

No. 1008

From the Detroit Free Press.
Sheep Shearing at Manchester.
MANCHESTER, Washenaw Co., Mich., May 5, 1865.

Nature's noblest work is man, and then woman, and then merino sheep. Should any chronic grumbler object to this classification, so would not the hundreds who were assembled at the Wool-growers' Festival, at this place, yesterday. Rarely have such numbers of choice merinos been seen at any exhibition. It exceeded by half any show of fullbloods and thoroughbreds ever exhibited at our State Fair. King Cotton having committed suicide, King Wool must take the royal scepter.

The day was fine, the accommodations ample, every body in the best of humor, and nothing occurred to mar the festivity of the occasion.

It is worthy of note, perhaps, that the once-proud French Merinos, Silosians and Saxons were not represented, those classes having given way to their more powerful rivals, the Spanish, or more properly called the American Merinos.

Hon. Townsend E. Gidley, of Parma, Jackson county, delivered an address, full of practical truths, given in a lucid manner. He was listened to with marked attention throughout. I regret my inability to send a copy of the address.

H. Goodyear's buck "Sweepstakes" attracted considerable attention, and secured the heaviest fleece on exhibition.

A. W. Case, of Manchester, had a two-year-old buck that sheared over eighteen pounds, and was a model of a perfect sheep.

Messrs. L. S. George and Jessup Wood, of Lodi, had a superior lot of bucks and ewes on exhibition. Their hornless buck "Wolverine" is a noble animal.

T. L. Spafford, of Manchester, the pioneer in merino sheep-breeding in the State; also, the Messrs. Palmer, of Brooklyn, Jackson county, presented good representatives of their well-known flocks. Also, the following persons had fine lots on exhibition: Dr. Keeney, of Lenawee county; O. S. Watkins, of Jackson county; N. Granger, William M. Brown, A. H. Squires, G. Conklin, and B. P. Sutton, of Manchester; J. Short, of Bridgewater, and L. H. Weir, S. Cushman, W. S. Crafts, D. G. Rose and J. Quick, of Sharon.

There were one hundred and fifty sheep on exhibition, but for want of time only thirty-five were dressed of the "golden fleece." The first figures show the gross weight, and the second the weight of fleece:

O. S. Watkins, Grass Lake, buck 2 years old, 122 lbs., 17 lbs. 14 oz.

O. L. Hall, Brooklyn, buck 2 years, 112 lbs., 14 lbs. 7 oz.

J. M. Miller, Bridgewater, buck 2 years, 92 lbs., 12 lbs. 15 oz.

A. H. Squires, Manchester, buck 2 years, 99½ lbs., 14 lbs. 8 oz.

George Wood, Lodi, buck 3 years, 140 lbs., 16 lbs. 10 oz.

James Elliott, Grass Lake, buck 2 years, 122½ lbs., 16 lbs. 13 oz.

T. L. Spafford, Grass Lake, buck 3 years, 151½ lbs., 18 lbs. 8 oz.

L. Merriweather, Sharon, buck 2 years, 121 lbs., 12 lbs. 7 oz.

Junius Short, Bridgewater, buck 2 years, 117½ lbs., 18 lbs. 1 oz.

T. L. Spafford, Manchester, buck 2 years, 127½ lbs., 14 lbs. 8 oz.

Jessup Wood, Lodi, buck, 2 years, 116 lbs., 17 lbs. 2 oz.

B. B. Palmer, Brooklyn, buck, 1 year, 93 lbs., 13 lbs. 13 oz.

W. H. Palmer, Brooklyn, buck, 2 years, 117½ lbs., 14 lbs. 4 oz.

L. H. Weir, Sharon, buck, 2 years, 100 lbs., 15 lbs. 2 oz.

H. Goodyear, Sharon, buck, 3 years, 123 lbs., 20 lbs. 1 oz.

H. Goodyear, Sharon, buck, 3 years, 129 lbs., 18 lbs. 4 oz.

D. G. Rose, Sharon, buck, 3 years, 101 lbs., 13 lbs. 9 oz.

J. J. Robinson, Sharon, buck, 3 years, 135 lbs., 16 lbs. 3 oz.

A. W. Case, Manchester, buck, 2 years, 114 lbs., 13 lbs. 2 oz.

S. N. Palmer, Brooklyn, buck, 2 years, 110 lbs., 15 lbs. 3 oz.

S. B. Palmer, Brooklyn, buck, 2 years, 138 lbs., 13 lbs. 4 oz.

W. M. Brown, Manchester, buck, 3 years, 119 lbs., 15 lbs. 2 oz.

N. Granger, Manchester, buck, 2 years, 90½ lbs., 14 lbs. 3 oz.

J. Quick, Sharon, ewe, 1 year, 40 lbs., 6 lbs. 12 oz.

J. Quick, Sharon, ewe, 1 year, 58 lbs., 7 lbs. 10 oz.

S. B. Palmer, Brooklyn, ewe, 1 year, 68 lbs., 11 lbs. 3 oz.

Jessup Wood, Lodi, ewe, 1 year, 69 lbs., 10 lbs. 12 oz.

H. Goodyear, Sharon, ewe, 3 years, 81 lbs., 11 lbs. 6 oz.

S. B. Palmer, Brooklyn, ewe, 3 years, 76 lbs., 12 lbs. 8 oz.

S. Cushman, Sharon, ewe, 1 year, 63 lbs., 8 lbs. 9 oz.

W. S. Crafts, Sharon, ewe, 1 year, 54 lbs., 7 lbs. 8 oz.

George Wood, Lodi, ewe, 1 year, 73½ lbs., 9 lbs. 7 oz.

George Wood, Lodi, ewe 1 year old, 75 lbs., 11 lbs. 15 oz.

The committee on best sheep and wool consisted of the following gentlemen: George C. Lord, Grass Lake; Morgan Case, Brooklyn; Junius Short, Bridgewater; David G. Rose, Sharon.

Premiums were awarded to the following sheep raised out of the State:

BUCKS THREE YEARS OLD.

H. Goodyear, Sharon, first premium, \$3.

Wm. M. Brown, Manchester, second premium, \$2.

BUCKS TWO YEARS OLD.

A. W. Case, Manchester, first premium, \$5.

O. S. Watkins, Grass Lake, second premium, \$3.

N. Granger, Manchester, third premium, \$2.

BUCKS BREED BY THE EXHIBITOR, 2 YEARS OLD.

Jessup W. Wood, Lodi, first premium, \$3.

S. B. Palmer, Brooklyn, second premium, \$2.

EWES THREE YEARS OLD.

S. B. Palmer, Brooklyn, first premium, \$3.

H. Goodyear, Sharon, second premium, \$2.

EWES ONE YEAR OLD.

S. B. Palmer, Brooklyn, first premium, \$3.

James Quick, Sharon, second premium, \$2.

GRADE EWES.

Wm. M. Brown, Manchester, first premium, \$2.

J. D. Corey, Manchester, second premium, \$1.

The committee on shearing, consisting of the following gentlemen: Samuel Cushman, Sharon; David W. Palmer, Bridgewater; Stephen W. Palmer, Brooklyn; decided the following to be the best:

Emmet N. Palmer, Bridgewater, first premium, \$3.

Lymann Baldwin, Manchester, second premium, \$2.

Artie Wood, Lodi, third premium, \$1.

But few of the sheep showed had one year's growth of wool, and it was remarkably free from yolk or natural oily secretions, owing to the cold weather of April.

The Michigan Argus.

ANN ARBOR MICH.
FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 12, 1865.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

It is proper and just that all parties under arrest, charged with participating in or being accessories to—before or after the fact—the assassination of President LINCOLN, and the attack upon Secretary SEWARD, should receive a speedy trial, and have condign punishment meted out to them. But in selecting the tribunal before which to arraign and try them, we think the Government has seriously erred. Their offence was against the civil law, and they should be tried in the civil courts. Military law and military courts properly take cognizance of none but military offences, and certainly the disgraceful crimes under notice do not come within the category. We take it that the wretches will get no more than just deserts at the hands of a military court, but, admitting that, it is certainly better that the laws of the land should be strictly observed even in the matter of stretching their necks, than that they be tried, condemned, and punished by a court without jurisdiction. We are making history, and it should be made to accord with fixed and well defined principles of law and government. But, Mr. STANTON will take no thought of this, so it is perhaps, useless even to point out the right course.

The News of the 25th ult., evidently prophetically inspired, said, "We have no doubt that there will be a change in the Post Office in this city," and already its visions have become realities. JOHN I. THOMPSON is no longer the old Postmaster but the new one, having received his commission for another term. And so our neighbor "friend in Washington," our neighbor himself, and that "other fellow" who "has the inside," are a trio of disappointed conspirators. "The best laid plans of mice and men oft gang amiss."

By the last arrival from Europe we have the comments of the English press upon the surrender of Lee and the assassination of LINCOLN. The former is regarded as ending the rebellion, and the latter is condemned in the strongest terms, even by the sympathizers with the South. The announcement created profound sensation all over Europe, and sovereigns, and aristocracy, and people all speak in one tone. The European government have too much to fear from the assassin to even dare to wink upon his acts on this side the ocean.

BEVERLY TUCKER, GEO. N. SAUNDERS, and WM. M. CLEARY, three of the parties for whom rewards have been offered by President JOHNSON for being identified with the plot to assassinate LINCOLN, have published letters indignantly denying the charges. The letter of CLEARY is in a very good spirit, but the joint effort of SAUNDERS and TUCKER will not add to their credit. It is announced that TUCKER and SAUNDERS have left Montreal for parts unknown.

The trial of the assassin is progressing before a select military court.

JEFF DAVIS is still at large.

The subscriptions of the people to the 730 loan for the six days of last week, amounted to the enormous sum of \$40,487, 109.

One division of Sherman's army, when the news of the fall of Richmond was announced, made a bon-fire, using 400 barrels of rosin.

The last Pardon granted by President Lincoln was to a repentant rebel named Joseph A. Hall, a prisoner at Elmira. The document was signed by the President on the day before his assassination.

The hospital statistics of the rebels, found in Richmond, show that Lee's losses during his battles with Grant, from the Rapidan to the Appomattox, last summer were tremendous. Over 125,000 men, on both sides, were killed and wounded in those battles.

Since the recent orders for the reduction of expenses, the Quartermaster's Department has effected a reduction of its daily expenses on the ocean and coastwise transport service of \$55,000 per day, which is a saving of more than \$3,000,000 per month.

All but four of the forts about Washington are to be immediately dismantled, their garrisons withdrawn and disarmed, and everything appertaining to this expensive branch of defensive warfare is to be put upon the general retrenchment path.

Government has given up the experiment of supporting blacks at Freedmen's Village, Arlington. Work is offered to all willing to labor at usual prices, and rent is charged them for their tenements at \$4 per month. All incapable or unwilling to accept these terms are to be removed to Mason's Island, near Arlington.

Arrangements are being made to pay all the troops rendezvoused about Washington prior to mustering out. The force kept in the service is not to exceed 150,000, and these will be mostly colored troops. The reorganized army will consist of four corps of 40,000 each, one of regulars, one of white volunteers, and two of colored volunteers, and each will have its cavalry, artillery and infantry in proper proportions. The 2d and 5th corps were reviewed in Richmond on Saturday preparatory to marching to Washington.

Home Honors to the late President.
SPRINGFIELD, ILL., May 4th, 1865.

Thinking perhaps that a few lines from a stray son of Old Washenaw would not prove uninteresting to your readers, I avail myself of this opportunity to give you some description of the funeral obsequies of our late beloved President.

THE FUNERAL TRAIN, bearing all that remained of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, our lamented late President, arrived here at 9 o'clock, yesterday morning, at the depot of the Chicago, Alton and St. Louis Railroad. It was beautifully draped in the emblems of mourning. The car containing the remains of the President presented a magnificent appearance. It was made at Alexandria, Va., and had been, or was to be, presented to Mr. LINCOLN. It was constructed at a cost of \$12,000, and was intended for the President's private use. All along the entire route the train was received with great excitement and deep signs of mourning.

At last, the most sorrowful scene which was ever witnessed in this city occurred. The honored body of the revered LINCOLN was borne, in solemn pageantry, to the home he so much loved, and deposited in the State House, preparatory to the funeral rites of to-day. Amidst the tears and moans of a whole people, the murdered form of the late President now lies in state, awaiting the last sad offices of love and duty. Alas! what bewildering and mournful thoughts cluster around the moment. ABRAHAM LINCOLN, the chosen head of this great nation, a little more than four years since took an affectionate leave of the friends of his youth, and the home so closely endeared to him, in order to assume the direction of national affairs; now, he is brought back to his home a pallid corpse, stricken down by the hand of an assassin, amid the grief and lamentations of a world, his memory embalmed in our heart of hearts. To-day the cold tomb will shut out from mortal eyes the shrunken remains of the revered President, but his memory will live as long as the nation exists; his name will indeed be immortal.

THE CATAFALCO, and the various decorations in and about the State House, we have hardly the space to mention as they deserve; suffice it to say they are justly admired for the elegant and imposing appearance they present, reflecting a lasting credit upon those under whose care and supervision they were prepared and constructed.

THE PROCESSION commenced forming at about 10 o'clock, amidst one of the largest crowds we ever witnessed. At the head of the procession was Major General JOSEPH HOOKER, and staff; also Maj. Generals DODGE and FISK, Brig. Gen's COOK, OAKS, and others. Then followed three regiments of volunteers, one of which was the 24th Michigan, which performed a conspicuous part during the whole day. Next came the hearse which excelled anything in splendor we ever saw; draped in mourning and decorated with flowers and evergreens, it presented an appearance so beautiful that it hardly seemed possible that man could be the author of its design. Next in order came a limited number of carriages, containing relatives and United States officials. Among them we noticed quite a number of our prominent Generals and Naval officers. The Masons, Odd Fellows, Turn Veriens, Firemen, Fenian Brotherhood, and many other societies from all parts of the State, made an exceedingly beautiful appearance, all wearing their full regalia and uniforms. Of the uniforms of the different Fire Companies, we noticed that of McLean Co. No. 2, of Bloomington, Ill., to be the most strikingly beautiful. It consisted of black dress pants, red shirts, and blue collars trimmed with gold and silver stars.

The procession was between two and three miles long, and the streets on either side were an immense mass of living beings, each one looking on with the most profound wonder and admiration at its beauty and regularity. It marched through a few of the principal streets, and then proceeded to Oak Ridge Cemetery, about two miles to the north and west of the city, where the following services took place:

PLEYER'S HYMN.

1st. Dead March in Saul.....

2d. Opening Prayer.....Rev. A. Hale.

3d. Dirge (composed for the occasion).....By G. F. Root.

4th. Reading of the Scriptures.....Rev. N. W. Miner.

5th. Choral....."To Thee, O Lord." St. Paul.

6th. President Lincoln's last Inaugural.....Rev. A. C. Hubbard.

7th. Dirge.....By Otto.

8th. Funeral Oration.....Bishop S. Storck.

9th. Dirge.....By Storck.

10th. Closing Prayer.....Rev. Dr. Barker.

11th. Requiem....."Peace, Troubled Soul."

12th. Benediction.....Rev. Dr. Gurley.

And now ABRAHAM LINCOLN, the idol of some, the friend of all, lies quietly "sleeping his last sleep," neath the shades of his loved home. Peace be to his slumbers, and cursed be the hand which caused his death, and doubly cursed be those who are so degraded as to rejoice over the foul deed. G. H. P.

Miss Hosmer's statue of Zenobia, which has been on exhibition at Boston, is going to Chicago to be one of the attractions of the great Sanitary Fair that is to be held there in June.

From Europe.
FARTHER POINT, May 8.

The Iberian, from Liverpool on the 27th ult., via Londonderry the 28th, arrived off this point this morning.

The News by the Nova Scotia of the assassination of President LINCOLN and Secretary Seward was published throughout England on the 29th ult., and created a profound sensation, and the strongest feeling of sympathy and indignation was universally expressed. There was but one voice throughout the country, and those who sympathized with the South evinced quite as much indignation as the warmest friends of the North. In all places it was the all pervading topic, and caused almost a total suspension of business, particularly in Liverpool, Manchester and London.

On Wednesday there was only a day session of Parliament. The attendance was very slim—only about sixty members being present. They all signed the following address, which was presented to Mr. Adams the same evening:

"We, the undersigned, members of the House of Commons, have learned with deep regret and horror, that the President of the United States has been deprived of life by an act of violence, and we desire to express our sympathy at the sad event, to the American Minister now in London, as well as to declare our hope and confidence in the future of that great country, which, we trust, will continue to be associated with enlightened freedom and peaceful relations with this and every other country."

Assassination at Paris.
PARIS, April 25.
Yesterday, at 3 P. M., a stranger presented himself at the Russian embassy, demanding to speak with the Secretary of Legation. Almost immediately after his entrance a noise was heard, and the Secretary was found covered with blood, having received five stab wounds from a dagger. The murderer, but was stopped, when he wounded two other persons before he was arrested. The Secretary is reported to be dead.

The Paris evening papers state that the name of the person who attempted to assassinate M. Balch, Attache of the Russian Embassy, is Nikitenko, and that he was formerly a sub-lieutenant in the Russian army. His object is said to have been to ask assistance of M. Balch. The latter, it is added, is not dead, and Dr. Nelaton hopes to be able to save his life.

Jeff Davis and the Assassination.

The New York Times' Washington correspondent says: It ought to be understood that the recent proclamation offering a reward for the apprehension of Jeff. Davis as one of the parties implicated in the assassination of Mr. Lincoln was not issued by President Johnson as his individual act or merely upon his personal opinion as to the guilt of Davis. It was issued in pursuance of the decision of the proper legal authority. It was first unanimously decided in Cabinet meeting that all parties in any way connected with the conspiracy should be tried by a military tribunal and not by civil courts. The testimony relating to the matter was then placed officially in the hands of the Judge Advocate General, Hon. Jos. Holt, who examined it very carefully, and made a written report to the Secretary of War, giving it as his official opinion that the evidence proved Davis to have been connected with the inception and execution of the plot. It was upon this official report the proclamation was based. It is not to be supposed that any direct and personal action in the matter can be traced to Davis, but it will be proved that the conspiracy was framed and prosecuted with his knowledge and assent.

Johnston's Address to his Army.

The following is General Johnston's farewell order:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE, NEAR GREENSBORO, N. O., May 2, '65.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 22.

COMRADES!—In terminating our official relations, I earnestly exhort you to observe faithfully the terms of pacification agreed upon, to discharge the obligations of good and peaceful citizens at your homes, as well as you have performed the duties of thorough soldiers in the field. By such a course you will best secure the comfort of your families and kindred, and restore tranquility to the country. You will return to your homes with the admiration of our people, won by the courage and noble devotion you have displayed in this long war. I shall always remember with pride the loyal support and generous confidence you have given me. I now part with you with deep regret, and bid you farewell with feelings of cordial friendship, and with earnest wishes that you may have, hereafter, all the prosperity and happiness to be found in the world.

(Signed) JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON. Official—ARCHER ANDERSON, A. A. G.

The entire cost of the mansion in Philadelphia presented to Gen. Grant, with its furniture, is \$89,000.

The lenses and other costly implements plundered by the rebels from a light house on the North Carolina coast, at the opening of the rebellion, were captured by Sherman in the interior of North Carolina, and have been taken to Washington. They are valued at \$25,000.

The building for the North-western Fair in Chicago, covering the whole of Dearborn Park, is rapidly approaching completion; 75 men are employed upon it, and the flooring is already laid. The amount of lumber used in its construction will be about 400,000 feet, and the felt roofing will cost \$30,000; the total expense is estimated at \$30,000.

The Prairie (Illinois) Farmer has at its office a loaf of the old-fashioned shape of loaf sugar. It was made at a place in Illinois called Chatsworth, by a couple of Germans who have expended a large sum in erecting works for carrying on the business. The Farmer says that the beets can be raised for \$3.50 a ton, which is 17½ cents a hundred pounds; and that from this eight pounds of sugar can be made, and in these times at a cost not exceeding five cents a pound.

New Advertisements.

ANN ARBOR WOOLEN MILLS

Are now ready to furnish parties with all kinds of WOOLEN GOODS! And will EXCHANGE GOODS FOR WOOL.

Persons furnishing their own Wool, can have it MADE UP ANY KIND OF GOODS they choose, at SHORTEST NOTICE. Any particular attention will be given to

CARDING OF ROLLS!

These Mills are all supplied with new machinery of the best and most approved patterns.

Ann Arbor, Mich. May 9th, 1865. 124108

YES, THE LARGEST EXHIBITION IN THE WORLD IS COMING!

Most Positively the Largest.

AT ANN ARBOR, ON THURSDAY, MAY 18th, '65.

DAN RICE'S MAMMOTH MENAGERIE!

School of Educated Animals

Under the immediate supervision of COL. DAN RICE, The Autocrat of Moral and Intellectual Amusement.

The entrance into each place of exhibition will be signified by the most magnificent procession ever seen in America, headed by the

Golden Swan Chariot,

Of Immense Proportions, drawn by a team of Asiatic Elephants and Arabian Camels.

Followed by a Brilliant Corps of Dancing Splendors, composed of the monster

SACRED BULL OF VISHTA,

17½ hands high, and a herd of his associates.

The wild CHACINORIC, or WHITE YAK, from the plains of Tartary.

DAN RICE'S Wonderful Performing Horses.

A full of SWISSLAND PONIES; a flock of PALATINE SHEEP, and

22 Cages of Living Wild Animals,

Presenting to the public a GRAND GRATUITOUS EXHIBITION of a Beautiful Moving Panorama, OVER ONE MILE IN LENGTH.

Reasons why this positively the Largest Exhibition ever brought before the public:

1. It has 26 horses more than any other traveling show.
2. It has a herd of Sacred Cattle, only one in America.
3. It has the best trained Elephant on this continent.
4. It has the smallest Elephant ever seen here, only 8 feet high.
5. It has the only Arabian Camels in America.
6. It has the only wild Chacino or Yak ever captured and taught to perform.
7. It has the only flock of Palatine Sheep in America.
8. It has 22 cages of living wild animals, which is a larger number than was ever known with a menagerie before.
9. It has the finest Horses, including a French Trotter, a Hackney, and a Hackney, which has pronounced an animal with a soul, and truly may be said, that upon the earth there is not his like.
10. It has more and better performing Horses than any other show.
11. It has a full of Shetland Ponies and Monkey riders.
12. It has the original and famous Peter and Barney.
13. It has the famous Band of Music, the best traveling.
14. It has the best performing Buffalo ever seen.
15. It has the Lion King of the World, four tigers and a herd of performing Lions, Tigers, Goats, and Leopards.
16. It has the most magnificent Elephant trainer known.
17. It has the best and most wonderful, and the best and most magnificent of any traveling exhibition in America.
18. It makes the grandest procession of any exhibition in this country.
19. It has a Mammoth Five-Cornered Pavilion, under which the entire exhibition of the Animal Kingdom is presented to the public.
20. It has

DAN RICE, The Statesman, Patriot & Humorist,

Who will positively appear every afternoon and night in the Grand Menagerie, and present to the patrons of his institution his Famous Academy of Educated Animals, and deliver upon each occasion a moral, interesting, humorous and instructive lecture.

The public will please bear in mind that this is not a Circus, or half Circus and half Menagerie, or an ordinary Circus involving under some monstrosity of a name, the exhibition of a few tame animals, and the presentation of a few cheap and vulgar jokes.

Zoological Collection

Ever gathered into one exhibition in the country, composed of the rarest beasts from all parts of the world, and delivered upon each occasion a moral, interesting, humorous and instructive lecture.

A Grand Array of Ornithological Specimens,

Comprising birds from every clime and every zone, making a combination worthy the attention of the moral, refined and intelligent people of America.

The contracting and advertising agents will visit each place, with large bills, lithographs, &c., about two weeks in advance, making the necessary preparations for the advent of this Grand Moving Menagerie of the Animal World.

Remember the day and date, and Dan Rice's Mammoth Menagerie.

Estate of Marshalls—Minors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.—
I, a Justice of the Peace for the County of Washtenaw, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the will of the late Hiram J. Beakes, Judge of Probate, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

Present, HIRAM J. BEAKES, Judge of Probate.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of William Jones, Guardian unto said minors, praying that he may be licensed to sell certain real estate belonging to said minors.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the fifth day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the next day of said minors, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Michigan Argus, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, six successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. (A true copy.) HIRAM J. BEAKES, Judge of Probate.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.—
The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Jacob L. Marshall, late of the City of Ypsilanti, in said County deceased, here by give notice that six months from date, are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the dwelling house of Mrs. Lucinda P. Marshall, in the City of Ypsilanti, in said County, on Saturday, the fifth day of August, and Wednesday, the eighth day of November next, at one o'clock P. M. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, May 8th, 1865.

LEE YOST, LEE HENDRICKS, Commissioners.

Estate of Franklin M. Hendrick.

STATE OF MICHIGAN—County of Washtenaw, ss.—
I, a Justice of the Peace for the County of Washtenaw, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the will of the late Franklin M. Hendrick, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

Present, HIRAM J. BEAKES, Judge of Probate.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Hiram J. Beakes, praying that Hiram Norman, may be appointed administrator of the estate of said deceased.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the fifth day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Michigan Argus, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. (A true copy.) HIRAM J. BEAKES, Judge of Probate.

Estate of James Steward.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.—
I, a Justice of the Peace for the County of Washtenaw, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the will of the late James Steward, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

Present, HIRAM J. BEAKES, Judge of Probate.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Hiram J. Beakes, praying that she may be licensed to sell certain real estate whereof said deceased died seized.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the twenty-sixth day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Michigan Argus, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, six successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. (A true copy.) HIRAM J. BEAKES, Judge of Probate.

Estate of Herman Schlack.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.—
I, a Justice of the Peace for the County of Washtenaw, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the will of the late Herman Schlack, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

Present, HIRAM J. BEAKES, Judge of Probate.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Michael Schlack, praying that the administrator de bonis non of said estate be authorized and directed to convey to him certain Real Estate in pursuance of a contract in writing made between said deceased and the said petitioner.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the twenty-sixth day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the Probate Office, in the City

S. M. Pettengill & Co.,
No. 37 Park Row, New York, & 8 State
Street, are the Agents for the American and
European editions of the Argus, and are
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scriptions for us at our lowest rates.

The following Jurors have been
drawn for the next term of the Circuit Court
for this County, to commence on Tues-
day, June 13th, 1885:

Ammon Lee,	Freedom.
Wm. Buss,	"
Prince Bennett,	Ypsilanti City.
John G. Cook,	Lodi.
Soren Bassett,	"
Fred. Sore,	Ann Ar. City.
Nathan Andrews,	Solo.
Nelson Booth,	Pittsfield.
Isaac B. Hathaway,	York.
Salmon O. Barber,	Freedom.
George Durkee,	Pittsfield.
Stephen B. Whitaker,	Lima.
Jonathan Mitchell,	Bridgewater.
Samuel Barnard,	York.
Philip Foley,	Northfield.
Jacob H. Hicks,	Lodi.
John Gibney,	Northfield.
Richard G. Martin,	Ypsilanti City.
G. W. Bennett,	Lima.
Wm. E. Marvin,	York.
Wm. L. Loomis,	Ann Ar. City.
George W. Palmer,	"
Newman Granger,	Manchester.

In defiance of the ordinances,
large numbers of cows run at large in our
streets, and forage upon gardens and lawns
wherever a gate is accidentally left open or a
weak spot is found in a fence; and some of
the better educated and shrewder animals
have learned to open gates and climb strong
fences. We would suggest to these lawless
creatures that if they have no fear of our "City
Fathers," or respect for the ordinances by
which they are protected, that there is a regulation in
the Township imposing a fine of \$5 upon each
quadruped quartered on highways and com-
mons, and that the farmers adjoining the city
propose to enforce the penalty. Cows and
owners should take notice.

ARTEMUS WARD's little show at
Kangster's Hall on Friday evening last,
proved a capital evening's entertainment.—
The panoramic paintings, illustrating the
scenery in and around Salt Lake City, on the
Plains, &c., were really fine works of art,
while ARTEMUS was himself in illustrating
the paintings, describing Mormon life, etc.,
mixing genuine and vivid description in equal
proportions with his dry "gobs," thus amus-
ing and instructing at once. Success to AR-
TEMUS and "his show."

The Kalamazoo Gazette has
changed hands, and is now published by
SHANKS & MORLEY, both of whom believe
practical printers. The former has been serv-
ing his country in the field, but all that will
go for nothing and he will probably be brand-
ed as a "copperhead" for daring to connect
himself with a Democratic journal. Mr.
MORLEY has been foreman of the Gazette estab-
lishment for a number of years, and knows
the wants of his patrons. We wish the
Gazette a prosperous future.

We invite the attention of our
Wool-growing readers to the advertisement of
the Ann Arbor Woolen Factory in another
column. Messrs. TOMLINSON & BENT have
entirely renovated the mills, added new and
first class machinery, and are making the
very best of cloths. Is it not for the interest
of growers to have at least enough of their
wool manufactured for their own consump-
tion?

We have received the May num-
ber of the Eclectic Magazine. It has a fine
engraving of Catherine II, Empress of
Russia, and a well selected list of papers,
covering a wide range of the field of litera-
ture, history, science, etc. The Eclectic is
really what its name imports—the cream of
the foreign periodicals. \$5 a year. Address
W. H. BOWEN, 5 Beekman Street, New
York.

We notice that a Norway Spruce
hedge has been set out along the entire front
of the University grounds. We think a mis-
take, however, was made,—and the same mis-
take is too generally made,—in siting the
trees so near the fence line. Hedges grown so
near the fence can not be properly trimmed
and shaped on the fence side.

The boys, little and big, have
been spending a great deal of time for a few
days in looking at the mammoth pictorial an-
nouncement of the coming of Dan Rice's
Menagerie. The Elephant, the Lion, the
other "animals," and Dan's Mules and Horses
"Excelsior," saying nothing of the "Sacred
Cattle" are sure to draw.

The Peninsular Courier has
changed hands. C. G. CLARK, Jr., having sold
the establishment to Dr. A. W. CHASE, who
has taken possession, and will probably make
his editorial bow this week. The Dr. is
known to our citizens as an author and pub-
lisher, and will make a live paper.

DeForest & Stewart are
moving to the large and commodious store
recently occupied by LESKER & SOX, where
they intend to do a jobbing business, and
sell out goods at Detroit prices.

—JONKSON & PIERSON move into the store
D & S vacate.

There is no Wheat coming into
our market; Detroit quotations are \$1.60 for
No. 1 White, and \$1.48 for No. 1 red.
Potatoes are coming in freely, and buyers
give 45c. for Peach blows.

We quote BUTTER 18c @ 20.
Eggs—16c.

Gold touched 129 in Wall
Street, yesterday forenoon, with a down-
ward tendency. Gold is no longer king, and
none but speculators mourn its overthrow.—
All the people say amen whenever it drops a
peg.

At last Boston Wool sales,
Michigan fleece brought 68c @ 73c. New York
reports say "dull," without giving figures.
Growers must watch the signs of the times
carefully.

ROAD WARRANTS at this of-
fice. Call soon.

Dan Rice's Menagerie.

Our citizens—to whom the name of Colonel
Dan Rice has long been familiar as the very
prince of showmen—will be rejoiced to learn
that this indefatigable manager will soon ar-
rive in this city with his mammoth menagerie.
Among the wonderful features of this exhibi-
tion is that of the "sacred cattle," which
alone invests it with the greatest interest.—
The novelty of this feature demands more
than a passing notice, and we accordingly
give a short one of these remarkable animals.

We are reliably informed that they were
never on exhibition in Europe or this country,
and this being their first season, they will no
doubt create a furore, particularly among the
religious portion of the different communities
where they may be exhibited. The following
brief sketches may not prove uninteresting.
History shows the Sacred Bull identified with
such religious things, that we sometimes
doubt the existence of such an animal. It is
related that he was with the ancient Egyp-
tians (as may be seen by the figure of their
God Apis) an idol of worship, as he is at
present with the Hindoos. It is said by Maj.
Bentin, and other authorities, that the Sac-
red Bull is used sometimes on great occasions
to enhance the interest and give additional
importance to distinguished persons. For
instance, the daughter of a Shiek or Sultan,
about to be married, on her way to the place
appointed for the solemn rites to be performed,
is mounted on a Sacred Bull, extravagantly
adorned with amber, silver rings, corals and
all sorts of finery, her hair streaming with fat,
a black rim of kohol, at least an inch wide,
round each of her eyes, and arrayed for this
important occasion, she sits astride, and, with
considerable grace, guides her animal by the
noose, through the carriages of which is a
leather thong which serves as a bridle. The
Sacred Cattle bear a charmed life among the
weak and superstitious Hindoos, who venerate
them and hold their slaughter an unpardon-
able sin. The Sacred Bull is particularly
sanctified. He leads an easy life wandering
about the villages, and even the cities, as they
list, and taking their pleasure and their food
where they like, if not prevented by the con-
tributions of the devout. They may be seen
every day wandering at large in the streets
of Calcutta, eating rice, grain and other food
at the bazaars, and the utmost a native does, when
he sees them honoring his goods too much, is to
urge them, by the gentlest hints, to taste
some of the good things on his neighbor's stall.

Bayard Taylor tells us that "the narrow
streets of Benares are obstructed in the vicin-
ity of the temple by these sacred bulls. The
place swarms with them, and they are a great
nuisance. They are knowing bulls, perfectly
conscious of their sacred character, and presume
upon it to commit all sorts of depredations.
They are the terror of the dealers in fruits
and vegetables, for although not always ex-
empted from blows, no one can stand before
their horns, and these they do not scruple to
use if necessary to secure their end. Some-
times, on their foraging expeditions, they
boldly enter the houses, march up stairs and
take a stroll on the flat roofs, where they may
be seen looking down with great interest on
the passing crowd below. From these emi-
nences they take a view of the surrounding
country, calculate its resources, and having
selected one of the richest spots within their
circle of vision, descend straightway, and set
off in a bee line for the place, which they
never fail to find. When the fields look prom-
ising on the other side of the Ganges, they
march down to the river banks and prevent
any passengers from going on board the ferry
boats, until they are permitted to enter.—
They cross and remain there until the supplies
are exhausted, when they force a passage
back in the same manner. The gardens of the
English residents frequently suffer from
their depredations, and the only effectual way
of guarding against them is to yoke them at
once, and keep them at hard labor a day or
two, which so utterly disgusts them with the
place, that they never return to it. It is also
affirmed, that they carefully avoid the neigh-
borhood of those butchers who supply the
tables of the English, having observed that
some of their brethren disappeared in a miracu-
lous manner, after frequenting such localities."

This Sacred Bull is the property of Colonel
Dan Rice, purchased by him from the estate
of the Hon. Mr. Hockaday, deceased. The
Bull is nine years old, his color is dark brown
and gray, height seventeen hands, with fine
symmetrical proportions, and the most benign
countenance man ever looked upon, or rather
an expression which man never could have
hoped to behold in any of God's creatures.—
His limp is elevated to a remarkable degree,
and retains an upright position. Instances
are spoken of where it has attained the enor-
mous weight of fifty pounds. He is in size a
monster.

On Saturday evening, at the residence of
the mother of the bride, by Rev. G. D. Gilles-
pie, Mr. JESSE B. NEWELL, and Mrs. SUSAN
JANE WISE, daughter of the late John Cooper,
all of Ann Arbor.

On Tuesday morning, at the residence of
the father of the bride, by Rev. G. D. Gilles-
pie, Mr. LEVI L. BARBOUR, of Battle Creek,
and Miss HARRIET E. daughter of RICHARD
HOOPER, Esq., of Ann Arbor.

Special Notices.

ATWOOD'S
PATENT
DRILLING MACHINE,
PILE DRIVER,
AND
HYDRAULIC SAND PUMP.

PRACTICAL TESTS having fully demonstrated
the superiority of this machine over all others for
purpose of sinking Oil Wells, the undersigned is now prepared
to receive orders for the same.

This machinery comprises everything requisite for
the boring of oil wells, excepting the STEAM ENGINE
AND CAST IRON DRIVING PIPE, (but will be fur-
nished, if desired, at a reasonable price), and dispen-
ses with the use of the Derrick Rope, Bull wheel and
other cumbersome and expensive fixtures now in use,
and is so arranged, being constructed on wheels and
portable, that it can be easily removed for the pur-
pose of sinking wells in different localities.

This PATENT process, and does not require the
removal of the drill from the hole. This process
not only removes all the debris in from 5 to 10 and
more, but likewise effectually clears out and opens up
the small veins that are so often entirely closed up
by the old process of sand pumping.

WITH THIS MACHINE and a practical engineer, a
well can be sunk from 400 to 600 feet within a period
of 15 to 30 days after the soil pipe has been
driven.

Arrangements are being made for the construction
and delivery of these machines at New York, Norwich,
Newburg, N. Y., and Pittsburg, Penna.

For further information, price, terms, &c., address,
SIMEON LELAND,
METROPOLITAN HOTEL,
New York.

SVON NURSERY.
JAMES TOMS,
OF SVON NURSERY, returns his sincere thanks for the
patronage he has received from his friends of Ann
Arbor, Ypsilanti, and other cities and towns in the
State. A. T. being suddenly bereaved by the decease of
his dear friend, Elizabeth Toms, who took the whole
care of the Green House, Flower Garden, and Plants,
is now compelled to announce to his friends as large,
that unless he is favored with a more liberal support
than heretofore, as his whole time will be wholly taken
up in the business. Ann Arbor must lose the honor of
supporting a Green House.

He sincerely hopes all visitors will try not to lay
out less than 10 cents, as two thirds don't lay out one
cent.

The Green House is well filled with a large and choice
variety of Plants, very cheap. Also, a large assort-
ment of Flower Garden Rocks, Vegetable Plants, &c.
Miller Avenue, Ann Arbor, Mich.
12m1007

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES.
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
PICTURES, FRAMES,
THREAD, SILK,
TWIST,
MACHINE OIL, &c.

The undersigned now offers the public THE BEST

FAMILY
SEWING MACHINE
IN USE FOR
DURABILITY,
BEAUTY OF STYLE, and
VARIETY OF WORK, it

"STANDS UP HEAD."

It needs only to be seen to be appreciated. Runs the
work both ways, takes four kinds of stitches, hem-
stitch, button, braids, binds, quilts, gathers and sews
as well as all the other things that a sewing machine
can do. It is the best of the kind, and the most
reliable, and the most durable. It is the best of the
kind, and the most reliable, and the most durable.

The Wonder of the World!

Also a variety of the most beautiful PHOTOGRAPH
ALBUMS, PICTURES AND FRAMES in great variety,
and pictures framed to order at short notice.

Also, BARNUM'S SELF-SEWER or TUCKER, which
can be adjusted to any Sewing Machine.

Call at the sign of the FLORENCE SEWING MA-
CHINE, a few doors East of Cook's Hotel.

Stitching Neatly Done to Order.

Also, on exhibition, the celebrated "WEEK SEWING
MACHINE," which took the premium at the Michigan
State Fair, of 1884.

Ann Arbor, Dec. 25th, 1884. W. D. HOLMES.
98914

GREAT

CLOSING OUT

S-A-L-E!

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

DRESS GOODS!

Gents'

FURNISHING GOODS.

CASSIMERES,

Cloths, Satinets, &c.,

DOMESTICS,

SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Crockery,

GROceries, &c.,

Are to be sold at prices that will guarantee their sale.

N. B.—The largest Stock of Calico and Brown Cotton
in the City at less than Manufacturer's prices.

The highest price paid in Trade or cash for all kinds
of Produce.

MACK & SCHMID.

THE ONLY SURE THING.

PHOTOGRAPH

BEFORE USING AFTER USING

HAIR RENEWER

As the name indicates, it not only renews the
growth of the hair when thin and falling off, but it
positively restores the color to its original shade when
it is turning gray or white, whether caused by disease,
grief or old age.

It will certainly do what is claimed for it, a fact
which hundreds, nay, thousands who have used it, are
ready and willing to testify. Where one bottle is fair-
ly used, in any community, its reputation "spreads
like wildfire," and is the best advertisement and re-
commendation we desire. In the Eastern States, where
the "RENEWER" originated, it is used by all Young
Ladies as a Dressing, and is to be found on the toilet
tables of Young Men, (also at their barbers'; while
Old Men and Women will not be without it, as a
restorer and restorative for their grey locks and bald
heads, which it changes to their entire satisfaction.

We are selling in the city of Boston, upwards
of 10,000 bottles per month, the "RENEWER" giving
the preference over all other Hair Preparations.

If not sold by Druggists in your town, a trial bottle
will be sent you by Express, upon receipt of one
cent by mail.—Thus giving you an opportunity at once
for testing its excellent virtue.

Orders for Trial Bottles, must be addressed to
our general Agent for the North-Western States, C. A.
COOK, Box 6248, Chicago, Ill. All such or-
ders will receive prompt attention.

R. P. HALL & CO., Proprietors, Natchez, N. H.
The trade supplied at Manufacturers' prices by FULL-
MER, FINCH & FULLER, Wholesale Druggists, Chicago,
Illinois. 6mo 999.

REMEMBER

SNOWER & KELLEY'S

BOOK STORE

Is the North door of Gregory's New Block.

G. W. SNOWER, O. A. KELLEY.

1006

NOW IS THE TIME

For bargains in
DRY GOODS
AND
GROCERIES!!

is now receiving his

SPRING STOCK

OF

DRY GOODS,

CARPETS,

and GROCERIES,

bought at the recent great decline in New York, and
will be sold as low as the lowest. Call and examine
goods and prices before purchasing.

April, 1885.

C. H. MILLEN.

PRINTS, 20 to 25 Cents.

BEST DELAINES, 31 cents.

SHEETINGS, 30 to 40 cents.

BLEACHED COTTONS, and all
other goods at

REDUCED PRICES!

AT C. H. MILLEN'S.

NEW CARPETS,

AT C. H. MILLEN'S.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS of all
kinds,

Ladies' Sacks, Cloaks, Shawls,

Hair Ornaments, &c.,

all the new styles just received and for sale cheap.

1004th C. H. MILLEN.

WAR

PANIC.

THE PANIC HAS COMMENCED.

Ann Arbor is one of the first to throw out induc-
ments for People to

GET GOODS CHEAP.

All of the Merchants are on the lookout and are
buying goods at the lowest possible price, and each one
gets his own variety of articles.

ANN ARBOR

is one of the PRETTEST PLACES in the STATE, and
well supplied with manufacturing interests for the
country generally. There are 12 Dry Goods Stores, 4
or 5 Hardware Stores, 10 or 15 Clothing Stores, 2 Hat
Stores, 3 Shoe Stores, and a half dozen Shoe Shops, 3
Jewelry Stores, 5 or 6 Provision and Grocery Stores,
and 4 Cabinet Ware Stores, 4 or 5 Baker Shops, 4 Har-
ness Shops, 4 Printing Presses, and all kinds of Manu-
facturing Establishments, too numerous to mention.—
The whole surrounding country will do well to give
Ann Arbor a call, and after looking around, all around
for your

DRY GOODS

AND

GROCERIES,

don't forget to call at

C. B. THOMPSON'S STORE,

Corner Main and Washington Streets, and he will try
and give you prices that will satisfy.

He is receiving goods bought at the lowest possible
prices, and will try and satisfy as far as he can. The
MOTTO is

"LIVE AND LET LIVE."

"Help your neighbor and you help yourself." I am
convinced of the result.

April, 1885. CHARLES B. THOMPSON.
2m1005

GOODS AT HALF PRICE!

GOLD IS DOWN!

COTTON IS DOWN!

PRINTS ARE DOWN!

DOMESTICS ARE DOWN!

WOOLENS ARE DOWN!

GROCERIES ARE DOWN!

and now is the time to buy your

SPRING GOODS!

P. BACH

Has just opened a complete assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Dress Goods, Cloths,

DOMESTICS,

GROCERIES, &c., &c.,

bought since the surrender of Lee and the great fall in
prices. Call immediately and examine his stock.

Ann Arbor, April, 1885. 1205

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the
undersigned has assumed the General Subscription
Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes,
bearing seven and three tenths per cent. interest, per
annum, known as the

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date of June 16th
1866, and are payable three years from that time, in
currency, or are convertible at the option of the
holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six percent.
GOLD-BEARING BONDS.

These bonds are now worth a premium which in-
creases the actual profit on the 7-30 loan, and its
exception from State and municipal taxation, adds from
one to three per cent. more, according to the rate ruled
on other property. The interest is payable semi-an-
nually by coupons attached to each note, which may
be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One cent per day on a \$50 note	10c
Two cents " " " " " "	20c
Three " " " " " "	30c
Four " " " " " "	40c
Five " " " " " "	50c
Six " " " " " "	60c
Seven " " " " " "	70c
Eight " " " " " "	80c
Nine " " " " " "	90c
Ten " " " " " "	1.00

Notes of all the denominations named will be
promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions,
and the notes forwarded at once. The interest to 15th
June next will be paid in advance. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently
expected that its superior advantages will make it the
Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than \$200,000,000 of the Loan authorized by
the last Congress are now on the market. This
amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will
all be subscribed for within four months, when the
notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has
uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions
to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of
the country may be afforded facilities for taking the
loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private
Banks throughout the country have generally
agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers
will select their own agents, in whom they have con-
fidence, and who only are to be responsible for the
delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT, Philadelphia.

March 25th, 1866.

SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE FIRST NA-
TIONAL BANK of Ann Arbor. 1001

THE NINTH

NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Capital, \$1,000,000, Paid In,

SPECIAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES,

