$1,800. Adding these items we have a salary list of

Professors	\$28,500
Practice chairs	1,600
Laboratory assistants	3,200
Anatomical laboratory	1,800
	\$35,100

The regulars say they would agree to this if the name Homeopathy was left out. The Homeopaths say it could be done if the name Homeopathy was used; that the man who proposes to drop the name, as I did, is a traitor to the cause of Homeopathy, a Benedict Arnold, a Judas Iscariot, and worthy of professional ostracism. In other words, the fight is not on principle, but over a name only.

"It has been estimated that I am from ten to one hundred years ahead of my time in advocating this amalgamation, which has sound business principles and common sense back of it. This is not true; the press and public both are ready for it, and were it put to a vote of the people it would carry by a large majority. The regents and public should know that the parent of the American Medical Association, the old New York State Society, voted in 1882 to do away with the restrictive clause of the code of ethics and to recognize and fraternize with all reputable medical men recognized by the laws of the state, and although their delegates were excluded from the meetings of the American Medical Association, they have remained steadfast to the present time.

"They say that oil and water will not mix. We do know that by adding a little mucilage oil and water will mix and that the combination is a soothing emulsion. Let us mix a little common sense with our medical oil and water, and I think the product will also be of benefit to humanity. Reorganization is not only necessary in the homeopathic but in all other professional departments on the campus. At this time, with a large physical laboratory, we have physics taught in both the medical and pharmaceutical faculties. Embryology is taught by three and histology by two lecturers. Repetitions occur on every hand, and thousands of dollars annually could be saved to the state by proper regulation of all departments.

"The eclectic school of medicine, a very reputable set of men practicing in this state, is now knocking at the door of the legislature for admission to the medical department of the university. They ask four chairs to start with; this means more anon, with a hospital and all the other cost of running expenses. The only trouble is they are numerically weak, and the experiment must end in even greater financial loss than has attended teaching in other schools.

"There are less than 200 eclectics in practice in this state, although some claim 220. Only one doctor in ten on the average has a student. This would give them twenty students in the state. Then all could not be expected to attend the university and on an average one-third will go out of the state, leaving fourteen students from this state to attend the school. Now if as many come from without the state, the school could open with a maximum of thirty students, and could never be expected to have much of an increase under present conditions of entrance, time of service, etc.

"These men are taxpayers and so are their patients and in time, if not now, some concessions will have to be made to them. Any business man can guess the taxpayers' end of the movement after glancing at the history of the other medical schools.

"Hundreds of guesses have been made as to the motive for my advocating amalgamation. The homeopaths claimed that I was selling out; the regular so-

called, that I had a desire to ruin their school.

"My desire is to see medicine taught in the university; allopathy is only a part of medicine, and homeopathy is also a part of medicine. I want to see every student taught all of medicine, and pass fair examinations on every course, and then in his future practice use his judgment when called to treat the sick, as to the agents he will use. If the principles underlying homeopathy are taught I do not consider that the use of the name is essential, as long as the other school or schools of medicine use no distinctive titles. What is fair for one should be fair for the other; no less, no more, should be the motto of each.

"When I first made my proposition to your honorable body, I made it knowing all the financial facts I have here recited. I hoped amalgamation on a fair basis could be brought about by your aid and influence. I was happy to be assured by you that you desired to correct the evils we all knew to exist, and that you were unanimous in wishing to settle all questions fairly and squarely.

"Homeopathic calamity howlers raised the cry that you desired to get rid of homeopathy and that I was selling out. Some of my friends on this board pointed out that if I persisted it would end in my losing my place, and advised me not to do it. I chose to persist, as I did not care for the professorship under existing conditions.

"If a new faculty takes hold they will find rules which close the door upon all but the very best of students, and these will not stay here for four years and finally face a jury, the vote of any one of which is liable to put the stain of incompetency on them and cause the loss of their time and money. The school must always be a dismal financial failure under existing conditions. I do not believe the commonwealth should squander money in this way, when honest men are without work and women and helpless children are crying for bread."

Regent Butterfield differed essentially from Dean Obetz in that he charged Dr. Obetz with favoring before the regents one hospital. This was denied by Dr. Obetz.

Prof. Nancrede was granted two weeks' absence to recover from a case of bloodpoisoning, received while performing an operation. Dr. C. G. Darling was appointed to act in place of Dr. Nancrede's during his absence. The medical committee state that Dr. Vaughan requested to know on what conditions the board of regents were willing to receive the proposed state consumption hospital.

Regent Fletcher said that it seemed to him that the board did not want to have anything to do with the matter until after the Legislature passed upon it.

A. F. Reed, of Chicago, was appointed special lecturer on copyrights.

Regent Cook said that before they went into executive session he moved that the resignations of the homeopathic faculty be accepted. This was amended to vote upon the names separately. There being some question as to the board being in executive session, on motion of Regent Fletcher the motion to go into executive session was reconsidered, Regents Barbour and Butterfield voting no.

The first vote was taken on Dean Obetz. Regent Kiefer explained his vote. While he did not agree with all that Dr. Obetz said he agreed with his plan of amalgamation of the two medical departments and therefore he would vote no.

Thereupon the vote being taken Regent Barbour and Kiefer voted no on Dr. Obetz and on all the other members of the faculty Regent Barbour voted no.

Regent Cocker thought some of the regents wanted to go into executive session. Regent Barbour intimated that the reason they opposed an executive session was because there was to be some "Grand Stand" exhibition. Regent Dean said there was not to be any grand stand exhibition. He was not afraid to express his opinion. It had gone over the state that these resignations were merely a bluff. He thought they should be accepted. There was no occasion for an executive session; it was no grand stand business.

Regent Cocker thought if any member of the board wanted to go into executive session it was no more than courtesy to do so.

Regent Fletcher said the resignations had been asked for in open session, and if there was any discussion on the subject it should be before the reporters.

The medical committee were directed to present names to fill the vacancies in the Homeopathic college, October 1.

Regent Cook, of Corunna, stated to the Argus reporter on Wednesday that the fall of snow in his section was almost double what it was about Ann Arbor, being nearly two feet deep. On his way down he noticed that near Howell the snow seemed to be not over nine inches deep.

PURE is the whole story about



ARM AND HAMMER SODA

Costs no more than other package soda—never spoils flour—universally acknowledged purest in the world.

Made only by CHURCH & CO., New York. Sold by grocers everywhere.

Write for Arm and Hammer Book of valuable Recipes—FREE.

Miss Letetia Riopelle, of Delray, is visiting her cousins here.

J. V. N. Gregory and Edward Phelps are in Arkansas City, Missouri.

Miss Blanche Cushman has returned home from Ann Arbor.

Jas. Hanna has returned home after several weeks' visit with friends at Muskegon.

Mrs. E. J. Mains has been entertaining her daughter for several days the past week.

Thomas Rabbit was looking after his business interests in Marion on Monday.

Deputy Tom Bell was in Anderson, on business, Monday.

Died, Wednesday, Jan. 9, 1895, Mrs. Ellen O'Hara, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Michael Conley, of Webster, in the 88th year of her age. She leaves four daughters and one son to mourn her loss. The funeral services were held at St. Joseph's church Friday morning, and were conducted by Rev. Frs. Kelly, of Ann Arbor, Goldrick, of Northfield, and Fleming, of this place. The remains were placed in St. Joseph's cemetery.

Ed. Doane made a business trip here on Wednesday.

Mr. Schults made a visit with Geddes friends one day last week.

Miss Minnie Campbell and uncle visited her grandparents on Monday.

Died at her home in this village, Sunday evening, Jan. 13th, Mrs. Swick. She leaves three daughters to mourn her departure, all of whom are married. The funeral services were held at the house on Tuesday afternoon. Rev. A. H. McConnell officiated, and the remains were taken east for burial.

Mr. Hinche, of Pinckney, made his friends a call one day last week.

It is reported that there is to be another meat market in our village. Andrew Straith was a Pinckney visitor, Friday.

Jay Warren has rented his farm to Mr. Pratt.

Harrison Bestwick is visiting his brother in Georgia this winter.

Mrs. Willis Collins, of Marion, has been visiting her mother here.

Miss Clara Clark, of the University city, has been visiting relatives at this place.

Mr. Sage, of Ann Arbor will be at Hudson school house next Monday evening, Jan. 21, to organize a singing school. Everybody is invited to come.

Fred Stabler, of Ann Arbor, was here on business last Monday.

Mr. Dunning, of Pinckney, made his friends a pleasant call last week.

The young men of this place will give a social dance at the Dexter opera house on Friday evening, Jan. 18. A good time is expected by all.

Mrs. Ben Allen, of Pinckney, passed thorough here on her way to Ann Arbor to visit friends, Tuesday.

Mr. Canfield, of Sylvan, made a flying trip here on Wednesday.

Burt Isham, of Putnam, was a visitor here on Wednesday.

George Culy, of Hamburg, was shaking hands with some of his friends on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Conners had the pleasure of entertaining his sister from abroad one day the past week.

Mr. Wood, of Chelsea, is here on business for a few days.

H. Pearson, of Howell, passed through here on his way to the University city on Saturday.

Mr. Goodale, of Iosco, was here visiting his old friends one day the past week.

The house occupied by Abner Mackinder, of Stockbridge, was burned to the ground and nearly all the household goods were consumed. Mr. Mackinder was once a resident of this place.

Miss Mary Story entertained about 25 of her schoolmates last Wednesday evening. The evening was spent in games and dancing and a bountiful supper was served and all reported having a good time.

Mrs. H. McClain entertained her brother and wife on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Seper have been entertaining their niece for a few days.

Mr. Stone, of Augusta, was with friends here last week.

ABLE TO TRANSFER LUNACY.

Uncanny Result of an Experiment in Hypnotism Made by a Paris Doctor.

A series of very wonderful experiments which have just been concluded by Dr. Luys of Paris, whose observations and discoveries in connection with magnetism and electricity in relation to hypnotism made a profound impression upon the scientific world some time ago, has led to a remarkable result. The latest discovery establishes the fact that cerebral activity can be transferred to a crown of magnetized iron in which the activity can be retained and subsequently passed on to a second person. Incredible as this may seem, Dr. Luys has proved its possibility by the experiments just referred to.

He placed the crown, which in reality is only a circular band of magnetized iron, on the head of a female patient suffering from melancholia, with a mania for self destruction, and with such success was the experiment attended that within a fortnight the patient could be allowed to go free without danger, the crown having absorbed all her marked tendencies.

About two weeks afterward he put the same crown, which meanwhile had been carefully kept free from contact with anything else, on the head of a male patient suffering from hysteria, complicated by frequent recurrent periods of lethargy. The patient was then hypnotized and immediately conducted himself after the manner of the woman who had previously worn the crown. Indeed he practically assumed her personality and uttered exactly the same complaints as she had done. Similar phenomena have, it is reported, been observed in the case of every patient experimented upon. Another experiment showed that the crown retained the impression acquired until it was made red-hot.—London Telegraph.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and was told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use, and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Eberbach Drug and Chemical Co., and Geo. J. Haussler, Manchester.

WANG-HO.

The great Chinese Cure for Syphilis, is the only positive cure for this terrible affliction. Cures in from three to nine months, leaving not a single trace or vestige of the disease. We are the only company in America who sell "WANG-HO," the prescription being obtained at a large expense by Dr. Shaw, the eminent missionary in 1880, and thoroughly tested by him before being placed upon the market. 3,800 cases cured, is its record to the past year, with not a single failure. In ordering send \$5 for three months' treatment. For free information send 2c stamp. All correspondence strictly confidential.

North American Chemical Co., 21 Beutzel Building, Detroit, Michigan, U. S. A.

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Sold everywhere made by THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY Chicago.

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A POUND OF PAPER!

The cheapest way to buy writing paper is by the pound. A large assortment of pound papers, put up in boxes, a pound in the box may be seen at the Argus office. 25 cents a pound. This is a bargain.

CALL AND SEE IT.

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Opera House Block,
ANN ARBOR, MICH.

HAVE YOU STUMPS TO GET RID OF?

HERCULES POWDER
WILL DO IT SAFELY, SURELY AND CHEAPLY.



ASK YOUR DEALER FOR IT, AND IF HE WANTS TO PUT YOU OFF WITH SOME UNKNOWN BRAND, SEND TO THE HERCULES POWDER COMPANY, 17 WILMINGTON, DELAWARE, OR CLEVELAND, OHIO.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK

At Ann Arbor, Michigan, at the close of business, October 2, 1894.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	\$385,685 75	Capital stock paid in	\$ 50,000 00
Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, etc.	477,331 91	Surplus fund	150,000 00
Overdrafts	1,589 31	Undivided profits	12,191 66
Banking house	20,500 00	Dividends unpaid	650 00
Furniture, Fixtures and Safety Deposits	4,967 07		
Real Estate	9,915 72		
Other Real Estate	4,967 07		
Current expenses and taxes paid	158,226 08		
CASH.	558,226 08		
Due from banks in reserve cities	1,592 87		
Due from other banks and bankers	1,319 74		
Checks and cash items	305 41		
Nickels and pennies	30,460 46		
Gold coin	2,500 00		
Silver coin	23,749 00		
U. S. and National Bank Notes	81,120,466 11		
	\$1,120,466 11		\$1,120,466 11

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
County of Washtenaw, ss.
I, Charles E. Hiscock, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. CHAS. E. HISCOCK, Cashier.
CORRECT—Attest: Christian Mack, W. D. Harriman, W. B. Smith, Directors.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 5th day of October, 1894.
MICHAEL J. FRITZ, Notary Public.

Capital security, \$100,000 / Total assets, \$1,000,000.00
Capital stock paid in, 50,000 / Surplus, 150,000.00

Manchester.

Every one is enjoying the fine sleighing.

Mr. F. Ortenburger's grocery store has been painted, and looks very nice.

Wm. Lehr has built an ice house on Water street.

Miss Schlimmer, of Chelsea, is the guest of Mrs. Fred Kensler.

Walter C. Mack and Mr. Eisemann were out from Ann Arbor a few days, assisting in taking invoice of the store.

Mr. and Mrs. Culver, of Brooklyn, have been visiting their daughter, Mrs. B. W. Amsden.

Earnest Kenzler, who has been home for a vacation from Elmhurst college, has returned to resume his work.

Master Raynor Haussler entertained a number of his friends at his home last Thursday evening. They all had a fine time.

The Christian Endeavor took a sleigh ride last Monday evening, to the home of Mr. Luchardt, Bridge-water.

The Young Ladies' society of the Emanuel's church held their yearly meeting at the parsonage last week Thursday evening. The following officers were elected for the coming year: President, Miss Julia Schoettle; vice pres., Miss Marie Kirchhofer; secretary, Miss Katie Marx; treasurer, Miss Julia Kirchhofer.

The following officers were elected for the Emanuel's Sunday school: Supt., Rev. G. Schoettle; assistant supt., Mr. M. Schiabe; sec'y, Miss Marie Kirchhofer; treas., Miss Ella Braun; librarian, Miss Julia Kirchhofer.

One of our old citizens, Lorenzo Coon, died at his home on Sunday morning. The funeral was held on Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. M. Wallace is repairing one of her houses on County street, and as soon as it is completed Mr. Eugene Wisdom and family will move into it.

Mrs. L. Clark is quite ill.

Mr. A. E. Putnam made a business trip to Chicago last week.

Mrs. Hest n and daughter have returned from their visiting tour.

Mrs. T. Wilkinson, of Dundee, was in town last week.

Snow is nearly a foot deep; the sleighing is quite good.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Sill entertained guests Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Chapin is on the sick list.

The Milan Leader of January 11, 1895, has a fine cut of the new I. O. F. temple, of Milan village.

Mrs. Ward has returned from her Ypsilanti visit.

Mrs. Kelsey and Mrs. Shurtz and daughter, of Tecumseh, visited Milan friends Thursday and Friday.

Our Milan postmaster is pronounced pleasant and genial by all of his patrons and his assistant receives the same well deserved compliment.

Mrs. McGregor will entertain the ladies of the Presbyterian Missionary society Wednesday p. m.

Mrs. J. C. Harper is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Gauntlett entertained Mr. and Mrs. I. Campbell, Wednesday.

Three deputy sheriffs in progressive Milan.

Mr. and Mrs. George Millen, of Detroit, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Whitmarsh.

Mrs. D. Hitchcock is seriously ill. Wedding bells—listen—we can almost hear them. We will explain later.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Traux, wholesale druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, wholesale druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Milan.

Milan is duly proud of its new I. O. F. temple, that was so impressively dedicated last week. The ceremonies in the lodge room were impressive, and when finished the audience passed down into the dining room, where there was a beautiful spread and the menu was all that one could desire. The music was enchanting, and the speeches were masterpieces of eloquence and wit; after which all that desired adjourned to Gay's opera house, where they indulged in the light fantastic until the wee sma' hours. Milan village can boast of as fine a hall as any in the state in a place of its size, and January 10, 1895, will mark a nice page in the history of Milan Odd Fellowship.

Mrs. James Gauntlett will entertain the M. E. ladies at their tea social on East Main street, Tuesday evening.

Rev. Chas. Case, of Clayton, visited Milan friends last week.

Mr. L. Van Wormer is seriously ill.

Messrs. Ell Murray and Matie Cady were Ann Arbor visitors from Friday until Monday.

Mrs. W. W. Watts, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of Mrs. W. H. Whitmarsh from Thursday until Monday.

Mr. J. Sprague, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of his daughter, Mrs. G. R. Williams, Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. Dyke and Mrs. Royal entertained guests from Oakville last week.

Mrs. Quirck and daughter entertained guests from out of town the first of the week.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache, Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation, Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only 50 cents at Eberbach Drug & Chemical Co., Ann Arbor, and Geo. J. Haussler's drugstore, Manchester.

Dexter Township.

Mrs. John Gregory, who has been very ill, is improving.

C. H. Stannard is improving, after a severe attack of neuralgia of the head.

Quite a number from this place attended the dance at Chelsea on Friday evening last.

Miss Maggie Phalan, of Jackson, is visiting her cousins here for a few weeks.

Jim Carlett was in Chelsea last week with his friends there.

Miss Grace Olsaver was with her friends here last week.

Mrs. Ed Coy, of Jackson, has returned home.

Mr. Burkart, of Chelsea, was here on business last week.

M. Cavanaugh, of Ann Arbor, made a business trip here last Wednesday.

Fred Balden has returned to Ypsilanti.

Misses Maggie and Nancy Phelps, of Ann Arbor, visited their grandmother here last week.

Miss Rena Van Buren has returned to her home at Ypsilanti.

Dr. H. S. Sigler visited his son in Ann Arbor last Sunday.

Tom Mack, of Chelsea, made a call on some of his friends here last Saturday.

Miss H. Pierce has returned to her home, after several weeks' visit with her sister here.

E. Laubengayer and P. Schuboltz, of the University city, were among their friends last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Valentine, of Hamburg, spent Sunday with her parents here.

Herbert Newkirk was one of the speakers at the Odd Fellows' hall that was dedicated at Milan last Friday night.

Poor Digestion

Leads to nervousness, fretfulness, peevishness, chronic dyspepsia and great misery. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the remedy. It tones the stomach, creates an appetite, and gives a relish to food. It makes pure blood and gives healthy action to all the organs of the body. Take Hood's, for Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures.

HOOD'S PILLS become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25c.

In cases where dandruff, scalp diseases, falling and neglect of the hair appear, do not neglect them, but apply a proper remedy and tonic like Hall's Hair Renewer.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL
"The Niagara Falls Route."

TIME TABLE (Revised) NOV. 18, 1894.

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME

GOING EAST		GOING WEST	
Ann Arbor	8:30 am	Ann Arbor	8:30 am
Chelsea	9:30 am	Chelsea	9:30 am
Pinckney	10:30 am	Pinckney	10:30 am
St. Joseph	11:30 am	St. Joseph	11:30 am
Ypsilanti	12:30 pm	Ypsilanti	12:30 pm
Detroit	1:30 pm	Detroit	1:30 pm
Chicago	2:30 pm	Chicago	2:30 pm

SWEET CAPORAL



ABSOLUTELY PURE THE OLD RELIABLE SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTE

Has stood the Test of Time MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED

"It is not what you earn, but what you save that makes you rich."

SAVE REGULARLY

On a Plan, and Deposit your Savings in the

STATE SAVINGS BANK

ANN ARBOR, MICH.

4 Per Cent paid and Interest compounded every Six Months.

A. L. NOBLE, Pres. WM. ARNOLD, Vice Pres.
ROBERT PHILLIPS, Cashier.

SWEPT BY DEATH.

Details of the Terrible Disaster at Butte City.

DEATH ROLL NOW NUMBERS SIXTY

Many of the Bodies Being So Terribly Mangled That Recognition Is Out of the Question.

A List of Identified Victims Which Numbers Thirty-five—Awful Effect of the Explosion—A Large Area Covered with Dead and Dying—Prompt Work at Relief—A Scene That Is Almost Past Description for the Horror of It—Help for Those Bereaved.

BUTTE, Mont., Jan. 17.—It is now estimated that the number of persons killed by the terrible explosion of giant powder is sixty. Nearly fifty are already known to have been killed. The city is in mourning and all the flags are at half-mast. A relief meeting called by the mayor was largely attended, and committees were appointed for the collection of money for the relief of the afflicted families.

The following is the list of the dead identified: Charles Alson, George McDonald, Charles Guttenberg, Consequence Barns, George Galbraith, J. J. McHale, Professor Robinson, John J. Enright, C. E. Tracey, Matt Grosser, Officer Fred Cranbeck, James O'Leary, Albert Goddard, William Pierce, Foster, Mike Mead, George Wilton, William Smith (colored), J. B. Miller, Fred Bowman, Mike Deagle, George Holloway, Bailey, Alexander Williams, W. H. Nolan, Charles Hansen, Elmer Green, Ed Sloan, Alexander Cady, John Morgan, S. D. DeLongery, A. D. Cameron, John Sloane, Samuel Ash, Dave Moses, George Fifer, Peter Norlin, William McGee, John Fedge, Ole Olsen.

Professor Robbins, of Robinson, who is also known as "Two Bear," a famous hunter, and a friend of Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, he had spent all his life in the mountains, and was making preparations to guide a party through a practically unknown portion of the Yellowstone Park. Several visitors in the city are among the dead, among them being J. B. Miller, an Idaho lawyer. The ruins are still smoldering and it is believed that more bodies will be found among the acres of debris. Requiries are coming from all parts of the country about friends and relatives who reside in the city and who were supposed to have been here at the time of the explosion.

The cause of the death of these men has been briefly but fully told in these dispatches and little could be added to the fact that several carloads of dynamite stored in two warehouses exploded successively while the firemen were fighting the fire. But columns could be written of the ghastly effects of those explosions. Scores were killed in the second explosion for many citizens had rushed to the fire to ascertain what was the cause of the shock they had felt. Parts of bodies were hurled scores of feet away. A man near the Northern Pacific water tank was almost struck by the leg and thigh of a human being driven by the force of dynamite from the fearful scene. There were still heroes left to help pull the shrieking wounded and the groaning dying to a distance.

It had all occurred in fifteen minutes, the most horrible quarter of an hour in Butte's history. The fearful horror of the scene after the explosion was beyond description. Words could give no idea of it. Between the Northern Pacific and Great Northern stations, a space of 300 feet, the ground was literally covered with parts of human beings and with the dead and injured. Shapeless trunks quivered and died in the arms of the living. The work of rescue was prosecuted in earnest. Every vehicle in the city was brought into service to carry away the scores of dead and the hundreds of injured. The hospitals were filled. The spare rooms in the hotels were taken and private houses were thrown open where it was necessary.

NO EXPLOSIVES SUSPECTED. People Crowded Around the Blaze Not Thinking of Danger.

No one suspected the presence of powder in the warehouse and as is customary when a fire is raging in Butte people were crowded around the burning structure as close as they could get. The firemen had arrived only a minute or two before, and were almost in the act of turning on the first stream of water when a small explosion took place. This seemed to be a sort of warning of what was to follow, for no sooner had the first puff occurred than people began to suspect the presence of a greater quantity of the explosive in some other part of the structure, and some of them felt back.

Before they had reached a place of safety, however, the first great explosion took place and hundreds of people were hurled right and left and many of them were mangled beyond recognition. Bodies were thrown for hundreds of yards in all directions. Some were thrown against houses and smashed to a pulp, while flying debris literally knocked the heads from others where they stood. One body, it is reported, was seen flying through the air at a height of 200 or 300 yards.

After the first big explosion occurred many of the wounded were compelled by their helplessness to lie near the fire and the heat only intensified the pain they were suffering. They begged to be taken away, but there was no means of conveying them from the scene at that time. A hackman seeing the terrible state of affairs drove up and attempted to assist in the removal, but while in the act the second great explosion took place and killed him and his horses and many of the wounded.

The explosion occurred before many people had gone to bed, and when the horror of the situation fastened itself upon them they gave their whole strength and the means about them in aid of the wounded and in caring for the bodies of the dead. No good estimate can be made of the number of wounded. They were cared for by every conceivable method. It may be several days before the full list can be published.

The following is the most available list

of seriously injured: Mike O'Neil, cut on the head and arms, badly man-died; W. R. Orr, jaw broken, tongue cut and teeth knocked out; John Cole, four ribs broken; Henry Earle, back bars and leg broken; James McElroy, knees-cap smashed; Melbourne Tracy, seriously injured in the bowels and an arm broken; George Devoy, back and hips injured; William Singleton, right arm broken; Tommy Donald, will lose his right arm; Henry Tigerman, right leg broken and breast badly injured; W. L. Miles, stomach mangled and head badly bruised; John Cohn, W. Grossen, R. A. Weal, Mike Conners, Frank Hart, Nicholas Rogers, W. M. Shingleton, George Devoy, Andrew Swift; Henry Steinberg, fractured leg and arm; Tom Burns, fatally injured; Mr. Bow, injuries so serious that there is little hope of recovery; Andrew, Michaels, severely but not seriously injured; Frazier, a boy, broken arm and leg; Dave Coleman, Tom Coleman; T. J. Hald, broken arm and leg; T. J. Reilly; James Burns, broken leg and arm; William McAndrews, boy; John Sloan, compound fracture of arm and both legs.

CRIME BY THE FRENCH GANG. The Outlaws Wantonly Shoot and Wound Three in One Family.

MUSKOGEE, I. T., Jan. 17.—Another crime is laid at the door of the French gang of outlaws. Jim French, the leader, and Sam McWilliams, one of the most desperate men of the gang, appeared at the house of a Mr. Glad, ten miles out from Fort Gibson. They demanded admittance, and because Glad did not respond quick enough to suit them they began shooting from their Winchester rifles into the house. Two of the bullets struck Glad in the arm, fracturing it, and two more caught Mrs. Glad just above the elbow, severing her arm.

During the melee a daughter of the old folks attempted to make her escape. Before she had reached twenty feet from the house she sank to the ground with two bullets from the outlaws' Winchester rifles in her body. The outlaws, apparently satisfied with their work, quietly rode away. The Glad family are inoffensive Cherokees.

TO ELECT A SENATOR JAN. 23.

Illinois Senate Adopts a Joint Session Resolution—Business in the House.

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 17.—The senate adopted a resolution that the election of United States senator take place Wednesday Jan. 23. An enrolling and engrossing committee was appointed and clerks provided for. A bill was introduced to revise the several insurance law. It provides for a state fire marshal at a salary of \$4,500 to investigate fires. The house adopted rules that add to the list of committees by creating committees on statutory revision, civil service reform, state and county fairs, and parks and boulevards. No bills are to be introduced after March 22, except by standing committees. The senate resolution relating to the transfer of the Lincoln monument was adopted.

The prospect as to senator is that Culom will be the nominee of the caucus.

Legislating for Wisconsin.

MADISON, Jan. 17.—In the senate a bill was introduced changing the composition and term of the members of the board of control that has charge of the state charitable reformatory and penal institutions. The real object of the bill is to oust the present Democratic members so as to allow Governor Upham to appoint a new board. Another senate bill provides for a state bank examiner. The most important measures introduced in the assembly were those providing a constitutional amendment prohibiting the giving or using of any free passes, transportation or franking privileges; providing for a committee of arbitration consisting of a representative of capital and one of labor and a third chosen by the two who shall settle all disputes referred to them; for a non-partisan commission of seven members appointed by the governor and the presiding officers of the two houses who shall make congressional and legislative apportionments; to protect the dairy interests of the state; to make the season for hunting deer from Oct. 31 to Nov. 20, and to promote good roads in the state.

Crawled Under a Buzz Saw.

GADSDEN, Ala., Jan. 17.—Joe Cunningham, the 13-year-old son of the chief of police of this city, was killed at Wharton's saw mill, four miles from here. The boy was playing in the mill and crawled under the buzz saw to get a base ball that had been thrown at him. Just at the moment when he was beneath the machinery one of his companions called to him and he looked up, forgetting his perilous position, when the revolving saw struck him on the back of the head and split it to the shoulder.

Wrestled for Two Hours.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 17.—The wrestling match between Sebastian Miller, the famous strong man, and Hans Rolf, champion of Norway and Sweden, for a purse of \$300, best two out of three falls, Graeco-Roman style, ended in a draw. They wrestled for two hours, the time being divided into two half hours and hour bouts with three intermissions of ten minutes each. Neither man secured a fall.

Cut in Railway Fares.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 17.—The railroad commissioners ordered that the Santa Fe branch from Richmond to Lexington Junction, the St. Joseph and Belmont branch of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern, the Springfield branch of the Gulf system and the Columbia branch of the Wabash heretofore charge 3 cents a mile for passengers instead of 4 cents as heretofore.

Liberality of John R. McLean.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—There has been much suffering among the poor in Washington due to the recent cold snap. Yesterday John R. McLean, of the Cincinnati Enquirer, and Mrs. McLean gave \$5,000 to the Associated charities here. President Cleveland gave \$100.

The Income Tax Test Case.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Argument was closed in the suit brought to test the validity of the income tax, and the judge took the case under consideration. He will deliver his decision next Wednesday.

Hoar Goes Back to the Senate.

BOSTON, Jan. 17.—The senate re-elected United States Senator George Frisbie Hoar by a vote of 34 against John E. Russell with a vote of 4.

Nebraska Bank Resumes.

KEARNY, Jan. 17.—The Kearney National bank of this city has resumed business, the affairs having been satisfactorily adjusted.

THURSTON'S VIEWS

The New Nebraska Senator Defines His Position.

FOR PROTECTION AND RECIPROCIDTY.

Not Favorable to the Currency Bills Now Before Congress, but Would Hasten the Return of American Bimetallism—What He Has to Say of Labor Problems—Publication of a Letter Two Years Old Written by Senator Hill.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 17.—There was an interesting scene in the joint convention of the senate and house when the newly elected senator, John M. Thurston took the platform to tell his friends and enemies where he was "at" regarding the questions now pressing for solution. He said in part: "If the Republicans can secure the necessary votes they should organize both branches of congress and fearlessly assume the responsibility of legislation. The Republican party has always had the courage to fight in the open field, and its ultimate objects should not be party success, but the welfare of our country. I am in favor of the speedy enactment of a protective tariff law modeled upon the general lines of the McKinley act and embodying the reciprocity ideas of James G. Blaine.

American Men for American Work. "It is my profound conviction that the prosperity of this country and its people—especially of the industrial masses—depends upon the broadest application of the American idea that whatever labor is to be done for the people of the United States shall be done by the people of the United States, under the stars and stripes, and that the prices of the products of American labor shall be fixed by American conditions and American competition. My general views upon the financial situation are as follows: Our people have been too anxious to pay off in a single generation the great war debt. Our gigantic payments have taken too much of the gold out of the country.

How He Would Stop the Gold Outgo.

"For the present at least we should be satisfied with legislation under which we can refund our outstanding bonds at the lowest possible rate of interest, leaving further payments of principal to a more prosperous and favorable time. I would put a stop to the outflow of gold from the treasury first, by requiring that all import duties should be paid in gold at the option of the treasurer of the United States, and second, by insisting upon the right of redemption in either gold or silver of outstanding notes, whenever it becomes apparent that redemption is being demanded for speculative purposes. It is said that such a policy would drive gold to a premium. In my judgment we can better afford to have gold at a premium than prosperity at a discount.

Believes in the National Banks.

"I do not believe in any of the banking schemes which have been proposed by the dominant party in congress. No bank in the United States should be permitted to issue a single dollar until its redemption is fully secured by the deposit of government bonds in the national treasury. There should be no resurrection of wildcat money by the general government or by any state in the Union. Our national banking system should be preserved. It is the best human ingenuity has yet devised. I favor amendments, however, in the following particulars: The substitution of a low interest bond as security for the national bank issue; * * * authority to issue bank notes to the full amount of the bond deposits; collection of a tax on the entire authorized issue and the imposition of a heavy penalty or forfeiture of charter for failure to keep it all in circulation.

Would No Retire Greenbacks.

"I do not agree with those who would retire our greenbacks and treasury notes. I am in favor of keeping every one in circulation, and there can be no danger in doing so if we will adopt the policy already stated of meeting all speculative demands for redemption by tender of either gold or silver at the option of the government in accordance with the specific terms of the contract.

SILVER AND LABOR QUESTIONS.

Believes in Bimetallism and Wants Its Return Hastened.

"I am in favor of bimetallism, and in this the United States should lead the world. I do not admit the claims so persistently made by advocates of free and unlimited coinage of silver that our present evils are the result of so-called silver demonization; nor do I believe that the demonization of silver would produce any startling changes in existing conditions. I am satisfied, however, that the demonization of one-half of the world's supply of the ultimate money of redemption was not for the best interest of the people of the world, and I think we should do everything in our power to hasten the return of bimetallism among the nations of the earth.

"To those who fear the effect of American silver coinage I have this to say: We are not realizing financial prosperity under existing gold monometallism, and it is worth our while to try the experiment of a return to bimetallism. The legislation to accomplish this should, however, be carefully considered and wisely guarded, and the mints of the United States should not be opened to the silver product of any other country until these great nations are ready to join us in international bimetallism.

"I know of no reason why the United States should surrender its claim against the Pacific roads if it can enforce ultimate collection by a series of annual payments guaranteed by reasonable security. It is urged, and quite plausibly, that such an extension of the debt would compel the people of the west to pay increased tariffs in order to enable the Pacific companies to meet the government requirements. In my opinion—and I believe my great familiarity with the subject enables me to judge correctly—such would not be the case."

Referring to the labor question he said: "I am not in favor of a national board of arbitration modelled upon any plan similar to the interstate commerce commission. Such a board would be entirely too cumbersome; too far removed from the immediate locality of the disturbances, and would lack the one essential element necessary to success, the power of enforcing its awards. I believe, however, a law can be framed to secure local arbitration of any serious differences between any interstate carrier and its employees; but

such arbitration to be effective must be binding upon both sides.

"I am not prepared at the present time to formulate any complete plan by which the general government can best promote the welfare of the laboring classes, but as a beginning I earnestly favor the establishment of a labor commission, or bureau, or department, which shall have general supervision of all matters pertaining to labor interests, which shall undertake the collection of statistics and make full inquiry into the condition and requirements of the wage earners of the country."

HILL FOR FREE SILVER COINAGE.

Declares It the Goal Which the Country Must Ultimately Reach.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A letter from Senator David B. Hill, of New York, is published here today which will attract considerable attention as bearing upon the campaign of 1895. In it he declares that the free coinage of silver as well as gold "must be held out as the goal which the country must ultimately reach." The letter was written nearly two years ago just prior to the memorable extra session of 1893, to Clark Howell, editor of the Atlanta Constitution, who gives it to the public with the consent of Senator Hill.

The letter bears date of July 13, 1893. Hill begins by saying that in the first and only interview he had with President Cleveland he urged the calling of the extra session of congress in April of that year instead of September, the president's preference. The senator favors the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law, but an acceptable substitute for it should be provided.

"I am," he says, "in favor of bimetallism as the issue of the future." He is for free coinage under an international agreement, if possible, and if not possible then for independent bimetallism. He says: "I do not believe in the Bland bill or any other measure which guarantees anything less than unrestricted coinage for gold and silver alike as pledged in the Democratic platform."

Hill expresses himself as not in favor of the federal tax on state bank issues, but fears the consequences of a repeal of the tax, as he does "not like such wild cat currency and never did." He fears such an experiment will not be a success, and advises that this issue be not mixed up with the legal tender currency question.

Dyspepsia seldom causes death, but permits its victims to live on in misery. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures dyspepsia and all stomach troubles.

LOST MANHOOD.—It is a well known fact that thousands of our bright and intelligent young men are suffering in silence from the effects of youthful errors. Our remedy will positively cure all weaknesses and premature decay. All correspondence is strictly confidential. Price, \$1.00; by mail \$1.25. North American Chemical Co., 21 Bennett Building, Detroit, Mich.

N. B.—We do not claim to give you something for nothing, but do give you full value for your money.

WILKIE'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE. The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by The Eberbach Drug and Chemical Co., Ann Arbor, and Geo. J. Haussler, Manchester.

SPINAL weakness easily cured by Dr. Miles' Nerve Purifier.

TURKORINE. It is the only positive cure for Gonorrhoea. This great remedy, for years a secret to the world at large, used exclusively by the Turks, the prescription being obtained by us at a large expense from the Doctors to the Sultan, will positively cure Gonorrhoea and Gleet in any stage in from three to ten days, and will not produce stricture. 6831 cases is its record for the past year, and not a single failure. In ordering inclose \$1 and lie in stamps to pay postage. For free information send 2c stamp. All correspondence strictly confidential. North American Chemical Co., 21 Bennett Building, Detroit, Michigan, U. S. A.

New Means of Coast Defense.

Uncle Sam possesses one cannon the outside of which is believed to be more formidable than the inside. It is a 12 inch gun mounted on the ramparts of the fort at Miller's Point, N. Y., but around it has been wound 13 miles of one-half inch insulated telegraph cable. By means of this coil and a dynamo the big gun has been transformed into the most powerful electro-magnet in the world. This unique instrument was born of a mere experiment whim of Colonel W. R. King of the United States engineer corps, but an astonishing new feature in our coast defense seems about to be evolved from this remarkable combination. This magnetized gun, it has been discovered, will derange a ship's compass at a distance of six miles from the fort. Future developments of this chance born principle may yet evolve a valuable adjunct to the coast forts in the perfection of an electro-magnet which shall eventually prevent the possibility of a naval surprise under the cover of fog or of darkness.—Philadelphia Record.

ECZEMA From early childhood until I was grown my family spent a fortune trying to cure me of this disease. I visited Hot Springs, and was treated by the best medical men, but was not benefited. FROM I failed I determined to try S. S. S., and in four months was entirely cured. The terrible Eczema was gone, not a sign of it left; my general health built up, and I have never had any return of the disease. CHILDHOOD I have since recommended S. S. S. to a number of friends for skin diseases, and have never yet known a failure to cure. GEO. W. IRWIN, Irwin, Pa. Never fails to cure, even after all other remedies have. Our Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

The Evening News, "The Great Daily of Michigan." at least is spent for living expenses every year by subscribers of The Detroit Evening News. The shrewd advertiser knows this, and by using the advertising columns of The News secures his share of this enormous sum. 60,000 subscribers probably means 200,000 readers, and instead of the sum above, we should have said \$300,000,000.00. Advertise in The Evening News if you want Results. Read The Evening News if you want News. THE EVENING NEWS, DETROIT. 6-CENTS PER COPY. 50 CENTS A WEEK. \$1.25 FOR 3 MONTHS BY MAIL. Agencies in every village, town and city in the State of Michigan.

WILKIE KNOX 07. Fastest Stallion Bred and Owned in Michigan! Best Representative Son of Gale's Barney Wilkes, 2:23 1/4.

MANOMET, 14,036, ONE OF THE CHOICEST BRED STALLIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Table listing stallions and their owners: Hambletonian 10, Green Mount'n Maid, Belmont 64, Waterwitch, Hambletonian 10, Clara, Blackwood 74, Starlight.

SERVICE FEE FOR 1894, Return Privilege. WILKIE KNOX \$35. MANOMET \$25. Accidents and Escapes at Owner's Risk.

GEDDES FARM, 5 1-2 Miles East of Ann Arbor on River Road. P. O., YPSILANTI, MICH.

DO YOU KNOW? WHAT? That our Celebrated Brands of

EXPORT AND BOTTLED BEER! Still Lead; all others follow. Telephone your family order to our office, it will receive prompt attention.

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STOCK RAISERS, FARMERS, LUMBERMEN, MINERS, MANUFACTURERS, MERCHANTS.

MONTANA "The Treasure State."

PERSONS looking for locations are invited to investigate the opportunities offered to all classes in one of the most resourceful States in the Union.

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New York Buckwheat Flour. We handle the pure. Try it and you will use no other. HEINZMANN & LAUBENGAYER. No. 9 W. Washington Street. Telephone No. 85.

The Ann Arbor Argus

BEAKES & HAMMOND, PROPRIETORS.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY for \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Entered at the Post-Office, in Ann Arbor, Mich. as second-class matter.



FRIDAY, JANUARY 18, 1895.

FREE VS. UNIFORM TEXTBOOKS.

There are at present two bills before the legislature providing for uniform text-books in the schools of the state.

It is not that phase of the question, however, that the Argus proposes to discuss, but the principle of uniform textbooks in general.

The needs of the schools of the state in the matter of textbooks are as varied as the material and intellectual conditions which prevail in the different cities, villages and primary school districts of the state.

The school conditions and requirements in these different communities are so varied that they cannot be reduced to a common level, and the effort to do so would result, no doubt, in serious disadvantage to many.

On Tuesday, the 15th inst., various states declared their choice for United States senators as follows: Michigan, James McMillan and J. C. Burrows; Nebraska, John M. Thurston; Montana, Thomas Carter and Lee Mantle; Colorado, Edward O. Wolcott; North Carolina, J. C. Pritchard and Marion Butler; Massachusetts, Geo. F. Hoar; New Hampshire, Wm. E. Chandler. A vote was taken for senator at Boise, Idaho, but resulted in no choice.

The appropriation for the collection of the income tax has finally passed the senate and will become a law. There is but one more leg for those who oppose the collection of this tax to stand on and that will probably be knocked from under them next Wednesday when the constitutionality of the tax will be passed upon by one of the courts.

In support of these assertions it may be said that where the principle of state uniformity has been tried, these very difficulties have been experienced to the serious disadvantage of the schools.

That the present system in our state is expensive and disadvantageous in many ways is no doubt true, but in seeking to remedy its evils we should not adopt others that are as bad or worse.

There is a kind of individuality about communities and schools as there is about individuals, which should be preserved, and this can best be done by permitting the various schools to use those books which are best suited to their particular needs.

By adopting within certain limits or grades, the principle of free textbooks, most of the difficulties of the present system would be avoided, a great saving would be effected, each school would have a uniform list and families moving from one district to

another would experience none of the hardships and expense resulting from a complete change of books, as the books needed would belong to the school and would be furnished without cost to the pupils.

The president of France, M. Casimir-Perier, resigned his office on the 15th inst. The cause impelling him to this action is said to be the attacks which have been made upon him in the chamber of deputies and the failure of those who elected him to undertake his defense.

John M. Thurston, who is the caucus nominee of the republicans for United States senator from Nebraska, is the general attorney for the Union Pacific railroad. As senator he will be called upon to vote on the question of foreclosing the government mortgages on the Pacific railroads or extending the indebtedness.

This school is under the supervision of Laverne Cushing. Enrollment, 18. There are four in the 8th grade who expect to take the examination for a common school diploma at the end of the winter term.

The school is under the supervision of M. Austin Goodwin. The school has an enrollment of 40. A combination chart is made use of by the teacher. It is especially valuable in giving instruction in primary grades.

This school has an enrollment of 16. There are some large scholars in the school. The class in advanced arithmetic was called and recited during the visit of the commissioner.

A Business-Making Book.

Every business man ought to read "Dollars and Sense," a money-making book by Nath'l C. Fowler, Jr., the leading expert on business and advertising.

Fur overcoats at Fred Theurer's.

EDUCATIONAL COLUMN.

BY M. J. CAVANAUGH, COMMISSIONER.

DEXTER UNION SCHOOLS.

Dexter can well boast of a first-class and modern school building. It is constructed on the most approved plan for heat and ventilation.

The general assistant, Miss Josephine Costello, holds a first grade certificate and does first-class work in the class room, both as teacher and disciplinarian.

Grammar Room.—This room is in charge of Mrs. Belle Croakin. The discipline is good, and the scholars are thoroughly instructed.

Intermediate Room.—The enrollment is 34. Some very creditable maps were presented. The room seemed to be characterized with a spirit of progress.

Second Primary.—Miss Myrtle Bostwick has an enrollment of 30 in the room. She is earnest and enthusiastic in the work, and the scholars seem to enjoy their studies.

First Primary.—Miss Jessie Doane has 28 little tots in this room. The children are well supplied with the necessary apparatus. The room presents a cheerful and attractive appearance, the intention being to make the little ones feel as much at home as possible.

It is gratifying to note that the entire school is pervaded with a unity of purpose and a harmony of action, without which no school can obtain the best results.

DISTRICT NO. 1, WEBSTER.

This school is nicely located and well equipped with apparatus. The teacher is earnest and enthusiastic in the work.

DISTRICT NO. 2, WEBSTER.

This school has an enrollment of 13. There are three scholars in the 8th grade and are well advanced in their work.

DISTRICT NO. 5, WEBSTER.

This school is under the supervision of Laverne Cushing. Enrollment, 18. There are four in the 8th grade who expect to take the examination for a common school diploma at the end of the winter term.

DISTRICT NO. 7, WEBSTER.

This is one of the best equipped schools in the township for apparatus. The school board should be commended for the liberality in this direction.

DISTRICT NO. 3, DEXTER.

The school is under the supervision of M. Austin Goodwin. The school has an enrollment of 40. A combination chart is made use of by the teacher.

DISTRICT NO. 3, WEBSTER.

This school has an enrollment of 16. There are some large scholars in the school. The class in advanced arithmetic was called and recited during the visit of the commissioner.

DISTRICT NO. 8, WEBSTER.

This school is nicely located. It has an enrollment of 19 and is under the supervision of John F. Conley. His work last year in this school was of such a satisfactory nature that he was the unanimous choice of the patrons for another year.

DISTRICT NO. 1, SCIO.

The teacher, Miss Agnes Hawkins, of Dexter, is teaching her second year in this district. There are two scholars in the 8th grade. The school is not provided with a dictionary.

DELHI MILLS DISTRICT, SCIO.

The school building is in excellent shape. The room is nicely decorated and made very attractive and homelike for the children.

terms Miss Mary J. Polhemus, of Ann Arbor, took charge Monday. M. G. Aberle, of Delhi Mills is director.

A literary society was organized in District No. 8 on the evening of the 16th. The following officers were elected: President, John Harris; vice-president, Agnes Devine; secretary, Miss Frankie Cushing.

On a week from Friday evening, Jan. 25, at the Webster church school there will be a township spelling match. Each school in the town will be represented by three of its best spellers.

"Garry Owen."

Tony Farrell, the Irish comedian, opened to a packed house at the Curtis Street Theatre last night, in his production of "Garry Owen."

Large assortment of stable blankets, cheap, at Fred Theurer's. ff.

ROYAL Baking Powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report.

Estate of Anna Sangree.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the 16th day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.

Thereupon it is ordered that Tuesday, the 12th day of February, next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed.

J. WILLARD HABBITT, Judge of Probate. WILLIAM G. DOTY, Probate Register.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE One Night Only. Wednesday, Jan. 23d. The Glorious Event, RICE'S SURPRISE PARTY!

"1492" The largest organization in the world. We carry an orchestra of soloists. Our own scenery, electrical effects, caliums.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ONE NIGHT ONLY, Thursday Eve., Jan. 24. SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT OF The Natural Irish Comedian, Vocalist AND DANCER, TONY FARRELL

"GARRY OWEN." HEAR SEE THE LEAP FOR LIFE Prices, - - 35c, 50c, and 75c

HALLER'S Jewelry Store! CUT WATCHES RATE WATCHES SALE

Books for Xmas Of every Description at the NEW BOOKSTORE 19 East Washington Street.

Schaller's Bookstore! Children's Books, Sets of Books, Booklets, Christmas Cards, Bibles, Toilet Sets, Plush Goods, Linen Picture Books.

MELODIOUS HARMONIES! For Piano or Organ. A collection of 350 Gems of Music, edited and arranged by Chas. D. Blake.

MASTERLY INSTRUMENTAL COLLECTION 256 Pages Complete and Unabridged!

\$100. WORTH OF Music for 25c. A new subscriber to the Argus who pays a year's subscription in advance, can secure a copy of the above book for 10 cents.

WANTED, FOR SALE, ETC. FOR SALE—4 houses; one for \$4,000, one for \$2,800; 13 Ingalls st., \$2,500; new brick house \$2,450; lot with cellar on S. Thayer, \$1,200.

WANTED, FOR SALE, ETC. WILL EXCHANGE a first-class substantial, roomy, open, single buggy for hay, wood or cash. A. M. Clark 47 Division st.

WANTED, FOR SALE, ETC. WANTED—A MAN in every section at once to sell staple goods to dealers; no peddling; experience unnecessary; best side line, \$75.00 a month. Salary and expenses or large commission made. Address, with 2 cent stamp for sealed particulars, Clifton Soap and Manufacturing Company, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED, FOR SALE, ETC. WANTED—Place of five or ten acres with house and barn, one or two miles from Ann Arbor city. Box 310, Manchester, Mich.

WANTED, FOR SALE, ETC. WANTED—Good tenant for very nice store on Liberty st., near State. Terms reasonable. Also flats to rent, very desirable. Enquire 18 South State st.

WANTED, FOR SALE, ETC. WANTED—A tenant to work my farm on shares at Scio. Geo. A. Peters. PISO'S CURE FOR COLIC, CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.

AT WAHR'S.

Special Sale

HOLIDAY BOOKS!

FANCY GOODS!

We offer all our Sets at wholesale cost, 20 to 30 per cent. discount on all Miscellaneous and Juvenile books.

1,000 vols. finely bound books for 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.

500 vols. Standard Authors, bound in Morocco, for 50c each.

Genuine Oxford Teachers' Bible, complete ed., with maps, fine marocco, for \$1.50.

Largest collections of German and French books in the city. All the new and popular Holiday Books at special discount.

New stock of Imported Photograph Albums, calendars and Booklets. Special Discount to teachers and Sunday School libraries.

GEO. WAHR,
Importer, Book Seller and Stationer,
ANN ARBOR.

ARGUS AUGURIES.

FRIDAY, Jan. 18.—Dr. Guthrie before Engineering Society on "Hert's Experiments."

FRIDAY, Jan. 18.—Ex-Gov. Wm. E. Russell, of Massachusetts, in S. L. A. course. Subject, "The Individual in Government—A Plea for Liberty."

FRIDAY, Jan. 18.—Social given by Choral Union Social club in Frieze Memorial hall.

SATURDAY, Jan. 19.—Alpha N. preliminary debate in the society hall at 5 p. m.

SATURDAY, Jan. 19.—Dedictory program of Adelphi literary society in the new hall of the society.

SUNDAY, Jan. 20.—Prof. A. C. McLaughlin in Newberry hall at 9:15 on "The First Missionary of America."

SUNDAY, Jan. 20.—Y. M. C. A. anniversary, to be held in M. E. church. Address to be given by Rev. M. Davis, of Detroit.

SUNDAY, Jan. 20.—Rev. F. J. Van Antwerp, of Detroit, in St. Thomas' church.

SUNDAY, Jan. 20.—Mr. Geo. E. Dawson in M. E. church at 12 m., on "The Problem of Temptation as Treated in Literature, with Special Reference to Macbeth."

SUNDAY, Jan. 20.—Rev. W. W. Wetmore will lecture before Presbyterian University Bible class at 12 m., on "Why do we Believe in a Future Life?"

MONDAY, Jan. 21.—Junius E. Beal before Inland League, on "The White Star's Realm."

MONDAY, Jan. 21.—Rev. Reed Stuart, of Detroit, will lecture in Unity Club course.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 23.—"Garry" at Ann Arbor opera house.

THURSDAY, Jan. 24.—"Garry Owen" at Grand opera house.

THURSDAY, Jan. 24.—Light Infantry first annual military ball.

FRIDAY, Jan. 25.—Y. W. C. A. social at their rooms over the First National bank.

FRIDAY, Jan. 25.—Lyra concert in A. O. U. W. hall.

FRIDAY, Jan. 25.—Junior social in Waterman gymnasium.

FEB. 12.—Ann Arbor Light Infantry entertainment at Grand opera house.

TUESDAY, Feb. 12.—Republican county convention at Court House, 11 o'clock a. m.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The Michigan Master Painters' association met in Ypsilanti, Tuesday.

The Liberal guild will meet in the Unitarian church parlors tomorrow evening.

The Presbyterian Sunday school has an attendance of over three hundred children.

The next faculty concert will be held in Frieze Memorial hall next Thursday evening.

Rev. J. T. Sunderland will speak next Sunday morning on the question, "Was Jesus God?"

George Crosby has sued for a divorce from his wife, Ida Crosby nee Hill. Both Ypsilanti parties.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde C. Kerr had the misfortune Tuesday evening to lose their nine months old boy.

The pupils' recital, which was to have taken place Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 16, will not be given.

The young people's society of Zion church took a sleighride to Mrs. Fiegel's in Pittsfield, Wednesday.

Mrs. J. P. Jordan read a paper on Robert Browning before the Ladies' Union of the Unitarian church, Wednesday afternoon.

R. S. Greenwood is reported to be slowly convalescing. He is now able to sit up in bed. His friends will be glad to see him around again.

The stockholders of the Michigan Furniture Co. re-elected the following directors Tuesday evening: W. D. Harriman, L. Gruner, Moses Seabolt, C. E. Hiscock, E. E. Beal, Martin Haller and Paul Snauble.

Charles Kalmbach, of Freedom, was in Ann Arbor yesterday. He reports the sleighing getting considerably worn and thin where the road is on sandy land. The recent snow was very loose and did not pack well.

The Presbyterian Sunday school will be officered as follows this year: Superintendent, Ralph C. McAllister; assistants, E. F. Mills, Frank Parker, Mrs. J. H. Wade; secretary and treasurer, Horace T. Purfield; librarian, Miss Land; chorister, Dr. C. G. Huber.

Ex-Gov. Russell at University hall tonight.

A new heating apparatus will be put in the Congregational church.

The infant son of William Esslinger, only two weeks old, died Wednesday.

Seven new members were initiated in the order of the Eastern Star, Wednesday evening.

Dr. Guthe, instructor in physics will discuss Hertz's experiments before the engineering society tonight.

Mr. and Mrs. John M. Sweet, of Ypsilanti, celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage on Tuesday last.

Mrs. Lydia A. Andrews, of Detroit, an aunt of Prof. L. D. Wines, of this city, died in Detroit, on Thursday of last week.

Thos. J. Keech and Judge Noah W. Cheever were re-elected trustees of the Congregational church for three years, Wednesday evening.

A continuous procession of ice sleighs can be seen every day drawing the crystal blocks from the river. Better ice was never obtained from the Huron.

There has been splendid coasting on Spring street this week, and a large number of people, young and not so young, have been enjoying this exhilarating exercise.

Dr. A. B. Prescott, Prof. F. C. Newcombe and Prof. F. W. Kelsey were elected elders of the Presbyterian church, Wednesday evening, and Henry T. Purfield was elected deacon.

Charles Herrmann and Adolph Schulz were before Justice Pond yesterday charged under the ordinance with being drunk. They pleaded guilty and were fined \$2 each and \$3 costs.

The republicans hold a county convention in this city Tuesday, February 12, to nominate a candidate for school commissioner and to elect delegates to a state convention to nominate a supreme court judge.

The many friends of E. T. McClure, the proprietor of the Cook house, will regret to learn that he has been confined to his bed with illness at the Palmer house, his hotel in Joliet, Ill. It is understood he is convalescing.

On next Monday evening, January 21, Rev. Reed Stuart, of Detroit, will deliver a lecture before Unity club on the subject, "Literature and Life." Mr. Stuart's ability is unquestioned and a most excellent treatment of the subject may be anticipated.

Warren E. Walker has just completed a new row boat, to be used as a "dingy" to his steamer. It is 11 feet 4 inches in length and 44 inches wide. It will be taken to his club house at Zukey lake. The new boat will comfortably accommodate three passengers.

Senator Watts has introduced a bill redistricting the state with reference to the senatorial districts. He puts Washtenaw with Livingston county and Jackson with Hillsdale. Although he carried this county last fall, he evidently doesn't want to try it again in old Washtenaw.

For the next three Sunday evenings Mrs. Sunderland's Bible class lectures will be upon the great religious movements in England in the nineteenth century: 1. "The Ritualistic or High Church Movement in the English Church." 2. "Newcombe and the Catholic Revival." 3. "Arnold, Maurice, Kingsley, Stanley and the Broad Church Movement."

On Monday evening Jacob Bissinger, of West Liberty street, celebrated his fiftieth birthday anniversary. In the evening a number of friends surprised him by calling and spending a very pleasant evening. Among those who were present on the happy occasion were Mr. and Mrs. John Krause, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Grossmann, Mr. and Mrs. John Armbruster, Mrs. Harry Cole, and Mrs. Reuben Armbruster. It was a late hour when the guests dispersed for their respective homes.

Reports from Claude E. Sheldon, the insane law, are not very encouraging. When in Cincinnati, on the way home, a serious time was experienced. Sheldon got into another man's room in the hotel at which he and his father were stopping, and insisted that the other man was trying to rob him. He took everything away from the fellow that he conveniently could, the old man being thankful to escape with no bodily harm. There was considerable excitement in the house before Sheldon was subdued. Upon his arrival home he got a shotgun and started on a run up the river near his home. He could not be stopped, and was only headed off by a man on horseback.—Daily Courier.

There have been several whisker clubs organized in the University.

George Sackett, of Dexter, paid \$2 fine and \$5 costs with Justice Pond's court Tuesday, for being drunk on the street. Sackett claims to have been drugged.

John Lary, a junior law, of Logansport, Ind., left his home ten days ago to return to this city and has failed to return. His friends are worrying about him.

John Tilden was bound over to the circuit court by Justice Pond, Tuesday, to answer to the charge of burglarizing the Davenport store in Mooreville a month ago.

Louis J. Liesemer has purchased the interest of Herman Hutzel in the Hausfreund Post, and thus owns a controlling interest in that paper, the firm being Liesemer & Paul. Mr. Liesemer has already scored a great success in German journalism in this city, and the Hausfreund und Post is in good hands.

Harness, fur robes, blankets and horse clippers, also patent steel whips at the lowest prices, at Fred Theurer's, 12 W. Liberty St. tf.

"Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away." The truthful, startling title of a book about No-to-bac, the only harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure. If you want to quit and can't, use "No-to-bac." Braces up nicotine nerves, eliminates nicotine poisons, makes weak men gain strength, weight, and vigor. Positive cure or money refunded. Sold by H. J. Brown, druggist. Book at druggist, or mailed free. Address The Sterling Kennedy Co., Chicago office 45 Randolph St.; New York, 10 Spruce St.

Good horse blankets at 75c at Fred Theurer's. tf.

PERSONAL.

Miss Alva Moe returned to Muskegon, Tuesday, after a two months' visit with Mrs. Orville Moe.

John Kenny and John O'Brien were in Bay City this week, to attend a meeting of the state plumbers.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Brown returned from Chicago, Monday evening.

Miss Hattie Swift has returned from a visit with Chicago friends.

Rev. E. M. Duff, of Grand Rapids, greeted his old friends here the first of the week.

Rev. Henry Tatlock was in Detroit, Monday.

Hudson T. Morton has returned from a six weeks' western trip.

Mrs. George L. Moore is visiting her brother in Cleveland.

Mrs. O. M. Martin was in Detroit Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Martin and son, of Cheboygan, who have been visiting at O. M. Martin's, returned home Tuesday.

Jacob Bissinger was surprised by a number of his friends, Monday, the occasion being his fifty-seventh birthday anniversary.

Mrs. Judge McGee, of Jackson, is visiting in the city.

Miss Eva Herbert, of Chicago, is visiting in the city.

Rufus Cate, of Detroit, visited his sister, Mrs. W. K. Childs, this week.

H. Woodward, of Flint, was in the city, Tuesday.

B. F. Watts and L. C. Goodrich attended the meeting of the Grand Chapter, R. A. M., in Detroit, Wednesday.

Titus F. Hutzel was in Bay City this week.

School Commissioner Cavanaugh visited the Webster schools yesterday and the day before. He reports the sleighing in that section as being excellent.

Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler Johnson, of New Hudson, have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. George Vandawarker this week.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, DR.

PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant, 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

W. E. Walker, Fred Besimer, James Stanley, and several other members of the Ann Arbor Sporting club, are at their club house, Zukey lake, today.

C. G. Cook is at his club house, Camp Hillside, for a few days, fishing and hunting.

Lewis Rhodes, of Saline, is visiting his brother, George Rhodes, of the northside.

A. B. Sager, of New Mexico, is visiting his mother.

Frank J. Boudenot, of Ind. Ty., was registered at the Cook House.

John R. Miner has gone to Interlaken, Florida.

Rev. Henry Tatlock returned Wednesday from a visit to a number of Episcopal churches in this convocation of which he is dean.

John Baumgardner is attending a meeting of the State Granite and Marble Cutter's association, in Detroit.

AN OLD COLD

Is Chronic Catarrh, the Worst Disease Known.

The first stage of catarrh is commonly called catching cold. It may begin in the head, nose, throat or lungs. In the majority of cases no attention is paid to a cold, therefore nearly half of the people have chronic catarrh in some form. To neglect a cold is to invite catarrh.

The second stage of catarrh is sometimes called an old cold. If in the head, there is roaring, cracking in the ears, periodical headache, and confusion of the senses. If in the nose, discharge, sneezing, noisy breathing, and bad breath. In the throat it produces enlarged tonsils, hawking, sore throat, hoarseness or weak voice. When the catarrh reaches the bronchial tubes and lungs it produces cough, pain in the chest, expectoration, night sweats, loss of flesh and shortness of breath.

A cold in the head, which a single bottle of Pe-ru-na will cure, soon becomes a case of chronic catarrh, which will require many bottles to entirely cure. A sore throat, which one bottle of Pe-ru-na will cure, soon becomes chronic pharyngitis or enlarged tonsils, which will require many bottles. A slight cough which without a vestige of doubt, would soon disappear with the use of Pe-ru-na, becomes chronic bronchitis, which requires a persistent use of Pe-ru-na for some time. There are a great many cases of consumption each year due directly to a neglect of coughs, colds, etc., which, if Pe-ru-na had been kept in the house and used according to directions, would have been prevented.

For a free treatise on catarrh, coughs, colds, consumption, and all diseases of winter, send to The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing company, Columbus, Ohio.

A large assortment of robes and blankets at low prices, at Fred Theurer's, 12 W. Liberty street.

Are You Interested IN CLOAKS OR FURS?

If you are, our remarks may be of interest to you. We have just 20 Cloaks left of our purchase this season, and 25 from last season. They are all stylish cuts, large sleeves, full lengths, in fact up to date garments in every respect.

We have marked these Cloaks at from one-half (½) to two-thirds (⅔) the regular prices and can say to you, confidentially, that they are worth your attention.

All our Fur Capes, (Everyone this season's purchase), at ½ off.

CLOAKS and FUR CAPES at 1-3 and 1-2 off.

E. F. MILLS & CO.

20 S. Main Street.

GOODYEAR'S Drug Store!



Toilet articles, combs, brushes, manicure sets, puff boxes, powder, harmless lotions for the complexion, dyes, tooth powder and the hundreds of articles needed daily by those who believe it is a duty to make the most of nature's charms. We have the most complete stock.

GOODYEAR'S DRUG STORE.

Best Beer in the City at
Dietz's Bottling Works
Wines, Liquors, Tobacco and Cigars.
16 W. Washington St. Ann Arbor.
OSWALD DIETZ, Prop.

KOAL
ORDER YOUR COAL OF
M. STAEBLER.
OFFICE: 11 W. Washington St., Phone No. 8.
YARDS: M. C. R. R., Phone No. 51.

DO YOU Want Money? or a Home? Want Work? or a Farm? Want to open a store in a growing town? Want to raise live stock? Want to know how to buy improved farms in a well settled region without paying cash? Particulars and publications sent free by F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.

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Executed with neatness, taste and delicacy. The finest fancy goods in Millinery. Miss Mabel Corson, a fashionable trimmer, of acknowledged skill and familiarity with the latest and most approved modes, is with Miss Miley.

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CAMP BROTHERS,
DEALERS IN
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Fine Line of Furniture in New Designs. New Patterns in Bedroom Suites never

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Special attention to Fine Upholstery, and Repairing of all kinds.

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EDWARD CAMP. NORMAN CAMP.

Pensions!

If you want a Pension, or re-rating, or any question answered in Pension or PATENT cases write J. L. STARKWEATHER, Attorney, Romeo, Mich.
Mr. Starkweather secured over ten per cent. of all original Pensions allowed in Michigan for the month of August, 1890; 50% allowed. Detroit Free Press.

E. N. PILPHE, Violinist

PUPIL OF SAURET

After three years' study at the "Stern Conservatory," Berlin, Germany, under eminent teachers in Soli, Ensemble, and Theory; also under professors of the "Berlin High School" is now prepared to take pupils at his rooms in the Ann Arbor Organ Company's Building Cor. Main and Liberty Sts., Ann Arbor. Terms made known on application.

ANNUAL INVENTORY SALE

(Until we take Inventory February 1, 1895.)

Every Article in Winter Goods Sold at a SACRIFICE.

All Heavy SUITS Men's Boys' and Children's

All Overcoats, Ulsters, Pants, Underwear, Gloves, Mittens, Hats and Caps are included in this sale.

ALSO A SPECIAL NECKWEAR SALE

Having recently purchased at a sacrifice 100 dozen of Wilson Bros. fine neckwear, every tie worth from 50c to 75c, all to be sold in this sale at 35c each or 3 for \$1.00. See display in show window.

OUR BARGAINS ARE YOURS . . .

WADHAMS, RYAN & REULE



Chronic Nervousness

Could Not Sleep, Nervous Headaches.

Gentlemen—I have been taking your Restorative Nerve for the past three months and I cannot say enough in its praise.

Saved My Life, for I had almost given up hope of ever being well again.

I was a chronic sufferer from nervousness and could not sleep. I was also troubled with nervous headache, and had tried doctors in vain, until I used your Nerve.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Cures.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit.

Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

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THE NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW is recognized on both sides of the Atlantic as the foremost Review in the English language.

The REVIEW is the mouthpiece of the men and women who know most about the great topics on which Americans require and desire to be informed from month to month.

AMERICAN WOMEN receive constant and special attention.

Women Suffrage in Practice; The Renaissance of Woman; Woman in Politics; The New Aspect of the Woman Question; and The Modern Girl.

A NEW FEATURE FOR 1895.

The REVIEW will publish in 12 chapters, beginning with the January number, the Personal History of the Second Empire.

A historical work of unprecedented importance, which will throw a flood of new light upon the chequered career of Napoleon III.

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Aetna of Hartford, \$9,192,644.00 Franklin of Phila., 3,118,713.00 Germania of N. Y., 2,700,729.00 German-American of N. Y., 4,065,968.00 London Assurance, Lond'n 1,416,788.00 Michigan F. & M., Detroit 287,608.00 N. Y. Underwriters, N. Y. 2,596,679.00 National, Hartford, 1,774,505.00 Phenix, N. Y., 3,769,036.00

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PATENTS. Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE.

C.A. SNOW & CO., Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

A STORY TOLD.

A little work, a little play, To keep us going—and so good day!

George Du Maurier in "Tribune."

A DETECTIVE'S YARN.

"It is not very often," said Detective Riley, "that a detective is forced to assume a disguise to get information, but sometimes it is absolutely necessary."

"We received a report of the escape of a crook from the Charlestown prison, and from what the authorities there had been able to gather it was supposed that the convict had come to this city."

"In order to be certain of the identity of the convict I went to Charlestown. I found that the man had been convicted under the name of John Smith for the robbery of the Pittsfield bank, and the style of the work was in line with the business usually touched off by Taylor."

"I knew that I was up against a stiff game, and on the train from Boston I laid out a plan which I thought would give me a show to get on the track of the man. Abe and Jerry I knew were partners with Petey Slade, who ran a notorious fence and dive in Washington street, near Canal, and I made up my mind that some time or other the pair of them would land in Slade's place."

"When I reached the city, I had myself arrested for a fictitious crime and was tried and sent to the Blackwell's Island penitentiary in a perfectly regular way, with the assistance, of course, of Recorder Hackett. The warden in the penitentiary knew my game and aided me in carrying out the business. After I had been locked up a few days I made my escape from the island after dark. The next day the newspapers contained a thrilling account of my escape, and the story was that I dug my way out of my cell and swam across the river to this city. I must have had a terrible time, as the papers told it, but as a matter of fact I crossed the river in a boat, and the story was given out to make me solid in the work I had laid out to do."

"When I reached the city, it was dark, and I walked down to Slade's dive in my convict's rig, which had been soaked with water to carry out my scheme. I sent a boy into the dive to get Slade to come to me, and I told him the story of my escape and said that a thief who had started to get away with me, but had lost his nerve when it came to taking the swim, had told me that when we reached the city we could go to Slade's and put up until the thing blew over."

"Slade was very cautious. He felt my clothing and took me in a back room in the den and carefully examined the clothes and shoes to see if they were the genuine convict's outfit. He was satisfied on that point, but was suspicious when I could not give him the name of my partner. I did not dare to fake a name, for Slade knew where every thief was who had been sent away that he ever did any business with. I told him that the man was known to me as Jack, and as Jack McCarthy, one of Slade's gang, happened to be on the island at the time my story was taken as being straight, and I was given a room on the second floor to bunk in. The next day Slade saw the story of my escape in the papers and became my friend at once."

"I must admit that I never got better treatment from any one than I did from Slade and the gang. He told them that I was all right, and they were glad to know a fellow who had the nerve to swim across the East river, where the tide runs like a mill race. I had to keep in the house all the time, and in case the police got on to me in any way I was shown a way that I could escape by getting into an underground passage, which led to a sewer in the street. I was fed like a fighting cock, and nothing turned up for about three weeks. Then early one morning, while I was sleeping, some one came into my room, and I heard a whispered consultation. There was a dim light in an adjoining room, and I could see four figures. My hair stood up on end, for I naturally thought that they were talking about me, and that I had been found out. I made up my mind to give them as good a fight as there was in me, but after awhile the men went into the next room, and I heard them get into bed. In the morning my heart gave a big thump when I saw that the new arrivals were

Abe Taylor, Jerry Connors and Andy Cummings, the men I was after.

"My first idea was to connect with the outside and have the places pulled, and I would have done this if I had not learned that a scheme had been put up to turn off a savings bank in Newark. Cummings and Taylor had been a week in Newark planting the place. I was introduced to them by Slade, and Taylor took me right away as a jail breaker after his own heart. I worked my cards as skillfully as I could and let the gang know that I was dying of dry rot. In the course of my business I had naturally picked up every detail of the crook's trade and let Taylor know that I was anxious to get into some good bank lift. They waited about a week and then got word from Newark that the bank was ripe. I was delighted when Taylor told me I could go along, and I carried some of the jimnies."

"When we reached the Pennsylvania depot in Jersey city, we split up, and I went to a lavatory. I found a bootblack there, and I gave him a message for headquarters here and the chief of the Newark police, informing them of the attack that was to be made on the savings bank. The boy did his work right, and when we reached Newark I saw that we were picked up by some of the local police on the dead quiet. We went to the house of Red King and learned that a hole had been pushed through the wall of the building adjoining the bank. When we left King's to go to the bank, I saw three New York detectives on the way. I could not arrange for any signal and did not know when the attack would be made upon us."

"A dozen policemen were in the bank office waiting for us, and after we had got through the hole behind the safe and were getting ready to go to work the police rushed in on us. I dashed for the hole and fell on purpose so that I blocked it, and as every man was covered with a gun there was nothing to do but surrender. I went in with the gang, and they did not learn who I was until the next day. The gang swore they would kill me, but haven't done it yet. Taylor and Connors were sent to Massachusetts on the Pittsfield affair, and the rest of the gang got a taste of Jersey justice."—New York Recorder.

Pennsylvania Railroad Time. There was a time when folks used to set their watches by the town clock. Nowadays the railway timepiece seems to set the pace.

Few think, however, how difficult it is to keep that same railroad time straight. A bad watch or false time, even to the extent of a minute or two, might easily involve the destruction of a train and many lives.

All over the great Pennsylvania system the clocks are regulated every 24 hours by telegraph from Altoona, where they get the standard time in seconds from Washington. The conductors and engineers running out of Philadelphia get their time from the clock in the rotunda at the Broad street station, the big one in the center just outside the waiting room, which occupies the same position in the new station that it did in the old. This clock, which cost over \$400, is considered a wonder and in the old station seldom varied more than two seconds in the 24 hours. It has not been doing quite so well since taken down and put up again, but is improving and is so much better than any other clock known that nobody thinks of changing it, and in all probability in a little while, when it gets accustomed to its position and surroundings, it will come as near perfect accuracy as it ever has in its history.—Philadelphia Times.

The Kaiser's Favorite Dish. Usually the German kaiser and kaiserin usually breakfast and dine with 20 to 60 friends.

The latter is a special brand manufactured expressly for his majesty, who has always from 6,000 to 10,000 quarters of it in his cellars.

Breslau's Trick. Breslau, a celebrated juggler, being at Canterbury with his troop, met with such bad success that they were almost starved.

A THEORY.

Why do the violins shudder so When across them is drawn the bow, Sob for anguish and wild despair? Human souls are imprisoned there.

Souls are shut in the violins. They are the souls of Philistines, But the Philistines, row on row, Soulless sit, and they do not know.

Since not one of them is aware Here is he, and his soul is there In the music's divinest chord, Making melody to the Lord.

A POSSIBLE LOSS. I met her on the shores of the lake. There were real tears in her eyes.

"Oh, Mr. Vansittart," she cried, "what shall I do? My husband's out in a boat, ever so far away, and the wind's rising, and the boatman says that it's awfully dangerous when there's a storm, and"— I tilted my hat forward and scratched my head.

"I don't see what you can do," said I compassionately. I had sat next her three nights at table d'hote and liked her extremely.

"She sat down on the bench beside me and dug the end of her parasol into the path. "You would feel," I pursued, "that, sacred as these memories were, precious as they were, you would not be justified in giving your whole life to them. And at last it may be that another would come who"—

"Try," said I encouragingly. "One who, though not perhaps the equal in all respects of him you had lost, could yet shelter you from the world!"

"I should want some one, shouldn't I?" "And give you an honest, enduring, unwavering affection." "It wouldn't be the same thing," said she.

"The Sexton's Point of View. "How dull the cemetery is today; not a single funeral!"—Etoile Belge.

"would soften and inspire my nature. I should be elevated to your level. And perhaps at last, when long years had obliterated"—

"That would be the only reward I should hope for," said I. "So that, in the end, I should feel—it would be borne in upon me that this man was my real, my true, my only"—

"About the—what? Oh, yes, I suppose—oh, yes, I am." "Well, you've no cause to be put out about 'im, mum. He's just roundin the point, and he'll be ashore in two minutes' time."

It is a rule of mine to give a plain answer to a plain question. "We were talking," said I, "of what would have happened if Dobbs had known everything." And having thus said I suddenly began to laugh.

"You've made me talk as if I"— "It was a mere hypothesis," I pleaded. "As if I—oh! Anyhow, if my husband were drowned a thousand times over, I'd never speak to you."

"I don't insist on your telling him," said I in a conciliatory tone. "Perhaps you think I don't care for him?" she cried defiantly.

"I shall sit somewhere else at dinner tonight," Mrs. Lawrence announced haughtily. "If you go on like this," I observed warningly, "I shall end by being"—

Jack—Congratulate me, old man! I've won her love at last. Tom—Has she accepted you? Jack—Just as good. We had a terrible quarrel last night, and she said she'd never speak to me again.—Pick Me Up.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla is carefully prepared by experienced pharmacists from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Man-drake, Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper Berries, and other well known vegetable remedies.

Cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Sores, Boils, Pimples and all other affections caused by impure blood; Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Debility, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Complaints.

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Fruit Trees! If you intend to set out Peach, Pear, Apple or Fruit Trees of any kind, you will save money by writing to the MICHIGAN NURSERY CO., MONROE, MICH.

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MY WISH.

Mine be an humble cot of brown, Just on the outskirts of the town, Where, by the busy world forgot, Content shall bless my peaceful lot.

hands were turning cold. Then she remembered it was the night of the Wandering Spirits and fell upon her knees with her face toward the little Buddhist altar in the corner of the room.

HER PHOTOGRAPH.

You are posing for a picture, But I vow you are an elf. On the moon that you were taken I saw the sun enjoyed himself.

WANDERING SPIRITS.

It was the festival of the Wandering Spirits in Amoy. Usually the day is warm and balmy. The breeze from the great Formosa channel flakes the lower bay with silver dashes and flaunts every flag upon the numerous junks which lie in the water edge of that populous city.

In a small house near Banyan villa lived a poor Chinese family. The father, Tan Sin, was away at the time on the tea gardens of Formosa, where he went every year to earn the little money that supported his household.

The wife man had examined the infant, shaken his head, given some mysterious drugs, again shaken his head and gone off in his chair carried by four stout coolies.

After he had gone Ah Ho cooked the drugs into a tea and administered it in the patient and mechanical manner which is so characteristic of the people in the east.

As the afternoon wore on the baby grew worse. The little face became wan and pinched, the eyes closed as if tired with the weight of the eyelids, and the feeble pulse beat more slowly and slowly.

There had been a change of weather since dinner time. The wind had died and the clouds had disappeared, and the blue sky of the tropics seemed all the bluer and darker from the numberless stars that shone down upon the Chinese landscape.

She looked about the quadrangle and finally found the yellow cardboard inscribed with the curved characters of a language that died 7,000 years ago, when a greater and wiser race had ruled in the faroff districts of Quin Lun.

He walked rapidly forward to the half open door of Tah Sin's house and passed in. On the floor lay Ah Ho and the baby, both seemingly dead. He took in the situation at a glance.

Toward 5 in the morning the baby began to manifest symptoms of hunger. The chair coolie smiled grimly and placed the child where nature could do the rest. The arms of the sleeping mother closed convulsively over the frail body, and the room lapsed into silence.

Once before, when she was sick nigh unto death, he had taken pity upon her and had visited her miserable abode. He had given her costly medicine and shown her strange instruments, and she had recovered.

It had grown dark by this time, and the clouds had become heavier and heavier. Grasping her old walking stick, she started out into the night in search of the English surgeon.

It is yours to be adored, But the beaux are stupid beings, And I'm sure you're often bored. So for fear I, too, may bore you, Just a wish, and then adieu—

Angustine Lafont was the confidential agent of a large banking house in Paris. Early in the spring of 1832 he set out from Paris with bills, notes, drafts, etc., to the amount of 1,000,000 francs, for a house in Chaumont.

It was about 1 o'clock in the morning when Dr. Hugh McDowgle buttoned up his coat and said goodby to Cassius Blank, one of the tea kings of the east.

After he had gone Ah Ho cooked the drugs into a tea and administered it in the patient and mechanical manner which is so characteristic of the people in the east.

There had been a change of weather since dinner time. The wind had died and the clouds had disappeared, and the blue sky of the tropics seemed all the bluer and darker from the numberless stars that shone down upon the Chinese landscape.

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All the world proclaims you charming, I can well believe it so. Yet there is a look about you, Wakes my pity for the beaux.

Angustine Lafont was the confidential agent of a large banking house in Paris. Early in the spring of 1832 he set out from Paris with bills, notes, drafts, etc., to the amount of 1,000,000 francs, for a house in Chaumont.

HIS CLEVER RUSE.

Angustine Lafont was the confidential agent of a large banking house in Paris. Early in the spring of 1832 he set out from Paris with bills, notes, drafts, etc., to the amount of 1,000,000 francs, for a house in Chaumont.

Nothing worthy of note occurred to arrest Lafont's attention until he had passed nearly through the department of the Seine-et-Marne, when just at nightfall two well dressed gentlemen hailed the diligence and claimed passage to Chaumont.

There had been a change of weather since dinner time. The wind had died and the clouds had disappeared, and the blue sky of the tropics seemed all the bluer and darker from the numberless stars that shone down upon the Chinese landscape.

She looked about the quadrangle and finally found the yellow cardboard inscribed with the curved characters of a language that died 7,000 years ago, when a greater and wiser race had ruled in the faroff districts of Quin Lun.

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Once before, when she was sick nigh unto death, he had taken pity upon her and had visited her miserable abode. He had given her costly medicine and shown her strange instruments, and she had recovered.

neath the effects of the blow he had received, and in a short time the robbers came up.

"Ah, good morning, gentlemen," said the agent as he turned in his lame steed, at the same time raising his hat with affable politeness.

"Yes," replied the foremost of the two men; "the diligence did not exactly suit our convenience, so we took horses."

"Do not start, gentlemen, for what I tell you is true. And for that reason I set off thus alone, but my horse has met with a sad mishap, and I fear the robbers, who, I think, are yet at Nogent, may overtake me.

"The two men exchanged significant glances during these remarks, and after a moment's hesitation one of them said: "You seem to be ready in trusting strangers, sir."

"Oh, not at all, sir," retorted Lafont, with a frank smile, "I would much rather trust honest travelers than run the risk of meeting with robbers. You see just how I am situated, gentlemen, and if you will do me the favor I ask you shall not regret it.

After some further directions, given in an honest, confiding manner, Lafont bade his new messengers goodspeed, and ere long they were out of sight. The agent turned his horse's head back toward Nogent, where he arrived in safety, and on the next morning he procured a guard and once more took the diligence.

When Alexandre Dumas, the younger, was just out of college, his father took him on a hunting trip. They put up at a farmhouse and occupied two little bedrooms which opened into each other.

"You see, I am walking." "You are sick?" "Yes, I am in great pain, but I am used to it. I have it every night."

"Is there nothing to cure it?" "It is incurable." "But can't it be relieved?" "No. When it takes me, I get up and walk. If it is very bad, I go to reading."

"I go to work." It was true, and in later years his son often saw him in the night sitting at his desk writing with one hand and holding upon his stomach with the other.

"How can you work always?" some one asked him on such an occasion. "I have nothing else to do," answered Dumas.—Youth's Companion.

Mrs. John Drew says: "On Sept. 26, 1827, at the Walnut Street theater, Philadelphia, as the little Duke of York, in Shakespeare's play of 'Richard III,' and with Junius Brutus Booth, the great 'elder Booth,' father of the late Edwin Booth, as the crook back tyrant, I began my stage career, and as I have been continuously before the footlights ever since I have had a longer stage career than any of my contemporaries.

According to Stewart Culin, the curator of the Museum of Archaeology of the University of Pennsylvania, football originated with those beginners of everything, the Chinese. Mr. Culin has a curious and ancient drawing showing a personage in the dress of a prime minister playing football with a kuge, or noble, and two of their chamberlains.

"Mothers' Friend" Makes CHILD BIRTH EASU. COLVIN, LA., Dec. 2, 1885.—My wife used "MOTHERS' FRIEND" before her third confinement, and says she would not be without it for hundreds of dollars.—DOCK MILLS.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 28th day of December, A. D. 1894, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Nelson Sutherland, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 28th day of June next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court on the 28th day of March, and on the 28th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Commissioners' Notice. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Richard Newell, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will and are ready to receive, examine and adjust said claims, on the 25th day of March and on the 24th day of June next, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Estate of Lydia Sutherland. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Monday, the 24th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the fourth day of January, A. D. 1895, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Emily L. Dancer, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the fifteenth day of July, next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court on the 15th day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Commissioners' Notice. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of James Sage, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will and are ready to receive, examine and adjust said claims, on the 20th day of May next, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

WOMAN'S SALVATION—This remedy is a purely vegetable compound, and is guaranteed to be a safe and sure cure for all monthly irregularities, and a general uterine tonic. It is now used by thousands of afflicted ladies in this country. We are in receipt of hundreds of testimonials extolling the virtues of this remedy, and we will convince the most skeptical as to its worth. Price \$1.00, by mail \$1.10.

W.M. HERZ, NO. 4 W. WASHINGTON ST. HOUSE, SIGN, ORNAMENTAL AND FRESCO PAINTER, gliding, calcimining, gilding and paper hanging. All work done in the best style and warranted to give satisfaction.

TRUCK AND STORAGE. C. E. GODFREY, Residence and Office, 48 Fourth Ave., North Telephone 82.

Estate of Peter D. Woodruff. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the 21st day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned administrator of the estate of said deceased by the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, on the 18th day of December, A. D. 1894, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of that court house in the city of Ann Arbor, in the County of Washtenaw, in said State, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1895, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day (subject to a encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said estate) the following described real estate, to-wit:

Estate of Harriet Wright. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the 30th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate.

Estate of Augustus W. Fellows. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the 14th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate.

Estate of Daniel Donovan. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Friday, the 15th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate.

Mortgage Sale. WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the terms of payment of a certain mortgage given on the sixteenth day of April, A. D. 1892, by John N. Hunt and Elmina V. Hunt, his wife, of Bridgewater, Washtenaw County, Michigan, to James Kehoe, of the same place, which mortgage is of record in the Register of Deeds office of said County of Washtenaw, in Liber 79, on page 280, on the eighteenth day of April, A. D. 1892.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises hereunto bound by public auction to the highest bidder at the east front door of that court house in the city of Ann Arbor, in said County of Washtenaw, on the twenty-third day of January next, at ten o'clock in the afternoon of that day which said premises are described in said mortgage as follows: being in the township of Bridgewater, Washtenaw County, Michigan, and being the east half of the east half of the south-west quarter of section twenty-seven, in town four south of range four east, and containing forty acres of land.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises hereunto bound by public auction to the highest bidder at the east front door of that court house in the city of Ann Arbor, in said County of Washtenaw, on the twenty-third day of January next, at ten o'clock in the afternoon of that day which said premises are described in said mortgage as follows: being in the township of Bridgewater, Washtenaw County, Michigan, and being the east half of the east half of the south-west quarter of section twenty-seven, in town four south of range four east, and containing forty acres of land.

WALTER C. BURRIDGE, Mortgagee, Attorney for Mortgagee.

A Presentation.

Some fifty years ago or thereabouts, the bar of Calhoun county had painted a fine portrait of Judge Alpheus Felch, which from that time until a few days ago has adorned the walls of their county court house.

May it please the court:

The first term of court I held in Calhoun county as judge of the fifth circuit, my attention was attracted by a portrait upon the walls of the probate court room, and upon inquiry of Judge Ingersoll, learned that it had been painted about fifty years, and was the portrait of Judge Alpheus Felch, of Ann Arbor.

He also said to me that Judge Hooker, then chief justice of this court, had suggested that the supreme court would be pleased to have the care of it as the property of the state.

To the bar of that county it seemed a very proper thing to do and the matter was talked over by them and in consultation with the Hon. Wm. H. Brown, the survivor of the bar that procured the portrait, they decided, with his concurrence to present the same to this commonwealth, to be placed upon the walls of this court room with the portraits of the eminent men who have had so much to do in making the law of the state; and I have been selected by the bar to formally present the same to you, the honored court of the state, as trustees of the same for the use and benefit of our loved state.

I regret very much that the writer of the letter just read felt that his health would not permit him to present this portrait to you in person. It would have been a pleasure to me, as well as to your honors, to have had him present and to have listened to the dignified and scholarly address he would have made in its presentation, but he is not far away from the milestone reached by the subject of the portrait, and prefers his books and papers and his quiet room rather than the scenes of conflict in the court room, so pleasant to him in the active days of his middle life.

I need not say to you that I esteem it a compliment and an honor to have been selected by so excellent a bar as the bar of Calhoun to do so pleasant a service as this. It seems to me the proper place for this portrait, is on the walls of this temple of justice and the individual members of the bar, with that sense of justice and propriety, which they have, in full measure, have, without a dissenting voice, given up the right and claim they have in it, and the pleasure they had in seeing it in their own court house and by their generous act have made it the property of the state, that it may be known more generally how this honored citizen of the state looked more than fifty years ago, when he was a judge of this court.

The life of Judge Felch has been remarkable: He was upon the bench of the supreme court of the state nearly twenty years before the war. He was governor of the state in 1845. He was a United States senator from this state from '47 to '53.

When the war of '61 came upon us he was older than a majority of this court are today, and yet he is still with us, active in many ways and in full possession of his mental faculties.

But a few months ago, one of America's many great writers, who had lived to see his eighty-fourth birthday, in writing of his poem, "The Last Leaf," said substantially that he was one of the very last of the leaves which still cling to the bough of life that budded in the spring of the nineteenth century and was almost half way up the steep incline which leads towards the base of the new century so near to which he had already climbed.

How applicable to the subject of this portrait presented to you here today are these words, and it is seldom that they could be so fully applied as to our distinguished and honored citizen.

Judge Felch has filled many places of honor and trust, and has always filled them well. It must be a feeling of gratification to him to look back over such an eventful life, so full of honors, and feel that he has been a faithful servant of the people, and that no blot has marred his years of faithful public service; but to me, standing here in the presence of this court, I respect and honor, and in looking into the faces of the portraits of the men who have honored the bench of the highest court of the state, as but few states have been honored, it seems to me the strongest element of this man of strength, is his life of purity and loyalty to home and citizenship; and were I to single him out as the

model for the youth of today, I would not dwell so much upon his official life as I would upon his private life, as a husband, as a father, as a friend, as a citizen, and I would hold that life before the youth and say:

See the splendid consummation of the years of a life of sobriety, of honesty and good habits, and learn the lesson it teaches.

But a few months ago, in his home city, there were gathered many of his friends to do him honor on the ninetieth anniversary of his birth. Among them were some of the friends of his early manhood. It must have been gratifying to him to have met them in that way.

It must be a source of strength to him, in his declining years, to look back over his life, woven as it is, not only in the history of this the state of his adoption, but in this loved country of ours, and know and feel, as he had a right to, that not a stain rests upon his character as a private citizen or in public life, and that none know him but to love and honor him, and that he stands today, as was well said by his friend of more than fifty years, the Hon. G. V. N. Lothrop, "to the rising generation an inspiring model of the true citizen, statesman and patriot."

I cannot but feel that this act of generosity on the part of the Calhoun county bar, in presenting to you his portrait, to be placed here among these honored and loved faces, will bring to his heart and thought another evidence of the regard in which he is held by those who know and love him, and that it will touch a responsive chord in his breast as no other act tending to show to him the honor and respect which we all have for him, has.

And now, may it please your honors, in behalf of the bar of Calhoun county, I present to you, for the state of Michigan, this portrait of the Hon. Alpheus Felch.

Congratulated.

Ex-Supervisor Conrad Krapf on Tuesday celebrated his 85th birthday anniversary. A number of friends called to express their hearty congratulations and best wishes. The venerable gentleman is still hale and hearty, his mind and memory being as clear as a dollar; his only weakness being that his limbs are not as strong as formerly. Mr. Krapf's memory is remarkable. One of his earliest recollections is the day when the Russian Cossack soldiers for two days (1813) rode through his native town on their way to fight Napoleon. Mr. Krapf is an admirer of Napoleon and calls him a martyr, and he believes that if he had not been deposed Europe would now be a republic.

Next June it will be 58 years since Mr. Krapf arrived in Ann Arbor. Mr. Krapf is thoroughly American in his views and has no patience with such expressions as German-American, French-American, etc. He says "I am American and will be faithful to the oath I have taken." Mr. Krapf has four sons, eight grandchildren and two great-grandchildren now living. His large circle of friends hope that he may be spared to his family and friends for many more years.

Washington Letter. (From our Regular Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 14, 1895.

The rainbow which your correspondent thought he saw through the clouds in the democratic sky last week was a mirage. There was a rift in the clouds, and sanguine democrats thought the rainbow was just behind and that the long storm was over, that the sun was again about to shine upon a united democracy. But even while congratulations were being exchanged the rift was closed, darkness again prevailed, and the storm demon was again supreme in the black and lowering clouds which shroud the future of the democratic party.

Secretary Carlisle was naturally disappointed that forty-odd democrats should have joined with the republicans and populists to prevent his currency reform bill from reaching a direct vote in the house after it had been approved by a democratic caucus, but he spent no time in "worrying over spilled milk"—he isn't that sort of a democrat. On the contrary, he went right to work to ascertain the reason for that democratic opposition and whether it was possible to overcome it. His investigation encouraged him to believe that a currency bill can yet be passed, and he is now engaged in perfecting it, and expects to submit it to the house committee in a few days, possibly during the present week. This is a sufficient answer to the new batch of Wall street rumors concerning Secretary Carlisle's resignation.

Democratic senators are also trying to arrange a currency reform bill that can be passed, and the senate finance committee, profiting by the experience of the house banking and currency committee, which reported a bill before ascertaining the sentiment of a majority of the house

towards it, will report no bill until it agrees upon one that is certain to pass the senate, if that is possible.

Certain senators are wasting valuable time in trying to defeat the appropriation for the collection of the income tax. There is no probability of their success, but even if the appropriation failed, the tax would still be collected; the only difference being that with the appropriation made the tax will be easier collected. The suspicion is gaining ground that the real object is not to defeat this appropriation but to kill time and thus prevent other legislation.

The house naval committee has informally agreed that the building of three battleships recommended by Secretary Herbert shall be provided for in the naval appropriation bill shortly to be reported to the house.

Again pressure is being brought to bear upon President Cleveland to send a special message to congress, urging the necessity for financial legislation at the present session, but he has not yet consented to do so, because he has not been convinced that it would do any good.

A number of minor officials connected with the land office may soon find themselves dropped from Uncle Samuel's pay roll, because of their having engaged in a little scheme to raise money to pay the expenses of a lobby which was to try to defeat the legislation necessary to carry out Secretary Smith's recommendations concerning changes in the land office. The secretary has publicly shown his disapproval of the scheme, which was only lately brought to his attention, and intimated that he thought the good of the service demanded the dismissal of those actively engaged in working it up.

How little it takes to build up a Washington sensation may be judged from some people seeing, or pretending to see, in a dinner given to Joe Jefferson, the actor, by Secretary Lamont, a few evenings ago, a movement for a non-partisan financial bill in Congress. The only reason for such a belief was the attendance at the dinner of a number of prominent republicans and democrats, including Secretary Carlisle, Attorney-General Olney, Chairman Wilson, Senator Hill and Representative Everett among the democrats, and ex-Speaker Reed, Senators Morrill, Sherman and Hawley among the republicans. It seems a pity to destroy such an interesting story, but it can be stated upon the very best authority that the guests at this dinner were as usual in such cases, invited because they were known to be personal friends of the guest of honor—Mr. Jefferson—and not with any idea of making the dinner a factor in the congressional situation.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

The war is over. Two more weeks in this semester. The class in solid geometry finish the book today.

Junior exhibition two weeks from tonight. The program will be given next week.

The meeting of the Lyceum last Friday night was a rather slim affair. Both of the speakers on the negative were absent.

A special meeting of the teachers was held last Monday afternoon. A rule was made regarding "ponying," and hereafter a student found cheating in an examination will be liable to suspension.

Principal Pattengill suspended a number of students, the first of the week. In all there were twelve suspended. Their offense consisted in belonging to secret societies, or fraternities. This was in opposition to a rule adopted by the board of education, which reads as follows:

"Section 14. Any student of the High school who becomes or remains a member of a secret school society, subjects himself thereby to suspension, or forfeiture of diploma of graduation, or both."

A short time ago a delegation of the Delta Sigma Nus went to Fort Wayne, Ind., to establish a chapter. The school authorities at Fort Wayne found it out, and wrote to Prof. Pattengill asking what kind of a society it was, and other similar questions.

On Monday, Principal Pattengill, with the approval of Supt. Perry, began circulating a pledge among the students who belong to the fraternities, and asking them to sign it. The pledge provided that those who took it would leave their respective societies, and join no other unless it was the Masons or Odd Fellows. The students refused to sign, so eight were suspended at once.

The parents met at the home of Mrs. Tilton, Tuesday night, and decided to carry it into the courts, if the students were not reinstated. A committee consisting of Messrs. Zimmerman, Wilson and Danforth was appointed to see the school board and demand that the action of the faculty be reversed.

THE Royal Baking Powder is the purest and strongest baking powder made. It has received the highest award at the U. S. Gov't official investigation, and at all the Great International Expositions and World's Fairs wherever exhibited in competition with others. It makes the finest, lightest, sweetest, most wholesome bread, cake and pastry. More economical than any other leavening agent. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

The school board held an open meeting Wednesday night, and the rule by which the suspensions were made was repealed by a vote of 7 to 2. Consequently, the twelve suspended students were reinstated by Principal Pattengill yesterday morning, and now peace and harmony reign supreme.

Rice's Surprise Party in '1492.'

The historical extravaganza, "1492," presented by that splendid aggregation of players known as Rice's Surprise Party, was given last evening at the Detroit opera house. Coming with an almost unprecedented record, the piece was received with approval throughout, while many portions of the scenes awakened the enthusiasm of the spectators. Altogether it is a clean cut example of extravaganza. As a timely burlesque of the day, its theme is unimpeachable, serving to hold before the public in good-natured satire that very worthy and highly esteemed gentleman who recently figured so conspicuously on the government's postage stamps, Christopher Columbus, or Colombo, as some people in his own country call him. But this satire is harmless; it fills one with the same kind of pleasure that may be found in the perusal of Washington Irving's extravagant descriptions of historical characters in early New York.—Detroit Free Press. At the Grand opera house, Wednesday Jan. 23.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Fur overcoats made to order at Fred Theurer's.

Doings in the National Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—After a debate covering a week the senate voted down Hill's proposition to refer the legality of the income tax to the courts, only five senators joining with Hill in supporting the proposition. An amendment was adopted limiting the questions the tax officers may ask and the appropriation was agreed to. The deficiency appropriation bill was then passed. The vote on Hill's amendment to the deficiency bill was on sustaining the chair which had declared it out of order. The only votes against the chair were Dubois, Davis, Mitchell, Oregon, Hill, Quay and Pettigrew.

In the house McGann wanted to pass a resolution to increase the pay of printers in the government office to 50 cents an hour, but Sayers objected. Two condemned cannon were donated to Chelsea, Mich., and several bills of no particular importance were passed. The Indian appropriation bill was taken up and precipitated a long political argument on pretty near every subject on the list. No action was taken.

The President's Reply to Lodge.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—In reply to a resolution by Senator Lodge, who wanted the facts relating to the alleged giving up by United States consuls in China of two alleged Japanese students, the president has sent in a load of correspondence, covering the whole matter, together with a letter from the secretary of state, in which it is stated that the American consuls had no authority to protect Japanese in China, except so far as using their good offices when occasion demanded. It was clearly stated to Minister Denby by Minister of Foreign Affairs Mutsu that during the progress of the war Chinese subjects in Japan were to be in the direct jurisdiction of Japanese consuls and military authorities, and that treaty provisions to the contrary were necessarily abrogated by the war situation. This of course carried with it the status of Japanese subjects in China. The letter further states that there is scarcely any doubt that the supposed students were spies.

Railway Report in Wisconsin.

MADISON, Jan. 17.—The report of Railroad Commissioner Thompson shows that the railroad mileage in the state has reached 6,000 miles. The stock and debts amount to \$275,000,000, or over \$16,000 per mile. The net earnings were \$10,000,000. The state receives over \$1,000,000 annually from license fees imposed by the law, the

amount for last year being \$1,295,000, which paid a large part of the expenses of the state government. Last year 116 persons were killed and 381 injured by the railroads of the state.

How Will He Prove It?

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Bryan has introduced a bill to provide for the coinage of the seigniorage. The bill provides that any person presenting to the treasury greenbacks or treasury notes and demanding their redemption in gold or silver "for the purpose of embarrassing the government, injuring its credit," etc., shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction be punished by imprisonment for not less than five years.

SENSATION IN MINNESOTA.

A Charge That \$150,000 of the Public Funds Has Been Misappropriated.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 17.—A regular bombshell was exploded in the house of representatives in the shape of a resolution from Henry Feig calling for an investigation of the financial affairs of the state and making charges of misappropriation of public funds to the amount of \$150,000, while over \$300,000 was asserted to be carried on books as cash, when in fact it was on the books of banks that have failed. Feig says he thinks he has underestimated rather than overestimated the amount of

the misappropriation. The resolutions are based on charges made by newspapers and provide for the appointment of a committee of five to investigate the matter thoroughly, giving them full power to take testimony and to do all necessary to further the ends of justice. The investigation is ordered to cover "the manner in which public officials for a number of years past have been induced to place public funds in financial concerns and especially to ascertain whether any present or past public official has received for his own private use and gain from any such financial concern, either directly or indirectly, any commission, emolument or gift."

Clean Sweep.

"I don't see why they say the De Spag girls got their beauty from their mother."

"They probably took all there was."

—Detroit Tribune.

The Sexton's Point of View.

"How dull the cemetery is today; not a single funeral!"—Etoile Belge.

NEW 68 CATALOGUE

AND GUIDE TO FORTUNE SAVERS. Contains over 130 fine illustrations showing a photo of the largest henery in the west. Gives best plans for poultry houses, sure remedies and recipes for all diseases, also valuable information on all classes of flower gardens, sent for only 10 cents. John Sauscher, Jr., P. O. Box 1, Freeport, Ill.

DON'T READ

Unless you want or are going to want a

Sewing Machine

Two Thousand, Four Hundred and Twenty-Five. \$2,425.00

Will be given away in one hundred and sixteen prizes. It is the best offer ever made on Sewing Machines, and you have your choice among 25 first-class machines.

IT IS NO SCHEME.

IT IS NO LOTTERY.

It is Simply a Good, Honest Business Investment.

Aside from the prizes, every person will get a machine at less than spot cash price on the club plan.

J. F. SCHUH, ANN ARBOR.

A FEW PERTINENT INQUIRIES.

DO YOU KNOW

- THAT The present retail prices for all first-class Sewing Machines (except those sold in my club) are entirely disproportionate to manufacturer's first cost?
THAT These retail prices are made necessary by reason of the expense and time required to get your money out of them?
THAT No one family sewing machine has proven itself superior to all others?
THAT For a local dealer to profitably sell Sewing Machines through peddlers he must get from \$40 to \$60?
THAT The public will not pay the excessive unreasonable retail prices and the only remedy is found in the club plan, you get prices and terms on machines within the reach of all classes?
THAT It is unwise to buy a machine whose maker is unknown?
THAT A wise person will get a machine on the club plan?
THAT This club is more economical and business like than anything heretofore offered?
THAT If you need a machine you ought to try the club?
THAT The high prices for Sewing Machines are paid by the poor people? You should not buy a sewing machine on account of its name, there are others just as good.

J. F. SCHUH, Ann Arbor

A GOOD HUSBAND

should look after the comforts of his wife. Any household can get one on the club plan. A full set of attachments is

Given Away

with each Machine. In this club I give you choice of about any first-class Machine made, and furnish 5 years warranty

With Each Machine,

and guarantee that you can buy a better Sewing Machine of me on better terms than you can buy elsewhere. Why send your money away to strangers and buy a pig in a bag when you can get a Machine for less money, and

You have Your Choice

Do not be deceived by newspapers offering \$60 Machines for \$15 or \$20. I will sell you the same class of Machine for less money, and save you freight charges, and teach you how to use it.

Now is Your Chance.

I am organizing a series of clubs in which you get a Machine for \$15, or you can go as high as \$34. Remember every Machine is fully warranted and

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

It will cost you only \$1.00 per week, and you have a chance in the 116 prizes from \$1.00 to \$500. Look at Club Plan.

Will You Try One?

J. F. SCHUH, Ann Arbor.

A sewing machine is a household necessity and my object is to supply all classes of people at low prices and easy terms. Heretofore nine-tenths of all machines bought have been bought on the installment plan, and cost from \$30 to \$60. On my club plan you can get the same machine at from \$15.00 to \$34.00, and you have an interest in one hundred and sixteen prizes amounting to \$2,455.00, the highest being \$500.00 and the lowest being \$1.00. The prizes will be distributed to person guessing nearest the number of common white beans in a quart, and the grand \$500.00 prize to the person guessing nearest the number of kernels of rye in a pint. Ask for my Club Plan.

J. F. SCHUH, ANN ARBOR.

Keep needles and parts for all machines. Sewing Machines Repaired and Rented.