

Proclamation by the Governor for a Day of Thanksgiving and Prayer.

Another year is drawing to its close, and through the long and weary months of the year, in which we have been engaged in the struggle for the preservation of our liberties and the promotion of our general welfare, we have been blessed with the abundant mercies of God, through His dear Son, who has also been permitted to see the uncertainty of earthly possessions in the devastating fire, and suddenly deprived of many families, and suddenly deprived of thousands of our citizens of the rewards of industry and toil.

While we humbly ourselves for our sins, let us with a grateful heart, and with a joyful heart, thank God for His great mercies toward us, for the abundant mercies of His dear Son, who has been permitted to see the uncertainty of earthly possessions in the devastating fire, and suddenly deprived of many families, and suddenly deprived of thousands of our citizens of the rewards of industry and toil.

Let us on that day, in our respective places of public worship, and with our families at home, rejoice in the abundant mercies of God, and in the abundant mercies of His dear Son, who has been permitted to see the uncertainty of earthly possessions in the devastating fire, and suddenly deprived of many families, and suddenly deprived of thousands of our citizens of the rewards of industry and toil.

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We should have said a few words about prices of farm produce. Wheat was selling at 22 1/2 cts. a bushel, or \$1.35 a bushel; corn, 13 1/2 cts. per lb.; oats, 2c. per lb.; potatoes at 1 1/2 cts. per lb. or 90c. a bushel; hay, \$20.27.50 per ton; butter, 40c. a lb.; cheese—factory—16c; and eggs, the only article not sold by the lb., 35c. a dozen. Labor, both male and female—the latter difficult to get—high—there here, and money from 2 to 3 per cent a month. These are, in brief, the two sides of the farming question.

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS. —The favorite Radical amusement is pointing out office holders of the Tammany ring strike who have, by dint of "enterprise and economy," laid up some riches within a very few brief years. When they have discharged their full duty in this direction will they tell just how much President Grant was worth, say in November, 1861, what he can count on his fingers now, and exactly how it was acquired?

Maj. Muldoon, of the Heavy Artillery, having assigned Victoria a prominent position in his procession in honor of Alexis, warns all young men not to attempt a flirtation with the next President. He says the list of her husbands would read like a New York directory, and that flirting with her would be a dangerous amusement.

The Denver and Salt Lake Railroad narrow gauge—is the latest Colorado project. It is to enter the mountains by the South Platte to Middle Park, thence to Salt Lake direct, and is calculated to shorten the distance from Denver 200 miles. The incorporators are W. S. Jackson, C. B. Lamborn, and A. C. Hunt.

And now down in Indiana numerous frauds upon the State Treasury are being perpetrated; it is said, by both Democratic and Republican ex-officials of the "Indianapolis ring." One Evans, an attaché of Senator Morton, has already been presented. Lay on and spare not, say.

In the case of the Brooklyn Life Insurance Company vs. Miller, appeal from Maryland, the U. S. Supreme Court has affirmed the judgment below, holding that the company is bound by the act of its agent in accepting the promise of a third party as payment of the premium. Correct.

The New York Evening Post thinks that Lieut. Fred. Grant "is a fortunate man in that he is the son of the President," and, therefore, sent to make the "tower of Urup" or \$135 a month and ten cents for every mile of travel. Who wouldn't undertake the job on such terms.

The anti-Tammany and Reform Democrats having aided the Republicans to carry New York City and State, the African Republicans are disposed to claim a partisan victory. Did they ever hear the expressive expression, "How we appear swim!"

London dispatches of the 13th report a formidable conspiracy, headed by Fleury, to arrest and depose President Thiers and proclaim the empire, and that all the papers are in the possession of Thiers. To be taken with several grains of allowance.

Alexis is still roaming "on the wide world sea," and the anxious belles of New York are near "done gone" with the fatigue of waiting. Their togethery will be out of style soon, and their sweetest smiles soured, if the Russian prince don't put in his appearance.

The United States Postoffice department has gone back on gold and silver, and advertises that nothing but greenbacks or bills of national banks will be received or paid out on foreign money orders.

Judge Hilton, one of the Commissioners of the Department of Public Parks, New York, has resigned; also Isaac Bell, one of the Commissioners of Public Instruction. Rates leaving a sinking ship.

Viekie and Tennie were permitted to register prior to the recent election in New York, and then refused the privilege of voting, whereas they, with Tilton and Demosthenes, are very indignant.

John Emerson Ethridge, of Tennessee, declares in favor of Democratic non-action in the coming campaign. Emerson has not been a safe adviser or successful politician for some years.

The Supreme Court of the District of Columbia has decided that a member of Congress is not exempt from civil process. Now, let "the high and mighty" members come down a peg.

An extra patriotic Radical editor calls Gov. Hoffman's Thanksgiving proclamation a "rebel" document; because President Grant selected another day. What a waste of venom.

"Sir Marmaduke's Musings" is the title of a wailing poem by Theodore Tilton, in a late number of the Golden Age. It is supposed that Sir Marmaduke is only T. T. in disguise.

Secretary of the Interior Delano has caused it to be announced that he is not a candidate for Sherman's seat in the Senate, which furnishes the best evidence that he is.

Rumor has it that Senator Fenton and Collector Murphy have "kissed and made up"; but don't tell how the offices and spoils are to be divided.

Cornell is in consternation for fear that President White is to be made Secretary of State. Let Cornell rest in peace; Fish still lives.

Judge Carter, of Washington, having decided that women are not voters, the case is to be taken to the Supreme Court.

Tweed is in bad odor, but his partner, Tom Murphy, is still Collector of New York. Grant put and keeps him in office.

George W. Curtis is now designated as the probable successor of Secretary Fish; who does not propose to resign.

\$40—or nine shillings a week, courted time—is what a Vermont damsel claims in a breach-of-promise case.

Colfax again proposes to retire to private life; but with a promise to run for the Presidency—if nominated.

The Democrats gained largely in the late Mississippi election, but not enough to carry the Legislature.

Ohio has voted by a majority of 74,768 for a constitutional convention luxury.

Calab Cushing has resigned a lucrative office. What next?

A destructive fire occurred at Geneva, Switzerland, on the 13th.

The expense of the revenue officers for the past quarter has been reduced full 30 percent from the corresponding period of last year. It is understood that the plan of consolidation of the internal revenue districts has been abandoned.

California Correspondence. SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 7th, 1871. EDITOR OF THE ARGUS.—

Since Bro. Bond is still absent, I propose to oshew politics this time—at least California politics—but I have a little curiosity to know whether your Board of Supervisors were pulling political wires or not when they re-districated Old Wash-tenaw. By the figures given it would seem that they did divide the population equally as evenly as they might, and as I hold the map of the county up before my memory, it looks as if they had made terrible havoc with its geography. Somebody must have had an ax to grind, and it makes very little difference whose ax it was; looking at it from this distance it does not strike me as well done.

FRANKING PRIVILEGE. I just received a letter under the frank of an M. C., and upon opening it, found it to be the business circular (private) of the man who wrote the frank, and who acknowledges that he is not an M. C. at all. But he was once, and I am now anxious to know how long the government recognizes the right of an ex-Representative to use the mails for his private business free. Please enlighten me. Yours, CARLOS.

Another column of this issue will be found an article from the St. Louis Republican headed "The Constitutional Issue for 1872." The article, as the most casual reader will not fail to discover, advocates the adoption by the Democratic party of the nation, in the coming presidential campaign, of the policy pursued by the Democracy of Missouri at the last election in that State; the making of no nominations, the (supposed) consequent division of the Radicals, as in Missouri, and the striking hands with the liberals or dissenters and defeating the regular nominee. The scheme reads well, but if attempted would prove an utter failure.

"Forewarned is forearmed," and it is at least doubtful whether or no the same thing could be done again in Missouri. The national experiment would be very much like attempting to "swing around the circle" again with ANDY JOHNSON. Such are our opinions briefly expressed.

WRITING OF THE WAKE OR FUNERAL BED. Mr. E. Williams, in the Journal of the Forum, gives the following: "I am an avowed fan of the late President, and as a consequence, I have many receipts for keeping cider as for curing colds or rheumatism. Some of them doubtless are good, but most of them are worthless. Here is one which I have found to answer the purpose of the cure of colds, coughs or rheumatism, and which I have used with success. It is a very simple one. I allow the cider, after it comes from the press, to stand until the pumice settles. When this point is reached, I put it in a glass vessel, and let it stand for a day, stirring it up from the bottom with a spoon. I then put into kets and demijohns and tightly corked and sealed. By this process I have excellent sweet cider, not merely for the entire winter, but for the summer. This method of curing is available where large quantities are made, but for an ordinary family answers admirably.

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COMMERCIAL. Trade in this city has been dull in all departments during the week. The closing days of navigation rarely fail to produce a good deal of business in this city. The Lake trade produces a very heavy tonnage, and a heavy tonnage of goods is landed in this city. The few days more active in which supplies can be sent for to the Michigan River, and also for the Lake trade, is a very busy time. The shipping season is now over, and the goods are being landed in this city. The few days more active in which supplies can be sent for to the Michigan River, and also for the Lake trade, is a very busy time. The shipping season is now over, and the goods are being landed in this city.

THE WEATHER. Dry, dry. Two dry winters, and of course dry summers, and no rain yet to speak of. But all the weather prophets tell us that we are sure to have plenty of rain this winter, and its being so late about coming is certainly a fair indication. I certainly hope it may rain abundantly. A flood would do us less harm than another dry winter. There is a large and rich portion of the State where they have had no crops for two years. The country is now, the farmers were mostly poor, and now, over a strip of territory in the San Joaquin Valley, from five to ten miles wide and forty miles long, many are actually suffering for the necessities of life. But they are plucky fellows—they don't want people to give them anything, they say all they want is credit till they can get one crop, and then they will be all right. An association is being organized for the purpose of giving them such credit, and making such advances as they may need.

BANK FAILURE. It has been a long time since California has had a real sensation in the way of a bank failure. Mooney's shaving shop broke up two years ago, or nearly so, but it never did stand well, and its partial collapse created no great excitement. A few days since, however, one of the old banks that will be remembered by many of your readers, took people by surprise, by failing to open its doors. JOHN SMILE & Co's. Bank is no more. The losses, however, are not so heavy as might have been anticipated, considering that it was one of the oldest institutions of the kind on the coast. It carried down with it the banking house of B. F. HASTINGS & Co., of Sacramento, and to-day I see it stated that CALLEBE, the President of the San Francisco Board of Bankers, has gone by the board from the same cause. Another consequence was a run on a Sacramento Savings Bank, but in that case it was the run rather than the bank that proved a failure. The city assessor practiced a good joke on some of them at that time. He quietly took his roll up to the bank, and caught several persons drawing out considerable sums, who had just before made oath before him that they had no money on hand or in bank. The amounts drawn out will have to pay taxes this year.

THE CRAZY DODGE. I see you anticipate that the brother WAGNER, will try to get off on the plea of insanity. Was there ever a greater farce played in the name of justice, than is often witnessed now-a-days when that defense is successfully made against a charge for high crime? California has not been exempt from that contagion which commenced to afflict justice about the time of the Sickles case. She went back on the record of several eastern juries in the Fair case, but she has just returned again to the old groove. You will remember the case of Mrs. Savier, who shot her husband's mistress, Mrs. Lako, at Stockton, a few months since. The act was one of the coolest, most deliberate, ever committed. She has just been tried, and the jury found that she fired the fatal shot as "a crazy

estate of Valentine E. Bott. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

Present, Hiram J. Beakes, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Valentine E. Bott, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Mrs. A. Bott, praying that William for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

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RELIABLE INSURANCE! NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO. OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH. CHARTERED 1800.

Capital \$10,000,000 in Gold. The American Managers of the above Company have received the following telegram from the London Board:

"Subscribe Five Thousand Dollars for Chicago sufferers—settle all losses promptly—Draw at three eight—American assets will not be touched."

Springfield Fire Ins. Co. OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS. Capital \$500,000.

The losses of this Company, by the Chicago fire, will be promptly settled by cash, payments made by the Stockholders, leaving the Company with capital unimpaired, large assets, and a well regulated business. These Companies are sound and reliable, and their risks taken in the above Companies at above rates.

J. Q. A. SESSIONS' INSURANCE AGENCY. His Companies are Sound.

PHENIX INSURANCE CO. HARTFORD, CONN. CAPITAL AND ASSETS, JULY 1, 1871, \$1,000,000. CHICAGO LOSSES \$100,000.

THE PHENIX is the best conducted Fire Insurance Company in the United States. Always prompt and ready, and always prompt in payment of losses.

INTERNATIONAL INSURANCE CO. NEW YORK CITY. The first Company to pass the order of the New York Insurance Commissioners since the Chicago fire, coming out from the severe test.

TRIUMPHANT! Associated Press Dispatch, November 2, 1871. THE INTERNATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Superintendent of the New York Insurance Department, who is making a careful and official examination of the New York Companies to-day, certifies that the International Company's assets of \$1,000,000 are securely invested, and are equal to the amount of its liabilities

The Michigan Argus
ANN ARBOR.
FRIDAY MORNING, NOV. 17, 1871.
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
The Michigan Argus is published weekly, except on Sundays and public holidays, at the office of the publisher, No. 100 North Main Street, Ann Arbor, Mich. Terms: In Advance, \$3.00 per Annum; In Advance, \$1.00 per Quarter; In Advance, \$0.25 per Month. Single Copies, 5 Cents. Advertising: For a full description of the rates for advertising, see the inside of the first page of this issue. The Argus is published by J. H. Maynard, at No. 100 North Main Street, Ann Arbor, Mich.

The County Poor House—Its Management.
In June last Mrs. N. Geddes, of Adrian, Secretary of the Michigan Orphan Asylum, visited our city and made application to Supt. Duffey for the transfer to that asylum of all pauper children in the County Poor House. Her denunciations of the Poor House system, the offspring of personal visits to many of the poor houses of the State, were unqualified, and it was evident that she regarded them as neither humane nor moral institutions, but as necessary evils to be tolerated only until they could be abated. At the urgent invitation of Mr. D., who thought it wrong to condemn unvisited the institution in part under his charge, Mrs. Geddes paid a visit thereto. What she thought of what she saw we let her tell in her own words:
ADRIAN, July 3d, '71.
Mr. E. Duffey:
Dear Sir:—I visited your County House the day that I saw you, and was glad that I did, as I felt it with a feeling of gratitude that any County in Michigan had succeeded so well in carrying out the design of a refuge and home for the poor and unfortunate. I congratulate the officers of your County upon your admirably arranged buildings, which are a credit to the State. Still more I congratulate you upon your good fortune in securing the present keepers of the house. They are the best adapted to the place of any that I have seen. Keep them at any price so long as they do as well as now. The house is not only neat and orderly, but they speak kindly to the inmates, which is more than can be said of others in their position.
Respectfully yours,
JANE M. GEDDES,
Secretary of Mich. Orphan Asylum.
This heavy tribute to Mr. Duffey and his associates more than offsets the bitter attacks made upon that gentleman, and certainly furnished the Supervisors with good reasons to re-select him.
We append the list of petit jurors drawn for the next term of the Circuit Court, which is set down for Monday, November 27th:
Mathias Alber, Freedom.
Geo. W. Alexander, Ypsilanti City.
Daniel W. Allen, York.
Jacob Braun, Freedom.
Almond B. Close, Northfield.
Peter Coldren, Salem.
John Cook, Sylvan.
Jeremiah D. Corey, Manchester.
Abram Davenport, Saline.
Frederick Emminger, Freedom.
Wm. Everest, Ann Arbor City.
Thos. Fuller, York.
Lambert Gieske, Freedom.
A. A. Gregory, Ann Arbor City.
James M. Hill, Scio.
Samuel Holmes, Manchester.
Thomas Holmes, Lima.
Elijah W. Keves, Ann Arbor City.
Emanuel Mann, Salem.
Wm. Murray, Ann Arbor City.
J. D. O'Brook, Scio.
Amos Phelps, Scio.
Henry D. Platt, Pittsfield.
Jacob Raab, Bridgewater.
Ransom Salsbury, York.
Louis Starbuck, Lord.
Jacob Vandavorker, Ann Arbor City.
Frederick Wedemire, Lima.
Geo. R. Williams, Scio.
FREDERICK LAW OLNSTEAD, writing from Chicago to the Nation, since the recent destructive fire, has this sentence, which those of our citizens, official and unofficial, who have a propensity for making fire-limit ordinances like a sheet of rubber, will do well to remember: "Under an old law wooden buildings had been forbidden to be erected in or moved to the locality where the fire started. In 1867, upon the motion of men who wished to dispose of buildings they had contracted to move out of the more compact part of the city, the Common Council consented to a modification of this law. The Board of Health at the time urged the danger of doing so, and was told to mind its own business. Underwriters, merchants, and capitalists were silent." The lesson is so plain that even an Ann Arbor alderman ought to understand it without any words from us.
THE SCHOOL FESTIVAL.—Quarterly magazine, devoted to original matter, for Day School and Sunday School Exhibitions, and public occasions.
The October number of this popular magazine, which was destroyed by the great Chicago fire, when all ready to mail, has been reprinted, and has just reached us. As its subscription list was burned, the publishers request us to ask their subscribers to send their addresses, stating what numbers were yet due them, and to remit their subscription for next year. Let all teachers and pupils subscribe now, for the School Festival—they all need it. It costs only 20 cents a year, in advance, or 15 cents for a single number. The publishers were very heavy losers by the great fire, but they don't propose to allow their subscribers to lose anything. Send by mail to ALFRED L. STEVENS & CO., Publishers, Chicago, Ill.
C. H. MILLEN, the new Treasurer of the Toledo, Ann Arbor, and Northern Railroad Company, informs us that the stockholders are responding promptly and cheerfully to the recent ten per cent. assessment. All are willing and anxious to pay, and take the assessment as an earnest that the directors mean business. And we think they do.
The engineers are also in the field, and in a few days the directors will be able to locate the line and let contracts. Let no pull back in the traces, but let all put shoulders to the wheel and push together.
"A Little More Cider" is quite the fashionable song just now, and H. K. WHITE must have heard it sung in our neighborhood, for he deposited in our dooryard a cask of the pure-juice, such as we can command. If anybody makes a better article we should like to try it.
Kaiser Wilhelm's "Mite" Rejected.
At a meeting of German liberals in Chicago on the evening of the 28th October the following resolutions were adopted:
Whereas, The German citizens of Chicago, during the whole of the period of Franco-Prussian war, and for the alleviation of the sufferings and miseries of their maimed and crippled countrymen in France have spared no sacrifices and no expenses; and
Whereas, Now, in this present great calamity, which has laid our city and homes in ashes, and where the time and opportunity were given to show themselves grateful to the liberality of the German inhabitants of Chicago, the Emperor and Crown Prince of Germany have hesitated to subscribe one 1,000 and 500 thalers respectively, be it unanimously
Resolved, That we, the undersigned, formerly subjects in Germany, request the committee instituted for the relief of Chicago to indignantly reject this miserable pittance thrown to us by His Majesty the Emperor of Germany and His Royal Highness the Crown Prince of Prussia and lady; and be it further
Resolved, That the undersigned subscribe the sums figuring after their names below, in order that they may, together with the 1,500 thalers, be distributed among our poor countrymen who have been ruined, maimed, or crippled by the Franco-Prussian war, and who are to-day yet German subjects.
A new French costume on exhibition at one of the high-priced dressmaker's establishments in this city is composed of twelve different colors, and besides a large quantity of silk trimmings, has on it sixty yards of fine thread lace.—N. Y. Mail.

The December Magazines,
Bidding good by to Anno Domini 1871, are daily finding their way to the editorial sanctum, freighted with more than usually entertaining contents.
—A very daintily and poetically illustrated German legend in verse, "The Count's Little Daughter," by Mrs. Greenough, opens Scribner's for December. Other illustrated articles are: Bayard Taylor's "Sights in and Around Yedo"; Col. Thorpe's "Pictures from the Plains"; an interesting article on the Boston Public Library; a bright little story by Miss Hopkins, "Miss Marigold's Thanksgiving"; Cyprus—Afloat and Ashore, by A. J. Johnson, formerly U. S. Consul in Syria; and a poem, "The Blind Boy"—A Parable. The other poems are, "The Flight of the Birds"; Mare Ignomina and several in Esther Wynn's Love Letters. There are two articles which bear upon Russia—one a sketch of the Imperial Family, by Col. Knox, and the other a story of An Elopement in Moscow, by Eugene Schuyler. Mr. George P. Putnam contributes a gossip paper on London Revisited, and Miss Trafton an account of A Visit to Charlotte Brontë's School in Brussels. Mr. Conant's essay on The Right Not to Vote, is concluded, and Wilfrid Cumbermede continued. Numerous other interesting papers may also be found within its pages. \$4 a year. No club rates. Address Scribner & Co., 634 Broadway, N. Y.
—Always on time is the Galaxy motto, and the December number is not an exception. "Adventures of the Duchesse de Berri, Mother of the Count de Chambord," by John S. C. Abbott, is the opening paper, followed by Black Friday, by William R. Hooper; In a Hospital, by S. S. Rockwood; Weather Prognostics by the People, by Prof. Thompson B. Marry; Captain Horsfall's Romance, by J. W. DeForest; The Estacé Diamonds, chaps. XVI-XVII, by Anthony Trollope; Admiral Farragut and New Orleans—with an account of the origin and command of the first three Naval Expeditions of the war, by Gideon Welles; three more chaps. of Ought We to Visit Her? by Mrs. Edwards; Basso to Domo D'Ossola; Drift-Wood; Scientific Miscellany; Current Literature; The Galaxy Club Room; and Nebula. Now is the time to subscribe. \$4 a year; two copies, \$7; three copies \$10; ten for \$30, and one to the getter-up of the club. Address Scribner & Co., No. 677 Broadway, N. Y.
—For forty-one years Godey's Lady's Book has visited home circles throughout the length and breadth of the land, and bids fair to continue for forty-one years longer, a welcome visitor. The December number has two steel engravings—"The Jumping Jack," and title-page—several wood cuts, and innumerable fashion plates and designs. The literary department is filled with stories from the pens of Marion Harland, Mrs. Hopkinson, Miss Frost, Sue Chestnutwood, and others. In the receipt department will be found a variety of useful receipts suited to the festive season, and in the juvenile department amusements for the holidays. Now is the time to form clubs. \$3 a year; two copies, \$5; three, \$7.50, etc., etc. Address L. A. GODEY, N. E. cor. Sixth and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.
Godey and the Argus, \$4.50.
DANCING AND WALTZING SCHOOL.
Prof. N. J. KELLOGG would announce to his former patrons of Ann Arbor and vicinity, that he will open a School of Dancing and Deportment on Thursday December 7th, at Agricultural Hall.
Good references required before joining the class.
Terms—Five dollars for twelve lessons, payable in advance.
Hours of instruction—Afternoon class, from 3 to 6 o'clock, p. m. Evening class, from 6 to 10 p. m.
Barr's Ague Medicine acts directly on the poison of malaria, and drives it from the system. For sale by Eberbach & Co.
INVESTMENT.
NORTHERN PACIFIC 7-30 GOLD BONDS, Exempt from U. S. Tax, Interest 7-10 per cent. in Gold. Payable semi-annually. Equivalent to 8 1-2 per cent. in Currency. Interest Coupons bought by all Banks and Bankers, the same as on Government Bonds.
Have you money to invest? Buy Northern Pacific Seven Thirties, which combine a profitable rate of interest with absolute security.
Have you 5-20 Government Bonds? Convert them into Northern Pacific Seven Thirties. You will realize thereby the present high premium on Government Bonds, and secure a much higher rate of interest.
After a careful examination of the mortgage given by the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, I have no hesitation in recommending these Bonds to all persons who have money to invest, or Government Bonds to convert into other Securities.
For Bonds or information apply at the Saving Bank to S. GRANT, Agent for Ann Arbor and vicinity.
A chill is an impossibility to one taking Barr's Ague Medicine.
LOOK BEFORE YOU LEAP.
And before you purchase your Hats or Caps call on A. A. Terry, No. 15 South Main street. He can give you as good, neat, durable, and fashionable Silk Hats as can be purchased, for \$5. An examination of Goods desired.
Invest one dollar in Barr's Ague Medicine, and cure the chills.
\$5 SILK HATS!
That's what E. J. JOHNSON offers the hat wearing public. First Quality and Fashionable. Silk Hats for \$5. No. 7 South Main street, east side.
Burlington.
Leaving the East and arriving at Chicago or Indianapolis, how shall we reach the West? The best line is acknowledged to be the C. & N. O. joined together with the B. & M. Railroad by the Iron Bridge at Burlington, and called the Burlington Route.
The main line of the Route running to Omaha, connects with the great Pacific Road, and forms to-day the leading route to California. The Middle Branch, entering Nebraska at Plattsmouth, passes through Lincoln, the State Capital, and will this year be finished to Fort Kearney, forming the shortest route across the Continent by over 100 miles.
Another branch of the B. & M. diverging at Red Oak, falls into a line running down the Missouri River, St. Joe to Kansas City, and all Kansas, Passengers by this route to Kansas, see Illinois, South Iowa, and Missouri, and, by a slight divergence, can see Nebraska also.
Lovers of fine views should remember the Burlington Route, for its towers "high-gleaming from afar"—its tree-topped steams—its rough hills and quarries—its corn-oceans stretching over the prairies further than eye can reach.
Land buyers will be sure to remember it, for they have already bought farms from Geo. S. Harris, the Land Commissioner of the B. & M. R. at Burlington, Iowa, or among the four thousand home-owners and pre-emptors who last year filed claims in the Lincoln land office, where "Uncle Sam is rich enough to give us all a farm."
Train directions in English and German are given with Barr's Ague Medicine.
Bounty to Soldiers.
Those who enlisted in 1851 on the first call of President Lincoln, and who were honorably discharged before the expiration of the term of their enlistment, are entitled to \$100 each, as bounty.
And soldiers enlisting under act of July 4th, 1864 are to be allowed the unpaid instalments of bounty they were discharged by expiration of service. The above should make application to the undersigned.
March 14th, 1870.
JOHN N. GOTT, Bounty and Claim Agent.

BACH & ABEL!
C. H. MILLEN
OPENS FALL TRADE
WITH A
LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK
OF
FASHIONABLE GOODS!
EMBRACING ALL THE NEWEST STYLES FOUND IN THE EASTERN AND EUROPEAN MARKETS.
I offer strong Inducements to Purchasers of Dry Goods.
500 Yards of Black Alpaca at 25 and 30 cents. Best Goods for the Money Ever Offered in this City.
400 Yards All Wool Empress Cloths and French Merinos at much Lower Prices than one Year Ago.
—ALSO—
PLAIDS, SATTEENS, CASHMERE, POPLINS, PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS, LADIES AND CHILDREN'S FURNISHING GOODS, HOSIERY, &c., &c.
WE HAVE ALSO ALL THE NEW SHADES IN
EMPRESS MERINOS, IRISH AND FRENCH POPLINS, SATEEN SERGES, VELOURS, ALPACAS, PLAIDS, BIARRITZ, ETC., ETC.
IN ADDITION TO MY LARGE STOCK I OFFER SOME NOVELTIES IN LADIES' CASHMERE, BEAVER AND CLOTH
SACKS AND BASQUES
WHICH ARE
The Most Stylish Garments Ever Brought to this Market.
The Above, Forming the Richest Collection of Goods Ever Offered in this City, are to be sold at Prices Lower than the Lowest.
C. H. MILLEN.
ANN ARBOR, SEPT. 15, 1871. 1599nd
\$25,000
WORTH OF
FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING
To Give Away!
S. SONDEHEIM
HAS RECEIVED
THE LARGEST
BEST SELECTED STOCK
OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
CHILDREN AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING
TRUNKS,
VALISES,
SACHELS,
&c., &c., &c.
THAT HAS EVER BEEN BROUGHT TO THIS CITY, WHICH HE WILL SELL
Cheaper than the Cheapest for Cash.
ALSO A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
CASSIMERES,
COATINGS,
and VESTINGS,
WHICH HE WILL MAKE UP TO ORDER
IN THE BEST STYLE,
AND WARRANTED A FIT OR NO SALE!
DRY GOODS!
Second large Stock now being received
AT BACH & ABEL'S!
Having been selected with care, and BOUGHT FOR CASH, enables us to offer
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO BUYERS.
We shall make it our aim to keep our Stock so large and attractive, and the price of each article so low, that it will be the interest of all purchasers of Dry Goods in this vicinity to do business with us.
BACH & ABEL.
NEW GOODS
AT
J. H. MAYNARD'S!
WE ARE NOW RECEIVING
SEVENTY-FIVE CASES AND BALES OF DRY GOODS
FOR
FALL AND WINTER TRADE
And offer to close buyers for cash, 400 pieces of best fall color Prints for 10 cents; 10 bales Sheetings at 12 1/2 cents; 2 cases yard wide bleached goods, 12 1/2 cents; 20 pieces Table Linen, from auction, 3 yards wide, some for 50 cents; 100 pieces Crash and Toweling, some for 10 cents; 50 pieces best Delains for 20 cents;
100 PIECES OF DRESS GOODS,
Good styles and good fabrics, for 25 cents; 1,000 pairs Children's warm Hose, some for 10 cents; 200 large and small Wool Shawls, from 75 cents to \$1.00; 500 dozen Coats and Clark's Thread, with a full line of Domestic Goods, at NEW YORK PRICES, less freight and the regular discount to large buyers. These goods must be turned into money within 90 days. All parties will admit that the best place to buy is where they are compelled to sell.
J. H. MAYNARD.
BOOKS.
J. R. WEBSTER & CO. NEW BOOK STORE NEAR THE "EXPRESS OFFICE." LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST AND CALL.
BOOKS.
JUST RECEIVED!
FINLEY & LEWIS
have received a large and well-selected Stock of
New Fall Goods!
BOUGHT FOR CASH,
All of which must be sold inside of sixty days to make room for our SECOND FALL stock.
We can show our customers the
Best Kip Boots
ever brought to this market, both for men and boys.
CALF BOOTS
OF ALL GRADES.
We have the exclusive sale of J. M. Burt's fine hand-made work—conceded to be the best work to wear in the market.
JAMES BOYD,
1818f 24 Main Street.
NOTICE.
THE GERMAN FARMER'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Washington County, Mich. will hold their annual meeting in the School House, in Scio, near the German Church, on the first Monday of December next, at 10 o'clock A. M., to elect new officers and propose other things.
Ann Arbor, October 30th, 1871.
1246nd LEWIS FRITZ, Secy.

Ladies'
BLACK DRESS GOODS!
MACK & SCHMID'S
SECOND ARRIVAL
contains all the finer class of goods adapted to the first-class trade, and we offer all the leading and most meritorious productions in this our rapidly increasing
BLACK GOODS DEPARTMENT
at a small advance on Importers' prices.
WE HAVE ALSO ALL THE NEW SHADES IN
EMPRESS MERINOS, IRISH AND FRENCH POPLINS, SATEEN SERGES, VELOURS, ALPACAS, PLAIDS, BIARRITZ, ETC., ETC.
With the Largest and
MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS
IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
HAVE YOUR MONEY READY!
We sell exclusively for cash,
AT PRICES THAT SECURE A SALE EVERY TIME.
C. BLISS & SONS,
NO. 11 SOUTH MAIN ST.,
Are now receiving their Fall stock of
SILVER AND PLATED WARE
CLOCKS, WATCHES,
TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY
JEWELRY, FANCY GOODS, &c., &c.
Our Stock is already immense and still more coming. We have the finest and most elaborate
WEDDING AND HOLIDAY GOODS
Ever brought to this city, which we are offering at lower prices than ever. Having purchased in large quantities, we receive greater quantities than smaller dealers, and we propose giving purchasers the benefit of it.
LADIES' WATCHES MADE A SPECIALTY.
A FINE VARIETY OF
SOLID GOLD & PLATED BRACELETS.
OPERA AND LEONTAINE CHAINS.
Masonic and Odd Fellows' Emblems.
REPAIRING DONE IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Call in and look at these Goods even if you have no intention of buying.
AND WARRANTED A FIT OR NO SALE!
1247f

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS
ACCURATELY AND CAREFULLY PREPARED
BY
R. W. ELLIS & CO., DRUGGISTS.
Go to R. W. ELLIS & CO'S for choice Wines and Liquors for Medical Purposes.

The Michigan Argus

Save Four Burned Trees. Untold numbers of valuable trees, both fruit bearing and ornamental, have been destroyed by the devastating fires of Chicago and other parts of the West. Yet, what a waste of beauty and vitality of the tree has not been impaired. It may not be generally known that by cutting off the trees close to the surface of the ground, before winter, and covering the wounds with a heavy coat of grafting wax, the tree will be preserved until next spring, when most trees, and many large ones that have been standing for more than a score of years, will send up strong and luxuriant shoots, which will grow rapidly into trees. Some varieties of evergreens and some deciduous trees will not sprout, while fruit trees of every sort, grapevines, currant and berry bushes of every variety, rose bushes and valuable shrubbery, the top of which has been killed by fire, will sprout again, provided the tops are cut off close to the ground before winter. If left until next spring, the vitality of the roots of many trees and many valuable grapevines will be injured, and the result that the tree will not ever appear. Apple trees, and pear trees, six to ten inches in diameter, which have been burned to blackness, below the collar of the tree, should be removed with axes and cut into small pieces, and the wood of the neck have been reached beneath the surface of the ground. Small trees and grapevines should be saved off smoothly close to the surface of the earth; and if the wood has been injured, below that point, it should be removed, and cut into small pieces of any sort of cloth into the wax, after which cover the stump with fine and mellow earth, several inches in depth. Early next spring remove the soil, leaving not more than an inch in depth of the stump. A cutting grafting wax for such a purpose may be made of equal parts of tallow and rosin of any kind, or pitch. We have frequently made it of one part of linseed oil, mingled with two parts of coarse, cheap rosin or pitch, heated in an iron kettle until the pitch is all dissolved, and the mass is of the consistency of thin tar. It should not be applied scalding hot. In lieu of a paint brush, employ a swab made of a coarse cloth wrapped around a small stick. Very few young trees and but a small proportion of grape vines and shrubbery have been burned to such an extent as to injure the wood below the collar of the main stem.

The Difference and the Reason. The Norfolk Journal, in speaking of the situation of affairs in Virginia and other Southern States, has the following, which should be regarded as a fair representation of the case. The Conservative party has been in power in the State for the last two years. And under its guidance Virginia has risen more rapidly from the wreck and ruin wrought by the war than any other State in the South. Her industry has continued to improve. Trade of all sorts has increased, and is increasing. The general welfare of the people has brightened and is brightening. We have peace and harmony throughout our State. We have the laws improved, and the administration of justice has been improved. We have internal improvements that promise millions upon millions of money, in rapid process of extension and construction. We have public schools in active operation, in which the children of the poorest as well as of the wealthiest parents are competently taught, by competent teachers paid by the people. We have no military scouring our counties, arresting and imprisoning our citizens, spreading terror, depressing business, and presenting the spectacle of armed men in a time of peace, hunting and seizing American citizens, without warrant of authority from the civil law of the Commonwealth. Virginia is blessed with the blessings of a peaceful and happy government. Almost all our sister States of the South are cursed with the curses of Radical control in their legislatures. We have quiet, order and security for person and property. They have discord and no guarantee of civil rights guaranteed by civil laws. We have no negative property, and the prospect and promise of a speedy and splendid development of vast and varied resources that have heretofore lain inactive, idle and unprofitable. They are making a mad and ruinous race in their industries, helpless and almost hopeless under their burden of oppressive exactions. Our situation in contrast with theirs is attributable to the triumph of Conservatism over Radicalism in Virginia two years ago.

Finger Marks. A gentleman employed a mason to do some work for him, and among other things, to "thin whitening" the walls of one of his chambers. This thin whitening is a kind of mortar, made of lime and water, and is used to cover the wall without one thinking that any one would ever know it. The "thin whitening" which happened to be on his hands did not show at first, and he probably would not have known of it, had he not been told of it by his wife. He was very much surprised on the morning after the chamber was finished to find on the drawers of his bureau, standing in the room, white fingers. Opening the drawer, he found the same article on the wall, and he was very much surprised. An examination revealed the same marks on the contents of a bag, this proved clearly that the mason, with his wet hands, had opened the drawer and searched the bag, which contained no money, and he then took the drawer without one thinking that any one would ever know it.

A FALSE REPORT! THAT A. A. TERRY HAS GONE OUT OF TRADE HE STILL LIVES, AND HAS A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF HATS & CAPS, BAY RUM, SOAPS, HAIR, TOOTH, AND NAIL BRUSHES, AND AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES. ALSO A FULL LINE OF GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS! DON'T PURCHASE YOUR SPRING AND SUMMER OUTFITS UNTIL YOU GIVE HIM A CALL. 15 South Main St., Ann Arbor, 1514-16.

A PARTIAL DINNER FROM THE PULPIT. A minister of the Kirk of Scotland once discovered his wife asleep in the midst of his homily on the Sabbath. So, posing in the steady and possibly somewhat monotonous flow of his discourse, he looked down, and there, in a seat, was his wife, who had been asleep for some time. He was very much surprised, and he was very much surprised. He was very much surprised, and he was very much surprised. He was very much surprised, and he was very much surprised.

Go to R. W. ELLIS & CO'S for choice Wines and Liquors for Medical Purposes. H. COHEN, 47 South Main St.

Special Notices.

THE CAUSE AND CURE OF CONSUMPTION. The primary cause of Consumption is derangement of the digestive organs. This derangement produces deficient nutrition and assimilation. By assimilation, I mean that process by which the nutriment of the food is converted into blood, and thence into the solids of the body. Persons with consumption have deficient nutrition and assimilation. If they take cold, will be very liable to have Consumption of the Lungs in some of its forms, and I hold that it will be impossible to cure any case of Consumption without first restoring a good digestion and healthy assimilation. The very first thing to be done is to cleanse the stomach and bowels from all diseased mucus and slime which is clogging these organs so that they cannot perform their functions, and then raise up and restore the liver to a healthy action. For this purpose, the most reliable remedy is Schenck's Mandrake Pills. These Pills clean the stomach and bowels of all the dead and morbid slime that is causing disease and decay in the whole system. They will clear out the liver of all diseased bile that has accumulated there, and arouse it up to a new and healthy action, by which natural and healthy bile is secreted. The stomach, however, and liver are thus cleansed by the use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills; but there remains in the stomach an excess of acid, the organ is torpid, and it cannot perform its functions. It is in a weak condition like that which Schenck's Bile Beans Tonic proves to be the most valuable remedy ever known for this purpose. It is a pleasant and safe medicine, and it will give permanent tone to this important organ, and create a good, hearty appetite, and prepare the system for the first process of a good digestion, and ultimately make good, healthy, living blood. After this preparatory treatment, what remains to be done is to get up a good appetite and good digestion, so that the body will grow in flesh and get strong. It is Schenck's Bile Beans Tonic that will do this. The cavity cannot heal, the matter cannot grow, so long as the system of the body is in a weak condition. A good nutrition, the body to grow in flesh and get strong. It is Schenck's Bile Beans Tonic that will do this. The cavity cannot heal, the matter cannot grow, so long as the system of the body is in a weak condition. A good nutrition, the body to grow in flesh and get strong. It is Schenck's Bile Beans Tonic that will do this.

Also a Full Line of RIBBONS, LACES, COLLARS AND CUFFS, Hosiery for Ladies and Children, Gloves for Ladies and Children, Ladies' Made Under-Garments, Ladies' Knit Under-Garments, Top Skirts, Corsets, Madam Foy's Corsets, and Skirt Supporters.

Handkerchiefs. In plain Linen, Hemstitch, Lace, Initial, Mourning, &c. Plus' for Cloaking, Silk Velvets for Cloakings, Velvet on the Bias, all colors, shades, Ribbons, Velvets. Buttons and Dress Trimmings. Jacquet Edging and Insertion, Towels and Napkins, White Trimmings of all kinds, RUFFLINGS. Jacquet, plain, stripe and check, Nansook, plain, stripe and check, Soft Finished Cambrie, Swiss Muslin, India Twill, Victoria Lawn, Bishop Lawn, Linen for Shirting, Tarlatans.

SHIRT BOSOMS. HIRSHMAN'S. Germantown Wools of every color, Germantown Balmoral Yarn, Knitting Yarns, Gents' Collars, Suspenders, Hosiery, Neck Ties, and Handkerchiefs.

PERFUMERY. Hair Oils, Colognes, Bay Rum, Soaps, Hair, Tooth, and Nail Brushes, Pocket Books, Albums. GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS! DON'T PURCHASE YOUR SPRING AND SUMMER OUTFITS UNTIL YOU GIVE HIM A CALL. 15 South Main St., Ann Arbor, 1514-16.

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H. Cohen's Column.

AT THE NEW Millinery Store! 47 SOUTH MAIN STREET, You can now find a large and complete assortment of Ladies' and Children's FALL AND WINTER HATS, IN ALL STYLES, TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.

Also a Full Line of RIBBONS, LACES, COLLARS AND CUFFS, Hosiery for Ladies and Children, Gloves for Ladies and Children, Ladies' Made Under-Garments, Ladies' Knit Under-Garments, Top Skirts, Corsets, Madam Foy's Corsets, and Skirt Supporters.

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DETROIT ADVERTISEMENTS

MICHIGAN MACHINERY DEPOT. G. S. WORMER & SON, Dealers in all kinds of Wood and Iron Working Machinery, 99, 101 & 103 JEFFERSON AVE. DETROIT, MICH.

GILBERT & BROTHER, Importers and Dealers in PATENT GOODS, TOYS, YANKEE NOTIONS, HOSIERY, LACES AND TRIMMINGS. CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, BASKETS & SLEIGHS, No. 80 and 82 Woodward Ave., Detroit.

Flour and Wheat TO GILBERT & HALL, DETROIT, MICH. We guarantee highest quality in all our sales, and prompt returns. Liberal cash advances. TO SHIPPERS OF WHEAT! We are prepared to offer inducements to shippers of wheat not to be met elsewhere. Liberal advances, prompt attention and quick returns. JACOB BEESON & CO., 400 Woodbridge Street, West, Detroit.

GRAIN BUYERS CON TION JOHN H. WENDELL & CO., DETROIT, MICH. We guarantee prompt sales and immediate returns. Liberal advances, prompt attention and quick returns. JACOB BEESON & CO., 400 Woodbridge Street, West, Detroit.

Carriages and Sleighs. HUGH JOHNSON, Carriages, Buggies and Sleighs, Cor. Larned & Cass streets. A large assortment of EASTERN and Home-made Buggies, Carriages and Sleighs on hand, and an Examination of Stock and Prices Solicited. JOHN PATON & SON, Manufacturers and Dealers in Carriages, Buggies, Sleighs, &c., The finest assortment in Michigan. Established in 1812. FACTORY CORNER WOODWARD AND JEFFERSON STREETS, Rep. Station, 226 Jefferson Avenue, Detroit.

FURNITURE! P. HUFNAGEL & CO., Nos. 213, 215 & 217 Woodward Avenue, Detroit. We have a complete assortment of the finest Furniture, and other grades, all from buyers in Michigan. We are fully able to suit all as to quality and price. We guarantee satisfaction. I AM SELLING ALL STYLES OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE Twenty-five per cent less than any other house in Detroit. Do not fail to visit my Furniture Warehouse. JOSH. W. SMITH, 229, 232 and 234 East Side Woodward Avenue.

FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF FINE WHITE AND BORDERED China Dinner and Tea Sets, Some very fine in color; also fine Cut Glass; Rogers, Smith & Co's. Fine Glass; Ivory and Rubber Handled Cutlery; Large stock of Table Bracket and Hanging Lamps, &c. for sale at low prices by J. COBURN, 10 Michigan Ave., opposite New City Hall, Detroit.

NEW ERA IN SEWING MACHINES. The New Wilson Under Feed Sewing Machine makes the same stitch as the Singer, Howe and all other high price Sewing Machines. It is their equal in all, and superior in many respects. The price is \$17.50, and the machine is sold in all parts of the country. Write for a copy of our circular, and we will send you one free of charge. H. CHENEY & SON, 601 First Ave., Detroit, Mich.

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STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss: I, Sheriff of said County, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the will of the late JOHN C. BROWN, deceased, as the same appears from the records of said County, to-wit: That the said JOHN C. BROWN, of the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, died on the 23rd day of May, A. D. 1871, and last died and delivered his last will and testament, in and to the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, on the 23rd day of May, A. D. 1871, and that the said will is on file in the office of the Sheriff of said County, to-wit: That the said JOHN C. BROWN, of the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, died on the 23rd day of May, A. D. 1871, and last died and delivered his last will and testament, in and to the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, on the 23rd day of May, A. D. 1871, and that the said will is on file in the office of the Sheriff of said County, to-wit: That the said JOHN C. 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