

1st page	100 lines	1st week	\$10.00
2nd page	100 lines	1st week	\$7.50
3rd page	100 lines	1st week	\$5.00
4th page	100 lines	1st week	\$3.00
5th page	100 lines	1st week	\$2.00
6th page	100 lines	1st week	\$1.50
7th page	100 lines	1st week	\$1.00
8th page	100 lines	1st week	\$0.75
9th page	100 lines	1st week	\$0.50
10th page	100 lines	1st week	\$0.30
11th page	100 lines	1st week	\$0.20
12th page	100 lines	1st week	\$0.10

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

- W. E. ELLIS & CO.**, Dressing and Tailors. 100 North Main Street.
- W. E. ELLIS & CO.**, Dressing and Tailors. 100 North Main Street.
- W. E. ELLIS & CO.**, Dressing and Tailors. 100 North Main Street.
- W. E. ELLIS & CO.**, Dressing and Tailors. 100 North Main Street.
- W. E. ELLIS & CO.**, Dressing and Tailors. 100 North Main Street.
- W. E. ELLIS & CO.**, Dressing and Tailors. 100 North Main Street.
- W. E. ELLIS & CO.**, Dressing and Tailors. 100 North Main Street.
- W. E. ELLIS & CO.**, Dressing and Tailors. 100 North Main Street.
- W. E. ELLIS & CO.**, Dressing and Tailors. 100 North Main Street.
- W. E. ELLIS & CO.**, Dressing and Tailors. 100 North Main Street.

THE SLEEPER.

He came and sat down by the fire. I watched him for an hour or so, but he never moved, and when I woke in the morning, he had not changed his position.

SILENT BILL.

I had been for nearly a year roaming over the West. In the course of my wanderings I came upon an emigrant train which was starting out from the "Star" and joined it.

Two weeks afterward I opened my eyes upon a different team from the one I started with. It was a fine team, and I asked all the questions I had strength for.

When I came round to my hotel, I found I had been sent for three times, and was to remain there until the messenger came again. I waited two hours, and then saw the bar-tender pointing me to Bill.

I was still looking at his hands. "What's the matter?" I asked, "both of them together wouldn't be as heavy as the man you bore in to camp that day, only a few weeks past."

He looked at me keenly. "You had better not," said he, slowly; "we had better not let you see the man."

He wanted to spend it. Vice and luxury were strangers to him, so his wants were few and simple.

He looked at his horse; that, of course, was one of his chief possessions. He heard moss. Again he listened, and traced the sound to the window out of which he had escaped the previous night.

He held up his hands. "I have seen his blood upon them all the way," said he. "I have seen his blood upon them all the way."

Under the branches where the heath sunbeams touched with light and healing, I told the story of Him whose blood can wash the soul.

Strange things happen at watering places. All sorts of characters are there gathered, and not the least numerous is the "water-drinker."

When he came strong enough to walk by himself, he gradually increased in height until he would spend whole days down by the bay.

ANN ARBOR, FRIDAY, AUGUST, 11 1871.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

ANN ARBOR, FRIDAY, AUGUST, 11 1871.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

ANN ARBOR, FRIDAY, AUGUST, 11 1871.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

ANN ARBOR, FRIDAY, AUGUST, 11 1871.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

ANN ARBOR, FRIDAY, AUGUST, 11 1871.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

ANN ARBOR, FRIDAY, AUGUST, 11 1871.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

From the New York Journal of Commerce. Berlin—Peace Festivities—Royal Academy—University, etc.

From the Chicago Republican, July 2. The Untold Love of Alice Cary. Alice Cary lived and died a maiden.

cover the sides with tar, and by this means the sheep will keep their noses smeared. When any numbers of the larvae are in the nostrils they may be removed by introducing into the nostrils a feather wet with weak carbolic acid.

Gail Hamilton on Women as Newspaper

In regard to social laws and individual rights, is the influence of women better than that of men? There are women who are scrupulous and honorable; but is the proportion larger than that of scrupulous and honorable men? Women who do sin, sin with a high hand and a stretched-out arm apparently unrepentant by man. But your female correspondents, on the occasion, for instance, of an election, go to the White House, enter the reception room, stations herself at the end of the line of hordes, as if the room were a receiving ladies, and stands there with her hands clasped, ready to impale every unhappy fly, who, unlike her prototype, is forced to come slowly flitting by. And the unhappy flies know it, and they do not turn out of doors.

When you go to a reception, under your chamber window. You could stand decoration; but the process of preparation is one feather too much. But a woman who is not turned out of doors when you go to a reception, under your chamber window. You could stand decoration; but the process of preparation is one feather too much. But a woman who is not turned out of doors when you go to a reception, under your chamber window. You could stand decoration; but the process of preparation is one feather too much.

Commissioner Pleasonton Suspended.

The President this morning received the following letter from Gen. Pleasonton:

THE PRESIDENT: DEAR SIR: I have your request, transmitted through Gen. Porter last evening, that I should tender my resignation of the office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue, I can only reply that, under ordinary circumstances nothing would give me greater pleasure than to accede to any request you might make of this kind, but the cause for making this request was stated to be the difference existing between the Secretary of the Treasury, government, and management of the internal revenue, Boutwell claims powers which, under the laws of Congress are vested solely in the Commissioner. The question is, therefore, a legal one and the precedents of our government have been to have such questions, when appealed to the President, referred to the law officer of the government for his opinion, and upon which the President would base his decision. This course was pursued by Presidents Jackson, Tyler, Van Buren, Pierce, Fillmore and others and has been the uniform course of the government. Knowing these facts, and believing this to be the proper way to settle any difference of views as regards law which might exist between the Secretary and the Commissioner, I addressed you a communication, some time since, making an appeal for your decision of the powers of the Commissioner under the act of July 20th, 1863. This appeal, as I understood it, is not to be entertained, but the subject treated rather as a personal difference between the Secretary and myself. In this connection it is proper to add that the personal conduct of the Secretary has been such as to preclude the tender of my resignation until an opportunity is granted of vindicating my administration in the Internal Revenue Bureau. In justice to the public interests placed under my charge, and the importance to the taxpayers of a popular solution of these difficulties, I most respectfully decline to tender you my resignation, and trusting that it will not be deemed inappropriate, I will again suggest that your personal intervention in the matter of the difference between the secretary and myself be referred to the Attorney-General for his legal opinion.

With respect,
(Signed) A. PLEASONTON,
Commissioner.

This letter was accompanied by a private note from Commissioner Pleasonton expressive, it is said, of his devotion, friendship and support of the President in future.

Within two hours of the receipt of Mr. Pleasonton's note the President sent to him a notification of suspension.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, Aug. 5.

You are suspended from the office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue in accordance with the terms of the act approved April 5, a. d. 1868, to amend an act regulating the tenure of certain civil offices, passed March 24, 1867, subject to all the provisions of law applicable thereto.

(Signed) U. S. GRANT,
To Commissioner Pleasonton.

On receiving this notification General Pleasonton vacated the office, leaving for his successor the following note:

To J. W. Douglas, First Deputy Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Bureau:

Sir:—Having this day been suspended from this office by the President, I turn the same over to you.

Respectfully,
(Signed) A. PLEASONTON.

Mr. Douglas immediately entered upon the duties of his office, and received the congratulations of his associates. Mr. Pleasonton is expected until the end of the next session of the Senate, and Mr. Douglas is to perform the duties of the office in the mean time.

The immediate cause assigned in official quarters for the suspension are, that the internal revenue was not collected with efficiency; that Pleasonton reversed the rulings of his predecessors in several important particulars, and made decisions, the effect of which was unnecessarily to lessen the public receipts, acting independently of and not consulting with his superior officers as to these and other matters of administration; and that the change was necessary in order that there might be harmony in the working of the Treasury Department.

Mr. Boutwell's Defeat.

Our Washington correspondent this morning brings us an interesting glimpse of the secret history of the Federal Treasury under the Radical domination. The quarrel between Secretary Boutwell and Commissioner Pleasonton now threatens—or as I am crazy, desiring to get at the truth about all these people ought perhaps to say, now seems—to pass from a personal and Presidential question to a more important Congressional question. Both parties have abandoned all pretense of a desire for peace. It has become a duel of scapula. And already in this early stage of the duel the country learns, what it ought to have known long ago, that Secretary Boutwell has a very particular reason for desiring to keep control of the Bureau as Commissioner, of \$2,250,000. This is not a large sum, if looked at from the Federal point of view, a few millions more or less are hardly worth speaking of in connection with a government which can afford to throw away nearly a million of dollars in a month on a useless "touting" for an impossible loan. But it is an ugly sum to be pinned as "found wanting" against the name of a single government official. It is, as one may say, a "hole in the financial sky" of the Massachusetts States.

If Secretary Boutwell were a Democrat there could at once be sent a telegram from Maine to Texas by the Radical press on consanguineous howl that this huge sum had been stolen by him and invested in Groton lands and Massachusetts State stock under other people's names. Our Washington correspondent more decently and charitably seeks to explain the deficit as a result simply of Mr. Boutwell's incompetency and carelessness as a Commissioner of Internal Revenue. If we accept this explanation it will still not sufficiently explain that under a Commissioner who could suffer such a sum to be charged against himself the monstrous speculation of other people must have gone unchecked and even unobserved.—N. Y. World.

The True Issues.

The Albany Argus, universally acknowledged to be one of the ablest Democratic papers in the country, has worthy the consideration of all Democrats.

The Radical papers take a partial and superficial view of the situation, in discussing the political prospect. It is futile and ridiculous to assume that the issues upon which we were defeated in 1868 are to be foisted into the canvass in 1872. They are dead and buried, and no more capable of resurrection than the question of the purchase of Louisiana. We are not to be forced into a position chosen for us by our opponents. We had some wholesome reasons in the two last Presidential elections, and it is our intention to profit by them. The settlements of the war are among the things that are past, and are not to be revived. We take issue on no obsolete questions.—We intend to arraign the Republican party for its misdeeds, and hold it responsible for unequal and unjust taxation, a languishing foreign commerce, and extravagance and corruption in the administration of the government. These charges, with the expectations to support them, will make up an issue that must task the ingenuity of the Radical party to stand up against. And they are not to be kept in abeyance by appealing to interests and passions, overruling the past, but which have now died out.

The attempt to divide the Southern Democrats by giving importance to the utterances of men formerly influential in that region, but who have now fallen out of line and are without power, local or general, has already proved to be abortive. Substantial representation, everywhere, except in an integral portion of the fundamental law. They do not admit them to be wise or just, or fairly incorporated in the Constitution. Nor do they propose to be responsible for future results. But these organic changes have been formally made, and there is no intention of resisting their operation. It is a concluded question which they do not propose to consider. And the capricious, inconsiderate assertions of a few men who formerly led public opinion in the South, will make no impression on the judgment of the people. The only matter which they are now brooding is, to vitiate a thing to be jeopardized by disputes on abstract propositions. We of the North and West can endure the mismanagement and corruption consequent upon the ascendancy of the party in power as it only affects our material interests; but a Democratic victory means not only substantial relief at the South, but a removal of political disabilities, and penalties as well, and a restoration of social order and a just administration of law.

Thousands of men in the Southern country who have acted with the Republican cause, and who feel that the people of the South have been oppressed and plundered until further endurance has become impossible. Honestly regarding the civil and political equality of all men as a permanent consideration, they were long blind to the enormities of Radicalism, and co-operated with the Administration in all its pernicious measures for perpetuating the ascendancy of the party. But these people are now getting their eyes opened. They are beginning to see the pernicious tendency of Republican administration, and the necessity of substituting the existing dynasty.

Reflecting men, irrespective of party bias, perceive that public prosperity and national honor can not co-exist with selfish and corrupt practices of the party in power. They will unite in condemning the jobs of the military friends, upheld by the President and his friends. They will no longer sanction extravagant land grants and money subsidies to great corporations. They will insist upon a tariff strictly for revenue.—upon a reduction of the burdens of taxation by the practice of rigid economy, and that the honor of the country shall be maintained by competent and worthy statesmen, at home and abroad.

The traditions of the Democracy, with an expressed determination to reform the government, in every department, will constitute a platform broad enough for honest men to stand upon, precluding the necessity of going into detail, or puzzling plain men with metaphysical distinctions. We shall present candidates, at the proper time, who will embody the progressive views of the party, and make a bold, direct onslaught on the adversary, without permitting ourselves to be put on the defensive, or being forced into explanations of any description.

Mr. Bergh on Payments.

In a letter to the New York Commissioners of Public Works Mr. Henry Bergh expresses the following opinion on the question of payments:

Now, in reply to this ever recurring demand for the fewest defects, I do not hesitate to say that pavements composed of small broken stones, after the manner of the macadamized road, is the best one known. In his own opinion, let the hundreds of miles of pavements in cities of Paris, Berlin and other large towns of Europe bear witness to their superiority. Moreover, of all others, this pavement is best adapted to our climate. For example, whenever it is requisite to disturb its surface, which is continually occurring, it is only necessary in cases ordinarily occurring, to shovel the stones back into the excavation, and with that first passing vehicle the self-repairing process begins. In point of economy it is also superior, while the painfully disturbing roar and rattle to the sick, convalescent, and the ordinary pedestrian, incidental to the iron roadings, is completely avoided.

Asphalt has been tried and abandoned, and it is now a question, I understand, of paving South Fifth avenue with wood. A long and expensive experiment, where this sort of pavement has had no trial, confirms me in the belief that wood will not answer; for the streets of that city are constantly in disorder by reason of the rotting of the material; which decay is now developing itself here, as time and climate operate on the streets similarly paved in New York. One single objection is urged to the broken stone pavement, and that is, dust. But, surely, a pavement possessing all other advantages is worthy of adoption, when it is simply a question of sprinkling and sweeping. A service for which the citizens of New York already pay enormous sums of money.

PEAR TREES.—A correspondent of the Pennsylvania Freeman says if copperas and salt-petre water are used about pear trees the trees will show the effect in a large measure. He tried this on a British pear tree that had been cut down a few years previous; that very year it yielded 150 large fine pears, and the following year 250 large fine ones, and it is still doing finely. If pear trees want copperas and salt-petre water, it is a good way to supply it.

Near Marseilles they manufacture in a factory paper from hop vines. The paper is of a bright strong soft texture, and is said to be much liked in Southern France.

The Michigan Argus

ANN ARBOR, FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 11, 1871.

At the last session of the Legislature a law was enacted authorizing the Governor to appoint a commissioner to draft general laws for the incorporation of cities and villages, as contemplated by the Constitution, and the appointment of Hon. ANREW HOWELL is announced. A law of the nature proposed is now found on the statute books under which villages may be incorporated, yet the work is thrown upon the Legislature. We think it will puzzle Commissioner Howell to draft bills which, passed into law, will give effect to special legislation. Each inept city or town will be fully convinced that it has wants of its own which differ from those of its adjoining or distant neighbor, and so long as a general law can not prohibit special legislation it will be asked and obtained: unless the general law shall permit a city to make its own charter and file the same with the Secretary of State, as do railroad and other corporations, which would be a dangerous experiment.

Gov. B. has appointed Judge Ursos, of Coldwater, commissioner to examine the recompliation of the laws now being made by Judge DREW, see HOWELL previously appointed. The associate commissioner is ex-Senator KOOS, of Hillsdale.

THE REFUSAL OF CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS to accept the position of arbitrator at Geneva, under the "Treaty of Washington," has caused the revival of a little story concerning Mr. A. and the election of 1868.

That story was and is, that Mr. Adams, after going to the polls with a carefully prepared ballot, laid to his great chagrin that he had deposited a grocer's bill instead. Making the "accident" known to the election board, the bill was withdrawn and Mr. A. allowed to correct or, in parliamentary phrase, "change his vote."

(That may be the way of doing things in Massachusetts if not in Michigan.) Not to make a second mistake, the story has it that Mr. ADAMS voted an open ballot, and that the Radical board was then disgusted by learning that while he swallowed and voted the Great electoral ticket, the rest of the ticket from Governor down was Democratic. Putting this and his declaration to accept an appointment from President Grant together, and it is not a stretch of presumption to assume that he has long ago repented withdrawing the grocer's bill. He evidently does not propose to endorse the President, his vote helped to elect by accepting office under him.

THE DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY IN KENTUCKY, at the election held on Monday last, is not yet figured up, but will probably be in the vicinity of 25,000; better than a larger one.

The following are the officers elect: Governor—Preston H. Leslie.
Lieut. Governor—John G. Carlisle.
Attorney-General—John Rodman.
Auditor—D. Howard Smith.
Treasurer—James W. Tate.
Superintendent of Public Instruction—H. A. Henderson.

Register of Lands—J. Alexander Grant.
The Legislature is largely Democratic, and will have to elect a United States Senator to succeed Hon. GARRETT DAVIS.

We trust that any "Bourbon" applicant will be given a back seat.

THE WASHINGTON CHRONICLE says that rebel soldiers are preferred, in appointments, to Union soldiers. Its own words, after citing a particular case, alleged to have occurred in the Postoffice Department, are: "We are forced to the belief that there is a set of men in the departments who uniformly work against disabled soldiers and against all active Republicans. We believe that between a Confederate soldier and a wounded Union soldier who passes an equally good examination, the chances are in some measure against the former."

—"Will Congress go into the Railroad Business?" asks the New York Evening Post. Which depends on how many members have their pockets with fat capons (coupons) in!

—"The N. Y. Evening Post" asks: "Can not the revenue reformers in Ohio find better candidates than Mr. Perry?" "Be our plain answer this?" Not in the Republican party.

—"Eugenie has written a 'private' letter which somehow is published in the N. Y. Herald—charging Gen. Trochu with betraying both the Republic and the Empire."

—"A 'directory' census has just been taken in Chicago, which makes the population of that city 334,770. 'Directory' censuses are not exactly the things to bet on."

—"Bills amounting to \$19,093, for refreshments furnished the troops on the 12th of July, were presented to the Supervisors of New York on Monday."

—"In the U. S. Court at Salt Lake, on Monday, a Mormon polygamist was held to bail on a charge of adultery made by his first wife. The dance is open."

—"The women at Salt Lake having given signs of becoming refractory, Mormon elders are proselyting in this State for female converts."

—"Secretary Fish has been interviewed and says he has no idea of resigning."

—"Few office-holders die and none resign," runs an old saw.

—"An English court has decided that a lobster is not legally a wild animal. The same court would probably hold it "a domestic fowl."

—"At Terre Haute, Ind., a 40 barrel oil well has been struck, at the depth of 1,616 feet. There is yet hope for the Main street bore."

—"And now comes another fish-story, to wit: that George William Curtis is to supersede Hamilton Fish as Secretary of State."

—"A recent census gives Vienna 300, 125 males and 307,389 females, or a total population of 607,514, exclusive of soldiers."

—"Victims of misplaced confidence: those Republicans who expected a Republican victory in Kentucky on last Monday."

—"Charles Francis Adams declines to serve as Arbitrator at Geneva, under the late treaty of Washington. Contradicted."

—"Senator Pomeroy, of Kansas, has declared in favor of the re-election of Grant, and says his re-nomination is assured."

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

—The Dubuque Telegraph, Republican, wants revenue reformers elected to the Iowa Legislature, so that the Senator elected to succeed Harlan "shall be a revenue reformer, whatever he might be otherwise as a political economist or as a church member." We second the motion, it being about time for Iowa to smash her radical idols and return to her first love.

—"The Louisville Courier-Journal" having fired this "Roland" at A. H. Stephens, "The little man has gained nine pounds since he was last weighed, and must have had one of his editorials in his pocket." "The little man" sends back this "Oliver": "If the Journal editor should put one of his editorials in his pocket, he'd go to jail as a thief." Try again.

—"The Bay City Courier" enlarges large nominating conventions. It says: "All our Michigan nominating conventions are too small. They fail to represent the will of the masses, and represent nobody but a few office-seekers, to whom prizes have been made for simple servi e." In which there is more truth than poetry.

—"Junkies" has it that Miss Ch'ndler "the beautiful Michigan Senator's daughter," is soon to be married to Congressman Hale, of Maine, conditioned on the young couple residing with the old folks at Detroit. What of it? Why, nothing, except that I never before heard "Old Jack" called beautiful.

—"Senators, Reps etc., and distinguished politicians are dancing attendance upon 'the Government' at the brovot capital—Long Branch—looking after local patronage. Does 'the Government' get tired, between the races, to attend to them, is the question for discussion."

—"Saturday night, July 15th, the walls of the M. E. Church at Virginia City, Nevada, fell completely wrecking a \$75,000 building. It is attributed to injuries from a preceding earthquake, to an explosion—the supposed work of evil-disposed persons, to being struck by lightning, etc."

—"James Crutchall—a British subject," resident at Washington—has filed the first claim against the United States under the treaty of Washington. His car factory in that city was seized by the Government and used for military purposes, breaking up a large business.

—"E. B. Ward's" man Friday—one G. B. Stebbins—comes valiantly to the defense of his employer against those pestilential editors who severely criticized his conduct on the recent North Pacific Railroad excursion."

—"P. S. Gilmore has interviewed the President at Long Branch, and procured from him an autograph letter commending him and his "International Medical Journal" to the representatives of the Government abroad."

—"Mr. Packard called the Custom House Convention to order at twelve o'clock, and J. Hunt Bunker, colored, was chosen chairman. The Committee on Credentials reported in favor of the Warmouth delegates in several parishes and five out of the fifteen city wards. Speeches were delivered by Postmaster Lowell, Dunn, Carter, Ingraham and others, all exceedingly bitter on Warmouth, and in the majority of them accusing him of being recreant to every trust, and an enemy to the Republican party."

—"The committee reported resolutions guaranteeing a seat in the free schools to every child; approving the limitation of the St. to debt to \$25,000,000; calling upon the Governor to preserve peace; declaring that Gov. Henry C. Warmouth is no longer the official agent of the Republican party; instructing the delegates to vote for U. S. Grant for nomination at the next National Republican Convention; declaring the New Orleans Republicans no longer the organs of the Republican party; and asking the Administration to withdraw the Federal printing; thanking President Grant for his promptness in protecting them."

—"All Federal officials were re-elected to the Central Committee. The Convention then adjourned until the first of September. The troops on duty were procured from Gen. Reynolds, commanding in Texas, on a requisition from the United States Marshal."

—"The following law was enacted at the last session of the Michigan Legislature, and is now in force:

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan, that every parent, guardian or other person in the State of Michigan, having control and charge of any child or children, between the ages of eight and fourteen years shall be required to send any such child or children to a public school for a period of at least 12 weeks in each school year, commencing on the first September of each year, and at least six weeks shall be consecutive, unless such child or children are excused from such attendance by the Board of the School District in which such parent or guardian reside, upon being brought down to their satisfaction that his bodily or mental condition has been such as to prevent his attendance at school or application to study for the period required, or that such child or children are taught in a private school or at home, or in any other branches as are usually taught in primary schools, or have already acquired the ordinary branches of learning taught in the public schools; providing, in case the school shall not be taught for three months during the year, that the child or children be nearest traveled road of the residence of any person within the school district shall not be liable to the provisions of this act."

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the Director of every school district, and the President of every school district, to prepare a list of every child in the district, to cause to be posted three notices of this law in the most public places in such district, or published in some newspaper in the town in which such child or children reside, during the month of August in each year, the expense of such publication to be paid out of the funds of said district."

SEC. 3. In case any parent, guardian or other person shall fail to comply with the provisions of this act, said parent, guardian or other person shall be liable to a fine of not less than \$5 or more than \$10 for the first offense, nor less than \$10 or more than \$20 for the second offense, unless the offender shall have been excused by the director of said school district in the name of the district, in an action of debt or in case, and when collected shall be paid to the assessor of the district in which the child or children reside; and if the offender was excused, and by him accounted for the same as money raised for school purposes."

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the director or president of every school district to provide for the enforcement of this act, and any director or president neglecting to prosecute for such fine within 10 days after a written notice has been served on him by the assessor of said district, unless the person so delinquent be a member of the Board of the district, shall be liable to a fine of not less than \$20 or more than \$50, which shall be levied and collected in the name of the assessor of said district, and the fine when so levied and collected shall be accounted for as in section three of this act."

—"The Scientific American" gives the following tests of good petroleum: 1. The color of the oil, when light yellow, with few red reflections; clear yellow indicates impure purification, or adulteration with inferior oil. 2. The odor should be faint, and not disagreeable. 3. The

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

—"The Republicans claim the election in Montana, on Monday last, of their candidate for delegate, W. H. Claggott."

—"The Vanderpool trial has been continued to Monday next, and 100 extra jurors ordered summoned."

—"The Louisiana Radicals are having a lovely time. See proceedings of their convention."

—"California pears are now arriving at New York, only seven days from Sacramento."

—"J. M. Stanley is at Mackinac, sketching for a historical picture."

—"Itis Paris, Ky., and not Paris, France, Andrew Johnson is going to."

—"Maine has an over-stock of ice."

—"The Louisiana Radical State Convention, NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 9.

—"An early hour this morning a large crowd of white-robed men gathered around the custom house building where the Republican Convention convened. About nine o'clock two companies of the Nineteenth United States Infantry, with two Gatling guns, under command of Capt. Smith, arrived. The troops marched in and stacked their arms in the hall at the head of the steps of the Canal street entrance. A large number of Deputy United States Marshals closely guarded every entrance to the custom house, and no one was permitted to enter without a ticket from Marshal Packard."

—"At half past ten Governor Warmouth, accompanied by General Campbell, Senator Pinchuk and some eighty fellows, some with and some without tickets, entered the building and endeavored to pass through the hall, but were stopped by a deputy marshal and informed that no one would be permitted to pass until the hour for opening of the convention. Warmouth expressed his indignation, and ordered a chair and said: 'Having been refused admittance to the hall designated by the Central Committee for holding the convention, I propose that we now adjourn to Turner's hall, and hold a convention there.' This proposal was received with cheers and a few hisses. Warmouth descended from the chair, proceeded to and entered his carriage. The crowd took out his horses from the carriage and dragged it triumphantly through the streets to Turner's Hall."

—"THE WARMOUTH CONVENTION." At 12 o'clock the Convention was called to order and Mr. Ansters, of Carroll parish, elected temporary chairman.

—"Messrs. Warmouth, Pinchuk, Campbell and Judge Dibble denounced the United States officers, Judge Dibble called on the Convention to endorse the Convention as a body of administration favorites guarded by bayonets and lawless tyrants."

—"Pinchuck said: 'Is it possible that we are to be put down by the government we have sustained? If that be the case, the sooner this government is torn down and a monarchy built upon its ruins the better.'"

—"A permanent organization was made, with Pinchuck as President. The Convention then adjourned until half past seven this evening, to meet at Turner's Hall."

—"THE REGULAR CONVENTION." Mr. Packard called the Custom House Convention to order at twelve o'clock, and J. Hunt Bunker, colored, was chosen chairman. The Committee on Credentials reported in favor of the Warmouth delegates in several parishes and five out of the fifteen city wards. Speeches were delivered by Postmaster Lowell, Dunn, Carter, Ingraham and others, all exceedingly bitter on Warmouth, and in the majority of them accusing him of being recreant to every trust, and an enemy to the Republican party."

—"The committee reported resolutions guaranteeing a seat in the free schools to every child; approving the limitation of the St. to debt to \$25,000,000; calling upon the Governor to preserve peace; declaring that Gov. Henry C. Warmouth is no longer the official agent of the Republican party; instructing the delegates to vote for U. S. Grant for nomination at the next National Republican Convention; declaring the New Orleans Republicans no longer the organs of the Republican party; and asking the Administration to withdraw the Federal printing; thanking President Grant for his promptness in protecting them."

—"All Federal officials were re-elected to the Central Committee. The Convention then adjourned until the first of September. The troops on duty were procured from Gen. Reynolds, commanding in Texas, on a requisition from the United States Marshal."

—"The following law was enacted at the last session of the Michigan Legislature, and is now in force:

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan, that every parent, guardian or other person in the State of Michigan, having control and charge of any child or children, between the ages of eight and fourteen years shall be required to send any such child or children to a public school for a period of at least 12 weeks in each school year, commencing on the first September of each year, and at least six weeks shall be consecutive, unless such child or children are excused from such attendance by the Board of the School District in which such parent or guardian reside, upon being brought down to their satisfaction that his bodily or mental condition has been such as to prevent his attendance at school or application to study for the period required, or that such child or children are taught in a private school or at home, or in any other branches as are usually taught in primary schools, or have already acquired the ordinary branches of learning taught in the public schools; providing, in case the school shall not be taught for three months during the year, that the child or children be nearest traveled road of the residence of any person within the school district shall not be liable to the provisions of this act."

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the Director of every school district, and the President of every school district, to prepare a list of every child in the district, to cause to be posted three notices of this law in the most public places in such district, or published in some newspaper in the town in which such child or children reside, during the month of August in each year, the expense of such publication to be paid out of the funds of said district."

SEC. 3. In case any parent, guardian or other person shall fail to comply with the provisions of this act, said parent, guardian or other person shall be liable to a fine of not less than \$5 or more than \$10 for the first offense, nor less than \$10 or more than \$20 for the second offense, unless the offender shall have been excused by the director of said school district in the name of the district, in an action of debt or in case, and when collected shall be paid to the assessor of the district in which the child or children reside; and if the offender was excused, and by him accounted for the same as money raised for school purposes."

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the director or president of every school district to provide for the enforcement of this act, and any director or president neglecting to prosecute for such fine within 10 days after a written notice has been served on him by the assessor of said district, unless the person so delinquent be a member of the Board of the district, shall be liable to a fine of not less than \$20 or more than \$50, which shall be levied and collected in the name of the assessor of said district, and the fine when so levied and collected shall be accounted for as in section three of this act."

—"The Scientific American" gives the following tests of good petroleum: 1. The color of the oil, when light yellow, with few red reflections; clear yellow indicates impure purification, or adulteration with inferior oil. 2. The odor should be faint, and not disagreeable. 3. The

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

—"The Republican claim the election in Montana, on Monday last, of their candidate for delegate, W. H. Claggott."

—"The Vanderpool trial has been continued to Monday next, and 100 extra jurors ordered summoned."

—"The Louisiana Radicals are having a lovely time. See proceedings of their convention."

—"California pears are now arriving at New York, only seven days from Sacramento."

—"J. M. Stanley is at Mackinac, sketching for a historical picture."

—"Itis Paris, Ky., and not Paris, France, Andrew Johnson is going to."

—"Maine has an over-stock of ice."

—"The Louisiana Radical State Convention, NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 9.

—"An early hour this morning a large crowd of white-robed men gathered around the custom house building where the Republican Convention convened. About nine o'clock two companies of the Nineteenth United States Infantry, with two Gatling guns, under command of Capt. Smith, arrived. The troops marched in and stacked their arms in the hall at the head of the steps of the Canal street entrance. A large number of Deputy United States Marshals closely guarded every entrance to the custom house, and no one was permitted to enter without a ticket from Marshal Packard."

—"At half past ten Governor Warmouth, accompanied by General Campbell, Senator Pinchuk and some eighty fellows, some with and some without tickets, entered the building and endeavored to pass through the hall, but were stopped by a deputy marshal and informed that no one would be permitted to pass until the hour for opening of the convention. Warmouth expressed his indignation, and ordered a chair and said: 'Having been refused admittance to the hall designated by the Central Committee for holding the convention, I propose that we now adjourn to Turner's hall, and hold a convention there.' This proposal was received with cheers and a few hisses. Warmouth descended from the chair, proceeded to and entered his carriage. The crowd took out his horses from the carriage and dragged it triumphantly through the streets to Turner's Hall."

—"THE WARMOUTH CONVENTION." At 12 o'clock the Convention was called to order and Mr. Ansters, of Carroll parish, elected temporary chairman.

—"Messrs. Warmouth, Pinchuk, Campbell and Judge Dibble denounced the United States officers, Judge Dibble called on the Convention to endorse the Convention as a body of administration favorites guarded by bayonets and lawless tyrants."

—"Pinchuck said: 'Is it possible that we are to be put down by the government we have sustained? If that be the case, the sooner this government is torn down and a monarchy built upon its ruins the better.'"

—"A permanent organization was made, with Pinchuck as President. The Convention then adjourned until half past seven this evening, to meet at Turner's Hall."

—"THE REGULAR CONVENTION." Mr. Packard called the Custom House Convention to order at twelve o'clock, and J. Hunt Bunker, colored, was chosen chairman. The Committee on Credentials reported in favor of the Warmouth delegates in several parishes and five out of the fifteen city wards. Speeches were delivered by Postmaster Lowell, Dunn, Carter, Ingraham and others, all exceedingly bitter on Warmouth, and in the majority of them accusing him of being recreant to every trust, and an enemy to the Republican party."

—"The committee reported resolutions guaranteeing a seat in the free schools to every child; approving the limitation of the St. to debt to \$25,000,000; calling upon the Governor to preserve peace; declaring that Gov. Henry C. Warmouth is no longer the official agent of the Republican party; instructing the delegates to vote for U. S. Grant for nomination at the next National Republican Convention; declaring the New Orleans Republicans no longer the organs of the Republican party; and asking the Administration to withdraw the Federal printing; thanking President Grant for his promptness in protecting them."

—"All Federal officials were re-elected to the Central Committee. The Convention then adjourned until the first of September. The troops on duty were procured from Gen. Reynolds, commanding in Texas, on a requisition from the United States Marshal."

—"The following law was enacted at the last session of the Michigan Legislature, and is now in force:

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan, that every parent, guardian or other person in the State of Michigan, having control and charge of any child or children, between the ages of eight and fourteen years shall be required to send any such child or children to a public school for a period of at least 12 weeks in each school year, commencing on the first September of each year, and at least six weeks shall be consecutive, unless such child or children are excused from such attendance by the Board of the School District in which such parent or guardian reside, upon being brought down to their satisfaction that his bodily or mental condition has been such as to prevent his attendance at school or application to study for the period required, or that such child or children are taught in a private school or at home, or in any other branches as are usually taught in primary schools, or have already acquired the ordinary branches of learning taught in the public schools; providing, in case the school shall not be taught for three months during the year, that the child or children be nearest traveled road of the residence of any person within the school district shall not be liable to the provisions of this act."

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the Director of every school district, and the President of every school district, to prepare a list of every child in the district, to cause to be posted three notices of this law in the most public places in such district, or published in some newspaper in the town in which such child or children reside, during the month of August in each year, the expense of such publication to be paid out of the funds of said district."

SEC. 3. In case any parent, guardian or other person shall fail to comply with the provisions of this act, said parent, guardian or other person shall be liable to a fine of not less than \$5 or more than \$10 for the first offense, nor less than \$10 or more than \$20 for the second offense, unless the offender shall have been excused by the director of said school district in the name of the district, in an action of debt or in case, and when collected shall be paid to the assessor of the district in which the child or children reside; and if the offender was excused, and by him accounted for the same as money raised for school purposes."

The Michigan Argus. ANN ARBOR. FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 11, 1871. MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD. SUMMER TIME TABLE.

GOING WEST. STATIONS: Detroit, Ann Arbor, Jackson, Saginaw, Port Huron, etc. GOING EAST. STATIONS: Port Huron, Saginaw, Jackson, Ann Arbor, Detroit, etc.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Water-Heater, R. L. & Son, Detroit. Great Union Exposition at Grand Rapids. New Fall Goods-Finley & Lewis.

Local and Other Briefs. Now is the time to subscribe and pay for the ARGUS. GILES W. TICKNER, of Pittsfield, died suddenly on Wednesday last week.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

A Forward Movement. We are glad to be able to announce to our readers a "forward movement" in railroad circles. At a recent meeting of the Board of Directors it was determined to immediately put an agent in the field to work up the stock estimated as yet wanted and necessary, and also to obtain the right of way.

Ann Arbor by an Outsider. VAN ANTWERP, of the Jackson Patriot, a wide awake fellow-was in our city a few hours on Monday, and here is what he says of us in his Tuesday's issue:

Some weeks since the Evening Post printed an article showing how certain Congressmen manage to represent nobody and no principle, while pretending to work for the interests of intelligent constituencies.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Who Robbed the City. The New York Times has suddenly stopped with its "disclosures," its "revelations," or whatever it calls its exorbitant exposures on the County Court House.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Who Robbed the City. The New York Times has suddenly stopped with its "disclosures," its "revelations," or whatever it calls its exorbitant exposures on the County Court House.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Who Robbed the City. The New York Times has suddenly stopped with its "disclosures," its "revelations," or whatever it calls its exorbitant exposures on the County Court House.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Who Robbed the City. The New York Times has suddenly stopped with its "disclosures," its "revelations," or whatever it calls its exorbitant exposures on the County Court House.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

Ann Arbor. The Michigan Argus office is in the place to get it. The County Fair is to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 4th, 5th, and 6th.

BACH & ABEL. No. 26 Main St. A novel sperm candle has recently been introduced in London. According to the description, four lateral apertures near the lower end of the candle communicate from the outside with internal longitudinal passages, so as to admit air.

DRY GOODS. LATEST STYLES! BEST GOODS! GREATEST VARIETY AND LOWEST PRICES!! S. SONNHEIM. HAS JUST RETURNED FROM THE EAST, WITH THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

MACK & SCHMID. ARE NOW OPENING A VERY CHOICE AND ATTRACTIVE ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS. SINCE THE RECENT DECLINE, RESPECTFULLY INVITE EXAMINATION OF GOODS AND PRICES.

FOR THE SPRING TRADE! BUILT BY SANFORD & CARPENTER. MACHINISTS AT LAST! 24 Main Street.

ANN ARBOR DIRECTORY FOR 1871. A Complete Portrait of the City, an Accurate Census, Statistical Tables, &c. &c.

ANN ARBOR SAVING BANK. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS! COLLECTIONS MADE AT ALL ACCRUEBLE POINTS.

ANN ARBOR SAVING BANK. UNITED STATES BONDS, GOLD, SILVER, CANADA MONEY, AND COINS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

ANN ARBOR SAVING BANK. MONEY LOANED ON FIRST-CLASS SECURITIES. ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

ANN ARBOR SAVING BANK. GIVE YOU FITS. JAMES BOYD, 24 Main Street.

ANN ARBOR SAVING BANK. BUTTER WANTED. I am again prepared to take all CHOICE BUTTER Made in the County, for CASH or goods.

The Michigan Argus

Feed and Fatten Good Stock. Pork is down 1 down 1/2—four cents per pound...

Care of Fowls. Probably no one has written upon the subject of poultry raising, who has not said that cleanliness is of vital importance...

Special Notices. CONSUMPTION. Its Cure and Its Preventive. BY J. H. SCHENCK, M.D.

Many a human being has passed away for whose death there was no other reason than the neglect of known and tried means of cure...

CONSUMPTION. The Mankra Pills are composed of one of Nature's noblest remedies, the Poodoolium Polissium...

GIVEN UP AS LOST. The second thing is, the patient must stay in a warm room, and take a good deal of food...

CONSUMPTION. Many years ago I was in the last stages of consumption, and had nearly given up...

CONSUMPTION. I do not know that I have given very valuable hints in all that I have written upon the subject, but I do know that while others have had fowls dying off...

CONSUMPTION. The three principal points for him to meet are in selection, good shelter, plenty of food, and clean surroundings...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. Before we had learned what not to do in pomology and arboriculture, in order to make trees thrive luxuriantly and bear abundantly in hot and dry weather...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. My dear brother, you must put the devil behind you. On taking his seat, the pastor in charge quickly arose, and also replied to the little man, as follows:

How to Kill Trees by Watering. My dear brother, you must remember that shepherds are sent to the last sleep of the house of Israel. Wherupon the little man rose again, and in answer, said, in a very loud tone of voice:

How to Kill Trees by Watering. Removing Moss from TREES.—The removal of moss from fruit trees is as judicious a pruning, is of great importance to their health, this growth being not only detrimental to the vigor of the tree, but also serving as a convenient place for injurious insects...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. The Maryland Farmer gives the following recipe for exterminating fleas: The oil of pennyroyal will certainly drive the fleas off, but a cheaper method, when the fleas are not around the dogs and cats into a decoction of it once a week...

Special Notices. CONSUMPTION. Its Cure and Its Preventive. BY J. H. SCHENCK, M.D.

Many a human being has passed away for whose death there was no other reason than the neglect of known and tried means of cure...

CONSUMPTION. The Mankra Pills are composed of one of Nature's noblest remedies, the Poodoolium Polissium...

GIVEN UP AS LOST. The second thing is, the patient must stay in a warm room, and take a good deal of food...

CONSUMPTION. Many years ago I was in the last stages of consumption, and had nearly given up...

CONSUMPTION. I do not know that I have given very valuable hints in all that I have written upon the subject, but I do know that while others have had fowls dying off...

CONSUMPTION. The three principal points for him to meet are in selection, good shelter, plenty of food, and clean surroundings...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. Before we had learned what not to do in pomology and arboriculture, in order to make trees thrive luxuriantly and bear abundantly in hot and dry weather...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. My dear brother, you must put the devil behind you. On taking his seat, the pastor in charge quickly arose, and also replied to the little man, as follows:

How to Kill Trees by Watering. My dear brother, you must remember that shepherds are sent to the last sleep of the house of Israel. Wherupon the little man rose again, and in answer, said, in a very loud tone of voice:

How to Kill Trees by Watering. Removing Moss from TREES.—The removal of moss from fruit trees is as judicious a pruning, is of great importance to their health, this growth being not only detrimental to the vigor of the tree, but also serving as a convenient place for injurious insects...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. The Maryland Farmer gives the following recipe for exterminating fleas: The oil of pennyroyal will certainly drive the fleas off, but a cheaper method, when the fleas are not around the dogs and cats into a decoction of it once a week...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. Removing Moss from TREES.—The removal of moss from fruit trees is as judicious a pruning, is of great importance to their health, this growth being not only detrimental to the vigor of the tree, but also serving as a convenient place for injurious insects...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. The Maryland Farmer gives the following recipe for exterminating fleas: The oil of pennyroyal will certainly drive the fleas off, but a cheaper method, when the fleas are not around the dogs and cats into a decoction of it once a week...

Special Notices. CONSUMPTION. Its Cure and Its Preventive. BY J. H. SCHENCK, M.D.

Many a human being has passed away for whose death there was no other reason than the neglect of known and tried means of cure...

CONSUMPTION. The Mankra Pills are composed of one of Nature's noblest remedies, the Poodoolium Polissium...

GIVEN UP AS LOST. The second thing is, the patient must stay in a warm room, and take a good deal of food...

CONSUMPTION. Many years ago I was in the last stages of consumption, and had nearly given up...

CONSUMPTION. I do not know that I have given very valuable hints in all that I have written upon the subject, but I do know that while others have had fowls dying off...

CONSUMPTION. The three principal points for him to meet are in selection, good shelter, plenty of food, and clean surroundings...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. Before we had learned what not to do in pomology and arboriculture, in order to make trees thrive luxuriantly and bear abundantly in hot and dry weather...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. My dear brother, you must put the devil behind you. On taking his seat, the pastor in charge quickly arose, and also replied to the little man, as follows:

How to Kill Trees by Watering. My dear brother, you must remember that shepherds are sent to the last sleep of the house of Israel. Wherupon the little man rose again, and in answer, said, in a very loud tone of voice:

How to Kill Trees by Watering. Removing Moss from TREES.—The removal of moss from fruit trees is as judicious a pruning, is of great importance to their health, this growth being not only detrimental to the vigor of the tree, but also serving as a convenient place for injurious insects...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. The Maryland Farmer gives the following recipe for exterminating fleas: The oil of pennyroyal will certainly drive the fleas off, but a cheaper method, when the fleas are not around the dogs and cats into a decoction of it once a week...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. Removing Moss from TREES.—The removal of moss from fruit trees is as judicious a pruning, is of great importance to their health, this growth being not only detrimental to the vigor of the tree, but also serving as a convenient place for injurious insects...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. The Maryland Farmer gives the following recipe for exterminating fleas: The oil of pennyroyal will certainly drive the fleas off, but a cheaper method, when the fleas are not around the dogs and cats into a decoction of it once a week...

Special Notices. CONSUMPTION. Its Cure and Its Preventive. BY J. H. SCHENCK, M.D.

Many a human being has passed away for whose death there was no other reason than the neglect of known and tried means of cure...

CONSUMPTION. The Mankra Pills are composed of one of Nature's noblest remedies, the Poodoolium Polissium...

GIVEN UP AS LOST. The second thing is, the patient must stay in a warm room, and take a good deal of food...

CONSUMPTION. Many years ago I was in the last stages of consumption, and had nearly given up...

CONSUMPTION. I do not know that I have given very valuable hints in all that I have written upon the subject, but I do know that while others have had fowls dying off...

CONSUMPTION. The three principal points for him to meet are in selection, good shelter, plenty of food, and clean surroundings...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. Before we had learned what not to do in pomology and arboriculture, in order to make trees thrive luxuriantly and bear abundantly in hot and dry weather...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. My dear brother, you must put the devil behind you. On taking his seat, the pastor in charge quickly arose, and also replied to the little man, as follows:

How to Kill Trees by Watering. My dear brother, you must remember that shepherds are sent to the last sleep of the house of Israel. Wherupon the little man rose again, and in answer, said, in a very loud tone of voice:

How to Kill Trees by Watering. Removing Moss from TREES.—The removal of moss from fruit trees is as judicious a pruning, is of great importance to their health, this growth being not only detrimental to the vigor of the tree, but also serving as a convenient place for injurious insects...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. The Maryland Farmer gives the following recipe for exterminating fleas: The oil of pennyroyal will certainly drive the fleas off, but a cheaper method, when the fleas are not around the dogs and cats into a decoction of it once a week...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. Removing Moss from TREES.—The removal of moss from fruit trees is as judicious a pruning, is of great importance to their health, this growth being not only detrimental to the vigor of the tree, but also serving as a convenient place for injurious insects...

How to Kill Trees by Watering. The Maryland Farmer gives the following recipe for exterminating fleas: The oil of pennyroyal will certainly drive the fleas off, but a cheaper method, when the fleas are not around the dogs and cats into a decoction of it once a week...

Detroit Advertisements. MICHIGAN MACHINERY DEPOT. G. S. WORMER & SON, Dealers in all kinds of Wood and Iron Working Machinery.

MARBLE WORKS. Manufacturers of Marble and Marbled Mantels, Cabinet Work of every description on hand. Also dealers in Granite.

JAMES NALL JR. & CO., Carpet and Dry Goods! No. 31 Woodward Ave., cor. Larned St.

INDUSTRIAL AGENCY! For supplying every description of machinery with labor.

M. ROGERS. Ann Arbor April 1st 1871. The "Bar" not being a Monkey.

E. J. JOHNSON! HAS A FULL STOCK OF HATS & CAPS!

LOUIS WALZ, GROCER & CONFECTIONER. HAS A FULL STOCK IN HIS LINE, AND WILL PROMPTLY SERVE THE PUBLIC.

PHOTOGRAPHER, MAKES ALL KINDS OF PICTURES.

SMALLEST LOCKET TO THE LIFE SIZE, AND FINISHES THEM IN OIL OR WATER COLORS!

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED BY R. W. ELLIS & CO., DRUGGISTS.

TO FARMERS! I desire now to return my hearty thanks for the liberal patronage of the Farmers of Washtenaw and adjoining Counties who have for so many years in the past extended to me their trade...

Interests of my Customers, as well as my own. And again my aim will be not to keep as cheap goods as possible, but as good as can be found at as low rates as the quality of my goods can be afforded.

FULL STOCK OF FARMING TOOLS. On hand, that is generally found in market. I am the authorized agent for the following:

THRESHING MACHINES. Genuine Buffalo Pitts, Buffalo, N. Y. Michigan Sweepstakes, Battle Creek. Nichols & Shepherd's Vibrator, Battle Creek. The Geiser Machine, Racine, Wis.

REPAIRING. All kinds of Agricultural Tools, and will be on hand in the morning and late at night, when necessary to accommodate.

MORTGAGE SALE. DEFAULT having been made in the condition of a mortgage executed by George W. McCormick...

MORTGAGE SALE. DEFAULT having been made in the condition of a mortgage executed by George W. McCormick...

MORTGAGE SALE. DEFAULT having been made in the condition of a mortgage executed by George W. McCormick...

MORTGAGE SALE. DEFAULT having been made in the condition of a mortgage executed by George W. McCormick...

MORTGAGE SALE. DEFAULT having been made in the condition of a mortgage executed by George W. McCormick...

MORTGAGE SALE. DEFAULT having been made in the condition of a mortgage executed by George W. McCormick...

MORTGAGE SALE. DEFAULT having been made in the condition of a mortgage executed by George W. McCormick...

MORTGAGE SALE. DEFAULT having been made in the condition of a mortgage executed by George W. McCormick...

MORTGAGE SALE. DEFAULT having been made in the condition of a mortgage executed by George W. McCormick...

Real Estate For Sale. QUOTE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss: Under the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, dated June 20th, 1871...

Real Estate For Sale. QUOTE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss: Under the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, dated June 20th, 1871...

Real Estate For Sale. QUOTE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss: Under the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, dated June 20th, 1871...

Real Estate For Sale. QUOTE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss: Under the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, dated June 20th, 1871...

Real Estate For Sale. QUOTE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss: Under the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, dated June 20th, 1871...

Real Estate For Sale. QUOTE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss: Under the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, dated June 20th, 1871...

Real Estate For Sale. QUOTE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss: Under the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, dated June 20th, 1871...

Real Estate For Sale. QUOTE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss: Under the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, dated June 20th, 1871...

Real Estate For Sale. QUOTE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss: Under the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, dated June 20th, 1871...

Real Estate For Sale. QUOTE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss: Under the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, dated June 20th, 1871...

Real Estate For Sale. QUOTE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss: Under the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, dated June 20th, 1871...

Real Estate For Sale. QUOTE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss: Under the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, dated June 20th, 1871...

Real Estate For Sale. QUOTE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss: Under the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, dated June 20th, 1871...

Real Estate For Sale. QUOTE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss: Under the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, dated June 20th, 1871...