

Published Every Friday, Has a Large Circulation among Merchants, Mechanics, Manufacturers, Farmers, and Families generally.

A VERY DESIRABLE MEDIUM FOR ADVERTISERS. R. A. BEAL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Terms: \$1.50 a year in advance; 50c if payment is made in advance. Single copies, 2c.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. CHEAPER THAN AT ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE WEST.

Office Nos. 11 and 42 North Main Street.

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- Baptist Church. Rev. S. H. BARNETT, Pastor. Sabbath services, 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.
Catholic Church. Rev. FATHER PILEZ, Pastor. Low Mass, 8 a. m.; High Mass, 10:30 a. m.
Congregational Church. Rev. W. H. HARRIS, Pastor. Sabbath services, 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.

BUSINESS CARDS.

- E. W. BARTHAM, Veterinary Surgeon. Graduated at the Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Canada.
Ladies' Hair Dressing. Misses HAYLES. No. 23 East Washington Street.
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HENRY R. HILL, Attorney at Law. Real Estate Broker, and Insurance Agent.
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THE ANN ARBOR Savings Bank.

Ann Arbor, Michigan. TRANSACTS GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS. CAPITAL, \$50,000. Organized under the General Banking Law of this State...

WINANS & BERRY. For the following reasons: 1st. Our work is first-class. 2d. Mr. Berry is the only dealer in the State who gives you a perfect fit without trying on.



ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, JULY 2, 1880. VOLUME XIX.—No. 26.

MAIDEN AND WEATHERCOCK.

By HENRY W. LONGFELLOW. Maiden on the village slope, Weathercock on the hill, Tell me, my love, from your perch, Above there, over the tower of the church, How the wind comes from the north.

GIVE HIM A LIFT.

Oh, him a lift don't need in prayer, Nor moan in his despair; The man is down, and his great need Is to be lifted up, and to be cared.

TOMMY'S ADVENTURE.

Tommy was standing on a creek, by the west window, watching his shadow on the glass with his tongue, when grandpa drove up with Dolly and the red wagon. Dolly was the horse, and she and grandpa had come to take Tommy out to the farm.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR AS COUNSEL FOR COLORED PEOPLE IN ABOLITION TESTS.

Chester A. Arthur, the republican nominee for vice-president, was admitted to the bar in 1850, and acquired a remunerative practice in New York.

Did any of Custer's Men Escape.

An insane veteran soldier, named Charles Emmelhut, was taken in charge by the city of Cincinnati the other day. He talked unceasingly, at times rather wildly, of the commercial justice of the substance of history.

Wisdom for Boys.

Do you wish to make your mark in the world? Do you wish to be a man? Then observe the following rules: 1. Observe God's laws. 2. Observe good manners.

GARFIELD AT MURFREESBORO. A Fair Trial of Strength.

Apparently the democratic party has learned something in the 16 years between the day when it declared the war a failure and the day when it nominated for the presidency a soldier who contributed much to the war's success. But the process in shrewdness has not been accompanied by an increase of shrewdness.

Got Their Clothes Mixed.

Mark Twain, in his new book, called Tramps Abroad, tells how a party of tourists got wet, and what they did when they came back to the hotel.

A Leap in the Dark.

Gen. Hancock, the union soldier, occupies a high place in the esteem of the republican party. This party cheered him when he was elected to the presidency in 1860.

The Difference.

What is the difference between a legal document and a card? One has clauses at the end of its clauses, and the other has clauses at the end of its clauses.

Calculating Machines.

About 100 calculating machines, says a foreign journal, are now sold annually from the French manufactory, the population of the instrument being of a quite gradual.

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STATE SIFTINGS.

Inlay City, 971. Coldwater, 461. Port Huron, 5,922 inhabitants. Port Huron is booming in a business line. Lonia has 4,173 inhabitants, a gain of 473.

AMONG OUR EXCHANGES.

Van Buren County Republican. 'The war is over, yet beneath the tide of war, it separates '80 from '65 an unaccountable rift and swells so as to be observed in the face of the people.

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REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.
FOR PRESIDENT—
JAMES A. GARRIETT, of Ohio.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT—
CHESTER A. ARTHUR, of New York.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A republican state convention to nominate candidates for state officers and electors for President and vice-president of the United States, and for the transaction of other business, will be held at the opera house in the city of Jackson at 11 o'clock a. m., on Thursday, August 1, 1880.

In accordance with a resolution adopted at Grand Rapids, May 18, 1876, every county will be entitled to one delegate for each 500 of the total vote cast for governor at the last state election (in 1878), and one additional delegate for every fraction of 300 votes, but each organized county will be entitled to at least one delegate.

Under a resolution of 1876 no delegate will be entitled to a seat who does not reside in the county he proposes to represent.

In accordance with a resolution adopted at a meeting of the state central committee at Detroit, June 25, 1880, the secretary of each county convention is requested to forward to the secretary of the state central committee by the earliest mail, after the delegates to the state convention are chosen, a certified list of such delegates as are entitled to sit in the state convention.

J. P. BALDWIN, Chairman.
Wm. Livingsstone, Jr., T. S. Applegate,
E. W. Cotton, J. R. Bickel,
J. O. Searl, J. M. Shepard,
E. G. D. Holden, W. S. George,
Charles D. Nelson, J. C. Phillips,
Edw. H. Wicks, W. N. Brown,
Edw. Hartnett, S. F. Bates.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.
W. R. Bates, Secretary.
Detroit, June 25, 1880.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A republican county convention to elect 10 delegates to the state convention to be held at Jackson, on Thursday August 6th, 1880, and to transact such other business as may properly come before it, will be held at the court house in the city of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday July 27, 1880, at 12 o'clock, m.

The several cities and townships will be entitled to delegates in the county convention as follows:

Ann Arbor City.....	Norfolk.....
Ann Arbor Town.....	Saline.....
East Ward.....	Sharon.....
West Ward.....	Sharon.....
Fourth Ward.....	Sharon.....
Fifth Ward.....	Sylvania.....
Sixth Ward.....	Sylvania.....
Ann Arbor.....	Sylvania.....
Beaumont.....	Sylvania.....
Charlestown.....	Sylvania.....
Dexter.....	Ypsilanti Town.....
Flynn.....	Ypsilanti Town.....
Liberty.....	Ypsilanti Town.....
Manitowish.....	Ypsilanti Town.....

Every member of the executive and county committee is requested to be present.

J. F. LAWRENCE, Chairman.
A. J. SAWYER, Secretary.
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:
C. R. Patton, Ypsilanti, Henry S. Dean, Ann Arbor, James L. Gilbert, Chelsea, county clerk.

REPUBLICAN POWER.

Should the republicans choose to take advantage of the power which is legally in their hands, they would have the states whose legislatures are now in their favor call the same together and choose the presidential electors as they manifestly have the right to do, instead of submitting the election to the people. There are now eighteen states that cast 198 electoral votes, only 185 of which are necessary to a choice of president, whose legislatures have a republican majority. These states are Colorado, Connecticut, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Wisconsin. These states are substantially republican, and will cast their votes next November for Garfield and Arthur, together with Indiana, California, Oregon, and New Jersey, with a fair prospect of the addition of Florida. But if the republicans felt at all doubtful of the result, and chose to adopt such a policy as did the democrats in Maine, they might take these electoral votes, and have an undisputed right to do so according to the laws of our country, while the democrats in Maine had not the shadow of law on their side in their attempts to override the will of the people. But such proceedings are not republican, and will not be taken. The people will settle this contest in a voice unmistakable.

WHERE HE GAINED HIS GLORY.

One would think by reading the democratic journals of today that the democratic party had always been the union party, and that the men whom they delight to glory in just now, are men who attained prominence through advocating their principles. But when you come to look the thing over it will be found to be far different.

For instance Gen. Hancock, the democratic candidate for president. Did he gain his prominence through carrying out any great principle or principle of the democratic party? Not much. He gained it by acting in union with the republican party and carrying out the republican policy and principles, when the democrats were tensively fighting over war measure. To be sure there were war democrats, and such we honor, but many of the party followed the lead of Vallandigham, of Ohio, "Breck" Pomeroy, and others of their ilk. They deny it now, and we don't blame them for being ashamed of it; but it is none the less true.

All the glory of their party as displayed in their presidential nominee, for whom they pretend so much love, was obtained by fighting in direct opposition to the principles of that party, and in support of the republican party.

One by one the principles on which they stood were killed and wiped out of existence by the success of the union arms. Slavery, states rights, and numerous other dogmas were crushed out of existence, and the 14th and 15th constitutional amendments forced over their heads. For upholding these principles, and fighting against those for whom they pretend so much love, was obtained by fighting in direct opposition to the principles of that party, and in support of the republican party.

It is said of Prof. Andrew D. White, president of Cornell university, and at present our minister to Germany, that during all the years he has so ably presided over that university he has never taken a cent as salary. Such generosity is so rare—in fact few literary men are sufficiently wealthy to allow of it—that it is worth recording.

The democrats pretend to rejoice greatly over the nomination of Hancock, but it is merely pretence, for he lacks the influence of "the barrel." What in the world are they to do without that? When their first wild spasms of excitement are over, and the loss of Tilden's barrel fully reaches their consciousness, there will be many mournful faces in their ranks.

The democrats forget something down at Cincinnati the other day. They should have incorporated a plank in their platform to this effect: That the elevation of any military man to the highest office in the gift of the people, was putting in imminent danger the great principles of civil liberty, as handed down to us from our fathers, and that we most earnestly protest against any such step as looking toward a military dictatorship.

NOTES EDITORIAL.

Milwaukee reports 118,313 as her population.

Chicago is struggling for 500,000 inhabitants.

S. T. 1880 X (tingued).—Mt. Clemens.

And is this the end of all my greatness?—TILDEN.

Hancock and French—no, Dutch—no,—what is his name?

Mr. Tilden can now step into private life, without further apologies.

Yesterday our Canadian neighbors celebrated Dominion Day.

"I was ever thus from childhood's hour, 'Tis seen my fondest hopes decay."

TILDEN.
Right to seven again. It takes eight letters to spell Garfield and seven to spell Hancock.

Come, gentlemen, tell us the truth about Mr. English's connection with the knights of the golden circle.

The candidates upon the republican ticket are both men of national reputation. No man had to ask who they were.

John Morton, son of the late Senator Morton, of Indiana, has been appointed collector of customs at San Francisco.

Was Wm. H. English—yes say that is his name—a prominent member of the knights of the golden circle during the war?

Poor old Samuel! His bid under the guise of a declaration was perverted and misconstrued by those stupid delegates at Cincinnati.

Gen. Winfield Scott once ran for president, and he was just about as successful as will be his illustrious namesake at the coming election.

Who is this man English whom the democrats have nominated for the vice-presidency? Tell us something about his record if he has one.

Kurios Koincidens: Arthur, the republican candidate for vice-president is a widower, and so is the English man on the democratic ticket.

The New York Tribune says that the democratic party is like the potato crop—the best part under ground, namely: Douglas, Jackson, Benton, Jefferson, etc.

Where's that warty of "fraud," which was to make every republican shiver in his boots, when uttered by an indignant Tilden during this campaign? Alas! 'tis vanished!

The democrats used to call Gen. Hancock one of "Lincoln's hirelings." He is one of the noblest, best, sweetest, smartest men, now that ever was. He isn't a "hireling" any more.

Mr. English was a war democrat, as timidly asserted by one or two democratic papers, which side of the war did he advocate? Was he in favor of the union army or the rebel army?

Gen. Garfield and Gen. Arthur were both in the war, fighting the battles of their country. Where was Mr. English during the war? Will some of our democratic exchanges please answer?

If Detroit census enumerators keep on correcting their lists they will foot up 115,000 inhabitants in that city inside the corporate limits. They lay claim to some 15,000 inhabitants outside, or in the suburbs.

With all their burling for Hancock, they fail to show up any of that gentleman's statesmanship. Do we want merely a military man for president who has no idea of the civic affairs of our government?

Skulking behind a union major general the rebel brigadiers hope to step into power unobserved. But however fair the mask, the same hideous face is beneath, and the people are not to be hoodwinked so easily.

Tilden, with all his faults, was generous with his barrel of money, while the new man nominated to succeed him in the barrel set is directly the reverse. They begin to regret their hasty action at Cincinnati, and change of performers.

One of the most prominent democrats in the country, Henry B. Payne, of Cleveland, is a personal friend of Gen. Garfield, and he says that the charges against him are not true. Also that he has great faith in Garfield's integrity and honor. Will democrats believe one of their own party?

The American rifle team won a splendid victory over the Irish team at Dollymound, Ireland, last Tuesday, the 29th, making a score of 1,292 out of a possible 1,350, and beating their competitors 12 points. A banquet was given the teams in the evening by the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Why facts are upon the hours when ever the name of Hancock is spoken. It is suggestive of hanging and killing rebels, an "unconstitutional act," according to their war record. Many of them propose to repeat their actions during the Greeley campaign, and stay at home from the polls.

The democrats are 'follies,' round that barrel! Of English's! but they don't find any bug hole. 'Tis a nigger up us just with iron grip hold of the faucon, and no money is to run out of it, even if the celebrated proselyter owner is defeated by the means.

Gen. John A. Sutter, the founder of Sacramento, California, and on whose farm on the Pacific coast the gold discovery was made which led to the rush California-ward in 1849, died recently at Littleton, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. Gen. Sutter was at one time enormously wealthy, but he died poor.

Gen. Grant was not fit for the presidency because he was a military man, but Hancock, you know is a civilian (?). The thing has suddenly changed around. There isn't any howling in democratic ranks about "the man on horseback" now or a military despotism. What a difference it makes in whose bull is being gored.

Senator Blaine is no skulker. The session of Congress at an end, he will take a month's recreation among the mountains of Virginia, and then enter upon the Maine tour, and then enter upon the Maine tour, and then enter upon the Maine tour.

That over, he will take a hand in Ohio, and work uninterruptedly until November, glad to go wherever his services may be in demand.

Gen. Grant denies the statement telegraphed over the country that he had withdrawn from the republican party, but says he shall give Garfield and Arthur a hearty support. The opposition have commended their lies so soon that they will have fertile brains if they don't "run empires" before the campaign is half through.

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There are plenty of precedents for the assaults on Gen. Garfield. Thomas Jefferson was called a red republican and an atheist, John Quincy Adams a bargainer and corruptionist, Van Buren a libertine, and Lincoln was stigmatized in terms too intolerable to repeat.

It is again rumored that Gen. Grant will be offered the presidency of the Nicaragua canal company, which has recently obtained concessions from the government of Nicaragua. The money to carry out the plan of the company will be subscribed by New York, Boston, and Philadelphia capitalists, many of who are personal friends of the ex-President.

The Chicago Times says: "The nomination of Gen. Hancock is a mistake, if not a blunder. He is not the man for leader of a political party in this or in any other political emergency." That expresses the situation in a nutshell. The sole claim made by the democracy is that Hancock is a military hero. We do not want a military leader, but a civil statesman.

Wm. H. English, candidate for vice-president on the democratic ticket, who is expected to furnish the sinews of war for the democracy during the present campaign, when he heard that Chicago was burned and thousands of people were starving and homeless, thrust his hand into his pocket, and magnanimously gave \$1 to aid the sufferers.—Lansing Republican.

We are glad to see the republicans who wandered off to the greenback heresies returning to the old fold again. The last one of prominence whom we have noticed was Hon. J. W. Begole of Flint, a member of the 43d Congress, who now announces his intention to support the republican ticket. He spoke at the recent Garfield and Arthur ratification meeting in his city.

Railroad torpedoes and open cisterns are running a race to see which can do the most mischief. The latter kills, while the former maims for life, and both do their work through careless or lazy people. Nearly every paper we read has an account of some child drowned, or a child or man hurt by the explosion of a railroad torpedo left by some person in a dangerous place.

Why don't the democrats hunt up that one lone and solitary member of the M. E. conference at Cincinnati, who with prophetic vision voted for Gen. Hancock for president? They ought to write his name in letters of living light on the infernal scroll of democratic fame, or something of that sort. Take him for Hancock's chief of staff to offset with his temperance principles his chief's convivial tastes.

Well, to start with, the republicans will concede the electoral votes of Mississippi, whose Chisholm died; South Carolina, whose Butler lives; Texas, the home of Calloope Hubbard, and a few other southern states, perhaps Kentucky included, to Hancock and English. Take them right along, there's no use of going through the formality of an election there. Tissue ballots and red shirt militia are too powerful to cope with.

The new government of England has put its foot into a trap the first thing, which the wily Beausolons was sharp enough to keep out of. The trouble comes from parliament not allowing one of its members, Bradlaugh, a noted infidel, to affirm, instead of taking the oath of office, which makes him say he believes in God. The government will probably back down on the point, as it is making a martyr of Bradlaugh.

Some of the most bitter attacks we have noticed upon Gen. Garfield have come through greenback papers. Now these papers had better go a little slow on one charge, that of salary grabbing, as Gen. B. F. Butler, whom they propose to elect as president in the event of their holding the balance of power, is not only the chiefest of all salary grabbers, but the author of the bill, which the charge as far as Garfield is concerned is a sheer fabrication.

In the north the democratic newspapers throw mud at the republican candidates; in the south the democratic voters throw ten eggs at republican speakers. A ratification meeting in Montgomery, Alabama, was broken up with arguments of this sort the other day. With vilification in one corner, the democratic campaign opens bravely. How about that free speech plank in their platform? Is it a lie and a delusion?

The editor of the Lake City Journal—sorry to be late, but for two years he has kept standing the picture of Gen. Grant at the head of his columns, with the legend: "For President in 1880, U. S. Grant." When his favorite by a few votes failed of the nomination, most every one looked for a graceful retreat, but they didn't know the man. Instead of any such move, he simply had the compositor remove the 0 and put a 4 in its place. He supports Garfield, however, and will probably be more enthusiastic as he gets warmed up in the campaign.

The Hon. Wm. Newton, of Flint, the gentleman who was chosen to the position of chairman of the temperance state central committee, is a very able man. Like Mr. Frazer, he had been a life-long democrat up to the time of the greenback movement, when he went into it and entirely and completely renounced allegiance to the democratic party. Now that the greenback party has so declined as to be out of the race, wouldn't it be well for Mr. Newton, like Mr. Frazer, to come over to the party which would respect and not sneer at his temperance principles.

Duane Doty, a resident of this county in his early years, and for several years superintendent of schools in Detroit, but for the past few years occupying a similar position in Chicago, was removed by the school board recently, who said he was too heavy on the details, and destroyed the efficiency of his teachers by keeping them employed too many hours on reports, examination papers, etc. Some of Michigan's school boards better investigate their superintendents on this same score. We know of teachers in Michigan schools who are employed on an average four or five hours a day, beside their regular duties, in this "detail business."

Gen. Bradley S. Johnson delivered the address at the dedication of the Confederate soldiers graves in Baltimore, and in his remarks said: "the cause which those men died to serve is to day as just, honest, and holy a cause as it was when they laid down their lives for it on the soil of Virginia. They were controlled by the principles which their fathers fought for in 1776. Without any omission from their own state, and lacking even theory to back them in lawful war, their devotion merits and they shall yet have a monument in the streets of Baltimore." He appealed to sympathizers with the rebellion to take charge of this matter, and see to it that it goes on with renewed activity.

Gen. Hancock first attracted the attention of the democracy when in command of Louisiana and Texas by an order that the military power should in all cases be subordinate to the civil. At that time the rebel's

hands were red with the blood of union soldiers, and the order has ever since been considered a mere bid for the nomination which he has at last succeeded in obtaining, for he did not faithfully carry out the order. The records show that aldermen, street commissioners, etc., in New Orleans were removed by his authority, and military men put in, in their stead. It was simply a political catch, and after many years it has caught.

The Chicago Tribune of a recent issue has this to say respecting a Michigan man and the future prospects: "Congressman Conger, of Michigan, one of the most prominent and capable men of our time, and who has served as chairman of the committee on credentials and on the floor of the senate, and as a member of the republican party, arrived in Chicago recently on his way to Ann Arbor, for a much needed period of rest and recuperation. He accompanied Gen. Garfield and was a witness to the republican victory at the convention in Chicago. Mr. Conger, having conversed with Senator Blaine on the subject, is inclined to state that the latter is entirely pleased with Garfield's nomination, and will go into the campaign and exercise his duties as a speaker to the utmost to assist in his election. Senator Cameron, who also traveled with the party as far as Alton, Ill., and who is well known to our countrymen, discussed campaign plans freely, and expressed his confidence in the republican victory in November. It is twelve years since the republican party was so thoroughly united as upon the presidential question."

Wednesday's Post and Tribune thus "give away" one of the Free Press straw: "The Free Press says a vote was taken on the steamer City of Detroit on her return from the excursion to Toledo last Friday, resulting in 76 for Hancock to 45 for Garfield. A gentleman who saw the process of taking the vote says it created considerable amusement on board. A Hancock man went ashore at Toledo and got pretty well filled up with Maudslowiak whisky. He was in a very befuddled condition on his return, and when he went about to take his vote as an individual, to play a practical joke on him, followed him about, and every few moments met him face to face. The inebriated Hancock-doodle-doo never recognized him, but asked him every time how he voted, and he voted every time for Hancock. At the close of the canvass he reported that he had voted 70 times, and in this way Hancock got 76 votes. The affair created great merriment on the boat. It is not known who sold the Free Press with the story."

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Gen. Bradley S. Johnson delivered the address at the dedication of the Confederate soldiers graves in Baltimore, and in his remarks said: "the cause which those men died to serve is to day as just, honest, and holy a cause as it was when they laid down their lives for it on the soil of Virginia. They were controlled by the principles which their fathers fought for in 1776. Without any omission from their own state, and lacking even theory to back them in lawful war, their devotion merits and they shall yet have a monument in the streets of Baltimore." He appealed to sympathizers with the rebellion to take charge of this matter, and see to it that it goes on with renewed activity.

Gen. Hancock first attracted the attention of the democracy when in command of Louisiana and Texas by an order that the military power should in all cases be subordinate to the civil. At that time the rebel's

years, have something of the feeling of Ulysses returning from his long wanderings to his beloved Ithaca, and finds new suitors wooing the fair Penelope, fearing that the young children around the mother's hearth. We came year by year to look in each other's faces, count each other's wrinkles and gray hairs. And I am glad to observe that neither wrinkles nor gray hairs, nor even the wrinkles and gray hairs, had been added to our gray hairs, and had been added to our wrinkles above the "timber line," we rejoice that the years have not given one silver thread to the glorious crown of our crown of gray hairs. These hairs, these wrinkles, bring to us memories that are the freshest and dearest of our lives: memories of aspirations that, alas! have never known fruition; of days that never were to end; of a linger with us like benedictions; memories of him who once was the guide and counselor of our beloved mother, and who was at once our inspiration and perfect example; that grand and manly man who now lives beyond the sea. Looking back upon the struggle of years, to the days spent in the studies of these years, and to know them to have been our halcyon days, the very June days of our lives. I know that I have revelled in those days, even at the foot of my class, and I can but believe that the boys at other west in the very fullness of joy. But above all the memories that come crowding through the gathered years, there rise to me the faces of those young heroes, who to the noble, high ideal of their lives in glorious soldiership for freedom. Ye heroic dead! Would that your voices could pierce the clear upper air, where so your immortal spirit permeate the mould that covers your brave hearts, that you might know that you are remembered here this day. For them Alma Mater weeps, and her grief we never know again. I have that faith in the munificence of the people of this grand commonwealth, that leads me to the belief that ere long there will be erected on these grounds a stately column of granite and marble, or some memorial that will fittingly commemorate their heroic valor. What can I say for you, particularly for you, the foster children of this university who come from other parts of the state, who have founded this institution, of the men who have cared for it, and who have pushed it on to the proud eminence it now occupies.

Prof. J. C. Woodward, Michigan, not only by your university, but by your school system, you have worthily achieved the high honor freely accorded you of standing first among all the commonwealths of the Union in knowledge on the largest and most liberal scale. The lofty dome of your university can be seen over the tops of your forests by the boys who plough the soil of Illinois, and by the girls who look through the kitchen window. It is an inspiration not only to your own children, but to the youth of the whole land. You have the heartfelt gratitude of a host of young men, who have grown up at four and workshops and parker of your royal bounty. And they, in part return, will give the "unborn" of your commonwealth and ever the fair fame of Michigan. Long and many be thy years Alma Mater, and may thy hour of departure never come. Enthroned in the affection of your state, and cherished by the love of your children, may you live forever.

County Items.
DEXTER. From the Dexter Leader.
Rev. L. P. Davis got arson out of his buggy Monday afternoon. He was considerably hurt but not laid aside.

Joseph Garrity is building him a fine new barn, as by Mr. Merrill also, both of Webster.

S. Gregory and John Tomsy went to Cincinnati and attended the democratic convention.

Joseph McGuinness lost a valuable horse by colic, on Wednesday, after 30 minutes sickness.

Rev. J. C. Worley will probably address the town club next evening.

C. D. Green night operator here, received a letter of promotion Wednesday, to Galesburg, as day operator. Good for Carl.

B. R. Reeve, Dennis Warner, L. P. Davis, Emanuel, Vinkle, Woster Hodgett, C. A. Clark and S. K. Wheeler attended the state temperance convention in Jackson, recently. Over 500 delegates were present.

CHELSEA. From the Herald.
At the M. E. parlance in Chelsea, June 20, by Rev. J. L. Hudson, Mr. Roman Cushman, of Lima, and Minnie Roddick, of Chelsea, were married.

An employee at the planing mill in this village named Conrad Hatzelwarrig, had four fingers cut off his right hand while working at the planing machine.

At the residence of the bride, at Wayne, Mich., June 22, 1880, by the Rev. Mr. Baskerville, Mr. John L. Letts, of Chelsea, and Mrs. A. G. Chase, of Wayne, were married.

There will be a grand picnic held at Parker's grove in Lima, on Saturday, July 3d. Wm. Dewop, of Chelsea, will be orator of the day. An invitation is extended to all.

Sunday, July 4th, will be the annual anniversary day at the Methodist church.

There are also four firms buying wool in Chelsea: Taylor Bros., R. Kempf, Durand & Hatch, and Gilbert & Crowell. The amount purchased up to this far has far exceeded the price of last year. The average price being paid was 34 cents.

We hear of a good may sleep being killed by dogs in this vicinity. About a week ago W. White, a farmer living one mile east of Chelsea, and a better or child, sleep killed and several wounded. Mr. White killed the dogs, and we hope every farmer will follow suit.

Children's day will be celebrated at the Methodist church next Sunday morning.

In the morning the children will be short addressed to the children, interspersed with singing by the school. In the evening the children will occupy the time in recitations, songs, etc.

The children's Sunday school exercises will close off at the Congregational church on Sunday last evening. The church was decorated with beautiful flowers, canary birds, etc. The children rendered their pieces to perfection and everything went off harmoniously to the delight of all present.

University Items.
Sunday afternoon the Baccalaureate sermon was delivered by Prof. D'Ooge.

By the exercises field day the athletic association cleared about \$100 and \$70.

The concert given Monday evening by the Choral Union was very poorly attended.

Fred M. Townsend of the junior class has secured a good position as city editor of the Battle Creek Daily Journal.

The reception by the University Senate Wednesday was largely attended and a very agreeable evening was passed by those present.

The board of regents have established a chair of music in the university, and appointed Calvin B. Cady, of Detroit, instructor, at a salary of \$300 per year.

An oration was delivered before the alumni of the Dexter high school last Saturday evening by David T. Wilcox of the class of '83, after which he was elected president of the association.

If the census man should make a tour of the city next week he would find about a thousand less persons in the city. They would have completed their year's work and have gone to graze in other pastures during the warm season. May they return next year with good health and fat purses.

The class that graduated yesterday from the Literary department numbered 64. They have chosen their professions as follows: law, 23; teaching, 15; undecided, 7; general business, 4; ministry, 4

The rain was so terrific last Sabbath that the streets were covered with a sheet of water, and the gutters made respectable rivers.

A letter from Mr. Orville E. Hoyt informs us he has purchased the Hammon-ton (N. J.) Republican. Hammon-ton is the county seat, and the Republican is the only official paper of the county.

The old landmark, on west Huron street, at the intersection of Allen's creek, known to fame as the Tripp, Allen & Price machine shop, has been raised to the ground.

The streets have been well filled with people this week, mostly graduates of the university, from abroad visiting the former scenes of their exploits, attending the alumni meeting, etc.

We have received from the art gallery of J. F. Ryder, 239 Superior street, Cleveland, Ohio, a fine lithographic picture of Gen. Garfield, representing him in three stages of his career, as "youth, soldier, and statesman."

There was no disappointment last Friday evening in the concert of the Beethoven Gesangverein, at Hill's opera house. It was fully up to expectation and a little in advance, if anything.

COMMERCIAL COURSE. Charles McNeil from John F. Hartman, William R. Price, Jacques M. Bault and Will-

ALUMNI MEETING. In the evening the annual reunion of the high school alumni occurred at the chapel of the high school and the exercises were of an enjoyable nature, which were followed by a banquet.

INDEPENDENCE DAY.

A MAMMOTH PROCESSION—MILES OF INDUSTRIAL CHARLOTS—GRAND CAVALCADE OF GENTLEMEN ON HORSEBACK.

Every thing bids fair for one of the grandest celebrations in the city of Ann Arbor to-morrow which has ever been seen in this section of country.

The president of the day will be ex Gov. Alpheus Phelps; orator Hon. Robert E. Frazer; chaplain Rev. W. H. Ryder; and marshal Joe T. Jacobs, with a large corps of assistants.

Very extensive arrangements are being made by our merchants, manufacturers and business men to represent their various branches of trade with industrial cars or chariots.

There will also be in the procession a grand cavalcade of gentlemen on horseback, representing the various states of our union, which will be a novel feature, and one worth seeing.

The different townships will vie with each other in the procession, and a beautiful American flag, costing \$25.00, will be presented to the township having the largest procession and making the best display.

Five bands of music will be present, one from Ypsilanti, one from Chelsea, one from Dexter, and two from Ann Arbor, making a regular band tournament upon the occasion.

In the evening the day's festivities will be concluded with one of the most magnificent displays of fire-works ever seen in the country.

Chas. B. Crampton, of Flint, graduate in the pharmacy class of '71, was in the city this week in attendance upon commencement exercises.

Dr. and Mrs. C. H. Stowell leave for the east immediately after commencement. They spend two weeks of their vacation at the summer schools at Cambridge.

Rev. C. T. Oxtoby, of East Saginaw, occupied the pulpit of the Presbyterian church last Sunday both morning and evening.

The bad weather last Sabbath was the means of breaking up the Diabolo meeting but the boys out there are plucky and intend to try in over again.

The boys have been making an effort to purchase the large tent, capable of holding some 2,000 people, of Col. Fisk, which would be an excellent investment if it could be purchased.

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Over some of the officers there was a lively contest, but all was taken in good part, and showed that there was much interest in the organization. The following was the successful ticket:

President—John Schumacher, vice-president—Chas. M. Jones, secretary—Geo. Wood, treasurer—Wm. Compand, sergeant-at-arms—Wm. Compand, chaplain—Wm. Compand, delegate—Wm. Compand.

It was resolved to give up the rooms in the opera house, and the second story of the store next south of the opera house owned by S. P. Jewett, was rented for the coming year.

THE TORRENT OF RAIN WHICH descended last Friday, between one and two o'clock, came just in time to be present at the closing of the high school commencement exercises at the Presbyterian church.

LOCAL.

Court will convene Tuesday next at nine o'clock a. m.

Mr. Isbell is erecting a new residence on West Huron street.

A new billiard room has been opened upon the Chandler house.

A dividend of six per cent. has been declared by the First National bank.

The Vigilant hose company, No. 2, has a fine new uniform, in which they look neat.

The ladies mentioned as being injured in the lower town runaway accident are recovering.

The meetings of the juvenile temperance union are to be discontinued until after the heated term.

An exhibition on the tight rope by the Davenport Bros. will be one of the attractions to-morrow.

A monument is to be erected by the Catholics of this city, in memory of their lamented priest, Father Van Eyr.

Look out for the electric light to-morrow evening, which will be on hand under the supervision of Prof. Langley.

It costs \$11.00 for a car load of wood now on which it formerly cost \$3.00, and the consumers have a face to the bill.

There will be a dance at the Army hall to-morrow afternoon and evening, for which music will be furnished by Lang's orchestra.

Rev. C. Golder, the former pastor of the German M. E. church of this city, will occupy his old pulpit Sunday of next week, the 11th.

The Baumgartner Bros. have rented the entire first floor of the Binder store, and are to occupy the same August 1st, or thereafter.

The heavy rains of the fore part of the week have lodged grain considerably in this section, and bothered the farmers about securing the hay crop.

The house on Liberty street, owned by Mr. Brown, of Jackson, and known as the Gilmore property, has been purchased by Miss Florence Hason, for \$2,300.

A change of time in the table of the Toledo, Ann Arbor & Northern railroad will be found in its proper place, also of the opening and closing of the mails.

Ex-Gov. English, of Connecticut, was nominated for vice-president—Manchester Enterprise. Guess not. Put on your "specs" and look again, Bro. Blosser.

The regular monthly meeting of the homeopathic hospital and association will be held in the parlour of the hospital building on Thursday, July 5th, at three o'clock.

A horse of Capt. Mansfield, on Division street, last Monday attempted to jump a picket fence, and landed on top of the same, much to the detriment of the equine.

Don't forget that you can come to Ann Arbor's great celebration to-morrow at excursion rates on all the railroads. It will be one of the biggest sights ever seen in the country.

The barn of Michael Weimann, in the rear of his market at the corner of Fifth and Washington streets, which was the object of so much incendiary last spring, has been repaired.

A brick building is to be erected in the rear of the drug store of Eberbach & Son, on the 12th of April, which gave Main street such a close call.

For some reason not known to the writer, Father Walsh, of Detroit, was unable to present last Sunday night at St. Thomas' church, to deliver the temperance lecture for which he was advertised.

New sidewalks have been put down in front of L. Granger's store, and also in front of Jas. B. Gots' building, corner of Main and Huron sts. For which the pedestrian public return thanks.

The census enumerator, for the first and second wards, in revising his lists makes the inhabitants of the first ward 1,928, and the second ward 1,340, total of 3,268, instead of 3,258 as published last week.

Protection hose have been practicing lately and have made time which will be hard to beat, if they can only repeat it at Battle Creek to-morrow, where they go to compete for a prize, and help celebrate the 4th.

Highway Commissioner H. K. White, has built a bridge across Fishing creek at Hawkins' saw mill, in Ann Arbor town. It cost \$240, with stone abutments four feet thick. The builders are Wm. Braun and Wm. Parker, of Ann Arbor town.

The Williams' professional endowment fund has reached the sum of \$27,365, with \$2,113.10 paid in, which is in bank, bonds and mortgages. Considerable attention is reported by failure, death and removal of subscribers. Over \$1,000 was paid Prof. Williams this year.

Last Tuesday night a couple of wags thought to play a practical joke on Chief Johnson, so they stuffed some extra clothes they had with straw to represent a man, which they deposited in a reclining position on the sidewalk, and then got a small boy to go for the chief of police, telling him there was a drunken man to arrest.

He came in good faith, and twigg the "good" look of the clothes, which were pretty good ones, and made the boy divulge the names of the jokers, who were marched up before a Justice Wednesday and had to pay \$5.34 for their little joke besides losing their clothes. The boys will probably learn that the stern hand of justice is not a joke.

Personal Notes. J. D. Irish has lived in his present residence 44 years. Next, W. W. Bliss and wife spent last Sunday in Toledo, visiting friends.

J. H. Peebles has been spending a few days at his old home, Howell. A. McHenry, Esq., and family are to visit Cleveland the coming week. Mrs. Josie P. Fall, of Montreal, is visiting her father, S. P. Jewett, Esq., on West Huron st.

Edward Hill, of Detroit, will spend the summer vacation with his uncle Gilbert Bliss, in this city.

Capt. E. P. Allen, of Ypsilanti, was in the city yesterday, in attendance upon commencement exercises.

Prof. W. H. Payne delivered the graduating address at the Eaton Rapids high school closing exercises last Friday. Judge Harriman left last Friday for Maine, where he intends to remain two or three weeks, visiting his aged parents.

Prof. Delos Fall, of Albion college, accompanied by Prof. Welch of the same institution, are the guests of Chas. S. Fall, of this city.

Henry W. Hyatt, an old resident of this place, but for the past year of Cadillac, Westford Co., returned to the city last week for a visit.

H. M. Slawson, class of '78, who has been teaching at Calumet, Lake Superior, for two years, attended the alumni meeting this week.

Chas. B. Crampton, of Flint, graduate in the pharmacy class of '71, was in the city this week in attendance upon commencement exercises.

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Rev. C. T. Oxtoby, of East Saginaw, occupied the pulpit of the Presbyterian church last Sunday both morning and evening. Both efforts are highly spoken of.

W. F. Griffith, class of '77, and S. D. Whalen, both of Howell, the latter one of the prominent business men of that place, were in attendance upon the alumni meeting last Wednesday.

Michael J. Fleming will speak at the opera house next Sabbath afternoon, July 4th.

At the meeting in the opera house basement last Sabbath evening Prof. O'Leary and Dr. Haskell spoke, and also Prof. Eslinger.

Prof. Wilson and John Schumacher went to Webster school last Sunday and had an excellent meeting notwithstanding the rain.

The bad weather last Sabbath was the means of breaking up the Diabolo meeting but the boys out there are plucky and intend to try in over again.

The boys have been making an effort to purchase the large tent, capable of holding some 2,000 people, of Col. Fisk, which would be an excellent investment if it could be purchased.

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THE DEMOCRATIC RATIFICATION.

Lots of Chaff, But no Wheat.

The democrats upon the reception of the news of their nominations determined to ratify, but some of the older heads observed the general apathy of the people, though they would be discreet to wait until Saturday.

The first and main reason for delay was to talk up among the faithful the good qualities of their presidential candidate, and explain away his union record to the terrified who still cling to anti-slavery and anti-union sentiments.

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Let the consequences be what they may, and so bid defiance to his imaginary foes. P. S.—Had he evidently been reading of the Chisholm or some southern massacres of republicans for political causes, and imagined he was down south. He was going to help wipe out the great fraud on Sammy, and rebuke Hayes' usurpation; he had read a part of the famous order of Gen. Hancock and thought denoted statesmanship, etc., etc.

The speaker made some points, but it took the democratic portion of the audience so long to get it through their heads that he would sometimes get into the middle of a new sentence before cheering would commence, which was considerably embarrassing.

He proposed at some future time to vindicate on the stump this, his last chance in politics. At the close of his speech the band was signalled for music, after which the elephantine office seeker of two parties, known to the public as

was called upon. He had come there purposely to make a speech, and had that especial object in view when he left home—but he intended to be brief—(he was brief—one hour or so.) He said the democrats had a difficult problem to solve in making their nomination, it was a hard job, but still all democrats expected Hancock would be nominated. Then he went on to tell who Hancock was; a military man; in the saddle all his life; with no claims on statesmanship; a statesman wasn't needed in the presidential chair.

English was from Indiana; had commenced life as a department clerk in Indiana, was next in the legislature of his state, then speaker of the Indiana house, then sent to congress, then regent of the Smithsonian institute at Washington, then a business man who had accumulated \$2,000,000 in the banking business in Indianapolis (remembered does an allusion to the barrel). English was not a Knight of the Golden Circle, which organization wasn't a very bad one anyway.

It was Senator McDonald who figured as head of that organization. He called the ticket a strong one for several reasons, the first on account of his location, next because the people were tired of republican administrations and wanted a change—which was new to the people—and several minor reasons. Referred to corruption in all on the democratic attempt to steal the government of Maine. Went into raptures over the respectability of the ticket, and its being true to the country, leaving a doubt in the minds of the hearers as to all democratic being true to their country. Referred to the solid south, and said the colored men and republicans were allowed to vote there, else why did three of the southern states cast their electoral votes for Rutherford B. Hayes? Here the speaker neglected to state the reason, which was because those three states were at that time under republican rule, and the republican voters protected by republican officers at the peril of their lives.

As to the democratic party being the whiskey party, he didn't care. There were men in the party who drank, but there were those in the opposite party who did the same thing; whether they did drink or not didn't make any difference with principles. He happened to say that Hayes' administration was an excellent administration, which assertion was heartily applauded. He held up the bugbear of a strong government; said Garfield didn't represent anything in the republican party, he did not go into the convention as a candidate; that he had no friends financially; no wire pullers to help manipulate the machine, and was poor and friendless generally. He started several times to close his speech but it seemed to be as difficult for him to stop talking as it would be to stop an alarm on a clock when it commences to run down.

So he commenced again, and said that a southern man would be an ingrate and a fool if he voted the republican ticket; which assertion was entirely unnecessary as all know it to be so considered down there. After continuing his brief speech until the audience were very tired, he closed by quoting what he ascribed originally to Hancock, "forward, forward, for God's sake forward!" which most of the audience took for granted was a hint to leave, and many of them left.

The next person called upon was CHAS. H. MANLY, the present register of deeds, who made really the best speech of the evening. Said he had cast his first vote for a certain candidate—meaning McClellan—and had been called a one-armed rebel therefor; that he had fought 18 years in the minority, but now thought he saw a ray of light ahead, for he believed that Hancock and English would be elected; referred to Hancock's timely appearance at Malvern Hill, and how like angels his legions looked to the tired soldiers pressed on all sides.

He then spoke of one who had left their ranks and joined the republicans—meaning Mr. Frazer—how he had stood by his side in every school house in the county battling against the overwhelming republican hosts; and how sorry he was to part company with him. He thought the gentleman had left too soon, just on the eve of victory, and that he would be battling in the minority 18 years longer. We didn't exactly understand the meaning of the closing sentences, which was that he looked forward to a grand triumph for Hancock and English, and that with the victory he, too, (the speaker) should go.

One noticeable feature was the great trouble the speakers had in speaking the name of Gen. Hancock. It showed they were not familiar with it, for they would say Gen. Scott sometimes, and then "Winfield Hancock" and Scott Hancock, and various other ways. They will probably be more familiar with it as the campaign progresses.

The meeting then adjourned. In all candor it was far inferior to the republican ratification meeting, both in point of numbers, in point of enthusiasm, and in the efforts of the speakers. There was a noticeable absence among the latter of the prominent men of the city, and there was not a professor or literary man, or hardly a prominent business man, present. The conspicuous absence of such men may denote victory and a healthy condition of the democratic party, but we doubt it.

The following figures in relation to this township were obtained by the census enumerator, Mr. R. H. Marsh:

No. of inhabitants.....1,927 No. in Saline village.....250 No. in farm village.....50 No. of births.....20 No. of deaths.....15 No. of manufacturing establishments.....21 No. of retail manuf. establishments.....2 No. of retail manuf. establishments.....2 No. of retail manuf. establishments.....2 No. of retail manuf. establishments.....2 No. of retail manuf. establishments.....2

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WONDERFUL ATTRACTIONS

AT THE

STAR CLOTHING HOUSE

LIGHT WEIGHT SUITS FOR MEN, YOUTHS, AND BOYS.

Owing to the present extreme depression in the eastern market I have made heavy purchases recently at much less than real value and can give my customers remarkable bargains in all lines.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF ALPACA COATS,

Linen and Mohair Dusters, Marseilles and Duck Vests, Linen Pants, &c., in regular and extra sizes. Be sure and find the STAR for first-class goods and low prices.

A. L. NOBLE.

NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS. WINES & GORDEN DRESS GOODS. TRIMMINGS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, ETC., ETC.

Direct from Manufacturers and Importers. No charge for showing goods.

NO. 20 SOUTH MAIN ST., ANN ARBOR.

FOR SALE. I have a good, well-built horse and lot, situated on Elizabeth street, No. 15. There is a good barn and wood-shed on the place. The property is now in the best of repair. Terms very liberal. Apply to

FOR SALE. I have a good FLOURING MILL of four run of stone, that I will sell or exchange for property in Washtenaw County.

FOR SALE. I have a farm of 100 acres in the western part of the State, valued at \$6,000, which I will exchange for Ann Arbor City property.

FOR SALE. I have just graduated from the Conservatory of Music at Stuttgart, Germany, where he received a thorough education and instruction in the latest methods of teaching music, in no prepared to give

J. A. POLEMUS' LIVERY STABLE. The best and most extensive in the city.

HACK AND BUS LINE. Running all times night and day. ONLY LINE WHICH RUNS TO NIGHT TRAINS.

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