

Published every Friday morning, in the third story of the brick house, corner of Main and Huron streets, ANN ARBOR, MICH. Entrance on Huron Street opposite the Post Office.

ELIHC B. FORD, Editor and Publisher.

Terms, \$2.00 a Year in Advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING: (12 lines or less considered a square.)

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CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS, not to exceed four lines for one year.

Advertisements to the extent of a quarter column on the first page, and covered to have their cards in the Directory without extra charge.

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JOHN J. BAGLEY, President, JACOB S. FARRAN, Vice President, JAMES C. WATSON, Secretary, D. O. FARRAN, M. D., Medical Examiner.

A Successful Michigan Life Insurance Company, organized for the purpose of insuring life upon lives at

THE LOWEST COST COMPATIBLE WITH Absolute Security, and for the further purpose of

KEEPING MONEY AT HOME, [which heretofore has been sent East,

RATES AS LOW AS SAFETY PERMITS.

ENTIRE MUTUALITY AND STRICT EQUITY

Mark the system and prevail in the distribution of ANNUAL DIVIDENDS TO THE INSURED,

While, by Provisions of the State Law, and by their own terms, ALL POLICIES ARE NON-FORFEITABLE.

INSURANCE FURNISHED UPON ALL DESIRABLE PLANS.

All the BEST FEATURES of the Old Companies ADOPTED, all their ERRORS AVOIDED.

SECURITY, ECONOMY, EQUITY AND THE WEST,

ITS MOTTO.

For Agencies apply at the HOME OFFICE, Bank Block, Griswold Street.

L. M. THAYER, Gen'l Agent.

FRID. L. HAIN, Agent. 1229y1

LADIES' FASHIONABLE SHOE HOUSE.

H. TARRANT. 24 South Main Street, Dealer in

LADIES' BOOTS AND SHOES, THE NEWEST STYLES

IN Kid, Calf, and Cloth, Always on hand, and

Stock and Work Guaranteed.

IF YOU WANT A BOOT, A GAITER, A BUSKIN, OR A SLIPPER,

CALL AND EXAMINE HIS STOCK BEFORE PURCHASING.

PRICES LOWER than the LOWEST.

R. TARRANT. Ann Arbor, May 17th, 1870.

ANN ARBOR CITY MILLS!

BEST FLOUR \$3.25 per 100 lbs.

OR AS LOW AS THE LOWEST. LEAVE ORDERS AT THE POST OFFICE.

J. T. SWATHEL. REPT. 21st, 1869. 12364f

LUMBER YARD!

C. KRAPP Has a large and well stocked Lumber Yard, on Jefferson Street, in the south part of the City, and will keep constantly on hand an excellent variety of LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATH & C.

which will be sold as low as can be afforded in this market. Quality and prices such that no one need go to Detroit.

CONRAD KRAPP, 2651f

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FOR SALE CHEAP! A Medium Hand Press In good condition. Inquire at the ARGUS OFFICE. Ann Arbor, Aug. 28th, 1870.

The Michigan Argus.

THE MICHIGAN MUTUAL LIFE INS. COMPANY

OF DETROIT, MICH.

(ESTABLISHED IN 1857.)

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FROM THE HARVARD ADVOCATE. COOKING AND COVERTING.

Dear Ned, no doubt you'll be surprised when you receive and read this letter; I've recalled against the married state.

But then, you see, I knew no better. I met a lovely girl out here; her manner is—well—very winning; we soon fell in love—well, Ned, my dear, I'll tell you all from the beginning.

I went to ask her out to ride last Wednesday—it was perfect weather; she said she couldn't possibly; the servant had gone off together—(libertians always rush away.)

At cousin's funerals to be looking—Pies must be made, and she must stay. She said, to do that branch of cooking.

"Oh, let me help you," then I cried; "I'll be a cook, too, how jolly!" She laughed and answered with a smile, "All right; but you'll repent your folly, for I shall be a tyrant, sir."

"And good hand you'll have to grasp!" "So sit down there, and don't you stir, but take this knife and pare that apple."

She rolled her sleeve above her arm— "That lovely arm, so plump and rounded; Outside the morning sun shone bright; Inside, the dough she dextrously pounded. Her little fingers sprinkled flour; And rolled the piecrust up in masses I passed a most delightful hour.

"Mid butter, sugar and molasses. With deep reflection her sweet eyes Gazed on each pot and pan and kettle; She sliced the apples, laid her pies, And then the upper crust did settle. Her ripping waves of golden hair In one great coil were slightly twisted; But locks would break it here and there, And curl about where'er they listed.

We're to be married, Ned, next month. Come and attend the wedding revels. I really think that bachelors Are the most miserable devils! You'd better go for some girl's hand, And if you are uncertain whether You dare to make a due demand, Why, just try cooking pies together.

From Oliver Optic's Magazine. FROST FLOWERS.

While we are sleeping, stealthily creeping, They come, as the green comes in early spring.

Here there's a vine or root, here shows a tender shoot; Paints of posies, of ghostly roses, Within this garden are blooming.

What busy sprite, at the dead of night, Scatters the seeds of these magical weeds? Frod of lily and fawnur of gilly, Braving out only an odor chilly, Ferns that keep in their sculptured sleep A memory of June's warm spicy noons, Or her starlit hollows and building swallows— Of her waxing and waning moons?

But now that summer's smile has fled, As it is the sons of her dowers, again, That reap on my window pane, Blooming at night in a splendor of white, To fade away in the strong sunlight?

THE DEATH OF WIND-FOOT.

Three hundred years ago—I heard the tale, not long since, from the mouth of one educated like a white man, but born of the race of whom Logan and Tecumseh sprang—three hundred years ago, there lived on lands now forming an eastern county of the most powerful of the American States, a petty Indian tribe governed by a brave and wise chieftain. This chieftain was called by a name which in our language signifies Unrelenting. His deeds of courage and subtlety made him renowned through so small portion of the northern continent.

There were only two dwellers in his lodge—himself and his youthful son; for twenty moons had fled and waned since his wife, following four of her offspring, was placed in the burial ground.

As the Unrelenting sat alone one evening in his rude hut, one of his people came to inform him that a traveler from a distant tribe had entered the village, and desired food and repose. Such a petition was never slighted by the red man; and the messenger was sent back with an invitation for the stranger to abide in the lodge of the chief himself.

Among that simple race, no duties were considered more honorable than arranging the household comforts of a guest; these duties were now performed by the host's own hand, his son not having yet returned from the hunt on which he had started with a few young companions early dawn. In a little while, the wayfarer was led into the dwelling by him who had given the first notice of his arrival.

"You are welcome, my brother," said the Unrelenting.

The person to whom this kind salutation was addressed was an athletic Indian, of middle age, and habited in the scant attire of his species. He had the war-suit on his forehead, under which flashed a pair of brilliant eyes. His rejoinder was friendly and brief.

"The chieftain's tent is lonesome—his people are away?" continued the stranger, after a pause, casting a glance of inquiry around.

"My brother says true that it is lonesome," the other answered. "Twelve seasons ago, the Unrelenting saw five children in the shadow of his wigwam, and their mother was dear to him. He was strong, like a cord of many fibres. Then the breath of Manito snatched the fibres one by one, until he was left with a pleasant eye on my son and daughters, and wished them for himself. Behold all that is left to brighten my heart!"

The Unrelenting turned as he spoke, and pointed to an object just inside the opening of the tent.

A moment or two before, the figure of a boy had glided noiselessly in, and taken his station back of the chief—Hardly twelve years seemed the age of the new comer. He was a noble child! His limbs, never distorted with the ligatures of civilized life, were graceful as the ash, and symmetrical and spry as the bounding stag. It was the last and lovliest of the chieftain's sons—the soft-lipped, nimble Wind-Foot.

With the youth's assistance, the preparations for their frugal meal were soon completed. After finishing it, as the stranger appeared to be weary, a heap of skins were arranged for him in one corner of the lodge and he laid himself down to sleep.

It was a lovely summer evening. The moon shone, the stars twinkled, and the thousand voices of a forest night sounded in every direction. The chief and

his son reclined at the opening of the tent, enjoying the cool breeze which blew freshly upon them, and dapped the piece of deer-hide that served for their door, sometimes flinging it down so as to darken the apartment, then raising it suddenly up again, as if to let in the bright moonbeams.

Wind-Foot spoke of his hunt that day. He had met with no success, and in a boy's impatient spirit, wondered why it was that others arrows about him the mark, and failure be reserved for him alone. The chief heard him with a sad smile, as he remembered his own youthful traits; he soothed the child with gentle words, telling him that brave warriors sometimes went whole days with the same perverse fortune.

"Many years since," said the chief, "when my cheek was soft, and my arms felt the numbness of but few winters, I myself vainly traversed our hunting grounds as you have done to-day. The dark influence was around me, and not a single shaft would do my bidding."

"And my father brought home nothing to his lodge?" asked the boy.

"The Unrelenting came back without any game," the other answered; "but he brought what was dearer to him and his people than the fattest deer or the sweetest bird-meat—he brought the scalp of an accursed Kansi!"

The voice of the chief was deep and sharp in its tone of hatred.

"Will my father," said Wind-Foot, "kill?"

The child started, and paused. An exclamation, a sudden guttural noise, came from that part of the tent where the stranger was sleeping. The dry skins which formed the bed rustled, as if he who lay there was changing his position, and then all continued silent. The Unrelenting proceeded in a lower tone, fearful that they had almost broken the slumber of their guest.

"Listen!" said he; "you know part, but not all the cause of hatred there is between our nation and the abhorred enemies whose names I mentioned. Long ago, as I can remember, they did mortal wrong to your fathers. The scalps of two of your near kindred hang in Kansi lodges, and I have sworn, my son, to bear them a never ending hatred."

"On the morning of which I spoke, I started with fresh limbs and a light heart to search for game. Hour after hour I roamed the forest with no success; and at the setting of the sun, I found myself weary and many miles from my father's lodge. I laid down at the foot of a tree, and sleep came over me. In the depth of the night, a voice seemed whispering to me, 'I called me to rise quickly—to look around. I started to my feet, and found no one there but myself; then I knew that the Dream-Spirit had been with me. As I cast my eyes about in the gloom, I saw a distant brightness. Treading softly I approached. The light was that of a fire, and by the fire lay two sleeping figures. O, I laughed the quiet laugh of a deathly mind, as I saw who they were—a Kansi warrior, and a child, like you, my son, in age. I felt the edge of my tomahawk—it was keen as my hate. I crept toward them as the snake crawls through the grass, I bent over the slumbering boy; I raised my weapon to strike. But I thought that were they both slain no one would carry the tale to the Kansi tribe. My vengeance would be tasteless to me if they knew it not—and I spared the child. Then I glided to the other; his face was the same cast as the first, which gladdened me, and then I knew they were of close kindred. I smothered my arm—I gathered my strength—I struck, and cleft the warrior's brain in quivering halves!"

The chief had gradually wrought himself up to a pitch of loudness and rage, and his hoarse tones at the last part of his narration, rang cracklingly through the lodge.

At that moment, the deer hide curtain kept all within it in darkness; the next, it was lifted up, and a flood of the moonlight filled the apartment. A startling sight was back there then! The strange Indian was sitting on his couch, his distorted features glaring towards the unconscious ones in front, with a look like that of Satan in his antagonistic angel. His lips were parted, his teeth clenched, his arm raised, and his hand doubled—every nerve and sinew in bold relief. This spectacle of a forest on fire for a moment; the Indian at once sank noiselessly back, and lay with the skins wrapped around him as before.

It was now an advanced hour of the night. Wind-Foot felt exhausted by his day's travel; the father and son arose from their seat at the door, and retired to rest. In a little while all was silent in the tent; but from the darkness which surrounded the bed of the stranger, flashed two fiery orbs, rolling about incessantly like the eyes of an angry wild beast. The lids of those orbs closed not in slumber during the night.

Among the former inhabitants of this continent, it was considered rudeness, of the highest degree, to annoy a traveler or a guest with questions about himself, his hut, abode, or his future destination. Until he saw fit to go, he was made welcome to stay whether for a short time or a long one. Thus, on the morning, when the strange Indian showed no signs of departing, the chief expressed not the least surprise, but felt, indeed, a compliment indirectly paid to his powers of entertainment.

Early the succeeding day, the Unrelenting called his son to him, while the stranger was standing at the tent door. He told Wind-Foot that he was going on a short journey to perform which, he would probably take him till midnight. He enjoined the boy to return on his duties of hospitality toward his guest, and bade him be ready at evening with a welcome for his father.

The sun had marked the middle of the afternoon—when the chief, finishing what he had to do sooner than he expected, came back to his own dwelling, and threw himself on the floor to obtain rest—for the day, though pleasant, had been a warm one. Wind-Foot was not there, and after a little interval the chief stepped to a lodge near by to make inquiry after him.

"The young brave," said a woman, who appeared to answer his questions, "went away with the chief's strange guest many hours since."

The Unrelenting turned to go back to his tent.

"I cannot tell the meaning of it," added the woman, "but he of the fiery eye bade me, should the father of Wind-Foot ask about him, say to the chief these words: 'Unless your eye sees you drink his blood, that blood looses more than half its sweetness!'"

The Unrelenting started as if a scorpion had stung him. His lip trembled, and he had involuntarily moved to the handle of his tomahawk. Did his ears perform their office truly? These sounds were not new to him. Like a floating mist, the gloom of past years rolled away from his memory, and he recollect ed that the words the woman spoke were the very ones he himself had uttered to the Kansi child whose father he slew long, long ago, in the forest! And this stranger? Ah, now he saw it. He remembered the dark look of his guest—the features of the Kansi in their mature counterpart. And the chief felt too conscious for what terrible purpose Wind-Foot was in the hands of this man, and was at that moment ahead of a few of his warriors, and started swiftly to seek his child.

About the same hour that the Unrelenting returned from his journey, Wind-Foot, several miles from home was just coming up to his companion, who had gone on a few rods in front, and was at that moment seated on the body of a fallen tree, a mighty giant of the woods, that some whirlwind had tumbled to the earth. The child had roamed about with his new acquaintance through one path and another with the heedlessness of his age; and now, while the latter sat in perfect silence for several minutes, Wind-Foot idly sported near him. It was a solemn spot; in every direction around were towering patriarchs of the wilderness growing and decaying in solitude. At length the stranger spoke.

"Wind-Foot!"

The child who was but a few yards off, approached at the call. As he came near he stopped in alarm; his companion's eyes had that dreadful bright glitter again—and while they looked at each other, dreadful forebodings arose in the boy's soul.

"Young chieftain," said the stranger, "you must die!"

"The brave is in play," was the response, "Wind-Foot is a little boy."

"Serpents are small at first, replied the savage, but in a few moments they have fringed and deadly poison. Harkon, brush from an evil root, I am a Kansi! The youth your parent spared in the forest has now become a man. Warriors of his tribe point to him and say, 'his father's scalp adorns the lodge of the Unrelenting, but the wigwam of the Kansi is bare.' Wind-Foot, it must be bare no longer!"

The boy's heart beat quickly—but beat true to the stern courage of his ancestors.

"I am the son of a chief," he answered, "my cheek can not be wet with tears, and I shall die as I live."

The Kansi looked at him a few seconds with admiration which soon gave way to malignant scorn. Then producing from an inner part of his dress a wither of some tough bark, he stepped to Wind-Foot, and began binding his hands. It was useless to attempt resistance, for besides the disparity of their strength, the boy was unarmed, while the savage had at his waist a hatchet, and a rude stone weapon resembling a poniard. He pointed to Wind-Foot the direction he must take, gave a significant touch at his girthe and followed close on behind.

When the Unrelenting and his people started to seek for the child and that fearful stranger, they were lucky enough to find the trail which the absent ones had made. None except an Indian's eye could have tracked them by so slight and devious a guide. But the chief's eye was sharp with paternal love; they followed on—winding, and on again—at length coming to the fallen tree. The trail was now less irregular, and they traversed it with greater rapidity. Its direction seemed towards the shore of a long, narrow lake which lay adjacent to their territory. Onward went they, and as the sun sank in the west, they saw his last fitting gleams reflecting from the waters of the lake. The grounds here were almost clear of trees; and as they came out, the Unrelenting and his warriors swept the range with their keen eyes.

Was it so, indeed? There, on the grass not twenty rods from the shore, were the persons they sought—and fastened near by was a canoe. They saw from his posture that the captive was bound; they saw, too, that if the Kansi should once get him in the boat, and gain a start for the opposite side, where very likely some of his tribe were waiting for him, release would be almost impossible.

Then the Unrelenting sprang off, uttering the battle cry of his tribe, and the rest joined in the terrible chorus and followed him.

As the sudden sound was swept along by the breeze to the Kansi's ears, he jumped to his feet, and with the wretched self-possession which distinguishes his species, determined at once what was safest and surest for him to do. He seized Wind-Foot by the shoulder, and ran towards the boat, holding the boy's person as a shield from any weapon the pursuers might attempt to launch at him. He possessed self the advantage. It was a fearful race; and the Unrelenting felt his heart grow sick, as the Indian, dragging his child, approached nearer to the water's edge.

"Turn, whelp of a Kansi!" the chief cried madly. "Turn thou whose cowardly arms warrest against children! Turn if thou darest, and meet the eye of a full-grown brave!"

A loud taunting laugh was borne back from his flying enemy to the ears of the furious father. The savage did not look round, but twisted his left arm, and pointed with his finger to Wind-Foot's throat. At that moment he was within two feet of the water's edge. The boy heard his father's voice, and gathered his energies faint and bruised as he was, for a last struggle. Vain his efforts. For a moment only he loosened himself from the grip of his foe, and fell upon the ground. That moment, however, was a fatal one to the

Kansi. With the speed of lightning the chief's bow was up to his shoulder—the cord wanged sharply, and a poisoned-pointed arrow sped through the air.

Faithful to its mission, it cleft the Indian's side, just as he was stooping to lift Wind-Foot into the boat. He gave a wild shriek; his blood spurted from the wound, and he staggered down upon the sand. His strength, however, was not yet gone. Hate and marvellous revenge—the stronger, that they were baffled—raged within him, and he shot through his eyes—glassy as they were beginning to be with death stamps.

Twisting his body, like a bruised snake, he worked himself close up to the bandaged Wind-Foot. He felt to his waistband, and drew forth the weapon of stone. He laughed a laugh of triumph—he shouted aloud—he raised the weapon in the air—and just as the death rattle sounded in his throat, the instrument (the shuddering eyes of the child saw it, and shut their lids in intense agony) came down, driven too surely to the heart of the hapless boy.

When the Unrelenting came up to his son, the last signs of life were fading in the boy's countenance. His eyes opened and turned to the chief; his beautiful lips parted in a smile, the last effort of expiring fondness. On his features glided a lovely look, transient as the ripple athwart the wave, a slight tremor shook him, and the next minute Wind-Foot was dead.

Anecdote of the Poet Montgomery.

Among his most violent critical assailants was R. H. Howe, of whom I have already treated. I have related, in a previous number, how, after twenty-eight years' estrangement, I had recouped Wordsworth and Leigh Hunt. I consequently resolved to try a similar experiment on Howe and Montgomery.

I therefore, without acquainting either with my design, asked them both to dine with me. Upon my arrival at my house with Montgomery, on the evening in question, I was privately informed by my servant that Howe was in the library. I introduced them to each other under the assumed names of Smith and Jones. Excusing myself on the plea of dressing for dinner, I left them alone. As neither had seen the other before, they were puzzled; but as Howe knew he wasn't Smith, and Montgomery was equally convinced he wasn't Jones, they sat for a few seconds gazing at each other in a state of pleasant bewilderment.

At last Mr. Howe broke the spell of silence by saying— "Sir, as I am not Mr. Smith, perhaps you are not Mr. Jones; my name is Richard Henry Howe."

To which the other replied— "And I am the Rev. Robert Montgomery." And extending his hand, he added, "I am very glad to meet you, my dear Mr. Howe."

"The devil you are!" exclaimed Mr. Howe, grasping the proffered hand.

When I returned, in a few minutes, they were laughing and chatting as though they had been friends all their life. They were mutually pleased with each other, and maintained a pleasant social intercourse from that time.

Montgomery humorously told me afterwards, "When Howe said, 'The devil you are!' I thought it was a sly allusion to my sobriquet of 'Satan Montgomery'—a title which was bestowed upon him by his enemies, from his famous epic poem of Satan—Oliver Optic's Magazine."

How People Walk.

Observing persons move slowly; their heads move alternately from side to side, while they occasionally stop and turn around.

Careful persons lift their feet high and place them down, and pick up some little obstruction and place it quietly by the side of the way.

Calculating persons general walk with their hands in their pockets and their heads slightly inclined.

Modest persons generally step softly for fear of being observed.

Faint persons often step from a sidewalk on meeting another, and always go around a stone instead of stepping over it.

Wide awake persons "too out," and have a long swing to their arms, while their heads swing about miscellaneously.

Careless persons are forever stubbing their toes.

Lazy persons scrape about loosely with their heels, and are first on one side of the walk, then the other.

Very strong minded persons have their toes directly in front of them, and have a kind of stamp movement.

Unstable persons walk fast and slow by turns.

Yealous persons try all roads, frequent climbing the fence instead of going through a gate, and never let down a bar.

One idea persons and very selfish persons "too in."

Cross persons are very apt to hit their knees together.

The Foxes and the Bear.

Once upon a time, some foxes and a bear went into partnership, and occupied the same cave. They lived together peacefully for many years, the foxes finding the bear of great advantage to them, for he contributed more than the foxes did to the common support, and he did the most of the fighting in a great battle that they once had with the lion.

The Bill Admitting Virginia.

The following is the Senate substitute for the House bill admitting Virginia without restrictions or conditions, and which has passed both the Senate and House by a strict party vote, the unconditional admission of members lacking that article known as back bone, and yielding to the party screws:

The Michigan Argus

ANN ARBOR. FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 28, 1870.

A TELEGRAM from Washington, under date of the 24th, says: "The Committee on Ways and Means to-day raised the duty on manufactured steel three and one-fourth per cent. There is a disposition to make a general increase of the duty on manufactured steel and iron."

EDITORIAL CHIPS AND SPLINTERS.

Burlington is hob-nobbing with Bismarck at Berlin. The Burlingame American-Chinese treaty has been ratified. Forney advises Daves that "he is out of place in the Republican party."

WOMEN AND THE UNIVERSITY—REPLY TO "OBSERVER."

After reading the communication in your issue of the 21st inst., on the subject of admitting women to the privileges of the University, I was puzzled to decide what were the exact views of its author.

DETROIT, Jan. 26.

The breadstuffs market has assumed a marked activity within a day or two past. On Monday there was an advance in wheat, which seems to be well maintained.

Estate of Mary E. Parsons.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. A. A. Terry, Judge of Probate, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the will of Mary E. Parsons, deceased, as the same appears from the records of said Court.

"Sheridan 20 Miles Away"

Advertisement for A. A. Terry, WINTER GOODS, HATS & CAPS, Ladies' and Gents' Furs, Gents' Furnishing Goods, etc.

CHARCOAL SKETCH.

We extract the following pithy paragraph from the speech of Mr. Farnsworth, of Ill., Radical, in the House on Monday last on the Virginia bill. The portrait couldn't have been done better in oil by a first-class artist:

THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

When the Board of Supervisors shall be in session, and the question of aiding the Agricultural Society shall be up, and the exceedingly moral members shall object to giving aid, because there has been horse-racing at the Fair, we shall induce one of the aid-favoring members to read the following from "Life in the Brick Moon," in the February Atlantic—as a part of his speech of course:

THE UNIVERSITY.

The money market continues easy. Gold has advanced 1/2. The bank statements continue favorable. European advances are in favor of higher prices for United States bonds.

DETROIT, Jan. 26.

DETROIT PRODUCE MARKET.—The following quotations represent the current price received for the various grades of wheat, as reported by the Agents, by our Detroit correspondent. The figures are for the current market, and charges will show the net rates to first hands.

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THE MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

MOVEMENT OF TRAINS.

Table with columns for Train Name, Time, and Station. Includes entries like 'Mail Train' and 'Day Express'.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

- List of advertisements including 'Hall's Vegetable Sialin Hair Renewer' and 'Mortgage Sale'.

The Railroad Election.

The Railroad Election on Tuesday, was a sort of juggle-hand affair, without opposition enough to make it interesting...

No effort was made to get a full vote.

No effort was made to get a full vote, or there would have been about 500 more for aid. The vote authorizes the issue of bonds in aid of the Toledo, Ann Arbor and Northern Railroad...

The Officers of the company now know

The Officers of the company now know that the people back them, and they must push on regardless of any rival project...

Believing in fair-play we admit to our

Believing in fair-play we admit to our columns, to-day, a communication in response to "OBSERVER" who had his say...

The correspondence to whom he replies,

The correspondence to whom he replies, probably has as high an exalted an idea of womanhood as any of our special champions...

Our down-the-river friends at "God-

Our down-the-river friends at "Godfrey's Station on the Potowatomac Trail, alias Ypsilanti," are now running over full...

The PORTER ZOUAVES give an entertain-

The PORTER ZOUAVES give an entertainment at Hangstr's Hall, this evening, consisting of Silent Manual, Company Evolutions...

The Webster Society give their annual

The Webster Society give their annual "Public" at the Unitarian Church this evening...

The February Bargain.

The February Bargain. Putnam has the second installment of A Woman's Right, by Mary Chamberlain...

On the 9th inst., JAMES M. SHANK-

On the 9th inst., JAMES M. SHANKLAND, of Salem, while playing with some children of a neighbor, fell, a knife in his hand...

Rev. Dr. Cocker on "Observer."

ANN ARBOR, JAN. 28th, 1870.

To the Editor of THE ARGUS:—I long ago came to the determination never again to write an anonymous communication to the public papers...

The Early History of Man—concluded.

The Early History of Man—concluded. Lambeth and the Archbishop, and the Sun's Corona. The engraving is a very fine portrait of the late James T. Brady...

Virginia Jubilee.

Virginia Jubilee. Richmond, Jan. 20. A salute of 100 guns was fired in the park to-day in honor of the admission of the State...

Among the many hair preparations in the market.

Among the many hair preparations in the market, it is no easy matter to decide which of them is most desirable for use. HALL'S VEGETABLE SIALIN HAIR RENEWER has been certified...

The German Workmen's Society.

The German Workmen's Society. ANN ARBOR, Jan. 24th, 1870.

Please insert the following in the

Please insert the following in the columns of your valuable paper: At a meeting of the Ann Arbor (German) Workmen's Society, held on the 17th inst...

At present the total number of members

At present the total number of members of the Society amounting to \$322.07, for cases of death, \$280.00, for support for widows of deceased members, \$38.00. There is at present \$14,423.13 in the Treasury.

To the Farmers of Washtenaw County:

To the Farmers of Washtenaw County: The undersigned, believing that a Co-operative Association of the Farmers and Fruit-growers of this county would be beneficial, in marketing their productions...

THE UNIVERSITY.

THE UNIVERSITY. The die is cast. It is a fixed fact that never in the life of the present generation, will a young man be able to enjoy the privilege, or benefit, of a University education...

THE MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY, being liberally

THE MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY, being liberally endowed, and having no need to pander to popular whims, or dread any of the absurd fustian of the times...

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only to be obtained by years of intimate intercourse with young men of the same aims, the same ambitions, and animated with friendly rivalry? Why, they can seek foreign Universities, and we advise them to do so. They can pay their passage back and forth, and save money then. Leave American Universities to the undisputed possession of Delibhism, and go where the race is still divided between Men and Women, with each a well-defined, honorable and appropriate field of action, duties of life, and paths of instruction preparing them for the discharge of them.

NO. 26 MAIN STREET.

BACH & ABEL'S. Second Large Stock of Fall and Winter Goods, bought since the GREAT DECLINE, (EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH) is one of the Largest and most complete ever offered in this City.

100 Pieces Hill's Semper Idem, yard wide, bleached goods, at 18 3-4 cents, reduced from 25 cents.

500 Pieces of Merrimac, Sprague, American and other best makers' Prints, at 12 1-2 cts. per yard, reduced from 15c.

We sell J. & P. Coat's, Clark's O. N. T., and the Celebrated Orr & McNaught Spool Cotton Thread at 8c per Spool.

AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' DRESS GOODS, OF EVERY GRADE AND STYLE, AT PRICES LOWER THAN THE LOWEST.

Beaver Cloakings, Flannels and Woollens, Shawls and Blankets.

Knit and Worsted Goods of every class and variety, at prices that can not fail to give satisfaction.

500 lbs. PRIME LIVE GESE FEATHERS, JUST RECEIVED.

It is our aim to keep our Stock so Large and Attractive, and the price of every article so low as to make it the interest of every purchaser of dry goods in this vicinity to do business with us.

BACH & ABEL, NO. 26 MAIN STREET.

FINE WATCHES AND TIME PIECES.

GILES BRO. & CO.

Offer the Largest and most carefully selected assortment of American and Swiss Watches, French Clocks, Silver Ware and Jewelry, for

Wedding and Holiday Presents,

to be found in the west. Manufacturing ourselves, and through our New York and Geneva Houses, we have the advantage of offering the newest patterns, and at

LOWEST PRICES!!

of any house in the trade. It will be for the advantage of those about purchasing, to compare our prices with other manufacturers in Chicago and New York.

GILES BRO. & CO., 142 Lake Street, Chicago.

Agents for Roger Smith & Co.'s unrivaled Plated Ware.

DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SIALIN HAIR RENEWER.

FLOUR AND FEED STORE.

IN NEW BRICK BLOCK, NO. 14 WEST LIBERTY ST.

DELHI FLOUR!

AND ALL KINDS OF FEED AND COARSE GRAIN.

JOHN G. LAUBENGAYER.

REMOVAL.

J. KECK & CO.

Have removed their STOCK OF FURNITURE

And Undertaker's Goods,

To Mack & Schmitt's Block,

No. 52 South Main, and No. 4 West Liberty Streets.

THE LARGEST STORE IN THE CITY, AND BUILT EXPRESSLY FOR THE FURNITURE TRADE.

THEY HAVE NOW IN STORE THE LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK OF FURNITURE EVER OFFERED IN THIS COUNTY, OF THEIR OWN MANUFACTURE, SUPERIOR BOTH IN QUALITY AND STYLE, WHICH THEY NOW OFFER TO THE PUBLIC CHEAPER THAN CAN BE BOUGHT ANYWHERE ELSE IN THE STATE. THEIR STOCK INCLUDES EVERY ARTICLE NEEDED TO FURNISH THE BEST HOUSE FROM TOP TO BOTTOM.

Their old patrons and the public generally are invited to give them a call.

Ann Arbor, January, 1870. J. KECK & CO. 121

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

A. AXTELL & RAMAGE.

Corner Main and Catharine streets. Horses boarded on reasonable terms. Second hand harness, cutters and harness for sale.

Physicians' Prescriptions ACCURATELY AND CAREFULLY PREPARED BY R. W. ELLIS & CO., DRUGGISTS.

Finest Assortment of Toilet Goods in the City, by R. W. Ellis & Co., Druggists.

Go to R. W. ELLIS & CO's for choice Wines and Liquors for Medical Purposes.



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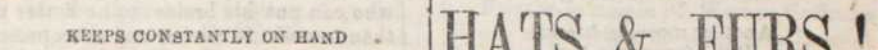
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Go to R. W. ELLIS & CO's for choice Wines and Liquors for Medical Purposes.

Advertisement for Johnson, The Hatter, featuring a hat and the text 'The Bears are Ahead!'.

GRENVILLE, DRUGGIST!

No. 5 Main Street, East Side.



JOHNSON, THE HATTER.

Has just opened a Large Stock of WINTER GOODS!

Including Newest Styles of HATS & FURS!

Which will be sold LOWER THAN EVER!

ALSO A LARGE STOCK OF GLOVES, COLLARS, NECK TIES, HANKERCHIEFS, SATCHELS, CANES, Umbrellas, Parasols, &c.

Please call and examine my goods before purchasing elsewhere.

NO. 7 MAIN ST., - ANN ARBOR MICH. November, 1869. 12181

HALT! WALK IN!

M. Guiterman & Co.

AT THE OLD CLOTHING HEADQUARTERS HAS JUST OPENED A

LARGE STOCK

FALL GOODS

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c.

Together with a LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF READY-MADE CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, WHICH HE OFFERS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

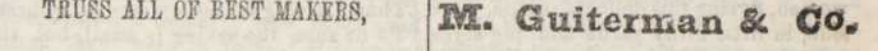
Also a large lot of TRAVELING TRUNKS!

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER IN THE BEST STYLE Call and examine for yourselves!

No. 9, South Main Street, ANN ARBOR, SEPT., 1869. 10221

JAZARUS & MORRIS,

Practical Opticians and Oculists, LONDON, GREAT BRITAIN, 137, HARTFORD, COSS., U. S.



Which have been extensively used in Great Britain and United States, the past eight years, and for which they claim the uncontroverted advantage over those in ordinary use, the proof of which may be seen in their constantly increasing business during the past eight years.

1st. That from the perfect construction of the lenses, they assist and preserve the sight, rendering equal to the most perfect glasses.

2d. That they confer a brilliancy and distinctness of vision, with an absence of heat and discomfort not hitherto enjoyed by any spectacle wearers.

3d. That the material from which the lenses are prepared is manufactured specially for optical purposes, and is pure, hard and brilliant, and not liable to become scratched.

4th. That the frames in which they are set, which are of gold, silver or steel, are of the finest quality and finish, and guaranteed perfect in every respect.

5th. That the only Spectacles that preserve the eyes, and are manufactured specially for optical purposes, and are pure, hard and brilliant, and not liable to become scratched.

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