The Ann Arbor Courier.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,

Has a Large Circulation among Merchants, Mechanics, Manufacturers, Farmers, and Families generally.

Very Desirable Medium for Advertisers.

RICE A. BEAL, PROPRIETOR,
JUNIUS E. BEAL, EDITOR.

TERMS: $1.00 PER YEAR; SINGLE COPIES 5 CENTS.

Entered at the Ann Arbor Post office as second class mail matter.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Cheaper than at Any Other House in the West.

Office-Nos. 41 and 43 North Main Street.

VOLUME XXII.--NO. 30. ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, JULY 27, 1883. WHOLE NUMBER, 1153.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WILLIAM BIGGS,
BUILDER.
SHOP:
CORNER CHURCH AND ORLEANS ST.
Ann Arbor.

W. H. JACKSON,
DENTIST,
OFFICE:
Over Bach & Abel's.
Entrance by First National Bank. 732tf

WILLIAM HERZ.
House, Sign, Ornamental and
FRESCO PAINTER.
Papering, Glazing Gilding, and Calcimining and work of every description done in the best style and warranted to give satisfaction.
SHOP, NO. 4 WEST WASHINGTON ST.
Ann Arbor, Michigan. 638tf

C. SCHAEBERLE,
Residence, 57 South Main Street.
TEACHER OF
Piano, Violin and Theory of Music.
Instructions given on plan of the Royal Conservatory of Music at Leipsic, Saxony.

FRED BAMFORD & CO.,
FRESCO ARTISTS.
Dealers in Fine Wall Papers, Leather Papers, LINCRUSTA, Paper Ceiling, Decorations, Store Shades, Decorative Picture Mouldings and Centres. Estimates given and designs submitted for Frescoing and Paper Decorations.
255 Jefferson Ave., DETROIT, Mich.

WILLIAM W. NICHOLS
DENTIST!
Has Removed To His
NEW DENTAL ROOMS
Over Joe T. Jacobs' Store. 563tf

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS
PRINTED ON SHORT NOTICE
—AT THE—
COURIER JOB ROOMS.
Book-binding quickly done and all programs, invitations, and cards tastefully printed.

L. SUTER,
BOILER MAKER,
Has opened a shop for
Building and Repairing Boilers
Of every description, Stationary, Portable, Threshing Machine Boilers, and every variety of work known to the trade.
Estimates furnished for New Boilers on short notice.
Shop Cor. Main and Catharine Sts.,
Opposite Courier Office.

J. BERRY,
The Practical
TAILOR & CUTTER,
Of the late firm of WINANS & BERRY, has located his place of business at
No. 7 HURON STREET,
With a full line of
SUITINGS AND TROUSERINGS,
And would say to his old friends and new ones that if they want a Good Fit and a Nobby Fit at Reasonable Prices, call on him and they will be sure to get one.

DEAN, GODFREY & CO.,
PAINTERS,
—AND—
DECORATORS,
167 & 169 Griswold St., Detroit.
Fine Paper Hangings.
Elegant Ceiling Decorations.
Fine Friezes in all Widths.
House Shades and Rollers.
A large variety of room moulding and hooks.
FRESCO PAINTING.
We make a specialty of Store Shades and we will furnish estimates and samples of colors on application. Shades fitted to roll from top or bottom of the window on Stationery or Traveling rollers. Will furnish Opaque shading to the trade cut to measur

THE ANN ARBOR
Savings Bank,
ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN.
Transacts General Banking Business.
CAPITAL, $50,000.
Organized under the General Banking Law of this State, the stockholders are individually liable for an additional amount equal to the stock held by them, thereby creating a Guarantee Fund for the benefit of Depositors of
$100,000.00.
Three per cent. interest is allowed on all Savings Deposits of one dollar and upwards, according to the rules of the Bank and interest compounded semi-annually. Money to Loan on unincumbered real estate and other good security.
DIRECTORS—Christian Mack, W. W. Wines, R. A. Beal, William Deubel, William D. Harriman, Daniel Hiscock, and Willard B. Smith.
OFFICERS.
CHRISTIAN MACK, Pres. | W. W. WINES, Vice-Pres.
URIAH HISCOCK, Cashier. [915-966

DARBYS
PROPHYLACTIC FLUID.
A Household Article for Universal Family Use.
Eradicates MALARIA.
For Scarlet and Typhoid Fevers, Diphtheria, Salivation, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Small Pox, Measles, and all Contagious Diseases. Persons waiting on the Sick should use it freely. Scarlet Fever has never been known to spread where the Fluid was used. Yellow Fever has been cured with it after black vomit had taken place. The worst cases of Diphtheria yield to it.
Fevered and Sick Persons refreshed and Bed Sores prevented by bathing with Darbys Fluid.
Impure Air made harmless and purified.
For Sore Throat it is a sure cure.
Contagion destroyed.
For Frosted Feet, Chilblains, Piles, Chafings, etc.
Rheumatism cured.
Soft White Complexions secured by its use.
Ship Fever prevented.
To purify the Breath, Cleanse the Teeth, it can't be surpassed.
Catarrh relieved and cured.
Erysipelas cured.
Burns relieved instantly.
Scars prevented.
Dysentery cured.
Wounds healed rapidly.
Scurvy cured.
An Antidote for Animal or Vegetable Poisons, Stings, etc.
I used the Fluid during our present affliction with Scarlet Fever with decided advantage. It is indispensable to the sick-room.—WM. F. SANDFORD, Eyrie, Ala.
SMALL-POX and PITTING of Small Pox PREVENTED
A member of my family was taken with Small-pox. I used the Fluid; the patient was not delirious, was not pitted, and was about the house again in three weeks, and no others had it.—J. W. PARKINSON, Philadelphia.
Diphtheria Prevented.
The physicians here use Darbys Fluid very successfully in the treatment of Diphtheria. A. STOLLENWERCK, Greensboro, Ala.
Tetter dried up.
Cholera prevented.
Ulcers purified and healed.
In cases of Death it should be used about the corpse—it will prevent any unpleasant smell.
The eminent Physician, J. MARION SIMS, M. D., New York, says: "I am convinced Prof. Darbys Prophylactic Fluid is a valuable disinfectant."
Scarlet Fever Cured.
Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tenn.
I testify to the most excellent qualities of Prof. Darbys Prophylactic Fluid. As a disinfectant and detergent it is both theoretically and practically superior to any preparation with which I am acquainted.—N. T. LUPTON, Prof. Chemistry.
Darbys Fluid is Recommended by
Hon. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS, of Georgia; Rev. CHAS. F. DEEMS, D.D., Church of the Strangers, N. Y.; Jos. LECONTE, Columbia, Prof., University, S.C. Rev. A. J. BATTLE, Prof., Mercer University; Rev. GEO. F. PIERCE, Bishop M. E. Church.
INDISPENSABLE TO EVERY HOME.
Perfectly harmless. Used internally or externally for Man or Beast.
The Fluid has been thoroughly tested, and we have abundant evidence that it has done everything here claimed. For fuller information get of your Druggist a pamphlet or send to the proprietors,
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
Manufacturing Chemists, PHILADELPHIA

SAMARITAN NERVINE NEVER FAILS.
"You claim too much for SAMARITAN NERVINE," says a skeptic. "How can one medicine be a specific for Epilepsy, Dyspepsia, Alcoholism, Opium Eating, Rheumatism, Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, and fifty other complaints?" We claim it a *specific*, simply, because the virus of all diseases arises from the blood. Its Nervine, Resolvent, Alterative and Laxative properties meet all the conditions herein referred to. It's known *world wide* as
THE GREAT
NERVE CONQUEROR
It quiets and composes the patient—not by the introduction of opiates and drastic cathartics, but by the restoration of activity to the stomach and nervous system, whereby the brain is relieved of morbid fancies, which are created by the causes above referred to.
To Clergymen, Lawyers, Literary men, Merchants, Bankers, Ladies and all those whose sedentary employment causes nervous prostration, irregularities of the blood, stomach, bowels or kidneys or who require a nerve tonic, appetizer or stimulant, SAMARITAN NERVINE is invaluable. Thousands proclaim it the most wonderful invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system. $1.50. Sold by all Druggists. (14)
For testimonials and circulars send stamp.
THE DR. S. A. RICHMOND MED. CO., PROP'S., ST. JOSEPH, MO.

HALL'S
Catarrh Cure
Is Recommended by Physicians!
$100 REWARD FOR A CASE IT FAILS TO CURE
We manufacture and sell it with a positive guarantee that it will cure any case, and we will forfeit the above amount if it fails in a single instance.
It is unlike any other Catarrh remedy, as it is taken internally, acting upon the blood. If you are troubled with this distressing disease, ask your Druggist for it, and accept no imitation or substitute. If he has not got it, send to us and we will forward immediately. Price, 75 cents per bottle.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
1182-1183 For sale by Eberbach & Son

AYER'S
Ague Cure
contains an antidote for all malarial disorders which, so far as known, is used in no other remedy. It contains no Quinine, nor any mineral nor deleterious substance whatever, and consequently produces no injurious effect upon the constitution, but leaves the system as healthy as it was before the attack.
WE WARRANT AYER'S AGUE CURE
to cure every case of Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, and Liver Complaint caused by malaria. In case of failure, after due trial, dealers are authorized, by our circular dated July 1st, 1882, to refund the money.
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

MICHIGAN.

STATE NEWS

Bay View camp meeting begins July 24.

Oscar Ruple, late of South Bend, Ind., recently rented a planing mill at Cassopolis, and a few days later lost the fingers of his left hand by a saw in the mill. Postmaster Nelson, of Cassopolis, lost a hand and eye in the same mill some time ago.

David Parker, a prominent and well known farmer of this county dropped dead of apoplexy at Richfield the other day on his farm, where he had lived for 50 years past.

Saginaw Courier: The Rev. David Hoag, known in Kochville and Freeland, and recently in this city, plead guilty in Justice Brenner's court, Saginaw City, Tuesday, to whipping his wife. It seems that recently there was a donation given him in Freedland, when he received about $62. He had to give vent to his jubilant spirits in some way and therefore indulged in a little wife beating. Some of the neighbors of the unfortunate woman did a little missionary work and succeeded in so far enlightening her as to make her see her duty to herself, which led her to make a complaint against her husband. The state will endeavor to play missionary to him for the next 90 days at Ionia.

An aged man named Stuart, was run over by a freight train at Marengo.

Dr. E. C. Franklin has tendered his resignation as professor of surgery in the homeopathic department of the University. Resignation accepted.

The Coldwater National bank was robbed of a box of valuable jewelry, the property of the Hon. Henry C. Lewis, president of the bank in an exceedingly bold manner, a few days ago. The cashier was alone in the bank at the time and was occupied with a party, while another party entered the rear door and stole inside the counter and into the vault. In his retreat he made a slight noise which the cashier noticed, when the party with whom he was engaged slipped out suddenly, leaving about $50 in the bank. The two men were soon joined by a third, when all three left in a buggy. Citizens and officers followed in hot pursuit and headed them off, but being poorly armed, the pursuers were bullied by the robbers, who then got considerable start. The reserve funds of the bank were untouched, as also was all the money on the counters. The robbers had not been captured at least accounts.

The St. Ignace News says that the loss by the fire at the Vulcan furnaces, Newberry, will aggregate $150,000, and will throw 150 men temporarily out of employment.

The races of the Central Michigan circuit occur at Charlotte, August 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th. Purses to the amount of $2,300 will be offered, and the events of the four days will include trotting, pacing and running, and a fine field of horses will be present to participate.

Battle Creek has a population of about 12,000, and mourns because the city has no system of public water works.

The Michigan agricultural college was organized in 1855, and was the first institution of its kind in the United States.

A team belonging to one J. C. Ingram of St. Joseph, took fright and ran away, throwing the occupants out of the buggy to the sidewalk and killing Mrs. Ingram. A fracture of the base of the brain caused her death.

Two employes of the Mutual Union telegraph company were arrested in Hudson for cutting shade trees while trimming about the lines.

Saginaw is talking about building a city hospital.

A new company to manufacture what they call diamond wall finish of plaster of paris, has been organized in Grand Rapids.

Work on the northern asylum for the insane at Traverse City is being pushed forward with commendable energy. It is to be the same as the original size of the eastern asylum at Pontiac and will require between three to four years in which to complete it. The elevated and truly beautiful spot of ground it occupies, the abundance of pure fresh water and the unobstructed view of the beautiful bay will have a strong tendency to restore to its inmates a sane and healthy mental condition if anything in this world can.

The remains of Dr. H. M. Purinton, who died in Detroit a few days ago, were buried in Oakwood cemetry at Adrain. Services were held in the Broad street Baptist church. Deceased was widely known in the west, having for 25 years visited a large circuit as a traveling physician. Failing health and heavy property losses caused his removal to Detroit some months ago.

A large brick tower being built at the water works in Flint fell while several men were at work on it, injuring Christian Howell fatally and several other workmen more or less seriously. The tower was about 50 feet high and the falling was caused by the foundation settling. All the workmen would have been killed but for the staging, to which most of them clung. The loss will be considerable to the water works company.

The heaviest rain storm that has visited that section for 20 years struck Grand Rapids at an early hour a few mornings ago, and continued for about three hours, accompanied the greater part of the time by the most terrific thunder and lightning. Another similar storm set in about 7 o'clock in the evening. The rain fell in perfect sheets and the electric display was frightful. Washouts are reported on nearly all roads. Two barns in the north part of the county, near Belmont, were struck by lightning and burned.

Enos Canniff, a resident of Hudson has been appointed to the position of a railway postal clerk on one of the western roads. His run will be from Grange, Wyoming, to Shoshone, Idaho.

The body of an unknown man was found on the beach near Bowser's landing, between Petoskey and Harbor Springs. His skull was crushed in and he was stripped of all clothing except a woolen shirt, which was well loaded with stone. He was a stout looking man, apparently about 25 years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches high, and had light blue eyes, sandy hair and mustache. The general supposition is that he was off a schooner which loaded bark there a few days ago and was murdered by his comrades and thrown overboard.

Frank Brown a young man who has been attending the college at Battle Creek, is reported insane on religious subjects. His home is in Shiawassee county.

Wm. Hammell, residing near Nashville, Barry county, was cutting grass with a mowing machine when the machine clogged, and he ordered his little son Fred, aged 7, to go in front of the knives and pull out the obstruction. The horses started and the boy was caught and crippled for life, his right foot being terribly mangled.

Hudson boasts of the fact that nearly 150,000 pounds of wool was purchased at that place this season.

Far-away Rome makes the first offering of a permanent gift to the Detroit, art loan exhibition, the Pope having contributed a painting, with his blessing.

John J. Clarkson a Jackson county pioneer is dead.

The wheat crop of Lenawee county is said to be the largest harvested in that county for several years.

One of the attractive features of the state fair to be held in Detroit in September will be a competitive militia drill, for which the agricultural society offers money prizes to the amount of $800.

Several localities in this state were visited by unusually severe storms Sunday and Monday the 22d and 23d inst., from which great damage to property was caused. The town of Onondaga, in Ingham county, was almost swept away, and a lady named Hurtley was killed outright there.

A man named Herman Koch, of Detroit, was shot in his own door by his next door neighbor, Julius Restau. The murder is the result of a series of petty quarrels between the two families.

The Flint Citizen makes affidavit that a horse hitched to a post in that city stooped and bit an unsuspecting dog's tail close off at one nip, the astonished dog seeking his master with agonizep yelps, while the horse indulged in a horse laugh.

Grand Rapids was visited by another storm on the 23d, and the city presented a sorry spectacle. Many of the streets were literally filled with limbs and branches of trees. Sidewalks were taken up by the wind and carried into the street. Several roofs were torn off and numerous houses were lifted completely from their foundations and dropped without doing much damage. Portions of territory on the west side of the river are badly under water, and a large amount of damage has been done over and above that specified.

Frank Cobb, who murdered his little brother near Kalamazoo several months ago, has been declared insane, and sent to the asylum.

The body of a young man supposed to be William Quade was found on the railroad track just outside of Flint. The only mark found was a deep gash on the head.

Michigan State Teachers' Institute--Summer and Autumn Series, 1883.

The following shows the dates at which the State Teachers' Institute will begin in the several places named:

Harrison, July 30; Cassopolis, Charlevoix, Tecumseh, Wyandotte, August 6; Benton Harbor, Bronson, Cheboygan, Fentonville, Leland, August 13; Ovid, Charlotte, Harbor Springs, Hillsdale, East Tawas, Mt. Pleasant, Kalkaska, Mt. Clemens, Pontiac, Ontonagon, Chesaning, Sturgis, August 20; Allegan, Hastings, Traverse City, Ithaca, Calumet, Bad Axe, Grass Lake, Howell, Marquette, Ludington, Big Rapids, Menominee, Midland, Monroe, Stanton, Marine City, Caro, Lawrence, Saline, August 27; Alpena, September 3; Mancelona, Frankfort, Schoolcraft, September 10; Chase, September 17; Evart, Vernon, October 8; Harrisville, Freemont, Shelby, October 15; Escanaba, October 22; Ionia, October 29.

Storms in Michigan.

A series of storms have swept over various parts of the state in the last few days, which for the amount of damage done and the destruction accomplished are unprecedented in the memory of the "oldest inhabitant." In Grand Rapids trees innumerable in all parts of the city were uprooted, and torn houses and buildings were unroofed, fences and bill boards were dashed to the ground, smokestacks leveled, chimneys sent flying, awnings torn into shreds, outhouses knocked over, and even sidewalks were lifted bodily from the ground and carried into the streets. During the prevalence of the hurricane the rain fell in torrents and the electric fluid darted around with so much promiscuousness as to be really terrible. During the storms much damage was done in all parts of the city, and several residences and barns were struck by the lightning. In portions of the city near the river wells, cisterns, cellars and privy vaults are all filled to the top with water, and when the floods recede the probabilities are that the contents of the various places will be very generally mixed. It is feared much illness will prevail.

Reports from out-laying townships near Grand Rapids indicate that the showers did an immense amount of damage. Fruit trees in every direction were uprooted and snapped off. Mrs. Harrison lost 1,000 peach trees in Walker township. John Graham 400, Mrs. Smith 300 and others suffered to a greater or less extent. Corn and standing grain is levelled to the ground and much of the ripened wheat will be a dead loss. Grass ready for the mower is greatly damaged. The roads are in an almost impassable condition and communication with the country almost entirely cut off. But few of the bridges remain, and the roadways are in many instances washed out.

The logs in Grand River are causing much apprehension The boom at the big divide about three miles above the city broke, and 60,000,000 feet of logs came sailing down to join the 20,000,000 feet jam which is held back by the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee railroad bridge. For a distance of six miles the river is one solid mass of logs piled up in some places to the height of 15 and 20 feet above the level of the water, and packed nearly to the river bed. Should the logs break loose every bridge on Grand River will doubtless be carried away and the logs at Grand Haven crowded out into the lake. Everything depends on the strength of the railroad bridge.

Reports from Grand Haven indicate that the big booms are in a precarious condition, all available force is devoted to driving spiles and strengthening the booms. The water is very high, and should it rise much more nothing can save the logs.

AT EATON RAPIDS.

The most terrible cyclone ever known in that section passed over Eaton Rapids. Starting two miles southeast of that city, it pursued an irregular course in an easterly direction and swept a clean path from two to four rods in width. Beginning near Nathaniel Taylor's farm, it tore down a large barn in which were stored a grain separator, mower, hay tender, grain drill and various other tools. It carried pieces to all parts of the field, rafters sticking straight up in the ground so firmly imbedded that a man could not pull them out. A. Nesbit's new barn, just completed at a cost of over $600, was completely ruined, only a small portion remaining in position.

A most miraculous escape was that of Leroy Sherman, who was in the barn at the time, and saw it all, except a small part where he stood, swept away. He only received a few slight bruises.

Rue Perrine's house was unrooted, granary and hog-pen swept away, and a large hole was dug by the wind as large as an ordinary cellar, through heavy sod.

Eugene Henry sustained the heaviest loss. His house containing his wife and six children, was literally blown to atoms. His wife was seriously injured. Two of the children who were on the bed were found 44 rods from the site of the house dead and three others badly injured, while the baby, asleep in its crib, did not receive a scratch, although the crib was blown no one knows where.

Large apple trees were torn up by the roots and carried 20 rods or more. A "Round Oak" stove was carried across Grand river and smashed, while bundles of wheat were carried to the tops of trees and hung there. Fences, and in fact everything in its path, were totally ruined. At Onondaga a woman and two children were killed.

The tornado did much damage in the west part of Leslie township, next to Onondaga. The house of Mrs. Elizabeth Barlow was picked up by the furious wind and actually torn to pieces, heavy timbers being carried several rods.

Mrs. Barlow who was in the house was instantly killed. Her body was found about two rods from the spot where the house had stood, and it was seen that her neck had been broken. A barn near the Barlow house was also wrecked and several other barns were demolished, unroofed, or otherwise damaged. Orchards were badly demoralized in the track of the storm, strong trees being uprooted or twisted off, and where the tornado passed through heavy woods the tops of the trees were torn off and carried far and wide over the country. The end of a brick house in the village was blown in.

Although the introduction of horse railroads in Germany is of a recent date, forty-four towns of the empire have already constructed lines.

There is a natural bridge in Arizona which, it is said, far surpasses in size the well-known natural bridge in Virginia.

THE NEWS.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

It is stated that Supervising Architect Hill has determined to resign if he is acquitted on the present charges, as he expects to be. He says he is tired of being the target of every fool in the country, and prefers to take the chances outside. The name of Samuel Hannaford, of Cincinnati, present architect of the Cincinnati Post Office, is mentioned as a possible successor. The place is a very comfortable one, paying $4,500 a year.

A circular has been issued from the postoffice department directing postmasters throughout the country to prepare for the reduction in letter postage, which goes into effect October 1st.

It is officially stated that no cases of yellow fever have appeared in this country beyond quarantine limits.

Henry W. Lord, Jr. son of ex-congressman Lord, committed suicide a few days ago by drowning himself in the Potomac river about 80 miles below Washington. His body was found by some oyster men, who reported the case to the authorities in Washington. The young man has for several years held a position in the patent office, but the first of this month was laid off for his dissolute habits. He became very despondent, and spoke to several friends about the manner in which he had spent the best years of a promising manhood. He made threats of taking his life, but his friends did not believe he had become so reckless. He frankly acknowledged that whisky was at the bottom of all his misfortune.

According to the report of the engineer of the river and harbor improvement commission, $21,213 were spent the past year and it is estimated that $57,000 could be profitably expended during the fiscal year 1885 in continuing the work.

The department of state has received an announcement of the death of the Hon. James M. Priest, justice of the Supreme court of Liberia. Judge Priest was born in Paris, Ky., and went to Liberia in 1835, in which republic he has held important and responsible positions, being at different times vice-president, senator, judge of the Quarterly and Common Pleas court, and, as stated, associate justice of the Supreme court at the time of his death.

A circular has been issued by the National bureau of education relative to the co-education of the sexes. From this report it is shown that in nearly all the cities and towns of the United States co-education of the sexes is the rule, separation the exception. The system is heartily endorsed as eminently practicable, and of more lasting benefit to both sexes than where the sexes are educated separately.

The department of state has received information that the report telegraphed to the foreign press that Spain had prohibited the importation of American pork is unfounded.

Issue of standard silver dollars from mints for the week ending July 21, $324,000; the corresponding period last year $186,499.

The immigration into the United States in this fiscal year just ended was over twenty-five per cent. less than that of the preceding year and ten per cent. below that of the year still beyond that. The total number of immigrants arriving in the year just closed was 599,114 against 770,422 last year and 669,431 the year before. Over two millions have thus arrived in this country and taken up their abode here within the last three years, since the census of 1880 was taken. The total for the past ten years has been less than four millions, and in no three years which preceded these has the immigration run very much beyond one million. The largest number of immigrants arriving in any one year preceding the three in which the present boom has been running was 459,803. These came in 1873.

M. A. Dauphin, of the Lousiana lottery company through his attorneys has brought suit against Postmaster-general Gresham for $100,000, because of the decision recently rendered by that gentleman directing postmasters not to pay any money order to the complainant and to otherwise refuse him the privilege of the mails.

The secretary of the treasury has decided that the commissioner of internal revenue may return to the owners thereof dies, plates and rolls used for printing private die stamps. Such dies, rolls and plates will be surrendered to owners upon application made to the commissioner and upon the payment by them of all expenses of alterations or obliterations required by law to be made.

GENERAL ITEMS.

Gov. Hamilton, of Illinois, refuses to pardon Chas. W. Angell, who embezzled many thousands of dollars from the Pullman palace car company at Chicago in 1879, gave himself up in Portugal, and returned $80,000 of his ill-gotten gains. He has six years longer to serve.

Rev. J. C. Nobles of Atlantic Highlands, N.J., whose ant his obituary to the N. Y. Tribune the other night, has been found, and placed under restraint. He said to a reporter that he rode on a ferry boat all night with a stone weighing seven pounds secreted on his person, and seven times attempted to jump into the water, but each time the voice of the Savior restrained him. Too much budge is what was the matter with Nobles.

President Arthur has changed his mind and will take his trip to Yellowstone Park. The party start August 3d. It is denied on the best authority that the trip is taken at the expense of the government. It is also specifically denied that telegraph lines will be erected which will cost a thousand dollars, and that 180 horses are being provided for the party to be paid for with public funs. The fact of the President being a member of the party will not add a single dollar to the expenses of the trip.

There was a heavy frost at Davenport, Iowa, on the morning of July, 18.

Value of breadstuffs exported from the United States in the 12 months ending June 30, 1883, $202,971,491; in the 12 months ending June 30, 1882, $177,001,396.

Advices received from Jefferson, Texas reports that a state of terrorism yet exists in that neighborhood. The lawless class who planned and participated in the assassination of Judge Haughn, July 3, are yet in open defiance of the Federal authority. And the suggestion is made that troops should be ordered to protect the court officers who are threathened with death. The Attorney-General has been again appealed to for aid, and the charge is made that the mails are being tampered with at Jefferson. A graphic description is given of the murder of Judge Haughn. His horse was first shot, the rider being dragged out of the saddle and placed on his knees in the road until a match could be lighted to see if the right man had been secured. In the midst of earnest entreaties for mercy for the sake of his wife and child the ruffians fired at the Judge with shot-guns until he was silenced.

A fire occurred at the wharves in New York a few days ago, and destroyed property to the amount of over $1,000,000. A spark from an engine fell into a pile of jute which had just been landed from a ship, and soon the whole dock was on fire. Twelve firemen were fearfully burned, some it is thought, fatally.

Andrew Mercer died at Toronto leaving $250,000 in property and no will. The privy council of England decides that the Ontario government represents the crown in Canada and the property escheats to it.

The dispute as to which of the two parties owns the town of Eureka Springs, Ark., has been decided by the land office at Washington in favor of those who settled there and made that place what it is as against those who preempted a large portion of its territory for speculative purposes.

Charles Fisherman, a patient at the second hospital for the insane, at Rochester, Minn., committed suicide by jumping into the furnace in the boiler room. The fireman did not recognize him as a patient, and before he could stop him the deed was committed. After getting inside the furnace he stood with his back to the red hot brick wall until insensible, when he fell forward into the glowing coals.

A dispatch to the Galveston News from Laredo, says: "Dr. Campbell, the American Consul at Monterey, Mexico, arrived in Laredo, on the Rio Grande, on the 15th inst., leaving the Consulate in charge of the Rev. Mr. Shaw. A few days ago dispatches were received addressed officially to Dr. Campbell, informing him that the American Consul's office was entered by a mob of Mexicans, and that Mr. Shaw was attacked and beaten nearly to death. The furniture and papers belonging to the Consul were destroyed. An employe of the Mexican National Railway, says that Mr. Shaw, after being beaten senseless, revived sufficiently to crawl to one of the public hotels and give an account of the outrage. But in a few momente he again became insensible, and at last reports was still unconscious. The information has created much excitement at Laredo. Citizens deplore a possible rupture between the two governments, but consider the insult so bold that the United States must resent it." Monterey is a city of about 25,000 inhaitants, and is the capital of the State of Nuevo Leon. It is on a small river, Santa Catalina, at the head of a large valley. The city is about 250 miles from the Rio Grande and about 700 miles from the City of Mexico.

Chief Justice Waite while riding with friends in the Yellowstone Park, a few days ago, was thrown from his horse, and seriously injured. Several ribs were broken.

A south bound passenger train on the Louisville and Nashville railway collided while coming into Birmingham, Ala., with a fast freight train. Both engines were wrecked. The tender of the passenger engine telescoped the baggage car and one freight car was demolished. Fireman Gabriel Logan of the passenger engine was killed and engineer D. Rosser was severely injured. The cause of the accident was a mistake by the operator at Warrior station, north of the city.

In a drunken brawl at Braddock, Pa., Michael McAfee, an old man, was kicked to death by John McGraul and Mike Wray.

The opposing parties in the telegraph imbroglio are straining every nerve to maintain their several positions. In many respects the service of the Western Union company shows improvement; but, on the other hand, the complaints of business men on account of delays are growing louder, and the strikers are getting numerous recruits.

Swainman, who was arrested at Nashville, Tenn., for stealing the ledger that is so important in the trial of ex-treasures Polk, has confessed that he took it at the instigation of ex-Treasurer Polk; also that he received $175 for the deed.

At Portsmouth, N. H., the burning of a hotel and a livery stable involved a loss of $118,000. Twenty-six horses perished in the flames.

The Citizens' League of Chicago, has begun suit against a firm of prominent saloon keepers to determine the validity of the license issued by the city at $103 per year to July 1, when the state law fixing the license at $500 went into effect. This firm has a large number of places distributed about the city, and the question will be tested whether one firm may legally keep more than one dram shop.

A terrible accident took place at the blast furnace at Geddes near Syracuse, N. Y., a few days ago. Eight men entered the furnace to construct a new lining when the old lining fell upon them, killing all instantly. A hundred tons of brick and mortar fell upon them. The victims were married and had families.

George Kane, Harry Suffer and Worthington McCulloch, young unmarried men from Frostburg, Md., while rowing on the Potomac were all drowned by the capsizing of the boat.

Those who make cordials, bitters, tonics, etc., to be sold as alcoholic beverages, will be classed by revenue officials as rectifiers, and sellers of the same will be considered quor dealers.

Statements as to the status of the telegraphers' strike and of the companies' service in the great and small cities of the country are somewhat conflicting. At nearly every point the Western Union reports an improvement of its facilities for transmitting news, and the general impression gained is that the company has strengthened its position since the strike. On the other hand the striking operators claim their ranks are unbroken and in many cases they say recruits are coming to them. A rumor was current that the cable operators had left their posts, but this was denied from New York, and the subsequent receipt of foreign news fully disproved the story.

Judge Blodgett of the United States court at Chicago holds "that stockholders in a national bank are liable for the debts of the bank to the amount of their stock, and that individual suits to recover on this liability can be commenced without the intervention of a receiver."

Willie Myers, son of A. W. Myers, of Denver, Col., was drowned in Island lake a few days ago. He was an accomplished swimmer, and had gone out to the middle of the lake for his sport. Turning a boat over, he commenced diving. A number of younger companions at the shore saw him throw up both hands and sink after having recovered from a plunge, and swam out in a body to his assistance. He was dragged to the shore senseless. All efforts to restore respiration were vain, although the thoughtful little fellows rolled the body and resorted to other well known instructions.

Memphis, Tenn., had a $200,000 fire the other day.

Last spring some leading dealers in butter in New York and Boston sent agents through the west and bought up all the butter obtainable at an average price of 21 cents, and placed it in cold storage in Chicago to the amount of 10,000,000 pounds, it is said, in the belief that the product would go up in July. But owing to plenty of rain and continued good grazing, cows have continued giving plenty of rich milk and thus far in July there has been a large production of butter, equal in quality to June butter, with the result that it is for sale at 19 to 20 cents. The cold stored butter has in the mean time been depreciating in value, and it is said will have to be sold at 10 to 12 cents. The estimated aggregate loss on the deal is between $500,000 and $1,000,000.

James Owens and Richard Longstaff went to sleep on a railway trestle near Minersville, O., and were cut to pieces by a train.

The New York dress and cloak-makers who went on a strike have returned to work at an advance of 25 per cent.

St. Louis, Mo., is greatly agitated over the scarcity of water in that city. The mayor has issued orders stopping all street sprinkling, washing of sidewalks and the use of the hand-hose.

Capt. Webb, the noted English swimmer who arrived in this country a few months ago, attempted the fool-hardy feat of swimming the whirlpoool in Niagara river, and met his death in the rapids. He leaves a wife and two children in England.

Capital vs. Labor.

All telegraph operators at commercial centers throughout the country, belonging to the telegraphers' brotherhood received instructions to strike at noon on the 19th inst. The order effected all companies belonging to the telegraphers' brotherhood, as follows: In Canada—The Great Northwestern and the Mutual Union; in the United States—The Western Union, the Mutual Union, the American Rapid, the Baltimore & Ohio (commercial only), the New York American district, and the New York Mutual district telegraph companies, also the Metropolitan telephone company of New York and the Chicago telephone company of Chicago. Promptly at the hour designated every key at all of the offices of the companies mentioned was silent. The brotherhood (which belongs to the Knights of Labor, and will be supported by that organization) demands abolition of Sunday work as compulsory service, unless compensated as extra service; eight hours as a regular day's work, and seven hours as a regular night's work; and an increase of 15 per cent on all salaries as now paid. This for American interests. For Canadian interests the demands are the same, except that Sec. 1 asks for a fixed compensation of 40 cents per hour for Sunday work, and Sec. 3, which asks for $655 employes 10 per cent increase, for $45 to $64 employes 15 per cent increase, for $35 to $45 employes 20 per cent increase, and no salary to be less than $35 per month.

The members of the brotherhood claim that their organization is the result of the tyrannical and unjust treatment meted out to them during the past 10 years, and that their demands are not unreasonable in view of the systematic reductions that have been forced upon them at different times by the Western Union telegraph company, which fixes the standard of wages for the United States and Canada.

It is claimed by the operators that in the matter of promotion as well as pay they have been unfairly treated. They allege that the company will not promote men or raise their wages, and that the only way a man can obtain a better position is by throwing up his job, and run the chances of securing another. All this the managers of the company deny.

In Detroit the strike was general. Every operator quit work and left the offices. The strike does not extend to the smaller interior towns, but the effect is practically the same as if it did, for the force at the chief offices is so light that it cannot handle work to and from the interior. Communication between the interior towns, where it is direct and does not have to go by way of Detroit, is possible in most cases, however, and the state telephone exchange will help out a good deal. In nearly all the cities affected by the strike public sympathy seems to be with the strikers, even the business men whose interests will suffer the most, frankly admitting that the operators have just cause for grieveance.

DOWN TO DEATH.

An Appalling Accident to an Excursion Party.

A terrible calamity occurred at the North Point Tivoli, an excursion resort on the Patapsco 10 miles from Baltimore, Md., by which many lives were lost, the number being estimated at between 60 and 70. The accident was occasioned by the giving way of the outer portion of a pier on which several hundred persons were congregated, awaiting the boat to return to the city. The locality is on a small bay a distance of about two miles from North Point lighthouse. It was formerly known as Holiday Grove and was the first regular excursion place fitted up near the city about 15 years ago, and was the most popular resort at that time and for several years afterward. On the day the accident occurred an excursion was given to Tivoli under the management of the Mount Royal beneficial society of the Catholic church of Corpus Christi, of which Father Starr is pastor, Mount Royal avenue and Mosher street. The excursion went down on the barge Cockade City, which was towed by the tug Amanda Powell. The barge was formerly an old canal boat which had been fitted up with several decks for excursion purposes and used as such for several years. During the day she had taken down about 500 persons, and on the last trip about 100. A large number of those who went down during the day had remained, intending to return on the last trip. When the barge approached all those on shore made a rush for the end of the wharf, which is several hundred feet long, and were closely packed together at the gate, about 25 feet from the end, impatiently awaiting admittance through the gate. As the barge came alongside and struck the wharf it suddenly and without warning gave way and a large portion of the crowd were precipitated into the water, which is about 10 feet deep. Many were able to save themselves by fleeing toward the shore as the outer end of the pier crumbled and fell. Darkness added to the confusion and terror and little could be done at once to rescue the drowning, most of whom were women and children. About 70 bodies were taken from the water, all but four of whom were at once identified. It is not known definitely how many lives were lost, but it is believed that the list will reach more than a hundred.

POLITICAL

THE TWENTY THIRD

Ballot in the New Hampshire legislature gave Harry Bingham 113 votes and Wm. E. Chandler 52.

THE NEW HAMPSHIRE

Senatorial contest still hangs fire, and from the complications that surround it, there is very little probability that a candidate will be agreed upon very soon. Harry Bingham is still ahead, while Wm. E. Chandler comes next.

SORELY PUZZLED.

The tax-payers of New Hampshire are grumbling because the dead-lock in the senatorial contest remains so long unbroken. The ballott taken on the 18th resulted in 116 votes for Bingham and 74 for Chandler.

TWO VO

The Ann Arbor Courier

FRIDAY, JULY 27, 1883.

Short advertisements not to exceed three lines, of Lost and Found, Houses for Sale or Rent, Wants, etc., inserted three weeks for 25 cents. Situations wanted, free.

ROOMS TO RENT—A fine suit of millinery rooms over the Postoffice. Inquire at COURIER office.

WANTED—Situation on a farm, or elsewhere. Address, J. Thos. Craig, City.

TO RENT—A good House on reasonable terms. Enquire at COURIER Office.

TO RENT.—A desirable house on State, just North of Dr. Rose's. Enquire at the house.

A DURHAM new milch Cow for sale at Trempers Corners, Scio. C. H. StClair.

I HAVE a few Bee Hives and fixtures for sale. July 9, 1883. N. A. PRUDDEN.

FOR SALE CHEAP—The furniture in the Smith residence, corner State and Jefferson streets. May be seen at the House.

FOR SALE—Good House and Barn, 1 1-5 acres with Orchard. Small Fruit, etc. Good location especially for a Physician. Address, N. A. CARR, M. D., Lima Washtenaw Co., Mich.

FOR SALE—A three spring Wagon, enquire at last house west end of High street.

PIANO TO RENT—Enquire at Sages music store.

WANTED—A young lady a stranger in the city would like a situation. Well educated and would like a place as saleslady or writing in an office. Address, AMY WILSON, Ann Arbor.

LOOK OUT.

The cholera is coming. There is no use in getting greatly excited over it, but as it is likely to make ravages in this country before the year is over, it is well enough to consider it. Every thirteen years it starts in the Orient and rapidly extends Westward. As communication becomes more easy and rapid the means for the transmission of the dread disease are greater, and, aided as it is by the large emigration hitherward, there is every opportunity for its introduction among us almost before we are aware. We all well know that "an ounce of prevention is better than a pound of cure" so it behooves us to see to it that the "terror" shall not be invited to our homes by poor drainage or by the exposure of garbage in proximity to our doors. No stagnant pools should exhale their poisonous breaths into the faces of innocent children; no noisome stench emanating from decaying vegetation should weaken constitutions and prepare them as easy victims for the cholera. Yards should be raked over and kept clean; holes where moisture collects should be filled up or drained off; cellars should be purified and ventilated; cisterns should be cleaned yearly; privy vaults should be seen to, and due regard should be given to personal care and cleanliness. The most of these things must be done by private citizens, but some of it devolves upon the municipality. Where such places as the "Cat-hole" exist,—of which complaint is made in another column—it is expedient for the city to take measures to have it drained and the nuisance abated. It certainly must be very unhealthy for its neighbors, and if the cholera comes it would not be surprising if it made the first assault upon our city in that direction. Good sanitary methods are good proofs of civilization.

THE STRIKE.

Usually when a class of men make a strike *en masse* they in some way lack that sympathy of the public without which their strike proves a failure. For a week past some 14,000 of the men who operate in the telegraph offices of the Western Union have refused to work because of abuses in the system of employment. No violence has been done to any person, wires, instruments or other appliances of the business and in consequence of this and of the evident justness of their cause popular sympathy in this contest is on the side of labor as opposed to monopolized capital.

Telegraph operators as a rule form an intelligent and gentlemanly class of people. Their calling is one which makes such demands on their nerve force as to incapacitate them from business after several years steady application. This is evidenced by the fact that we never see an old man who has tended simply to that business for many years. With their arms continually electrified from the key after a time they get the telegrapher's paralysis and are obliged to seek other employment.

Their wages by no means are as high as they ought to be for such work and the hope of advancement is denied them by the policy of the company, which is in direct defiance with the idea of civil service rules now prevalent. As a class the men like to travel about from one city to another. oftentimes taking pride in the number of cities they have worked in and if, for instance, a $60 place becomes vacant in an office it is filled with some one from a distance in preference to a $45. or $50. man who has been a faithful worker right in the office and merits promotion. There can be no question but that this is an injustice. Then, Sunday work is now demanded of them, and that too without increase of pay.

The Western Union is an immense monopoly having in its employ over 17,000 men, the large majority being on the strike. It finds itself unable to transact the necessary business of the country and if the men hold firm it must make some concessions to them. Of course it now has the entire control of the transmission of news from point to point and can represent the strikers and their cause in whatever way it deems is best for its own interests, so we must put ourselves on guard when reading the *ex parte* reports, and in turn put ourselves in the places of the salaried telegraph men who have families to support and their future to care for. We sympathize with the "boys" and hope for their triumph.

For the COURIER.

The Cat Hole.

Formerly the pond in the 6th ward near the Old Cemetery commonly known as the Cat-Hole, was comparatively harmless. It was then covered with water and had little vegetable matter in it. But of late years the water has greatly diminished, so that it now annually bears a large crop of swamp weeds, and cat tails. These during the warm season are in a constant state of decomposition and decay while a new crop is growing. The little water is covered with a green scum, From the whole poisonous exhalations continually arise. The effect is just what might be expected. There are dwellings on every side of the cat-hole except the north. It would be difficult to find one in its vicinity which has not suffered more or less from malarial diseases.

Two years ago, the city impelled by a petition to the Board of Health praying for the abatement of this nuisance, appropriated fifty dollars for that purpose. But the season was permitted to pass and not a dollar of the sum appropriated was spent. Last year impelled by a similar petition fifty dollars was again appropriated for the same purpose. Late last November the day before the final freezing of the ground for the winter two laborers, superintended by an Alderman, might be seen digging a hole at the margin of the water on the north side of the cat-hole. When sufficiently dug out they placed in it two hogsheads. This is a true history of all the expenditure of the one hundred dollars which our city government have appropriated during the last two years for the abatement of this nuisance.

There is no difficulty in draining the cat-hole. It is fed by no spring. A few feet beneath its bottom is a bed of sand as has been shown by actual experiment. If the clay and scum above it were removed and kept away, and the water in its vicinity prevented from running into it, the cat-hole would be drained, and this unsightly nuisance and cause of disease removed. The inhabitants of the sixth ward are anxious to know whether this season is to pass like the two preceding,—a great deal of talk, and perhaps an appropriation, and nothing done to abate this standing nuisance and disgrace to the city. The majority of our Board of Health are practicing physicians. They are all honorable men and it is sincerely hoped that they will discharge their duty in the premises though it diminish the number of their patients and the profits of their practice in the vicinity of the cat-hole.

A TAX-PAYER.

EUROPEAN CORRESPONDENCE.

From our Regular Correspondent.

LONDON, July 10, 1883.

A boat race for amusement or for a prize is Brand's definition of the Anglo-Italian word "regatta." Dr. Ogilvie, more explicit than the popular antiquary and historian of sports and pastimes, interprets the original meaning of the term as a gondola race in Venice; and adds that it is now applied to "any important or showy sailing or rowing race in which a number of yachts or boats contend for prizes." The air yesterday on the grassy banks and on the silver stream breathed woolingly. If the sun was hidden now and again by fleeting clouds, the brightness lost nothing of its charm for being, like beauty itself, lightly veiled. It was in fact a perfect day for such an occasion. The sky was not Italian, which was fortunate, because an Italian sun might not have precisely harmonized with a scene so thoroughly English. Seldom, if ever, were so many craft seen on the course as were thickly dotted over its rippled surface yesterday. There is at the present time a fanciful variation in the build of pleasure boats; but no outlandish rigs, no copied character of hull, ranging from the gondola of tradition and romance to the canoe of picturesque Canadian custom, could destroy the essentially English aspect of the Thames. Curious, indeed, is it to think that some kind of human settlement existed here, by local habitation as by name, when the wild indigenous cattle and red deer roamed around, and the river teemed with salmon and other fish, now, but moderately to be captured in its waters, if at all. The salmon, yesterday, presenting itself in the agreeable form of mayonaise, was an alien to the gentle stream, near which it was devoured with the crisp lettuce and the creamy mixture of olive oil, yolk of egg, and the vinegar of Orleans or Bordeaux. Hints of primeval life, in savage days of hunting and fowling, and of the celebrated sauce called hunger, were few in that panoramic view of motley sophistication yesterday. Still they were there. Loitering or prowling outside the groups of well dressed merry-makers were stragglers from the wild tribes of precarious vagabondage that follow sport and pleasure whithersoever they may go. Free and untrammelled, the jolly mountebank outlaws of modern civilization made continual mock of the conventionalities in which they boldly mixed. There was a cockle shell of a boat with some sort of a jury-mast flying two halves of a calico union-jack, and dressed with odd scraps of chintz or other stuff on lines running all manner of ways. Manned and officered was this vessel by a solitary being with a blackened face and a banjo, who sat so low and heavy in the stern as to lift the stem clean out of the water. He had moored himself, uninvited, to one of the house boats, and was making himself quite at home. His bark, named the Masher, leaked somewhat; and, with a tankard or loving-cup of pewter, or commoner and cheaper metal, he coolly and gravely baled out his hull, pouring every pint or quart of bilge-water into another boat next him, when the occupants were not looking.

The Hungarian band, secured a month in advance, played their liveliest and most entrancing melodies, with now and then a solo on the zither or the violin. Great and general as was the enjoyment along the entire mile of the coure, it was not easy to perceive anywhere signs of heartier gratification than in this enclosure of the Isthmians, and on board their carpeted barge. As for the program, it went off more or less observed by those who took the picnic view of this regatta. Principal themes of comment were the continued good form of Exeter College, who won last year, and the remarkable pace shown by Twickenham, rowing as they did, from the Bucks station, which slight disadvantage in the start was in all other cases associated with loss of the race.

Among the ladies' dresses a great increase in the number of real serviceable boating costumes was to be observed, many of these white serge or flannel robes simply suited to the motion and play of the figure, being at once healthful and becoming.

Literary Notices.

The August Lippincott is well adapted for summer reading. "A Holiday on French Rivers" is something many would like to take, and it is well to read of one. An article on "Hydrophobia" will tend to dispel the fears of the reader in that direction, The work and standing of "Government Engineers" is a subject now exciting a considerable attention. The other treatises ore of interest.

Topics of the Times.—Studies in Literature, Edited by Titus Munson Coan. 16 mo. 267 pp. 25 cents in paper, 60 cents in cloth. G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York.

The July volume of this excellent series is "Studies in Literature." It begins with a review of the standing of "American Literature in England" from Blackwood's. Shakespearian literature is added to by some new theories on "Hamlet." "The Humorous in Literature" has resumes of the wit and satire in Cervantes, Thackery, Addison, and Richter. Under the title of "The Bollandists" is the history of the literary club which for nearly three centuries has been at work upon the lives of the saints. Matthew Arnold criticises the new revision in "Isaiah of Jerusalem" and the volume is concluded with a chapter on the "Unknown Public."

Reading of Books: Its Pleasures, Profits, and Perils, by Charles F. Thwing, 170 pp. cloth, $1,25. Lee & Shepard, Boston.

Of the 125,000 volumes published every year very few are worth reading and a still smaller number are worth the buying. Our reading to be profitable must have an aim as well as a system, so in the reading of many books it is well occasionally to pause and gather the ideas of some scholar about books in general: what are the best to be read and what is the best way to read them. Such a useful volume is the one before us, filled with practical ideas on literature in its relation to books. The advantages of reading biography, history, travel, fiction, historical fiction, poetry, religious books, books of literature, language, philosophy, science and the fine arts; all these are set forth, and the whole is concluded with a chapter on "Forming a Library," and an Appendix of books of merit.

The North American Review for August has a very spirited discussion of the subject of "Moral Instruction in the Public Schools," by the Rev. R. Heber Newton. Henry D. Lloyd exposes the tricks and frauds of speculation in grain. "Woman in Politics," by ex-Surgeon-General Wm. A. Hammond, is a caustic discussion of certain facts of nervous organization which in his opinion render the female sex unfitted for participation in public affairs. Hon. Francis A. Walker reviews "Henry George's Social Fallacies," criticizing in particular his doctrines regarding land-tenure and rent. The evils resulting from "Crude Methods of Legislation," both national and State, are pointed out by Simon Sterne, who advocates the adoption of certain rules of legislative procedure. Chas. F. Wingate writes of "The Unsanitary Homes of the Rich," and there is a joint discussion of "Science and Prayer," by President Galusha Anderson and Thaddeus B. Wakeman. Published at 30 Lafayette Place, New York, and for sale by booksellers generally.

HOW HER LIFE WAS SAVED.

A Strange Story of the Suffering of a Cleveland Lady—Startling Facts Revealed Which Have Made a Deep Impression in this City.

From Cleveland Herald:

It is a trite saying "That wonders never cease." Recent information has most forcibly impressed us that there is much truth in this old adage. The details, as given by our reporter, are exceedingly interesting. Last spring Mrs. H. P. Spencer, living in the west part of this city, suddenly became very sick. A physician was at once called, and after careful examination pronounced her in a very dangerous condition. It was the first serious sickness she ever had, always having been robust and healthy. However she rapidly grew worse and death seemed inevitable. She commenced bloating terribly and was subsequently tapped three different times, discharging large quanties of watery fluid. Her stomach was in a very deranged state, so that it was with great difficulty that she could retain tne slightest nourishment. The fifth week found her in so discouraging a condition that the attending physician said there was no hope, and that before it was too late she had better be sent home to her immediate friends, who lived at Huntington, a small village but a few hours' ride from Cleveland. The advice was followed, and on arrival at her father's home it seemed as if life to her was but a matter of a few days at best. She was made as comfortable as possible, and the prominent physician of the town was sent for. He found her stomach and liver in a terrible condition; kidneys badly affected; bowels very constipated. Said he, "Could I succeed in producing cathartic effect and get her stomach in a condition to retain and digest what she eats, I will then have some hope of saving Mrs. Spencer's life," and during all the following week, and by the aid of counsel of another physician, did he try, but to no purpose. Finally, said he, there is no medicine that will reach her case. Nothing can save her. But her parents, feeling that while there was a spark of life there was hope, summoned at once a noted physician from a neighboring town. This was the second Sunday in June. The physician on careful diagnosis of the case said he could do nothing for her; that it was too late. Thus four physicians pronounced her incurable, which must have been most discouraging not only to Mrs. Spencer but to her parents and friends. At this time her condition was worse than it had been during her long sickness. Scarcely a moment's sleep did she get. Head troubled her exceedingly. No appetite, kidneys and stomach in a very deranged condition, and very nervous and excitable, pain and numbness in all parts of the body; at times experienced great melancholy; chills, followed by flushes of heat, shortness of breath, and cheeks and lips very pale, indicating serious heart trouble; emaciated as to be scarcely recognized and so weak that it was impossible for her to raise a glass of water to her lips. At this critical period a friend called the attention of Mrs. Spencer's mother to the German pharmaceutical remedy, Von Tagan's Alaxine, and induced her to get a bottle at once for her daughter, he having known of its curing a number of persons afflicted with some form of kidney, liver or stomach trouble, and in some instances their sickness was as extraordinary as that Mrs. Spencer's. During the first day Alaxine was given her three times in teaspoonful doses, and to their great surprise it agreed perfectly with her stomach. The next day she was given four teaspoonful doses, and it began to act as a gentle laxative, which afforded her immediate relief. Thursday the long sought for cathartic effect was brought about which had so baffled the physicians, and its effect on her stomach was wonderful, as in a few days she was able to retain nourishment without the slightest distress. Its marvelous tonic properties toned up and strengthened her weak and emaciated body so that in less than two weeks she was able to sit up in bed, something she had not done for nearly three long weary months. During the use of this remarkable remedy, as Mrs. Spence told our reporter, "I gradually grew better very rapidly, though occasionally I would have very bad spells, but by persistent use of this remedy I have finally become so well that I am now able to assist in doing household duties, a fact so astonishing to myself and friends as to seem almost incredible when my terrible recent condition is considered."

The above is a *very* important statement to those eager to regain their health and *equally* so to those whose affliction may be however slight, yet anxious to *arrest* the progress of their complaint. Incredible as it may seem, yet this is only one instance out of hundreds of actual experiences that have come to our notice where life has often been despaired of, and in which this remedy has proved just as satisfactory. We, therefore, feel like giving gratuitous expression of our opinion regarding this great remedy which from the first announcement attracted marked attention in all the leading papers and its general use strongly advocated. The more so because it is the greatest cure and prevention known for heart diease, a complaint which is causing death so frequently and suddenly as to be appalling, and it is felt there is no time to lose in bringing this remedy prominently before the people. We unhesitatingly say that it is not an insult to the intelligence of any person to call their attention to a remedy of this high character, and while no one would be slower or more *strongly opposed* to advising the use of remedies in general, yet we are compelled by its great merit to discriminate greatly in favor of this most *wonderful medical discovery*. Unprecedented is the following authorized statement. The chemists who prepare this remedy are sending to every druggist in the land a notice to sell Alaxine on a *guarantee* to be of positive benefit to every patient who takes it for complaints for which it is recommended.

COUNTY ITEMS.

CHELSEA

From the Herald

F. D. Cummings shipped two car loads of stock from this place to Detroit last Friday evening, where he disposed of them Saturday forenoon, and returned to his place in the evening. Quick time!

Mr. Peter Fletcher who will erect a nice frame house a few miles southeast of here after harvest, has bought of J. Bacon & Co., an improved furnace at a cost of about $300, The furnace weighs nearly 2,000 pounds.

At a meeting of the School Board held Tuesday evening of last week the Board organized as follows;

Moderator—Jas. P. Wood,
Director—Heman M. Woods.
Assessor—G. J. Crowell.

As the wool season is about over, we give the amounts each buyer has bought at this place:

John C. Taylor	13,000	pounds.
Wood Bro's	35,000	"
Wm. Judson	50,000	"
Kempf Bro's	105 000	"
Babcock & Gilbert	110,000	"
Total	313,000	"

DEXTER.

From the Leader.

We note that Rev. W. George is to lecture at the Sunday School Association, at Petoskey, on Wednesday, July 25th; therefore the Methodist church will be closed for two Sundays during his absence.

A daughter of Simeon Davis, a resident of Ann Arbor, about 16 years old, left home while her parents were absent, and struck out for herself by rooting it to Dexter, looking for work, as she claimed. Her father was in town Tuesday, looking for her, and was much disturbed in mind because of her disappearance. After inquiring and searching for some time he found her at the house of an acquaintance, a short distance north of the village. The reason she gave for leaving was that she thought she could help her parents more by working out; but she could have saved them a good deal of worry and anxiety by telling them of her proposed departure.

MANCHESTER.

From the Enterprise.

Deputy town clerk Carr took in 244 woodchucks scalps in one day.

Last spring J. H. Kingsley offered a lawn mower to the party who would keep his lawn or yard in the best condition. On Monday he selected Messrs. Walbridge, Van Duyn. and Farrell. as a committee to inspect the work of the 11 contestants in this village, and the prize was awarded to A. F. Freeman, who has spent not a little of his leisure moments in beautifying his newly acquired resident property on Ann Arbor street.

SALINE.

From the Observer.

The farmers have corn cultivating, haying and harvesting all in a bunch; and farm help is not very plenty either.

The Lutherans of this place have contracted with a Cincinnati firm for a new bell for their church to weigh 2,000 lbs., and will cost $500. This will be the largest bell in Saline by three or four times in weight.

Last Wednesday and Thursday two more prominent sheep breeders and dealers of Texas—Messrs. Bland and Buchanan—were here for the purpose of buying some of Washtenaw's good sheep. They purchased 111 rams of A. A. Wood and have bought enough elsewhere about here and in Lenawee county to make two carloads, which they will ship the latter part of the week.

YPSILANTI.

From the Commercial.

John K. Hawkins who came to this city in 1836, and resided in the city until 1860, died at Dayton, Ohio, the 7th inst. He was 66 at the time of his death. Ebenezer C. Hawkins, the pioneer printer of Ypsilanti, is his only surviving brother.

Talking about pioneer printers puts us in mind that the living pioneer printer of Ann Arbor can go the Ypsilanti man one year better, as Mr. O. B. Church of the COURIER office came to his case in this city in 1835.—[ED.

The Washtenaw Baptist Association embraces fifteen churches. 1238 members. There have been added by baptism the last year ending May 1, 1883, 59 members. There has been raised for current expenses $4,338.82. Total for all objects, $12,118.-08. There are 12 pastors and 12 ministers who are not settled pastors, mainly laid aside by old age and other physical disability.

From the Sentinel.

Notwithstanding the weather, the improved appliances for hay-making have enabled farmers to secure a considerable in good condition. With mowers, tedders and horse-rakes they can take advantage of a dry day to put in acres of grass, where with the old scythes, hand-rakes, and boys to "spread it," they could only get a few loads. The improvement is a good thing for the farmer's business, but the romance of the hay-field is gone. Our school books no longer exclaim; "How sweet the smell of new made hay; how delightful the task to tend it!"

From the Ypsilantian.

P. W. Ross, the bottler, is now preparing mineral water for drinking by charging it with carbonic acid gas. This preserves the freshness of the water and keeps it palatable.

F. P. Begardus, finding his time too much occupied to attend to it, has severed his connection with the opera house as manager, being succeeded by H. M. Curtis, who is thoroughly acquainted with the duties of the position.

The subject of a swimming tank is thought of by the projectors of the mineral bath-house. It comprises the excavation of a large vat on the flats below the house, made water tight and covered by a building. This vat, or tank, can be filled by the waste of the fresh water spring, and the water and room heated to a proper temperature by steam pipes from the boiler of the bath house. Pumps will clean it out thoroughly, and the building can be used by swimmers during all seasons of the year.

MICHIGAN MILITARY ACADEMY.

A SELECT SCHOOL FOR BOYS. Prepares for college or business. Special attention paid to the English branches. Graduates admitted to the University upon diploma. Location unsurpassed in beauty and healthfulness. Reopens September 18. Expenses $350 a year. For circular address Col. J. S. ROGERS, Superintendent, Orchard Lake, Michigan. 1153-56

VON TAGANS

Baron von Tagan.

ALAXINE

An elegant German Pharmaceutical preparation of Positive merit, which will be found an acceptable remedy to the most fastidious Patient.

VON TAGAN'S ALAXINE is composed of Costly Roots, Herbs and Finest French Brandy, and is the most important and safest remedy ever introduced into this country, for the treatment of all complaints caused by *Liver, Kidney, Blood* or *Stomach Troubles*, as Indigestion, Biliousness, Kidney Complaint, Diabetes, Heart Affections, Mental Exhaustion, Debility, &c. No one suffering with Sick Headache should fail using it. As a Laxative or Cathartic, it is *absolutely perfect*. Its use is especially advised to Ladies. We make this *strong* assertion, Alaxine has no equal for complaints mentioned. It should be used by every one, in teaspoonful doses, as a *preventive* of sickness, by its power in aiding digestion and keeping the bowels regular. Try it once, then see if you would ever be without. All Druggists sell it. Price, $1.00 per bottle.

WOOSTER, ADAMS & CO., WELLINGTON, O., U. S. A.

1137-1188 eow on

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

CASTORIA

for

Infants and Children

Without Morphine or Narcotine.

What gives our Children rosy cheeks,
What cures their fevers, makes them sleep;
'Tis Castoria.

When Babies fret, and cry by turns,
What cures their colic, kills their worms,
But Castoria.

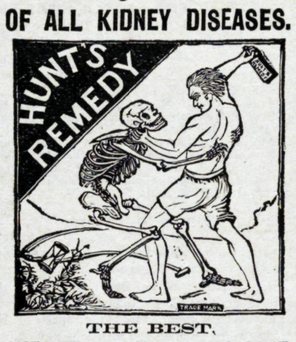
What quickly cures Constipation,
Sour Stomach, Colds, Indigestion:
But Castoria.

Farewell then to Morphine Syrups,
Castor Oil and Paregoric, and
Hail Castoria.

Centaur Liniment.—An absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Burns, Galls, &c., and an instantaneous Pain-reliever.

CONQUEROR

OF ALL KIDNEY DISEASES.



THE BEST.

KIDNEY AND LIVER MEDICINE

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.

"I had suffered twenty years with severe disease of the kidneys; before using Hunt's Remedy two days I was relieved, and am now well." JOSHUA TUTHILL.

"My physicians thought that I was paralyzed on one side. I was terribly afflicted with rheumatism from 1869 to 1880. I was cured by Hunt's Remedy." STEPHEN G. MASON.

"My doctor pronounced my case Bright's Disease, and told me that I could live only forty-eight hours. I then took Hunt's Remedy, and was speedily cured." M. GOODSPEED.

"Having suffered twenty years with kidney disease, and employed various physicians without being relieved, I was then cured by Hunt's Remedy." SULLIVAN FENNER.

"I have been greatly benefited by the use of Hunt's Remedy. For diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs there is nothing superior." A. D. NICKERSON.

ALBERT HOLT, Esq., paymaster Boston and Albany Railroad, writes: "I have used Hunt's Remedy, and my experience with it has been such that I can cheerfully say that I am satisfied that it will do just what it promises to do."

"I was unable to arise from bed from an attack of kidney disease. The doctors could not relieve me. I was finally completely cured by using Hunt's Remedy." FRANK R. DICKSON.

"I have suffered extremely with kidney disease; after using Hunt's Remedy two days, I was enabled to resume business." GEO. F. CLARK.

One trial will convince you. For sale by all Druggists. Send for Pamphlet to

HUNT'S REMEDY CO., Providence, R. I.

Prices 75 cents and $1.25.

THE NOYES PORTABLE BOOK CASE.

Holds not only 30 to 50 volumes, but the Unabridged Dictionary, the latter either opened or closed. It is made of dark cherry or black walnut, elegantly finished, and being on castors is practically a Revolving Book Case. Lawyers, ministers, doctors and scholars have found that it fills "the long felt want," and others, with fewer books, find it an ample Book Case. It has attachments for holding large atlases and magazines, also a Reading Machine which removes that embargo on reading, the task of holding up a heavy book by the hour, and makes reading and study so easy that there is no *excuse for ignorance*. The "Machine" holds the book by the covers; the leaves are held open with a Leaf Holder, which, by a touch, can be removed or replaced. The book tilts to any angle and is pivoted to turn to any position. A Clamp attaches it to a table or desk. An Extension Arm connects it with the book case or your easy chair, for which purpose attachments are always provided. This elegant outfit is sold at a remarkably low price. Send for circular.

Address L. W. NOYES, The Maker of Dictionary Holders. 99 and 101 W. Monroe Street. Chicago.

1151-54

There is nothing like a molasses candy-pulling to make young people candid when giving taffy.

—"Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills for the cure of Neuralgia are a success."—Dr. G. P. Holman, Christianburg, Va. 50 cts. at druggists.

"I am not going to pay you for that horrible music." Organ-grinder—"I don't ask you to pay for the music. I throw that in for nothing, but I want pay for working the handle of the organ."

F. J. Cheney & Co., proprietors Hall's Catarrh Cure, offer $100 reward for any case of Catarrh that can't be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. For sale by Eberbach & Son.

"Yes,' said Mrs. Towser, as she expatiated upon the beauties of her flower garden, "I have given it great care, and if you come over in a week or two, I expect to be able to show you some beautiful scarlet pneumonias."—Sommerville Journal.

U. S. Surgeon Recommends.

Dr. J. M. G. Pheeton, is a U. S. ex-surgeon, residing now at Bloomington, Ind. The Dr. writes, to say: "I recommend *Samaritan Nervine* because it cures epilepsy." Physicians, generally, are its friends.

Thousands are being cured of Catarrh every year with Halls' Catarrh Cure, that the doctors had given up and said could not be cured. 75 cents a bottle. Sold by Eberbach & Son.

"Charlie seems to enjoy life behind that pair of trotters," quoth Smithers to Rattler, as a mutual friend sped by at a 40 gait. "Why should not he?" answered Rattler, "life is but a span."—Boston Courier.

WOLCOTT, N. Y., April 5, 1882.

Rheumatic Syrup Co.:

Gents—Having been afflicted with the Rheumatism over eight months in my left hip, at times so I could not get a night's rest, or even lie on that side on account of such pains running through my hip and down my limb, the Rheumatic Syrup was recommeded. After taking one bottle the pain left me, and I could lie on that side as well as ever. I have felt no symptoms of Rheumatism since. I think as a Rheumatic cure it has no equal.

A. B. THACKER, Merchant.

BUTLER CENTER, N. Y.

Rheumatic Syrup Co.:

Gentlemen—I think it my duty to recommend your wonderful medicine—Rheumatic Syrup. I have been troubled with kidney difficulty for many years; have been treated by different physicians, but could get only temporary relief until I commenced taking your Syrup. Had taken it but a short time before it began to help me, and to-day I am perfectly well.

Mrs. L. A. HIBBARD.

If you want to eulogize your friend don't say "He never told a lie." Say, rather, "He never exaggerated his fish stories." —Oil City Derrick.

☞ With Diamond Dyes any lady can get as good results as the best practical dyer. Every dye warranted true to name and sample.

A boy was making a great racket on his drum in front of a house in Somerville. "Little boy," said a lady, "you must not drum here; there is a lady sick in this house." "Well," said the boy "I wish I was a doctor. There's somebody sick in every house in town."—Boston Post.

Flies and Bugs.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, gophers, chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

The clouds never indulge in anything stronger than water, and yet we frequently hear of their being dissipated.—Boston Transcript.

A Startling Discovery.

Physicians are often startled by remarkable discoveries. The fact that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and all Throat and Lung diseases is daily curing patients that they have given up to die, is startling them to realize their sense of duty, and examine into the merits of this wonderful discovery; resulting in hundreds of our best Physicians using it in their practice. Trial Bottles free at H. J. Brown & Co.'s Drug store. Regular size $1.00.

A five-year-old boy, who went to school for the first time, came home at noon and said to his mother: "Mamma, I don't think that teacher knows much." "Why not, my dear?" "Why she kept asking qustions all the time. She asked where the Mississippi river was."

Decline of Man.

Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer." $1.

Oscar Wilde recently said in a speech: "I found my highest ideal of art in Colorado," and ex-Senator Tabor rises up, makes a profound bow, remarking: "I knew Osc wouldn't forget my $250 night-shirt."—Boomerang.

Everybody Knows it.

When you have the Itch, Salt Rheum, Galls, or Skin Eruptions of any kind, and the Piles, that you know without being told of it. Eberbach & Son, the Druggists will sell you Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy for 50 cents, which affords immediate relief, and is a sure cure for either of the above diseases.

A "pocket guide" for instruction in the art of swimming has been published in New York. When you fall overboard, and don't know how to swim, all you have to do is to tread water and read your guide. —Cincinnati Saturday Night.

"Mother Swan's Worm Syrup."

Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic, for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. 25c.

A Philadelphia servant girl has got a month off and gone to Washington to see about a pension. She once worked for three consecutive weeks in a family that lost a second cousin in the war.—Philadelphia News.

These are Solid Facts.

The best blood purifier and system regulator ever placed within the reach of suffering humanity, truly is Electric Bitters. Inactivity of the Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, weak Kidneys, any disease of the urinary organs, or who ever requires an appetizer, tonic, or mild stimulant, will always find Electric Bitters the best and only certain cure known. They act surely and quickly, every bottle guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by H. J. Brown & Co.

"My dear," said Rattler at the tea table, looking up from his evening paper, "this French-China trouble looks serious." "Yes," answered Mrs. Rattler, "Bridget broke the handle off the sugar-bowl to-day but I didn't think you would notice it so soon."—Boston Courier.

Catarrh of the Bladder.

Stinging irritation, Inflamation, all Kidney and Urinary Complaints, cured by "Buchu-paiba." $1.

A man who ran a penny show near Forepaugh's circus did a thriving business until he was made sorry by being arrested for stealing. The penny tent thief, you know.—Lowell Courier.

Convincing.

The proof of the pudding is not in chewing the string, but in having an opportunity to test the article direct. Eberbach & Son the Druggists has a free trial bottle of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup for each and every one who is afflicted with Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption or any Lung Affection.

A noted physician advises that the strawberry never be eaten except "half an hour before breakfast." The strawberry is nice, but not quite nice enough to take to bed with us.

"Buchupaiba."

Quick, complete cures all annoying Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases. $1. Druggist.

A cucumber five feet long is exhibited at New Orleans. It isn't size that counts in a cucumber, however. A little, stubby fellow, three by two inches, has proven enough to expand an ordinary sized stomach to an acher.

A lady writes: "I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla in my family for many years, and could not keep house without it. For the relief of the pains consequent upon female weaknesses and irregularities, I consider it without an equal."

The best time to eat a green apple is after it has become ripe. We give this information on good authority.—Lowell Citizen.

—"*I'm happy to say Dr. Benson's Skin Cure has cured my Eczema of the scalp, of four years standing.*" Jno. A. Andrews, Att'y at Law, Ashton, Ill. $1. at druggists. Endorsed by physicians.

In nine cases out of ten an official will go abroad for his health sooner than go to jail.—New Orleans Picayune.

That Husband of Mine

Is three times the man he was before he began using "Wells' Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

MACK & SCHMID,

Attending the late Auction and Closing Out Sale in New York, have secured immense Bargains and offer

Black, Colored and Fancy

SILKS AND SATINS

At prices which are

AWAY BELOW THE COST OF MANUFACTURE

And which can never be repeated in this generation.

Matchless Bargains in Plain and Fancy Wool Dress Fabrics.

LINEN DAMASK, TOWELS AND NAPKINS

15 per cent lower than ever before offered in any market in this country. We make no further comment but simply request the ladies to call and examine our stock. Our prices on everything are

ADVERTISING PRICES.

ELEGANT GOODS!

A large and well selected stock of fine

GOLD & SILVER WATCHES

Rings, Chains, Bracelets, Etc.

Silver and Silver-Plated Ware, Clocks, Gold and Steel Spectacles and Eye Glasses, at

J. HALLER & SON

46 SOUTH MAIN ST.

N. B.—Our stock is larger than ever before, and we are prepared to offer them at very low prices. 1125

WM. WRIGHT,

Fresco Painter and Interior Decorator!

Imported and Domestic Wall Paper Hangings. STAINED GLASS. Inlaid Wood Floors. Designer and Manufacturer of Art Furniture. Mantels a Specialty. Representative of the Low Art Tile. 34 Fort Street West, Detroit.

1132-1183.

GET YOUR PROPERTY INSURED BY

C. H. MILLEN,

INSURANCE AGENT,

No. 4 S. Main St., Ann Arbor.

The oldest agency in the city. Established a quarter of a century ago. Representing the following first-class companies:

Home Insurance Co., of N. Y.	$ 7,000,000
Continental Insurance Co., of N. Y.	4,207,206
Niagara Insurance Co., of N. Y.	1,735,563
Girard Insurance Co., of Phila.	1,132,486
Orient Insurance Co., of Hartford	1,419,522
Commercial Union, of London	12,000,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	33,000,000

☞ Rates Low. Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid.

C. H. Millen.

1141-1166

Real Estate for Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wayne, ss.

In the matter of the estate of Jennie W. Hollis and Linn Hollis, minors. Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned Samuel J. Springer, guardian of the estate of said minors, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Wayne, on the fifteenth day of May, A. D. 1883, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court House in the city of Ann Arbor, in the county of Washtenaw, in said State, on Saturday, the first day of September, A. D. 1883, at two o'clock in the afternoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the said sale, the following described real estate, to-wit: All the right title and interest of said minors in the undivided one eighth of the west one hundred and twenty acres of the north half of section six (6) township two (2) south range seven east, excepting the north-west fractional quarter of said section, in the township of Superior, County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan.

SAMUEL J. SPRINGER,
Guardian of said Minors,
JENNIE W. HOLLIS and LINN HOLLIS.

1152 58

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, in Chancery, at Ann Arbor, on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1883.

Magdalena Phelps, complainant vs. Daniel Phelps, defendant.

It satisfactor

The Ann Arbor Courier

FRIDAY, JULY 27, 1883.

Closing and Opening of Mails.

Mails leaving Ann Arbor, East and West, will close as follows:

GOING WEST.

Through and Way Mail.....8:35 and 10:50 a. m.
Way Mail between Ann Arbor and Jackson.....4:50 p. m.
Night Mail.....8:00 p. m.

GOING EAST.

Through and Way Mail, Night Line, 8:00 p. m.
Through and Way Mail...10:20 a. m., 4:50 p. m.

GOING SOUTH.

Toledo Pouch.....7.15 a. m.
Toledo and Way.....2.40 p. m.

GOING NORTH.

South Lyon and Northern.....10.00 a. m.
Walsh, Whitmore Lake & Hamburg 9.30 a. m.

MAILS DISTRIBUTED

Eastern Mails distributed at 8 a. m., 9.30 a. m., 12 m. and 6:30 p. m.
Western Mail distributed at 8 a. m. and 6:30 p. m.
Jackson Mail and Way Mail between Jackson and Ann Arbor distributed at 11:15 a. m.

Fraternity Lodge No. 262 F. & A. M.

Regular communications held in Masonic Hall on Wednesday evenings on or before the full moon.
Visiting Brothers cordially welcome.
C. B. DAVISON, W. M.
W. F. STIMSON, Sec.

Friends of The Courier, who have business at the Probate Court, will please request Judge Harriman to send their Printing to this office.

LOCAL.

A base ball nine went from here to play at Tecumseh yesterday.

The American Bar Association meets at Saratoga this year August 22, 23 and 24.

Goodspeed soon moves his shoe shop from Huron to Main street next Winans & Stafford's.

Mrs. O. R. L. Crozier will speak at the temperance meeting Sunday at 3 p. m. at Cropsey's Hall.

It is said that two-fifths of the entire crop of peppermint, of the country, is produced in Michigan.

Court convened Monday morning and the Goodale divorce case was postponed until the first of August.

It is estimated for Michigan that the apple crop will be 55 per cent. and peaches 60 per cent. This is probably a liberal estimate.

The new firm of Fall and Hendricks have been taking an invoice this week and are now ready to start out. They open up to-morrow.

Mr. Kelsey, the old man injured last week by being struck by an engine at the railroad crossing, was able to be up and dressed the other day.

Mr. Pulsifer the operator of the Western Union office has not struck, although he feels that the company should be more liberal with its employees.

By invitation of the Saline Tent the Ann Arbor Maccabees went over Wednesday evening to assist at an initiation. Twelve went over in carriages.

The property of Aaron Henion on William street, next to A. W. Ames, has been sold to Jesse Booth for $2,100. He will erect a handsome dwelling there.

The first of September a billiard hall is to be opened in the vacant store on State street south of Sheehan's. It will be run by William Merithew who starts out with four tables.

About a half a mile south of town on the Pittsfield road an unoccupied house was burned Tuesday night. William Burk and Peter Cook, who owned it had it insured for $1,100.

A company of 32, consisting of the German band and the Turnverein went to East Saginaw this week to attend the Turnfest. The Turners of Ann Arbor, however, do not belong to the State association, so did not enter for prizes.

The T. A. A. & G. T. Ry. will run a special excursion train from Toledo to Lansing, without change of cars, for those desiring to attend the Emancipation Celebration August 1st, 1883. Fare for round trip from Ann Arbor only $1.25.

During the storm on Monday William Jacobus was struck by lightning when near the Fourth ward school house. It knocked him down and cured him of a headache he had had for some time. A novel scheme; walk up and take a shock.

The first $50. for wood-chuck scalps having been exhausted another $50. has been appropriated by Ann Arbor Township. There is a kind of a lull in the trade now owing to the boys being engaged in the harvest field but this will brighten it up.

This morning at 3 o'clock the house of Carl Schulz, a carpenter living on Spring street, was discovered in flames. The building, part of which was new, burned so quickly that but little was saved, and the insurance on it was only $1,000. It was the work of an incendiary.

Some burglars went into the house Prof. Pettee is building, Tuesday night, and after breaking open some tool chests they gathered together about $80. worth of carpenters' tools. But before taking them away they were frightened off, leaving behind them their own tools.

Where, oh where are the excursions to Detroit, or Lansing, or Put-in-Bay this year? Every year, hitherto some church organization or Co. A. have gotten up cheap excursions out of town and given the people a chance to get away with their families for a holiday. Are there to be none this season?

A Lodge of Knights of Pythias was instituted Monday night by C. A. Mack, vice chancellor commander of the order, and five other officers from Detroit. Their officers are as follows: Past chancellor commander, J. Wm. Hangsterfer; chancellor commander, Dr. V. C. Vaughan; vice chancellor, Dr. G. A. Hendricks; prelate, William Merithew; master-of-arms, J. Kelley; master of exchequer, C. E. Hendrickson; keeper of records and seals, J. Rose. As delegate to the Grand Lodge of the Knights held at Kalamazoo Tuesday, J. Wm. Hangsterfer was sent.

A Washington judge has fined the driver of a buggy $10 for assault for running into a bicycle rider. The bicycle was smashed, and the rider thrown to the ground. The court held that a bicycle is a carriage having equal rights with other carriages to the streeets and highways. They are also amenable to the same road laws as other vehicles. A bicycle rider in passing another vehicle coming from the opposite direction, must turn to the right. In passing a vehicle going in the same direction usage requires him to do so on the left, provided the way is open on that side.

Ypsilanti has good roads in and about it, yet strange enough there is not a single birotary chariot owned in the city. When the members of the Ann Arbor bicycle club ride down there they are at once surrounded by a curious throng. Manchester has machines, Saline has a strong club of good riders; why not Ypsi? Perhaps they are waiting for the "trycycle."

In speaking of a sewing machine case of Mary Tubbs vs Grinell Bros. which was tried in Dexter last week the Leader affirms that: "A. J. Sawyer represented the plaintiff, and Capt. Allen and D. Cramer, the defendants, and oh! such a reckless waste of WIND, Dexter never before witnessed." However Sawyer got $22 damages for his client in return for his wind. Not so bad a waste of wind after all.

The clapper racket is let loose all over town these days by the idle small boy. No boy nowadays is happy if he cannot be driving some one wild with the senseless and monotonous clatter of the bones or sticks. If they would put the time consumed in the practice of this accomplishment into practicing telegraphy they would soon be able to take the places of some of the strikers at a salary. "A hint to the wise," etc.

Sophie Lyons was taken before Judge Cooley Wednesday morning and after argument by Prosecuting Attorney Whitman and Mr. Cowles, her attorney the bail was fixed at $1,500. It was thought that as she already had been in duress since February 1882 the original amount, which before she was unable to obtain, was sufficient. Two Detroit parties, William Dinnen and George Wood are her sureties, so the county will be relieved of her keeping until the trial, which Mr. Whitman proposes to push as soon as possible.

A bold bad housebreaker was all but captured at the T. A. A. & G. T. depot Tuesday evening. It seems he had been plying his trade at Pinckney and had cut his hands quite severely. By some means the railroad men recognized him when he came down on the train and when it arrived here Sheriff Wallace was at once telephoned for, the train being delayed in the meantime under pretense of a hot box. Soon the sheriff came tearing up in his buggy jumped out, rushed into the car and looked around for Mr. Thief, but without seeing him. The train men had forgotten to watch him, and he having smelled a mouse, had evacuated. He had gone—

"Over the neighbors fence
And he aint been seen there since."

Michigan is not a good state—to emigrate from, but it is a capital one to live in. The older settlers who have had experience in new countries usually advise the boys to stick to the surety here, rather than to take the chances in Dakota. One of the old uncles gives his nephew these points: "Young man, Michigan is one of the best States in this great and glorious Union, and if you are comfortably fixed here, you will have to hunt a good while before finding a good excuse for pulling up stakes. Listen to your kind old uncle and be sensible. Stay right here, in the old Wolverine State, marry a Michigan girl, invest your earnings in Michigan property, and if any body tells you of a fairer clime than this, where wealth is gained with little or no labor, toss him a salute from the hem of your ear, play him a tune from your nose, a la flute, and bid him begone before you pin him to a tree with a pitchfork. There, now, sonny, run down to the depot and meet the boys on their way back from Dakota."

Wants Another Wife.

Ever since Dr. William J. Calvert came to Ann Arbor several years ago, his movements have been a frequent source of comment with many, even among those who did not have his acquaintance. It will be remembered that after the burning of the Mineral Springs house, which he was managing, he went to Dakota.

Little was then heard of him hereabouts for some time, but just a year ago the house in which his wife and daughter were living was fired and burned to the ground, Mrs. Calvert and Miss Aggie narrowly escaping with their lives. Almost coincident with this second incendiary fire came a summons to Mrs. C. ordering her to appear at a session of the court in Bismarck, Dakota, to show cause why a divorce should not be granted on the grounds of cruelty upon the application of the Doctor. In all probability it was considerably to the surprise of the latter party that she appeared there. She says that he offered her $3,000 if she would not appear to contest it, but on her daughter's account she declined the proposition. The suit was accordingly withdrawn from the Bismarck court, February 12th, of this year, and it has subsequently transpired that two days later he made another application for divorce at Sioux Falls, a place several hundred miles distant. The notice was published in an obscure county paper even distant from Sioux Falls, and the time having expired, the Doctor appeared and obtained a decree *ex parte*, May 1, 1883. Too late to stay proceedings Mrs. Calvert received a hint of this from a friend in the west, and a few days since she received a letter from Dr. Calvert himself which reads as follows:

ECKELSON, D. T., June 17, 1883.

MISS M. J. BIRCH: I drop a line to inform you that you are at liberty to marry or not *ad libitum*. Our marriage was dissolved on the first day of May 1883. *We are Free!!* I hope our lives henceforth will be happier. Mine is already. I desire "*peace*" and will preserve it if you will. When I can retrieve some of my losses I will remember the children. You can address me here. Love to the children. WM. J. CALVERT.

Mrs. C, has been advised by lawyers at the place the bill of divorce was granted that if it was obtained fraudulently she can have it set aside and retain her alimony. So Saturday night she and her daughter started for Sioux Falls, Dakota, again to thwart the wily schemes of her husband upon whom matrimonial bonds seem to rest somewhat heavily. Although it is rumored that he has his eye on another woman with whom he would like to go into joint convention.

Apropos the discussion of his affairs it may be said that he found a little lake in the Territory, at which he located a "sanitarium" and attempted to start a town. The "Bismarck Alert showed up the scheme, and he now wants $10,000 from it to sooth his lacerated feelings for the libel. Probably when he gets that, he will "remember the children."

Mrs. C. may be a witness not at all pleasant for the Dr. in this libel suit when it comes on if he succeeds in getting clear of the Sioux Falls scrape and decides to push it.

PERSONALS.

Judge Harriman is back from the East.

Miss Mattie Smith has returned to Port Huron.

William Hatch Jr. is moving to William street.

Miss Jennie Polhemus is visiting relatives at Mason.

A. D. Seyler has returned from a two weeks vacation.

Master Bert Fall has gone to see his grandparents at Albion.

Mrs. Wm. Tolchard returned Saturday from a trip to Des Moines.

Miss Ella M. Brush is a guest of Miss Fannie Cook of Corunna.

Mrs. Carrie Worden started Monday for her home in Des Moines.

William McKay of Toledo will remain in the city for a week or two.

Will Watts spent a few days last week with Charles Jones at Charlotte.

Mrs. Harwood and daughter are spending a short season in the country.

Miss Mary Ann Clark has gone to Pittsburg Kansas. to visit her sister.

Mrs. M. L. White is visiting her daughter Mrs. Wm. C. Stevens of Detroit.

Robert Shannon and family are visiting in the northern part of the State.

Miss Nora Dillon and Mr. Wm. Newman of Portland are visiting in town.

Mrs. Calvert and Miss Aggie Calvert started for Dakota, Saturday evening.

Mrs. Dr. Webb of Lowell, came down Friday for a visit at W. W. Whedon's.

Willis Boughton has been taking a few days recreation with friends in Detroit.

Christian Mack has been out of town this week in the northern part of the state.

Hon. E. D. Kinne, and son Sam started Wednesday for a brief tour to Cedar Falls Iowa.

Mrs. McDowell, *nee* Tib Woodruff is visiting her mother, Mrs. A. R. Hall of State street.

Roswell Waterman and wife with Mrs. Monroe have gone to spend the summer at Petoskey.

Mrs. Isaac Shaw and Miss Sarah Shaw of Saline spent a few days at G. M. Monroe's last week.

Mrs. Dr. Rose and family on Wednesday left for a visit to Chicago, Evanston and South Bend.

Walter L. Taylor of New York City, is spending a few weeks vacation with his parents in the city.

Miss. E. A. Stevens and Miss Olive Leavitt of Minnesota have gone to Put-in-Bay to spend a few days.

Henry Hatch went Wednesday to West Branch, Ogemaw County where he takes charge of a printing office.

Mrs. J. Wm. Hangsterfer and the Misses Lulu and Ella Hangsterfer are visiting relatives and friends in Detroit.

John Keck has returned from a two weeks trip in Kansas. He reports having made some $9,000 worth of sales.

Henry Binder Jr. of Detroit made this city a flying visit Wednesday eve. He is with the firm of M. S. Smith & Co. of Detroit.

Mrs. Reuben Kempf accompanied by the Misses Minnie and Nellie Kempf and Miss Kittie VanHarlingen are at Whitmore Lake.

Christian Grossman started Wednespay night for Los Angelos, California, where he intends to locate if pleased with the country.

Fannie M. Taylor and Hildah Pennington who spent the winter in Dakota, have joined a party of tourists to the Missouri river. Business and pleasure combined.

S. C. Randall, says the Dundee Reporter, is contemplating removing his family to Ann Arbor to obtain the benefit of the school of that city. He will however continue his law practice in this village.

UNIVERSITY ITEMS.

Dr. E. C. Franklin, the recent Professor of surgery and clinical surgery in the Homeopathic medical college, goes to St. Louis to enter upon the practice of his profession. The Doctor is a good surgeon. Some speculation is rife as to his probable successor, who will probably be appointed by the regents at their meeting next Monday. Dr. Walton, a professor in the Medical school at Cincinnati, is spoken of as the coming man.

Quite a number of the college societies will leave their clnb houses in different localities next year. The Beta Theta Pi will occupy the brick house in which Rev. R B. Pope has lived, the Chi Psi will have the Gott House on West Huron street, the Zeta Psi will take possession of the one lately occupied by the latter and their house in the woods in turn is taken by the Phi Kappa Psi. The Alpha Delta Phi will keep their house another year.

Professor Stowell and Mrs. L, R. Stowell are entering the literary field to quite an extent. Already Mr. S. has edited "The Students' Manual of Histology" a work of about 300 pages, now in its second edition, and together they have written a volume of 250 pages on "Microscopical Diagnosis." They also have in preparation another volume on "How to prepare Tissues," besides editing "The Microscope," an illustrated bi-monthly journal of 48 pages, devoted to microscopical work connected with medicine and pharmacy.

Microscopical work is being developed in the University, and there is a discussion as to the formation of a special laboratory in which can be formed a school of microscopy. Work is now prosecuted in the following branches of science: Human Histology, Comparative Histology, Vegetable Histology, Botanical Research, Zoölogical Research, Palæontological Research, Pathalogical Anatomy, Psychological and Analytical Chemistry. Should a school be established Dental Histology, and a course in Microscopical technics would be added, thus making it broader and more complete than at any other University in the country.

Miss Frances E. Willard has visited the grave of Bishop E. O. Haven, formerly President of the University and sent the following letter to his widow:

SALEM, Oregon, June 18, 1883.

My Dear Mrs. Bishop E. O. Haven: On this bright spring day I have made a devout pilgrimage to the grave of that noblest of men—your honored husband. I stood there in earnest thought about the beautiful days at Evanston, when he was the central figure of a grand enterprise, with which my heart was closely enlisted, and in which his genius had such victories. It would have done you good to hear the honest words we spoke—Brother Denison and I—as we gathered away the dried leaves, rearranged the three faded wreaths, and tended the beautiful blooming violets—fit emblems of the Bishop's character. I gathered from the grave a pretty fern, which is inclosed. Soon a monument, twenty-two feet in height, is to mark the place where lies the little that was mortal of your husband. But how immeasurably high towers the imperishable monument of his Christian character! With ever kind remembrance and regard to you and yours, I am, as ever sincerely, FRANCES E. WILLARD.

Wool came in pretty lively Saturday, Mack & Schmid buying about 15,000 pounds, and R. Kempf about 40,000 lbs. Up to date the amounts bought are as follows:

Mack & Schmid, over	100,000	pounds.
R. Kempf, over	80,000	"
A. Herz,	35,000	"

Some of the large clips are Byron Sutherland of Pittsfield, 1,300; Prof. J. B. Steere. 1,500; Robert Campbell, 1,800; H. Forshee, of Superior, 1,800; Wm. Muir of York, 2,000, pounds. 29 and 30 cents remain the buying prices.

The city had a narrow escape from a cyclone Monday afternoon. A heavy rain and a violent wind was accompanied by hail stones of immense size, some being as large as walnuts and of an irregular shape, resembling in a small way the serrated peaks of a mountain range. The ground was moist from the frequent rains and when the wind storm struck large trees it was not long in uprooting very many in all parts of the town and vicinity. Some damage was done to roofs and to windows by flying debris. Had the hail storm continued long it would have ruined the unharvested grain as well as all kinds of fruit.

In Memoriam.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Circuit Court and Bar of Wexford county on July 18, 1883, and are inserted as a matter of interest to the many friends of the bereaved husband, a native of this city, and of the deceased, who spent last summer here under treatment for the disease that subsequently proved fatal.

In the Circuit Court for the county of Wexford:

WHEREAS it has pleased the Divine Ruler to remove from among us, Ella McIntyre, the faithful and beloved wife of Donald E. McIntyre, Esq., Prosecuting Attorney of this court. In token of the respect and esteem in which we hold sacred the memory of the deceased, and of our sympathy for her relatives and friends.

Therefore be it resolved by this court, and the officers and attorneys thereof:

1. That while by her death, she has attained that perfect peace which passeth understanding, yet we lament the early death of one so gifted in every true excellency of heart and character.

2. That, while we cannot fully express our sorrow at the untimely demise of so true and devoted a wife, cut down after long suffering in the flower of her womanhood, yet we tender to the relatives of the deceased, and especially to our bereaved Brother our sincerest sympathies in this hour of deepest sorrow.

3. That as a frail memento of her personal worth, and of her many and noble traits of heart and soul, we request that these resolutions be spread upon the journal of this court, and copies of the same furnished to her sorrowing husband and family.

4. That we attend the funeral services of the deceased, and calling to mind her earnest sympathy and active help to the sorrowing and afflicted while she was in health, and the patience and resignation of her long sickness and final death, commend her spirit to that world beyond the veil, where sorrow is no more.

Bitter Bread.

Complaint is frequently made by those who use baking powders that they leave in bread, biscuit, or cake raised by them a disagreable, bitter taste. This taste follows the use of all impure baking powders, and is caused either by their containing alum (introduced to make a cheap article), by the impure and adulterated character of other ingredients used, or from the ignorance of their manufacturers of the proper methods of combining them. These baking powders leave in the bread a residuum formed of lime, earth, alum, or other deleterious matters not always, though frequently, tastable in the food, and by all physicians classed as injurious to health. The Royal Baking Powder is free from this serious defect. In its use no residuum is left, and the loaf raised by it is always sweet, light and wholesome, and noticeably free from the peculiar taste complained of. The reason of this is because it is composed of nothing but absolutely pure materials scientifically combined in exactly the proper proportions of acid and alkali to act upon and destroy each other, while producing the largest amount of raising powder. We are justified in this assertion from the unqualified statements made by the Government chemist, who after thorough and exhaustive tests recommended the "Royal" for Governmental use because of its superiority over all others in purity, strength and wholesomeness. There is no danger of bitter bread or biscuit where it alone is used.

DIED.

KAERCHER—Michael Kaercher of Freedom, died July 23, of heart disease, at the age of 74 years and six months. Funeral Wednesday at 10 A. M.

ANN ARBOR MARKET.

This report will be carefully corrected each week by RINSEY & SHABOLT.

OFFICE OF THE ANN ARBOR COURIER, ANN ARBOR, July 26, 1883.

Flour, ℔ 100 lbs	2 75@ 2 15
Patent Roller Flour	3 28 @ 3 50
Corn Meal, bolted, per 100 lbs	2 50
Corn, ℔ bu	33 @ 37
Oats, ℔ bu	35@ 40
Hay ℔ ton	10 00
Potatoes, ℔ bu	@ 80
Raspberries	15
Huckleberries	15
Beans, ℔ bu	@ 1 50
Hand Picked	$2 00 2 00
Butter, ℔ lb	@ 14
Eggs, ℔ doz	13
Lard, ℔ lb	@ 15
Cheese	@ 16
Dried beef, ℔ lb	@ 20
Ham, ℔ lb	@ 15
Tallow	@ 07

Itching Piles—Symptoms and Cure.

The symptoms are moisture like perspiration, intense itching, increased by scratching, very distressing, particularly at night, seems as if pin-worms were crawling in and about the rectum; the private parts are sometimes affected. If allowed to continue serious results may follow. "Swayne's Ointment" is a pleasant, sure cure. Also for tetter, itch, salt rheum, scald head, erysipelas, barbers' itch, blotches, all scaly, crusty skin diseases. Sent by mail for 50 cents; 3 boxes for $1.25, (in stamps). Address, Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Druggists.

Not a particle of calomel or any other deleterious substanee enters into the composition of Ayer's Cathartic Pills. On the contrary, they prove of special service to those who have used calomel and other mineral poisons as medicines, and feel their injurious effects. In such cases Ayer's Pills are invaluable.

Positive cure for Piles.

To the people of this County we would say we have been given the Agency of Dr. Marchisi's Italian Pile Ointment—emphatically guaranteed to Cure or money refunded—Internal, External, Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. Price 50c. a box. No cure, No pay. For sale by Eberbach & Son, Druggists.

Daughters, Wives, and Mothers.

We emphatically guarantee Dr. Marchisi's Catholicon a Female Remedy, to cure Female Diseases, such as Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and ulceration, Falling and Displacements or bearing down feeling, Irregularities, Barrenness, Change of Life, Leucorrhœa, besides many weaknesses springing from the above, like Headache, Bloating, Spinal weakness, Sleeplessness, Nervous debility, Palpitation of the heart, etc. No cure, No Pay. For sale by druggists. Prices $1.00 and $1,50 per Bottle. Send to Dr. J. B. Marchisi, Utica, N. Y., for pamphlet, free. For sale by Eberbach & Son, Druggists.

Swayne's Pills—Comforting to the Sick.

Thousands die from neglect to properly treat impure blood, constipation, dyspepsia, malaria, apoplexy, liver, kidney, heart diseases, dropsy, and rheumatism. But to the debilitated burdened with such serious sickness, we conscientiously recommend "Swayne's Pills," which contain medicinal properties possessed by no other remedy. Sent by mail for 25 cents, box of 30 pills; 5 boxes, $1, (in stamps). Address Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Druggists.

1-4 Off on Parasols at

BACH & ABEL'S

FOR ONE WEEK.

GOODSPEED'S

Open about September 1st,

No. 17 MAIN STREET.

Wanted—By a practical printer, foremanship of a good country office. Can give best of references. Address, Thos. F. Nelson, Northport, Leelanaw Co., Mich.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

FARMERS' & MECHANICS' BANK

AT ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN,

At the close of Business July 2, 1883.

Made in accordance with the General Banking Law of Michigan.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$ 72,581 56
Overdrafts	70 47
Due from Banks and Bankers	28,680 68
Revenue Stamps	19 00
Furniture and Fixtures	3,273 16
Expenses	1,050 22
Bonds, U. S. 4 per cents	1,400 00
Premiums Paid	287 25
Cash on hand	9,860 86
	$117,203 20

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$ 50,000 00
Due Depositors	65,154 82
Discount, Interest and Exchange	2,048 38
	$117,203 20

I do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

WILLIAM A. TOLCHARD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this Third day of July, 1883.

WM. W. WHEDON, Notary Public.

A-GREAT-PROBLEM.

TAKE ALL THE

Kidney & Liver Medicines,

BLOOD Purifiers,

RHEUMATIC Remedies,

Dyspepsia And Indigestion Cures,

Ague, Fever, And Billious Specifics,

Brain & Nerve Force Revivers,

Great Health Restorers.

In Short, take all the Best qualities of all these, and the best qualities of all the best Medicines of the World and you will find that **Hop Bitters** have the best curative qualities and powers of all concentrated in them, and that they will cure when any or all of these, singly or combined, fail. A thorough trial will give positive proof of this.

SWAYNES PILLS

KNOWN TO MEN OF FAME AND SCIENCE FOR REMOVING

ALL IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD.

Acknowledged a Grand, Pleasant, and Efficient Cure for

CONSTIPATION, stress at stool, bad breath, dull face, heaviness,

DYSPEPSIA, known by irregular appetite, sour eructations, sick stomach, loss of appetite, and tenderness at pit of stomach, despondency.

LIVER Complaint, Biliousness, Malaria, Chills and Fever, causing soreness in back and side, also bottom of ribs; weariness, irritability, tongue coated, skin yellow, hot and cold sensations, eyes dull, dry cough, stifled and obstructed feeling, irregular pulse, bad colored stools.

APOPLEXY, Epilepsy, Paralysis, dim sight, sound in ears, giddiness, confusion in head, nervousness, flashes of light before eyes, loss of memory. Diseases of Bladder and

KIDNEYS, urine dark or light, red deposit; burning, stinging, bearing down sensations, frequent desire to urinate, unexpected, infamed eyes, dark circles, thirst. **Diseases of**

HEART, severe pains, fluttering or weight near heart, more so on moving quickly and when lying on left side; out of breath on exertion.

HEADACHE, dull or sharp pains in temples, eyes or head; faintness, nausea.

Dropsy is caused by watery fluid. **Rheumatism, &c.,** by uric acid in blood. **Bowel Disorders** by corrupt matter. **Worms** by the pests within. **Colds** by choking of the secretions. **SWAYNE'S PILLS,** by gentle action, removes the cause, making a permanent cure. Sent by mail for 25 cents box of 30 Pills; 5 boxes, $1.00. (In postage-stamps.) Address, **DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.** Sold by Druggists.

1129-1180

SCROFULA

and all scrofulous diseases, **Sores, Erysipelas, Eczema, Blotches, Ringworm, Tumors, Carbuncles, Boils,** and **Eruptions of the Skin,** are the direct result of an impure state of the blood.

To cure these diseases the blood must be purified, and restored to a healthy and natural condition. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has for over forty years been recognized by eminent medical authorities as the most powerful blood purifier in existence. It frees the system from all foul humors, enriches and strengthens the blood, removes all traces of mercurial treatment, and proves itself a complete master of all scrofulous diseases.

A Recent Cure of Scrofulous Sores

"Some months ago I was troubled with scrofulous sores (ulcers) on my legs. The limbs were badly swollen and inflamed, and the sores discharged large quantities of offensive matter. Every remedy I tried failed, until I used AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, of which I have now taken three bottles, with the result that the sores are healed, and my general health greatly improved. I feel very grateful for the good your medicine has done me. Yours respectfully, MRS. ANN O'BRIAN."

148 Sullivan St., New York, June 24, 1882.

☞ **All persons interested are invited to call on Mrs. O'Brian; also upon the Rev. Z. P. Wilds of 78 East 54th Street, New York City, who will take pleasure in testifying to the wonderful efficacy of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, not only in the cure of this lady, but in his own case and many others within his knowledge.**

The well-known *writer on the Boston Herald*, B. W. BALL, of *Rochester, N.H.*, writes, June 7, 1882:

"Having suffered severely for some years with Eczema, and having failed to find relief from other remedies, I have made use, during the past three months, of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, which has effected a *complete cure*. I consider it a magnificent remedy for all blood diseases."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

stimulates and regulates the action of the digestive and assimilative organs, renews and strengthens the vital forces, and speedily cures **Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, Catarrh, General Debility,** and all diseases arising from an impoverished or corrupted condition of the blood, and a weakened vitality.

It is incomparably the cheapest blood medicine, on account of its concentrated strength, and great power over disease.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; price $1, six bottles for $5.

$145.50 GIVEN AWAY

—BY—

A. L. NOBLE,

AT THE

STAR CLOTHING HOUSE

—ON—

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY!

THIS IS THE PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION,

60 Suits for Boys and Children reduced about $2.50 each to be sold in three days. Duck Vests, Dusters and Lemonade Coats 45c. Our 10c Coats are Closed. Read the "ad" next week.

Look for the RED STAR, - 35 S. Main Street.

M. B. KELLEY & CO.

THE NEW DRY GOODS STORE, 16 SOUTH MAIN ST.

OFFER.

Best Standard Prints at.....5c.	Best Dress Ginghams at.....10c.	Best Domestic Ginghams at 9c.
Good Domestic Ginghams at 7c.	Best French Dress Lawns at 10c	Extra Good Toweling at 4 1-2c.
Extra Good, all Linen, Towels at 10c.	All Best Colored Shirtings at....10c.	

N. B.—1 case extra good 4-4 White Cotton, no starch or dressing, at 6 3-4c per yard.

SATURDAY AND MONDAY WILL SELL ALL REMNANTS OF BEST PRINTS at 3 1-2 Pr. Yd.

ALL GOODS CHEAP. GIVE US A CALL.

M. B. KELLEY & CO.

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time." $66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

EXPERIENCE PROVES THAT

WINES & WORDEN

20 S. Main St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Carry the Largest Stock, the Best Goods, the Best Assortment, and make the LOWEST PRICES of any

HOUSE IN THE CITY!

They have a full assortment of Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mats, Rugs, Black and Fancy Silks, Dress Goods in great varieties, Dress Trimmings, Gloves, [See their 75c kid gloves.] Gents and Ladies Underwear, Towels, Napkins, Table Linens, Shirtings, woolen & cotton.

Ticks, Bed Quilts, Comforters, Feathers, Flannels, Ladies Cloths,

And in short their stock is full and complete.

THEY EXTEND AN INVITATION TO ALL TO CALL AND EXAMINE THEIR GOODS AND PRICES.

Ann Arbor, Mich., 1883.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE CENTRAL FLOURING MILLS

having finished the equipment of their mills are now ready for all kinds of work in their line. Graham, fine meal and all kinds of feed are kept constantly on hand, warranted of good quality and at the lowest rates.

Farmers will find facilities for having all kinds of custom work promptly done.

We call especial attention to our "White Loaf" brand of flour as superior to any flour heretofore made in Washtenaw County, being manufactured by the latest roller proces. If your grocer does not keep it for sale order direct from the mills on First Street.

1150-62 R. K. AILES & CO.

GOLD | BROMLEY'S | SILVER

ELECTRO PLATE WORKS.

48 Woodward Avenue, DETROIT, MICH.

(Established 27 years.)

PLATING

GOLD, SILVER, AND NICKEL

Largest Plating establishment in the State. ALL WORK FIRST CLASS.

REFERENCES:

M. S. Smith & Co., Detroit Safe Company or any prominent citizen of Detroit.

NICKEL | PLATING.

1129-1154

PATENTS

Obtained, and all other business in the U. S. Patent Office attended to for MODERATE FEES.

Our office is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain Patents in less time than those remote from WASHINGTON.

Send MODEL or DRAWING. We advise as to patentability free of charge; and we make NO CHARGE UNLESS WE OBTAIN PATENT.

We refer here, to the Postmaster, the Supt. of Money Order Div., and to officials of the U. S. Patent Office. For circular, advice, terms, and references to actual clients in your own State or county, address C. A. SNOW & CO.,

1119 tf Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D.C.

MAGNETIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK

BEFORE [BRAIN & NERVE FOOD.] AFTER

A cure Guaranteed in all Cases

For Old and Young, Male and Female.

MAGNETIC MEDICINE; a Brain and Nerve Food; Unfailing and Positive Cure. Tones up the debilitated system, arrests all involuntary discharges, removes mental gloom and despondency, and restores wonderful power to the weakened organs. ☞ With each order for twelve packages, accompanied with five dollars, we will send our Guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. It is the Cheapest and Best Medicine in the market. Full particulars in Pamphlet, which we mail free to any address. Sold by all Druggists, one package 50 cents; Six for $2.50, or sent by mail on receipt of price, by addressing the MAGNETIC MEDICINE CO., Detroit, Mich. Guarantees issued in Ann Arbor by C. E. HOLMES, Cook Hotel Block. 1135-85

SCALES AND SAFES.

MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Hay, Wheat and Counter Scales. NEW AND SECOND-HAND Scales and Safes for sale and repaired.

1128-1179 M. N. ROWLEY, Detroit, Mich.

BELL-HANGING & LOCKSMITHING.

BURGLAR ALARMS and ELECTRIC BELLS, KEY FITTING, SAFE REPAIRING, ETC. GENERAL REPAIRERS AND JOBBERS.

M. N. ROWLEY, Detroit, Mich.

1128-1179

NO 2 | $1,000 can be made in six months selling TUNISON'S MAPS & CHARTS | TU-NI-SON

For 36 page catalogue, free, address, H. C. TUNISON, Cincinnati, O., N. Y. City, Jacksonville, Ill., Omaha, Neb.

1150-62

RHEUMATINE

An internal Remedy and a SURE CURE for all kinds of

RHEUMATIC COMPLAINTS!

SUTHERLAND'S TRADE MARK RHEUMATINE

If you are suffering from

KIDNEY COMPLAINTS!

Give RHEUMATINE a fair trial. You will never regret having done so.

From Mr. WILLIAM MAGRATH.

Erindale, Credit P.O., Jan, 8, 1883.

MY DEAR SUTHERLAND: Some two months since I became so afflicted with Rheumatism of the neck and right shoulder as to render my right arm nearly powerless. I determined to try your "Rheumatine," and the result is that I am now *free from pain*, and enjoyed the *full use of my arm*. My general health is also much improved by the use of the medicine. The first two bottles *relieved me*—the third bottle *freed me from all pain*. WM. MAGRATH.

J. N. Sutherland, St. Catharines.

See our Change of Testimonials every week in Daily Papers.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Wholesale Agents for Detroit and Michigan,

MESSRS. SWIFT & DODDS.

1142-1193

WEARING AWA'.

The following exquisite lyric, depicting Burns' affection for Jessie Lewars in his last illness, has recently been found in Kilmarnock. It is anonymous, but is believed by competent critics to have been written by Motherwill, who cherished an almost idolatrous admiration for the great Scottish bard:

The sun lies clasped in amber clouds,
Half-hidden in the sea;
And o'er the sands the flowing tide
Comes racing merrily.
The hawthorn hedge is white with bloom,
The wind is soft and down,
And sad and still you watch by me,
Your hand clasped in my own.

Oh! let the curtain bide, Jessie,
And raise my head awee,
And let the bonnie setting sun
Glint in on you and me.
The world looks fair and bright, Jessie,
Near loving hearts like you;
But puirtith's blasts sifts summer love,
And makes real friendships few.

Oh! Jessie, in the dreary night,
I clasp my burning hands
Upon those throbbing sleepless lids
O'er eyes like glowing brands.
And wonder, in my weary brain,
If, haply, when I'm dead
My old boon friends for love of me
Will give my bairnies bread.

Oh! did the poor not help the poor,
Each in their simple way,
With humble gift, and kindly word,
God pity them I say;
For many a man who clasped my hand,
With pledges o'er the bowl,
When the wine halo passed away,
Proved but a niggard soul.

Oh! blessed thought midst our despair,
There is a promise made,
That in the day the rough wind blows,
The east wind shall be stayed.
A few short years, and those I love
Will come again to me,
In that bright realm without a sun,
That land without a sea.

Oh! wilt thou gang o' nichts, Jessie,
To my forsaken hearth,
And be as thou hast been to me,
The truest friend on earth?
Sae sweetly in your linnet voice,
You'll sing my weans to rest,
While Jean will lay her weary head
Upon your loving breast.

Oh! what is fame: Its wrath of rays
Cools not the fevered brow,
Wilt tell his name in coming days,
Who whistled at the plough,
And wrote a simple song or two,
For happier hearts to sing,
Among the shining sheaves of corn,
Or round the household ring.

Yet would I prize the bubble fame,
If but mine artless lays
Bore thy sweet deed and lovingness
For future time to praise.
True souls! I bless the poet's skill,
Which won a friend like thee,
Whose tender love 'twix Home and Heaven
Is with me constantly.

Wrestling With Editors.

I stand before the editor; he takes the manuscript, unwraps it, is reading it glancing at it, skimming through the last few pages, turning over the rest hands it back to me.

"It is rather lengthy, I hardly think we could find room for such an article." He bows; takes up another manuscript from his desk.

I creep down the steps, with a heart so heavy I think it must have turned to stone.

It is drizzling rain. The afternoon has become baleful. I don't care if I get soaking wet, and my best dress and hat are just ruined. I won't catch up my skirts. Let them take care of themselves, I made them short enough. I don't try to keep my heels out of the mud, but tramp over the crossing with desperate flat-footedness. It has been looked at, called nothing but lengthy (I detest that word) and returned to me. I clutch determinately at the remnant of courage, gather it up, hold it tight, and start for the next newspaper office.

I go slowly up the steps, fairly drag myself up, wishing they would reach to eternity, and there was no such place as editorial rooms at the end. All too soon I stand before the closed door. It is too much. The spirit is strong but the flesh is weak. Turn on my heels, go nimbly down again, and lean against the banister with a sick heart. I think I will give it up. The roll in my hand stands on end and stares me in the face. Oh, dear! I don't know, though, why I should feel so meek, have such a hang-dog air. They do, every last one of them, publish trash and plenty of stupidly told things. I seize my manuscript, or it seizes me. We mount the steps, open the door. Another one of those lightish-brown mustached, pretty young men steps toward me. I look at him sharply. I was in that state of fierceness that, I do believe, if I had found the shadow of a smile lurking in his face I should have boxed him, but he stood before me quite grave.

"I brought this piece for the paper."

"Is it a story?"

I feel a spasm of a laugh in my throat.

"No, sir."

"The managing editor, I guess, is the person you wish to see."

At this another gentleman steps forward. My balance has been slipping away from me. What avails a frantic grab? I fall into a state of topsy-turviness, head over heelness. The words that I had made ready stick to my lips, and I can only put the manuscript into his hands quite dumbly. He shows me an inner room, points to a chair, seats himself at a desk and begins to read.—My eyes fail on a waste-basket by his desk. "Oh, you open-mouthed, greedy, hope-devouring, insatiable thing!" and I shake my fist at it. It gapes at me insolently and looks expectantly, like a dog waiting for a bone, at the paper in the editor's hands.

"I will circumvent you yet, you see," and I was so exasperated that had I been near enough I should have upset it. "I see this has literary merit." I start, start almost out of my skin, as I hear the words. He merely remarks it and goes on reading. The revulsion from despair to something like hope is so sudden and sharp. I feel my face twist up, and the tears spring to my eyes, followed by a hurried anxiety to get them out of sight without being seen. I have just made my handkerchief as small as possible, and was slipping it up to my eyes, when—"This is something that will interest the ladies."

Up looks the editor; my hands drop, my head jerks forward, down splash the two tears shamefully into my lap. But his glance goes over my head, as if he expected it to fall on the face of a taller person, but it did not matter, the top of the hat would do. I was seized with the absurdity of it, and coughed to drown a giggle.

He turns over the pages, glances here and there. Oh, for some power to direct his gaze! If it would only fall on that, on that, and not on some hooked-together part. What does that impatient pucker in his eyebrow mean? He turns to the end. I close my fist tight, and fetch my breath slow. He has turned back to the beginning. The pucker is something out. Hope rises rampant, I dart a triumphant look at the waste-basket.

"It is rather long; such long articles rather repel readers than attract them. We have hardly room for it."

Hope falls fleet. The waste-basket grins maliciously, and smacks its lips. But he did not sap lengthy, making one feel that one has been long-winded, verbose, sprawling. I catch at one toppling hope.

He reads a little more and then says, laying it aside on the table:

"I think I will take this for the Saturday supplement, but call again, I have no time to read it all now."

I came within an ace of flying at him and kissing him, but got decorously out into the hall some way; and then I clapped my palms sharply together, while painless tears ran over my cheeks. Hope, ambition, joy grew absurdly wild.

It is raining quite hard in the streets. I spread my handkerchief over my hat, catch up my skirts carefully, keep my heels well out of the mud, make myself as small as possible, and hug the narrow shelter of the inner sidewalk. I am again anxious about my clothes and see fine weather to come and the homeliness of bedraggled, rumpled skirts, and a sulky, weather-beaten hat on a clean, smiling day.

So I got into print. And who knows, I thought in the pride of my heart that day, as I dodged the rain and felt so uncommonly gay and puffed up, but that in course of time I will have that august body, editors, at my feet; for hand in hand, with strong, faithful industry, with energy worked to the bone, what lies not before one?—*St. Louis Post-Dispatch.*

Indian Fanaticism.

As showing the character of the savage Apache, the remarkable events following the appearance at Fort Apache, last summer, of a big medicine-man now possesses a peculiar interest. His name was Knock-e-ti-klinny. Presenting himself to Gen. Carr, he explained that he came here at the request of his friends; that he was a doctor and could bring the dead to life; that they came out of the ground by degrees; that some chiefs were already out as far as the knees, and would soon be alive again, and that they had told him they would come when the corn was ripe.

"How do you communicate with your dead friends?" Gen. Carr asked.

"They take the shape of a bear, and I see them and talk with them at night. I leave food for them in the empty lodges. They do not want to come till the corn is ripe and there is plenty to eat for all of us."

He then said he intended to hold dances near the post and asked that the Indian soldiers (the scouts) might be present. Gen. Carr told him that they might go provided there was to be no whisky on the ground. The medicine-man withdrew and the next night the first of his dances was held. For the first few nights the Indians did not take a great deal of interest in the medicine-man's incantations, but finally nearly all came under the spell, and the scenes then nightly enacted at the dances were of the most fanatical order. In the course of a few weeks the savages seemed to grow tired of the ceremonies and became impatient for results. They called on the wild-eyed medicine-man to make good his word and bring the dead to life. The corn was ripe, and the ears were bursting on the stalk. Where were the friends? The medicine-man having been cornered, did just what many a white man, similarly placed, has done. He took a new track. The dead would not return, he said, so long as the pale face remained. The whites must go. Imbued with this religious conviction, the war spirit was aroused. At this juncture it so happened that a small detachment of troops was ordered away from the fort. The medicine-man pointed to the big comet and said it was good medicine. The rest of the whites would soon follow. Gen Carr, alarmed at the attitude of the savages, sent for reinforcements. In the meantime the medicine-man went to Cibicu, forty-five miles to the southwest, and continued his incantations. A detachment of troops, accompanied by a number of Indian soldiers (scouts), was sent out to watch the redskins. The scouts, who were Apaches, betrayed the command treacherously, and the whole body narrowly escaped massacre. As it was, the officer in command was killed. Gen. Carr, hearing of the disloyalty of the Indian soldiers, made a forced march to the scene of the troubles, and after a short engagement succeeded in capturing the medicine-man, averting the impending massacre and holding the now thoroughly warlike savages in subjection. After his arrest, Knock-e-ti-klinny told the scouts whom he had beguiled that the soldiers could not destroy him. If they killed him or any of his followers, he and they would return to life on the third day, even though their enemies cut their bodies into pieces. This troublesome son of the forest, having well-nigh precipitated a big Indian war, came to a violent death a few days later at the hands of a soldier. As he failed to put in an appearance at the end of three days, or three weeks, the reds concluded he was a fraud, and when other medicine-men undertook to carry on the resurrection ceremonies it was found that the tribe had lost interest in the matter.

Doing Him a Favor.

The occupant of an office on Larned street desired to drop 5,000 circulars to as many residents of Detroit regarding a new household patent, and he had just completed the weary work of directing the envelopes, the other day, when in came a telegram calling him out of the city for a day or two. He ran into a law office and left his key and explained that he was sorry he didn't have time to mail his circulars before going. When he had departed the lawyer said to his office boy:

"My son, what is life worth without the good opinion of our fellow-men?"

"Nothing, sir."

"Of course not. This afternoon you go over and stamp all his circulars and get them into the postoffice. It will be a favor and a surprise to him."

At 3 o'clock in the afternoon the boy said he had used up all the stamps and he was directed to mail the circulars and wait for his reward. It came in a manner to astonish him. When the circular man returned he rushed into the law office white with rage, drove the boy into a corner and shrieked out at the top of his voice:

"You infernal idiot! You licked three cents on each circular!"

What a Long Cigar Led to.

Thomas W. Chinn, of Louisville, was a native of Kentucky. When a young man he was employed in the office of a court clerk at Frankfort. The story goes that he was addicted to excessive smoking. At length his boss, the clerk, gave him peremptory orders not to smoke more than three cigars per day. "Very well," replied young Chinn; "it will give me no discomfort to carry out your instructions." The next morning the clerk found him seated at his table writing, with one end of a cigar in his mouth and the other end resting on a shelf hard by. It was not much less than a yard long. Looking on him for a moment with astonishment mingled with admiration, he said, "Get up and come along with me. You have entirely too much genius for this room." What does the reader suppose was done with him? Why, he was taken to the office of an attorney-at-law and the first volume of Blackstone placed in his hands, the clerk agreeing to pay all expenses until he was admitted to the bar. That being accomplished in due time, he then removed to Louisiana and settled at Baton Rouge. Subsequently he became a judge. It 1839 he was elected a representative to congress as a Whig, and served one term. In 1849 President Taylor appointed him minister to the two Sicilies. He was a stout, handsome gentleman, and much esteemed by his associates in congress. There is no telling what a cigar of extraordinary length may lead to.—*Washington Cor. Courier-Journal.*

At a wedding in Harlem, where the bride was very dilatory in arriving at the church, a lady remarked, concerning the affair: "What an idea it is that woman should be late in getting here, when she has been waiting twenty-six years for just such a chance as this."

New Yorkers have became as careless in their toilets as the Philadelphians. The result is that a big soap factory in New York has just failed.

ANCIENT RUINS IN SONORA.

A Recently Discovered Lost City of Mexico.

Tucson Citizen.

Ancient ruins have recently been discovered in Sonora, which, if reports are true, surpass anything of the kind yet found on this continent. The ruins are said to be about four leagues southeast of Magdalena. There is one pyramid which has a base of 4,350 feet and rises to the height of 750 feet; there is a winding roadway from the bottom leading up on an easy grade to the top, wide enough for carriages to pass over, which is said to be twenty-three miles in length; the outer walls of the roadway are laid in solid masonry from huge blocks of granite in rubble, and the circles are as uniform and the grade as regular as could be made at this date by our best engineers.

The wall, however, is only occasionally exposed, being covered over with the debris and earth, and in many places the sahuaro and other indigenous plants and trees have grown up, giving the pyramid the appearance of a mountain. To the east of the pyramid a short distance is a small mountain about the same size, which rises to about the same height, and, if reports are true, will prove more interesting to the archæologist than the pyramid. There seems to be a heavy layer of a species of gypsum about half-way up the mountain, which is as white as snow, and may be cut into any conceivable shape, yet sufficiently hard to retain its shape after being cut. In this layer of stone a people of an unknown age have cut hundreds upon hundreds of rooms, from 5 by 10 to 16 or 18 feet square.

These rooms are cut out of the solid stone, and so even and true are the walls, floor and ceiling, so plumb and level, as to defy variation. There are no windows in the rooms and but one entrance, which is always from the top. The rooms are but eight feet high from floor to ceiling; the stone is so white that it seems almost transparent, and the rooms are not at all dark. On the walls of these rooms are numerous hieroglyphics and representations of human forms, with hands and feet of human beings cut in the stone in different places. But, strange to say, the hands all have five fingers and one thumb, and the feet have six toes. Charcoal is found on the floors of many of the rooms, which would indicate that they build fires in their houses.

Stone implements of every description are to be found in great numbers in and about the rooms The houses or rooms are one above the other, three or four stories high, but between each story there is a jog or recess the full width of the room below, so that they present the appearance of large steps leading up the mountain. Who these people were and what age they lived in must be answered, if answered at all, by the "wise men of the East." Some say there were the ancestors of the Mayos, a race of Indians who still inhabit Southern Sonora, who have blue eyes, fair skin and light hair, and are said to be a moral, industrious and frugal race of people, who have a written language and know something of mathematics.

Robinson Crusoe's Island To-day.

Rochester Democrat.

The sun was bathing the beautiful island with a flood of golden light as we neared its picturesque harbor. In little boats we went ashore, and landed in the primitive manner of running the boat aground and pulling the boat upon the shore. It was difficult to realize that we were, indeed, on this historical, mysterious island that imagination had pictured from childhood's early hours in so many fanciful forms. The books tell you that it was on this lovely island that in 1704, the celebrated English navigator, Dampier, landed his coxswain, Alexander Selkirk, with whom he had quarreled, and left him alone on this uninhabited spot with a small quantity of provisions and tools. Here he lived four years, till he was picked up by a passing ship, and brought back to Europe. It was from the notes he made during his solitary residence that Daniel Defoe composed his incomparable work of "Robinson Crusoe." No book, doubtless, ever held the childish interest with greater fascination than that which describes his wanderings on this mysterious and enchanted island. That which had always seemed but a dreamy romance was now before you. The scenes where all the wild and wondrous experiences were described are just at hand, and you wander on, as it were, but just aroused from a franciful dream. Perchance it was on this sandy beach along which you wander that Crusoe first discovered the footprints of his good man Friday.

The island is about even Spanish leagues in circumference, or a trifle over twenty English miles. It belongs to Chili. and for a number of years the government used it as a place for transporting convicts, till one night all the prisoners arose in their power, killed their keepers, and taking the only boats on the island sailed away and were never heard of more. Of late years the government has leased the island to one man who pays something like $2.000 a year for its use. This man has a small colony of workmen whom he employs in cutting timber, drying fish and goat skins and sending them every few months to the markets at Valparaiso.

Married in a Great Hurry.

St. Louis Post Dispatch.

"The quickest courtship on record," said one old resident, "was that of Dr. Nick McDowell, who, driving along the street in his buggy one day, saw a beautiful girl standing at the window. He immediately stopped and hitched his horse, rang the bell, inquired the lady's name, was ushered into the parlor, announced his own name, said he was 'pleased with her appearance and wished to marry her at once.' Nothing but the knowledge that she was actually in the presence of the celebrated physician kept her from fainting. To her plea of 'surprise at this unexpected announcement' he only replied, 'Now or never.' When she asked to take a week to consider,' he said, 'I am going down street to attend a critical case and have no time to spare right now.'

"'Give me a day, then.'

"'I'll tell you what I ll do. When I am through with this professional visit I'll drive around and get a preacher. If you've made up your mind to marry me by that time all right!' and he left her breathless and unable to articulate another word. When he returned they were quietly married. 'No cards.'"

The dead weights which many of us are forced to carry through life, the things for which we are obliged to toil and study and think, and which yield us no return, are enough to exhaust the vitality of the best of us, and to leave us but little time or energy for enjoyment or the bestowal of happiness upon others.

Inductive reasoning—Mr. William Doodle: "Yes, Miss Frost, I always wear gloves at night; they make one's hands so soft." Miss Frost: "Ah! And do you sleep with your hat on?"—N. O Times-Dem.

TRADE MARK.

Dr. **CLARK JOHNSON'S**

INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP

Cures all diseases of the Stomach, Liver Bowels, Kidneys, Skin and Blood, MILL ON testify to its efficacy in healing the above named diseases, and pronounce it to be the BEST REMEDY KNOWN TO MAN.

Guaranteed to cure Dyspepsia.

AGENTS WANTED.

Laboratory 77 West 3d St., New York City. Duggists sell it.

Would Not Be Without It.

ELSIE, CLINTON CO., MICH.

Dr. CLARK JOHNSON:--

I have used your valuable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP in my family for two years, and will say that it has proved to be just as recommended. I would not be without it. *SAMUEL SPITLER.*

Rheumatic SYRUP.

The Greatest Blood Purifier Known!

RHEUMATISM CURED.

Rochester, N. Y., April. 6th, 83
Rheumatic Syrup Co:
Gents—I have been a great sufferer from Rheumatism for six years, and hearing of the success of Rheumatic Syrup I concluded to give it a trial in my own case, and I cheerfully say that I have been greatly benefited by its use. I can walk with entire freedom from pain, and general health is very much improved. It is a splendid remedy for the blood and debilitated system.
E. CHESTER PARK, M. D.

SCROFULA CURED.

Port Byron, N. Y., Feb 20, '82.
Rheumatic Syrup Co.:
I had been doctoring for three or four years, with different physicians, for scrofula as some called it, but found no relief until I comenced taking your Syrup. After taknig it a short time, to my surprise, it began to help me. Continuing its use a weeks, I found myself as well as ever. As I blood purifier, I think it has no equal.
MRS. WILLIAM STRANG.

NEURALGIA CURED.

Fairport, N. Y., March 12, '83.
Rheumatic Syrup co.:
Gents—Since November 1882, I have been a constant sufferer from neuralgia and have not known what it was to be free from pain until I commenced the use of Rheumatic Syrup. I have felt no pain since using the fourth bottle. I think it the best remedy I have ever heard of for purifying the blood and for the cure of rheumatism and neuralgia. W. B. CHASE.

Manufactured by RHEUMATIC SYRUP CO., 1 Plymouth Ave., Rochester N. Y.

New Goods or Spring!

We are Ready with the Largest Stock of

Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware

and

FANCY GOODS

We have ever had.

New Novelties for the Spring Trade.

Our store is full to overflowing with New Goods. Everybody invited to visit our store.

C. BLISS & SON,

No. 11 S. Main St., ANN ARBOR.

Spring Goods!

You can find all the New Shapes in Plushes, Furs and Beavers. The finest Stock of Plushes, Velvets and Satins ever found in Ann Arbor. BIRDS and PLUMES in all Shades at Low Figures.

NECK WEAR IN ALL THE NEW STYLES OF LACE AND LINEN.

SPRING HATS IN ALL STYLES.

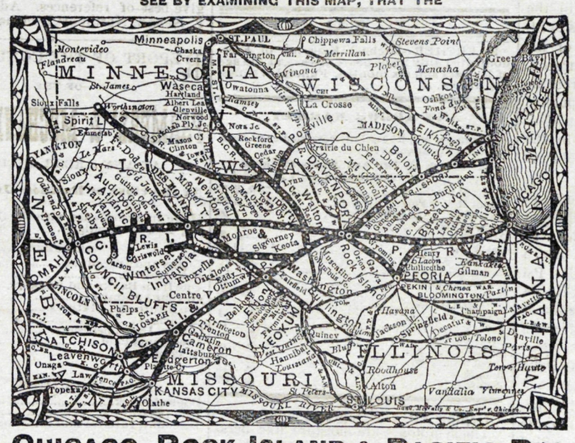
—AT—

MRS. TUTTLE'S,

No. 11 South Main Street.

IA MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY, WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP, THAT THE



CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y,

Being the Great Central Line, affords to travelers, by reason of its unrivaled geographical position, the shortest and best route between the East, Northeast and Southeast, and the West, Northwest and Southwest.

It is literally and strictly true, that its connections are all of the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific.

By its main line and branches it reaches Chicago, Joliet, Peoria, Ottawa, La Salle, Geneseo, Moline and Rock Island, in Illinois; Davenport, Muscatine, Washington, Keokuk, Knoxville, Oskaloosa, Fairfield, Des Moines, West Liberty, Iowa City, Atlantic, Avoca, Audubon, Harlan, Guthrie Center and Council Bluffs, in Iowa; Gallatin, Trenton, Cameron and Kansas City, in Missouri, and Leavenworth and Atchison in Kansas, and the hundreds of cities, villages and towns intermediate. The

"GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,"

As it is familiarly called, offers to travelers all the advantages and comforts incident to a smooth track, safe bridges, Union Depots at all connecting points, Fast Express Trains, composed of COMMODIOUS, WELL VENTILATED, WELL HEATED, FINELY UPHOLSTERED and ELEGANT DAY COACHES; a line of the MOST MAGNIFICENT HORTON RECLINING CHAIR CARS ever built; PULLMAN'S latest designed and handsomest PALACE SLEEPING CARS, and DINING CARS that are acknowledged by press and people to be the FINEST RUN UPON ANY ROAD IN THE COUNTRY, and in which superior meals are served to travelers at the low rate of SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS EACH.

THREE TRAINS each way between CHICAGO and the MISSOURI RIVER.

TWO TRAINS each way between CHICAGO and MINNEAPOLIS and ST. PAUL, via the famous

ALBERT LEA ROUTE.

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened, between Newport News, Richmond, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and La Fayette, and Council Bluffs, St. Paul, Minneapolis and intermediate points.

All Through Passengers carried on Fast Express Trains.

For more detailed information, see Maps and Folders, which may be obtained, as well as Tickets, at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada, or of

R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres't & Gen'l Manager,
E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l T'k't & Pass'r Ag't,
CHICAGO.

CANVASSERS WANTED FOR

The Great Schaff-Herzog

Encyclopædia OF RELIGIOUS KNOWLEDGE

By PHILIP SCHAFF,

Assisted by over 300 of the most accomplished Bible scholars in America and Europe.

The work is to be completed in three super-royal octavo volumes of about 900 pages each. Volumes I and II now ready. Volume III will be completed in a few months.

'This is the most scholarly, thorough, fresh, reliable, and in every respect the most valuable work of the kind now published. No Religious Family can afford to be without it.

No better work than this for experienced agents to handle. Exclusive territory given.

Address, HORACE STACY, 177 W. 4th St., CINCINNATI, O.

Life and Characteristics OF Henry Ward **BEECHER**

By LYMAN ABBOTT, D. D.,

Assisted by twenty-five or more of the ablest Clergymen and Scholars in the United States and Great Britain.

Each of these distinguished literary men, from his own stand point, gives an analysis of Mr. Beecher's remarkable powers, and his habits and characteristics. *That part of the book devoted to Mr. Beecher's historic visit to England during our civil war, and to the record of those powerful and eloquent speeches which he then made, to any patriotic American, is worth more than the price of the book.*

In speaking of the influence of Mr. Beecher at that time, in changing public sentiment in Great Britain, and modifying the policy of the British Government toward the United States, Peter MacLeod of Glasgow, Scotland, says: "Had Beecher only come 2 years sooner, there would have been little sympathy in Britain for the slave-holding South."

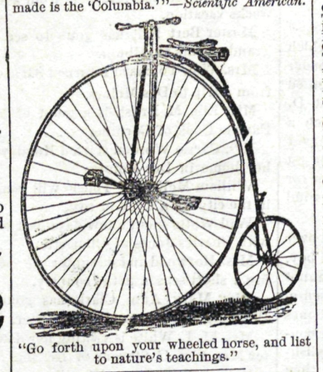
8vo., 602 pages, beautifully illustrated, 21 portraits. Elegant Cloth Binding, $3.00. Agents Wanted.

Address, HORACE STACY, 177 West 4th St. CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures piles. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Eberbach & Son.

"Undoubtedly the most perfect bicycle now made is the 'Columbia.'"—*Scientific American.*



"Go forth upon your wheeled horse, and list to nature's teachings."

THE COLUMBIA BICYCLES

Are made as strong and durable as the best material and most skilled workmanship can produce. They are used by Merchants, Clerks, Ministers, Lawyers, Doctors, Messengers, Collectors and Carpenters. They furnish the cheapest and best means of

RAPID TRANSIT,

give the rider the healthiest of out-door exercise, and in a word are

THE POPULAR STEEDS OF TO-DAY.

"I shall rejoice to see the time when this exercise shall be as popular among girls and women as tennis and the dance, for the more fully the physical life of our womankind is developed the better for men as well as women."—*Dr. Richardson, of London, on the Tricycle.*

"Now good digestion wait on appetite, and health on both."

THE COLUMBIA TRICYCLE

Is a new machine for general use by both sexes and all ages.

By the addition of the Columbia Tricycle, THE POPE MF'G. CO. can claim to furnish wheels for

THE WHOLE FAMILY.

For grandfather, grandmother, father, mother, young man, young lady, and even to little Jonnie and sissie.

Send 3c. stamp for 36-page illustrated Catalogue, with price-list and full information.

THE POPE MANUFACTURING CO., 597 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

Or to CHAS. W. WAGNER Agent. Ann Arbor, Mich., 21 S. Main St.

M. S. SMITH & CO.

—THE—

DETROIT JEWELERS,

Can supply all demands for fine wares at lowest prices. Only one price to all alike, and every article marked in plain figures.

Sterling silver forks and spoons $1.50 per ounce. No extra charge for making.

A F. HANGSTERFER & Co.,

30 and 32 Main St.

Ice Cream Parlors and Oyster Ocean Restaurant. Their Celebrated Premium Ice Cream, Water Ices, etc., made to order on short notice. Parties supplied with Wedding Cakes, Fancy Pyramids. Charlotte de Russe, etc. We have in our employ the finest Fancy Cake Bakers and Ornamenters in the state. Malaga Grapes, Oranges, Figs. Dates, Raisins, Nuts of all kinds kept constantly on hand.

We also manufacture our own Candies.

Also Proprietor of the Hangsterfer Ice Company. ephone Connection.

FORT WAYNE & JACKSON R. R.

Detroit and Indianapolis Line.

By Michigan Central Railroad from Ann Arbor to Jackson Trains leave Ann Arbor as follow:

Indianapolis Express..... 8 40 a m
Ft Wayne Accomodation..... 5 22 p m
Cincinnati Express..... 11 17 p m

All trains leave by Chicago time.
Procure tickets at Ann Arbor or Jackson.

M. D WOODFORD, Gen'l Sup'

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.—MAIN LINE.
Time Table taking effect June 10th, 1883.

GOING EAST.

STATIONS	Mail (Ex. Sunday) 4	Day Express (Ex. Sun.) 6	Kal. & Acc. (Ex. Sun.) 12	G. R. & D. Ex. (Ex. Sun.) 16	Atlantic Ex. (Daily) 2	Night Express (Ex. Sat.) 8	N. Y. & Lim. (Daily) 10
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.		P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Chicago dep	7 05	9 20	4 00		9 20	10 20	4 50
Twenty-sec'nd St	7 17	9 32	4 12		9 32	10 32	5 02
Kensington	7 55	10 10	4 50		10 10	11 10	5 40
Hammond	8 08		5 07				
Gibson's	8 14		5 15				
Tolleston	8 24		5 30				
Lake	8 35	10 47	5 50		10 48	11 52	
Porter	8 53		6 17				
Michigan City	9 23	11 31	7 00		11 27	12 35	6 52
New Buffalo	9 47	11 52	7 25			1 00	
Three Oaks	10 02		7 40				
Avery's	10 05		7 43			A.M.	
Galien	10 15		7 52			1 32	
Dayton	10 21		7 58				
Buchanan	10 30	P.M.	8 07		A.M.	1 49	
Niles	10 45	12 33	8 20		12 35	2 05	7 50
Pokagon	11 00		8 33				
Dowagiac	11 13		8 45			2 32	
Glenwood	11 28		8 59				
Decauter	11 38		9 09			2 57	
Lawton	11 55		9 27			3 18	
	P.M.		9 33				
Mattawan	12 03		9 45	A.M.		3 55	9 03
Ostemo	12 18		10 00		7 10	2 05	
Kalamazoo	12 32	1 58			7 23		
Galesburg	12 53				7 38		
Augusta	1 03				7 55	2 46	4 37	9 40
Battle Creek	1 23	2 35			8 15		
Ceresco	1 38						
Marshall Arr	1 50	3 00					
Marshall Dep	2 10	3 20			8 25	3 07	5 02	10 00
Marengo	2 23				8 40		
Albion	2 33	3 41			8 50	3 26	5 25	
Parma	2 55				9 11			
Jackson	3 25	4 25			9 50	4 10	6 10	10 54
Jackson Junct.	3 20							
Leoni	3 43							
Grass Lake	3 52						6 32	
Francisco	4 02							
Chelsea	4 18						6 54	
Dexter	4 33						7 08	
Delhi	4 45							
Ann Arbor	4 57	5 27			10 53	5 22	7 28	11 52
Ypsilanti	5 15	5 43			11 08	5 37	7 43	12 03
Denton's	5 25							
Wayne Junction	5 40	6 05			11 27	5 56	8 06	
Wayne	5 42							
Dearborn	6 00							
Springwells	6 20	6 55			11 55	6 25	8 35	12 45
Detroit Ar	6 35	6 50			12 10	6 40	8 50	1 00

GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	Mail (Ex. Sunday) 3	Day Express (Ex. Sun.) 5	Jackson Exp. (Ex. Sun.) 13	G. R. & K. Ex. (Ex. Sun.) 15	Evening Exp. Ex. Sat.) 7	Night Exp. (Daily) 9	Atlantic Exp. (Daily) 1
	A M	A M	P M	P M	P M	P M	P M
Detroit dep.	7 20	9 55	6 15	4 25	8 20	10 10	7 20
Springwells	7 35	10 10	6 30	4 40	8 35	10 25	7 35
Dearborn	7 55		6 46	4 58	8 50		
Wayne	8 13		6 58				
Wayne Junction	8 15	10 44	7 00	5 06	9 05	11 01	
Denton's	8 32		7 15				
Ypsilanti	8 43	11 08	7 25	5 25	9 30	11 28	8 25
Ann Arbor	9 05	11 20	7 42	5 42	9 50	11 52	8 5
Delhi	9 17		7 53				
Dexter	9 28		8 03	5 50	10 14		
Chelsea	9 45		8 18	6 12	10 33		
Francisco	10 00		8 31				
Grass Lake	10 10		8 43	6 32	11 00		
Leoni	10 16		8 50				
Jackson Junct'n	10 30	P M	9 05		11 27	A M	
Jackson	10 40	12 35	9 10	7 15	11 35	1 05	9 50
Parma	11 04			7 38	11 55		
Albion	11 21	1 10		8 00	12 13	1 42	
Marengo	11 35			8 12	12 25		
Marshall Arr	11 50	1 30			A M		
Marshall Dep	12 10	1 50		8 27	12 40	2 05	
	P M						
Ceresco	12 22			8 37			
Battle Creek	12 33	2 15		8 55	1 08	2 27	1 28
Augusta	1 03			9 25	1 30		
Galesburg	1 13		A M	9 35	1 42		
Kalamazoo	1 33	2 56	5 10	9 55	2 05	3 07	12 15
Ostemo	1 50		5 22				
Mattawan	2 04		5 36		2 32		
Lawton	2 12		5 45		2 41		
Decauter	2 27		6 00		2 57		
Glenwood	2 36		6 10				
Dowagiac	2 48		6 22		3 21		
Pokagon	3 00		6 35			A M	
Niles	3 13	4 20	7 05		3 47	4 35	1 57
Buchanan	3 27		7 19		4 02		
Dayton	3 34		7 28		4 11		
Galien	3 41		7 34		4 18		
Avery's	3 48		7 42				
Three Oaks	3 52		7 46		4 32		
New Buffalo	4 07	5 07	8 00		4 55		
Michigan City	4 33	5 30	8 28		5 23	5 48	3 30
Porter	4 55	5 53	8 53		5 50	6 17	4 00
Lake	5 15	6 15	9 14		6 11	6 38	
Tolleston	5 30		9 29		6 25		
Gibson's	5 42		9 41		6 37		
Hammond	5 52		9 49		6 45		
Kensington	6 10	7 10	10 05		7 00	7 30	5 20
Twenty Sec'nd st.	6 50	7 48	10 45		7 38	8 08	
Chicago Arr	7 10	8 00	10 55		7 50	8 20	6

TOLEDO, ANN ARBOR & G. T. R. R.

COLUMBUS TIME.

Through time table in effect June 10, 1883.

GOING NORTH. No. 4 Express	No. 2 Express		STATIONS.		GOING SOUTH. No. 1 Express	No. 3 Express
5 20 P M	8 35 A M	Lv	Toledo	Ar	10 00 A M	5 20 P M
5 25 "	8 40 "	"	Manhatan Jct'n	"	9 54 "	5 15 "
5 33 "	8 47 "	"	Alexis Jct'n	"	9 45 "	5 04 "
6 08 "	9 23 "	"	Monroe Jct'n	"	9 10 "	4 26 "
6 14 "	9 40 "	"	Dundee	"	9 00 "	4 18 "
6 28 "	9 54 "	"	Azalia	"	8 50 "	4 05 "
6 44 "	10 06 "	"	Milan	"	8 37 "	3 50 "
6 55 "	10 19 "	"	Urania	"	8 26 "	3 36 "
7 05 "	10 25 "	"	Pittsfield	"	8 08 "	3 28 "
7 17 "	10 35 "	Ar	Ann Arbor	Lv	7 55 "	3 15 "
8 00 "	11 20 "	Ar	South Lyon	Lv	7 20 "	2 40 "
8 33 "	11