

MICHIGAN ARGUS. Published weekly, except on Sundays and public holidays. Price \$2.00 a year in Advance.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY. J. H. WOODEN, 90 South Main Street. J. BROWN, Agent for the Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine.

THE MICHIGAN MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO. Capital \$1,000,000.00. Assets \$1,200,000.00.

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MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD. SUMMER TIME TABLE. Passenger trains now leave the several stations as follows:

GOING WEST. Detroit, leave, 7:00 A.M., 10:00 A.M., 1:00 P.M., 4:00 P.M., 7:00 P.M.

GOING EAST. Saginaw, leave, 7:00 A.M., 10:00 A.M., 1:00 P.M., 4:00 P.M., 7:00 P.M.

GOING SOUTH. Ann Arbor, leave, 7:00 A.M., 10:00 A.M., 1:00 P.M., 4:00 P.M., 7:00 P.M.

GOING NORTH. Lansing, leave, 7:00 A.M., 10:00 A.M., 1:00 P.M., 4:00 P.M., 7:00 P.M.

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A LASTING TREASURE. Two youthful schoolmates, little and free, wandered together by the sea.

True to Love and Home. On a certain day in 1853, a young man whose noticeable points were a fashionable coat, pantaloons with wide checks, and a massive gold watch chain.

OLD RYE MAKES A SPEECH. I was made to be eaten and not to be drunk. To the health of a tank.

Under the partially accurate heading of "A Custom-house Swindle," the Tribune publishes this note from a correspondent.

An Unknown Land—Facts About Central Asia. The publications of the Royal Geographical Society of London, in May, 1871, have been issued in volume 15, and give us very interesting statistics from Central Asia.

The Cardiff Giant Outdone. We make the following extract from a letter to the Philadelphia Press, written by a correspondent of that city.

The Sum of Human Life. The things that have been and shall be no more, the things that are and that hereafter shall be, the things that might have been, and yet were not.

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The "Opposition" in the National Convention.

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The Michigan Argus.

ANN ARBOR.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB. 9, 1872.

THE ALABAMA "TEMPEST."

The cables for a week or ten days has been

burdened with dispatches full of lead and gunpowder, said dispatches being

the essence of the utterances of the English press

concerning the "Alabama claims" presented before the Geneva

arbitrators by the representatives of the United States.

It seems that in making up the "case," the Assistant Secretary of State,

with the consent and advice of the Secretary of State,

preferred large and untold claims for "consequential" or "indirect

damages" that is, for losses resulting from American ship owners from being

compelled to transfer their ships to British owners, and for the cost to the nation

by the prolongation of the war after Gettysburg, from which date our government

claims that the rebellion was kept alive by the aid of the Anglo-Confederate

cruisers and the hope of British intervention.

This shaking of the red rag in the face of JOHN BULL was a veritable bomb sent to the "opposition," for the GLADSTONE Ministry has a very lively "opposition,"

and this "opposition" has from the first condemned the Treaty of Washington, and saw in "indirect" and "consequential" damages their chance to drive GLADSTONE from power.

Parliamentary intervention and revocation was threatened, and the responsibility of war thrown upon the poor, devoted head of BROTHER JONATHAN.

But this for political effect? Parliament meets, the Queen's address—see another column—is moderate in tone, GLADSTONE throws a little tub to the wind, DISRAELI gets his opportunity to "blow," and now we may report comparative quiet on the Thames and along the Channel.

The opposition will hardly drive the GLADSTONE Ministry to any overt acts, and should it be driven from power, a new ministry will scarcely be a treaty and provoke a war just because claims have been preferred which the Geneva arbitrators can rule out, acting strictly in accordance with the Treaty.

It is but fair to say, however, that the making of the obnoxious claims by our government was also a mere political trick, designed to work up a "patriotic feeling" in the interest of our military President with fortunes on the wane, and to distract the attention of the public from the charges of corruption and the plunderings of the Custom-house and other administration rings. Of the same piece was the untimely resolution of inquiry offered by Senator EDMUNDS on Tuesday, a resolution based on obligeable mere newspaper articles, and against which even the wily and thick-skulled CAMERON, chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, put in a mild protest.

Late advices say that the Continental journals do not commend the tone of the English press, and even concede the legitimacy of the "indirect" claims.

THE American Newspaper Reporter says: "Every publisher of a newspaper, who fails to write his member of Congress, loses the golden opportunity to break down the monopoly which for more than ten years has, by combination, succeeded in compelling every man who buys a type to pay three dollars for that which he should otherwise have bought for two. Mr. VOORHIES, of Indiana, has introduced a bill to place printing type and material on the free list." Will the Reporter tell us what good would be accomplished by the editor of the ARGUS writing to Hon. AUSTIN BLAIR, of this district, a protectionist of the GREELEY school? It might do for a Radical and protectionist to "put a flea in his ear," provided consistency is of no account, and he is willing to use the influence and power of the press to shape or compel legislation not accorded to other branches of productive industry. We are neither the one nor the other; a Radical nor an advocate of protection; nor can we consent to join the clamor for special legislation for the benefit of our craft. If it is right to protect the iron monger, salt boiler, coal miner, cloth manufacturer, wood-screw cutter, and other mechanical pursuits at the expense of the people, we don't see why the type-maker shouldn't be also quartered upon the dear people. We will join the Reporter and all other journals, whose proprietors feel and know that they are being robbed by protective duties, in demanding from Congress an exclusive revenue tariff, but not in the special work marked out for us. Protection is fraud, protection is monopoly, protection gives the government little or no revenue, and we are glad that the type-founders are opening at least one eye to the press. We hope they will keep up their combination, and turn harder and harder the screws, until both eyes are open, and the press unitedly ready to join in an assault upon the system itself.

—Meantime, if we can buy imported type, or of founders not in the combination, at cheaper rates than from members of the association it is our right to do so.

It was BARBOCK, of GRANT'S staff, who worked up the San Domingo scheme, which was repudiated by the country and given up with ill grace by the President. It was LEET, of GRANT'S staff, who was LEET, of GRANT'S staff, who

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Supreme Court of California.

Not a very fair proceeding: considering that the crime was perpetrated before a multitude of witnesses.

The church which the President attacked in Washington don't admit negroes to equal rights and privileges with white folks: which is said to be the reason why Senator Carpenter wanted to amend Sumner's "Civil Rights attachment" to the amnesty bill.

—Mrs. Gen. Custer, Miss Sturgis, and several ladies of Louisville and Memphis were invited to accompany the Grand Duke to New Orleans. What say the eastern belles who failed of recognition?

The Rev. Dr. Cuyler has been on trial this week before the Brooklyn Presbytery for permitting a woman to preach from his pulpit. A resolution of censure failed, and the matter was certified to the Synod.

—Bishop Ames desires the Rev. J. P. Newman, D. D., to go to Japan as a missionary.

Wouldn't the Bishop be pleased to have the soon to be ex-Senator Harlan go to Japan along with Dr. Newman?

—Now that the British Lion is shaking his main Zaek Chandler will foam and froth at the mouth worse than ever. It will be a safe exercise at his distance from the animal.

—Horace Greeley was 61 years old on Saturday last, and the anniversary was celebrated by a large company of friends and admirers at the residence of Alvin J. Johnson, New York.

—Chandler is supposed to harbor the idea that "without a little blood-letting" the peace between the United States and England is scarcely worth preserving.

An exchange tells a wonderful story about a crawling dog in Decatur. What of that! Isn't Michigan a roaring Chandler?

—The French Assembly has determined to terminate the commercial treaties between France and England and give.

—Wenona brags of three distinct earthquake shocks on Tuesday morning, shortly after eight o'clock. Wenona is opposite Bay City.

—An attempt was made to assassinate M. Thiers on Monday evening. The shooting failed.

—Catacazy is to be given a position of honor at St. Petersburg. What an insult to Grant and Fish!

—The next State Fair is to be held at Kalamazoo, provided Kalamazoo forks over \$2,000.

—The annual pension bill, appropriating over \$90,000,000, passed the Senate on Wednesday.

—The amnesty bill still hangs fire in the Senate; also the educational bill in the House.

—Boutwell opposes any material reduction of the tariff. "In course he does."

—Fish isn't estranged from Sicks. So much the worse for Fish.

—Archbishop Spaulding died at Baltimore on the 7th inst.

The Alabama Claims Imbroglio. NEW YORK, Feb. 7.

The Telegraph published the following as the genuine dispatch which has been passed to the United States by the German sources: There is no confirmation of the news from other sources.

LONDON, Feb. 5.

To the Hon. Hamilton Fish, Secretary of State, Washington:

Sir—In view of the expression of opinion as to what the action of Great Britain should be in reference to the Geneva conference on the part of Chief Justice Cockburn, and the general tone of the English press, I desire to be officially informed whether the Government of the United States will in any degree concede the claims for indemnity, as recently presented.

Obedient servant, ROBERT M. SIENCK, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington, Feb. 5.

To the Honorable Robert M. Sienck, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States, London:

Sir—You are authorized to affirm that in view of the Government of the United States recede from the position it has taken in relation to the Washington treaty.

Your obedient servant, HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The position taken by gentlemen closely connected with the administration of the government is that the British High Commissioners perfectly understood the views of the American High Commissioners in the negotiation of the treaty of Washington, both in its terms and the assertion in the protocol, and that therefore our government is altogether justified in presenting the case in its original form. The British High Commissioners in the negotiation of the treaty of Washington, both in its terms and the assertion in the protocol, and that therefore our government is altogether justified in presenting the case in its original form. The British High Commissioners in the negotiation of the treaty of Washington, both in its terms and the assertion in the protocol, and that therefore our government is altogether justified in presenting the case in its original form.

—Despite the attacks made by Morton, Carpenter, Butler and other leaders of the Republican party in Congress, upon "Civil Service Reform," and the unequal declaration made by these leaders that the President is seeking to make this "new departure" odious, the New York Evening Post persists in counting Grant join in an assault upon the system itself.

Local and Other Briefs.
Great absence of calorific now-days.
The Conny House now contains 111 regular boarders.
The Junior Hop comes off at the Gregory House this evening.
The small pot scarce may be numbered among the things that were in the hands of the students—all hands at the Annotis office. Send in your orders.
Plenty of wood in market, but it takes a "world" of greenbacks to buy it.
If you haven't a calendar for 1872, come up into the Annotis office and get one.
The girls and boys are laying in ammunition for St. Valentine's day—Wednesday next.
Don't forget the "May Queen" by the Detroit Choral Union, to-night, at the Opera House.
A chance to "trip the light fantastic" will be given by the Mrs. W. W. W. at the Willow Lake House, on the 23d.
They throw pepper, etc., in the eyes of the boys who jump on sleighs in Detroit. Some of them get peppered here.
Rev. S. W. DUFFIELD, of this city, delivered a poem at the meeting of the Society of Michigan, held at Lawrence, Kan., some time since.
There will be a Social and Oyster Dinner at Flinnigan's Hall next Tuesday evening, the 13th inst, for the benefit of the Ladies of St. Thomas' Church.
The store, No. 27 South Main Street, occupied by W. W. Bliss, was entered last Sunday night by a burglar, who took several small articles therefrom.
Not enforced—the city ordinance relative to cleaning snow off of side-walks. Wouldn't it make pedestrians wear pleasure countenances if it should be?

Ann Arbor, Michigan, Jan. 17, 1872.

Total in the Department	509
Laureate Department:	
Seniors	142
Juniors	208
Total in the Department	348
Medical Department:	
Total in the Department	350
If we have been able to distinguish between male and female names—which we never swear to—there are 68 of the latter in the several departments, classified as follows:	
Literary Department:	
Seniors	1
Sophomores	7
Freshmen	19
In Selected Studies	5
Total	29
Law Department:	
Senior	1
Juniors	3
Total	4
Medical Department:	
Total	28

Of all the students in the University Michigan furnishes 595; Ohio, 134; Ill. 103, 123; New York, 87; Indiana, 59; Pennsylvania, 59; Iowa and Wisconsin, 31 each; Missouri, 23; Tennessee, 10; Massachusetts, 12; Vermont, 13; Kentucky, 9; Minnesota, 6; Maine, Connecticut, Kansas, 5 each; New Jersey, 3; Delaware, 3; New Hampshire, Arkansas, Virginia, West Virginia, California, 2 each; Maryland, Rhode Island, Nebraska, Montana 1 each; Ontario, Canada, 27; and New Brunswick and the Sandwich Islands, 1 each.

The following is the list of petit jurors drawn for the next term of the Circuit Court, to commence Monday, February 26th:

Warren Babcock	Superior
Lorraine W. Bigelow	Ypsilanti City
John C. Bird	Ann Arbor
Edward L. Boyden	Webster
Horatio Burch	Manchaer
George Canfield	Lyndon
Aaron Childs	Augusta
Orman Clark	Lyndon
Wm. H. Davidson	Sylvan
Geo. W. Fram	Lodi
William Matthews	Sharon
Jas. Halliday, Jr.	Bridgewater
Ernst G. Haerer	Freedom
Egbert P. Harper	Lodi
William Humphrey	Lodi
Jacob J. Jevett	Scio
Chas. H. Kempf	Sylvan
James M. Kelsey	Ypsilanti City
Lyman W. Lake	Ann Arbor City
Hogge Matthews	Manchaer
John D. Merrithew	Manchaer
Morgan O'Brien	Webster
John Pichus	Salen
Josiah Peck	Ann Arbor City
John Skyles	Bridgewater
Delos Smith	Northfield
Benjamin F. Sutton	Manchaer
Charles Thayer	Ann Arbor City
Aaron B. Vanatta	Northfield
James E. Vanatta	Salen

East Saginaw and Ann Arbor Railroad.
We briefly adverted in our last issue to the prospects of the Ann Arbor, Corunna and East Saginaw Railroad, and hoped at that time to be permitted this week to give our reasons for the assurance that we then made in regard to its speedy construction. We have now, however, only to say that the Directors have this week held a meeting, and that negotiations are now in progress which we believe will result in the completion of the road more than one-half the distance south from East Saginaw to Ann Arbor by the 1st of November next. We repeat that we have the strongest reasons, which to us are conclusive, to believe that we have made, though for prudential considerations we cannot at this time make them public. Meanwhile, we copy the following from the East Saginaw Daily Courier of a late date:

"Late developments go to show that the Toledo and Ann Arbor Road, which for some time had been under a cloud, is to be built. On the construction of this road depends the success of the East Saginaw and Ann Arbor Railroad Company, organized in 1870, and the project is urged with strong assurances of support. The following letter from the officers of the road, addressed to our well known townsman, Curtis Emerson, Esq., will substantiate the statement above made:

C. EMERSON, ESQ.

DEAR SIR—I am in receipt of your favor of the 16th inst., and desire to say most assuredly that East Saginaw is the objective point with our company, in building the East Saginaw and Ann Arbor Railroad, and we can assure you in confidence that at an early day our road will reach the Saginaw Valley. In fact the delay on the part of our company has been occasioned entirely by the failure of the Toledo, Ann Arbor and Northern R. R. Company, in making arrangements to build the road from Ann Arbor to Toledo, and we are now informed that arrangements are perfected to ensure the completion of that road, so that our company will soon take active measures to build the road to your city, as well as south from here to Ann Arbor.

Our people here are ready at any time to commence operations at this point, and drive the wheel right along towards your city. And especially do we feel more confidence in the early completion of this road, since the developments at our coal mines have established the fact beyond any doubt that our road is a success, both in quality and quantity. And here permit us to extend a cordial invitation to your Common Council, as well as to your capitalists, to come at any time and make an examination of our coal mines for themselves. This coal is just what the people of your valley want for fuel. The company now working the mines assure us that by September next they will take out one hundred tons of coal per day. This alone you see will be an important item of freight.

In conclusion, allow us to say that we believe the E. S. and Ann Arbor R. R. is one of the most important roads in contemplation in this State, and we have no doubt about it being a paying road.

Very respectfully yours,
J. McCREEDY,
Pres't E. S. & A. A. R. R.
S. B. RAYNALE, Secretary.

DANIEL BUSH,
E. R. KESEY,
E. C. MOORE,
JAMES CUMMINS,
Directors.

"HOW TO GO WEST."
Forty years ago, Illinois was as far West as most people wished to go, and journeys were made in the legendary "Prairie Schooner," but in these days of Progress and Improvement, the word West has come to mean Iowa, Nebraska, California, and the Territories, and the traveler reaches almost any point therein by a splendid Line of Railroad.

This Line of Railroad is the Burlington Route, which starts from Chicago by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, and running through Burlington, reaches Omaha, Lincoln, Nebraska City, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth and Kansas City, connecting with the Union Pacific, Kansas Pacific, and other railroads running from those cities.

People going to Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, California, or any point in the Territories, will study their own interests by going "By way of Burlington," for the rates of that line are always as low as any other, and it is the best route in the West, therefore join as soon as you can to the Burlington Route.

The Burlington Route has admirably answered the question "How to go West" by the publication of an excellent Pamphlet, containing a large, truthful map of the Great West, and most interesting information which can be obtained, free of charge, by addressing General Passenger Agent, B. & O. R. R., Burlington, Iowa.

COMMERCIAL.
New York, Feb. 6th.

Yesterday we had quite a flurry in financial matters owing to the excitement caused by the bluster of England's papers, with regard to the Alabama claims. Gold advanced to 110 1/2, and stocks and bonds became weak. But the decline in gold to 102 1/2 inside of 48 hours, did more than volume could to allay the excitement. There is some feeling yet in the market, but a very general impression prevails that the British government, having ascertained what Americans think and would certainly do if the treaty were now rejected, will not be likely to follow the feelers sent out by their newspapers. Money is rather stringent and may be for a few days longer, for the reasons just named. There is dull and inactive. Wheat is 16c; February: white western, 1.75; amber and red, 1.62 1/2; Corn, steady, at 75c 1/4 for new mixed. Oats, steady at 34c 1/2. Mess pork, 14.25. Lard, higher; steam, 9 1/2; kettle, 7 1/2. Western butter, higher. Sugar, firmer, at 18c 1/2. Whisky steady at 50 1/4. Cotton has advanced to 23 1/2, or 4 1/4 higher since August. Dry goods, though not generally active, are firm. The leading articles are going up steadily.

DETROIT, Feb. 7, 1872.

With more favorable weather the past week there has been a more active inquiry for all kinds of goods. As intimated in these letters, hardware, though having made some important advances, was not much touched; so now we have again advances to report which in themselves are enough to make fortunes for large holders of stocks. Nails, since Monday, are 25c per keg higher; tin is 25c per box, and sheet iron 20c per 100 pounds, up. Nail rods at several other articles, both in iron and copper, are also up. And the jobbers say that the end is not yet. Dry goods are more active and "marking up" is still the order of the day. In brown drills, brown sheetings, jeans and ticks, advances have been made. Stock legs are no longer—now 37 1/2. Turpentine is up 5c, and still advancing. Alcohol is 7c lower. Oil lemon has advanced from \$5.25 to \$6.00, and oil sassafras from \$1.00 to \$1.10. The seasons for dressing, legs is practically over. There are very few shippers and almost no packers operating. On the street the farmers realize \$2.50 to \$3.00, but a round lot of railroad logs would command \$1.25 to \$1.40, but the logs to be made to-day are in a state of decay and are not worth the trouble of cutting. They are to be used for fuel only, and are in a state of decay and are not worth the trouble of cutting. They are to be used for fuel only, and are in a state of decay and are not worth the trouble of cutting.

THE RUSH STILL CONTINUES
AT
THE NEW MILLINERY STORE!
Where Everything is Going Strictly at New York Cost.

As I am determined to make an extensive alteration in my business by the 1st of March I am very desirous of clearing out my entire stock before that time.

All Winter Millinery to be cleared out, REGARDLESS OF On Monday Jan. 21, I will sell, at a upon sale my remaining stock of Parasols which will be offered below New York Cost. Also, French Lace Shawls, which will be offered at a sacrifice to close. French Corsets, 60c, warranted whalebone. Good Corsets for 25 cents. Thompson Glove-Fitting, Letter G. Brand, \$1.50.

Loose, from 10 cents a Pair, Upwards.

Towels, from 9 cents a piece, upwards.

Handkerchiefs, from 5 cents a piece, upwards.

Hoop Skirts, Wool Skirts, Towels, Napkins, Fans, Perfumery, Furs, Woolen Goods and White Goods, Woolen Yarns, Linens, and a great many other articles too numerous to mention.

H. COHEN, 47 South Main Street.

THE FARMERS' STORE
WILL COMMENCE THEIR
GREAT CLOSING
OUT SALE
ON AND AFTER THIS DATE
FOR TWO MONTHS.

Our Sales to the present time having been more than we anticipated for the year, we propose to sell for two months
AT COST
—
SAVE YOUR MONEY
—
BUY YOUR GOODS OF A
LIVE HOUSE,
Where the Stock is always complete,
and Prices the Lowest in the
City of Ann Arbor. Don't fail to call before making your purchases elsewhere, as
WE ARE BOUND TO SELL
—
LUMBER YARD.
C. KRAPP,
Has a large and well stocked Lumber Yard on the East Side of the City, and will keep constantly on hand an excellent variety of LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATH & CEMENT, of all kinds and qualities, which will be sold as low as can be afforded in this market. Quality and prices such that
NO ONE NEEDS GO TO DETROIT.
Ann Arbor, Jan. 25th, 1872.
G. W. HAYS, Supt.
1328m2

BACH & ABEL!
Fall and Winter
DRY GOODS!
Second large Stock now being received
AT BACH & ABEL'S!
Having been selected with care, and BOUGHT FOR CASH, enables us to offer
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO BUYERS.
We shall make it our aim to keep our Stock so large and attractive, and the price of each article so low, that it will be the interest of all purchasers of Dry Goods in this vicinity to do business with us.

C. BLIS & SONS,
NO. 11 SOUTH MAIN ST.
Are now receiving their Fall stock of
SILVER AND PLATED WARE
CLOCKS, WATCHES,
TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY
JEWELRY, FANCY GOODS, &c., &c.
Our Stock is already immense and still more coming. We have the finest and most elaborate
WEDDING AND HOLIDAY GOODS
Ever brought to this city, which we are offering at lower prices than ever. Having purchased in large quantities, we receive greater discounts than smaller dealers, and we propose giving purchasers the benefit of it.

Ladies'
BLACK DRESS GOODS!
MACK & SCHMID'S
SECOND ARRIVAL
contains all the finer class of goods adapted to the first-class trade, and we offer all the leading and most meritorious production in this our rapidly increasing
BLACK GOODS DEPARTMENT
at a small advance on Importers' prices.
WE HAVE ALSO ALL THE NEW SHADES IN
EMPRESS MERINOS, IRISH AND FRENCH POPLINS,
SATEEN SERGES, VELOURS,
ALPACAS, PLAIDS,
BIARRITZ, ETC., ETC.
With the Largest and
MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS
IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
HAVE YOUR MONEY READY!
We sell exclusively for cash,
AT PRICES THAT SECURE A SALE EVERY TIME.

