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SEWER TILE CHARGES.

Charges Brought Against President A. M. Clark, of the Board of Public Works.

THE TESTIMONY ON WHICH THEY REST.

The Official Records of the Board's Action Which is Called in Question.—A Thorough Investigation Demanded.

Grave charges have been preferred before the council against President Albert M. Clark of the board of public works looking towards his removal from the official position he occupies in this city. The nature and extent of these charges will be found in the official proceedings of Saturday's council meeting published in another column.

The committee on investigation heard only a portion of the testimony and desired to refer the matter entirely to the new council. The testimony before them related entirely to conversations of the agents of the Jackson company with the contractors, in which the agents claimed that Mr. Clark had agreed to accept five per cent. of the price of the tile. The conversations were sworn to by Messrs. Titus and Herman Hutzel and by Aldermen Wood and Manly, who had been placed by Mr. Hutzel where they could overhear the conversations.

The testimony further showed that on February 25, Mr. Hutzel had sent a check to the Jackson Fire Clay Co. for \$17.72 as his share of the five per cent., that this check was paid, that within the past two weeks, Mr. Smith, of the Jackson company, had told him the check had been placed to his credit as "we are going to get out of this without its costing us anything." In the meantime, it appears the Argus had scored the board of public works and this was given by one of the men in the deal as the reason why negotiations were off.

This is as far as the investigating committee went. There was matter enough here to show that it was not mere street rumor they were dealing with, but not any testimony showing that a bribe had actually been offered Mr. Clark, although it did show clearly that the Jackson company's representatives so claimed and got money out of the contractors on the strength of the claim.

The most important witness in the matter was not called. Capt. Jacob F. Schuh, member of the board of public works, held conversations with Messrs. Clark and Bullis, last Friday, in which, Mr. Schuh says they admitted that they had been approached by the Jackson men with offers of bribes, just as the Jackson men claimed in the presence of witnesses to have approached Mr. Clark. Mr. Clark and Mr. Bullis, however, denied having accepted the bribe. This admission tallies with the hearsay evidence given above. Bearing this in mind it might be well to give the official records relating to the transaction.

On October 16, 1894, Prof. Charles E. Greene filed a report of a breaking test made on the sewer pipe. On October 17, a meeting of the board of public works was held and the following is an excerpt from the record of that meeting:

"By Mr. Bullis:
"Resolved, That the sewer contractors be informed by personal service of a certified copy of this resolution that the Board of Public Works are not satisfied with the Jackson tile now being used by the contractors as they do not stand the crushing test that the Board think requisite. Also, that the Board are satisfied with the tile manufactured by the Ohio Valley Fire Co., and if the contractors wish to use any other brand the same may be presented to this Board for their consideration.

Adopted as follows:
Yeas, Messrs. Clark and Bullis."

A notice was personally served on the contractors in accordance with this resolution and the Jackson company was notified. It is between this meeting and the meeting of October 20, that the offers of bribes are claimed to have been made. The record of the meeting of October 20, is as follows:

The following resolution was offered by Mr. Clark:

Resolved, That the sewer contractors be allowed to continue, until further notice, the use of the Jackson sewer tile, made by the Jackson Sewer Pipe Co., that they now have on hand in this city.

Carried. Yeas—Messrs. Clark, Schuh and Bullis.

After another resolution offered by Mr. Clark was passed, the record shows the following entry:

"Mr. Bullis moved that the vote on Mr. Clark's first resolution be reconsidered. Lost as follows: Yeas—Mr. Bullis. Nays—Messrs. Clark and Schuh."

The records then show, that a test was made of the tile and the tile was rejected. No further test was made and three days later the tile was allowed to be used. In the meantime, according to the statements made by Mr. Schuh, and confirmed by the conversations held between the agents of the Jackson company and the contractors, the offers to bribe had been made. Mr. Clark claims they were not accepted. The Jackson agent claimed to the contractors that they were accepted. But whether accepted or not, the offers were not made public and were evidently not vigorously spurned, as the board undid its action rejecting the tile and allowed it to be used.

In the light of the above facts, which are not street rumors, the Courier puts itself in rather a ridiculous position in denouncing the whole matter as a democratic scheme. Our poor dear Courier labors under the delusion that no one bearing the name republican can do wrong, and without taking the trouble to investigate, charges representative men of the city with hatching a scheme to blacken an innocent man's character. If such a scheme is concocted, it is one of the most damnable that could be conceived.

There is no politics in this matter, and the quicker the Courier can get the political cloud off of its train the better it will be for it. The question resolves itself into the question as to whether in the light of facts developed it is proper to allow Mr. Clark to remain upon the board of public works. It is a question as to whether his actions have been unbiased and in the interests of the public. It is this important matter that the new council must determine, and if they allow politics to get in the matter, so much the worse for the men who so drag it in. And as we stated last Friday, no pains should be spared to arrive at the exact truth of the whole matter.

Messrs. Clark and Bullis with Attorney A. J. Sawyer went to Jackson yesterday in regard to the matter, and a vigorous fight will be put up on that side of the case.

The Blue Ware Exhibit.

The blue ware exhibit at Harris hall Friday and Saturday proved to be a unique and most interesting affair. All those who were in attendance must have realized the great amount of labor and care that had been required of those having it in charge, and to whom much credit should be given. Dr. A. S. Wartlim was untiring in his efforts and to him especially is due the success of their undertaking.

About five hundred pieces of blue ware were exhibited, some of them being very rare and old.

The English blue ware formed the largest part of the collection and included some pieces about one hundred and fifty years old. Among the most notable was the soup-tureen, ladle and platter exhibited by Mrs. North, of East Ann street, a superb piece of Staffordshire blue with a view of the residence of Marquis de Lafayette. Mrs. J. W. Babbitt, of Ypsilanti, exhibited fifty of her 250 pieces of blue ware. Others who exhibited handsome collections were Mrs. J. B. Angell, Mrs. F. L. Parker, Mrs. I. N. Demmon, Misses Douglas, Mrs. Phinney, Mrs. W. W. Wetmore, Mrs. Chapin, Miss Allmendinger, Mrs. Waldron, Mrs. G. Brown, Miss Wilkinson, Mrs. Kofoid, Mrs. Harvey, Mr. H. Randall, Dr. Warthin, Mrs. Glazier, Mrs. Sheley, Mrs. Bach, and others.

The exhibit was an entire success and netted about \$75 for the fruit and flower mission.

Canvassing the County Vote.

The county board of canvassers met again today to canvas the vote on state officers. This makes two days for the board and two milages to be collected from the county. The board couldn't help it, however, and when they adjourned last Thursday supposed that they had completed their work. Last Thursday was the day fixed by law to canvas the senatorial vote and today is the day fixed for canvassing the vote for state officers. The meeting today is to make the canvas of the vote for state officers legal.

Danger to Our Plum and Cherry Trees.

Mr. Ganzhorn stated to the Argus yesterday that he had been examining the plum and cherry trees within the city limits for black knot and had found 985 plum trees and 296 cherry trees in the city that had the black knot. This is a very large percentage of the trees in the city. The black knot has just made its appearance in the cherry trees here and he says if prompt measures are taken and all the knots cut out in time, the trees may be saved. He says that plum trees which three years ago, when the black knot appeared upon them, were bearing from one to two bushels of plums are now entirely used up. It takes about three years to entirely use up the trees. The disease is distributed in 381 places in the city and the only cure is a radically cutting out of the black knot where it has just started and the cutting down of all trees where it has made much progress. The disease is a contagious one.

In peach orchards where vigorous measures were taken last year against the yellows, Mr. Ganzhorn reports that there is a decreased amount of yellows this year. Our fruit raisers should be prompt in their actions.

Charity Concert.

A charity concert will be given on Wednesday evening, at 8:15 o'clock, at Frieze Memorial hall. Tickets on sale at the School of Music building, Sheehan's, and Jacobs & Allmand's. The following is the program:

1. Bridal Procession.....Grieg
Miss Edith Kelly.
2. St. Nicholas Songs:
a. An April Girl.....Albert A. Stanley
b. The Minuet.....L. R. Fairbank
c. The Cat and the Dog.....Albert A. Stanley
d. Meadow Talk.....Fisher
Clara Josie Jacobs.
3. Nocturne (Op. 15).....Chopin
Miss Irma Hadsitz.
4. I Know Two Eyes.....Chadwick
Clara Josie Jacobs.
5. Hrokwialk.....Paderewski
Miss Emmie White.
6. a. A Summer Wooing.....Frank Lynes
b. Melody.....
c. A Question.....
d. A Confession.....
Clara Josie Jacobs.
7. a. Why?.....Shumann
b. Prelude.....Chopin
c. Spring Song.....Mendelssohn
Miss Virginia May Fisk.
8. Pachelbel.....Woody
Clara Josie Jacobs.

Death of Henry Osborne.

Henry Osborne, the builder of Osborne's mills on the Huron river west of Ann Arbor, died last Saturday morning of pneumonia. He was one of our foremost pioneers and a man of sturdy honesty and uprightness, who in business reverses commanded the respect of the community. He was born in New York, February 2, 1822, received his schooling in the public schools of New York, and came with his parents to this county in 1837, where they immediately built Osborne mills in Scio. In 1854 he was married to Miss Catharine Casement. They had one daughter, who now resides in Detroit. The funeral services were held from the family residence yesterday afternoon, Rev. C. M. Coburn officiating, and an extremely large funeral cortege followed the remains to Forest Hill cemetery.

New Board of Editors.

The U. of M. Daily association has decided to admit the fraternity men to a place on the board and have elected the following members of the board of editors: J. A. LeRoy, '96, A. W. Smith, special, H. A. Dancer, '95, E. R. Sunderland, '96, H. Coleman, '97, Minnie M. Thompson, '97, C. H. Farrell, '98, Carrie V. Smith, '96, J. A. Finley, '98, S. E. Knappen, Psi U., L. A. Pratt, Delta U.; law—E. L. Evans, '95, W. A. Spill, '96, Geo. B. Harrison, '96; dental—C. A. Houghton, '96; medical—H. B. Gammon, '98; engineering—M. Gilbert, '97; pharmitic—G. A. Heath, '96.

The Argus has wondered what made Editor Smith, of the Milan Leader, so sweet tempered recently. The mystery is now cleared up. Mr. and Mrs. Sundberg, of Augusta, have been "fixing" him with some samples of their "simon pure maple syrup." We know what that is and we cannot refrain from smacking our lips over the thought of it, while writing this item.

The people of this town seem to think that the supervisor's old shoes fit Alfred Davenport very well yet, even though he has worn them for the last twelve years. By a plurality of 41 votes they say to him, "You wear them another year."—Mooreville Cor. Milan Leader. The good people of York understand that there are few men in that neck o' woods who can fill those shoes as Alfred Davenport fills them.

NO EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS.

Whatever May Be the Decision of the Supreme Court on the Income Tax.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The attention of several members of the cabinet was called to a dispatch from Chicago giving the substance of the Chicago Tribune's publication concerning the supreme court decision on the income tax case, but they declined to express any opinion thereon on the ground that it would be manifestly improper for them to discuss any opinion of the court, at least until it has been officially promulgated. From another, but an entirely authentic source, it is learned that whatever the decision of the court may be the president will not call an extra session of congress.

On the assumption that this report is true, and that the court has decided that income tax cannot be collected from rents or from state and municipal bonds, one of the fundamental purposes of the law will have been defeated. If these two important portions of the law have been decided to be unconstitutional they are so serious as to affect materially not only the revenues of the government, but the estimation in which the income tax will be held by the people. Such a decision would exempt the very men the law was aimed at and put the burden on those who earn over \$4,000 a year by their abilities entirely. It would exempt all the rich capitalists.

It is reported that Chief Justice Fuller and Field, Gray and Brewer claim that the law is unconstitutional, while Harlan, Brown, Shiras and White affirm its constitutionality in a general way.

By Way of the New York World.

NEW YORK, April 8.—A special to The World from Washington says: An extraordinary conference of the justices of the United States supreme court was held yesterday to consider the income tax appeals. Chief Justice Fuller's rough draft was further discussed and the decision is reported to have been reopened for arguments on certain features.

SHE CHAMPIONS OSCAR WILDE.

Mrs. Frank Leslie Evidently Does Not Believe the Aesthetic Guilty.

NEW YORK, April 8.—Mrs. Frank Leslie, once the wife of William Wilde, has known Oscar Wilde and his family fifteen years. When the libel suit began Mrs. Leslie predicted that Wilde would win his case. "I suppose I am to be classed as a false prophet," Mrs. Leslie said. "But I must judge Mr. Wilde only as I know him; that is, as a dignified, high-minded gentleman, a perfect son, a kind, considerate husband, and a devoted, affectionate parent. I cannot imagine why he gave up the battle, when surrender meant a practical admission of guilt."

"He once said that abuse is better than not to be noticed at all. Poor man, I fear that he is now realizing the falsity of this saying. One of the most charming phases of Mr. Wilde's character is his love and devotion to his mother, who is 75 years old. I fear the news of her son's distress will kill her. He leaves nothing undone to add to her comfort. When he called upon me last summer at my London house his eyes swelled with tears as he told of his mother's illness."

LONDON, April 8.—Oscar Wilde was arraigned in court on charges of immoral conduct and the first witness testified so terribly against him that his counsel asked that the cross-examination be postponed, as he was surprised at the testimony. Other witnesses corroborated the first and the case looks very black for Wilde. The statement made by Lord Douglas of Hawick that none of the family, except the Marquis of Queensbury, believes the charges against Wilde is authoritatively denied, as nearly all the family believes in their truth.

Oscar Wilde is suffering from insomnia. He paces his cell nearly all night long. He eats almost nothing.

SLAUGHTER OF NEGROES IN TEXAS.

White Men Reply to a Stone with a Volley from Winchester.

HOUSTON, April 8.—Four young men, all under 20 years of age—Lawrence Reynolds, J. F. Preston and Bud and Sid Preacher—were driving into the city on their return from a day's hunt. As they passed a group of negroes some of the latter made jeering remarks, and upon one of the boys in the wagon making answer one of the negroes threw a stone which struck one of the white boys and another negro drew a revolver.

The boys opened fire upon the negroes with Winchester, killing two negro men and one woman. Several shots were fired by both sides. The white men were arrested and are now in jail awaiting the coroner's investigation. None of the white men were seriously hurt.

She's a Mighty Forgiving Girl.

LOWELL, Mass., April 8.—Henry W. Entwistle, who was sentenced to fifteen years in prison in 1892 for shooting Maria Clegg with intent to kill, has been released from the prison through the efforts of the young lady, and they both will sail for England in a few days, where they will be married. Entwistle was in love with the young woman, but her father objected to the match. On the afternoon of Oct. 6, 1891, Entwistle fired four shots from a revolver at her. He intended to kill himself, but was prevented. After a long illness the young woman recovered.

Scheme to Discuss Woman Suffrage.

LANSING, Mich., April 8.—There are two measures pending in the Michigan legislature providing for woman suffrage, but the house judiciary committee has refused to report them. The friends of suffrage have had a measure providing for an educational qualification for electors made the special order for a date in the near future. In its discussion a motion to strike out the word "male" will open up the entire subject. They hope thus to accomplish what is denied by the judiciary committee.

Wood Harvester Company Schedules.

ST. PAUL, April 8.—The schedules in the Wood Harvester works have been filed and show resources of \$3,700,788.80; total liabilities, \$1,123,369.44. The assets as given are actual, figured at market prices, and the company has \$3 of assets for every \$1 in liabilities.

The Ann Arbor Argus

BRAKES & HAMMOND, PROPRIETORS.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY
for \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.
Subscriptions not paid in advance \$1.25 a year.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Entered at the Post-Office, in Ann Arbor, Mich.
as second-class matter.



TUESDAY, APRIL 9, 1895.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND AND BIMETALLISM.

The Washington correspondent of the Times-Herald asserts on the authority of a member of the cabinet that President Cleveland's views upon the money question and the proposed international monetary conference are widely misunderstood. According to this informant the president is not only warmly in favor of the conference, but hopes that it may point the way to an international agreement, even with Great Britain left out. The president, it seems, is no believer in the theory that British initiative is essential to practical international bimetalism, and he proposes to appoint delegates to the conference who agree with him that Germany, France and the United States are strong enough to dominate the situation and to force the acquiescence of England.

If the United States commissioners will stand firmly for such united action by other great nations as shall leave England alone in its maintenance of gold monometallism, there seems little doubt that the other nations represented will join them. The friendliness of France and Germany to bimetalism in some form, even though the plan adopted involve minor changes in the historic ratio, affords reasonable assurance that the coming congress will not, like that of Brussels, end in talk and nothing else. Count Mirbach, one of the most influential men in the German Reichstag, and one who enjoys the favor of the emperor, says "I consider the victory of universal bimetalism on an international basis in the next monetary conference inevitable." If the German delegates act in this spirit, and those of the United States join harmoniously with them, the success of the international agreement will be assured.

Conditions, more than theories, have operated to promote the cause of international bimetalism. In England, Germany and France the distress of the agricultural classes has forced action. In the United States constantly decreasing wages and prices have compelled study of the money question, and relief by international agreement has been accepted by all the most careful students as the only safe way out. President Cleveland will strike a popular chord if he select for his three commissioners to the proposed conference men who will make earnest and intelligent pleas for international bimetalism, even against the opposition of Great Britain.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Now that the election is over, the inquiry may be proper as to how much of a figure the free silver platform of the Michigan democracy cut in that scrimmage. The members of the convention which adopted that one plank platform tumbled over each other in their efforts to get on the silver band wagon. The sweeping democratic victory to result from the adoption of the principle has not materialized, however, nor does the vote indicate that it had weight with the voters. It is true that Judge McGrath ran slightly ahead of his ticket, but the localities where this is noted, indicates that it was due rather to the personal acquaintance and standing of the judge than to the platform on which he ran. The result shows pretty conclusively that adhesion to party affiliations is stronger among the republicans generally than any belief in the principle of free silver, and at the same time that the free silver platform with democrats

served but to loosen the ties of party and cause at least as many to desert the party as were gained from all other sources. The net result, therefore, has undoubtedly been to loosen party discipline and demoralize the party organization.

Japan has shown her regret and humiliation for her failure to properly protect the Chinese peace envoy, Li Hung Chang, from assault by doing everything in her power to rectify the disgrace. China will probably get better terms from her antagonist on account of this affair than she would had it not occurred. The three weeks armistice recently granted is probably due to the feeling of chagrin in Japan over the assault and the desire, so far as possible, to efface the unpleasant affair from the recollection of the world. All this goes to show that Japan has a keen sense and clear understanding of the sentiment of the civilized world.

There seems to be considerable bad blood just at present between France and England growing out of their rival colonial ambitions in Africa. The announcement was made in the British House of Commons a few days since that England would consider the advance of the French from West Africa into the Nile valley as an unfriendly act. Thus is the question which agitated these two countries more than a century ago on the American Continent and which led to a great amount of bloodshed, to the ore once again, in the dark Continent. Will history repeat itself?

ON THE FIELD OF SHILOH.

Exercises Commemorating the Great Battle Held in the Memorial Church.

SHILOH, Tenn., April 8.—A cloudless sky greeted the thousands of the blue and gray who assembled at the little church of Shiloh at the thirty-third anniversary of that bloody battle. A new frame memorial church stands where the little log church stood on that memorable day when 80,000 men strove for the mastery. The grand stand erected for the occasion was canopied by the nation's flag. "Welcome to the Blue and the Gray" was painted on the front of the stand, while within, on a blue background, were the memorable words of President Grant: "Let us Have Peace."

There were present Generals Prentiss, Buell, Joe Wheeler and A. P. Stewart. General McClelland and Senator Harris were absent on account of sickness. The exercises opened with a short speech by General Prentiss, the hero of "The Hornet's Nest," the hottest contested part of the battle. Generals Wheeler and Stewart and Captain Paine, who had been assigned to the duty by a meeting of the Confederate veterans, welcomed the boys in blue.

After a prayer by Rev. I. S. Bailey, of Iowa, Generals Buell and Prentiss entertained the veterans with reminiscences of the battle, going into the details of the fight and in conclusion congratulating all upon the good-feeling that was everywhere manifested. The crowd present numbers about 10,000 people.

Weren't the Mothers Surprised?

Some time ago there was a dance in a Canadian settlement for the benefit of the settlers and their wives. Most of the married ladies had babies with them, whose noisy perversity required too much attention to allow the ladies the full swing of their souls' pleasure in the dance. So a number of young men present gallantly volunteered to watch over the refractory infants, so that their mothers could indulge without let or hindrance in the sweets of the "light fantastic" exercise.

The gallant offer was readily and confidently accepted, but no sooner had the women left their dear charges to the care of those mischievous young rascals than they commenced stuffing the infants, changing the clothing and giving one the apparel of another, till all were transmogrified.

The dance and the music continued into the "we sma' hours," and then it was time to go home. The lights were lowered, and each mother hurriedly took a baby, in the dress of her own, and started for home, which, in many instances, was 10 or 15 miles away.

The following morning there was a prodigious row in the settlement. Mothers discovered what had occurred, and then commenced some of the tallest female pedestrianism on record. Living as they did miles apart, it required two full days to unmix the babies and as many months to restore the mothers to their naturally sweet dispositions. Those young men never venture into that settlement now. It wouldn't be safe.—Montreal Star.

Luck and Labor.

Luck is ever waiting for something to turn up; labor, with keen eyes and strong will, will turn up something. Luck lies in bed and wishes the postman would bring him the news of a legacy; labor turns out at 6 o'clock, and with busy pen and ringing hammer lays the foundation of competence. Luck whines; labor whistles. Luck relies on chance; labor on character.—Richard Cobden.

A Consultation of Honor.

"Mr. X. has threatened to kick me next time he meets me in company. Now, if I see him walk into the room what am I to do?"
"Sit down!"—Gil Blas

IN YE OLDEN TIME

This Little Incident Would Call for Crimson Gore.

EXCHANGE OF A DEADLY INSULT

Between the Governor of Arkansas and a Legislator—Each Spits in the Other's Face at the Close of an Angry Dispute—Governor Pulls a Gun, but is Prevented from Using It—Sensational Charges of Bribery—Statement Made by One of the Belligerents.

LITTLE ROCK, April 8.—The spectacle of an honorable member of the Arkansas legislature, livid with rage, spitting in the face of the governor of this commonwealth, as the instant reply to a violent emission of executive saliva upon the angered features of the lawmaker, and a flourish of firearms in the hands of the governor, was witnessed in the lobby of Gleason's hotel here yesterday afternoon, and was the result of the sensational charges of bribery in connection with the railroad commission bill sprung in the house of representatives by Yancey, of Phillips county. Jones, of Union county, one of the principals in the altercation of yesterday afternoon, had in the course of a speech on a point of personal privilege Saturday, denounced Governor Clark as being at the bottom of the charges. He said that Governor Clark was a demagogue, and was going around like the assassin in the night with a knife stabbing in the back men who were his peers.

Governor Is Quick on the Draw.

Yesterday afternoon Governor Clark met Jones in the lobby at Gleasons and requested a private interview with him. Jones replied that he would accompany the governor nowhere, and that if the chief executive had anything to say to him to make it known there. Hot words followed and in a fit of anger the governor spat in Jones' face. Jones trembling with anger, returned the insult and as quick as a flash Clark had drawn his revolver, and the difficulty might have resulted in bloodshed but for the quick action of bystanders, who disarmed Governor Clark. The governor was later arrested by a constable and released on his own recognizance. He will, he says, plead guilty to the charge of assault. Further trouble may ensue.

The Scene in the Legislature.

The bribery charges in the legislature which led up to this scene were made solely by Yancey, although he said he had taken Wagner into his confidence. The briber was alleged to be T. L. Cox. Yancey read a type-written document to the effect that he had been paid \$100 to vote against the railway commission bill. He produced the money, flourishing it above his head in a dramatic manner. He charged that the money had been paid him by Cox, and that other members whom he named had also been bribed. Yancey set a trap and caught them all, he said. A scene of confusion followed. Yancey said: "Cox told me to pay my bill where I was boarding, move to the Gleason hotel, and he would pay my board and furnish me money to drink with the boys. Representative Jones, of Madison county, told me he had a room at Gleason's and was living like a king."

What the Alleged Briber Says.

T. L. Cox, the man who was reported to have bribed Yancey, says that he paid Yancey out of money which had been given him in defeating the Monroe-Phillips county bill, in which Yancey was also interested. He claims that he is not and never has been a railroad lobbyist. The investigation committee met behind closed doors and examined two witnesses. The members of the committee refuse to divulge any part of the proceedings. The excitement created by the incident is intense and it freely predicted that serious trouble will ensue.

JONES MAKES A STATEMENT

Describing the Scene with the Governor in the Hotel Office.

Representative Jones made a statement in which he said that as soon as he saw Governor Clark come into the hotel office he knew he meant trouble. The governor tried to force him to go back to the rear with him, but Jones refused, declaring that what the governor had to say must be said in front. The governor caught Jones by the arm and tried to lead him back, but again Jones refused. Jones then proceeds:

"He then deliberately spit in my face. I returned the insult by spitting in his face. When I did this he let go of my arm and made for his pistol. I then saw that my only chance was to knock him down, and struck with all my might at his face with my left hand. He sprang back towards the door and my blow failed to reach him. He was reaching for his pistol. I sprang and grappled with him and caught him around the waist, pressing both arms to his side, but leaving his arms free to act from the elbow down."

"By this time he had his pistol drawn. Just then Representative Roberts sprang in and grabbed the weapon and immediately Representative Pope also got hold of the pistol. He struggled to free the gun, while the governor said: 'Turn that pistol loose.' Roberts declined, when the governor said: 'D—n you, Roberts, turn that pistol loose.' About this time some one grabbed me around the waist. Jones then asked that the pistol be taken from Clark, but Roberts and Pope declined. Then Jones asked that a pistol be given him and the governor turned loose, but just here the governor, finding that he could do nothing, promised not to kill Jones, the latter was requested to let go of Clark, and go to his room, which he did, remaining there ten seconds and returning to the office to find that Clark was gone."

Governor Clark said he did not care to discuss the trouble through the public prints further than to say that he did not go to the hotel with the view of making trouble, but only to tell Jones that he must desist from lugging his name into controversies existing between members of the house. The trouble which followed was not of his making.

Mahone in Financial Difficulties.

CINCINNATI, O., April 8.—The Enquirer's special from Petersburg, Va., says: General William Mahone has made a deed of trust. The deed conveys the general's palatial residence in Petersburg, with all his household goods and a lot on Guaranty street, together with other real estate. The deed is made to secure the holders of certain notes, amounting to \$80,850. One of those secured by the deed is Miss Otella B. Mahone, daughter of General Mahone, for \$68,000.

THE CHILDREN GET THE GRAVY.

But the Father of the Family Gets the Fun of Giving It to Them.

"You know," said the father of a family, "it makes me laugh whenever I think of the children's absolute nerve about the gravy. What I mean is that when we have a steak, or roast beef, or anything that has gravy with it, the children take it all, down to the last drop, without leaving a speck for their father and mother. And they're perfectly sound hearted, wholesome children, too, who would do anything they could for their parents. But about some things they have a selfishness that appears to be perfectly natural to children, and that I suppose is bred in indulgence. They have all their lives been accustomed to having everything that their parents could give them, and so they come to expect it."

"But I smile again as I recall the fact that when I was a boy I got all the gravy. Time and again I have seen my father tip the dish so that he might get for me the last drop, while he had none for himself. He was very fond of gravy, too, but he never said so. With grave courtesy he gave it all to me, as though I were entitled to it. When I grew a little older, I reproached myself sometimes for having taken it all. When I grew older still and came to know how gentle and affectionate and forbearing and generous he was, I came to know that he wouldn't for the world have marred my pleasure by so much as a word—that the simple fact was that it was a far greater pleasure to him to give me the gravy than it would have been to eat it himself."

"And now when the children pass their plates I gravely dish out the gravy down to the last drop, and I say nothing for fear that they will rob me of the selfish pleasure of giving it all to them. But I smile to myself once more as I think of what will happen when they come to have children of their own. I know what they'll do then. They'll give it all to the children, down to the last, last drop."—New York Sun.

FREE COFFEE AND CAKES.

Custom Now In Vogue on First Nights In London Playhouses.

"By the way," said a gentleman who arrived here from England a few days ago, "have you heard of the London theatrical managers' latest scheme to attract a crowd on first nights? Well, it's rather odd, and I wouldn't be surprised if the New Yorkers copied it before long, although the circumstances are somewhat different here."

"You know, the little tea and coffee rooms in London that correspond to the New York coffee and cake saloon are much more numerous than here, and there is sure to be one near every theater."

"It is the custom there for great crowds to come to the pit and gallery entrances of the theaters long before the time of opening the doors. The pit is one of the best parts of the theater for seeing and hearing, and it costs only 60 cents, but there are no reserved seats, so those who come early get the good places."

"It is common, in the case of important first nights, for a long line of people to form at the pit doors before it is opened, and when the play is very successful and popular this may continue for an indefinite number of nights."

"It has now become the custom to admit those who care to pay sixpence extra for the privilege at 5:30. Then they get good seats, but they have to wait a prodigiously long time in their places before the play begins."

"This state of things recently inspired some ingenious manager with another happy thought. He hit on the plan of providing free coffee and cakes, from the nearest tea and coffee rooms, to the crowd waiting in the pit on the first night of his new play. It proved such a good arrangement that the others followed the example."—New York Herald.

Feminine Ingeniuties.

Of the multifarious uses of the hairpin, some at least are well known. They are suggested by a French traveler's description of a pin which the Indian women of Peru wear as a fastening for their shawls. Its head is in the shape of a spoon. In fact, it is a spoon and a hairpin in one.

It is odd, the Frenchman says, to see a woman pull out the pin, letting her shawl drop from her bare shoulders, and proceed to use it for eating her soup or porridge. After the repast she passes the bowl of the spoon carefully between her lips two or three times, gathers up her shawl and fastens it in place.

The same women use their slippers instead of pocketbooks—a point in which they may be said to have the advantage of their North American sisters, who, having no pockets, or none within comfortable reach, are compelled to carry their purses in their hands. The money of Lima consists of bank notes, which go very well into the bottom of a slipper.

Where Silence Is Best.

"What should a feller say," asked the young man anxiously, "when his wife asks him if he would marry again if she were to die?"

"Say nothing, of course," answered the elderly adviser. "If he says yes he would, she'll think he doesn't like her. If he announces his intention of staying single, she will have the idea that he is tired of matrimony."—Indianapolis Journal.

His Order.

Patron (in basement restaurant)—Gimme pigs' feet and a dish of mashed potatoes extra.
Waiter (shouting the order through his hands)—Tribby fer one. Little Billie on the side!—Chicago Record.

"Who'll Be King but Charlie?" came from the pen of Carolina Oliphant. The air is from a collection of old Scottish ballads.

Essex, the favorite of Elizabeth, had a set of shirts which cost \$50 apiece.

Cut Glass AND Silverware

HALLER'S Jewelry Store!

The LARGEST Repair Shops between Detroit and Chicago.
Only first-class workmen employed.

FATALLY ASSAULTED FROM BEHIND.

Milwaukee Man Attacked by the Brother of a Man He Had Stabbed.

NEW YORK, April 8.—August Neilson was riding a horse through East Twenty-fourth street leading two others when a man whom he knows as Bernard Seery struck him on the head from behind with a long club. His assailant then struck him several more blows and one of his arms was broken. Neilson jumped from his horse to better defend himself and then Seery ran away.

Neilson was carried to a near-by drug store, where he was seized with spasms. Before losing consciousness he said that he lived at 439 Ninth avenue, Milwaukee, Wis. He was taken to the hospital, where it is believed his injuries will result fatally. Neilson is said to have stabbed Seery's brother in Jersey City some time ago. The police thus far have been unable to find Seery.

Eight Gotham Officials Indicted.

NEW YORK, April 8.—The extraordinary grand jury has indicted ex Park Commissioners G. C. Causen, Nathan Straus and A. B. Tappen for conspiring to spend the amount appropriated by the board of estimate and apportionment in 1894; Police Captain Knicker, for receiving a bribe of a piano; Thomas J. Brady, ex-superintendent of the building department, for receiving a bribe of a piano from J. J. Smith, a builder, and Patrolmen Hugh Cassidy, Edward F. Miley and John M. Thall for arresting Hans Beattie, commissioner of street cleaning. They all appeared and were required to give bail in sums varying from \$1,500 to \$10,000.

War on Department Stores.

CHICAGO, April 8.—The state senate committee, headed by Senator Salomon, is in the city investigating department stores. Testimony taken is according to who it is from. Those doing that kind of business say it is not detrimental to the public and those in other lines assert the opposite. Two-thirds of the employees are women and the average wages \$6 per week. Salomon said that if the evidence justified it he would introduce a bill prohibiting department stores and dictating just what any single firm should sell.

Held for the Murder of His Father.

FORT SCOTT, Kas., April 8.—The preliminary hearing of Noah Strevil, charged with the cold-blooded murder of his father, Charles Stewart Strevil, near this city, March 15, has been concluded and resulted in the alleged patriot being held without bond to await trial at the district court. Young Strevil's wife was his accuser, but did not testify, and the state was obliged to rely on evidence accumulated by detectives.

Argument in the Dana Case.

NEW YORK, April 8.—After arguing for two hours in the Dana libel case Lawyer Bartlett announced that he had just got through his preliminary. He spoke for some hours further and then Jere Wilson, also for the defense took the floor and closed that side of the case. McFarlane asked to have his reply postponed to today, and the judge assented, stating that argument must be completed by 2 p. m. today.

A Business-Making Book.

Every business man ought to read "Dollars and Sense," a money-making book by Nath'l C. Fowler, Jr., the leading expert on business and advertising. 18 chapters, illustrated with 100 plates, presenting every style of effective advertisements, with examples of reading notices, circulars and headlines. It tells the plain truth about advertising and exposes ineffective methods. Any reader of the Argus who will send check, postal note or postage stamps to the value of twenty-five cents to the Trade Company, Boston, Mass., will receive the book by prepaid mail. The book may also be obtained at the Argus office for the same money.

Detroit Weekly Tribune

Price Reduced

—TO—
75 Cents a Year.

Unsurpassed as a Newspaper.
Unrivaled in Popular Interest.
Soundly Republican.

An Agent wanted in every Township in Michigan, to whom liberal terms will be given.

THE TRIBUNE - - Detroit.

JUST ARRIVED

A Shipment of
Gents' Fine Tan Shoes
for Spring.

JACOBS & ALLMAND
Washington Block.

P. S.—See our Show Window.

Notice of Limited Partnership.

This is to certify that the undersigned have formed a limited partnership pursuant to the provisions of Howell's Annotated Statutes of the state of Michigan. That the name of the firm under which such partnership is to be conducted is "Bradford & Company, Limited." That the general nature of the business to be transacted is buying and selling groceries and general merchandise and such articles as are usually dealt in by dealers in such goods and wares. That Emil H. Bradford, who resides in the city of Ann Arbor, county of Washtenaw, and state of Michigan, is a general partner; and that Herbert W. Bradford, who resides in the township of Canton, county of Wayne, and state of Michigan, is a special partner; and that the said Herbert W. Bradford has contributed eight hundred dollars as capital to the common stock; and that the said partnership is to commence on the eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1895, and is to terminate on the eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1900.

Dated this eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1895.
EMIL H. BRADFORD.
HERBERT W. BRADFORD.
County of Washtenaw, ss.
Before me the subscriber, Thos. D. Kearney, a notary public in and for said county, this twenty-third day of February, A. D. 1895, personally appeared Emil H. Bradford and Herbert W. Bradford, known to me to be the persons described in and who executed the above instrument, and acknowledged the execution thereof to be their free act and deed.
THOS. D. KEARNEY,
Notary Public.

TRUCK AND STORAGE.
C. E. GODFREY.

Residence and Office, 48 Fourth Ave., North
Telephone 82.

It is human nature to want something for nothing.

SILVERWARE
GIVEN AWAY FREE

W. F. Lodholz Grocery Store.
Nos. 4 and 6 Broadway.

This is the way it is done: With every Cash Sale, whether it be ten cents or fifty dollars we give you a coupon showing the amount purchased, and when you have bought groceries or any goods in our line the amount of Forty Dollars, Forty-five Dollars or Fifty Dollars YOU CAN HAVE YOUR CHOICE OF THE TWENTY BEAUTIFUL PIECES OF SILVERWARE, such as Sugar Bowls, Spoon Holder, Cream, Fruit, Caster, Berry, Pickle, Butter Dishes, etc.

CALL AND EXAMINE.
Remember Everything in the GROCERY LINE Sold Cheap for Cash.

W. F. LODHOLZ
4 and 6 Broadway

WE HAVE NO AGENTS
but ship from our factory at wholesale prices. Ship anywhere for examination; pay freight both ways if not satisfied. 100 styles of Carriages, 50 styles of Harness. Send for 12 page catalogue. ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, Elkhart, Ind.
No. 1183 \$35.

ARGUS AUGURIES.

TUESDAY, APRIL 9.—Service for deaf mutes at St. Andrew's chapel at 7:30 p. m., by Rev. A. W. Mann.

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THURSDAY, APRIL 11.—Mrs. Trueblood in her dramatization of George Eliot's "Silas Marner" at M. E. church.

TUESDAY, APRIL 16.—K. T.'s Easter party at Masonic Temple.

THURSDAY, APRIL 18.—Y. M. C. A. banquet to sustaining members in their hall.

FRIDAY, MAY 3.—Lecture of Senator John W. Daniel in S. L. A. course.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

E. B. Hall is having a fine duck boat built.

An elevator has been put in the American house.

John Martin is now one of the conductors on the street car line.

Nelson Rogers will open a flour and feed store on Broadway.

Rev. Dr. Ryan will lecture in the Epworth league course, April 26.

Germania Lodge, D. O. H., give an entertainment next Monday evening.

Prof. James A. Craig speaks before the S. C. A. next Sunday afternoon.

A charity concert will be held at Frieze Memorial hall, Wednesday evening.

The Ferguson cart company have just shipped another car load of carts to St. Louis.

A tea and social will be held at the Presbyterian church, Thursday evening at six o'clock.

Rev. A. W. Mann addresses the deaf mutes in the chapel of St. Andrew's church this evening.

E. N. Bilbie and Francis L. York give a pupil's recital in the Church of Christ next Thursday night.

J. J. Quincy has built a large greenhouse on Forest ave to raise vegetables for the early market.

Rev. T. W. Young is conducting a series of services in the Baptist church every evening this week.

Mrs. Trueblood has presented the M. E. church society with a handsome set of table ware and linen.

Justice Pond was declared re-elected by two majority. Saturday, after the fourth ward was recounted.

The regular annual meeting of St. Andrew's church will be held next Tuesday at ten o'clock in the chapel.

Mrs. Trueblood gives a dramatization of George Eliot's "Silas Marner" in the M. E. church, Thursday evening.

The U. of M. base ball team beat the Albion college team in the first game of the season here Saturday, by a score of 21 to 3.

Wm. R. Schmidt, a law student, was before Justice Pond, Saturday, for assaulting another student, and was fined \$5 and costs.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary society of the M. E. church meets with Mrs. W. J. Booth, of William street next Friday evening.

The spring election cost the city of Ann Arbor \$535.45. Of this \$79.50 is chargeable to the republican partisanship exhibited in creating the seventh ward.

Henry E. Krehbiel who was born at Ann Arbor has become one of the most famous musical critics and composers in the world today. Hear him in the Inland League course next Tuesday night.

Reserved seats may be secured without extra cost for the Krehbiel lecture before the Inland League next Tuesday night. Boards are now open at the Ann Arbor Organ Co., 51 S. Main st.

The Woman's Auxiliary, of St. Andrew's church have elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. C. B. Nancrede; vice-president, Mrs. C. S. Millen; secretary, Miss Carrie Frieze; treasurer, Mrs. W. G. Doty.

A. C. Richards died of consumption at his home on the corner of Fifth avenue and Jefferson street, Sunday night, aged thirty years. He leaves a wife. The funeral will be held at the house at three o'clock this afternoon. He was a member of Canton No. 30, I. O. O. F.

The many music loving people in Ann Arbor should feel very grateful to the Inland League for inducing Mr. Henry E. Krehbiel to come to this city and deliver his splendid lecture on "How to Listen to Music." The League has gone to great expense and has run considerable risk in engaging Mr. Krehbiel. The people of Ann Arbor will see the League through liberally after it has shown such enterprize in bringing so famous a musician to Ann Arbor.

Jefferson Davis has been granted a pension of \$12 a month.

Mrs. Jerome H. Freeman has been granted a widows pension.

Two trustees of Trinity Lutheran church will be elected to-morrow evening.

University hall was crowded yesterday afternoon at the Mme. Rhea reception.

There will be a Faculty Concert in Frieze Memorial hall, Thursday evening, April 11.

The five year old daughter of William Clark, of Division street, broke her arm Sunday.

A class of forty-five members was confirmed in St. Andrew's Episcopal church by Bishop Davies, last evening.

George Marsden, of the Miller avenue greenhouse, was thrown from a delivery wagon Saturday morning and sustained a very severe shaking up.

Prof. H. B. Hutchins, the new dean of the law department, has purchased the residence of H. M. Tabor on the corner of Monroe and Packard streets for \$6,800.

Andrew Muehlig has taken Frederick Schmidt into partnership with him in the hardware business under the firm name of Muehlig & Schmid. This will make an exceedingly strong hardware firm.

Mrs. Johnson, mother of Mrs. Dewitt C. Fall, George and John Johnson, died in Albion last week and her remains were brought here Saturday for burial in Webster. She was 81 years old.

A. C. Schumacher, Ottmar Eberbach and J. O. Schlotterbeck have been appointed a research committee of the Michigan State Pharmaceutical association to meet with the national committee to revise the U. S. Pharmacopeia.

Mary J., only daughter of Evart H. and Sarah E. Scott, died at twenty-five minutes after twelve o'clock this morning, of pneumonia, aged sixteen years, one month and twenty days. Her death is a sad blow to her bereaved parents.

The seventh annual convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, of Washtenaw county will be held on Thursday and Friday of this week, at Ypsilanti. On this account the regular meeting of the local W. C. T. U. will be held Wednesday afternoon at three o'clock at McMillan hall.

The Athletic association of the University elected the following officers yesterday: President, James H. Prentiss; vice-president, Harry Y. Saint; financial secretary, John Condon; recording secretary, Marquis B. Eaton; treasurer, Walter Fitz. The receipts last year were \$5,613.17; the expenses, \$4,600.

There has been an increase of 35 in the membership of the Baptist church during the past year, the present membership being 449. The receipts were \$2613.58 and the expenses contracted during the year were \$198.94 greater than the receipts. An effort is being made to pay off the last debt of the church, amounting to \$550.

The announcement at the meeting to take steps towards securing \$15,000 for the woman's gymnasium, Saturday, that Jacobs & Allmand would donate \$50 was received by the young ladies with great enthusiasm. As was stated at the meeting, Mr. Jacobs had been largely instrumental in raising about \$2,000, first and last, for the gymnasium.

The New York Dry Goods Economist says: "Walter C. Mack, one of Michigan's prominent and wide-awake merchants, has been buying his usual spring stock in this market during the past week. Mr. Mack's customers can rely upon his selections as being the best styles bought at the very lowest prices and his new stock well worthy of attention."

The Charitable union desires to give public expression to its sense of loss, occasioned by the death of Mrs. N. G. Butts, who for twelve years had been a most active worker in the union. Her services so freely given, were highly valued, and the poor families, whom she was ever so ready to assist, will greatly miss her frequent visits and generous sympathy. By order of the union, Mary W. D'Ooge, Secretary.

News has been received of the death of Mrs. Abbie Tomlinson, for many years a resident of Ann Arbor, at Brockway, Mich., on Wednesday, April 3. She was over eighty-seven years of age, having been born in Connecticut, November 24, 1807. She moved to Ann Arbor in 1863 and resided on North State street until about four years ago when she joined her granddaughter, Mrs. Abbie Cowie. The remains were taken to Springfield, Mass., for burial.

The W. C. T. U.; of the county, will hold their annual in Ypsilanti, Thursday and Friday evening of this week.

The Ann Arbor gas company elected the following directors yesterday: E. D. Kinne, S. T. Douglas, H. W. Douglas, William Wagner, Moses Seabolt. The directors elected officers as follows: E. D. Kinne, president; S. T. Douglas, secretary and treasurer, and H. W. Douglas, superintendent.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. W. H. Dorrance returned from New York, Saturday.

William Cooper, of Jackson, spent Sunday with his mother here.

Capt. R. M. Barker, of Flint, is in the city this week.

Mrs. Dr. Palmer goes to Europe in June.

Miss Julia B. Roys is visiting in Detroit.

Judge E. D. Kinne is holding court in Monroe.

Oscar Schmid, of Jackson, was home over Sunday.

Mrs. George F. Key was in Detroit, yesterday.

Miss Cora Reese is visiting in Mooreville.

H. T. Morton returned from Knoxville, Tenn., yesterday.

Mrs. E. Fogarty visited Detroit, yesterday.

Richard Kearns, of Detroit, spent Sunday in the city.

Mrs. Frank Schaffer, of Milwaukee, is visiting her mother, Mrs. George Ruff.

Mrs. G. S. Suker, of Toledo, O., is visiting her mother, Mrs. R. S. Dunster.

A. T. Bruegel has returned from an extensive business trip.

Wirt Doty, of Detroit, spent Sunday at his father's, A. M. Doty's.

E. W. Weeks, of Samaria, has been visiting his father, George W. Weeks.

Miss Carolyn Pittman, of Kalamazoo, is visiting friends on Division street.

W. H. Whitmarsh, of Milan, was the guest of W. W. Watts, over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Hagadorn, of Muncie, Ind., are visiting at G. W. Miley's.

Mrs. Mortimer Twitchell, of Hamburg, visited her sister-in-law, Mrs. Henry DePuy, on East Washington street, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Millen, of Detroit, spent Sunday with Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Morton.

Miss Pauline Waltz, of Grand Rapids, is visiting her uncle, A. R. Schmidt.

Rev. Frs. Kelly and Goldrick assisted in the high mass celebrated at the funeral of Rev. Fr. Buysie in Jackson, Saturday.

F. Krause, the well known auctioneer, will attend to all sales in city or county. Orders may be left with him on Broadway or at the Argus office.

Robes and blankets at low prices or the next thirty days at Fred Theurer's, 12 West Liberty.

Disolution of Co-Partnership.

The co-partnership between Schuh & Muehlig is and has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All demands owing by the said co-partnership will be paid by Andrew Muehlig. All accounts and demands owing to the said co-partnership may be and are required to be paid to Andrew Muehlig.

Dated, Ann Arbor, March 16th, 1895.

J. F. SCHUH,

ANDREW MUEHLIG.

The ladies of Ann Arbor should not fail to attend the Easter Opening, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, April 2, 3, 4 and 5, at Mrs. E. Fogarty's Millinery Parlors as there will be on exhibition the choicest Pattern Hats and Bonnets ever shown in the city. If you wish to buy or not do not miss seeing them. Open evenings.

Relief of Wisconsin Ex-Treasurers.

MADISON, April 8.—In the assembly bills for the relief of ex-Treasurers Baetz, Kuehn and McFetridge were brought over from the senate and were sent to the judiciary committee. The senate was in session a very short time. The joint resolution for a constitutional amendment to allow Milwaukee an extra circuit court was adopted.

And They Didn't Hang Him!

PEORIA, Ills., April 8.—Frank Adkinson has been found guilty of the murder of Lena Zipper last February and his punishment fixed at life imprisonment. Miss Zipper was Adkinson's sister-in-law, and he killed her because she refused to marry him after he could get a divorce from his wife.

Will Report Against Slop-Feeding.

PEORIA, Ills., April 8.—The state senate committee investigating the feeding of distillery slop to cattle has left the city. Senator Morrison, chairman of the committee, said they would bring in a report in favor of his bill prohibiting such feeding.

SITUATION IN CUBA.

How it Looks to a "Man Up a Tree," as it Were.

OFFICIALS AWAIT CAMPOS' COMING.

Will Give Him a Great Reception. While the Onlooker Wonders What He Can Do on the Island.—The Matute Maceo a Bugbear to the Spanish.—Plan of Campaign of the Rebels and How They Expect to Succeed.

HAVANA, April 8.—There is keen anticipation among Cubans, and will be for some days to come. General Martinez Campos, with \$2,000,000 in cash, a lot of troops and large personal prestige, is now on the ocean bending sail hither. Great will be the day and large the occasion when Campos again sets foot on Cuban soil to put down another rebellion. The people here are expecting him and anticipate with anxious interest his coming. To an on-looker, however, the interest among official people seems to arise more from anticipation of the pageant and the clatter of bright metal than from any consciousness that Campos is needed here. The repression of the Havana papers results in ignorance of details, if not facts, from the eastern districts; and so, while the people look on and are interested in the show before them, they feel that they have no personal part in the matter and are quite content to leave all the fatigue of activity to those who must act.

Maceo the Spanish "Bogy Man."

Utmost vigilance is exercised by the government to prevent the landing in Cuba of the rebel leaders who are in other parts. The government especially and definitely desires to intercept Maceo, whom the officials profess to believe has not affected a landing on Cuban soil. There is positive information in this city, however, that Maceo is now on the island and that the other leaders will come later. This Cuban negro Maceo—a veteran of the last rebellion—is said to be an able man, a shrewd tactician in the camp and in undoubted bravery. He is to the official house here the bogy man of the insurrection.

Cubans Fighting a Guerilla War.

All the movements of the rebels make proof that the plan laid out by their leaders is being conscientiously followed. Theirs is a waiting campaign. They appear and disappear. They make a sortie against some village and, if troops appear, they hustle away out of sight. They have harassed the troops, whose official telegrams the government-general that his men bravely met a "group" (that is the governmental designation of rebel forces) and routed the enemy who "ran away," another technical designation of disappearance of rebels.

Five Thousand Rebs on the Island.

It is a fact that there are on this island now between 5,000 and 6,000 rebels who have rifles and cartridges within their reach. The government may scout this statement, but it holds. And the plan of campaign is to wait. The leaders know better than to openly oppose their five or six thousand men against superior forces, when climate and sickness are relied upon as allies a little later on. "Why don't the rebels pitch in and do something before all the Spanish troops reach here?" is a question asked by opponents of the rebellion here.

Plan of Campaign of the Rebels.

The answer is that while engaging the forces now here the rebels would suffer losses not to be rapidly mended and upon their weakened forces would be constantly coming more fresh troops from Spain. "Let Spain get here all she intends to send and then we will play hide and seek with them until, aided by climatic conditions, we can combine all our forces and strike a decisive blow at the sickening and climate-worn forces of Spain." Already the government troops are scouring through Manzanillo. Colonel Santocildes undoubtedly expects success to his army.

The Autonomist party has issued an address condemning the rebellion and calling on the rebels to abate themselves and let the island progress in peace as it was doing before they began the revolt.

OTHER NEWS OF THE REVOLT.

Spanish Home Rulers Against the Rebels.—Recruiting for Gen. Filibuster.

MADRID, April 8.—The Cuban Home Rule party here has issued a manifesto condemning the rebellion in Cuba, expressing loyalty to Spain, and proffering assistance to crush the rising. The latest official dispatches received here declare that the rebellion is exaggerated by the local authorities in Cuba, inasmuch as it is confined to mulattos and negroes who have failed to extend their operations beyond the eastern province.

KEY WEST, Fla., April 8.—It is believed at Havana that an attempt was made by rebel sympathizers to blow up the St. John powder magazine, part of the fortress Cabana, almost in the shadow of Castillo del Morro. Shortly after 9 p. m. the pickets about the powder magazine heard or saw a party of about fifteen approaching cautiously. The pickets shouted the "alto quien vive." This was answered by a volley of shots. Soldiers from the fortress pursued the party, which fled. Another effort was made early next morning; it is said to have resulted much the same as the first attack.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 8.—A special to The Citizen from Birmingham, Ala., says agents of the Cuban revolutionists in Birmingham, Montgomery, Mobile and other points are secretly offering good wages to able-bodied men to join in a filibustering expedition soon to start from Florida. The agent at Birmingham desires to secure 200 men there, and it is reported that nearly that number have been secured.

Ex-President Day Arraigned.

MILWAUKEE, April 8.—Frederick T. Day, president of the defunct Plankinton bank, was arraigned before Judge Waller. He is charged with receiving deposits at a time when he knew the institution to be insolvent. Day came into court on crutches, occasioned by falling and breaking his leg some months ago. A plea of not guilty was entered. No date was set for the trial.

Nebraska Bounty Law Defective.

OMAHA, April 8.—It now develops that the beet sugar and chicory bounty law which passed the legislature just adjourned carried no appropriation with it and the auditor has announced that he will he will draw no warrants for bounty.



Full off with starch and gloss serene,
The linen collar starts the morn;
Softly off noontime it is seen
All wilted, wrinkled and forlorn.

That's what you must expect of each a collar; it's the linen of it. The stand-up collars won't stand up, and the turn-down collars will wilt down. The easy, cheap, and sure way out of this is to wear CELLULOID COLLARS AND CUFFS. These goods are made of a strong, light, and water-proof, not affected by heat or moisture. There are no other waterproof goods made this way, consequently none that can wear so well. When soiled simply wipe them off with a wet cloth. Every piece of the genuine is stamped like this:



Insist upon goods so marked if you expect full satisfaction, and if your dealer does not keep them, send direct to us enclosing amount and we will mail sample. State size, and whether a stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted. Collars 25c. each. Cuffs 50c. pair.

The CELLULOID COMPANY
427-29 Broadway, New York.

Sealed Bids.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the City Clerk until 12 m. Wednesday, April 3, 1895, for the purpose of building a dog pound according to plans and specification now on file at that office.

By order of the Board of Public Works.

Dated March 27th, 1895.

GLEN V. MILLS.

WANTED, FOR SALE, ETC.

FOR SALE—I have a quantity of early white Everet potatoes. I will sell for seed. Residence, township of Salem, 1 mile east from the south-west corner.

WANTED—Two first-class cows. One new milch, the other to be fresh in October; also one dozen laying hens. Enquire at 11 Maynard street any day except Saturday.

TO RENT—Twenty-five acres of land one-half mile west of the City of Ann Arbor, known as Elber White Farm. Please enquire of Mrs. A. Steward, 52 E. Liberty St., Ann Arbor.

LOST OR STOLEN—A white bull dog, weight about 45 lbs., ears not clipped, answers name of "Ben." A liberal reward will be paid the finder for either returning dog to or notifying Jacob Zeeb, Emery, Mich.

WANTED—Two men who understand work in small fruits; one to be a married man to occupy house. Apply, Moses La Jole, 24-27 Chubb Road.

FOR SALE—40 nice laying chickens. Apply, Moses La Jole, Chubb Road.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper wanted. Reply stating previous experience. Address, E. care of "Argus."

FOR SALE OR RENT—A new 8-room house with a good barn, good well, two good cellars, one and one-half lots of land. Terms easy. Enquire at 33 Detroit St., Ann Arbor.

BIKE SALE.—A Victor Model, first class, at a reduced price. Please call and examine at 88 S. Main St., Corner of Williams.

FOR SALE.—30 acres on Chubb St. in acre or five acre lots or all together. Long time, small payment, 6 per cent interest. Jas. H. McDonald, 42 Moffat Building, Detroit, Mich.

FARM TO RENT.—Containing about 200 acres plow land at Saline, Mich. Good fences and barns. Water in barns. Call on A. M. Clark, 42 S. Division st., Ann Arbor, or A. F. Clark, Saline, Mich.

WANTED—A MAN in every section of the country; experience unnecessary; best side line \$75.00 a month. Salary and expenses or large commission made. Address, with 2 cent stamp for sealed particulars, Clifton Soap and Manufacturing Company, Cincinnati, Ohio.

POULTRY wanted—market price paid for all kinds of Poultry, at the corner of Fifth and Summit Streets. C. C. Weeks & Co., Ann Arbor.

FOR SALE CHEAP—My house and lot on the corner of Fifth and State streets, in the Fifth ward of the city of Ann Arbor. A desirable location for wood or coal yard. By the side of T. & A. tracks. William Acton, January 23, 1895.

TO RENT.—At No. 20 S. State St. A flat of six rooms. Enquire at 18 S. State St.

PIANO TUNING.—A. D. Brown, the well known piano tuner with C. J. Whitney, will be in the city soon. Orders left at the Argus office will receive his attention.

PERSONS intending to put out maple or elm shade trees should correspond with P. H. O'Brien Whitaker.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Large new house with all modern improvements, cistern and city water in house and well near door. Will take in part payment small house or lot or small farm nearby city, balance on long time and low interest. P. C. Box 1345.

Estate of Flavius J. Comstock.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss.: At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Friday, the 5th day of April in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Flavius J. Comstock, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition duly verified of Altha A. Comstock, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased may be admitted to probate, and that administration with the will annexed, of said estate may be granted to herself, (there being no executor in said will named), or to some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 6th day of May next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs-at-law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition and of the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the ANN ARBOR ARGUS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

(A TRUE COPY) WILLIAM G. DOTY, Probate Register.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

TIME TABLE (Revised) NOV. 18, 1894.

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.

GOING EAST				GOING WEST			
Chicago	Dp	Mail	N Y Sp	Chicago	Dp	Mail	N Y Sp
Jackson	6:50 am	7:20 am	10:30 am	Buffalo	7:20 am	8:00 am	10:30 am
Dexter	3:30	3:30	4:30 pm	Ypsilanti	8:25	8:25	9:30
Detroit	3:30	3:30	5:25	Ann Arbor	8:45	8:45	9:30
Ann Arbor	3:40	3:40	5:35	Detroit	9:05	9:05	9:30
Ann Arbor	4:40	4:40	6:25	Chelsea	9:17	9:17	9:30
Warren	5:30 pm	5:30 pm	6:15 pm	Jackson	10:35	10:35	11:30
Buffalo	A. 5:30 pm	A. 8:10 pm	1:35 am				
O.W. BUGGLES G. P. & T. Age				H. W. HAYES, Chicago, Agt Ann A-			
G	P	E	A	G	P	E	A
3	30	30	30	3	30	30	30
4	40	40	40	4	40	40	40
5	50	50	50	5	50	50	50
6	60	60	60	6	60	60	60
7	70	70	70	7	70	70	70
8	80	80	80	8	80	80	80
9	90	90	90	9	90	90	90
10	100	100	100	10	100	100	100
11	110	110	110	11	110	110	110
12	120	120	120	12	120	120	120
13	130	130	130	13	130	130	130
14	140	140	140	14	140	140	140
15	150	150	150	15	150	150	150
16	160	160	160	16	160	160	160
17	170	170	170	17	170	170	170
18	180	180	180	18	180	180	180
19	190	190	190	19	190	190	190
20	200	200	200	20	200	200	200
21	210	210	210	21	210	210	210
22	220	220	220	22	220	220	220
23	230	230	230	23	230	230	230
24	240	240	240	24	240	240	240
25	250	250	250	25	250	250	250
26	260	260	260	26	260	260	260
27	270	270	270	27	270	270	270
28	280	280	280	28	280	280	280
29	290	290	290	29	290	290	290
30	300	300	300	30	300	300	300
31	310	310	310	31	310	310	310
32	320	320	320	32	320	320	320
33	330	330	330	33	330	330	330
34	340	340	340	34	340	340	340
35	350	350	350	35	350	350	350
36	360	360	360	36	360	360	360
37	370	370	370	37	370	370	370
38	380	380	380	38	380	380	380
39	390	390	390	39	390	390	390
40	400	400	400	40	400	400	400
41	410	410	410	41	410	410	410
42	420	420	420	42	420	420	420
43	430	430	430	43	430	430	430
44	440	440	440	44	440	440	440
45	450	450	450	45	450	450	450
46	460	460	460	46	460	460	460
47	470	470	470	47	470	470	470
48	480	480	480	48	480	480	480
49	490	490	490	49	490	490	490
50	500	500	500	50	500	500	500
51	510	510	510	51	510	510	510
52	520	520	520	52	520	520	520
53	530	530	530	53	530	530	530
54	540	540	540	54	540	540	540
55	550	550	550	55	550	550	550
56	560	560	560	56	560	560	560
57	570	570	570	57	570	570	570
58	580	580	580	58	580	580	580
59	590	590	590	59	590	590	590
60	600	600	600	60	600	600	600
61	610	610	610	61	610	610	610
62	620	620	620	62	620	620	620
63	630	630	630	63	630	630	630
64	640	640	640	64	640	640	640
65	650	650	650	65	650	650	650
66	660	660	660	66	660	660	660
67	670	670	670	67	670	670	670
68	680	680	680	68	680	680	680
69	690	690	690	69	690	690	690
70	700	700	700	70	700	700	700
71	710	710	710	71	710	710	710
72	720	720	720	72	720	720	720
73	730	730	730	73	730	730	730
74	740	740	740	74	740	740	740
75	750	750	750	75	750	750	750
76	760	760	760	76	760	760	760
77	770	770	770	77	770	770	770
78	780	780	780	78	780	780	780
79	790	790	790	79	790	790	790
80	800	800	800	80	800	800	800
81	810	810	810	81	810	810	810
82	820	820	820	82	820	820	820
83	830	830	830	83	830	830	830
84	840	840	840	84	840	840	840
85	850	850	850	85	850	850	850
86	860	860	860	86	860	860	860
87	870	870	870	87	870	870	870
88	880	880	880	88	880	880	880
89	890	890	890	89	890	890	890
90	900	900	900	90	900	900	900
91	910	910	910	91	910	910	910
92	920	920	920	92	920	920	920
93	930	930	930	93	930	930	930
94	940	940	940	94	940	940	940
95	950	950	950	95	950	950	950
96	960	960	960	96	960	960	960
97	970	970	970	97	970	970	970
98	980	980	980	98	980	980	980
99	990	990	990	99	990	990	990
100	1000	1000	1000	100	1000	1000	1000

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY
of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of George M. Henion, late of said County deceased, hereby give notice that all claims from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the late residence of said deceased, in the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan, on the 24th day of April or on the 24th day of July next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated January 24, 1895.

CHARLES H. WORDEN,
JOEL A. MINER,
Commissioners

TWENTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT

Michigan Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF DETROIT, MICH.

For the Year Ending December 31st, 1894.

REVENUE ACCOUNT.

Received for Premiums	\$1,106,548 00
Received for Interest and Rents	233,692 18
Total Income	\$1,342,280 27
Disbursements for Death Claims, Dividends, Matured Insurance, Surrender Values, and all Expenses	956,546 00
Balance to Investment Account	\$ 385,734 27

ASSET ACCOUNT.

Cash in Bank	\$ 181,787 00
First Mortgage Liens on Real Estate	3,320,311 70
Real Estate, including Home Office Building	430,977 94
Loans to Policy Holders secured by Reserves	421,318 65
Agents' Balances	8,811 24
Bills Receivable	48,332 27
Bonds and Collaterals	40,823 75
Interest and Rents Accrued	71,061 83
Interest and Rents due	44,019 10
Outstanding Premiums, secured by Reserve Fund	347,724 00
Deferred Premiums, secured by Reserve Fund	42,409 38
Total Assets	\$4,963,007 28

LIABILITIES.

Amount of Reserve Fund, American Table (4½ per cent)	\$4,388,727 56
Deposits of Policy Holders	3,900 00
Death Claims not due	17,680 56
Surplus	553,299 16
Total	\$4,963,007 28
New Risks Accepted in 1894	\$6,254,713 05
Increase of Assets	400,374 94
Increase of Surplus	32,221 75
The Total Amount paid to Policy-Holders by this Company to Date is	5,264,936 55

O. R. LOOKER, President.

JAMES H. CUMMINS, Secretary.

C. A. KENT, 1st Vice-President.

G. W. SANDERS, Actuary.

HOYT POST, 2nd Vice-President.

C. A. DEVENDORF, M. D., Med. Director.