

Noble's
STAR CLOTHING HOUSE

MEN'S SUITS

Our Spring Line is now complete. We can fit
 Blue, **THE LEAN,** All New!
 Black, **THE SLIM,**
 Light Shaded, **THE FAT,**
 Medium Shade and **THE SHORT,**
 Hawaiian Brown. **THE LONG.**

Prices as Low as Anybody—Possibly Lower.

Come in and let us show you what your hard earned dollar will buy.

ADMITTED BY ALL.

That we have the largest stock and the best make of Ladies' Men's and Children's Tan Shoes in the city, and prices the lowest.

LEADERS IN FINE FOOTWEAR.

WAHR & MILLER

48 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

MARCH SALE OF
... New Spring Dress Goods

Never have such varieties been shown and such low prices offered.

50 pieces all wool Serges and Henriettas, Spring Shades, the 39c quality, at 25c a yd.
 20 pieces pretty Spring Plaids, double fold, at 25c a yd.
 45 inch wool Checks and Mixtures, worth 50c, at 39c a yd.
 40 inch all wool, navy blue and black Storm Serges, the new price, 32c a yd.
 35 pieces all wool Novelty Dress Goods, the 65c kind, now 39c a yd.
 Lovely Satin Finish Henriettas, the 75c quality, new price 50c a yd.
 50 inch all wool Serges, last season's price \$1, new price 50c a yd.
 48 inch all wool Storm Serge, would be cheap at 75c, now 50c a yd.
 High Art Novelty Dress Goods in Silk Mixtures, French and English Suitings, Checks, Plaids and Crepons, this lot of elegant Dress Goods we place on sale at 50c a yd.
 20 pieces fancy Swivel Silks, the 50c kind, at 39c a yd.
 30 pieces colored Kai-Kai Wash Silks at 35c a yd.

BLACK DRESS GOODS A great sale and a great season for Black Goods.
 38 inch all wool black Serges and Henriettas, worth 39c, at 25c a yard.
 40 inch black figured Mohairs, a big bargain at 35c a yd.
 40 inch all wool black Storm Serge, the new price 32c a yd.
 45 inch all wool black Henriettas, were 75c, new price 39c a yd.
 50 inch all wool black Serges, last season's price \$1.00, now 50c a yd.
 46 inch fine black Imperial Serge, a bargain at 50c a yd.
 40 inch Silk Warp Henriettas, the \$1.25 quality, now 75c a yd.
 48 inch all wool black Storm Serge, regular 75c quality, at 50c a yard.
 40 inch black figured Serges, Mohair Finish, at 50c a yd.
 48 inch black figured Sicilian Mohairs, worth \$1.00, at 65c a yd.
 46 inch black Silk Finish Henriettas, Figured Mohairs, Figured Serges, Figured Crepons, Black Fabrics, worth up to \$1.00, the new price 65c a yd.

BLACK CREPONS Are the up-to-date rage. We have them, the only large and representative collection in Ann Arbor.

Spring's Daintest Dress Trimmings Now Open.

KID GLOVE SALE 50 dozen "Etelka" 5 hook Foster Kid Gloves, in black and new spring shades, the best \$1.00 Glove in Ann Arbor. For this sale 79c a pair, 79c.

5 dozen new Flannelette Wrappers, for this sale \$1.25 each.
 10 dozen new Spring Calico Wrappers, full sleeve, lined waists, pretty styles, would be cheap at \$1.25, for this sale 98c each.

SCHAIREN & MILLEN Leaders of Low Prices

AFTER THE PAP.

The Trouble With the Board of Public Works.

WHY THE VOTERS ARE DISSATISFIED.

A Plain Statement Relative to the Board of Public Works.—Its Prejudice Against Our Citizens.—Why the Street Commissioner Was Appointed.

The board of public work plays a little part in this campaign. The people have become tired of the arrogance of a board which assumes to usurp the powers of the council as well as to do its own work. The city charter clearly defines the duties of the board. They are executive in their character. The council decides what improvements shall be made and how much shall be the outside limit of the money spent in such improvements. The board simply has charge of the work. But during the past year the board has assumed to set itself over the council. It has in some cases refused to make improvements ordered by the council. In other cases it has done work costing over \$25 without authority of the council.

That the board has not displayed the ability shown by previous boards is indicated by the bad condition of our streets this spring. Notwithstanding the fact that outside of the sewers, the city expenses were over \$4,000 more than last year there has never been a year since the board was established when more permanent improvements have not been made. The condition of our streets which had been improved has deteriorated.

It was a surprise to the citizens when the new members of the board were appointed, and no great regret will be experienced when they have been replaced by other appointments. Take for instance the course of the president of the board. As was understood when the charter changes first came up, Mr. Clark desired that the president of the board of public works should receive a salary. He interested some of the members of the city government into taking this view of the case, but it was quickly seen that this scheme could not be carried through, and Mr. Clark then turned his attention to the street commissionership.

For a long time the city was kept without a street commissioner while the republican members of the board tried to induce Mr. Schuh to vote for Mr. Clark for street commissioner. It was during this time that the streets needed attention, which was not received because of Clark's desire to get a paying position from the city. When it was found absolutely impossible to get Capt. Schuh's vote, Mr. Clark withdrew from the race and the two republican members cast their vote for Leonard Bassett, whose chief recommendation was that he was a relative of Mr. Clark's.

There were many good and deserving applicants for the place, most of whom would have given better satisfaction, but unfortunately for them they were not relatives.

The prejudice exhibited by the republican members of the board against our own citizens has been most marked. For instance, many of the appointments as sewer inspectors, etc., have been farmers who have just come to the city and who have been entirely without experience in this line of work. The same feeling which prevailed in Mr. Clark's mind when he built his houses seems to have pervaded the minds of the republican members of the board.

These things are not new, and the Argus simply calls attention to them now because if the people desire to rebuke the board of public works for their actions, they have an opportunity to do so with their ballots next Monday.

Meeting of the Municipal Club.

The Municipal club held a consolation meeting, Tuesday night, with sorrowful faces and mournful tones. They indorsed Glen V. Mills for city clerk and Patrick O'Hearn for assessor. A motion was made to endorse Mr. E. B. Pond for justice, but on the statement that Mr. N.

D. Corbin, his opponent, was a member of the Municipal club no endorsement on this office was made.

There was an extended debate on the mayorship. Rev. Mr. Gelston, to get an expression of opinion, moved that the club put a candidate of its own in the field for mayor. Prof. Wines said it was doubtful if they could elect one. So far as there being a choice between the two candidates Prof. Wines thought there was no question. Col. Thompson said it was the intention of both conventions to turn down the Municipal club. Robert Campbell wanted to know if either candidate would take the club pledge. Rev. Mr. Cobern said it was absolutely impossible for the club to endorse either candidate and his expression that the club should put a ticket of its own in the field next year was greeted with applause. Prof. Stephens favored putting up a ticket this year. Prof. Wines again put in a specious plea for Jacobs. Rev. Mr. Gelston was not sure he could vote for either. "Do we want to assume the responsibility of endorsing either?" Col. Thompson moved that the club refuse to endorse either nomination, regarding them as nominations unfit to be made. Prof. Wines protested that there were some things that might better be left unsaid, and the motion was withdrawn. The club then decided not to put a ticket in the field this year.

The Democratic City Convention.

The democratic city convention was called to order Tuesday evening by J. F. Schuh, chairman of the city committee and David A. Hammond was appointed chairman and Gustave Brehm secretary. The following committees were appointed: Credentials, M. J. Cavanaugh, W. W. Beman, C. A. Ward. Order of business, T. D. Kearney, E. Duffy, Fred Harpst.

D. Cramer in an excellent speech nominated Eugene Mann for mayor. J. F. Schuh and Herman Hutzler stated that Mr. Mann was positively not a candidate.

M. J. Cavanaugh ably presented the name of Henry J. Brown and Charles H. Kline that of Warren E. Walker.

M. J. Martin made a resonant speech in which he said he had not voted for the democratic candidate for mayor last spring. He wanted anyone but Walker and said Christian Martin would suit him.

The informal ballot resulted: Brown, 27; Walker, 52; Mann, 11; Martin, 5. On motion of Mr. Duffy, seconded by Messrs. Brown and Cramer, the nomination of Mr. Walker was made unanimous.

For president of the council on motion of H. J. Brown, Dr. J. A. Weisinger was nominated by acclamation.

For city clerk the name of Walter Taylor was presented by M. J. Lehman and supported by Wm. Herz and C. H. Manly. The name of James R. Bach was presented by B. F. Watts. The ballot stood, Taylor, 72; Bach, 17; Seery 5.

Elihu B. Pond was nominated for justice of the peace by acclamation on the motion of Edward Duffy.

D. Cramer presented Patrick O'Hearn for assessor as "the best assessor the Lord ever made if he made any" and he was nominated by acclamation.

On motion of E. B. Norris the chairman of each ward committee was made a member of the city committee with power to elect their chairman. The convention then adjourned.

That Cock Fight.

On last Saturday night a disgraceful cock fight and dog fight took place within two miles of this city. It was generally talked about on the streets Saturday evening, and yet the sheriff and his deputies seem to have made no effort to stop the disgraceful fight. The matter has stirred up considerable feeling, the sheriff striving to throw some of the odium on Marshal Banfield, but as Banfield has no jurisdiction outside of the city limits, it is hard to see how he can make this out. The affair was so freely talked about on the streets that it might have been a matter of no great difficulty to have appeared upon the scene and stopped it. It might have taken a few hours work off of the effort made by the county officials to down the marshal's friends in the republican city convention, but the few hours necessary would have been hours well spent.

RUNNING RAMPANT.

City Expenses Largely Increased by the Republicans.

OVER \$95,000 WAS SPENT IN TWO YEARS.

This is in Addition to the Heavy Sewer Expenses.—Salaries Increased.—A New Ward Created.—What Do the People Think of It?

Remember the issues, Monday. The republicans, while at the head the city government have rolled up the expenses, beyond anything ever known in the history of Ann Arbor. In the two years the actual disbursements have been \$138,821.40 and of this amount the sewer expenses have been \$43,438.68 leaving \$95,382.72 for the other city expenses in two years. When you come to think of it, this is an enormous sum to spend without more permanent improvements to show for it. Our readers can hardly realize the costliness of the republican city government. And although the first year of the republican government last year was more costly than the preceding democratic administrations, the administration this past year cost about ten per cent. more than the expensive republican administration of the year before.

This only illustrates the constant tendency among the republicans to increase the cost of the city government. Another example of it is the raising the salaries of city officers for future years in the charter amendments and the creation of the expensive seventh ward, with its possibilities of extra cost to the taxpayers of the whole city, for the partisan purpose of creating two more republican aldermen and another republican supervisor.

How little the people have been consulted was clearly shown by the surreptitious change of boundaries in the new ward. These things ought clearly to be rebuked. Our citizens have a chance to be heard, Monday.

Township Nominations.

In Ann Arbor township the contest for supervisor lies between Con. L. Tuomey on the democratic ticket and the son of I. S. N. Foster on the republican ticket.

In Augusta, Walter Ballard is making a good run at the head of the democratic ticket against S. S. Bibbins on the republican ticket.

In Dexter the race is between Thos. McQuillan, democrat, and K. Harrison Ball, republican.

In Lima, Walter H. Dancer heads the democratic ticket and Theodore Wedemeyer the republican ticket.

In York, Alfred Davenport, democrat, is running against J. Henry Ford, republican.

In Webster there is only one ticket in the field, Edwin Ball, republican, heading it.

In Scio the democratic ticket is headed by Byron C. Whittaker and the republican ticket by John L. Smith.

In Manchester, Willis L. Watkins heads the democratic ticket, and William Burtless the republican ticket.

In Freedom the democrats have nominated Michael P. Alber, and the republicans have put up Bernie Bertke.

In Sharon there is a four-cornered fight, the nominees for supervisor being, democratic, Wm. F. Hall; republican, M. L. Raymond; people's, L. B. Lawrence; prohibition, W. R. Mount.

In Sylvan, Hiram Lighthall heads the democratic ticket, and as he is one of the best men on the board he should be returned.

In Ypsilanti township, John L. Hunter heads the republican ticket.

W. C. T. U. Election.

At the annual meeting of the W. C. T. U. yesterday the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Mrs. Jennie Vorheis, president; Mrs. A. C. Clark, recording secretary; Mrs. Adda Warner, corresponding secretary; Mrs. M. J. Dygart, treasurer; Mrs. Hattie Doig, from the Baptist church; Mrs. W. W. Wetmore, Presbyterian church; Mrs. O. M. Martin, Methodist church; Mrs. A. L. Duncan, Congregational church; Mrs. E. L. Pardon, Episcopal church; Mrs. G. P. Color, Christian church; Mrs. S. A. White, Unitarian church; Mrs. E. W. Moore,

Second Baptist church, vice-presidents. The following committee was elected to act with the four general officers as an executive board: Mrs. Hattie Doig, Mrs. W. W. Wetmore, Mrs. Lucy Parker, Mrs. Charles Worden and Mrs. Alice Van Valkenburg. The election of superintendents of departments was postponed until the next meeting.

For School Commissioner, Who?

The Ypsilanti Commercial of last Friday contains the following on the school commissionership:

The School Commissioner is an educational officer. With the duties of his office politics has and should have nothing to do. Schools are to be managed in the interest of the children of the locality. What is best for them is the all important question. How may each local school secure the most and best schooling for the money expended? How are the patrons to be secured against incompetent teachers? Who can do most to aid teachers in becoming more efficient? These are the questions for the voter to settle in his own mind before determining his choice of candidates for this office.

As a farmer will not employ one to oversee his stock who knows nothing of their care; and as no one will consent to have the expenditure of his money managed by a man who is unacquainted with the needs of his business; so it is a sign of good judgment and thrift to employ as overseers of our schools only those who have the age, maturity of judgment, experience in teaching and familiarity with what concerns schools and teachers which tends to beget confidence and to give weight to their counsel and advice.

Of the two men whose names are at present before the people for this important office, what are their relative merits according to this standard? No other question need be asked. Let the following simple statement of facts concerning them answer. On the one hand, Mr. Hammond is a man of mature age, being thirty-nine years old, and has been a life-long school man. His education was acquired in the rural schools and in the Normal School, established and maintained by the State solely to prepare teachers for the public school. He is familiar with the district schools not only as a pupil and teacher, but as an overseer and examiner. For two years he taught in the district schools. For two years he was a township superintendent of schools. He also served two years on the county board of examiners, the second year as secretary of the board, and four years on the state board of education, of which he is at present a member. From this it will be seen that he has had wide acquaintance with the work of examining teachers. In addition to this Mr. Hammond has had long experience as a teacher and superintendent both in village and city schools. His teaching experience aggregates seventeen years. During much of this time also he was an active worker in teachers' institutes.

His opponent is a young man, born March 22, 1873, and consequently is but twenty-two years of age. He has taught one term in a district school, and has served two years on the Board of Examiners. He is at present a senior law student in the University. While in every way an estimable young man, he is inexperienced in supervising, counseling and directing the work of teachers. Should he be elected Commissioner, he will be placed over teachers much older and with vastly more experience than himself. District boards generally and very properly object to employing inexperienced teachers. If experience is so essential in the teacher, is it not much more important in the broader sphere of the commissioner who is a teacher of teachers?

For a Commissioner to be inexperienced in these important functions, is to deprive him of those qualifications most essential in a leader, and the schools of that wise oversight which it is the intention of the law to secure through this office. That the schools, the children and teachers may receive the greatest returns for the outlay, the Commissioner should be a man whose counsel is based on that maturity of judgment resulting from experience and whose guidance is therefore safe. The people have the opportunity of filling the office with an experienced man, without any extra cost over an inexperienced one. What shall the verdict be?

DO not be deceived.

The following brands of White Lead are still made by the "Old Dutch" process of slow corrosion. They are standard, and always

Strictly Pure White Lead

The recommendation of

"Anchor," "Morley," "Eckstein," "Shipman," "Armstrong & McKelvy," "Southern," "Beymer-Bauman," "Red Seal," "Davis-Chambers," "Collier," "Fahnestock."

to you by your merchant is an evidence of his reliability, as he can sell you cheap ready-mixed paints and bogus White Lead and make a larger profit. Many short-sighted dealers do so.

For Colors.—National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors, a one-pound can to a 25-pound keg of Lead and mix your own paints. Saves time and annoyance in matching shades, and insures the best paint that it is possible to put on wood.

Send us a postal card and get our book on paints and color-card, free; it will probably save you a good many dollars.

NATIONAL LEAD CO.
Chicago Branch,
State and Fifteenth Streets, Chicago.

Manchester.

School opens Monday, April 1st. Mr. Buss went to Detroit on business.

Mr. James Kelly was in Chelsea and Ann Arbor on business.

Mrs. Louis Freeman, of Chelsea, visited friends in town a few days.

Miss Flora Hartbeck, of Tecumseh, was the guest of Miss Myra Spaffard.

Miss Emma Schultz has been visiting Tecumseh friends.

Miss Smith, of Toledo, is visiting with her sister, Mrs. K. Berger.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Millen and family went to Wolf lake, last Friday.

Miss Louise Payne spent a few days with Ann Arbor friends.

Mrs. J. Koch, of Detroit, is visiting at Wm. Kirchgessner's, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Patterson, of Detroit, spent a few days with friends in town.

Miss Alma Schmid is spending her vacation in Ann Arbor with her aunt, Miss Sophie Schmid.

Miss Anna Armstrong, who has been visiting her mother for the past week, has returned to Jackson to resume her work.

Fred Burtless and friend, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Burtless.

The Misses Lucy Poucher and Jennie Saley went to Detroit to attend the Epworth league convention.

Mrs. Ed. Leavenworth, of Grand Rapids, visited her father, O. A. Waite, from Tuesday until Friday.

The Misses L. Pfister and Lena Kenzler went to Toledo to buy millinery goods.

Mrs. Ogden, of Clinton, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Weis.

Willie Kalmbach, Henry Howard and Ben Rose have gone to Jackson to work.

Ansel and Levern Cash, of Brooklyn, spent a day with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Kelly.

Messrs. Henry and Freddie Reh-fuss and sister Hannah went to Ann Arbor last Saturday to visit Mr. and Mrs. P. Lehman.

Master Walter Lehn is spending his vacation with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Ambler in Brooklyn.

Chas. G. Leeson closed the winter term of school in the Dorr district last Friday.

Mr. George Torrey, who is attending the Ann Arbor University, came home to attend the funeral of his grandmother Mrs. J. D. Corey.

Among those who went to Ann Arbor to attend the teachers' examination held at that place Wednesday were Elmer Silkworth, Eta Hall and Mattie Carpenter.

Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Kingsley there was given an entertainment for the benefit of the Orphan Home at Rocky Beach. A very interesting program was carried out and all present had a very enjoyable time.

Last Friday evening the W. R. C. served a supper at their rooms and a nicely arranged program was listened to. The ladies have held several socials the past winter and have succeeded in adding a number of dollars to their treasury.

Last Friday afternoon school closed with appropriate exercises. A number of visitors were present and all that took part in the exercises did well. Over 150 received badges for being neither absent nor tardy during the term. The second primary received the banner for having the fewest half day's absence.

The remains of Mrs. Emily Root, of Detroit, formerly of this place, were brought to Manchester last Saturday and placed in the vault at

Oak Grove Cemetery. Mrs. Clark and brother, Mr. Russell, of Detroit, accompanied the remains, returning to Detroit the same day.

Mrs. Corey, wife of J. D. Corey, died at her home last Saturday after a lingering disease. Mrs. Corey had been in poor health for the past years but was very patient. She leaves a husband and two children, Mrs. O. Torrey and Mr. J. Corey, both of this place, besides a large circle of friends to mourn her loss. The funeral was held at the home Monday afternoon and was largely attended. Rev. Platt officiated.

To purify, vitalize and enrich the blood, and give nerve, bodily and digestive strength, take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Milan.

Town meeting is near at hand; people talk it, birds sing it and dogs bark at it, so you see the atmosphere is full of it.

The gentle March "breezes" are whistling through the trees" at present but gales are looked for in the near future.

Mrs. Wm. Buxton is quite ill with rheumatism.

Mrs. Belcher is quite ill.

Mr. C. M. Fuller closes his third term of school in district No. 4, Friday.

The Eastern Star chapter will give a musicale April 3rd. Miss Liebig, Miss Long and Mr. Long, of Ann Arbor, will give some fine selections, and home talent will give some selections. Quite a treat in the musical line is expected.

The York democratic nominees are as follows: Supervisor, A. Dav-enport; town clerk, J. Gump; treasurer, Milton Hitchcock; justice, Frank Coe; drain commissioner, Henry Olds; school inspector, Wm. Rainey; board of review, J. Clark; constables, H. Doty, A. Montonia, G. Culver, Chas. Hale.

Republican nominees are as follows: Supervisor, J. Henry Ford; town clerk, Edwin Blackmer; treasurer, Charles R. Parsons; justice, Wesley Robison; highway commissioner, Theo. Josenhans; board of review, Elmer Condee; school inspector, Chas. R. Cobb; constables, Archie Gauntlett, F. E. Reese, D. A. Jennings, B. S. Cook.

Henry Hack and Cook Allen had some clover seed stolen from their barns Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Ostrander were Willis visitors over Sunday.

Mrs. Yager, of Saline, visited Milan friends, last week.

Mrs. J. W. Campbell is visiting friends in Detroit.

Atty. and Mrs. G. R. Williams entertained guests from out of town from Friday until Sunday.

Mr. J. W. Blakeslee has lumber on the ground for a new street walk on the west side of his lot.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gay are at home to their friends, on Hurd street.

The D. of R.'s gave a very pleasant entertainment at their parlors, Wednesday evening March 27.

The W. R. C.'s will give a tea social at the G. A. R. social Monday afternoon and evening.

Mr. C. L. Ferman's horse took it into its worthy head Thursday afternoon to have a little run on River street. There was no one hurt. The harness will need a little repairing.

Miss Jessie McMullen, of Ypsilanti, was the guest of Miss Ona Clark last week.

Mr. C. L. Ferman has been having a furnace put in his house on East Main street.

Miss Minnie Mead is quite ill with la grippe.

Mr. Geo. Minto, the inventor of the patent neektie holder, received his patent papers last week.

C. H. Wilson who has been quite ill is now convalescent.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Ceas, of the Macon, were in town the first of the week.

Mrs. James Gauntlett entertained guests from out of town last week.

Married, Fuller-Frishee, March 20, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. Ira Fuller and Miss Ella Frishee.

The I. O. O. F. parlors was the scene of a pleasant social affair Thursday evening.

Mrs. H. Burnham, of Detroit, gave her Milan friends a call Monday.

A cyclone passed over Milan Sunday evening.

The wind blew over a chimney at Mr. Chas. Sill's residence on East Main street.

W. A. Palmer is seriously ill.

"I was run over by a lumber wagon. Did not expect to live. Was terribly bloated. My friends bathed me with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, and I was cured. We have great faith in Thomas' Electric Oil." Mrs. Wm. F. Babcock, Norvell, Jackson Co., Mich.

When the hair has fallen out, leaving the head bald, if the scalp is not shiny, there is a chance of regaining the hair by using Hall's Hair Renewer.

Dexter Township.

Mrs. Will Valentine, of Hamburg, spent Monday with her parents.

Mr. Wadhams was here on Sunday.

T. Agin and friend were among their friends in Pinckney, Monday.

J. Jones will spend the week in Livingston county.

Mrs. J. Schultz and children were guests of relatives at North Lake, Friday.

Mrs. A. Watson spent Tuesday in Jackson.

Tom James is home from his visit at Richmond.

Mrs. G. Vickers has gone to Eaton county to visit friends for a few weeks.

Wm. Fields, of Grand Ledge, was here to visit his mother last week.

Mrs. C. C. James has returned home from Columbus, Mich.

Mrs. Tubbs and son, of Ann Arbor, are guests of her parents.

Miss Ethel Stone, of Stony Creek, is visiting here.

A. Davis and wife are entertaining friends from abroad.

Willis Collins has gone to Colorado to locate. His family will join him in the near future.

Frank Greening made us a short call Monday.

Mrs. W. Smith and Miss Margaret Quish, of Lansing, were here on Tuesday to attend the funeral of Wm. Quish, who died in Grand Rapids.

Michael Dolan, of Grand Rapids, was here the first of the week.

Mrs. Alfred Davis was called to Stony Creek by the death of her mother last week.

Dr. Paige, of Chelsea, was here the last of the week.

Mr. Monks lost a valuable horse Saturday.

St. Mary's Catholic church in Pinckney has a handsome new organ.

Next Monday, April 1st, is township election.

The members of Huron lodge, I. O. O. F., gave a banquet at their hall on Wednesday evening.

Joe Alger will move his meat market into the corner store recently vacated by the postoffice.

Ernest Cushing entertained the Y. P. S. C. E. at his home last Friday evening.

Mrs. E. R. Doane entertained the Willing Workers' society at her home, Wednesday afternoon.

Dr. R. B. Honey has purchased L. L. James' stock of drugs and will continue at the old stand.

Rev. F. Blomfield, of the Congregational church, is preaching short sermons on the parables of our Lord, on Sunday evenings at the church.

E. Jedele is remodeling the interior of his meat market, and when finished it will be the finest in the county.

Mr. Waite was in Hudson on business the first of the week.

O. A. Vaughn will move on his father's farm in Webster, and James Rowell, of Birkett, will work O. A. Vaughn's farm.

Mrs. Stockford is entertaining her sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Sackett are enjoying a visit from their daughters.

B. Hopkins is moving on Charles Dwyer's farm.

J. Sterle has rented one of J. Pa-acey's farms and will move there soon.

Miss Walsh, of Indiana, is the guest of her brother John and family.

James Carpenter spent last Sabbath with his cousins in Hudson.

L. D. Alley was a Detroit visitor on Tuesday.

Mrs. G. Sigler and son, of Pinckney, were here on Wednesday visiting relatives.

Mrs. Chas. Coy and son, of Jackson, are the guests of her sister.

Mrs. Lockwood, of Battle Creek, and sister, Mrs. H. Bussan, are visiting their parents.

Miss R. Flintoft, of Emery, spent the week with her sister, Mrs. A. Taylor, who is quite sick.

Mrs. John Donahue died at her home in Marion, Sunday morning, of consumption. She formerly lived in this place. A husband and three children are left to mourn her loss.

James Lyman was in Pinckney on business, Monday.

Mrs. G. W. Reason, of Pinckney, called here on Saturday.

Mrs. Story and family have been entertaining friends from abroad the past few days.

A. Pidd and grandson spent several days of last week in Ypsilanti.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Campbell, of Pinckney, are rejoicing over the advent of a son, born to them March 19, 1895.

Miss Eva Hill is entertaining her friend for a few days.

Miss Carrie Fleming is home from Ann Arbor.

Miss Costello is recovering from her recent sickness.

March April May

Are the Best Months in Which to

Purify Your Blood

And the Best Blood Purifier is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which Purifies, Vitalizes and Enriches the Blood.

At this season everyone should take a good spring medicine. Your blood must be purified or you will be neglecting your health. There is a cry from Nature for help, and unless there is prompt and satisfactory response you will be liable to serious illness.

This demand can only be met by the purifying, enriching and

Blood-Vitalizing elements to be found in Hood's Sarsaparilla. That this is the best medicine for you to take is proven by the fact that it has the largest sales and accomplishes the greatest cures of any medicine in the world. It purifies the blood, creates an appetite, builds up the nervous system and renovates the entire body. Do not be induced to buy anything else. Insist upon HOOD'S.

A Boy's Life Saved.

"I cannot praise Hood's Sarsaparilla enough for what it has done for my boy. Some four years ago, when six years old, George was attacked by hip disease in his right leg. We had to get him a pair of crutches, with which he was able to move about, but became badly deformed. We had to have his right leg lanced just above the knee. In a few weeks a second sore broke out, both discharging freely. Agonizing pains afflicted him, he could not bear to be moved, his growth was stopped and

in a short time he has a mere skeleton. He had no appetite, and it was hard work to make him eat enough to keep him alive. A few weeks later we had his hip lanced, and following this five other eruptions broke out, making eight running sores in all. We did all we could for him, but he grew weaker every day, although we had three of the best physicians. As a last resort we were prevailed upon by relatives who had taken Hood's Sarsaparilla with beneficial results to give the medicine a trial. We got one bottle about the first of March, and he had taken the medicine only a few days when his appetite began to improve. When he had taken one bottle he could move about a little with his crutches, which he had not been able to use for the preceding three months. We continued faithfully with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and in six months he was

Able to be Dressed and go about the house without the crutches. He has now taken Hood's Sarsaparilla regularly for eighteen months, and for the past six months has been without the crutches, which he has outgrown by several inches. The sores have all healed with the exception of one which is rapidly closing, only the scars and an occasional limp remaining as reminders of his suffering. Hood's Sarsaparilla in his case has truly done wonders, and he is daily gaining in flesh and good color. He runs about and plays as lively as any child. We feel an inexpressible joy at having our boy restored to health and we always speak in the highest terms of Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. HENRY W. MURPHY, Exc., R. N. H.

Large Sores

under each side of her neck; had the attendance of the family physician and other doctors for a long time, but seemed to grow worse. I read of many people cured of scrofula by Hood's Sarsaparilla. As soon as we began Hood's Sarsaparilla to Clara, she gave to get better, and before the first bottle was gone, the sores entirely healed up and there has never been any sign of the disease since. She is a

Healthy Robust Child.

Her grandmother took Hood's Sarsaparilla at the same time, and the salt rheum decreased in its violence and a perfect cure was soon effected. It took about three months for her cure, and she ascribes her good health and strength at her advanced age to Hood's Sarsaparilla. It has certainly been a Godsend to my family." Mrs. SOPHIA WOLFE, Zaleski, Ohio.

HOOD'S and HOOD'S

Six of our high school students received certificates at the teachers' examination last week.

Mr. Backus and son are home from Buffalo.

J. Shehan and wife, of Hamburg, spent Sunday with her mother.

Mrs. John McCabe entertained relatives last Sabbath.

Mrs. P. Fleming is on the sick list.

Clarence Carpenter and wife were guests of her sister at Anderson, Sunday.

T. McCaul spent the Sabbath with his son in Pinckney.

Mrs. Agur Taylor, who has been dangerously ill, is slowly recovering.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at the Eberbach Drug and Chemical Co. drug store, Ann Arbor, and of Geo. J. Haeussler, druggist, Manchester.

The World's Fair Tests

showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by The Eberbach Drug and Chemical Co., Ann Arbor, and Geo. J. Haeussler, Manchester.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Man, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Stanley J. Weyman.

Stanley J. Weyman, the novelist, practiced in London as a barrister for about ten years and with fair success. He never really liked his profession, however, and was a poor speaker. Mr. Weyman writes slowly. He considers a thousand words a day sufficient. He hunts once a week during the season, is an unmarried man and lives with his mother and sister.

Ripans Tablets cure scrofula.

Ripans Tablets banish pain.

DO YOU

Take the ARGUS? If not, why not? Only \$1 00 a year. You'll get full value.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK!

At Ann Arbor, Michigan, at the close of business, October 2, 1894.

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Loans and Discounts.....\$385,685 75	Capital stock paid in.....\$ 50,000 00
Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, etc..... 477,551 91	Surplus fund..... 150,000 00
Overdrafts..... 1,589 81	Undivided profits..... 12,191 65
Banking house..... 20,500 00	Dividends unpaid..... 650 00
Furniture, Fixtures and Safety Deposit Vaults..... 9,915 72	
Other Real Estate..... 4,997 97	
Current expenses and taxes paid..... 2,553 25	
CASH.....	DEPOSITS.....
Due from banks in reserve cities..... 158,256 08	Banks and Bankers..... 5,200 68
Due from other banks and bankers..... 1,592 87	Certificates of deposit..... 81,232 1
Checks and cash items..... 1,319 74	Commercial deposits..... 20,102 62
Nickels and pennies..... 205 41	Savings deposits..... 612,900 65
Gold coin..... 30,000 00	
Silver coin..... 2,500 00	
U. S. and National Bank Notes..... 23,749 00	
\$1,120,406 11	\$1,120,406 11

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. I, Charles E. Hiscock, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. CHAS. E. HISCOCK, Cashier. CORRECT—Attest: Christian Mack, W. D. Harriman, W. B. Smith, Directors. Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 29th day of October, 1894. MICHAEL J. FRITZ, Notary Public.

Capital security, \$100,000 Total assets, \$1,000,000.00
Capital stock paid in, 50,000 Surplus, 150,000.00

Transacts a general banking business; buys and sells exchanges on New York, Detroit and Chicago; sells drafts on all the principal cities of Europe. This bank, already having a large business, invites merchants and others to open accounts with them with the assurance of the most liberal dealing consistent with safe banking.

In the Savings Department interest at the rate of four per cent. is paid semi-annually, on the first days of January and July, on all sums that were deposited three months previous to those days, thus affording the people of this city and county a perfectly safe depository for their funds, together with a return in interest for the same. Money to loan on approved securities.

DIRECTORS.—Christian Mack, W. D. Harriman, Daniel Hiscock, William Deubel, Willard B. Smith, David H. Hinesey, and L. Gruner.

OFFICERS.—Christian Mack, resident; W. D. Harriman, Vice-President; Chas. E. Hiscock, Cashier; M. J. Fritz Ass't-Cashier.

"It is not what you earn, but what you save that makes you rich."

SAVE REGULARLY

On a Plan, and Deposit your Savings in the

STATE SAVINGS BANK

ANN ARBOR, MICH.

4 Per Cent paid and Interest compounded every Six Months.

W. J. BOOTH, Pres. WM. ARNOLD, Vice Pres.
ROBERT PHILLIPS, Cashier.

"Mothers' Friend"
 Makes CHILD BIRTH Easy.
 COLVIN, LA., Dec. 2, 1886.—My wife used "MOTHERS' FRIEND" before her third confinement, and says she would not be without it for hundreds of dollars.—DOCK MILLS.
 Sent by express or mail, on receipt of price, \$1. per bottle. Book "TO MOTHERS" mailed free. Sold by all Druggists.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
 Atlanta, Ga.

HE IS OUT FOR GORE

A Chicago Thug Just Set Free From the Pen.

SWEARS AN OATH TO DO MURDER.

Romance in the Life of a Bad Citizen—A Missionary Girl Falls in Love with Him While Saving Souls—Later She Marries His Pal, and Now the Oath—Would-Be Train Robbers Given Fatal Doses of Lead—Story of the Fight.

CHICAGO, March 28.—Dyer Scanlan, one of the most desperate criminals who ever operated in Chicago, has been just released from Joliet after serving ten years and ten months, less the time deducted for good behavior. The crime for which this sentence was imposed was committed May 10, 1888. Immediately prior to it a large number of burglaries had been committed on the south side, and Scanlan was accused of being connected with them all. On the night of the day mentioned Officer Martin Nolan was passing a house on Twenty-second street, near Purple, when he heard shots and found Scanlan and a man named O'Neill quarreling. Scanlan had been shot in the leg, but on the officer presenting himself both men turned on him and Scanlan shot him, and for a time it was supposed that he had fatally wounded him. The officer ultimately recovered.

Fortified Himself in a House.

Next day Inspector of Police John Bonfield, accompanied by Detectives Ben Williams, William Thorpe, and John Hanley and a squad of patrolmen, surrounded a house on Twenty-second street, near Wentworth avenue, where Scanlan was in hiding. When the police reached the house they found it barricaded, and when they showed themselves Scanlan opened a fusillade and kept it up for half a day. In the room in which he had shut himself Mollie Mott loaded up the revolvers as fast as he fired them off. It was only after his ammunition was spent that he was captured. Scanlan was tried for assault with intent to kill Officer Nolan. He was convicted July 21, 1888.

Romance in the Life of a Thug.

But the most interesting part of the matter and the reason this story is told is a romance connected with Scanlan's career at this period. About the time of his arrest Minnie Crosby came to Chicago from Grand Rapids, Mich., with the intention of devoting her life to reform work among the lower classes. In her frequent visits to the jail she met Scanlan and was strangely attracted toward him. She took a deep interest in his trial and before his removal to Joliet promised that on the day of his release she would become his wife. From that time till a few months ago she had appeared to be true to her vow, but about eight weeks ago she was secretly married to Frank Mead, who at one time was Scanlan's lieutenant, and since his arrest is credited with being the leader of his gang.

SWEARS VENGEANCE ON MEAD.

But May Run Against a Snag in the Shape of Another Arrest.

When Scanlan heard of the fickleness of his betrothed and the perfidy of his friend he refused to believe it, and not until a copy of the marriage certificate was shown him would he be convinced. He then registered a solemn vow that he would kill Frank Mead as soon as he secured his liberty. Frank Mead is believed to have been formerly associated with a noted criminal named O'Brien in many burglaries committed in Hyde Park. O'Brien was killed by a policeman and then Mead is said to have joined himself to the Scanlan gang. It is very doubtful, however, if Scanlan will be afforded an opportunity of carrying out his threat. Other crimes are laid at his door for which he will have to answer before he regains his full liberty.

One of these is the murder of Officer O'Brien, committed in 1887. After his incarceration in Joliet Scanlan made a written confession of this murder, and it is now proposed to make him answer for it. The confession was made under peculiar circumstances. He had not been suspected of the crime. One Timothy Grady was accused of it, arrested, tried and convicted, and sentenced to twenty-five years' imprisonment in Joliet. When Grady reached the penitentiary Scanlan was believed to be dying of consumption. It was not thought he could live to finish his sentence, and so a confession was obtained from him by means of which a pardon for Grady was secured from Governor Fifer. Should he escape from that charge through some technicality of the law there are four other murders for which he will have to answer. John McMahon, treasurer of a division of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, was killed at his home at Thirty-ninth and Laurel streets. He is believed to have been one of Scanlan's victims. Another was Owen Miller, a saloon-keeper on Archer avenue, who was killed while trying to protect his place from a raid of burglars. The other two were employes of the Panhandle road named Hanlon and Cassidy. Scanlan has been a criminal all his life. He was convicted of robbery at the age of 16.

DIDN'T HAVE TIME TO REPENT.

A Southern Railway Adopts the Best Cure for Train Robbery.

CINCINNATI, March 28.—Six men who tried to rob a fast through passenger train on the Cincinnati Southern road, near Greenwood, Ky., made a mistake which three of them did not have time to repent. Their intentions had become known to the railway officials, so when the attack was made the three armed men stowed away in the express car opened fire with guns and without unnecessary delay, and at the first volley three of the robbers fell. The three others took flight, though they are supposed to be wounded. The attempt to rob the train was made at the south end of what is known as tunnel No. 9, which is a mile north of Greenwood. The signal to stop was given, and the engineer, acting under instructions, obeyed it.

As soon as the six robbers were in sight and had developed their purposes the fusillade began from the express car, where T. R. Geiffin, superintendent of police of the road, was concealed with two of his men. The officers turned loose with their guns, and one man fell dead, another was so badly wounded that he died in Greenwood an hour later, and a third lies at Greenwood without hopes of recovery. The three other men shot back at the men on the train, but his nobody, and then betook themselves to the woods. The work was done so quickly

that hardly a passenger knew what had taken place until the execution was over. The train was delayed only ten minutes, and reached Chattanooga on time.

A dispatch from Chattanooga gives an interview with the engineer of the train who said: "We left Somerset on time. I slowed down a little as we ran through tunnel No. 9, about sixteen miles south of Somerset, in Pulaski county, Ky. About 300 yards this side of the tunnel a man on the track with a white light lantern flagged me down. This is one of the loneliest spots on the entire road. There is not a house within two miles of the place. In fact I don't know of a house that is nearer than Greenwood. That little station was about two miles to the south. The fellow in front kept swinging his lantern. He stood in the center of the track. I could not imagine what was the matter.

"There was only one man in sight. When I stopped to see what he was swinging the lantern for the fellow climbed into the cab and said: 'Stand here till I tell you to go on,' and pointed a pistol at me. He stood on the left side of the cab. He looked like a desperado. As near as I can recollect he had a big black mustache, a slouch hat and rather seedy clothes. He looked like a rough countryman. The fellow did not say another word, but kept his pistol pointed at me." Then there was some firing heard and "Rankin, my fireman," continued Springfield, "looked out of the cab on his side and said: 'They've killed two of them.' "But the fellow kept me covered with his big gun and did not say a word. After one or two more shots were heard up in front the robber dropped from the cab and said: 'Go ahead.' I opened the throttle and we ran on to Cumberland Falls, about four miles further down. After the fellow told me to go ahead we had gone but a short distance when Rankin found a wounded man on the tender. We stopped at Cumberland Falls, four miles from the tunnel and put him off, leaving him in the telegraph office. They say he was badly shot in the arm and side. He said he was a tramp stealing a ride, and that he was not with the train robbers, but we do not believe it."

TOLD BY ONE OF THE DETECTIVES.

Account of the Fight by a Man Who Had a Hand Therein.

Clint F. Allgood, one of the detectives who took part in the fight, was also seen at Chattanooga, says that himself, Griffin (the chief detective) and Eddy, the third, were all armed with double-barreled shot-guns loaded with buckshot; that when the train stopped by order of the robbers he and Eddy got on the steps of the smoking car, Griffin being in the express car; that three men passed Eddy, who had hidden himself, and went into the baggage car; that he heard one of them say, "Hands up," and later heard them cursing because probably they had gotten into the wrong car. They then came out. A fourth man was on the bank by the roadside.

Two men then went to the express car, and a big man named Jesse Morrow discovered Eddy and presented a shotgun at him. Eddy was ready, had his gun on the robber, and shot him dead. The other two men opened fire on Eddy then, and one advanced on Allgood, who fired, and the robber fell, but afterward disappeared. During this time the other detectives and the robbers were firing and kept it up until the robbers disappeared—those that could get away.

Jesse Morrow was a desperado, and the people in the neighborhood are glad he is dead. Thomas Morrow, his son, was fatally wounded, and died later. The other man wounded, and who will probably die, is named Martin. The leader of the gang is named Underwood, and is also a desperado. He got away. Martin says he is from Pennsylvania, and declares he is not with the robbers but was stealing a ride, and was trying to get out of the way when shot.

GREENHUT ON THOSE CHARGES.

He Says the Case Will Be Tried in Court, Not in the Newspapers.

PEORIA, Ills., March 28.—President Greenhut, of the Distilling and Cattle Feeding company, is back in Peoria after a protracted absence. He treated newspaper charges against himself with contempt, saying they were unworthy of notice. The latest charge that the officers had appropriated to their own use \$400,000 or so of rebates from railroads is pronounced on a par with other accusations. He said he was not worried by anything that had been said against him. "We have not done anything here," he observed, "that was not legal and proper. Newspapers are not the proper place to try these matters. I want these people to make these charges to produce them in the proper place, and I will hold them accountable for them. I will be on hand at the proper time to answer any charges that may be made against me in the proper way." Charles H. Garstin, who has been agent of the fast freight lines especially favored with shipments by the Distilling and Cattle Feeding company, said he did not know of any rebates being given the company.

Anna Dickinson a Brilliant Witness.

SCRANTON, Pa., March 28.—Miss Anna Dickinson, who is suing G. B. Thompson and others for damages in the United States circuit court for imprisoning her in the Danville insane asylum in 1891, was on the stand undergoing cross-examination. She was the most brilliant witness ever on the stand in this city, and by her evasions baffled the skill of the opposing counsel, Major Everett Warren.

That Davis Will Case Settled.

BUTE, Mont., March 28.—The great Davis will contest involving a \$7,000,000 estate has, perhaps, been ended by mutual agreement between the heirs. The John A. Davis will was admitted to probate and a decree of distribution entered subject to revision in the event of further contest within one year by claimant not parties to the present agreement.

Waller Renounced Uncle Sam.

TOPEKA, Kas., March 28.—W. B. Townsend, a prominent colored citizen of Leavenworth and a personal friend of ex-Congressman Waller, says Waller renounced his American citizenship when he gave up the consulship at Tamatave, Madagascar. This he did in letters to friends and to the state department at Washington.

Passing an Examination.

The story of a well known bishop which reached us the other day seems good enough for publication. The bishop was one day examining a batch of deacons for priests' orders. After the theoretical part of the examination, he said to them: "Gentlemen, you have passed a most excellent examination in theory. I should now like to see you do something practical. I shall go into the next room and personate a sick man. You will come in, one by one, address me as a sick parishioner, and say something comforting." When his lordship had retired, the candidates were in some confusion, and nobody cared to begin, but at last a mad Irishman volunteered to be the first. He entered the study and approached the bishop, who was lying with a woe-begone air on the sofa, and thus addressed him: "Oh, Anthony, Anthony! The drink again! Shure it will be the death of ye! Turn from your evil ways before it's too late and be a man!" This is said to be the last time that the bishop held a practical examination.—London Truth.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup brings instant relief in cases of asthma, bronchitis, and all throat and lung diseases, down to the very border lands of consumption.

What and Where is Heaven?

Alger says that "heaven" is not distinctively a world situated somewhere in immensity, but that it is "a state of pure spiritual existence, having nothing to do with any special time or place." He further says that "heaven is a state of the soul or a state of society under the rule of God's will, either in this life or in a future state of existence." From the above it is clear that the great authority therein quoted considered that "heaven" does not mean a bounded place of abode, but simply unlimited existence in a state of joy for the souls of virtuous respecters of God's laws.—St. Louis Republic.

A Bar to Bigamy.

"Boys," said a teacher in a Sunday school, "can any of you quote a verse from Scripture to prove that it is wrong for a man to have two wives?" He paused, and after a moment or two a bright boy raised his hand. "Well, Thomas," said the teacher encouragingly. Thomas stood up and said, "No man can serve two masters." The question ended there.—Boston Home Journal.

To Make Pure Blood.

There is no medicine before the people equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is the standard spring medicine and blood purifier, and it possesses peculiar merit which others try in vain to reach. It really makes the weak strong. Do not neglect to purify your blood this spring. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

HOOD'S PILLS become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25c. per box.

At the Botanical Gardens.

Professor—Here, young ladies, you observe a tobacco plant. One of the Young Ladies—Ah, how very interesting! Professor, pray, how long will it be before the cigars are ripe?—Giornale delle Donne.

"Drink to Me Only With Thine Eyes"

is from a poem entitled "The Forest" by Ben Jonson. The air is an adaptation from one of Mozart's opera melodies.


Two Lives Saved.


Mrs. Phoebe Thomas of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida street, San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficiency of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at Eberbach Drug & Chemical Co.'s and George J. Haeussler, Manchester.

Hither and Yon.

"Hither and yon," inveighed against as a Yankee importation, is simply a form of "hither and yont," a good classical Scotch expression and a most useful one, signifying "here and there and everywhere," or "all over the place." It is thus defined in Jamieson: "Hither and yont, topsy turvy, in a state of disorder. 'Sont signifies beyond, hither and yon, A. Bor., here and there. 'Noo that they're hither and yont frae ene anither it behooves a' that wish them weel to tak tent that a breach is no' opened that canna be gigit up.' (Sir A. Wylie, 2, 20.) 'This, I observe, is an A.-s. phrase, hider and thither (Bed. 5, 13)."

Skeat does not give it, but Halliwell, who deals with English provincial dialects, gives "hither and yon, here and there"—Notes and Queries.

FOR WOMEN.

 There are facts which every woman should know and should teach her daughters, but which many never learn because they have no trustworthy teacher and don't know where to find one. To supply this want the Zoa-Phora Medicine Company, at Kalamazoo, Mich., publishes a book on Diseases of Women and Children, well illustrated, easily understood. Every woman, or girl above 15 years, should read it. For the purpose of advertising they will, on receipt of 10 cts., to cover cost of mailing, send a pamphlet edition, in sealed envelope to any lady (and to ladies only) who desires it.

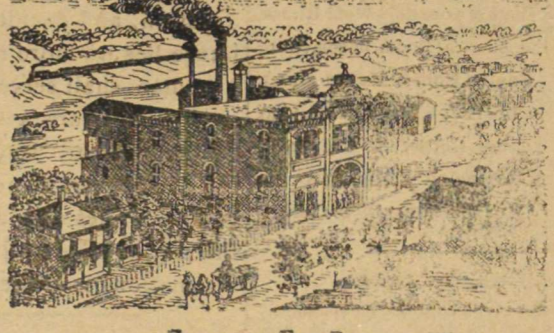
LIFE IS SHORT BE WISE

AND ECONOMIZE YOUR TIME, HUSBAND YOUR STRENGTH & INCREASE YOUR PLEASURE BY USING SANTA CLAUS SOAP

BEST PUREST AND MOST ECONOMICAL.
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DO YOU KNOW? WHAT?

That our Celebrated Brands of **EXPORT AND BOTTLED BEER!**

Still Lead; all others follow. Telephone your family order to our office, it will receive prompt attention.

EXPORT BEER

LAGER BEER
Ann Arbor Brewing Co.
 TELEPHONE No. 101.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
 GREAT FALLS, HELENA-BOULDER, BUTTE, ANACONDA, NEIHART, KALISPELL, BONNER'S FERRY, THE KOOTENAI COUNTRY, SPOKANE, WENATCHEE, LAKE CHELAN, OKANOGAN COUNTRY, SEATTLE, TACOMA, VANCOUVER, PORTLAND, FRISCO, ALASKA, CHINA AND JAPAN, VT. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

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 THE FORUM will take up for discussion, during 1895, an unusually wide range of timely and important topics by the most eminent writers in the fields of Politics, Finance, Sociology, Literature, Religion, Art, and Science.
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 To be without The Forum is to miss the best help to clear thinking.
 A catalogue of the writers who have contributed articles to THE FORUM in the past, would embrace practically every man of eminence in America, and most of those in Europe. A list of subjects treated would cover in the widest degree all topics of contemporaneous interest. THE FORUM is therefore of inestimable value to any one who desires to keep closely in touch with the best of current thought.
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SWALLOWED THE JUMPING BEANS.

Thought They Were Capsules and Took the Dose in the Dark.

A good citizen in the northwestern section of the city has been through an exciting experience. Being a dyspeptic, the gentleman visited his physician. A prescription was written for him which the druggist filled. The result was a small box of capsules, which he took home and placed upon the sideboard, with the remembrance of the instructions to take two every hour in the evening after eating until bedtime. These were obeyed implicitly.

It was dark in the dining room, and the gentleman went for his medicine the first evening without a precaution of a lamp and administered to himself three doses of two capsules each before retiring. He was awakened some hours afterward by a strange sensation. For aught the man could tell he seemed within to be a mammoth penechle board on which a million little objects were dancing.

He could distinguish kicks and jumps so vividly that it was in vain for his wife to try to convince him that he was dreaming. She suggested the doctor, and the servant was dispatched in hot haste. Before he arrived the sick man asked for more of the capsules, which were brought to his bedside. When the cover was removed, there were Mexican beans instead of capsules, the kernels bouncing as merrily as spring lambs. The box of capsules had been misplaced accidentally by the young son and heir and the beans put in its place. The doctor does not say what kind of medicine he finds useful in such cases.—Washington Post.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Aristotle was said to have remembered "the names of all animals, fish and insects."

Lord Bacon paid £3 7s. for his judge's wig. The box was extra. It cost a shilling.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
 CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
 Best Cough Syrup, Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

The Ann Arbor Argus

BEAKES & HAMMOND, PROPRIETORS.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY for \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Entered at the Post-Office, in Ann Arbor, Mich. as second-class matter.



FRIDAY, MARCH 29, 1895.

STATE TICKET.

For Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, JOHN W. McGRATH.

For Regents of the University, CHARLES J. PARLTHORPE, STRATTON D. BROOKS.

COUNTY TICKET.

For County Commissioner of Schools, DAVID A. HAMMOND.

City Election Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Charter Election of the City of Ann Arbor will be held on Monday, the

First Day of April.

At which the following city officers, viz: A Mayor, President of the Common Council, City Clerk, City Assessor, and Justice of the Peace, will be elected by the qualified electors of the whole city; and a Supervisor and an Alderman and a Constable shall be elected in each ward. Also an Alderman in the First Ward to fill vacancy caused by the death of P. L. Bodmer.

Special Election Notice.

Notice is hereby given that a special election will be held on the same is appointed to be held on the

First Day of April.

A. D. 1895, from 7 o'clock a. m. and to continue until 5 o'clock p. m. on said day, standard time, at the several places in the several wards of the city appointed for the charter election of said city; to determine by ballot whether the sum of five thousand dollars shall be raised by a tax to be levied in the year of 1895, for the purpose of purchasing a site for public buildings in the First and Second wards of said city.

OUR CITY TICKET.

The democratic city ticket is one well worthy the support of the thinking voter.

Warren E. Walker is a good, sensible, every day man, of excellent business ability, a reputation for honor, honesty and integrity, with the time to devote to the duties of the office of mayor, and a keen sense of the obligation resting upon a public officer to give his time and attention to the duties of the office. He is a graduate of the University and as a contractor and builder has had the direction of numbers of men. He has never had any difficulty with any men who have been in his employ, and is regarded by all of the working people as the friend of the laboring man. He is a strict economist and thorough in his work and if given the office of mayor the people may be assured that his administration will cost less than during the past year, while the work will be more thoroughly done.

Dr. J. A. Weissinger, the nominee for president of the council, is of German parentage, a young physician who is building a good practice, with the requisite ability to make a good presiding officer.

Walter L. Taylor, our nominee for city clerk, is the present thorough going alderman from the fifth ward, thoroughly conversant with all the city's needs and with all that has been done within the past few years. His aid will prove invaluable to the new city officers. He is thoroughly competent for the business of the office and if merit wins, will secure a good majority.

Elihu B. Pond has been the best justice of the peace this city has ever had. There should be no trouble about his re-election.

Patrick O'Hearn has been so good an assessor that he has no opponent on the republican ticket.

It will be seen that the democracy has presented an excellent ticket.

The citizens of the first ward irrespective of party should unite in returning John R. Miner to the board of supervisors. He is by all odds the best man we have ever had there and we have elected some pretty good ones. He is invaluable to the city and it would be a public disgrace not to see him returned. As there is a heavy republican majority

in the first ward and by a snap game Mr. Miner's name was left off the republican ticket, it behooves every one in that ward to see that Miner's name is on his ticket.

Some men seem to have the idea that the chief qualifications for mayor are the wearing of a new style spring hat, a new spring overcoat and silk stockings. At least they decry anyone who does not have these qualifications. What the city wants this year is a man who will reduce the city expenses, look after the affairs of the city, see that the streets are put in shape and that all improvements are economically made. The democratic convention recognized this fact in putting forward their candidate.

The democratic nominees in the city for supervisor outdo the republican nominees in ability to do good work for the city. Here is the list: John R. Miner, Eugene Oesterlin, J. Fred Staebler, Joseph Donnelly, James Boyle, Edward Sumner and William H. Morton. If they could all be elected the city would be in good shape on the board and have an excellent board of review.

The Illinois supreme court has taken a turn at the woman's rights question, and decides that the legislature has no more right to say that a woman shall serve her employer only eight hours a day than it has to deny great, lazy, hulking men the privilege of exercising their muscular energies as many hours out of the 24 as their opportunities and inclinations lead them to.

The victory of the anti-municipal faction in the republican convention means, if it means anything, that the nominee for mayor was pledged not to re-appoint Marshal Banfield. Does the support which individual members of the Municipal club are now giving Jacobs mean that he has also promised Banfield's re-appointment?

There is a very pretty fight going on in the sixth ward between Sumner and Kitson for supervisor. Kitson has the advantage of being on the republican ticket, but Sumner is a hustler from way back and his qualities in this respect would make him a good man on the board of supervisors.

Put none but practical and experienced men in charge of municipal affairs. Warren E. Walker possesses a knowledge of business, of the details of public work and of the handling of men that will be invaluable to the city while making the improvements now in process of construction.

The democratic nominations for township offices throughout the county are first-class in every respect. Good, conservative men have been placed in the lead and a full democratic vote is all that is necessary to elect them. Democrats do your duty.

The democrats of Northfield should not be misled by the name "citizens' ticket." The republican Courier speaks of Emery E. Leland as on the republican ticket. The republicans are straining every nerve to carry the board of supervisors. Let not the democrats of Northfield help them.

Senator Shaw, the author of the "anti-fusion" law, seeks to justify that measure in a letter to the Coldwater Republican. His defense, however, is not calculated to travel much of a heat in the third district campaign. It is knock-kneed, ring-boned and spavined.

Only a non-partisan supreme court can retain the confidence of the people. Justice McGrath, the only democrat on that bench, is a candidate for re-election. Will the people defeat him and make the court solidly republican?

Mr. Milnes, the republican candidate for congress in the third district, is said to be making a "business campaign." The principal "business" seems to be an effort to prevent the opposition from uniting on a candidate.

It is not out of place to call attention to our excellent ward tickets. The democracy did well at their ward caucuses. May they do as well on election day.

Talk about home rule for Ireland. Charity begins at home, and a little of the home rule principle would not be wasted if applied to the great and enlightened state of Michigan.

We have been waiting for republicans to offer some excuse for the creation of the seventh ward with its grotesque boundaries and new salary lists. P. S.—We are still waiting.

Walter Taylor has been one of most valuable men in the city council. He is thoroughly conversant with city affairs and will make an efficient city clerk.

Democratic victory next Monday would be a rebuke to the time serving aggregation now camping in the state capitol.

What has become of the stereotyped death notice of the wool industry that has been running in our republican contemporaries for the past two years?

Let every citizen who is favor of a non-partisan supreme court remember Justice McGrath, next Monday.

Don't forget to vote for the Washenaw candidate for state senator, honest John McDougall.

Democratic success in the city election means economy in the conduct of city offices.

Get a good lounge at MARTIN HALLER'S for \$4.75. 23-24

Disolution of Co-Partnership.

The co-partnership between Schuh & Muehlig is and has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All demands owing by the said co-partnership will be paid by Andrew Muehlig. All accounts and demands owing to the said co-partnership may be and are required to be paid to Andrew Muehlig.

Dated, Ann Arbor, March 16th, 1895. J. F. SCHUH, ANDREW MUEHLIG.

Washington Letter.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 25, 1895.

President Cleveland and Secretary Gresham are having as much trouble with the influential jingo element in the United States as with the Pandora's box of complications which has been dumped upon the department of state. The jingoes can see no excuse for Spain not having made the apology demanded (although it is patent in all cool heads that the delay is caused by the change of ministry) and would like to see the president send a fleet over to seize Cuba at once. The same hot heads also interpret the Monroe doctrine to mean that the United States should attack Great Britain, if that country carries out its threat to compel Nicaragua by force to accede to its demands. Fortunately for the country neither the president nor his cabinet has any touch of the jingo fever; consequently the numerous foreign complications are being handled in a business and common sense way.

No further demand will be made upon Spain until its new ministry has been given ample time to reply to that already made; then the demand will be renewed in a tone that will either bring the apology by cable, or war. As to the Monroe doctrine: President Cleveland does not interpret that doctrine to mean that this country will prevent a European power from insisting upon honorable and proper treatment in its dealings with the countries of Central and South America. President Cleveland thinks it was originally intended by President Monroe to insure fair play for the comparatively weak countries of South and Central America, and to prevent the absorption of their territory by European nations, and Ambassador Bayard has been instructed to inform the British government that the United States would maintain that construction of the doctrine. The general belief here is that Great Britain was making one of her usual bluffs in dealing with weak nations when she threatened to bombard the Nicaraguan seaports if her demands were not acceded to by a specified date; but should that threat be carried out there is a wide difference of opinion whether it would be regarded by this country as a violation of the Monroe doctrine, with the majority in the affirmative.

The only unfortunate thing about

Secretary Gresham's demand for the recall of the Hawaiian minister, because of his repeated violations of diplomatic etiquette, is that it has re-opened the whole tiresome Hawaiian question.

The United States is on the eve of a diplomatic victory in the controversy with Germany over its claim that American cattle were diseased and were solely for that reason shut out of Germany, and the prohibition is expected to be shortly removed, the German government having been convinced of its error. When Germany removes the prohibition the other European countries which followed her in adopting it will probably do the same. This victory will bear testimony to the wisdom of President Cleveland in refusing to order tariff retaliation against the countries which shut out our cattle.

One of the busiest bureaux of the government just now is that of internal revenue. Secretary Carlisle has had to detail clerks from other bureaux to assist in handling the income tax returns, which are pouring in by every mail. Already it is apparent that the estimates of the receipts from this tax, made while it was before congress, were very much too low. The returns are required to be made by April 15, with a penalty for failure, but the tax is not due until July 1, next. Notwithstanding that more than \$40,000 has already been paid in.

It is now about settled that a new treaty concerning the Bering Sea seizures shall be negotiated between the United States and Great Britain. It is understood that Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador, assisted by Sir Charles Tupper, minister of marine and fisheries for Canada, and other Canadian officials, will represent Canada, and that the negotiations are to be carried on in Washington.

Secretary Carlisle has just returned from New York, where he went to meet his son, who has been to Europe for his health, and incidentally to give a little personal attention to several official matters connected with the federal offices under his department in that city. The secretary has entirely recovered from his own indisposition, although he still shows the effects of the hard and continuous work he did during the past winter.

"For three years I have suffered from Salt Rheum. It covered my hands to such an extent that I could not wash them. Two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters cured me." Libbie Young, Popes Mills, Lawrence County, N. Y.

WANTED, FOR SALE, ETC.

WANTED—Two men who understand work in small fruits; one to be a married man to occupy house. Apply, Moses La Jole, 24 27 Chubb Road.

FOR SALE—40 nice laying chickens. Apply, Moses La Jole, Chubb Road. 24-27

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper wanted. Reply stating previous experience. Address, E. care of "Argus." 17

PARTNER WANTED—A young, well-known lawyer of high standing and character, in the city of Chicago, desires to associate himself with one of good standing who can command \$5,000 cash, to join him in purchasing the entire law and legal business of a well-known law, mercantile and collection association, desiring to establish branches in New York, Philadelphia, Boston and other cities. The law department is very valuable and without limit. Only those who can furnish the highest reference and have cash need apply. Address, Lawyer, 405 Stock Exchange, 167 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. 22-25

FOR SALE—A new milch cow, two miles west of Northfield church. John Breninger. 22-25 4

PARTIES having carpenter and joiner work to do should consult A. B. Edwards, 9 S. Thayer street. All work first-class. 31-24.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A new 8-room house with a good barn, good well, two good cisterns, one and one-half lots of land. Terms easy. Enquire at 33 Detroit St., Ann Arbor. 2211.

SEED CORN FOR SALE. Hill's Early Yellow Dent, at 28 North State Street. A profitable yielder. 20-24.

BICYCLE SALE. A Victor Model, first class, at a reduced price. Please call and examine at 88 S. Main St., Corner of Williams.

FOR SALE.—30 acres on Chubb St. in acre or five acre lots or all together. Long time, small payment, 6 per cent interest. Jas. H. McDonald, 42 Mott Building, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—Position by competent pastry cook. Good reasons for leaving present position. Miss Lena Rivers, general delivery. 17-19

FARM TO RENT—Containing about 200 acres plow land at Saline, Mich. Good fences and barns. Water in barns. Call on A. M. Clark, 47 S. Division St., Ann Arbor, or A. F. Clark, Saline, Mich.

WANTED—A MAN in every section at once to sell staple goods to dealers; no peddling; experience unnecessary; best side line. \$75.00 a month. Salary and expenses or large commission made. Address, with 2 cent stamp for sealed particulars, Clifton Soap and Manufacturing Company, Cincinnati, Ohio.

FOR RENT—Rooms for light housekeeping, also use of nice barn, water in the house. Enquire at 14 Lawrence st. 19-24.

POULTRY WANTED—market price paid for all kinds of poultry, at the corner of Fifth and Summit Streets. C. C. Weeks & Co., Ann Arbor.

FOR SALE CHEAP—My house and lot on the corner of Traver and Pontiac streets, in the Fifth ward of the city of Ann Arbor. A desirable location for wood or coal yard. By the side of T. & A. tracks. William A. Jones, January 23, 1895. 9

TO RENT.—At No. 29 S. State St. A flat of six rooms. Enquire at 18 S. State St. 2811

PIANO TUNING.—A. D. Brown, the well known piano tuner with C. J. Whitney, will be in the city soon. Orders left at the Argus office will receive his attention.

PERSONS intending to put out maple or elm slide trees should correspond with P. H. O'BRIEN Whittaker.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—Large new house with all modern improvements, cistern and city water in house and well near door. Will take in part payment small house or lots or small farm near city, balance on long time and low interest. P. C. Box 1345.

HALLER'S Jewelry Store! High Grade Cut Glass AND Silverware. The LARGEST Repair Shops between Detroit and Chicago. Only first-class workmen employed.

SCHALLER'S BOOKSTORE! A well selected stock of High Grade Stationery. Also all the Latest Publications of the present day can be found AT Schaller's Bookstore! 19 East Washington Street, Opposite Hangsterfer's.

IT IS SOMETIMES PUZZLING... To know just what to do under certain conditions. Occasionally you seem to be "between the heavens and the deep sea," and consequently feel ill at ease in deciding about Furniture, Carpets and Draperies—simply remember one word—HALLER. And you will make no mistake in ordering. Any and all goods sold by us can be relied on. My stock is large, larger than ever, embracing all the latest styles and choicest woods. The citizens of Ann Arbor and vicinity have never been able to see as fine and great an assortment of goods at the prices I offer them before and I cheerfully ask you to call and inspect my goods before making your purchases. Respectfully, MARTIN HALLER 52 S. Main and 4 W. Liberty Sts., Ann Arbor, Mich. Telephone 148. Cabinet and Upholstery Work to order our great specialty.

Companion Book to Harmonized Melodies of which 275,000 Copies were sold in 4 Months. LATEST-CREATEST MELODIOUS HARMONIES! For Piano or Organ. A collection of 350 Gems of Music, edited and arranged by Chas. D. Blake, whose skillful arrangement of "Harmonized Melodies" made that book the greatest triumph of any vocal publication up to date. This is no collection from old plates, but every measure in its 256 pages (each larger than sheet music and containing double the amount of ordinary music, yet not in any way crowded, but plain, distinct and easily read), was newly set up in type from the manuscript, prepared for this book by Mr. Blake. 350 Gems. Masterly Instrumental Collection. 256 Pages Complete and Unabridged! It contains selections from all the great ancient and modern masters. Between its covers, beautifully designed by Ipsen, can be found every conceivable variety of instrumental music. Selections from Oratorios by Handel, Haydn, etc. Gems of nearly all the Grand Operas. The beauties of the Comic Operas, Popular Songs, Waltzes, Marches. Galops, Nocturnes, Transcriptions, Variations and Melodies. Original compositions never before published. In fine, it appeals to all classes, to every variety of taste, and will be found upon examination to contain more instrumental music of better quality, by the best authors, at the least price, than was ever before offered by any publisher since the Pilgrims landed on the Plymouth Rock. \$100. WORTH OF Music for 25c. A new subscriber to the ARGUS who pays a year's subscription in advance, can secure a copy of the above book for 10 cents.

At Wahr's Bookstore

New stock of wall paper for the season of 1895. New designs. New colorings.

Prices to suit the times. Papers at 5 and 6 cents a roll. Gilt paper at 7 and 8 cents a roll. Fine leather papers, 25 and 30 cents. Splendid color in Ingrains 15 cents. We hang wall paper and give estimates on interior decorating. Best window shades on spring rollers for 20 cents each. Window shades made and hung to order.

George Wahr,

Books, Stationery, Wall Paper,

ANN ARBOR.

ARGUS AUGURIES.

FRIDAY, MARCH 29—Indoor athletic meet in Waterman gymnasium.
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, MARCH 29-30—Meeting of Michigan School-masters' club at the University.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The seventh ward has 226 registered voters.

Two men are in jail for the burglary of the Chelsea store.

The Eastern Stars held an initiation Wednesday evening.

W. C. Hull has resigned his position as general secretary of the Y. M. C. A.

The subject at the Congregational church, Sunday evening, is "Excuses."

Joshua Bull, a former resident of this city, died in Brighton, Tuesday, aged fifty years.

The Women's Auxilliary meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, Monday afternoon at three o'clock.

A little daughter has been born to Dr. and Mrs. Guy Keifer, of Detroit. The mother was formerly Miss Josie Henion of this city.

Prof. Kelsey will lecture before the University Bible class of the M. E. church next Sunday at 12 m., on "Some Early Christian Lamps."

Bishop Cyrus D. Foss, of Philadelphia, will lecture in the M. E. church next Sunday evening at 7:30. His subject will be, "Religious Certainties."

The subject of the Rev. Henry Tatlock's sermon in St. Andrew's church next Sunday morning will be "The First Great Law of Duty—Duty to God."

The Y. W. C. A. entertainment, under the direction of Miss McMonagle, will be given at Newberry hall on Thursday evening, April 4, at 7:35 o'clock.

The most interesting feature in local politics is the novel scheme of harnessing the Judson and Banfield factions together before the Jacobs bandwagon.

The democratic city committee is composed of the following: James Kearns, Sid W. Millard, Wm. H. McIntyre, John Baumgardner, E. P. Eason, Edward Duffy, Fred H. Belser.

Lyman Davison, father of Charles B. Davison, of this city, died Tuesday at the home of his son, aged eighty-seven years and six months. He was a pioneer of Lenawee and resided in Adrian for many years, coming here about four years ago to live with his son.

The Free and Open Church association, having its headquarters in Philadelphia, is so impressed with the practical value of the sermons on the Free Church System, by the Rev. Henry Tatlock, that it has ordered 500 copies for distribution in the interest of the cause.

Mrs. S. Woodman, of Chicago, is in the city in the interests of "American Youth," which publication is the official organ of the Waifs' National Savings association and is published by the boys at the home in Chicago. All funds received for the journal are devoted to the support of the home.

See the advertisement of Mabley, Harvey & Co., in this issue of the Argus. This enterprising firm are offering a prize of ten dollars in gold for the most appropriate name for their new store, corner State and Woodward, Detroit. The offer is open to all school children in Michigan or to any person under 21 years of age.

J. E. Beal lectures before the Inland League Monday evening on "Russia."

Mr. Moritz Levi, of the University, will speak in the Unity club course next Monday evening, April 1st, on "A Summer in Paris."

The new registration by wards this year was as follows: first, 51; second, 55; third 42; fourth; 35; fifth, 18; sixth, 24; seventh, 226.

Mrs. James B. Angell has been elected president of the Women's Foreign Missionary society for Michigan. Mrs. Robert Campbell, of this city, has been re-elected treasurer.

Rev. J. T. Sunderland will speak next Sunday morning on "A Religion which neither Ingersollism nor any other form of Skepticism known can overthrow or disturb."

The monthly meeting of the Woman's Auxilliary will be held on Monday, April 1st, at 3 o'clock, in the Y. M. C. A. rooms. A full attendance is requested, as important business is to be transacted.

John R. Miner has withdrawn his name from the republican ticket for assessor. Charles E. Hiscock has been substituted for Fred McOmber for president of the council. Mr. McOmber declined to run.

The U. of M. free silver club have a meeting in room 13 of the law building at 4 p. m. today for the purpose of arranging for speakers. Some prominent men will be invited to address the students on that subject.

The sermon preached by Mr. Sunderland last Sunday evening on "Mr. Ingersoll and the Bible" is being printed in pamphlet form and can be obtained without charge at the Unitarian church next Sunday morning and evening, and at the Young Men's noon Bible class.

The Rt. Rev. Bishop Barker, bishop of Olympia, will be in Ann Arbor on Tuesday of next week and will deliver an address in St. Andrews church at 4:30 p. m., of that day. Bishop Barker is an eloquent speaker and will deliver an address on the work of the church in the far west, and especially in his own jurisdiction.

The mayor has a veto power designed to protect the taxpayers from unwise appropriations of public funds. This power has not been used in a single instance by the republicans, when the expenditure of money has been involved. This fact accounts in a large measure for the unwarranted increase in city expenses.

Mrs. Eliza R. Sunderland will speak at the Unitarian church next Sunday evening on "John Ruskin." Before the address Mr. Sunderland will answer questions bearing upon points made by Mr. Ingersoll in his opera house lecture. Questions are invited from any who heard Mr. Ingersoll; they should be sent to Mr. Sunderland in writing.

Prof. Israel E. Russell will lecture on "Two Expeditions to Mt. St. Elias," next Monday evening, April 1st, at eight o'clock in the ladies' library. The lecture will be illustrated by stereopticon views and is an account of two trips up Mt. St. Elias made by Prof. Russell in the interest of the United States Geological Survey, the purpose of the expedition being the ascent of the mountain and the study of glaciers. One of the results of these trips was the discovery by Mr. Russell of the highest mountain in North America. Those who have heard Prof. Russell's lecture pronounce it one of the most fascinating ever given before an Ann Arbor audience. Admission twenty-five cents.

Having made extensive purchases of bed room sets, I will sell them at greatly reduced prices. A handsome antique set with German bevel mirrors at \$13.50. Mattresses and springs together at \$4.50.

23-24 MARTIN HALLER.

Two Sides to the Medal.

Everybody knows the woman who says society is such a bore. Few of us know her intimately, for, in point of fact, she does not go about much. I ran across her at a friend's house the other day and marked her languid air. The hostess was indiscreet enough to refer to it, and even the teacups shuddered with horror at the woman's reply.

"Yes," said she, "paying calls is so tiresome."
"Oh!" responded the hostess, "but think how much more tiresome it is to receive them."
And the teacups scored one for the hostess.—Washington Post.

A Big Fine.

A woman in Birmingham, England, was recently fined the British equivalent of \$503,000 for selling stale fish. Her stock consisted of a half barrel of sprats, which are very small fish like whitebait, and by the law she had to be fined so much per fish. The magistrate, however, had the power to reduce the fine, and he knocked off \$502,950.

PERSONAL.

Walter C. Mack and wife are registered at the Brunswick hotel, New York. Mr. Mack is now busy collecting all the latest spring novelties and bargains in that market. He leaves for Boston in a few days, and will return home next week.

Mrs. A. M. McGee, of Jackson, is visiting her son here.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph C. Whiting have returned from a visit to Barry county.

John M. Swift was home from Lexington for a few days this week.

President Angell is attending a meeting of college presidents at Evanston, Ill.

Alberto Jonas is to give three piano recitals, and Gardner S. Lamson a song recital, on the following dates and places: March 30, Mr. Jonas at the house of Prof. Henry C. Adams, Hill st.; April 4, Mr. Jonas at the house of E. B. Hall, Hill st.; April 26th, Mr. Lamson at the house of Dr. David Zimmerman, Huron st.; May 2d, Mr. Jonas at the house of President Angell, on the campus.

Mrs. H. M. Wainright and Miss Davidson have returned from Grand Rapids, where they were called by the death of their sister, Mrs. Martha Holbrook.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

Miss Stuart will lead the S. C. A. meeting this afternoon.

As most schools are having vacations this week, our visitors have been numerous.

Prof. Pattengill spoke on "The Uses of the Word 'Prin' in Xenophon," Wednesday afternoon at the classical conference held in Newberry hall.

The candidates for the baseball team began practicing at the fair grounds, Wednesday. As there are several candidates for each position, probably the team will be better than that of last year.

The members of the fraternities have stopped wearing their pins, but they have not disbanded. One society, at least, has adopted a new constitution, and when the suspensions are made probably they will try to prove that it is not a secret society.

The following are the subjects for debate by the literary societies tonight: Arena—"Resolved, That capital punishment should be abolished;" Clio—"Resolved, That the Nicaragua canal should be owned and controlled by the U. S.;" Lyceum—"Resolved, That the scientist has been of more benefit to mankind than the artist."

At the annual meeting of the Michigan Schoolmasters' club in Newberry hall, today and tomorrow, Prof. Chute will read a paper "Laboratory Work; What? How? How Much?" Prof. Montgomery will discuss a paper on "The High School Course in Chemistry." Prof. Wines will discuss a paper on "Modern Methods in Geometry."

WASHERWOMAN TO A POET.

Mrs. Kate Choate, in Honor of Whose Housewarming Whittier Wrote Verses.

Surely few housewarmings—and a housewarming is one of the most memorable and significant of domestic celebrations—are likely to be remembered with more satisfaction and pride than that which attended the first occupancy of the dwelling of Mrs. Kate Choate of Amesbury.

She was the poet Whittier's washerwoman, and when by persistent industry she had earned a home for herself and her family he was one of the foremost among the neighbors and friends who organized the festivities and heightened the delight of their hostess by leaving substantial tokens of their regard, including a complete set of furniture for the new parlor.

Mr. Whittier was present among the guests and made the speech of congratulation, concluding it with the recitation of a poem which he modestly described as a piece of machine poetry entrusted to him for the occasion. It was his own, of course, and it is given in full in his "Life and Letters," recently published. The last three verses are as follows:

Thanks, then, to Kate Choate!
Let the idle take note
What their fingers were made for.
She, cheerful and jolly,
Worked on late and early
And bought—what she paid for.
Never vainly repining
Nor begging nor whining,
The morning star twinkles
On no heart that's lighter
As she makes the world whiter
And smooths out its wrinkles.
So long life to Kate!
May her heirs have to wait
Till they're gray in attendance,
And the fatiron press on,
Still teaching its lesson
Of brave independence.

Mr. Whittier's early poems accorded, in "Songs of Labor," due poetic honors to the professions of drover, shoemaker, shipbuilder, farmer and fisherman. It is pleasant to find him also gracefully recognizing the worth of a profession no less useful and honorable, but less often honored. "Long life to Kate," too, he has doubtless secured, in transferring her fatiron and all from the steamy realm of the kitchen to the more romantic atmosphere of verse.—Chicago Times.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE. A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Two-fifty-cent a bottle.

Don't Forget to Spit or Smoke Your Life Away. The truthful, startling title of a book about No-to-bac, the only harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure. If you want to quit and can't, use "No-to-bac." Braces up nicotineated nerves, eliminates nicotine poisons, makes weak men gain strength, weight and vigor. Positive cure or money refunded. Sold by H. J. Brown, druggist.

About 50 baby carriages to make your selections from at MARTIN HALLER'S. Call and get prices. 23-24

A large stock of fine hand-made harness, new styles, double and single, for the spring trade, at Fred Theurer's, 12 West Liberty street.

A Victor model bicycle for sale cheap at 88 S. Main street. 31

The ladies of Ann Arbor should not fail to attend the Easter Opening, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, April 2, 3, 4 and 5, at Mrs. E. Fogarty's Millinery Parlors as there will be on exhibition the choicest Pattern Hats and Bonnets ever shown in the city. If you wish to buy or not do not miss seeing them. Open evenings.

F. Krause, the well known auctioneer, will attend to all sales in city or county. Orders may be left with him on Broadway or at the Argus office. 11

No need to scratch your life away. Doan's Ointment brings instant relief in all cases of Itching Piles, Pin Worms, Eczema, Ringworms, Hives, or other itchininess of the skin. Get it from your dealer.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route." TIME TABLE (Revised) NOV. 18, 1894.

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.

EAST		WEST	
GOING EAST	GOING WEST	GOING WEST	GOING EAST
Chicago, Ill.	Ann Arbor, Mich.	Ann Arbor, Mich.	Chicago, Ill.
9:30 am	10:30 am	10:30 am	9:30 am
11:30 am	12:30 pm	12:30 pm	11:30 am
1:30 pm	2:30 pm	2:30 pm	1:30 pm
3:30 pm	4:30 pm	4:30 pm	3:30 pm
5:30 pm	6:30 pm	6:30 pm	5:30 pm
7:30 pm	8:30 pm	8:30 pm	7:30 pm
9:30 pm	10:30 pm	10:30 pm	9:30 pm

Carpet Department

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JOY AND PAIN.

If there were never any storm or rain. Fair days would cease to be so rare and sweet. It is when fainting on the dusty street...

HOW JACK PROPOSED

"It's no use," said Jack, throwing himself into my most comfortable easy chair, and looking the picture of misery...

"The fact is," said Jack, sitting down again and assuming a sepulchral tone, "if I don't bring it off, I'll—I'll—"

"I shall be either by pistol or rope," growled Jack hoarsely, and for the moment I believe he was thoroughly in earnest.

"Splendid idea!" said Jack, who had been thinking of different ways of proposing for six months and now hailed that of doing it by post as an entirely one and original idea.

"My dear boy," I said, laying my hand on his shoulder in the most fatherly way imaginable, "let's talk over the matter quietly. Now, suppose I propose for you?"

"No," said Jack. "She'd think I was afraid to ask her myself and refuse me on the spot. No, I won't write, and I won't do it by proxy."

"Don't think much of that way," said Jack. "Know any other?"

I had not quite come down to earning my living by being a love registrar. Well, you will no doubt want to hear how Jack really did propose.

"I was sitting one afternoon trying to find instances of men marrying their mothers-in-law (I never came across one who did yet), under an encyclopaedia heading called 'Matrimonial Madness, Types of,' when Jack suddenly burst into the room with his face all aglow with delight.

"I've done it!" he shouted. I shut up the encyclopaedia with a bang. No need to go on looking for types of matrimonial madness when I had one in front of me, I thought.

"She was so awfully nice that I almost went crazy when I thought of her being away for a month, all among a lot of other beggars. Well, she took her seat, and I tipped the guard to lock the door and not let any one else in.

"The train was going faster by this time, but I stuck there and yelled out: 'Will you? Will you?'"

"There were about 150 porters rushing up the platform to pull me off, but I still hung on and waited for her answer. She looked at me most imploringly and said: 'Do get off, dear Jack, do!'"

"I shouted out: 'Will you? Say!' And she answered, 'Yes.' I jumped off just as we got outside the station, fell down, and two porters snatched me out of harm's way.

Mountain Vegetation in Africa. Mr. Scott Elliott has been investigating the botany of Ruweuzori, the giant mountain of central Africa.

Death by Crucifixion. Death by crucifixion—that is, by the cross—was of eastern origin and had been in use among the Persians and Carthaginians long before its employment in western countries.

THE NEW STORE. JOHN D. MABLEY, EDWARD E. HARVEY. State St. and Woodward Ave. WILL POSITIVELY BE OPENED SATURDAY NEXT, MARCH 30, EARLY IN THE MORNING. \$10 in Gold for a Name! SCHOOL CHILDREN. Mabley, Harvey & Company. CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS. Cor. Woodward and State, DETROIT, MICH.



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A NEW FEATURE FOR 1895. The Review will publish in 12 chapters, beginning with the January number, the Personal History of the Second Empire.

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Do you know what it is to have a back that is never free from aches and constant pain, a lame back, a sore back, an aching back, in fact, a back that makes your life a burden? What have you done for it? And does it still keep you from the happiness that perfect health brings to all? We know full well if such is your condition a cure for it will be a blessing you do not doubt desire.

I have used Doan's Kidney Pills and wish to say it is a truly great medicine. Thirty years ago I had nervous prostration while in the army, where I served for over four years. I think it was during this service that the seeds were sown which have caused all my trouble. Severe bilious attacks bothered me, and at such times my kidneys were worse. It is almost impossible to describe the pain which so often lamed me. I have been so lame that I could not stand up after I had been sitting down for a long time. Walking was a great exertion. It was during this time that I heard of Doan's Kidney Pills and wondered if they could make an almost lame man well. I got some, and soon after taking them began to feel their good effects. I used them for some time, my lameness all left me and I have not felt it since. Doan's Kidney Pills have done me an inestimable amount of good.

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

Has Fun With His Coffee.

"Some folks can't drink coffee unless it's hot," said Mr. Goshington, "and I don't like coffee unless it is freshly made and served hot, but I like to drink it through all its varying phases from hot to pretty nearly cold. I like a sip of it, when first poured, without sugar or any milk or cream, when its aroma is fresh and pungent and complete and quite unmarred by the admixture of any foreign substance whatever. Then I put in the usual quantity of sugar and of cream, and then you have the cup of coffee in its highest normal state, and how delightful it is! Then, as a drink it, I add more cream. The remainder becomes more and more diluted, cooler and lighter and lighter in color. The coffee flavor becomes more and more attenuated, but it is nevertheless keenly defined, and it so continues to the end. The last of the cup is only tinged with the color of the coffee. It is not cold, but nearly so. By contrast with what you have drunk it is gratefully cool. A sip of cream with a coffee bouquet, and you set down the cup with a friendly feeling for it for what it has contained."—New York Sun.

Honest People.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia Press, writing from Normandy, says: "So few tourists pass this way that the answers to your first inquiries are likely to be discouraging. 'Which is the house of Charlotte Corday?' 'She cannot belong to these parts. We do not know her.' 'But she died a long time ago,' persists the tourist. 'They guillotined her because she killed Marat.' 'Sir, this is a country of honest people. There are no assassins here.'"

THE PYRAMIDS OF EGYPT.

How Were They Reared and How Was the Material Gathered?

The pyramids of Egypt, for long and to this day included among the world's wonders, are to be regarded as marvelous triumphs of mechanical skill. Of these there are many scattered over the Nile valley, some of brick, some of stone and of varied height. The two largest are in the neighborhood of Cairo. They are and have been for thousands of years the most colossal monuments in the world.

The largest, that of Cheops, in its original state is said to have been 800 feet high and the length of its base on each side the same. It is built of huge stones ranging from 2 to 4 feet in height. It is now rugged and has the character as well as the appearance of a four sided great stairway. The hollows between the steps are believed to have been filled in with white marble, which would shine like snow under the bright Egyptian sun. The pyramid is now much reduced in height, not being more than 500 feet. It is generally admitted that the pyramids were built for tombs and on certain astronomical principles.

There is an inner chamber where the sarcophagus was placed. When a monarch began to reign, he commenced to build his tomb. When he died, his body was placed in the sacred chamber prepared for it, and the opening which led to it was closed. The pyramid was then completed. If the monarch's reign was long, the pyramid was large. If short, the pyramid was small.

How those great structures were reared—how the huge masses were brought together and put in their places—is a question which has never been satisfactorily answered. Of mechanical forces some of the early peoples seem to have had much more knowledge than there is any direct record of.—Chicago Record.

Tricked.

A magistrate who prided himself on his sense of justice was called to estimate the damages which a cow had done in a garden. He viewed the premises and gave liberal damages, whereupon he was introduced to the marauding cow, which turned out to be his own, whereat the conscientious magistrate was enraged.—London Globe.

"Those Evening Bells," one of Moore's most popular songs, was suggested by a melody entitled "The Bells of St. Petersburg."

THE MAID OF MEXICO.

To her all things seemed seen. Through her black eyes her bright soul peeps. And sees the world as in a dream. For with wide open eyes she sleeps.

And what's Mexico today? A nation ever in a doze. Where slumber holds eternal sway. Whether or no the eyelids close. —Lee Fanchild in Overland.

A VENDEAN HEROINE.

It was a pretty little windmill, with its big round tower capped by a weather vane, its long arms or blades which rattled in the west wind like the sails of a boat in stays, and its little round windows looking over the hills of Anjou like the telescopes of an astronomer—such was the windmill of Bernardeau, and when it was working all the windmills around the neighborhood looked like white sea gulls pursued by a bird of prey. It was situated on the slope of the Guigne at the end of a little crooked pathway hardly wide enough for the mill donkey, and in which one might search in vain for traces of human footprints, because it was so dark under its vault of shrubbery so muddy and rugged that the woman of the mill always took to the vines when on her way to Ancenis on foot.

And a handsome woman, too, was this lady of the mill. She was 25 years old, with a well rounded form, a little hand, flashing dark eyes, lips as red as wild cherries and a well turned leg. She was smart in her attire, and there was little in her appearance to reveal the fact that she was a widow. When she came into the village mounted upon the donkey that carried her bags of flour, all the young fellows came out to admire her fine figure and the beautiful limbs which appeared below her short skirts.

Even the donkey himself seemed proud of his mistress. He traveled along at an easy gait tossing his head and cocking his ears, as if to say to everybody: "Here she is. You have only to look at her. This is la Meuniere of Bernardeau. There isn't another woman like her in all the country!" And that was the truth. But she was the subject of a great deal of gossip. How the tongues did wag on her account! It was said that since the death of her husband, a poor goose of a fellow who had taken her without a cent from a farm and left her all his property, she frequently tossed her cap over the blades of her windmill. Whether this was true or not, the blades certainly never told, but one thing is certain, and that is that she did hang up her cap there publicly on one occasion, and it cost her her life. Here is her story.

The first thing the Vendean did when they rose in revolt against the republic was to make use of the windmills. Nothing could be better suited for signaling or more troublesome for the enemy. Where the Blues could only see white wings turning round in a melancholy fashion, the Chouans possessed a perfect telegraphic system, which told them of the movements of the republican army.

The windmill of Bernardeau was one of the principal vedettes on the Loire. Three days before the attack upon Nantes, Cathelineau came to the mill of Bernardeau and asked for shelter. It was the 22d of June, 1793. Bonchamp was at Ancenis since the 15th awaiting the main body of the army. The weather was magnificent, and the Vendean camped in the open air. When Cathelineau at the end of a little road found himself face to face with the beautiful woman of the mill, he asked her if she was a royalist.

"One might easily become a royalist to serve under so handsome an officer as you," said she.

"Good enough! Then let me have shelter here tonight."

The meuniere cheerfully welcomed him, and Cathelineau slept that night in the mill. The next morning when he was leaving she sent to him from the threshold of the mill a perfect volley of kisses, after which she went up to its highest little window in the mill and waved her little white handkerchief.

Eight days afterward Cathelineau, mortally wounded, was coming from Ancenis in a carriage, and as he passed by the mill he cast a long and sad look at it. According to the order, his blades were arranged so as to announce the approach of the soldiers of Clancieux.

From the 17th of October to the 17th of December, during the 60 days which separated the two retreats of the Vendean army on the Loire, the mill of Bernardeau continued its signals of intelligence with those of La Vendee. But the 17th of December was its last day.

Harassed by the Mayencais, that crushed them at the battle of Mans, the Vendean reached Ancenis and endeavored to cross the Loire, but for want of sufficient rafts a considerable number of them were obliged to abandon the effort and to advance through the country, in the hope of escaping the enemy.

At sight of this old mill, which they immediately recognized as an ally, about 20 men took refuge in it just at the moment when Westermann came to the heights of Bel Air.

Suddenly a puff of blue smoke rolled from one of the upper windows of the mill. The meuniere herself commenced the fight. "Good shot!" she said. "There is one less now."

"Come and get it, you ill shaped puppy!"

A volley from the hussars was the only answer to those insolent words. The window panes were broken to fragments. The Vendean inside returned the fire and dropped five of the horsemen. The company then dismounted and rushed against the door of the mill, which they broke with the butts of their guns.

"Surrender, you scoundrels, or in a few moments you'll all be dead!" shouted the officer.

"You are the scoundrels!" yelled the woman of the mill. "Let me see if you are able to get my cap."

The hussars entered the lower story, but the ladder was removed by the Vendean, who now fired upon them from the story above and made terrible ravages in their ranks.

The woman of the mill busied herself with the work of loading the guns, a task which she performed with astonishing rapidity. The Chouans, sheltered behind the flour sacks, cared little for the fire of the Blues.

"Take good aim!" cried la meuniere. "Don't let a single one escape."

The officer seeing his men fall all around him, ordered them to come out and take the place by storm, scaling the arms of the mill. It was a magnificent assault. Twenty hussars clambered up the blades. With their carbines thrown across their backs they clambered up like sailors to the story above, and from there fell either killed or wounded under the balls of the bayonet thrusts of the Vendean. One brigadier managed to get up to the roof by making a rampart of the bodies of his comrades, who held on to the arms like drowning men to planks.

"We are all right, my friends!" cried he. "Guard well the entrance of the mill!" After planting the color of the company on the weather vane he bored a hole in the roof to admit the barrel of his gun. Three times he fired and mortally wounded three men. This threw the besieged into a panic. Resistance was becoming impossible, and the Vendean were already raising the butts of their guns in the air, when la meuniere pushed down the ladder and cut off their retreat. "Now die like men!" she shouted. Then there commenced a perfect massacre. Attacked above and below, the Vendean fought like imprisoned lions. When the ammunition was exhausted, they threw down the sacks of corn and flour, and, clubbing their muskets, jumped down among the Blues, who received them on the points of their bayonets. It was a horrible spectacle.

"Where is la meuniere?" shouted the hussars.

"Here she is, citizens," said she as she let herself slip along the shaft of the mill. "I have given to you no quarter, and I don't want any mercy from fellows like you!"

"All right," said the officer. "We'll settle your account in short order. Place yourself against that wall."

There was something singularly graceful and proud in her bearing and a glance of withering contempt in her eye as she advanced toward the wall. Her splendid black hair was now floating in disorder upon her shoulders. She gathered it modestly around her breast, so as to hide her torn corsets. Then she stood against the wall.

"This piece of feminine boldness made the officer hesitate. 'How old are you?' he asked.

"Twenty-five."

"Your name?"

"I am la meuniere du Bernardeau."

"Do you want to live?"

"No, I'd rather die than receive mercy from you."

"Come now, simply shout 'Long live the republic!' and I'll let you go free."

"Long live the king!" she cried in a vibrating voice.

A moment afterward there was the rolling sound of a volley. That was the last of the meuniere of Bernardeau.

"She was a plucky piece of flesh, all the same," said the soldiers.

Westermann's hussars lost in that attack 22 men and 8 wounded.

Since then the mill has remained abandoned as if it were cursed. Open to all the winds of heaven, without a roof, without arms, it stands. Occasionally a tramp passing through the country takes shelter there and sleeps with the swallows and the bats. Following its well known habit, the ivy, which seems to be in love with ruins, gradually entwined itself around it, and from a distance the uncrowned tower has the aspect of a ruined fortress.

How many times have I wandered through that section of the country seeking for details of the dramatic scene which I have endeavored to picture, but la meuniere of Bernardeau had so bad a reputation in that country that her heroic death was not sufficient to cover over, at least in the minds of the peasantry, the faults which she had or which were attributed to her.—Figaro.

Writing With Both Hands.

A curious and so far as we are aware hitherto unpublished fact about the exponent is narrated by Mr. Lancelot Strong in The Woman at Home. In the course of a vivid description of Mr. Gladstone's manner of conducting his correspondence in the house he says: "He would take the blotter and begin to write, often with an inditing pen in one hand and a corrective pencil in the other." We are reminded of a recently published satirical cartoon in which Mascagni is represented as busily composing operas with both hands and both feet.

Geneva's Big Fountain.

Geneva, in Switzerland, has the largest fountain in the world. It is situated on the shore of Lake Lemman. The water rises in a column 300 feet high. It is turned on every Sunday, and in the evening the main fountain is divided into a number of smaller sprays, which are illuminated by electricity in colors, the same as was the big fountain at the World's fair.

A DESPERATE STRUGGLE.

Captain Jack Crawford's Midnight Adventure With an Apache Indian.

When within a few feet of where I stood, the stalwart savage, his eyes gleaming with hatred, lifted his knife and sprang toward me. I leaped forward to meet him and succeeded in grasping the hand which held the weapon, and with a grip like a vise held to it. He clenched with me, and a terrible struggle ensued. We fell to the ground and rolled over and over in our desperate struggle for the supremacy, yet I clung to his wrist, for my life depended on preventing him from using the knife. In our struggle I noted that we were nearing the brink of the precipice, and I hoped we would go over, for death in that manner was preferable to being slaughtered by a savage hand, and there was keen satisfaction in the thought that my enemy would die with me. Nearer and nearer we rolled in our fearful struggle for the mastery, I endeavoring to roll over the brink, he to prevent it, until at last, to my great satisfaction, I felt the edge of the cliff begin to crumble beneath me, and down we went.

We struck the bottom heavily, and to my astonishment neither of us seemed to be greatly injured. I fell almost underneath him, and in a moment he succeeded in getting me on my back and sat astride of my prostrate form. He had dropped his knife in our fall, and seizing me by the long hair near each ear began to beat my head against the ground in an endeavor to stun me into insensibility.

Thump! thump! thump! my head was beaten against the ground, and an angry voice greeted my ears.

"I'll teach you to grab me that way and choke me half to death (thump! thump!) and then roll out of bed with me. (Thump! thump!) What's the matter with you? Are you crazy?"

It was my wife. She sat astride of me, and at almost every word gave my head a thump against the carpeted floor of our bedroom.

It was all a hideous dream. In my desperation I had seized her, and we had a terrible struggle, finally falling out of bed upon the floor.—Captain Jack Crawford in Home and Country.

A CHICAGO TRICK.

But Somehow the Drummer Couldn't See to Make It Work.

"I saw a queer trick in Chicago the other day," said the drummer as he lighted a fresh cigar and pared his nails with his pocketknife.

Of course two or three of the group wanted to know all about it, and he continued:

"One of you let me have a clean \$1 bill for a moment. Ah, that's a daisy of a bill—just off the press last week. Now, then, I lay the bill face downward on the floor—thus. The chap who did the trick was not a professional juggler, but he did it with neatness and dispatch. I don't say I can do it myself, but I'll try."

"But what is the trick?"

"Why, I take my knife and cut the bill lengthwise—so. Then I cut it crosswise—so. That divides the bill into four equal portions, doesn't it?"

Every one in the group answered that it did, and the drummer gazed at the pieces awhile and said:

"The trick is to blow the pieces together so that the edges will unite. The Chicago man did it, but just how I couldn't find out. Let's see. I will now blow. Ah, they do not unite. I will blow again!"

"What in the Old Harry are you trying to do?" demanded the owner of the bill.

"Why, I'm trying to blow the pieces together," innocently replied the drummer.

"But you can't do it."

"No, I see I can't. The Chicago man did it, but I'm not on to the trick. Here are the four pieces, and I guess you'll have to get a bottle of mulligan and a sheet of paper and paste them together. Awfully cute trick, but I can't do it. Wish I could, but I can't."

And, strangely enough, the owner of the bill looked at the pieces, and from the pieces to the drummer and back, and then called the drummer a double dyed idiot and walked off with the declaration that he'd like to punch somebody's head.—Detroit Free Press.

Was Obligated to Go.

"Hello, Markway, are you still in town? I thought you had moved out west and gone into the mining business."

"No, I didn't go. That scheme fell through."

"Then you are not going to leave us?"

"Oh, yes. I'm getting ready to move."

"Where are you going?"

"I haven't decided yet. But I've got to go somewhere, Higgins. The boys in the clubs I belong to have given me half a dozen farewell dinners, and as a gentleman and a man of my word I can't stay here any longer after that."—Baltimore Herald.

MERCURIAL POISON RHEUMATISM S.S.S. Is the result of the usual treatment of blood disorders. The system is filled with Mercury and Potash remedies—more to be dreaded than the disease—and in a short while is in a far worse condition than before. The most common result is RHEUMATISM. For which S. S. S. is the most reliable cure. A few bottles will afford relief where all else has failed. I suffered from a severe attack of Mercurial Rheumatism, my arms and legs being swollen to more than twice their natural size, causing the most excruciating pains. I spent hundreds of dollars without relief, but after taking a few bottles of S. S. S. I improved rapidly, and am now a well man, completely cured. You can heartily recommend S. S. S. to anyone afflicted with this painful disease. W. F. DALEY, Brooklyn Elevated R. R. Our Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Tell the Children about this. Willimantic Star Thread. With your address, and a two cent stamp. In return you will receive a beautiful set of paper doll dresses, in colors, for girls and boys, and an instructive book on sewing. Willimantic Star Thread is best for machine sewing or hand sewing. Ask the dealer for it. WILLIMANTIC THREAD CO., WILLIMANTIC, CONN.

Insist on ARM AND HAMMER SODA in packages. Costs no more than inferior package soda—never spoils the flour, keeps soft, and is universally acknowledged purest in the world. Made only by CHURCH & CO., New York. Sold by grocers everywhere. Write for Arm and Hammer Book of valuable Recipes—FREE.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF Washtenaw, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the fourth day of January, A. D. 1895, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Emily L. Daner, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the fifteenth day of July, next, and that such claims will be heard before said court on the fifteenth day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days. Dated, Ann Arbor, January 15, A. D. 1895. J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

Chancery Sale. In pursuance and by virtue of an order and decree of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw in Chancery in the state of Michigan, made and dated on the 8th day of June, A. D. 1894, in a certain cause docketed pending wherein Michael Duffy is complainant and John J. Robison and Aitha E. Robison are defendants. Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, at the south front door of the Court House, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county of Washtenaw and state of Michigan, said court house, being the place for holding the circuit court for said county, on Monday, the twenty-second day of April, A. D. 1895, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to raise the amount due to said complainant for principal, interest and costs in this cause, all the following described piece or parcel of land, to-wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the township of Sharon in the county of Washtenaw and state of Michigan, known, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: The west half of the south-east quarter of section number twenty-two, town three south range three east, and containing 80 acres of land, more or less. The sale will be made in accordance with the terms of said decree. Dated, Ann Arbor, Michigan, this eighth day of March, A. D. 1895. O. E. BUTTERFIELD, Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Washtenaw County, Michigan. THOMAS D. KEARNEY and JOHN L. DUFFY, Solicitors for Complainant.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF Washtenaw, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1894, in a certain cause docketed pending, allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Lydia Sutherland, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 4th day of September next, and that such claims will be heard before said court on the 4th day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days. Dated, Ann Arbor, Michigan, this eighth day of March, A. D. 1895. O. E. BUTTERFIELD, Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Washtenaw County, Michigan. THOMAS D. KEARNEY and JOHN L. DUFFY, Solicitors for Complainant.

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Wm. Herz, NO. 4 W. WASHINGTON ST. House, Sign, Ornamental and Fresco Painter, gliding, calcimining, glazing and paper hanging. All work is done in the best style and warranted to give satisfaction.

EX-CONSUL WALLER

State Department Still Uninformed About His Case.

NO NEWS OF THE ALLEGED OUTRAGE

Comment on the Telegram from Governor Morrill—Probably That a Statement Will Be Asked by Cable from the Consuls Nearest the Scene—Spain Explains Her Delay in the Alliance Matter—McKinley's Position on Silver.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—It was said at the White House yesterday afternoon that the telegram from Governor Morrill, of Kansas, urging the president to take active measures at once for the protection and release of ex-United States Consul Waller, reported to have been unjustly imprisoned by the French government in Madagascar under the sentence of a court martial, had not yet been received by the president. The state department has had no confirmation of the report from United States Consul Wetter, at Tamatave, nor from Mr. Campbell, our consul at Mauritius, which is the nearest cable point to Madagascar. It is probable that the governor's message may cause the state department to cable to one of these consuls for an account of the affair, instead of waiting until a report comes to hand through the mails from this remote point, which though it might be sufficient in an ordinary case would hardly meet the requirements of a case involving the imprisonment of an American citizen.

Morrill's Course Rather Unusual. Governor Morrill's course in addressing himself directly to the president in such a matter is said to be unusual, but may perhaps be based upon the precedent set by the state department in calling upon the governor of Louisiana and the governor of Colorado recently to protect citizens of foreign countries within their respective states. There seems to be an impression, based upon letters alleged to have been written by Mr. Waller to friends in this country as well as to the state department, renouncing his American citizenship, that he has lost this citizenship.

No Such Letter Received. No such letters have been received at the state department, and if there was any such communication in a private letter it would carry little weight. Waller has the reputation of being a keen, alert business man. He was an excellent consular officer and it is inconceivable to the department officials that he would surrender voluntarily his American citizenship.

Spain Explains Her Delay. The state department has received from Spain a satisfactory explanation of the delay in replying to Secretary Gresham's demand for a disavowal of the Alliance incident. Secretary Gresham now feels sure that the reply will be here without any further delay than is necessary for Spain to make the justifiable investigation. He is also confident that the reply, when received, will be an adequate compliance with his demands.

McKINLEY'S POSITION ON SILVER.

He Stands on the Plank of the Republican Platform of 1892. WASHINGTON, March 28.—As there has been of late a good deal of comment and speculation concerning the position of Governor McKinley on the silver question, it can be stated authoritatively that Governor McKinley's attitude is accurately expressed by the latest pronouncement of the Republican party, which in its silver plank in the platform adopted in Minneapolis June 10, 1892, said: "The American people, from tradition and interest, favor bimetallicism, and the Republican party demands the use of both gold and silver as standard money with such restrictions and under such provisions to be determined by legislation, as will secure the maintenance of the parity of values of the two metals; that the purchasing and debt paying power of the dollar, whether of silver, gold or paper, shall be at all times equal.

"The interests of the producers of the country—its farmers and the workmen—demand that every dollar, paper or coin, issued by the government shall be as good as any other. We commend the wise and patriotic steps already taken by our government to secure an international conference to adopt such measures as will insure a parity of value between gold and silver for use as money throughout the world."

PROFESSOR MAYO IS WRONG.

No Pleuro-Pneumonia in Kansas Says an Expert Inspector.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—W. S. Devoe, traveling inspector for the bureau of animal industry, was detailed by Secretary Morton to investigate the report that pleuro-pneumonia existed in Kansas. The report of the inspector has been received and states positively there is no pleuro-pneumonia in the state and that the suspected animals are free from the disease. A thorough investigation was made by him in Kansas. His dispatches to Secretary Morton state most positively that there was nothing in the history of the animals, nothing in their appearance, and nothing discovered on post mortem examination, either by the local veterinarians or by the department inspector, which indicated even remotely that they were affected with contagious pleuro-pneumonia. The officials at the agricultural department have maintained from the first that it is impossible for the disease in question to break out in Kansas.

Fraud Order Revoked.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—Assistant Attorney General Thomas announces that the fraud order recently issued against the Southern Mutual Investment company, of Lexington, Ky., and its officers, on account of its use of illegal contracts, has been revoked on the representation of the company that their issue and sale has been discontinued and will not be resumed.

That New York Special a Fake.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—It is stated at the Japanese legation that no dispatch has been received from Japan indicating that the wound of Li Hung Chang was more serious than first reported.

Send No More Letters to These.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—All mails hereafter addressed to E. J. Demorest, Puerto Cortes, Honduras, or care of the Central American Express, Tampa City, Fla., will be stopped by the government and returned to the writers through the

forwarding postmasters or sent to dead letter office for confiscation. DeMorest is the president of the Honduras lottery company, the successor of the former Louisiana lottery.

FUNERAL OF LYCURGUS DAITON.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—The funeral of Lycurgus Daiton, late postmaster of the house of representatives, occurred here yesterday. Rev. Dr. Chester and Chaplain Milburn, of the senate, conducted the services. The honorary pallbearers were Senators Voorhes and Gorman, ex-representatives Bynum and Holman, and Messrs. Bright, Kerr and Hurt.

Uncle Sam's Wisconsin Timber Stolen.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—The mineral land office has received a report charging wilful trespass on timber lands in Wisconsin by Theodore D. Gay, and Secretary Smith has asked the attorney general to institute prosecution, as well as civil suit to recover the value of logs illegally taken.

CLASSICAL CONFERENCE OPENED.

School Professors from All Over the Country Holding a Meeting.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., March 27.—University and high school professors of all ages and representing many of the leading educational institutions of the United States are attending the classical conference which has opened here. The conference was arranged by the Michigan Schoolmasters' club, of which Principal W. H. Butts, of Orchard Lake academy, is president, and Principal J. G. Pattengill, of the Ann Arbor high school, is chairman of the committee of arrangements. Among the more prominent professors present are: Alfred Gudeman, of the University of Pennsylvania; S. C. Derby and J. R. Smith, of the Ohio State university; C. M. Moss, of Illinois university; Horace A. Hoffman, of Indiana university; J. C. Rockwell, of Northwestern university; George L. Hendrickson, of the University of Wisconsin; W. G. Hale, of the University of Chicago, and Miss Esther Van Deman, of Wellesley college.

In welcoming the visitors President Angell, of the University of Michigan, prophesied that the studies of the classics would never lose their charm or usefulness. Francis W. Kelsey, professor of Latin in the University of Michigan, read the opening paper of the day upon "The Purpose and Scope of the Classical Conference," and a number of other papers were read.

JONES ATTACKS AUDITOR GORE.

Illinois Legislature Treated to a Sensation—Business of the Session.

SPRINGFIELD, March 28.—The senate adjourned Friday May 2 it stand adjourned sine die. The bill to tax gifts, legacies and inheritances was advanced to third reading. Aspinwall's pool selling bill was postponed for three weeks. A large number of bills were introduced, including one by Littler appropriating \$325,000 to erect a new building for the state fair at Springfield. A resolution was adopted for adjournment from Friday until next Wednesday. In the house Jones, of Cook county, arraigned Auditor Gore for sending out a circular calling on building and loan associations to protest against the passage of the Jones bill to establish a separate department for their regulation. He offered a resolution to investigate Gore's administration of his office, but permission to read it was refused. The senate resolution to adjourn from Friday to Wednesday was adopted and the senate bill providing that county boards may divide an election precinct containing more than 350 legal voters was passed.

New Orleans Plan in South Carolina.

BATH, S. C., March 28.—Trouble has occurred between whites and blacks at the site of the new mill of the Akron Manufacturing company. The town was aroused by the report of fire arms and investigation revealed the fact that a party of white men had begun firing on the negroes assembled to do the work on the mill. The negroes were notified by the white men to leave town in fifteen minutes. They refused to obey the order and the shooting commenced. The negroes fled to the swamps, where they remained all night. They returned in the morning, however, and went to work.

Legislation for Wisconsin.

MADISON, March 28.—In the assembly Davidson introduced a bill cutting down the list of legislative employes by which a saving of \$15,000 can be made in an ordinary session. The bill requiring registers of deeds to notify assessors of mortgages on file in their offices that they may be taxed was passed. The bill forbidding the locating of a saloon within half a mile of the Milwaukee and Waupaca Soldiers' homes was passed. In the senate the joint resolution for the appointment of a committee to fix a date for final adjournment was passed.

Under Arrest for Murder.

PITTSBURG, March 28.—Twelve members of the "Bee" gang are in jail here charged with being implicated in the murder of Kearney Sutton, the non-union glassworker, at Tarentum. George McClelland, the leader of the gang, surrendered to the sheriff. He has two bullet wounds as the result of the fracas. Three of the prisoners have made confessions, from which it is evident that the motive of the murder was robbery and not bad feeling against a non-union workman as was supposed.

Church Firebugs at Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—At the trial of Mary Delaney, the Milwaukee woman arrested for setting fire to St. Dominic's and St. Patrick's churches, in the police court, Judge Miller said that it was evident that the woman was not responsible for her acts. The case was not concluded. Tuesday night an attempt was made to burn St. Mary's Roman Catholic school by pouring oil on one of the floors and applying the torch, just as the two churches were fired.

Passed a Convict Labor Bill.

ST. PAUL, March 28.—The house has passed the convict labor bill introduced by the State Labor Federation. The bill prohibits the employment of more than 25 per cent. of the prisoners in any institution at the same industry; provides for the piece-work system, and prohibits any and all contract labor. Exception is made in favor of the wine plant in the provision that only hand-work shall be allowed.

Closed by the Sheriff.

MONMOUTH, Ills., March 28.—The clothing store of Philip Nusbaum was closed by the sheriff on executors in favor of his father and the Second National bank. Assets, \$15,000; liabilities, \$25,000.

WOMEN DETECTIVES.

IT IS SAID THEY SURPASS MEN IN CATCHING SHOPLIFTERS.

Less Apt to Be Recognized by Those Who Visit the Big Stores to Steal—A System Much in Favor With the Big Boston Business Houses.

An admirable female detective system is in vogue in a number of the leading dry goods houses of this city.

It has been proved beyond a doubt that the female thief catcher is more effective in the unveiling of shoplifters than the most sagacious sleuth in the secret service department of the city of Boston. Thief catchers like the veteran Joe Knox, for instance, cannot ply their vocation with any degree of success for any length of time in a large and flourishing dry goods house. This is because of the fact that their identities become known to the dry goods thief after a time, and it goes without saying that the shoplifter will not begin operations until all danger of discovery from that quarter has passed away. The professional shoplifter is as familiar with the figure of the inspector as she is with her own likeness. For this reason unassuming and unsophisticated maidens are put on the qui vive to ferret out wily shoplifters and bring them to speedy retribution. The girls assigned to prosecute detective labor are well adapted for the work mapped out for them. The superintendent or chief floor walker is pretty certain to select a girl with accomplishments befitting the detective. If she is lacking in acuteness and fails to perform her work satisfactorily, another is substituted in her stead and the benighted one is given a position in the store.

Nor does the competent detective depend entirely upon her wits in determining who is a shoplifter and who is not. She is generally a reader of character and is very apt to ascertain by a study of a face whether its owner is a designing person or not. The shoplifter often excites the suspicion of the spotter the moment she enters the store. There are certain airs of uneasiness in her deportment that catch the practiced eye of the young sleuth at once. Women who invade dry goods houses for the purpose of larceny have not the fullest confidence in their dexterity to purloin an article from the counter without exciting suspicion. The "professional" never attempts a theft without first feeling certain that she is not watched, yet it frequently happens that when she is convinced that there is no danger of detection the eyes of the female spotter are upon her, and she is trapped in the act.

Miss Fannie Leabey and Miss Kittie McNamee are the young detectives who are employed to keep a vigilant lookout for evildoers at a big concern in Pemberton square, and very watchful and conscientious detectives they are, as their efficient services distinctly show. Miss McNamee is a modest little girl of 17 years, with jet black hair and cheeks like a blush rose, and is considered the most prepossessing girl in the business. Her partner, Miss Leabey, is an attractive blond, with a natty figure. Each has her own district to patrol daily, but sometimes both can be seen in deep conversation in the little office on the Pemberton square side. The most cautious shoplifter would fail to detect in the demeanor of the twain the nature of their calling, and thus it is they are able to expose more wrongdoing in the store than any of the inspectors at police headquarters.

When a shoplifter is caught dead to rights, she is asked if she will not "pay for the articles" stolen. This interrogatory is merely made in order to elicit an admission of guilt from the thief. She is then taken to the office to await the arrival of an inspector from police headquarters. If she has the appearance of a woman of means, she can easily procure bail and thus escape the pain and dejection of a night in prison.

In speaking of her experience, Miss McNamee says that a large percentage of shoplifters are women of good families and comparatively well off in worldly goods.

"We have to watch pretty carefully to catch the professional shoplifter," she began. "You see, they are up to all sorts of chicanery and can easily hoodwink the salesgirl, who may be busy with half a dozen customers at the same time. You would never believe, to see those women on the street in all their finery, that they would steal. Some of the shoplifters are born thieves. They haunt the dry goods houses and steal every time they get a chance. You may not believe it, but I can tell at first glance the woman who comes here to steal deliberately."

"Her eyes are a sure index to her thoughts, and when you see a woman glancing searchingly about her you can depend upon it that she means to steal. Women with an untroubled conscience do not act in this way."

There are three detectives in one store, and still the pilfering of the firm's property goes on from day to day. There is the woman who carries off articles in a closed umbrella, and there is the woman who manages to convey property to a neatly arranged receptacle in her underdress lining. To be on to these tricks the female detective must be ever on the alert and nip the thief on the fly. There are a thousand and one devices performed by shoplifters, but not one is unknown to the cunning spotter. Then, again, the female detective officiates as a sort of forewoman over the employees. They are certainly looked upon as superiors by the girls, yet it is not known that they ever reported any inattention on the part of employees to customers. It has been always their policy to prefer charges only when the evidence is very strong, for if their claim is not sustained trouble follows. It is claimed that it has never occurred that the detectives were in fault in accusing a person of theft.—Boston Traveller.

TRANSFERENCE OF THOUGHT.

Telepathy Opens a Great Field For Investigation by Metaphysicians.

No field of investigation so pregnant with interest has been as timidly abandoned to charlatans as the domain of telepathy. Until very recent times it has been almost entirely in the custody of mountebanks, empirics of the worst type, whose claims to consideration rested on cunning, shrewdness and lack of scruple. If we pause to consider that the phenomenon of thought transference both in the waking and sleeping condition was the initial inspiration that evolved the science of metaphysics, we may more nearly appreciate how foolishly workers in the higher spheres of thought have relinquished the keystone of psychology to the most blatant types of quackery.

Telepathy means the transference of thought, feelings, sensations, etc., from one person to another by some means other than the recognized sense perceptions of the recipient. It is the communication between mind and mind otherwise than through the known channels of the senses.

The first notable fact in conjunction with this class of cases is that we invariably find a keen, sympathetic bond between the "agent" and "percipient" that is either the result of blood ties, as in the case of relatives and between husband and wife, or it is cultivated intercourse, as between friends, or is the outcome of a joint aspiration found among those who seek a common goal.

That this thought transference has taken place between persons in close sympathy with each other is an admitted fact. The following case is selected from the researches of the Society For Psychological Research, they having verified the embodied facts:

"Mrs. Kenon Bruce started from England to America to join her husband in Nebraska. On board ship shortly after it left Queenstown she fell ill and became delirious. She saw her husband lying dead in the middle of a field, and her agony was excessive. On arriving in New York she received a telegram stating that Mr. Bruce was thrown from a horse and had broken his neck, and this occurred at the very hour when she, thousands of miles away on board ship, said she saw him lying dead in the field, as, in fact, he was at the time."

In this case the elements of collusion and muscle reading are certainly eliminated.—"Travels of Thought" in Boston Herald.

BRADLAUGH'S LECTURE.

The Money He Made and the Easy Life He Was Leading.

I had lectured in Edinburgh in mid-winter. The audience was small, the profits microscopic. After paying my bill at the Temperance hotel, where I then staid, I had only a few shillings more than my parliamentary fare to Bolton, where I was next to lecture. I was out of bed at 5 on a freezing morning and could have no breakfast, as the people were not up. I carried my luggage—a big tin box corded round, which then held the books and clothes, and a small black bag—for I could not spare any of my scanty cash for a conveyance or porter.

The train from Edinburgh being delayed by a severe snowstorm, the corresponding parliamentary had left Carlisle long before our arrival. In order to reach Bolton in time for my lecture I had to book by a quick train starting in about three-quarters of an hour, but could only book to Preston, as the increased fare took all my money except 4½ pence. With this small sum I could get no refreshment in the station, but in a little shop in a street outside I got a mug of hot tea and a little hot meat pie.

From Preston I got with great difficulty on to Bolton, handing my black bag to the station master there as security for my fare from Preston until the morning. I arrived in Bolton about 7:45. The lecture commenced at 8, and I, having barely time to run to my lodgings and wash and change, went on the platform cold and hungry. I shall never forget that lecture. It was in an old Unitarian chapel.

We had no gas; the building seemed full of a foggy mist and was imperfectly lit with candles. Everything appeared cold, cheerless and gloomy. The most amusing feature was that an opponent endowed with extra piety and forbearance chose that evening to especially attack me for the money making and easy life I was leading.—Charles Bradlaugh in "A Record of His Life by His Daughter."

Circumstantial.

The Springfield Union tells a story of the late George W. Stearns. He was defending a young fellow for larceny, the evidence against whom was only circumstantial. Stearns urged that circumstantial evidence ought never to convict a man. "Why," said the counsel, "when I was a boy I remember a playmate of mine who, while his parents were absent, went to the pantry and nearly devoured a big custard pie before he thought of the paternal strap. When he did, he looked around for some means of hiding the traces of his guilt. He saw the family cat in the corner, and taking puss by the neck, and carefully smearing her paws with the custard, took the guilty cat out into the backyard and shot her. As the shotgun rang out the boy observed to me with a chuckle, 'There goes one more victim of circumstantial evidence.'" The jury disagreed.

A Cultivated Convict.

Prison Missionary—My friend, are you not repentant for your past misdeeds? Convict—Repent nawthin! You better go back to school an finish y'r education.

"My friend, I am thoroughly familiar with the Bible." "Aw, come off! Just you study up the science of sociology, an you'll find I am simply a product of environment—that's the sort of a hairpin I am."—New York Weekly.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report



Grand Central Station—The Center of the City of New York.

Another evidence of the commanding position the Grand Central Station occupies, is to be found in the effort of all classes of business men to locate as near 42d street as possible. The completion of a cross town street-car line on 34th street, connecting all the north and south surface lines, and the decision of Mr. Astor to build, on the corner of Fifth avenue and 34th street, another hotel, larger than the Waldorf, and which it is understood will be under the same management, makes it certain that 34th street will eventually rival 14th and 23rd streets as a business center. It is stated that a number of retail houses will, in the near future, locate on 34th street. 42d street is devoted to business, practically, its entire length, from the East River to the Hudson River: the splendid residences of a few years ago being rapidly turned into business houses. Spalding Brothers are, in the spring, to erect a six-story business house, on the site of two fine old residences adjoining the West Presbyterian church, opposite Bryant Park; but the latest, and one of the most important moves in the direction of centralizing business around Grand Central Station, is the decision of Messrs. Hawk and Wetherbe, proprietors of the Windsor hotel, to build a fourteen-story hotel on the site of the present Hotel Wellington, on the corner of Madison avenue and 42d street, only one block from the New York terminus of the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad.

"Judson's Quarterly" for April will present a very unique and graphic bird's-eye view of the commanding position of the Grand Central Station and its contiguity to the principal hotels, parks and places of amusement in the metropolis. All Michigan Central through eastern passenger trains, via Niagara Falls, run into the Grand Central Station.

A Business-Making Book. Every business man ought to read "Dollars and Sense," a money-making book by Nath'l C. Fowler, Jr., the leading expert on business and advertising. 18 chapters, illustrated with 100 plates, presenting every style of effective advertisements, with examples of reading notices, circulars and headlines. It tells the plain truth about advertising and exposes ineffective methods. Any reader of the Argus who will send check, postal note or postage stamps to the value of twenty-five cents to the Trade Company, Boston, Mass., will receive the book by prepaid mail. The book may also be obtained at the Argus office for the same money.

Robes and blankets at low prices or the next thirty days at Fred Theurer's, 12 West Liberty.

If you can get a good oak rocker for \$1.50 why pay more? MARTIN HALLER sells very nice ones at this price.

To the Electors of the First Ward of the City of Ann Arbor: Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the first ward of the City of Ann Arbor, will be held at the German School House, E. Washington St., near Fourth Ave., in said city, on Tuesday, March 26, 1895, for the purpose of registering the names of new electors in said ward in said city who may apply for that purpose, and that said Board of Registration will be in session on the day and the place aforesaid from eight o'clock in the forenoon to eight o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose aforesaid. Dated March 12, A. D. 1895. EVART H. SCOTT, ARTHUR J. KITSON, HORACE G. PRETTYMAN, Board of Registration.

To the Electors of the Second Ward of the City of Ann Arbor: Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the second ward of the City of Ann Arbor, will be held at the Mack & Schmid Wool House, corner of W. Liberty and S. First Sts., in said city, on Tuesday, March 26, 1895, for the purpose of registering the names of new electors in said city who may apply for that purpose, and that said Board of Registration will be in session on the day and the place aforesaid from eight o'clock in the forenoon to eight o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose aforesaid. Dated March 12, A. D. 1895. EUGENE OESTERLIN, CHRISTIAN MARTIN, D. F. ALLEMDINGER, Board of Registration.

To the Electors of the Third Ward of the City of Ann Arbor: Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the third ward of the City of Ann Arbor, will be held at the Pomological Room, basement of Court House, in said city, on Tuesday, March 26, 1895, for the purpose of registering the names of new electors in said ward in said city who may apply for that purpose, and that said Board of Registration will be in session on the day and the place aforesaid from eight o'clock in the forenoon to eight o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose aforesaid. Dated March 12, A. D. 1895. JOHN J. FISCHER, FRANK WOOD, C. J. SNYDER, Board of Registration.

To the Electors of the Fourth Ward of the City of Ann Arbor: Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the fourth ward of the City of Ann Arbor, will be held at the Engine House, corner of E. Huron St. and Fifth Ave., in said city, on Tuesday, March 26, 1895, for the purpose of registering the names of new electors in said ward in said city who may apply for that purpose, and that said Board of Registration will be in session on the day and the place aforesaid from eight o'clock in the forenoon to eight o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose aforesaid. Dated March 12, A. D. 1895. GEORGE H. POND, A. P. FERGUSON, H. J. BROWN, Board of Registration.

To the Electors of the Fifth Ward of the City of Ann Arbor: Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the fifth ward of the City of Ann Arbor, will be held at the Engine House, Swift St., near Broadway, in said city, on Tuesday, March 26, 1895, for the purpose of registering the names of new electors in said ward in said city who may apply for that purpose, and that said Board of Registration will be in session on the day and the place aforesaid from eight o'clock in the forenoon to eight o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose aforesaid. Dated March 12, A. D. 1895. THOMAS SPEECHLY, CHARLES H. MANLY, WALTER L. TAYLOR, Board of Registration.

To the Electors of the Sixth Ward of the City of Ann Arbor: Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the sixth ward of the City of Ann Arbor, will be held at the Engine House, E. University Ave., near College St., in said city, on Tuesday, March 26, 1895, for the purpose of registering the names of new electors in said ward in said city who may apply for that purpose, and that said Board of Registration will be in session on the day and the place aforesaid from eight o'clock in the forenoon to eight o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose aforesaid. Dated March 12, A. D. 1895. EVART H. SCOTT, ARTHUR J. KITSON, HORACE G. PRETTYMAN, Board of Registration.

To the Electors of the Seventh Ward of the City of Ann Arbor: Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the seventh ward of the City of Ann Arbor, will be held at Hammond's Shop, State street, near Packard, in said city, on Tuesday, March 26, 1895, for the purpose of registering the names of new electors in said ward in said city who may apply for that purpose, and that said Board of Registration will be in session on the day and the place aforesaid from eight o'clock in the forenoon to eight o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose aforesaid. Dated March 12, A. D. 1895. EVART H. SCOTT, ERNEST EBERBACH, FRED H. BELSER, Board of Registration.

The Evening News, 'The Great Daily of Michigan.' YOUR HOME PAPER cannot be replaced by even greater publications from larger cities; they cannot supply completely the many items of home news that are of the greatest interest, but for State, National, and world wide news, the greater paper must be looked to. The Detroit EVENING NEWS stands as the leader in the State, and should go hand in hand with your home paper. 2 CENTS PER COPY. 10 CENTS PER WEEK. \$1.25 FOR 3 MONTHS BY MAIL. AGENCIES IN EVERY VILLAGE, TOWN AND CITY IN THE STATE OF MICHIGAN.