The Michigan Argus.

third story of the brick block corner of Mai ANN ARBOR, - - MICHIGAN. GLIHUB. POND.

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. \$2.00 a year, or \$1.50 in advance. ATES OF ADVERTISING

page. \$ 75 \$1 25 \$1 50 \$2 50 \$3 50 \$5 00 \$8 00 12 00 agrees. \$ 75 \$0 4 00 \$2 50 \$5 00 \$8 00 12 00 agrees. \$ 2 00 2 50 3 50 50 0 7 50 10 50 15 00 agrees. \$ 3 50 4 00 4 50 6 00 10 00 15 00 25 00 agrees. \$ 3 50 4 00 4 50 6 00 10 00 15 00 25 00 agrees. \$ 3 50 5 00 6 00 8 00 12 00 20 00 30 00 agrees. \$ 3 50 5 00 6 00 10 00 15 00 25 00 agrees. \$ 3 50 6 00 00 15 00 20 00 30 00 55 00 agrees. \$ 3 50 6 00 10 00 15 00 24 00 35 00 65 00 agrees. \$ 3 50 6 00 10 00 15 00 24 00 35 00 65 00 agrees. \$ 3 50 6 00 00 10 00 00 15 00 25 00 00 15 00 25 00 00 15 00 25 00 00 15 00 25 00 00 15 00 25 00 00 15 00 25 00 00 15 00 25 00 00 15 00 25 00 00 15 00 25 00 00 15

dre lines or less considered to the per year, sines or special notices 12 cents a line for the sines or special notices 12 cents a line for the sines rion, and 8 cents for each subsequent indirections will be parameter arged accordingly.
If advertising, first insertion, 70 cents per gs cents per folio for each subsequent inserting the same as the first whole will be charged the same as the first

JOB PRINTING. ets, Posters, Handbilis, Circulars, Cards ets, Labels, Blanks, Bill-Heads and othe

MISINESS DIRECTORY. Office and residence, 71 Huron street,

Surgeon. Office and residence, 71 Huron street, Arbor. Office hours from 8 to 9 a.m. and from RS. SOPHIA VOLLAND, M. D., Physican and Surgeon. Office at residence, 44 An Will attend to all professional calls prompt

H. JACKSON, Dentist. Office corner of Main and Washington streets, over Bach & store, Ann Arbor, Mich. Anesthetics admin-

Ann Arbor, Mich., wholesale and retail deal Dry Goods, Carpets and Groceries.

W. WAGNER, dealer in Ready-Made Cloth ing, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Trunks Bags, etc., 21 South Main street.

SCHAEBERLE, Teacher of the Piano-forte,
Pupils attain the desired skill in piano-playby a systematic course of instruction. For
supply at residence, No. 12 W. Liberty street,
artior. Prompt attention paid to piano-tuning. TATIE J. ROGERS, Portrait Painter, Po traits painted to order either from life or pho-siple. Instructions given in Drawing and sing by the system used in Academics of De-Studio, No. 7, cor. Division and Ann streets.

J. D. HARTLEY, M. D.,

MRS. SOPHIA HARTLEY, M. D., GERMAN AND ENGLISH HYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

a luxurious tree in a pine grove, engaged in that richest of sweet employments, discussing the personal qualities of Mr. Dick Redfern, who, lucky dog, was engaged to be married to one of the jewels, for and residence, No. 18 Thompson, corner of poon and William streets, Ann Arbor, Mich, Ir. Hartley will limit her practice to the treat-of diseases peculiar to Ladies and Children. whose name was Agnes Catherine Preston, but who was familiarly called MISS MANTIE M. MILNER, 'Poppet" by her friends.
"My love," said she, addressing her companion, who lay with her head rest-ing upon her hands, observing her tkrough her half-shut eyes, "My love, I am not above admitting to you that I

TEACHER OF THE PIANO. berugtion given at the residence of the pupil if Between inquire at residence, No. 48 South State

EUGENE K. FRUEAUFF, AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE. business promptly attended to. Office No. Washington street, Rinsey & Seaboli's block. NOAH W. CHEEVER, ghor, Mich.

JOHN L. BURLEIGH,

Attorney and Counselor at Law, No. 24 Bank Block, second floor, ANN ARBOR, - - MICHIGAN.

HENRY R. HILL, TTORNEY AT LAW And Dealer in Real Estate. Mrs, No 3 Opera House Block, ANN ARBOR.

VERYBODY SAYS THAT REVENAUCH

loss Photographer of Ann Arbor.

28 East Huron Street, up-stairs

H. WINSLOW DEALER IN CHURES, FRAMES AND BRACKETS,

VIOLINS AND GUITARS. linds of Repairing promptly attended to.

No. 30 East Huron Street. J. H. NICKELS,

FRESH & SALT MEATS. Hams, Sausages, Lard, etc., ATE STREET, OPPOSITE NORTHWEST COR-NER OF UNIVERSITY CAMPUS.

orders promptly filled. Farmers having meats sell should give him a call. 1568-y1

THE ANN ARBOR

SAVINGS BANK

Ann Arbor, Michigan. leceives deposits of One Dollar and upwards and Five per cent. interest on all deposits reining three months or longer. TEREST COMPOUNDED SEMI-ANNUALLY.

Also, buys and sells U. S. Bonds, Gold, Silver and erest Coupons, and New York, Detroit and Chiwe Exchange.

"Oh, wait a moment; let me comprehend this first. Obstinate, foolishly proud," selfish—I think I have it the sells Sight Drafts on Great Pritain, Ireland, many, or any other part of the European Con-This Bank is organized under the General Ban

Law of this State, The stockholders are indi whole capital is security for Jepositors, while Banks of issue the capital is avested for the urily of bill-holders. This fact makes this Inlintion a very safe deposit of moneys Married Women can deposit subject to their own infis only.

Money to Loan on Approved Securities. DIRECTORS-R. A. Beal, C. Mack, W. D. Harrian, W. Deubel, W. W. Wines, D. Hiscock, W. B.

MACK, Pres't. W. W. WINES, Vice-Pres C. E. HISCOCK, Cashier

EBERBACH & SON, Inggists and Pharmacists

12 South Main St..

*pi on hand a large and well selected stock of

MEDICINES, CHEMICALS.

RTISTS' & WAX FLOWER MATERIAL Toilet Articles, Trusses, Etc.

URE WINES AND LIQUORSS Pecial attention paid to the furnishing of Phy

wing to Molly. "What is the matter?" cried Poppet.
"I am surprised—confounded!" "An excellent subject."

Michigan



VOLUME XXXIII.

This neighbor whose show has dazzled your eye

This neighbor whose show has dazzled you In fact, is a wretched debtor;
I pity him or; from my very heart, And I wish that his lot were better;
Why, the man is the veriest slave alive;
For his dashing wife and daughter
Will live, in style though ruin should come—
So he goes like a lamb to the slaughter!
But he feels it the tighter every day—
That terrible debtor's collar!
Oh, what would he give could be say with a

You seemed amazed—but I'll tell you more, Within two hours I met him, Sneaking away with a frightened air As if a fiend had beset him; Yet he fled from a very worthy man, Whom I met with the greatest pleasure—Whom I called by name, and forced to stop, Though he said he was not at leisure. He held my last note! so I held him fast! Till he freed my neck from the collar; Then I shook his hand as I proudly said, "Now I owe no man a dollar!"

POPPET'S CIGARETTE.

On one of the brightest days of a

bright June, two of the fairest of fair company, at a seaside resort, sat beneath

think I've got a pretty good sort of a fellow on the whole. I admit that he

has a few blemishes; who has not?

There are a few points in which I could

correct him, but, taking him all in all,

congratulate me on my acquisition.

the happiest couple in the State."
"But suppose he kicks?"

one week after our marriage we shall be

"Kicks!" (this with surprised em-

"Will you promise not to fly at me?"

"Nonsense; I'm not a fury."
"Very well, then. I should like just.

you have a few slight faults of your

"You have some decided faults."

"Such as what, pray?"
"Oh, now, that's another thing. I
don't profess to be able to point out the

eams in your eye, when I am conscious

"Now, please—please, Molly!"
"Do you really want me to tell?

"Certainly," was the faint response,

"Well, included among the rest," proceeded the indomitable critic, "I

ure for the good of your husband, or for

"Oh, but I don't admit a word

"Certainly not. On the contrary, I

a cigarette in your pocket? I feel that I

cannot continue the course of my re-

I am ashamed to say that the blonde-

oyingly drew in a volume of smoke;

She saw her sweetheart, Dick, tower-

him. He took it, and sat down.

am sure you have made a mistake

marks without a stimulant."

there are plenty of motes in my own."

uttered with an apprehensive look.

Truly and honestly?"

"Well—well!"
"And—"

"Indeed!"

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1878.

with me the other night that this womansmoking is a bad habit?"

"Yes, certainly—if it is a habit. It "Then it isn't the smoking, it's only the habit you refer to, is it?"
Poppet looked puzzled. There was a

silence, a long one; meanwhile Poppet smoked vigorously; her little clouds puffed into the two faces beside her, and Dick began to grow red. Finally he got up.

"Poppet, I'd like to speak to you a moment." "Oh, dear! What's it about, Dick?

I can't get up."
"Very well, then."
He looked moody. "Is it about smoking?-is it?" "Why, yes."

"Oh, then, if you are going to scold, why do you want to take me aside? If it is sensible, why not give Molly the benefit of it?" Dick looked volumes. He half laughed and half swore. This was a

terrible sort of girl. "Well, then, I tell you flatly I do not That isn't much of an argument."

"But I hoped you would consider it a reason. I would quit any habit that offended you, and feel glad of the chance of pleasing you."
"If I adopted that principle, mercy knows what there would be left for me to do. You always object."

"I beg your pardon."
"Which, I fancy, is your polite way
of telling me that I fib." "As you please." Dick's eyes began to light up. "Poppet, I remember distinctly that you agreed with me that it is an unpleasant sight to see a woman smoke. It is useless, hoydenish, fast, and you know it. I expressly ask you to throw away that cigarette."

"And I say expressly that I shall do no such thing. To dare to come here, before my best friend, and ask me to give up one of the few pleasures I have, simply because your Highness has come to the conclusion that I do not show off to advantage in a cloud of smoke! It is preposterous! absurd! idiotic!"

Poppet !" "And I wish you to understand, sir, that I shall retain as many of my habits as pleases me. It so happens that I enjoy smoking, therefore I shall smoke on occasions, and what I like, whether it is a cigarette, or a cigar, or a meer-schaum or a clay pipes—it is all the same

Mr. Dick Redfern arose easily to his feet, took off his hat, made a low bow, and went away; leaving his sweetheart fuming and glaring and smoking, while in her friend's eyes there was a faint trace of tears. "I believe it is you who are the

idiot!" said she. I think that, with a firm hand and reso-

"At any rate, I shall now enjoy my NOAH W. CHEEVER,

I to an bring him into cigarette without interruption," replied to other, "and to show him how little yard.

TTORNEY AT LAW.

I can bring him into tolerable subjection. I do not feel the other, "and to show him how little yard.

A cigarette without interruption," replied the other, "and to show him how little yard.

A cigarette without interruption," replied the other, "and to show him how little yard.

A cigarette without interruption," replied the other, "and to show him how little yard. perament would succeed with him, but evening and smoke I, being possessed of considerable vim der his window. He will smell it, look and fire, am convinced that the task will occupy me but a few hours; and so I forgive him."

think I am safe in permitting you to In | middle of the afternoon, and it was hot, and so he brought a jug of lemonade, and sat down in a corner of his room, upon a Japanese fauteuil, to think over

He sat until the hotel bell rang for tea. "Yes, kicks. It seems reasonable He felt neither like eating nor drinking. enough that a young fellow, who is ended out of bachelorhood by a pretty up his sweetheart rarely does. He sat fair sort of a girl, will not entirely re- until dusk. He heard them dancing, his independence without a and he knew that Miss Preston was in the middle of the rout. He grew more fight. And, even at the risk of making a the middle of the rout. He grew more sworn fee of you, I should like to sug- and more indignant, and more sure that gest something that has probably never he was right and that she was wrong. He nursed his troubled mind, and recalled all her words. It was not the with himself that there was nothing to thorough adhesion.
do but to surrender her—to send back Soluble or water

open, and sat looking out at the lonely

perceive a foolish obstinacy, a belief in your own self, an inability to look be-

yond your own desires. If you were It grew to be 11 o'clock. The notes asked, for instance, to give up a pleasure for the good of your husband, or for the huge bell so nded frightfully the benefit of any one else, you would lond. As its last stroke sounded, he never consent with a good grace. It is thought he heard a noise in the room. looked about cautiously. clear selfishness, mixed with a good proportion of pride, which is, if you faint glow of the stars, which came will permit a dear friend to say so, ex- down through the overarching trees, he of fire. perceived a man's head rise cantiously above the sill of the furthest window. The body followed. Then it sank back again. Presently be heard footsteps in the grass just outside the window close beside him. Then whispers. It seemed

that there were three men. No. On the whole I think I won't. One said: "Are you sure she isn't You've got it all there. All the rest of in there?" the flaws in your style of mind and tem-"Yes," was the reply; "I saw her in per are subordinate to those. Correct the grove, not a minute ago." there radical faults, and you will be an "Then go ahead. Get in, you two you'll find the box in the top drawer of her bureau, on the right-hand side."

Dick then remembered that Poppet, or rather, Miss Preston, had once occu pied this room, and that she always car-ried a great deal of jewelry about with am generous, confiding, yielding, and amiable; but—oh, Molly, have you got her at the watering-places. Dick began to remember his boxing

took a position behind a tall chair in the corner. I am ashamed to say that the blonde-haired Molly thrust her hand into her pocket, and pulled ont a little bunch of Honradas, from which her companion Dick heard them at his bureaus. extracted a dainty, white paper tube, and lighted it with a practiced hand. She placed it between her lips, and en-

lessons. He slipped off his shoes, and

"Gad, they won't find much there, though," reflected he.

The men fumbled everything, and ransacked every drawer, meanwhile utthen emitted it in a slender stream, until it was nearly exhausted; and then she heard a step in the grass behind her, and, being startled, she puffed out the approached them slowly. He got behind them, and, with a savage blow, fallow into the fire-place,

manner of the Cubans, and looked knocked one fellow into the fire-place, and another toward the window; but, be fore he could recover to attack the third ing above her, with a curious expression the thief, who was as good a boxer as upon his face. He said nothing. She himself, dealt him a tremendous blow, nodded, and, placing the cigarette be- and Dick staggered and fell. In an intween her lips, she put out her hand to stant all three were upon him, and a handkerchief was forced between his "By George!" exclamed he, first teeth, and he was gagged, and his hands and arms pinioned. The one struck a match, and, while

secreting their own faces, they examined

In a moment Dick was alone. He rolled about and tried to kick.

Presently he heard a voice; a woman's

"There's a man outside the window,

itting on a bench. There was a pause.

"A woman! don't you see the light of

is cigar, you fool?"
"By George, let's get out of this!"

The smell of a Havana floated in at the

pawnbroker's.

"What is it?"

"It's a woman

cice. It was Poppet. She was calling him faintly, as if she were in pain.

"Oh, Dick, Dick! come and help me!
I'm so sick—so dreadful ill! I'm afraid I'm going to die!" "It's that Havana the little stupid has been trying to provoke me with. I'll let her suffer a little," thought Dick. For ten minutes he lay still, until he

knew she was in the proper agony; then he raised his heels, and beat a tremen-dous tattoo upon the floor, which raised nouse in a minute. When he was released he explained matters, and, before he could get the wondering crowd out of his chamber,

Poppet appeared at the door, white and Dick ran to her and led her away. She put her aching head upon his coulder, and whispered:

the gas, she gave him a heavenly

tage on the top of some mighty rocks, where they found her father going about swinging a watchman's rattle, and raising a hue and cry for his lost one.

"Never mind, indeed!" echoed the old gentleman. "Oh, you're there, Dick, are you? All right, then!" The author feels, with this model man, that it is time to retire. One does little good by penetrating too far into mysupon the wicket-gate, and gazed at the ing the year 1876:" moon and the illuminated waters, and decided that life was pleasant.

THE WORKSHOP.

Granite weighs 42 cwt, to the cubic A cistern 5 feet in diameter and 5 feet

deep holds 732 gallons.
Waterproof mastic cement is five parts river sand, five parts ground stone lime, 1,585; other animals, 8,053; snakes, ten parts red lead, in powder.
Powdered chalk, brick-dust or fine saw-dust, added to glue, will make it hold with more than ordinary firmness.

In Breslau, Prussia, a successful attempt has been made to erect a paper chimney about fifty feet high. By a themical preparation the paper is renlered impervious to fire or water. Bottle or green glass is made of the mmonest materials in about the following proportions; Sand, 100 parts; kelp or impure soda, 30; wood ashes,

Cements that are used in a fused state. miserable cigarette, but it was the dis-position she showed. If she would act less the parts to be joined are heated to breastwork which mediocrity throws up

her letters and pictures, and then to go mixing well 200 grains of fine sand, and replies, 'What did you do with the 50

A burning chimney, when the soot He began to feel miserable, wretched, deserted. To be suddenly bereft of that thing that gave his life a motive and an object, was to make his heart sink and then, by throwing a few handfuls of common salt upon the fire in the grate or on the hearth, the fire in the chimney will be immediately extinguished. The phisophy of this is that, in the process of

> For welding iron and steel a composition has lately been patented in Europe, consisting of iron filings forty parts, borax twenty parts, balsom co-paiba or some other resinous oil two parts, and sal-ammoniac three parts. They are mixed, heated and pulverized. The process of welding proceeds as usual, the surfaces to be welded are powdered with the composition and then brought o a cherry-red heat, at which the powder melts, when the portions to be united are taken from the fire and joined.

> > Hydrophobia Increasing.

"It is hard that a strong and healthy man should have to go for a dog," said Mr. Buckland, of Chicopee, as he was dying of hydrophobia last week. His death and that of three other strong and healthy men in Massachusetts and Conrophobia, have alarmed many people. Two of the dogs that bit two of the men have escaped, and how many more deaths will result therefrom remains to be seen. In the Connecticut valley it is feared that rabies has been widely communicated. Even valuable horses and other animals have died of it, and there is a strong feeling in favor of killing every dog within a circuit of thirty country, have been reported within a month-an increase that calls for decisive steps toprevent its further spread. - New THE most gigantic forgeries of mod-

rn times, in England at least, have been punished, Frederick Dimsdale, a London solicitor, and Charles Durrell Moore, a clerk, having pleaded guilty. By means of forged leases and docu-"That's a fact. I thought you agreed I them at his ring-box, and he knew his from capitalists.

diamond study were on the way to the KILLED BY POISONOUS SNAKES. the judgment, and the reply was that he DEATH OF CENTENARIANS IN 1827. Suddenly one of the men whispered Nineteen Thousand Persons Perishing in British India in a Single Year. [From the Pall Mall Gazette.]

A resolution of the Government of India, dated Simla, Nov. 16, on the results of the measures adopted to exter-minate wild animals and venomous snakes in British India, in 1876, says: Last year 21,000 persons and 48,000 head of cattle were destroyed by wild animals and venomous snakes; 22,357 wild animals and 270,185 venomous "Leave everything. If we're caught snakes were killed, and 120,015 rs. had with this stuff, it'll be ten years in quod been expended in rewards. This year 19,273 persons and 54,830 head of cattle have so perished; 212,371 snakes and 23,459 wild animals have been killed, and 124,574 rs. have been expended in rewards. In Madras, Bengal, and in the Northwestern provinces and Oudh, the numbers of persons killed by wild animals and by snakes were considerably less in 1876 than in 1875. In the other provinces the figures do not exhibit any great variations, except in the Central provinces, where the deaths rose from 617 in 1775 to 1,098 in 1876. The Chief Commissioner states that no new or special measures have been adopted for the extermination of wild animals and snakes, but there is no explanation

of the greater mortality shown in his returns. As regards the loss of cattle, the figures of the year seem unsatisfactory. While Madras and Bombay show fewer cattle killed, Bengal, the Northwest-ern provinces and Oudh, the Punab, the Central provinces and British be such a fool again. Is there anything else you'd like to have me give up—is there? Oh, Dick, did those wretches hurt you? Poor boy—poor—oh, how my head goes around just like a t-o-p!"

"You saved my trinkets for me."

"But did he think he lost his Jewel?"
She opened her eyes, and by the light She opened her eyes, and, by the light reporting, and not to really greater mortality. As regards rewards paid for the destruction of wild animals (including destruction of wild animals (including snakes), more was paid in Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the Northwestern provinces and Oudh, the Central provinces and British Burmah, and less in the Bunjab and in Assam. The Government of India trust that in future 'Never mind, pa," cried Poppet, air- years the returns may be more accurate and may be reviewed by the local governments which submit them, and that the measures reported may be more ef-

Appended to this resolution is the following "statement showing the results of the measures adopted in British tery. The two brewed some lemonade India with the view of exterminating without sugar, and then went and lolled wild animals and venomous snakes dur-India with the view of exterminating

Number of persons killed by elephants, 52; tigers, 917; leopards, 156; bears, 123; wolves, 887; hyenas, 49; other animals, 143; snakes, 15,946; total killed, 19,273. Number of cattle killed by ele-phants, 3; tigers, 13,116; leopards, 15,-373; bears, 410; wolves, 12,448; hyenas, 6,486; total killed, 54,830. Number of animals and snakes destroyed: phants, 4; tigers, 1,693; leopards, 3,763; ears, 1,362; wolves, 5,976; hyenas, destroyed, 23,459.

212,371; total number, excluding snakes, Some Other Rights of Weman. From Bob Ingersoll's new lecture 'I believe woman is the equal of man more, that of protection. I believe the institution of marriage to be the holiest and most sacred institution among men. Yet it took thousands of years to advance from slavery up to the marriage kelp or impure soda, 30; wood ashes, 40; potter's clay, 100; cullet or broken glass, 100.

I hate a man who thinks he is the head of the family. I do. I despise him. I hate one of those dignified galoots. I never saw a dignified man thus in the delicious moments of their courtship, what would she not be capable of doing when in the midst of the humdrum of married life? He reasoned chilled before it has time to effect a obliged to be a beggar. She says, 'I want a dollar,' and asks for it as if she Soluble or water glass is formed by were standing on a bomb-shell, and he away on a sea-voyage.

It grew dark. His room was but a few feet from the ground, and they began to take down the Chinese lanterns from the trees outside. Then it grew very dark. A little breeze sprung up, but still he kept his three windows wide onen and sat looking out at the lone. termed silicated potassa, on an iron plate. the democracy of the family. Every The compound thus formed is pure silica home should be a little republic in it. self. Love is the only thing that will pay 10 per cent, to both borrower and lender. Love is the only thing where man should be cheerful and pleasant on slave anybody you make him dishonest. A hut with love is a palace fit for a King. A little while ago I stood at the tomb of burning the salt, muriatic-acid gas is the dead Napoleon, and, when I thought evolved, which is a prompt extinguisher of his past life, I thought I would rather the salt, muriatic-acid gas is the dead Napoleon, and, when I thought have been a French peasant and worn wooden shoes, living in a hut with a lit-tle wife I loved, with children upon my

> great or rich or powerful to be happy.' The Heart. Throb, throb, throb. Never sleeping, but often tired, loaded with care, chilled by despair, bleeding with wounds, often nflicted by those who do not understand it, or burdened with affection, it must ones are mountains of weight upon its more sensitive; hate, if it hates, heats it to desperation and fills it with conflicts. Still it works on. When slumber closes the eyelids the heart is beating-beating beneath all its burdens; it works while we sleep; it works while we The Connecticut Legislature is play; it aches when we laugh. Do not unnecessarily wound it; do not add to considering a proposition to impose a tax of \$20 on every dog, with stringent its bleeding wounds. Speak a kind penalties for non-payment. Six deaths word to cheer it; warm it when it is rom this disease, in various parts of the | cold; encourage it when it despairs. Good Words. Fish as a Legal Tender.

knee and their arms about my neck, and

died unnoticed and unknown, loved by

those who knew me, than to have been

that King. It is not necessary to be

In some pleasant reminiscences of the Milwaukee Sentinel tells the following anecdote of Judge Frazier: "In a case where a judgment had been obtained against a party by the name of Lott Blanchard, an application was made for a stay of execution for one year, under questioned him as to his means to pay | dead-carts.

was destitute of any property. He was then asked what his business was, and he replied a fisherman. H. N. Wells was the attorney for the creditor, and the Judge, on finding that the debtor was willing to pay the judgment in fish, addressed Mr. Wells and told him that he must receive fish in payment, at the same time giving the debtor explicit orders to deliver 'good and not stinking Whether the fish were ever paid

or not was never informed. PIUS IX.

The Early Days of the Late Pope-How He Was Converted.

[From the New York Times.] Wounded in his affections, disappointed in his day-dreams of martial fame, the young Count Feretti hastened from a place that had grown hateful to him. Every sight of the blue Adriatic, of the white walls of the old fort, of the blackish-green ibexes around the villa Albani re-opened his sore. He went to Rome and threw himself into the very vortex of the dissipated life of those times. The dreadful throes which society had undergone, the instability of fortune in days when no one knew what would happen on the morrow, the spectacle of the downfall of established fortunes on the one hand, and the rise of colossal wealth from nothing on the other, had worked a complete demoralization which at first the return of the Pope was pow erless to cure. The honor of men, the chastity of women were subordinate to the pursuit after pleasure and the thirst of success. Men gambled like denizens of the mad-house, women lived without restraint. The fell philosophy of the Egyptians, "Eat, drink, and live," was in every heart and on every lip. "Who cares for to-morrow?" was as much the thought of the Romans then as when Horace wrote: "Quid sit futurum eras, fuge quærere." It was a carnival without end of folly and of shame. Among the boldest libertines of that bold time, among the wildest gamblers, among the most successful seekers after bonnes fortunes was Mastai Feretti. His rare personal beauty, his wonderful charm of conversation, his sparkling wit, his never-failing vivacity, made him eagerly sought after, He was, perhaps, at that time the Grammont of the hour. Men delighted to tell of the equanimity with which he supported the fortunes of the gaming-table, how he would com-mence an anecdote while hazarding thousands of scudi, and would finish without a tremor in his voice when fortune was adverse to him. Women whispered of his success in other fields, and gossiped of the furious rivalries between certain belle donne for his smile. Suddenly, in the midst of his social triumphs, in the height of his sad victories in the boudoir and the gambling-room, Mas ai Feretti disappeared.

Among those unthinking votaries of pleasure who lived in such a whirl of excitement as to exclude both thought and real affection, there were none who cared sufficiently for the companion of their follies to ask what had become of him. He, the brilliant, the life-enjoying, from whose lips had flowed with careless grace the epicurean philosophy of the time, lay stretched in agony, Godsmitten, before the humble altar of an obscure church in Rome. For as surely as in the early days of Christianity, when he thought not of it, so did God send conviction to the heart of this young ibertine, in the midst of his excesses. The mysteries of a heart experience, of that second birth—that baptism of water and the spirit which the Savior of mankind has explained as necessary to eternal life-is not a subject for a newspaper article. It is essentially of the spirit, and those who think of its awful secrets must do so with solemn preparation, and with mind divested of earthly cares. But the existence of such things, though only few can know, all are compelled to believe. Even those who do not accept revelation are forced to see in the lives of Ignatius Loyola and Mastai Feretti and John Bunyan a transmitting energy which turned base clay to purest gold. Mastai Feretti, under the influence of submissive agony before his God. When Greenland and other Arctic lands of fosgies, all his broken ambitions, all his energy, when divinely directed into a came a great ice age, which buried this apable to do God service. He was an astrument to stay the demoralization of he age, to paint vice in its own image, strip from its false face its alluring mask, how the hollowness of its promises, and the gulf to which it unerringly led.

How Indians Hunt Buffalo. The commandant of a post generally

gives the Indians under his control permission to go on a buffalo hunt about wice a year. A party from 200 to 300 is allowed to go out at once, and may be out for from thirty to ninety days, be-ing, during that time, accompanied by two or three soldiers from the The party is divided and the herd is surrounded, the circuit being about a half mile in diameter. When about half way around the signal is given to charge, and the bucks commence to ply the beat on for a lifetime. Nothing finds a lodgment in its chambers that does not ward and forward, until probably oneadd to its labors. Every thought that fifth of them are killed, when the hunt the mind generates steps upon the heart before it wings its way into the outer world. The memory of the dead loved along and picked up their husbands' clothing, and follow after to complete sensitiveness; the anxieties of the soul the work of the chase. The buck, having stream to the heart and bank themselves shot his buffalo, rushes forward to pass upon it, as the early snowdrifts cover the tender plant; love, if it loves, fires it on the side which the arrow has pierced with feverish warmth and makes it the and break it. He cuts the arrow out of its place, puts it back in his quiver, and then marks the buffalo with brand, which may be a cut in the nos tril, in the ear, thigh, or some other part of the body. Here again then the squaw gets her onerous share of the work in. She distinguishes the animal her buck has slain, skins it, cuts the made a permanent camp, in the vicinity of the nearest water.—St. Louis Post.

War's Horrors.

erning the mortality of sick and woundthe statute then in force, which authorized it to be done where the debtor could show that he had no property. Blanch- ard appeared before the Judge, who they had been amplied out from the coach to put on in case of rain; they are the only things through I caught two—one very large and one small rat; and every night since this dehim, and took possession of his watch and wallet, and then made the complete tour of the apartment. Dick heard to the tour of the apartment to the tour of the apartment. Dick heard to the tour of the apartment to the tour of the apartment to the tour of the apartment. Dick heard to the tour of the apartment to the tour of th

five bushels fit for eating. Potatoes, like apples, need just enough covering to save them from frost, if buried; and,

if stored, a cool, dry, well-ventilated cellar is the proper place.—Rural New

Old Year. Jan. 4. Mrs. Mary Sharkey died in New York city. She was born in Sligo, Ireland, and was 102 years of age. She ate nothing for eighteen days before her

Feb. 12. Caroline Lambert died at Omaha, Neb., aged 101. She was burned to death while dressing a sore arm with

Feb. 14. Mrs. Mary Dunham, aged 105, died at Glenville, N. Y. Feb. 14. Aaron Easton died at Tyre, N. Y., aged 101. He was born in New Jersey, and of small stature. Feb. 14. Mrs. Eunice White, wife of Peleg W. White, aged 102, at Macedon,

Feb. 26. Hugh McMartin, at New York city, aged 105. Born in Ireland. March 18. Augustin Picard, aged 109, died at Rochester, N. Y. He was born at St. Pierre, Quebec, in 1767. His father died at the age of 108, his mother at the age of 104, and his sister now

lives at Quebec, aged 109. He was an inveterate smoker, regular drinker, and never had a head or stomach ache, and was confined to his bed for only eight March 20. Philip Kavanaugh, aged 105, died at Zaleski, O. He was a native of Ireland.

March 22. Mrs, Catharine Schneider, aged 101, at Kenosha, Wis. Ill only six

March 24. Samuel Vaum, aged 104, died Trumansburg, Tompkins county,

in Ireland, 1774.

May 6. Bridget Rush, aged 103, in St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, in New She fell down stairs some days before her death. June 26. Ann Henry, aged 105, in New York. Born in Ireland.

July 5. Mrs. Susan Hague, aged 106, blood obtains a free circulation, or until

July 5. Mrs. Susan Hague, aged 106, in New York city. She had 54 grand-children and 12 great-grandchildren. Her husband was a sea Captain, and lived to the age of 83. She never had any disease but the yellow fever.

July 6. Mrs. Margaret Boyd, aged
102 years, 10 months and 10 days, at
New York city. She was born in Derry
county, Ireland. She used no specta-

les, and could see to darn stockings. July 24. An unknown woman, aged 106, at residence of John Jenkins, at Newtown, Long island, who took care of her for fourteen years.

106, at Ripley, O. Aug. 26. John Francis (colored), aged 103, at Harrison, Westchester county, N. Y. He had been a slave, and escaped

at Little Britain, Orange county, N. Y. He was born July 4, 1776, was a farm la-borer, and worked until the day before

by underground railroad.

Nov. 10. Thomas Grimaldi, aged 102, at Knoxville, Tenn.
Nov. 23 Joseph King, a native of
Lower Canada, aged 102, at Chicago.
Nov. 28. Mrs. Elizabeth Allen, aged 105 years, 5 months, and 6 days, at

Dec. 9. Catharine Fitzpatrick, aged 100, at Bellevue Hospital, New York. Is the World Growing Colder? A curious theory of the future fate of the world is being discussed by a Swedish paper. The question is whether recent and long-continued observations do not point to the advent of a second glacial period, when the fair countries now basking in the fostering warmth of a tropical sun will ultimately give way to the perennial frost and snow of the polar regions. The researches of geolothat mysterious power, lay stretched in gists have proved the existence in e rose up comforted the current of his sil palms and other tropical plants, which life was changed. All his wasted ener- show that these regions were formerly covered with a rich vegetation which only lost affections came back with tenfold equatorial climes can now produce. Then just and noble channel. He saw his work before him. The persuasive tongue, whose golden accents had whispered of guilty love to women, the elo. and snow again extending its way tow-Far is not cheap at the price of meat. quence that had delighted men, were ard the equator? From the Antarctic New flour takes up more water than circle we have no data which supply an answer to the question; but it is asserted that the climate of Norway, Sweden and Iceland is annually becoming more severe. Great masses of ice are frequently observed by navigators in far more southerly position during the summer months in the Atlantic than was the case

a few years ago; and the effect of these cebergs is to materially reduce the temperature of Scandinavia and Iceland. The latter island is suffering so severely that the corn no longer ripens there, and the inhabitants, in fear of approaching famine and still colder climate, are emigrating to North America. The influence of the gulf stream on the climate of Norway, which has been not less marked than its effects on the coasts of Ireland and Scotland, is being effaced by the intensity of the cold brought by the masses of ice which it is for the gulf stream to carry toward the eastern side of the North Atlantic. This extraordinary cold appears to be rather of periodical occurcence than of gradually and annually increasing intensity, and our Swedish contemporary appears to have forgotten that the existence of larger quantities of ce than usual in the Atlantic rather points to a recent period of stormy but stick on the shells and moss. not weather in the polar regions than to an unusual intensity and extension of the reign of polar cold. Still the phenomenon is of great interest and importance, and deserves careful attention.

The Perfect Whip. Always have an apron on your box; it

ides a bad seat and a pair of bent knees. Sit straight on your box, with meat away from the bones in the most convenient and hurried manner, and hands well down, your shoulders well packs it to where the bucks have already back, your head erect, and your eyes well in front of you. Do not sit back up, like a "pig in a rage," and do not bend over your foot-board as if you were Looking-Glass in Mouse Traps.—Rats and mice will go into a trap much more readily if a piece of looking-glass looking after the stump of the cigar you is put in any part of the trap where they Horrible stories are told by the correspondents in the Russian camps consit with your knees bent. Start quietly the creatures, and where they see any of off the crown of a hill. If your pole their tribe there they will go. I am ed prisoners. At Fratesti a corre-spondent came upon a party of Russian or fresh broken stones; they are a won-las, as I properly "baited" my trap for soldiers digging huge graves, and near derful help in times of need. Never a whole week without being able to coax omit to have a pair of worsted gloves one of the depredators in; but the first Reynardson.

NUMBER 1675.

Yorker. By accident we have discovered how to manage the check of a high-headed and hard-mouthed horse. Such a horse should be checked up, especially if it pulls on the reins, as the check will relieve the driver. When a horse is checked up tight it cannot kick up as readily, nor will it incline to run any. To check and uncheck such an animal, take hold of one side of the rein with one hand and pull the head around toward you and then with the other hand put the

AGRICULTURAL AND DOMESTIC.

Around the Farm.

remarks very sensibly that "to turn cattle from an open range, where they have had access to pure water, into fields

where more or less corn has been care-lessly left, and where there is in many cases an absence of water, and then charge the mischief which logically fol-

lows to 'smut,' is obviously incorrect."

A NEIGHBOR opened his potato pit the other day. He was led to this by noticing that the snow was all melted off on top of the pit, although there was plenty about it. Upon removing the earth and manure from the potatocal has been also b

manure from the potatoes, he found that they had been buried too deep, and were

reduced to a rotten mass in consequence of heating. Out of forty-five bushels buried last fall, he can save only four or

SECRETARY GRAY, of the Kansas Board,

attempt to pull the check directly back to the hook-line, it would be very hard work. - Moore's Rural. In feeding sheep good hay is a standard article, and should be fed at the rate of three pounds per head, daily, every alternate week; during the intervening weeks it may be reduced one-half in quantity, and the deficiency supplied with one and one-half pounds of green food per head. Experiments prove that, with this diet, sheep can be kept in a healthful and productive condition during the winter and spring. In the change of diet, the feeding of such green food as potatoes, apples, turnips ruta-bagas, etc., assists digestion, and pre-vents the "stretches," a disease common to sheep; it also promotes the growth

check on the hook. It can be done with perfect ease, when, if the person should

of wool and imparts to it elasticity and softness. - Germantown Telegraph. A HORSE was troubled with scratches, owing to neglect in grooming. April 3. Capt. Fred. Lahrbush, died at New York, aged 111.

April 20. Lettis B. Steele, aged 102 years, 7 months, and 18 days, at Passaic, N. J. He was born in New Bedford,
Mass., Sept. 2, 1774. He ate no food
for five days before his death.
May 4. Mrs. Rosa Brady, aged 103, at
New York city: born at Cavan county,
in Ivade 1774. plications a cure was effected. The limbs of horses should be well rubbed with straw every night when working, whether any mud adheres to them or not. There is nothing that will rest a

they feel warm to the hand .- Hector Bertram, in Moore's Rural. Every farmer who has timber should get a few logs to the mill for drag-timber, wagon-tongues and the like. Have them sawed and piled under cover so that next season, when work is crowding and a piece of seasoned timber is needed, you will know just where the desired article can be found without being obliged to spend the whole day in a search for it. Each one should have a chest of common tools, such as are necessary for repair work on the farm. Aug. 8. Mrs. Rosa Quim, widow of a It is much easier, if we have the matedrayman, aged 104, at Dubuque, Iowa.

Aug. 18. Mrs, Eliza Thomas, aged utensil, than to travel four or five miles utensil, than to travel four or five miles to a shop for the purpose of hiring done what we could do just as well ourselves. Any articles that are liable to break had better be attended to at once, and not laid aside with "I guess I can make that Sept. 22. William Goodman, aged 101, last this season well enough." It will be sure to break when you are in a hurry. There is a world of wisdom in the old maxim, "Procrastination is the thief of time," and to no one is time so precious as to the farmer at the busy

season—Exchange. Many years ago my cattle were troubled exceedingly. They were covered with lice. We treated them with carbolic suds. We bought the carbolic crystals, which may be had at almost any drug store, and which should not cost more than 8 or 10 cents per ounce. One pound of common bar soap should be put in a dish with some water and melted down; then add one ounce of crystals, stirring well. This, when cold, makes a strong soap—cheaper and better than we are able to buy. A strong suds made with it is sure death to all insects which infest our domestic animals, and is safe and pleasant to use. It is also a good remedy for all skin diseases, and a good application to cleanse any wound or sore. A wash of the suds will benefit any animal which is hide-bound or out of condition; it is a cheap, useful, and effectual remedy for many things, and should be kept on every farm. In killing lice, two or three applications are necessary as the

nits keep katching. - W. Brown, Hampton Falls, N. H. About the House. MILK is not the most perfect food.

Guessing is never good in measur-

TEA and coffee are injurious to chil-

Wieks must be changed frequently to insure a good light. TART CRUST .- One cup of lard, one table-spoonful sugar, four table-spoonfuls water, the whites of two eggs beaten

to a froth, a pinch of salt, and flour to ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH.—This can be corrected by using alkalies. Borax is good, if used properly; take a small pinch several times a day; too much

might cause nausea. CREAM PUDDING.—Six eggs, six ounces of sugar, one cup of flour; stir well, and add one cup of sweet milk; salt to taste, then add one quart sweet cream, and bake forty minutes; flavor with lemon.

FANCY SHELL-WORK .- Buy a small fancy basket, the size desired; cut it in halves; the half with the handle on must be covered with green tarlatan, or mos quito-net will do; glue it to the back board; then, with glue or sealing-wax,

SPARKLING LEMONADE.-If you have lemons or limes that are spoiling or dry-ing up, take the insides which are yet sound, squeeze out the juice, and to each pint put one and one-half pounds white sugar and a little of the peel; boil a few minutes, strain and cork for use. This will not require any acid, and one-half teaspoonful of soda to three-fourths of a glass of water, with two or three tablespoonfuls of sirup, makes a foaming

glass.—Sacramento (Cal.) Union-Rec-

LOOKING-GLASS IN MOUSE TRAPS. Letter to Germantown Telegraph.

SUSHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1878.

THE National Bank circulation De cember 28 was \$299,150,475.

SENATOR Ferry voted for the Silver bill and Senator Christiancy against it.

BAYARD TAYLOR has been appointed Minister to Berlin. A first-rate selec- tell it. tion; but, then, won't the disappointed Bob Ingersoll raise h-ll about the Pres-

The Hon. Henry Chamberlain, of Three Oaks, Berrien County, Michigan, who has formally announced that he has withdrawn from the Democratic party and joined the greenbackers.

THE contractors have informed the completed before September or October; which delay will cheat the Lansing people out of their proposed grand Fourth of July celebration.

Now that the Silver bill has gone back to the House Michigan's new difficult and complicated subject to which I have given patient, long-continued, conscientious study; to which I have brought entire honesty statesman (Ellsworth) will have an opportunity to rectify the mistake he made
in voting for it: hoping that the Sen-

temporalities of the church had laid by a snug little sum for a rainy day: reports being true. The "ready money" the Rothschilds.

MAYOR LANGDON, of Detroit, vetoed the resolution of the Common Council providing for the issue of bonds to the amount of \$75,000 for a central market building. He says: "I am opposed to the issue of bonds for any purpose whatever; I am opposed to the increase of the public debt: I do not think it is for the interest of the city or any party to do either." Level-headed that Mayor.

CALIFORNIA divided on the Silver bill, Senator Booth voting for it and Senator priate remarks upon the importance of agri-Sargent against it. Also Oregon, Senator Grover voting yes and Senator Mitchell no. The Colorado Senators both voted yes, though during the discussion Senator Chaffee disclaimed any great confidence in its being the wonderful panacea its warmest friends pro-

day, on the third ballot, Cardinal our colleges and schools, brought about Joachim Pecci, Grand Chamberlain or mainly by the advances made in science Camerlengo, was elected the successor | The science of chemistry is especially a of Pius IX, and will ascend the papal modern one, and upon it agriculture largely throne under the title of Leo XIII. depends. The new Pope was born March 2, 1810, time to participate in the election.

and making it a legal tender have the among their number. provisions of the Constitution in their favor,-at least so far as all future con- on "Root Culture," giving his experience in tracts and transactions are concerned. the cultivation of beets, turnips, potatoes, and The question is one of expediency and other root crops, claiming them to be of great wisdom. But the greenbackers are value in the feeding of stock. barred by the Constitution from putting | Hon. J. J. Robison read the next paper of their wild and visionary schemes into "Roads and their Management." The his-

oldest incorporated academy in America, and to have graduated 9,000 boys, is arranging to celebrate its centennial June 5 and 6. Alexander McKenzie, of the class of '55, is named as orator of the occasion, and Oliver Wendell Holmes, of '25, as poet. Great effort is being made to gather in all the loyal sons from far and near, with a view to having a good and near, with a view to having a good time, and also looking to centennial offerings to relieve the academy of a burden of debt and to promote improvements demanded by the times.

Is IT POSSIBLE that those Democrats who advocate a new issue of greenbacks, an issue sufficiently large to take up the entire bonded debt of the Government, have ever heard of those Democratic more extensively, and gave practical direcfathers and leaders, Jefferson, Madison, Jackson, Van Buren, Benton, Wright, Douglas, strict constructionists all, who didn't believe that an unlimited shinplaster currency was a public blessing, or that Congress had a right to make promises to pay-and irredeemable promises at that-a legal tender. These modern greenback Democrats are running after modern lights and listening to modern apostles who know nothing of the Democratic record or of the Constitution, and less of finance and financial principles than either, -absurd as

the proposition may seem. IF A SUGGESTION from a "country cousin" is in order, we venture one to the Detroit people and the committee having in charge the location of grounds for the coming State Fair and and from the grounds, railroad depots, and hotels, it looks to us as though the location which would be most accessible to the city and the State at largethe grounds-will be found in the vicinity of the crossing of Woodward avenue and the several railroads. To grounds and buildings at this point trains could be run at frequent intervals from both the Central and Southern depots, while street cars would also convey passengers directly to the Special trains could also

combine so many ways of access.

During the last day's discussion of the silver bill in the Senate, Senator Lamar, of Miss., sent to the desk of the Secretary and had read the resoluto vote for remonetizing silver and for the repeal of the resumption act of 1875, after which he said:

"Mr. President, between these resolutions State it has been my privilege to assist in the education of more than one generation of her youth, to have given the impulse to wave after wave of the young manhood that has passed into the troubled sea of her social and political life. Upon them I have always tried to impress the belief that truth was better than falsehood, honesty better than cowardice. Today my lessons confront me. To-day I must be true or false, honest or cunning, faithful or unfaithful to my people. Even in this hour of their legislative displeasure and disappro-bation, I cannot vote as these resolutions di-Secretary of the Building Commission-ers that the new Capitol will not be salisee it, I will do, and I will vote against

When that is done my responsibility is ended. My reason for my vote shall be given to my people. Then it will be for them to determine if adherence to my honest convictions has disqualified me from representing them; whether a difference of opinion upon a difficulty to the contract of ate would show less haste and more wisdom. Half right,—and that's more than can be said for many of his associates.

Pope Pius IX was a provident man and despite the encroachments upon the temporalities of the abuseh had high. mnipotent and public justice certain.

Manly words and most nobly uttered. found in the dead Pontiff's desk counted | And we have the utmost confidence that up \$420,000, and his estate is estimated had other Senators been equally honest at \$24,000,000, mostly in the hands of in speaking and voting their convictions the majority for the bill would have been much smaller than it was.

Farmers' Institute at Manchester.

sleet that raged on Tuesday evening, a large audience of farmers from the surrounding country, together with many citizens of Man-

culture and its true position among our in-

the rendering of an anthem by the choir, Prof. C. L. Ingersoll, of the Agricultural College, opened the programme with an address on "Industrial Education." The education of to-day is greatly changed from that of fifty years ago. The demands of the IN THE Vatican conclave on Wednes- times are modifying the courses of study in

The need of practicality in education ha and is classed as a liberal. He is an resulted in the establishment of industria Italian by birth. Cardinal McCloskey, schools, institutes, experimental stations, of New York, did not reach Rome in museums, and libraries. Farmers have to formatory measures and desired legislation, THE advocates of remonetizing silver and hence need practically educated men

Mr. J. W. Rice, of Sharon, read a paper

operation. Not a solitary clause of the constitution can even be tortured into tory of its roads. No tax is so poorly apconferring the power to issue paper plied and accomplishes so little as the road tokens or promises and make them legal tax. Mr. Robison estimates that in the four towns of Manchester, Bridgewater, Freedom, and Sharon, about 200,000 days of labor PHILLIPS ACADEMY, at Andover, have been spent upon our roads, exclusive of Mass., which puts in a claim to be the first building and of bridges,-enough to have thoroughly graveled them all. The remedy

of Manchester. Mr. Dorr gave a history of the peach, of its introduction into this country and of its present state of cultivation. He maintained that a rich clay loam was the best soil for the fruit, and gave some interesting figures to show to what extent peach culture is being carried on in Washtenaw County, especially in the vicinity of Ann Arbor. He urged farmers to cultivate it tions for planting, guarding against insects,

The forenoon exercises were opened by orayer by Rev. E. P. Goodrich, followed by

Prof. C. L. Ingersoll then read a paper or

Rotation of Crops." He maintained that this subject was of primary importance and that the farmers of this country were too negligent in regard to this matter, exhausting the soil by raising the same crop upon the ame fields year after year. He mentioned the agricultural tendencies of the ancients and the improvements and discoveries made, and gave a brief history of its progress. He gave instances of the first experiments in agriulture, and mentioned the value of fertilizers Rotation depends on three principles: 1st, certain crops must be raised on certain soils; and, they must be adapted to the climate; and 3d, the markets must be considered. for a permanent exposition, etc. Unless His paper, though lengthy, was an able one grounds can be procured in the heart and interesting and instructive to his hearers. of the city, so that visitors can walk to A discussion then took place among those

Miss Mary Hitchcock next read a paper on "The Fireside." She dwelt upon the necessity of education among the farmers taking into consideration the delivery of and the value of system in their homes. She stock, heavy goods, and passengers, at spoke of beautifying the firesides by articles of home manufacture, and argued that the house-wife should strive to make home cheerrul by the cultivation of plants and the arrangement of pictures, ornaments, and curi-

After the singing of a duet, a paper upon 'Merino Sheep" was read by Chas. W. Fellows. He said the merino sheep were first found in Spain, which once possessed come in on the roads from the North, the finest and only merino sheep in the South, and West, and land passengers, world. They were smuggled from Spain with wares for exhibition, directly at or | and imported to this country in the 18th cennear the grounds. We notice in the list of localities named by the committee in charge none which seems to mittee in charge none which seems to this country. They are now scattered through-

out the Eastern States, Vermont in particular, and also found in nearly all the other States. They were sold at fabulous prices a few years ago, at \$1,000, \$2,000 and \$3,000 for one of them, but now they can be obtained tions instructing himself and colleague by anyone at moderate prices. The quality of wool is excellent, and they are good breeders. He claimed that the present method of washing sheep should be abolished, and the rough handling of some of and my convictions there is a great gult. I cannot pass it. Of my love to the State of Mississipi I will not speak; my life alone can tell it. My gratitude for all the honor her people have done me, no words can express. I am best proving it by doing to-day what I think their true interests and their character require me to do. During my life in that State it has been my privilege to assist in that State it has been my privilege to assist in that that the American merino is equal to those

A paper on the "Progress and Development of Agriculture in Southern Michigan, from 1826 to 1878," by Col. Fellows, came next. His paper contained an account of his pioneer days and of the incidents transpiring in the period from '26 to '78, showing the difficulties under which the farmer labored when first settling in Michigan, and the changes and improvements made since then. The forenoon exercises closed with music

ANN ARBOR MARKETS.

The following prices were paid yesterday b lealers in this city Apples, green, per bu. \$ 1.25@1.40 Apples, dried, per lb, 6@7c. Beans, per bu., 75@\$1.50. Butter, per lb., 16@17e. Cheese, per lb., 13c. Eggs, per doz., 14c. Hay, per ton, \$11,00@13.00. Lard, per lb., 7@8c. Beef, per lb., 5%c Pork, per ewt., \$3,90@4,00.

Clover seed, per bu., \$4.25 Corn, per bu., 25c. Potatoes, per bu., 30@35c. Wheat, ber bu., \$1.12@1.15. Wood, per cord. \$4,00@6.00 Flour retails at \$2.88 per ewt.

The Detroit Free Press in its regular weekly review of the Detroit markets, under date of

with the jobbers the past week has been simply a reflex of the week preceding. Trade, generally, has been light, and values unusually steady. Groceries have enjoyed a fair seasonable trade, with prices, on the whole unchanged from last week. Sugars are strong and higher; standard A, 9 5-Sc per lb; off A's, 9 1-8 a 9 3-8 per lb; granulated, 10 a 10 1-8c per lb; powdered, 10 3-8 a 10 1-2c per 1b; crushed, 10 1-2c chester, assembled at Goodyear Hall, to per lb; yellow, 7 1-2 a 8 1-2 per lb. Dry goods listen to the opening exercises of the Farm- move slowly, with prices not materially ers' Institute.

The President of the Institute, Hon. J. D.
Corey, opened the session by a few appropriate remarks upon the importance of agri-

good demand, but cannot goods have raised out. The hardware market is quiet and firm. The movement in hides and leather, hats and caps, and in boots and shoes has been light. The receipts of flour and grain for the week under review were as follows: Flour, 4,562 bbls; wheat 118,930 bu; corn, 4,401 bu; oats, 7,368 bu; barley 4,173 corn, 2,145 bu.

bbls; wheat 118,930 bu; corn, 4,401 bu; cats, 7,368 bu; barley, 4,173 centals; rye, 1,145 bu. The shipments were: Flour, 2,857 bbls; wheat, 150,008 bu; corn, 4,119 bu; cats, 4,285 bu; barley, 1,948 centals; rye, 507 bu.

The following table shows the opening and closing prices paid for extra and No. 1 white, cash, and No 1 February and March wheat at the noon session of the Board of Trade each day of the past week:

	Extra White.		No. 1 White.	
	Opened	Closed	Opened	Closed
Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Monday,	\$1 28 ¹ / ₄ 1 28 ³ / ₄ 1 31 1 32 ¹ / ₂ 1 35 ¹ / ₄ 1 30	\$1 28½ 1 29 1 32 1 33½ 1 35¼ 1 30¾	\$1 23 1 24 ¹ / ₂ 1 25 ¹ / ₄ 1 27 ¹ / ₄ 1 29 1 29	\$1 23 ¹ / ₂ 1 23 ³ / ₄ 1 26 ³ / ₄ 1 27 ¹ / ₃ 1 86 1 24

Monday,	1 1 30 1 30%	1 1 29 1 24	WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN	
FUTURES,			(A true copy.) WM. G. Dorr, Probate Register. Judge of Probate 1675td	
	No. 1 White Jan No. 1 February		Estate of Emilie Eiting.	
	Opened Closed	Opened Closed	CTATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw,	
Tuesday, Wednesnay, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Monday,	\$1 27% \$1 27%	\$1 2476 \$1 25 1 2574 1 2476 1 2634 1 2778 1 2734 1 29 1 3014 1 31 1 251/2 1 243/4	S. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the fourteenth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight. Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Emilie Elting,	
in wheat duri	peen a liberal busi ng the week pass above tables, val	ed, but as will	minor. Leonhard Gruner, the guardian of said ward, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his annual account as such guardian.	

in wheat during the week passed, but as will be seen in the above tables, values have fluctu-ated, ofttimes severely, and the market has ruled unsettled. The extreme fluctuations are not shown in the above tables, as prices at the noon sessions of the Board have ruled uni-formly high, while at the "Call Board," or formly high, while at the "Call Board," or afternoon session, prices have been brought about chiefly by European advices, warlike news having a tendency to advance and peaceful reports to depress prices. The supply and demand for corn was somewhat limited and prices higher. No. 1 mixed being held at 411-2 a 431-2c per bu. Oats have ruled dull, Monday, No. 1 white nominal at 291-4 a 293-4c per bu; No. 1 mixed, 28c bid, 281-2 asked. Barley has been dull stock and prices unsettled. No. 1 State nominal at \$150 per cental; No. 2

ers not being willing to allow over \$3.75 per bbl for small lots and billing the same on orders at \$4 per bbl. For strictly choice butter, which is scarce there is a good demand at 18c per lb, but for the lower quality, with which the market is overstocked, there is no demand. Grease butter is quotable at 6a 6 1-2 c per lb. Cheese is steady and quiet at 13 1-2c per lb for selected stock. Dried apples are per 1b for selected stock. Dried apples are dull, held at 6c per 1b. The receipts of eggs exceed the demand and stocks are accumulating. Crate lots, fresh, offered at 131-2 a 14c per doz; do in tubs or barrels, 121-2 a 18c per doz; limed dull at 8 a 12c per doz. Clover seed dull at \$4 25 a 4 35 per bu. Fish, hides, leather, hops, hay, honey, nuts, onions, salt and tallow are dull and unchanged. Dressed hogs have been in good demand with prices tending upward. Sales at fore part of the week were at a range of \$4 25 a 4 30 per cwt, laterally prices have advanced to \$4 30 a 4 40 per cwt. The receipts of poultry have ruled light and the market comparatively steady at light and the market comparatively steady at 8 a 9c per 1b for chickens; 10 a 11c for turkeys; geese, 6c per 1b; ducks, 10 a 12 per lb. Provisions are steady at \$10 75 a 11 25 for mess pork

NOTICE!

I hereby forbid all persons from buying any Notes r obligations against me, as there is no considerar obligations against me, as there is no consideration for the same.

Dated, February 15, 1878.

CHRISTIAN STIEN.

FARM FOR SALE.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw,

Ss. The undersigned having been appointed by
the Probate Court for said county, commissioners
to receive examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate George
Grenville, late of said county deceased, hereby give
notice that six months from date are allowed, by
order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased,
and that they will meet at the office of James H.
Morris, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county,
on Monday, the 20th day of May, and on Monday,
the 19th(day of August next, at ten o'clock A. M.
of each of said days to receive, examine and adjust
said claims. Dated, February 19, A. D. 1877.

JOHN M. WHEELER,
BENJAMIN BROWN,
1675

Commissioners. RARE CHANCE. The undersigned has for sale a farm of 304 acres well improved, and with 50 acres of the best orcharding in the county. Located within half a mile of a railroad depot, with another depot soon to be located near. The tarm can be easily divided into one of 186 acres and another of 118 acres, each aving buildings and orchards. A reasonable payment down and balance on long time.

Ann Arbor, February 7, 1878.

1673 CHAS. H. RICHMOND.

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN County of Washtenaw, ss. I saac Paulding vs. William Behee. By virtue of one writ of execution issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, in the above entitled cause, to me directed and delivered, I did on the twenty etghth day of September, A. D. 1877, levy upon all the right, title and interest of the said William Behee, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan to wit: All that tract or parcel of land known and described as follows, to wit: The east half of the south-east quarter of section number six, in town three, south range three east, being the town-ship of Sharon, Washtenaw County, State of Michigan, which above described property I shall offer for sale, to the highest bidder, at the south door of the Court House, in the city of Ann Arbor, Washtenaw County, Michigan (that being the place of holding the Circuit Courts in the County where the premises are situated), on the ninteenth day of February A. D. 1878, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

Dated January 4. A. D. 1878.

said day. Dated, January 4, A. D. 1878, JOSIAH S. CASE, Sheriff. MILLARD & BEAN, Atty's for Plaintiffs, Adrian, Mich. 1667 The above sale is hereby adjourned until the wenty-second inst., at the same hour and place as above mentioned. Dated, February 19th, A. D. 1878. JOSIAH S. CASE, Sheriff.

49 50,000 Letter and Note Heads just received at the ARGUS Office. Now is the time to hand in your orders.

disease. Brown's Bronchial Troches have proved their efficacy, by a test of many years, and will almost invariably give immediate relief. Obtain only Brown's Bronchial Troches, and do not take any of the worthless imitations that may be offered.

1665m4

ELECTION NOTICE.

Mortgage Sale.

half of the northwest quarter of section number twenty, in township number two (2) south of rang number six (6) east, containing forty acres of land

JOHN N. GOTT, Solicitor for Complainant, 167

day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,

(A true copy.)

Judge of Probate.

WM. G. Dorr, Probate Register.

1675td

Estate of Hamilton Vanatta.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, on Saturday, the sixteenth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Hamilton Vandata decaysed.

Newland C. Carpenter, administrator of said es

ate, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such administrator.

paper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN (A true copy.)

Under the copy.

be allowed: And it is intriner ordered that said guardian give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to bs published in the Michigan Argus, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN.

(A true copy.)

WM, G. DOTY, Probate Register.

1675

Estate of Gottlieb Breisch.

(A true copy.)

WM. G. Dory, Probate Register.

16

Commissioners' Notice.

Commissioners' Notice.

COUGH, COLD,

Or Sore Throat

IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

Brown's Bronchial Troches

DEFAULT having been made in the condition of a certain mortgage made and executed by John Keegan and Catharine Keegan, of the city of Ann Arbor, county of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, to William H. Parker, of Lowell, Massa To the Electors of Washlenaw County:

You are hereby notified that at the election to be held on the first Monday of April next, the following Amendments to the Constitution of this State are to be submitted to the people of the State for their adoption or rejection, viz: An Amendment to Section 12 of Article 6, relative to the appointment of Clerk of the Supreme Court, as provided by Joint Resolution No. 30, Laws of 1877. Said section now reads as follows:

"SECTION 12. The Clerk of each County organized for judicial purposes, shall be the Clerk of the Circuit Court of such County, and of the Supreme Court when held within the same."

If the proposed Amendment be adopted, said section will read as follows:

"SECTION 12. The Justices of the Supreme Court Ann Arbor, county of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, to William H. Parker, of Lowell, Massachusetts, on the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the county aforesaid on the twenty-fifth day of June, A. D. 1869, at 11½ o'clock A. M. of said day, in liber 42 of mortgages, on page 65. There is claimed to be due on the note and mortgage the sum of fifteen hundred and sixty-five dollars and fifty-two cents, also an attorney's fee of forty dollars should any proceedings be taken to foreclose said mortgage, and no proceedings having been taken in law or equity to recover said sum of money or any part thereof: Notice is hereby given, that, by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder on the Eighteenth Day of May Next, at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Ann Arbor, in the county of Washtenaw and State aforesaid (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for said county is held), the premises described in said mortgage as being all that certain plece or parcel of land situated in the city of Ann Arbor, county of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, known, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Being the east half of the west half of the northwest quarter of section number twenty, in township number two (2) south of range

"SECTION 12. The Justices of the Supreme Court thall appoint the Clerk of said Court, and the Clerk of each County organized for judicial surposes, thall be the Clerk of the Circuit Court for such

relative to corporations, as provided by Joint Res-plution No. 33, Laws of 1877. Said Section now heads as follows: reads as follows:

"Section 7. The stockeolders of all corporation and joint stock associations, shall be individually liable for all labor performed for such corporation to the stock association."

or association."

If the proposed Amendment be adopted, said Section will read as follows:
"Sectron 7. The stockholders in all corporations and joint stock associations shall be individually liable in an amount equal to the par value of their respective shares which they own or have owned in such corporations or associations for all labor done in behalf rf such corporation or joint stock association during the time of their being such stockholders."

JOSIAH 8. CASE.

Chancery Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw—in Chancery. Samuel P. Jewett, complainant, vs. William B. Dean and James C. McGee, defendants. In pursuance and by virtue of a decree made and entered in the above entitled cause, on the thirteenth day of November, A. D. 1877, the undersigned, one of the Circuit Court Commissioners in and for said county of Washtenaw, will sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, at the south door of the Court House in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, on SATURDAY, THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1878, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the east half of the southwest quarter and the west half of the southwest quarter of section twenty (20), all in township number three south of range number three east in said county of Washtenaw, Michigan, containing one hundred and eighty acres of land; also one acre of land in the southeast corner of the west half of the southwest quarter of section number twenty-eight (28), in the same township. Dated, February 21, A. D. 1878.

STRANK EMERICK, Circuit Court Commissioner.

John N. Gort, Solicitor for Complainant. 1675 Commissioners' Notice. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present ther claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the residence of Watson Geer, in the town of Superior, in said county, on Saturday, the 13th day of April, and on Monday, the 15th day of July next, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days, to receive, examine, and adjust said claims.

Dated, January 14, A. D. 1878.

WATSON GEER,
1672w4 JOHN F. PACKARD,
Commissioners.

Estate of Lester Latimer. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, onMonday, the eighteenth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Lester Latimer, deceased,

The above cut represents the new office of the Detroit Evening News, into which it removed with the opening of the present year, and which is without doubt the most commodious and complete newspaper office in the west. The News had up to the date of its removal, printed nearly eighteen million sheets, consuming not less than 486 tons of white paper, or a pile a mile high—each sheet being sprisad out its find size. The amount of reading matter published in its columns each year is estimated to be equal to thirty octavo volumes of 600 pages each. About \$13,000 was paid out last year for editorial work, and \$10,000 more for type setting. The gross business of the concern for 1877 exceeded \$85,000, thus evincing the popularity of the paper as well with advertisors as the reading public. Besides an office staff of 49 editors, printers and clerks, it affords direct employment to nearly 500 carriers and newsboys, besides a large staff of correspondents, the entire number of persons deriving regular income directly from its publication reaching as high as 640. These facts illustrate the magnitude of the business which has been built up in a little over four years.

With unsurpassed facilities, the publishers now propose to redouble their exertions to make The Evening News the model paper of the northwest. A new outfit of type will soon improve the mechanical appearance, and a new and much faster press is also in the near future, notwithstanding that the present machine has a capacity for upwards of 10,000 sheets per hour. No Detroit paper has a larger staff of editors and reporters, or one composed of men better trained to their profession, and all are now, as one man, bending every energy to distinguish themselves and the journal with which they are connected. A most interesting and readable sheet can therefore be promised for the ensuing year. All we ask of the public is simply to try the paper for a week, a month or a quarter.

In every considerable village in the State The Evening News, so total many kind of proper

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE

rdian.

nereupon it is ordered, that Saturday, the sixhereupon it is ordered, that Saturday, the sixhereupon it is ordered, at ten o'clock in the
noon, be assigned for examining and allowing
a account, and that the next of kin of said
d, and all other persons interested in said
te, are required to appear at a session of said
tt, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the

NESS, SPERMATO-RRHEA, IMPOTEN-CY, and all dis-eases that follow CY, and all discases that follow as a sequence on Before Taking Loss of Memo-After Taking.

BY UNIVERSAL LASSITUE, PAIN IN THE BACK, DIM-RY, UNIVERSAL LASSITUDE, PAIN IN THE BACK, DIMNESS OF VISION, PREMATURE OLD AGE, and many
other diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption
and a Premature Grave, all of which as a rule are
first caused by deviating from the path of nature
and over indulgence. The Specific Medicine is the
result of a life study and many years of experience in treating these special diseases.
Full particulars in our pamphlets, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.
The Specific Medicine is sold by all Druggists at
\$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be
sent by mail on receipt of the money by addressing
THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,

1674 No 10 Mechanics Block, Detroit Mich.

**Sold in Ann Arbor by Eberbach & Son, and
by all druggists everywhere.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. County of Washte Snaw, sa. At a session of the Probate Court for the County Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the four teenth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hun red and seventy-eight.

Pr sent, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate In the matter of the estate of Gottlieb Breisch deceased. INSURE YOUR PROPERTY In the matter of the estate of Gottlieb Breisch, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Ulrich Schaible, praying that Louis Fritz, or some other suitable person, may be appointed administrator of the estate of said deceased.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the eighteenth day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there is be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Michigan Aryus, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, A true copy.)

Judge of Probate. WITH THE OLD

Insurance Agency

C. H. MILLEN.

Home Insurance Co. of N. Y., Continental Ins. Co., N. Y.,

\$6,000,000 3,000,000 Niagara Fire Ins. Co., 1,400,000 Girard, of Phila., 1,000,000 Orient, of Hartford. 700,000 Rates as low as any reliable Insurance Company.

Losses promptly and honorably adjusted.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.
The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said county, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Charles Tripp, late of said county deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the store of Bach & Abel, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, on Saturday, the 18th day of May and on Monday, the 19th day of August next, at ten o'clock a. M. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, February 19, A. D. 1878.

PHILIP BACH,
J. W. KNIGHT,
Commissioners. **ETNA** Capital, - - \$3,000,000.

Assets Jan 1, 1876,

\$6,792,649.98. Losses Paid in 55 Years,

\$ 44,760,391.71. Surplus over all Liabilities, including Re-Insurance Reserve,

Net Surplus over Liabilities, including Re-Insurance and Capital Stock, \$1,735,092.86.

\$4,735,092.86.

C. MACK, Agent, Ann Arbor.

DRICF OF LIME REDUCED.

Ohio lime will hereafter be sold at wholesale a my lime room, in this city, at 35 cents, and Mon roe lime at 30 cents per bushel. A continuance for any length of ime, causes irritation of the Lungs, or some chronic Throat affection.

Also for sale a large stock of Grand Rapids Plaster, At prices to suit the times.

Ann Arbor, February 20, 1878. J. VOLLAND. Order your Letter-Heads, Note-Heads, Bill-Heads and Statements at the Argus Office.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, WASHTENAW COUNTY, ANN ARBOR, MICH., Feb. 20, 1878. To the Electors of Washtenaw County:

We still continue

to sell Goods lower

than any "Cost" or

"Clearing-out" sale.

BACH & ABEL

26 South Main Street, Ann Arbor.

NEW GOODS

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

And at Greatly Reduced Prices!

Large Assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's SAVE MONEY Underwear at about half its value:

ADIES' CLOAKS A large lot very cheap.

Two-Button Kid Gloves, 50 cents per pair ALL DRESS GOODS AT ABOUT HALF PRICE.

Beavers for Ladies' Cloaks. Cloths and Cassimeres, at a large discount from thirty days since.

Hosiery, Flannels, Dress Trimmings, all kinds of Domestics Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Mats, Matting-in fact all kinds o Dry Goods can be bought very cheap of

WINES & WORDEN. No. 20 South Main Street, Ann Arbor.

RINSEY & SEABOLT'S BAKERY, GROCERY -AND-

FLOUR & FEED STORE. We keep constantly on nand, BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, ETC. FOR WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE.

DELHI FLOUR, M. SWIFT & CO'S BEST WHITE WHEAF FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, BUCKWWHEAT FLOUR, CORN MEAL, FEED, At wholesale and retail. A general stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS constantly on hand, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as at any other house in this city.

Cash paid for Butter, Eggs, and Country Protuce generally.

Goods delivered *o any part of the city with out extra charge.

RINSEY & SEABOLT.

Ann Arbor, Jan. 1, 1876.

Two Valuable Houses sucars, syrups FOR SALE The property belonging to the WELLES ESTATE situated on DIVISION STREET, at the head of ANN STREET, and the property lately owned and now occupied by A. WIDENMANN, will be sold at a

VERY LOW PRICE. AND ON LONG TIME IF DESIRED.

S. H. DOUGLAS. A BSTRACTS OF TITLES.

From the Original Records. For Attorneys, Agents, Owners, or Purchasers. No pains will be spared to give a complete chain of title, and show all encumbrances. Charges reasA DOLLAR SAVED IS A DOLLAR EARNED!

GOODS And prices LOWER THAN EVER.

I have purchased in New York, for cash, and am now daily receiving one of the largest and lost select stocks of Groceries in Washtenaw unty, consisting of a full and well selected

LINE OF TEAS, Guupowders, Imperials, Young Hysons, Hysons, Japans, Colongs, For-mosas, Congous, Souchongs, and

ing of the following brands: MOCHA, OLI GOVT JAVA, MARACAIBO, LAGUAYRE, SAN TOS and RIO, both roasted and ground; a ful and well selected stock of

Together with a full line of COFFEES

AND MOLASSES. Together with everything in the line of Pure Spices, Canned fruits, and Vegetables. We have a full and complete line of

BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS, CAPS, GLOVES

And Hosiery, Also, a choice assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's Underwear. Call and examine Goods and Prices and we will insure satisfaction. EDWARD DUFFY. "Maynard's Block, 'cor. Main and Ann streets Ann Arbor, Mich.

Highest cash price paid for all farm

RAILROADS

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD. NOV. 11, 1877. Wayne Junction pailanti,

Delhi, Dexter, Chelsea, Grass Lake, Three Oaks New Buffalo, Michigan City, Lake,

10 33 — 7 40 10 45 12 15 8 14 1 15 — 8 42 1 39 — 9 08 1 57 — 9 24 1 57 - 9 24 A. M. 11 2 35 1 04 10 00 7 00 10 % 11 1 32 2 17 4 × 8 03 11 01 2 25 3 00 5 8 40 11 31 11 5 20 5 10 7 00 11 35 2 10 63

5 28 - 7 05 - 11 55 2 27 4 8 6 02 5 45 7 40 12 15 2 47 18 6 33 6 15 8 25 12 45 29 7 6 45 6 30 8 40 1 00 3 35 10 Wayne June., J. T. June., Detroit, Ar., H. B. LEDYARD, Gen'l Supt., Detrot. H. C. WENTWORTH, Gen. Pass. Agt., Chicago.

SOUTHWESTERN RAILROAD. To take effect Nov. 11, 1877.

J.KECK & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF FURNITURE OF ALL

DESCRIPTIONS. Are now Offering Great Inducement to Purchasers.

BUYERS WILL

BY BUYING THEIR

Direct of the Manufacturers. Manufactory, corner of Will

iam and West Fourth Streets. Salesrooms, 52 South Main and 4 West Liberty Streets Ann Arbor, Mich.

SEWING MACHINES

BUY THE SINCER The best and most popular machine in

the world-300,000 sold in a single year, after being on the market over twenty-five years.

Beware of Imitations

To secure the genuine buy of I. L. Grinnell, the authorized agent for Washtenaw County. It is only a question of time, and not much time either when the majority of the wild cat machines will not be built, then the warrant of cut-throat delicres will be of little avail. To buy a second climachine on a third class warrant for five years poor policy when such a machine as the Singer as be had at a reasonable price.

I keep genuine parts for the Singer, best likely. Needles, Plaiters for dress makers—75c to \$1.50. Lincoln's fringing mg blue, and have a large surber of second-hand machines.

Second-hand f "ager, \$20 to \$30. Second-hand riowe, \$12 to \$15. Second-hand American, Grover & Baker, Wheeler & Wilson, and others, \$1 to \$10. Sewing Machines repaired and carefully adjusted.

I. L. GRINNELL.

NO. 17 SOUTH MAIN STREET, (1556) Opposite First National Bank.

utift free. If you want profitable work servour address at once. It eosts nothing to trousiness. No one who engages fails to make ay. Address, "The People's Journal," Portage.

LE BARON & CO., DEALERS IN Groceries, Provisions AND ALL KIND OF

Country Produce, SALINE, MICH.

CALL BEFORE BUYING OR SELLING.

-Thomas Condon was tried Wednesday or that charge of assault and battery and ac-

The second reception of the Drum Corps of Company A. is to be held next Friday evening, March 1, at the Armory. - We are indebted to Senator Christiancy

for a copy of his speech on the Silver bill. The Senator is n't a Bland bill man. In the Circuit Court last week Emily L. Allen was divorced from Ira Allen, and Eudo-

ra A. Williams from Edward W. Williams. -The next regular meeting of the Washtenaw County Proneer Society will be held at papers: vice Rev. J. T. Magrath removed from Ypsilanti on Wednesday, March 6, at 10 the Diocese.

- Mayor Cramer, Conrad Krapf, Jonathan Sprague, Frad. Sorg, and Chas. J. Gardner, named: St. James', Dexter, Monday, March have gone to Grand Rapids this week. Odd Fellows gatherings. Miss Rogers has at her studio an excel-

lent portrait of the little daughter of Prof. Du Pont, recently finished. It is a very beautiful picture and finely executed. -Mrs. Lucretia Rockwell, wife of Bryant

T. Rockwell, living on North Main Street, years, died on the 15th inst, aged 62 years.

position in the Military Academy at Orchard | tiancy"; -Thomas Cullinane, a resident of Scio for about 40 years, died on Wednesday, February 20. aged 72 years. The deceased was the

father of 13 children, 11 of whom are now

-Ex-Vice-President Colfax will tell an Ann Arbor audience at the Opera House next Monday evening what he knows about Abraham Lincoln. The lecture is for the benefit of the Mission Suuday School.

-About Ypsilanti's newest license ordinance the Sentinel says: "The city treasury is to be swelled by the license fees of one bootblack and three newsboys, forty cents. We hope it won't lead the aldermen into ex-

-The barn of Charles Zahn, in Scio, was burned at an early hour on Tuesday morning with a large lot of hay, Loss from \$300 to \$400. Wm. Henderson, a colored man, with no arraigned before Justice Beahan, and plead not guilty. Examination set down for to-morrow.

-The grand Mikado, backed by a body guard of the "Independent Six," rung up ex-Sheriff Fleming at a very early hour of Sunday, said "good morning" to him, and went to their several homes while the disturbed ex-official went back to his bed and to dream of night prowlers, etc. The jokers had been supping with Davidson at the depot.

-This is Bro. Woodruff's idea of one of the late legislative acts of our city fathers: "In Ann Arbor it takes an ordinance about twenty to fix the license of half a dozen newsboys,

Manchester Enterprise: "We learn that Mr. | ruary 19: L. D. Watkins has lately purchased with Mrs. Henry Goodyear a ranche of 323 square miles. extending for six miles along the Loop river, the s said to be the finest country for stock in the whole west. It will be stocked with 5,000 sheep in the spring," That ranche contains 156,720 acres, and at the lowest government price cost \$258,400. A big investment to furnish a range for 5,000 sheep.

UNIVERSITY NOTES.

-Judge Cooley left yesterday afternoon for lectures in John Hopkins University on "The New Constitutional Amendments,"-an important and delicate theme.

-The Chronicle says that A. J. W. Copelin, of Chicago, has been engaged to photograph the law and medical seniors.

-The Chronicle editors have been assigned as follows : Managing Editor, W. W. Augur; Various Topics, W. L. Jenks; Personals, J. H. Edwards; Things Chronicled, J. H. Raymond; General Literature, J. P. Brown; College News, etc., N. McMillan; Literary Notes, E. A. Christian; Secretary and Treasurer, F.

-On Monday last ex-assistant and ex-instructor Elisha Jones entered upon duty as assistant-professor in Greek, vice Asst. Prof. A. H. Pattengill,-gone to Leipsic on a wedding excursion and for a year or so of study. -During the present semester President Asgell will lecture on International Law each

Tuesday and Thursday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. -The pages of the Chronicle still leave the general and innocent public to believe that the faculty did well in "suppressing" certain tentures in the class history. If a history can be nothing but brag and bluster and abuse of details of pranks never indulged in and of others which would be better forgotten-it should be "suppressed" as a whole, as any effort to make it reputable would be "love's

-The law students celebrate Washington's irthday to-day, but in a more subdued manher than they set out to do. The address for the occasion will be given by Prof. W. P. and will probably be as good as either of the

to be made to foot the bills. The hall was eastitully and elaborately trimmed, and the

-Dr. Dunster has gone to Springfield, Mass, department of Dartmouth College. Will be

-President Angell has just returned from lecture tour to the Upper Peninsula, laving lectured at Hancock, Houghton, Martuette, Calumet, and Ishpeming.

-Messrs. Rynd and Duffield, of the Execu-

in the city Tuesday evening. -At Xenia, Ohio, on Tuesday, Prof. A. H

they will leave New York for a year or more Europe, with headquarters at Leipsic. -Judge Campbell, of the Law Department,

best Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

-The Camilla Urso troupe drew a very be concert gave great satisfaction.

editations in the Lecture Association course text Friday evening-March 1. This lady have such excellent satisfaction last year, both a her recitations and impersonations, that she

will be sure of a large audience this time. Regent Duffield has presented a bust C. L. Cleaveland, Winter. The Contributors' Club is specially good, as also the Recent Literals. or. George Duffield who was a Regent from ature. The Atlantic is now published by

-The Young Peoples' Society of the M. E Church will hold a social at the residence of Huntington made and ordered entered his

C. H. Worden, Esq., this evening. -Revival meetings are being held in the laboratory defalcation suit. The counsel for M. E. Church at Saline. Presiding Elder W. defendants Rose, Beal, et al. did not appear H. Shier, of Adrian, has been assisting the was drawn by Hon W. L. Webber, of counse tor the Regents, in accordance with the decis

at the Unitarian Church next Sunday evening ion of the Court upon the several points inwill be the "Infallibility of the Bible:" to be volved, and is as follows: followed by criticism and discussion. University of Michigan, complainants, against Silas H. Douglas, Preston B. Rose, R. A. Beal, -At the donation party held; on Tuesday evening at the residence of L. H. Jones, Esq., ct al.

This cause came on to be heard upon the report of Charles R. Whitman, the Circuit Court Commissioner to whom it had been referred, to state the account between the defendants, Rose and Douglas, upon the evidence

In the cause between the Regents of the

heretofore taken in open court; and upon the pleadings and proofs, and was argued by coun-

2. That said defendant, Douglas, is liable

2. That said defendant, Douglas, is hable for, and shall pay to the complainants the sum of \$30 mentioned in said report as having been paid to him by Pomeroy in 1867, and interest amounting to the sum of \$20.20, and

make principal and interest to this date the sum of \$50.20.

3. That said defendant Douglas is liable for,

\$1,275, and also that said Douglas is liable for, and shall pay interest on, the several items in said schedule from the close of the fiscal year

the fiscal year, in which the same were received by him and the amount of such interest to this date is fixed at the sum of \$1,306.81, and mak-

7. That as to the items of \$104.25 and of \$66.19, and of \$26.10, mentioned in said re-

port; and also as to the amount \$69.62 in schedule E, and the amount of \$110 in sched-ule G, and the amount of \$26.95 mentioned in

schedule H of said report, none of such items in this clause of the decree shall be charged

to either party.

8. The amounts to be credited to the parties as stated in this decree shall be deducted from

ings in this cause as sureties to the complain-ants for the money herein decreed to be paid by said defendant Rose, and in case the said

extent of the assets in their hands which may

fendant Rose, or so much thereof as said de-fendant Rose shall make default in paying

within the 60 days as aforesaid. This shall not be construed so as to include costs in this

cause, which are awarded against said de

endants, or either of them.
10. It is further ordered, adjudged and de

creed that, pursuant to the fifth clause in the stipulation heretofore made in this cause and which is set out in the decretal order made in

this cause on the 19th day of June, 1877, ac-counting shall be had between the complain-ants and said defendant Douglas as to all

natters not included in the accounting between defendants Rose and Douglas, such accounting

o be had under the direction of the court, and

pay the complainants their costs in this cause, yet to be taxed, and the question of costs as between the defendants Rose and Douglas

between the detendants Rose and Pouglas themselves, is reserved for further direction, and the amount of costs to be paid the com-plainants and each of said defendants, shall be as shall be fixed upon such further direc-

tion.

12 In case any of the parties herein adjudged to pay shall neglect or refule so to do as herein provided, upon demand legally made thereon, the complainants are at liberty to apply to the court for an execution to collect

RED RIBBONS.

Sunday afternoon address at the Opera House,

and was followed by ex-Alderman Henry

Gordon, of Detroit.

-Rev. Dr. Cocker was very brief in his last

-This is one of the many solid and start-

ling truths that our fellow citizen R. E. Frazer

uttered in his address to the Jackson Reform

Club last Sunday evening: "It was the high-

toned, genteel, moderate, independent drunk ards who did more harm than the drunkards.

for it is their example which is followed by

our sons, and not the example of the drunk-

-The Juvenile Temperance Union will

hold a fair and festival at the Reform Club

rooms this afternoon and evening, February

-Rev. Daniel R. Shier, of Chelsea, is the

the first white settler in Cass county.

ard. The man who falls does not commence

GEORGE M. HUNTINGTON,

Dexter, for the benefit of Rev. Mr. Magoffin, o St. James, about \$125 were gathered in. -Special services were held in the M. E. Church on Tuesday evening: a short sermon followed by a prayer meeting. There was also a sermon preceding the usual prayer meeting

Thursday evening.

— Bishop McCoskry has appointed Rev.

Wyllys Hall, of St. Andrew's, a member of the vested, doth order, adjudge and decree as follows: ommittee to report to the next convention on the proposed uniform Sunday School lesson

1. That the said report of the said C. R. Whitman, Circuit Court Commissioner as aforesaid, be, in all things, confirmed, except in the particulars in this decree otherwise - Bishop McCoskry will visit the several Episcopal Churches in this county on the days 25; St. Andrew's, Ann Arbor, Tuesday, March

26; St. Luke's, Ypsilanti, Wednesday, March -The Young Ladies Society of St. Andrew's Church will give another of their interesting &c., at the residence of Dr. Douglas on Wednesday evening, Feb 27 at 8 o'clock, Ad-

characteristic and atrabilarian screed which in which the same were received by him and appeared in the Courser of last week, under the amount of such interest to this date is fixed appeared in the Courier of last week, under his isbors to-day: to accept a more lucrative the heading "Pond and Douglas vs. Chris-

the heading "Pond and Douglas vs. Chrisiancy":

"We know from hearsay that Ashley Pond is the brother of Elihu B. Pond who is the dittor of the Ann Arbor Argus. We know from hearsay) that just at the time when the heading "Pond and Douglas vs. Chrisiand and interest a sum of \$1,836.

4. That said defendant Rose is liable for, and shall pay to the complainants the several sums mentioned in schedules B, C and D of said report, amounting in the whole to the from hearsay) that just at the time when is the brother of Elihu B. Pond who is the editor of the ANN ARBOR ARGUS. We know editor of the ANN ARBOR ARGUS. We know (from hearsay) that just at the time when Judge Huntington was contemplating calling another judge, there appeared in the ARGUS a little paragraph so nearly in the exact language of the following: 'We hope, however, he heard it because it was his duty to do so, and to have shrank from it on account of the clamor and bull-dozing of Beal, or from any fear of what might be in reserve for him in the future, would have been pusillanimous.' Which we clip from the open letter of Pond and Douglas to Christiancy; that we are torced to believe (from hearsay) that both items were penned by the same hand, and have well served their day and purpose."

Now, will the editor of the Courier be so ing a total of principal and interest of \$4,773.-66 less only the sum of \$6.85, for the item of \$5.80, being the last item of schedule B, and the interest thereon, which sum of \$6.85 said defendant, Douglas, is liable for and shall pay

to the complainants.

5. That said defendant, Douglas, is entitled to be credited the sum of \$100, as mentioned in schedule F of said report, and interest thereon from the close of each fiscal year, as stated in said schedule F, which interest amounts to the sum of \$70.17, and amounting, with principal, to the sum of \$70.17.

6. That said defendant, Rose, is entitled to be credited the amount mentioned respectively in schedules I and J of said report, with interest thereon to the close of the fiscal year respectively, in which the sums are named in said report, and that the amount of said interest is fixed at the sum of \$18.49, making a total to be credited to said defendant, Rose, for said schedule I and J, for principal and interest, of the sum of \$119.26.

7. That as to the items of \$104.25 and of Now, will the editor of the Courier be so good as to name the number of the ARGUS in that Judge Huntington should persist in trying the laboratory case himself? or failing to do so, stand up and confess what we know, what every reader of the ARGUS knows, and what he (the Courier editor) knows, that his asserin another judge, there appeared in the Argus a little paragraph so nearly in the exact lan-CIOUS LIE. It is, however, a LIE in the chosen everybody who differs from him in opinion, or refuses to aid him in doing his dirty work.

The Hillsdale Standard, undesignedly no doubt, does injustice to Judge Huntington in -This is the latest big story told by the this paragraph clipped from the issue of Feb-

"Judge Huntington, at Ann Arbor, gave his

Judge Christiancy by appointment of the Executive Committee (or a portion of it), herein adjudged and decreed against said deasked delay to enable him to look over the papers. Hon. W. L. Webber, the other counel, objected to delay as unnecessary and not Baltimore, under an engagement to give five gents and the terms of the stipulation signed by all the parties to the cause made it his duty to urge the immediate entering of a final

> At the March session of the Board of Regents, after directing the amendment of the then pending chancery bill so as to place defendants Rose and Douglas on an equality, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved. That the Executive Committee be equested to press the pending chancery suit o a final determination with the least practi-

And at a session of the Board held May 2 the following resolution was unanimously Resolved, That the Extcutive Committee be

and they are hereby instructed to bring the present chancery suit between this Board and S. H. Douglas and P. B. Rose and his bondsnen to a hearing at the coming June term of the Circuit Court for Washtenaw County We can find no resolution of record since

adopted authorizing either the Executive Committee or the counsel of the Regents to ask for or consent to any delay. In not consenting to delay Mr. Webber did only his duty, and in denying the very singular request of Mr. Webber's associate Judge Huntington did just what his duty would have required officials and instructors—combined with the him to do in any other case. And why should he have made this case an exceptional one?

THE MARCH MAGAZINES. The several magazines which come to our table for March, claiming notice, are:

I; Among the Translators, III; The Home-Rule Candidate, a story of New Ireland, chap. Wells, of the Law Department, at 11 a.m., II; French Home Life; Dr. Draper and Evolution, a caustic criticism of a paper read by at the bottom, but falls from the top." dalinguished "furriners" invited would have Dr. J. W. Draper at a meeting of Unitarian ministers held last October at Springfield, Mass.; Michael the Sombre, an episode in the aported socially a very pleasant affair and Polish insurrection of 1863-4, concluded; The 22. Admission five cents. hancially a success,—leaving no assessment late Dr. T. W. Marshall; Papal Elections, II; The Holy Cave of Manresa; The Miracle of Reform Club speaker for next Sunday atter-September 16, 1877; Pius the Ninth,-bio- noon. wited guests passed an evening full of en- graphical and critical; several poems, and reviews of half a dozen new publications. The number completes the twenty-sixth volume attend a faculty meeting of the medical of this scholarly and controversial publication, Catholic Publication Society, New York.

The Menominee Herald says quite a number of parties owning lands in the iron range are making arrangements by the late Hon. Gideon Welles, The Opposi- for extensive explorations next season, tion to Lincoln in 1864,—a severe criticism of and the prospects for an active summer's Grant as a military leader; The Staff of the work in that direction are very encour-United States Army, by Col. R. Williams, U. aging. We Committee of the Board of Regents, and S. A.; Victor Emmanuel's Political Work, by Mr. Climie, of the Finance Committee, were Wm. Chauncy Langdon; The Story of a Swiss Ring-Politician (James Fazy), by Arthur Verner; and Crude and Curious Inventions Pattengill and Miss Annie Warden Ekin, of at the Centennial Exhibition (drinking vessels, the class of '76, were married. To-morrow pots, and pans of uncivilized nations), by Edward H. Knight. In fiction there are: Detmold, a Romance, part IV, by W. H. Bishop; A Lost Lover, by Sarah O. Jewett; and The will give the discourse in University Hall Loves of Alonzo Fitz Clarence and Rosannah Ethelton (telephonic), by Mark Twain. Chas. Dudley Warner tells of his "Fight with a arge audience on Saturday evening last, and Trout" in the Adirondacks (fishy); J. J. Piatt discusses Mr. Stedman's Poetry; W. D. Howells writes of Jean Francois Marmontel, a French Poet of the Old Regime; and Raymond Westbrook has another Open Letter from New York, in which he treats of the metropolitan theaters and the romantic drama. There are poems by Longfellow, "Another Rosary of Sonnets" and "The White Czar;" by George Parsons Lathrop, Good Times; by Whittier, William Francis Bartlett; and by

Houghton, Osgood & Co., Boston.

In the Circuit Court on Saturday last Judge ARTICLES ATTRACTIVE! final decree in the long-pending and vexatious

and take part in the proceedings. The decree BECAUSE OF THE MARVELOUS PRICES WHICH ARE LOWER THAN THE RAW MATERIALS!

> At the Cash Dry Goods House of C. H. MILLEN & SON.

\$1.50 Blk. Cashmere now \$1.20 | 90c. Blk. Cashmere now 75c. \$1.35 Blk. Cashmere now \$1.00 | 75c. Blk. Cashmere now 60c.

We are still selling our BLACK SILKS AT THE GREAT REDUCTION OF LAST WEEK, 75e., \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50. They cannot be matched elsewhere.

\$20.00 Paisley Shawls now \$16.00. \$10.00 Paisley Shawls now \$7.50. \$17.00 Paisley Shawls now \$12.00. \$5.00 All Wool Shawls now \$3.50.

100 pieces Spring Prints at 5c. and 6c. Bleached and Brown Sheetings at 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 cts.

and shall pay to the complainants the sum mentioned in schedule A of said report, and it being found that the said report contains an error of \$100 in footing the figures therein, said error is hereby corrected, so that the foot-ing of said schedule A is fixed at the sum of THE BIGGEST LINE OF EMBROIDERIES ever shown in this city ALL NEW PATTERNS. They are selling fast at the very low prices of 3, 4, 5, 3, 10, 121, 15, 20, and 25 cts. All the ladies that have seen them acknowledge them to be the cheapest embroideries they have ever seen.

A LOT OF STANDARD GOODS, SELLING IRRESPECTIVE OF COST-to which you should give ear if in want.

C. H. MILLEN & SON, Cash Dry Goods House.

SPRING 1878!

Goods being so low we purchased for cash at the recent auction sales a large stock of Black Silks, Alpacas, Mohairs, Tamise Cloths, Australian Crapes, and BLACK "CASHMERES,"

Including the Lupin and Collingwood brands—admitted to be the best in the market. We also offer

Great Bargains in bleached and brown Cottons, Table Cloths, Quilts, and "Hamburgs."

SOMETHING NEW in Ladies' Ties, Handkerchiefs Ruchings, Collars, and Veilings.

THE INDUCEMENTS WE OFFER ARE THAT:

WE BUY FROM FIRST HANDS.

We have but one price. We buy and sell for cash.

as stated in this decree shall be deducted from
the amounts charged against them, respectively, and the balance, after such deduction,
shall be paid as herein provided.

9. It is further ordered, adjudged and decreed, and this court, by virtue of its power
and authority, doth order, adjudge and decree
that the defendant, Rice A. Beal, and the defendants Smith, Wilson and Street, as executors in their representative capacity to the ex-We have a large trade and our goods are always fresh.

tors in their representative capacity to the extent of assets, are liable upon the bond mentioned and set out in the bill and other pleadand manufacturer.

We still continue our Clearing Out Sale of Winter defendant Rose, shall tail for 60 days after demand to pay the amounts herein adjudged against him, and after the said 60 days the

MACK & SCHMID

CLOTHING!

WM. WAGNER

Is still ahead in Quality of Goods. PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW LINE OF

in open court, as provided in said decretal order, and that as to all such matters the parties to be at liberty to apply to the court as they may be advised.

11. The defendants Douglas and Rose shall

English

Merchant Tailoring Department. 21 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

Are you going to Paint? THE BEST IN THE WORLD IS THE Chemical Paint,

Geo. W. Pitkin & Co., Send for Sample Cards and Price Lists.

85 & 87 Market Street, Chicago, Ill.

MANHOOD:

How Lost, How Restored! on the radical cure (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHEA Or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Imporency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Firs, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance,

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

By This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land. Mr. and Mrs. Uzziel Putnam cele-brated the latter's 85th birthday, last week, at Pokagon. Mr. Putnam was

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any a

TATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw,

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO., 41 Ann St., N. X .; Post Office Box, 4586. Estate of Aaron B. Vanatta. Estate of Aaron B. Vanatta.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw
as. Notice is hereby given that by an order of
the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw,
made on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1878,
six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of
Aaron B. Vanatta, late of said county, deceased,
and that all creditors of said deceased are required
to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the
Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the
fifth day of August next, and that such claims
will be heard before said Court, on Saturday,
the fourth day of May next and on Monday, the
fifth day of August next, at ten o'clock in the fore
noon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, February 5, A. D. 1878.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
1673w4

Judge of Probate. "German Syrup."

No other medicine in the world was ever given such a test of its curative qualities as BOSCHEES' GERMAN SYRUP. In three years two million for hundred thousa small bottles of this medicine ountry to those afficted with Consumption, Asthma. Croup, severe Coughs. Pneumonia and other can people undeniable proof that GERMAN SYRUP, will cure them. The result has been that Druggists in every town and village in the United States are recommending it to their customers. Go to your Druggist, EBERBECH & Co., and ask what they they know about it. Sample bottle 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. Three doses will

Cream Laid Letter and Packet Note Heads and Linen Fibre Note Heads (Packet and Congress) just received. Give us your

QUERY: "Why will men smoke common tobace when they can buy Marburg Bros. 'Seal of North Carolina,' at the same price?"

That you can buy the BEST AND CHEAPEST BLACK SILKS in the city at MACK & SCHMID'S

Estate of John Schneeberger. CTATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the twenty-sixth day of January, A. D. 1878, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of John Schneeberger, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or

Mortgage Sale.

Mortgage Sale.

WHERE AS, Michael Weich and Edmund Weich, of the township of Northfield, County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan, on the fourteenth day of February, in the year of our lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, executed a mortgage to John N. Gott, of the city of Ann Arbor, county aforesaid, to secure the payment of certain principal and interest money therein mentioned, which mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the county of Washtenaw, on the fourteenth day of February, A. D. 1876, at 3½ o'clock P. M., in liber 51 of mortgages, on page 606; which said mortgage was duly assigned on the said fourteenth day of February, A. D. 1876, to Luther James, of the township of Lima, county aforesaid, which said assignment was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county on the eighth day of February, A. D. 1873, at 4½ o'clock P. M. of said day, in liber 5 of assignments of mortgages, on page 621, and whereas default has been mide in the payment of the interest upon said mortgage, that there is now claimed to be due for interest the sum of two hundred and fifty-two dollars, also fifty dollars as a reasonable solicitor or attorney's fee in addition to all other legal costs, also other payments to become due upon said mortgage for principal, and no suit or proceedings having been instituted either in law or equity to recover the same or any part thereof: Notice is hereby given, that on Satueday, The Eleventh (11th) day of May, 1878, at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the south STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw,
Ss. The undersigned having been appointed by
the Probate Court for said county, commissioners
to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Fidelus
Sekinger, late of said county, deceased, hereby give
notice that six months from date are allowed, by
order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the residence of
Bernhardt Koebbe, in the township of Freedom,
in said county, on Monday, the sixth day of May,
and on Tuesday, the sixth day of August next, at
ten o'clock a. M. of each of said days, to receive,
examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, February 6, A. D. 1878.

BERNHARDT KOEBBE,
1673 GEORGE SCHNERING,
Commissioners. Dated, February 15, 1878.

LUTHER JAMES,

JOHN N. GOTT, Assignee of Mort 1674 Attry for Assignee of Mortgagee

Estate of Mary Carpenter.

Estate of Schneider Minors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the sixth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of F. Edward Schneider, Loisa Josephin Schneider, Margaret Schneider, and Theodore Schneider, minors.

On reading and filing the potition, duly verified, of Dorothea Schneider, guardian of said minors, praying that she may be licensed to sell certain real estate belonging to said minors.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the twelfth day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the next of kin of said minors, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered that said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Michigan Argus, a newspaper printed and circulated in said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D HARRIMAN, (A true copy.)

Estate of Caroline D. Freer.

Present, William D. Harriman, Junge or Probace. In the matter of the estate of Caroline D. Freer, deceased.

Alva Freer, administrator of said estate, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such administrator. Thereupon it is ordered, that Saturday, the ninth day of March next, at ten o clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed. And it is further ordered that said administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said account and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Michapan Aryas, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said adv of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, (A true copy.)

WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

1674td

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, on Saurday, the second day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Frederick Miller, deceased.

In the matter of the estate of deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of George Miller, executor, praying that he may be licensed to sell the real estate whereof said deceased died seized.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Saturday, the ninth day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons in-WILLIAM D

Estate of Thomas Kennedy. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw
Ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the
County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Saturday, the
second day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.
Present, William D. Harruman, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Thomas Ken-On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of On reading and ning the petition, duty verned, of Ann M. Kennedy, praying that she or some other suitable person may be appointed administratrix of the estate of said deceased.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the fourth day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased and all other reconstitutes and of the persons interested it sould estate are required.

vious to said day of hearing.
WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, (A true copy). Judge of Probate. Wm. G. Dorr, Probate Register. 1673td

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washlenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washlenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the sixth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of James B. Palmer, deceased. leceased.
L. M. Palmer, administrator of said estate,

comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such ad-niistrator. prepared to render his final account as such administrator.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Saturday, the second day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said deceased, and all other persons interested in said decate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered, that said administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Michigan Argus, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, (A true copy). Judge of Probate. Wm. G. Dory, Probate Register. 1673

deceased.

Frank A. Hooker, executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such executor.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the in said country, to said day of hearing.
WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,

(A true copy.) Judge of) Wm. G. Dorr, Probate Register.

Estate of Charles H. Schlanderer.

State Of MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw,
State Session of the Probate Court for the
County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the
thirtieth day of January, in the year one thousand
eight hundred and seventy-eight.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Charles H. Schlanderer, deceased. derer, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Albert Gwinner, praying that he or some other suitable person may be appointed administrator of the estate of said deceased.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the twenty-fifth day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, and

Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered that said petitioner give weeks previous to said day of hearing.
WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,

(A true copy.) Judge of Probate. Wm. G. Dorr, Probate Register. 1672td

Estate of Mary Carpenter.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, S. S. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the thirteenth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Mary Carpenter, deceased.

Francis M. Oskley, executor of the last wil and testament of said deceased, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his annual account as such executor.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Wednesday, the thirteenth day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and ali other persons interested in said estate, and heirs of Ann Arbor in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account, should not be allowed: And it is further ordered that said executor give notice to the persons interested in said estate, to will be sold on the persons interested in said estate, said executor give notice to the persons interested in said estate, for Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, of the estate of Michiges (Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned, administrator of the estate of said deceased, by the Hou. Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the twenty-eighth day of Judge, administrator of the estate of the beside, and in the County of Washtenaw, on the twenty-eighth day of Judge, administrator of the estate of the beside that the pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned, administrator of the estate of the beside of the county of Washtenaw, on the twenty-eighth day of Judge, administrator of the estate of the beside of the wenty-eighth day of Judge, administrator of the estate of the beside of the wenty-eighth day of Judge, administrator of the estate of the beside of the wenty-eighth day of Judge, a

Real Estate for Sale.

Real Estate for Sale.

CTATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw,

Ss. In the matter of the estate of William S.
Bird, deceased. Notice is hereby given, that in
pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned
administrator of the estate of said William S. Bird,
by the Hon, Judge of Probate for the county of
Livingston, on the ninth day of January, A. D.
1878, there will be sold at public vendue, to the
highest bidder, at the premises in the county of
Washtenaw, in said State, on Tuespax, The
TWELFTH DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1878, at one o'clock
in the afternoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the

nine degrees and eight minutes—east twenty-four chains and ninety-eight links to the place of be ginning. The above described parcels containing jointly one hundred and fifty-three acres, be the same more or less; also another piece of land in the lownship aforesaid, viz.: Being a certain piece of land of about half an acre, situated in the forks of the territorial and Glasier road, on the northwest quarter of section twenty-seven, in town and range aforesaid, which above described property I shall offer for sale, to the highest bidder, at the south door of the Court House, in the city of Ann Arbor, Washtenaw county, Michigan, (that being the place of holding the Circuit Courts in the county where the premises are situated) on the NINTH DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1878, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

Dated, January 24, A. D. 1878.

[167]

Chancery Sale CTATE OF MICHIGAN, The Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, in Chancery, Frederick Schmid, Senior, complainant vs. Mary E. Ruckman and Silas C. Ruckman, defendants. In

ontaining about eight acres of land.

Dated, January 16, 1878.

FRANK EMERICK, Circuit Court Commission EUGENE K. FRUEAUFF, Complainant's solid

Chancery Sale.

In Pursuance and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Michigan, in equity, made and entered on the fifteenth day of October, A. D. 1877, in a certain cause therein pending wherein Charles J. Howell is complainant, and John W. Cowan, Dorcas M. Cowan, Christian Mack, Frederick Schmid, and John J. Clarkson, are defendants: Schmid, and John J. Clarkson, are defendants: Schmid, and John J. Clarkson, are defendants: Sebmid, and John J. Clarkson, are defendants: SECOND DAY OF MARCH NEXT, at two o'clock P. M. of that day, at the front door of the Washtenaw County Court House, in the city of Ann Arbor, Washtenaw County, Michigan, all those certain pieces or parcels of land situated in the township of Sharon, county of Washtenaw, and State afore, wit: Commencing at the east quarter post of section number two (2) township three (3) south range number three (3) east in said county, thence north 43° west sinty-four links in the road, thence north 25° west fourteen chains and sixty-seven links along the road, thence north 83° west ourteen chains and sixty-seven links along the road, thence north 83° west fourteen chains and sixty-seven links along the road, thence north 83° cast five chains and twenty-five chains and sixty-linee links along the road, thence north 83° cast five chains and twenty-five chain and fity-nine links along the road, thence north 63° cast thirteen chains and thirty links along the road, thence north 63° cast thirteen chains and twenty-one links, thence north one section links and the road, thence north 63° cast thirteen chains and twenty-one links, thence north one section links along the road, thence north 63° cast thirteen chains and twenty-one links, thence north one section links along the road, thence north 63° cast thirteen chains and twenty-one links, thence north one section links along the road, thence north 63° cast thirteen chains and twenty-one links, thence north one section links along the road, thence north 63° cast

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the condition of a certain mortgage made and executed Vincent S. Taylor and Abigail Taylor, his wife, the village of Saline, county of Washtenaw a State of Michigan, to Comstock F. Hill, of Lo county of Washtenaw aforesaid, on the tenth of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eighundred and seventy-two, and recorded in the fice of the Register of Deeds for the county afosaid, on the twentieth day of April, a. p. 1872, one o'clock p. m. of said day, in liber 46 of mogges, page 300; that there is now claimed to due and unpaid on said mortgage, and the note companying the same, the sum of one hundred a three dollars and fifty cents (\$196.500, also an attact of the county fee, in addition to all other legal cosshould any proceedings be taken to foreclose tame, and no proceedings at law or in equity hing been instituted to recover the same or any pathereof: Notice is hereby given, that by virtue the power of sale in said mortgage contained, a of the statute in such case made and provided shall sell at public anction to the highest bidder, the Sixtenst Hoay of April, A. D. 1878, at o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of Court House in the city of Ann Arbor, in the the building in which the Giventi Court forest for

and without Cuts, in Hodder's Patent Blotting Pad Covers-100 and 120 sheets in a FINE JOB PRINTING done at book-for sale at the ARGUS Office.

D. CRAMER, Assignee of Mortgage Attorney for Assignee. 1672

Att'y for Mortgagee. WATSON GEER, Mortgage.

aim and demand of the parties of the first parties and mortgage in and to the premises.

Dated, December 3, 1877.

CHARLES H. RICHMOND,

Commissioners' Notice.

not yet paid for 1878-and many are vet in arrears for 1877. Prompt payment will

a vote of 48 to 21. The absentees were 7, of whom 4 favored the bill and 3 opposed it, making the full vote for the bill 52, and 24 against it. Of the 24 votes against the bill, 12 were contributed by New England, four by New York and New Jorsey, and one each by Delaware, Maryland, South Carolina, Georgia, Missippi, California, Oregon and Michigan. Me-srs. Christianoy, of Mckigan, Sargent, of California, and Mitchell, of Oregon, are the only We teru Senators whose votes stand recorded against the measure. Following is the vote in

Spencer, Teller, Thurman, Voorhets, Kellogg, Kirkwood,

it enacted by the Senate and House of Repre-tives of the United States of America, in Con-assembled, That there shall be coined at the al mints of the United States silver dollars of the weight of \$12\% grains troy, of standard silver, as provided in the act of Jan. 18, 1837, on which shall be the devices and superscription provided by said act, which coins, together with all silver dollars heretofore coined by the United States of like weight and fineness, shall be a legal tender at their nominal value for all debts and dues, public and private, except where otherwise expressed and stipulated in the contract; and the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to purchase, from time to time, silver bullion at the market price thereof, not less than \$2,000,000 worth worth per mouth, nor more than \$4,000,000 worth the market price thereof, not less than \$2,000,000 worth per mouth, nor more than \$4,000,000 worth per mouth, and cause the same to be coined mouthly, as fast as so purchased, into such dollars, and a sum sufficient to carry out the foregoing provisions of this act is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. And any gain or seigniorage arising from this coinage shall be accounted for and paid into the Treasury as provided under existing laws relative to the subsidiary coinage; provided, that the amount of money at any one time invested in such silver bullion, exclusive of such resulting coin shall

come advisable, to join the United States in come to adopt a common ratio between gold liver, for the purpose of establishing interably the use of bi-metallic money, and securitity of the relative value between those; such conference to be held at such place; such conference to be held at such place; such conference to be held at such place is months as may be mutually agreed upon a Executives of the Governments joining same, whenever the Governments so invited, of three of them, shall have signified their pues to unite in the same. The President by and with the advice and consent of the papoint three Commissioners, who shall such conference on behalf of the United And shall report the doings thereof to the lent, who shall transmit the same to Congress. Commissioners shall each receive the sum of and their reasonable expenses, to be apply the Secretary of State, and the amount of the Wreek of the steemer Metropolis proves the wreek of the steemer Metropolis proves the wreek of the steemer Metropolis proves ary to pay such compensation and expenses eby appropriated out of any money in the ry not otherwise appropriated

shereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 4. That any holder of the coin authorized by this act may deposit the same with the Treasurer or any Assistant Treasurer of the United States in sums of not less than \$10, and receive therefor certificates of not less than \$0 each corresponding with the denominations of United States notes. The coin deposited for or representing the certificates shall be retained in the treasury for the payment of the same on demand. Said certificates shall be received may be reissued.

The only material change in the bill from what it was as it passed the House is that, instead of allowing unlimited coinage, and on private account, the coinage will be on Government account, and not to exceed \$4,000,000 a month.

What was at this casapecto, and the state in totten and totally unseaworthy.

A HORRIBLE casualty is reported from Wickham, Queen's county, Canada. A whole family, consisting of Daniel Reardon, his wife and four children, were burned up in their house. The death is announced of John F. Tracy, for many years President of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad.

The wife of Benn Pittman, of Cincinnati, the well-known phonographer, died recently, and totally unseaworthy.

A HORRIBLE casualty is reported from Wickham, Queen's county, Canada. A whole family, consisting of Daniel Reardon, his wife and four children, were burned up in their house. The death is announced of John F. Tracy, for many years President of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad.

The wife of Benn Pittman, of Cincinnati, the well-known phonographer, died recently, and totally unseaworthy.

A HORRIBLE casualty is reported from Wickham, Queen's county, Canada. A whole family, consisting of Daniel Reardon, his wife and four children, were burned up in their house. The death is announced of John F. Tracy, for many years President of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad.

The wife of Benn Pittman, of Cincinnati, the well-known phonographer, died r

THE EAST.

THE cambrie mill of the H. N. Slater Manufacturing Company, at Webster, Mass., is Loss estimated at \$100,000. THE old family mansion of Daniel Webster.

at Marshfield, Mass., has been destroyed by other day with 425 railroad laborers for Brazil. Notwithstanding the appalling fate of the

Metropolis, her sister ship, the rush of the unemployed to ship on the Richmond was tre-A FIRE in West Twenty-third street. New York, last week, destroyed \$500,000 worth of

property. THE difficulty between Thomas Lord, Sen.

of New York, and his children, growing out of the marriage of that gentleman to Mrs. Hicks. has been amicably settled. The property of the old gentleman, valued at \$2,000,000, in to be placed in the hands of a trustee, the chil-dren each to receive \$12,000 a year from the proceeds, and upon the death of the father the estate is to be divided equally among them. Mrs. Lord surrenders all right of dower to the estate, and agrees to receive archive from it estate, and agrees to receive nothing from it after the death of her husband, should she sur-Mrs. Lord possesses a fortune of

THE city of Chicago has been brought to a serious financial crisis by a decision of the Suserious financial crisis by a decision of the Supreme Court of Illinois. That decision is to the effect that the city cannot borrow money repayable out of the general tax fund. Neither can it borrow money to pay the principal or interest of money which has heretofore been borrowed in that manner. Some \$500,000 borrowed in this illegal manner is now outstanding. How it is to be paid is what is puzzling the financiers of the Garden City, as well as those who loaned the money, and, if the city cannot pay the interest on what it has already borrowed, it can hardly expect to negotiate any more loans.

THE house of V. Leftridge (colored) near Ironton, O., caught fire and was burned to the ground the other day. Three children, who were alone in the house, were consumed in the

JOHN W. BEAVERS was hanged at Madison, Ind., Feb. 15, for the murder of J. W. Sewell. John T. Ables was executed at Carthage, Mo., on the same day, for the murder of John Lane in April, 1874.

THE Minnesota Legislature has passed and the Governor has approved a law voting an appropriation of \$150,000 for the relief of the grasshopper-ravaged districts of the State, including the purchase of seed-wheat for this

Sales marina for Idaho; William J. Folion (Ill.), Superintendent of Indian Affairs for Dakota; Adolph Dombrowsky, Receiver of Public Moneys at Shasta, Cal.

FOREIGN NEWS.

year's crop. AGENTS of Eastern school-book publishers, open'y exposed them, declaring that he had been paid \$50 to vote for a certain text-book contract. The exposure caused considerable excitement at St. Paul, and a legislative investigation is in process.

tigation is in progress THE SOUTH.

It is charged that Jndge Whittaker, of New Orleans, before whom Returning-Board Anderson was tried, is a defaulter to the Government to the extent of \$600,000. The story goes that in 1886 he was appointed Assistant United States. Transverse at New Orleans, here occurred to the slave trade in his dominions... A number of failure that concerns no one except Russia and Tarkey; and that Russia had notified Austria that this is a matter that concerns no one except Russia and Tarkey; and that Russia had notified Austria that concerns no one except Russia and Tarkey; and that Russia had notified Austria that concerns no one except Russia and Tarkey; and that Russia had notified Austria that concerns no one except Russia and Tarkey; and that Russia had notified Austria that concerns no one except Russia and Tarkey; and that Russia had notified Austria that concerns no one except Russia and Tarkey; and that Russia had notified Austria that concerns no one except Russia and Tarkey; and that Russia had notified Austria that concerns no one except Russia and Tarkey; and that Russia had notified Austria that this is a matter that concerns no one except Russia and Tarkey; and that Russia had notified Austria that Russia had notified Aus oricans, before whom Returning-Board Anderson was tried, is a defaulter to the Government to the extent of \$600,000. The story goes that in 1866 be was appointed Assistant United States Treasurer at New Orleans by President Johnson, and that a year afterward he was found to be short in his accounts the amount named, which, it is claimed, he lost in gold speculations. He was tried and acquitted by a jury without leaving their seats.

A HORBERT A THE POPE is said to have left a fortune of 120,000,000 lire, nearly \$24,000,000...Small-pox is raging in Constantinople.

A BORRIBLE murder was recently perpetrated near Goldsboro, N. C. James Wormley and his it was announced by the Ministers that the young wife were bound together by cords and English fleet had arrived at Constantinople, beaten to death with clubs by two negroes. The

lican members of the Louisiana Legislature have signed an appeal asking Executive clemency in behalf of Thomas C. Anderson...

J. Madison Wells is out in an open letter in regard to the Returning Board prosecutions. It is written in Wells' characteristically vigorous syle, and gives what purports to be a personal history of the men proming to a personal history of the prosecutions. He saserts that Maj. B. A. Burke, one of the leading witnesses, is a fugitive from Illinois and a willam; that the Sheriff and some of the other witnesses are murderers and virging the content of the other witnesses are murderers and villain; that Judge Whittaker is a defaulter and a drunkard; that Attorney General Ogden is a deacon in the church and a villain; that Assistant Prosecutor Egan is a murderer and a villain; that Charles Cavarac, a leading instigator of the prosecution, is a list, this and villain, and that the whole prosecution is conducted by rebels in the interest of Samuel J. Tilden.

resolutions, although over 4,000 bills have been roduced. There have been fifty-nine bills atended to improve the financial condition of the country, and not one has passed... A bill for the retirement of the national-bank circulation has been prepared by the silver wing of the House Committee on Banking and Currency. Treasury notes, receivable for all public dues and fundable in 4-per-cent, bords, are to take the place of bank paper. the place of bank paper.

BEN BUTLER has ready a resolution to declare that the House has lost confidence in the administration of the Treasury Department. This resolution is to be presented upon the passage in the House of the amended Bland bill, after its return from the Senate.

THE Grand Jury of the District of Columbia nas indicted A. B. Moore, ex-Supervising Special Agent of the Treasury Department, for slandering Gen. Boynton, correspondent of the Cincin-PRESIDENT HAYES has positively refused to

States Collector at the port of New Orleans. It is announced from Washington that Attorney General Devens declines to write any letter in answer to the President's on the Louisiana subject, giving us a reason therefor that is unnecessary. He also says that, in his opinion, the United States could not interfere in the trials of the Returning Board; that Louisiana has a perfect State Government, and is just as much entitled to her sovereign power as the State of Massachusetts.

THE President has made the following appointments: Bayard Taylor, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Germany; Jebu Baker, of Illinois, Minister Resident at Venezuelis; Wm. C. Goodloe, of Kentucky, Minister Resident at Belgium; Benjamin F. Simpson, of Kansas, United States Marshal for Kansas; Wm. A. Howard, of Michigan, Governor of Dakota Territory...

The Senate Committee on Territories has decided to reprost favorable ways the bill for the cided to report favorably upon the bill for the creation of the Territory of Lincoln, to be formed out of portions of the Territories of Dakota and Wyoming, so as to include all the

Black Hills country. THERE is much opposition among the silver men in the House to the Silver bill as amended by the Senate, particularly to the amendment eliminating the free-coinage feature. It is generally believed at the capital, however, that the bill will pass by at least a two-thirds vote. is act is so purchased, into such dolars, and a sufficient to carry out the foregoing provisions its act is hereby appropriated out of any six in the treasury not otherwise appropriation and any gain or seigniorage arising from solnage shall be accounted for and paid into treasury as provided under existing laws relation to the subsidiary coinage; provided, that the int of money at any one time invested in such the bublidary coinage; provided, that the int of money at any one time invested in such the bublion, exclusive of such resulting coin, shall exceed \$5,698,000; and provided, further, that any limits act shall be construed to authorize anyment in silver of certificates of deposit d under the provisions of section 254 of the ed Statutes.

C. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

C. 3. That immediately after the passage of such resulting coin, and the President shall invite the Governments he countries composing the Latin Union, so I, and of such other European nations as he countries composing the Latin Union, so I, and of such other European nations as he countries composing the Latin Union, so I, and of such other European nations as he countries composing the Latin Union, so I, and of such other European nations as he countries composing the Latin Union, so I, and of such other European nations as he countries composing the Latin Union, so I, and of such other European nations as he countries composing the Latin Union, so I, and of such other European nations as he countries composing the Latin Union, so I, and of such other European nations as he countries composing the Latin Union, so I, and of such other European nations as he countries composing the Latin Union, so I, and of such other European nations as he countries composing the Latin Union, so I, and of such other European nations as he countries composing the Latin Union, so I, and of such other European nations as he countries composing the Latin Union, so I, and of such other European nati

revenues of the Department are now suffering

Eastern Ohio vigorously oppose the new Tariff bill... The investigation ordered by the Secretary of the Treasury into the circumstances of the wreck of the steamer Metropolis proves what was at first suspected, that the vessel was rotten and totally unseaworthy.

POLITICAL. THE New York Sun's Washington correspondent is the author of a story to the effect that the day Thomas C. Anderson was conpay a note of \$20,000, indorsed by ex-Congressman Charles B. Farwell, of Chicago, for money borrowed from the Union National Bank, of that city, to pay the expenses of the Republicans who went to Louisiana to see a fair count. Mr. Farwell has been interviewed, and he says there is no truth in the story, and that the gentlemen who went down from Illinois to witness the crunt paid their own expenses. Senstor Kellogg is also reported to have denied the Sun correspondent's story. The Washington correspondent of the Chicago Inter-Ocean, re-ferring to this matter, says: "Keilogg has told the story to at least twenty persons whose names can be given, and on one occasion made the statement in a Senate cloak-room in the

PRESIDENT HAYES has written a letter to the Attorney General of the United States in relation to the Returning Board prosecutions in New Orleans. The President is of the opinion that the prosecution against Anderson is solely political; that it is not countenanced by the best men of Louisiana, and, therefore, is contrary to their calm judgment; that the proceedings were in the interest of those who strive to antagonize the two parties in that State, rather than to harmonize them; that so far from receiving the approximate them; that, so far from receiving the appro-bation of the country, the act will be con-demned by right-thinking and patriotic men everywhere, when they become acquainted with the circumstances attending the prose-cution. As grave constitutional questions may be involved, in which the General Government may perhaps, have a right to interfere, the President submits the subject to the Attorney

General for his consideration.

At the meeting of the Executive Committee of the National Democratic Committee, held in Washington last week, it was unanimously resolved to postpone the meeting of the commit-tee, to be held in the city of Washington, from the 22d of February to the 22d of May.

THE President says that he has not abandoned his purpose of sending in a civil-service message, but that he has concluded to postpone sage, but that he has concluded to postpone this for the present. The Silver bill, he thinks, does and will for a considerable time occupy the attention of Congress, so that civil-service questions will not receive the prompt attention of Congress on this subject... The President has nominated Charles McCandless (Pa.), Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, New Mexico; John S. Witcher (W. Va.), United States Marshal for Idaho; William J. Pollock (Ill.), Superintendent of Indian Affairs for Da-

Cable dispatches of the 14th state that there was great excitement in England over the Sulwho have been mousing around the Minnesota
Legislature as lobbyists to secure legislation
in their interest, have been "caught in the
act." A member of the House named Brandt
openly exposed them, declaring that he had ure; that Russia had peremptorily declined to answer England's question as regards the ex-act military status at and around Constanti-nople, replying in effect that this is a matter that concerns no one except Russia and Ton

pox is raging in Constantinople.

beaten to death with clubs by two negroes. The wretches are under arrest.

A fine at Savannah, Ga., last week, burned a warehouse containing 4,000 bales of cotton.

Loss about \$200,000.... Fifty-three Republican members of the Louisiana Legislature have signed an appeal sking. Executive clear out the many containing the containing the containing the country of the containing the country of the containing the country of the

This possibility is evidently contemplated by England, for Lord Derby has informed the Russian Ambassador that any movement toward Gallipoli would be regarded in England as compromising the safety of the fleet adding that he could not answer for the consequences, which might be most serious. All now depends upon Russia's action. If she is satisfied to let things remain as they are, hostilities between herself and England may be postponed indefinitely, and even altogether avoided, but if Constantinople of Gallipoli is occupied England will send an ultimation of course be refused, and after some the consequences, which might be most serious. All now depends upon Russia's action. If she is satisfied to let things remain as they are, hostilities between herself and England may be postponed indefinitely, and even altogether avoided, but if Constantinople of Gallipoli is occupied England will send an ultimation of course be refused, and after some the consequences, which might be most serious. All now depends upon Russia's action. If she is satisfied to let things remain as they are, hostilities between herself and England may be postponed indefinitely, and even altogether avoided, but if Constantinople of Gallipoli is occupied England will send an ultimation of the resolutions and said the proceedings were in accordance with the laws of Louisians baving the Presidency which reflected on the honor of that State. He defended the Returning Gard? Mr. Gibbon-lift the men have been and are now going on against the Returning Board? Mr. Gibbon-lift the men have been and are now going on against the Returning Board? Mr. Gibbon-lift the men have been and are now going on against the Returning Board? Mr. Gibbon-lift the men have been and are now going on against the Returning Board? Mr. Gibbon-lift the men have been and are now going on against the Returning Board? Mr. Gibbon-lift the men have been and are now going on against the Returning Board? Mr. Gibbon-lift the men have been and are now going on against the Returning Boa communications of the English fleet. This possibility is evidently contemplated by England, for Lord Derby has informed the

will preside. Russia has even suggested that the United States, as one of the great maritime powers, should be represented, and England and Austria have acquiesced. The withdrawal of the British fleet to Mundania bay is also confirmed. Germany will use her influence with Russia to obtain a peaceful settlement of the present diffullies. Negotiations remove Gen. Anderson from the office of United ment of the present diffiulties. Negotiations for the final peace settlement are progressing at Adrianople, and it is expected that the treaty will be ready for signature in about ten days."

Feb. 18. The eldest daughter of the Crown Feb. 18. The eldest daughter of the Crown Prince Frederick William, was married to the heir of the duchy of Saxe Meiningen. She was born July 24, 1860, her mother being the "Princess Royal" of England, the eldest of Queen Victoria's children, Victoria Adelaide. The other bride was Elizabeth, daughter of Prince Frederick Charles (cousin of the Crown Prince), and her bridegroom is the hereditary Prince of Oldenburg.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

TUESDAY, Feb. 12.—SENATE.—Mr. Christiany, in presenting petitions from citizens of Michigan favoring a sixteenth constitutional amendtavoring a sixteenin constitutional amend-tic conferring the right of suffrage upon ien, said that he hoped the Committee on right of the suffrage and Elections would take up the sub-and report upon it. When he should be-e satisfied that a majority of the women he country were in favor of female suffrage he id vote for it, but until then he would not. He, out think these petitions should be presented to the country were in favor of female suffrage he rould vote for it, but until then he would not. He id not think these petitions should be presented to longress. The Legislatures of States were the roper bodies to present them to....Mr. Morrill, rom the Committee on Finance, reported favorably in the House joint resolution declaring that the eduction of the tax on distilled spirits is inexpeleint. He also reported a substitute for the enate bill to provide for a commission on the subset of the alcohol liquor traffic. Mr. Burnside, com the Committee on Military Affairs, reported, the amendments, the Senate bill to remove all retrictions now existing in regard to the enlistment of colored citizens in any arm of the United States rmy. Messrs, Maxoy and Cockrell, of the committee, announced that they did not agree with the ajority of the committee in reporting this bill.... Ir. Thurman presented petitions of citizens of hio in favor of the remoneitzation of silver and to repeal of the Resumption law... A few bills minor importance were introduced, and bill was passed making the 22d of Februry a legal holiday in the District of Columbia, ter which consideration was resumed of the Silver II. Speeches were made by Mr. McDonald, of didana, and Mr. McPherson, of New Jersey—the emer in favor of and the latter in opposition to emeasure.

raid that if any mortal man anywhere charged these Southern gentlemen with bargains that man lied. He defended in a simi'ar way the Northern Republicans, and declared that the troops were withdrawn as a matter of constitutional duty, and not of policy; but he did not forget to rebuke the people of Louisiana for the manner in which they are treating the Returning Board. He charged that the trial was a malicious persecution. E. John Ellis, for the South, denied that there was a bargain, and charged that whoever said that Louisiana betrayed the rights of Tilden "lies in his heart and in his own false throat." These words were intended for Mr. Hewitt, but were subsequently withdrawn by Mr. Ellis upon the pleas that he misundersteed Mr. Hewitt. The story of the Wormley conference, as it was so often told, was repeated by Mr. Ellis, and it agreed in every particular with the accounts of Messrs. Foster, John Young Brown and others. .. This ended the most exciting day of the session, and the first significant allusions to the subject of the Presidential count.

Thursday, Feb. 14.—Senate.—The House

resolution declaring it inexpedient to reduce the present tax on whisky was concurred in—yeas, 40; hours speech in support of the Silver bill, most of his speech being devoted to an argument showing that silver has not depreciated in value since its de-monetization, and against the assertions that the dollar proposed by the bill is dishonoring the me-dium of payment and a depredated coin. Mr. Wadleigh spoke against the bill, and in the course of his remarks said there had been state-parts of distress and suffering but to his mind alhis cry of weeping and wailing was to divert the ttention of the people while they were being robbed or the benefit of the bloated German empire and

This will of course be refused, and after some slight delay for final preparation war will be declared.

A CABLE dispatch of the 18th says: "A congress of all the great powers at Baden Baden has been agreed to, and Prince Gortschakoff will preside. Russia has even suggested that the United States, as one of the great maritime powers, should be represented, and England and Austria have acquiesced. The withdrawal of the British fleet to Mundania bay is also confirmed. Germany will use her influence with Russia to obtain a peaceful settlement of the present diffiulties. Negotiations

FRIDAY, Feb. 15 .- SENATE. - Consideration of

A London dispatch says: "There are still wide divergencies between Russia and Austria. Prince Bismarck will complete the reconciliation at the congress. England must look to herself. She has interests at stake which she will certainly be called upon to defend. There is not a statesman on the continent, outside those directly concerned, that does not admit the chief object of the triple alliance to be the annihilation of British influence abroad."

Bernan enjoyed the sensation of two weddings in the imperial family, on the evening of Feb. 18. The eldest daughter of the Crown fere with the coinage of gold and subsidiary silver coins as now authorized by law." After a lengthy discussion this was rejected—yeas. 23; nays, 46. The question then recurred on the second section of the bill reported by the Committee on Figure 2. nys, 46. The question then recurred on the second section of the bill reported by the Commuttee on Finance, providing for an international commission to adopt a common ratio of legal tender as between gold and sliver. After considerable debate, Mr. Allison modified the amendment by striking out the words "of legal tender," so that the conference should be to adopt a common ratio between gold and sliver without reference to legal tender. The amendment as modified was agreed to—yeas, 40; nays, 30. Mr. McDonald submitted an amendment to the clause making the sliver dollar a legal tender for all debts and dues, public and private, except where otherwise provided by contract, so as to read, instead of provided by, expressly stipulated in, the contract. Agreed to—yeas, 37; nays, 35. Mr. Booth offered the following amendment: "That any holder of coin authorized by this act may deposit the same with the Treasurer or any Assistant Treasurer of the United States, in sums not less than \$10, and receive therefor certificates of notices than \$10 each, corresponding with denominations of United States notes. The coin deposited for or representing certificates shall be retained in the treasury for the payment of the same on demand. Said certificates shall be receivable for customs, taxes and all public dues, and when so received may be reissued." Adopted—49 to 14. After a session lasting nearly all night, the Bland Sliver bill, so amended, was passed by a vote of 48 to 21.

of 48 to 21. House,-The House spent the entire day in detractors a claim amounting to \$375,000. No action

MONDAY, Feb. 18. -SENATE. -The bill to enable Indians to become citizens was taken up, and Mr. Wbyte spoke in opposition...Mr. Bayard Mr. Whyte spoke in opposition...Mr. Bayard presented the petition of the National Liberal League, signed by the officers thereof and 10,660 persons residing in every State of the Union, favoring the adoption of an amendment to the constitution separating church and state... The resolution of Mr. Beck to have an inquiry into the legislation needed to prevent the introduction of yellow fever into the country was adopted... Mr. Cameron, of Pennsylvania, introduced a bill to reinstate certain officers of the United States army.... The bill for the relief of settlers on public lands under the Pre-emption laws was passed.

House.—The Silver bill, as passed by the Senate.

connected with a proposition made to him by Col. Pickett (as coming from J. H. Maddox, Special Agent of the Treasury Depariment) to pay J. Madison Wells, Chairman of the Returning Board of Louisiana, for giving the count of that State to Mr. Tildeu, all of which was testified to by Mr. Hewitt before the committee of the House at the last session.

And now, said he, in conclusion, I ask the gent'eman from South Carolina (Aiken) to tell me by what right he turns on me and accuses me of selling the Presidency.

After the decision of the Electoral Tribunal in the Louisiana case had been announced it became apparent to me, as it did to every intelligent person who studied the situation, that the decision of the Electoral Commission would award the Presidency to Hayes. Of course, I

the decision of the Electoral Commission would award the Presidency to Hayes. Of course, I felt it was a great grievance, but I felt that we had submitted that question to the tribunal, and that we were bound and concluded by its decision, and I told everybody that I should vote to sustain every decision of the tribunal, no matter what the consequence might be. no matter what the consequence might be. But I did not see any reason why, because Mr. Hayes was going into the Presidency, I should ignore the fact that there was a large number of gentlemen in the House who did not look on the question as I did, and that they had told me the count should never be completed. On that statement I reflected, and I said to mystall. Unless it is understood that the traces self, Unless it is understood that the troops shall be withdrawn from Louisiana and South Carolina civil war will surely break out, for the members from Louisiana assured me trut their members from Louisiana assured me triat their people would no longer submit to military domination. I knew if they resisted, other Southern States would be in honor bound to help them, and I thought that if I could not save the Presidency from the wreck there was not any good reason why South Carolina and Louisiana should not be saved from it. Thereupon, of my own motion, I went to my friend from Ohio (Foster) and made to him pretty much the remark that I now make. The reason why I went to him was because he had mich the remark that I how make. The reason why I went to him was because he had made a speech on this floor in which he declared what the President's policy would be, and he believed it, and I believed it. I said to that gentleman. "I fear there will be trouble unless you can satisfy these Southern gentlemen this policy which you have declared to be the relieved." men this policy which you have declared to be the policy of the incoming administration will be adhered to." He said to me, "What can I do?" I raid, "I do not know. It is not my business, but I tell you the facts." He said, "I will see about it, "and subsequently (I think the next day) he came back to me and showed me a letter signed by Mr. Hayes, which letter has since been published. I read it. He said, "Will that be satisfactory?" I said, "Mr. Foster, it is not me whom you have to satisfy; it is other gentlemen. To me it would not be ter, it is not me whom you have to satisfy; it is other gentlemen. To me it would not be satisfactory, but you must go to them and satisfy them that this policy will be carried out." That was the last interview I had with Mr. Foster on the subject. What followed came to me from other persons. I had no part in a bargain, if it was made. I knew nothing of its terms, but I was told on the day the Vermont return but I was told on the day the Vermont return had been put through the joint convention tha these gentlemen from South Carolina were sat-isfied, and that there could be no good reason why the count should not proceed. I do not know how they were satisfied. I have never seen any member from Louisianna about it. I only know that they told not they were satis-

army.
Mr. Townsend—They should not have been

nothing which had not been published to the

he believed it was immensely more important to the country that the question should be set-tled in a peaceful, orderly manner, than that either Hayes or Tilden should be President. When the filibustering movement had been commenced on the Democratic side he had again for making it, and that was the letter to which the Silver bill was resumed, and Mr. Ingalls spoke in fayor of the measure. He declared that gold was the worst enemy the people had to contend against, and expressed the hope that if a single standard must prevail it would be a silver one. comises except stating what he had believed build be the policy of President Hayes. No one thing was done anywhere or in any place, and he defied mortal man to bring evidence to that effect, that obliged anybody to do anything in consideration of anything being done by the Mr. Garfield said, when the decision of the

Esctoral Tribunal was announced, there were between thirty and forty gentlemen on the other side, most of whom had been in ar against the Umted States, who believed in th honor they were bound to stand by the rest They did so, and they resisted like patriots every effort to break up this count and bring this country into civil war. The country will not believe that after they declared their purnot believe that after they declared their purpose to do so they stained their honor by doing what they were doing as a matter of trade; and I do not believe it. The men who resisted the filibustering on that side did it on high grounds of national duty and their consciences as men, and if there be a mortal man in this world who says they traded. I believe that that man lies. I say it for these conditions the same that the same lies. man lies. I say it for them, and if there be be a man in this world that says that any man on this side of the House, or the President, or any man for the President, made a trade, I hope he will exhibit the trade, and let the scoundrel who made it, or who authorized it, be lashed naked through the world. But I believe that the man who alleges that there was such a trade is either a deceived and fooled man or a liar. Let us have done with this nonsense about trading Presidencies and selling Presidencies. What man here had a Presidency for sale or was in the market to buy a Presidency? Let the man who has such wares for sale show Let the man who has such wares for sale show them, and not thunder in the index, but let the body of his work show he has the manufactures he proposes to sell. In regard to what has been said about the withdrawal of troops from Louisiana, I disclaim, for one, in so far as my disclaimer goes for anything, that the troops were withdrawn as a matter of policy or con-ciliation. They were withdrawn as a matter of were withdrawn as a matter of policy or con-ciliation. They were withdrawn as a matter of constitutional duty, and as such I defend the withdrawal. But the cylls which have followed and the truculent spirit oxhibited by some gen-tlemen in Louisiana is a poor recompense for the efforts of our people to restore to the whole ountry the spirit of peace and conciliation.

Mr. Southard—Will the gentleman say what
he truculent spirit is?

House west through the cereminy sixting Capsulater's painting of Presentation constants of the Müllary will was discussed and feature of the presentation constants of the Milary will was discussed as feature of the presentation constants of the Milary was discussed as feature of the presentation constants of the Hall of the Milary was discussed as feature of the presentation of the Hall of the William and the Presidential election is the sent which that for your of the Hall and they will be placed in the cases of the Hall diverse that the sent was fair count in each of the sent which that for your of the Hall, and by Mr. Shope and a constant in the sent of the sent of the world in the sent of the sent of the world in the sent of the wor

the hall during the discussion, and who had evidently been ill-informed of the purpose of Hewitt's remarks about him, obtained the floor, and, assuming that Hewitt had held himself and his colleagues responsible for the Presi-dential bargain, declared that the lip which uttered the assertion that Louisiana or any representative of Louisiana had ever bartered or sought to barter or entertain a proposition to barter away the interests of the Democratic party or interests of the whole people of the Union in the election of Samuel J. Tilden lied in heart and lied in his foul threat. He then went on to relate the conference at Wormley's Hotel, mentioning as the actors on that occasion, himself, E. A. Burke, of Louisiana, and ston, minself, E. A. Burke, of Louisiana, and Henry Watterson, of Kentucky, on the Democratic side, and on the Republican side Mr. Garfield, Mr. Foster, ex-Gov. Dennison, Stanley Matthews, and Senator (now Secretary) Sherman. He declared there was no bargain; that the only matter which transpired was an interchange of views, and that he and his friends relied upon the assurance of Mr. friends relied upon the assurances of Mr. Hayes' close friends as to what were his views and sentiments in regard to Louisiana and South Carolina. These gentlemen had pledged nothing for Mr. Hayes. They had bound him by no promise her sentiments. they had held was: "We know him; we know has sentiments toward the South. We know he believes in the the self-government of those States, and, without speaking authoritatively for him, we will say that, in our opinion, he will give the blessing of free government to those States; that he will lift them from the blood and dust in which they have been trampled and that if which they have been trampled and that if which they have been trampled.

no longer over conquered and abject provfloor to make a personal explanation, and re-tracted all the offensive allusion to Mr. Hewitt in his remarks, saying he had been assured by that gentleman and other friends that he had

members on the Republication of the opposite joy keenly the internecine war on the opposite side of the chamber, and were most eager in the encouragement of Aiken, Ellis, and other antagonists whom Hewitt had on hand, and Conger was constantly and irrepressibly on his cried the man of blood; "I insult a lady, "Choice Graded Steers cried the man of blood; "I insult a lady, "never!" Then said the hostess representing the seeking to send poisoned arrows into the proachfully, "Colonel, I tried in vain to Medium to Fair.

relates a remarkable contest which he an ex-Confederate soldier?" witnessed in the isle of Java between a parrot and a gigantic spider. The spider, whose body was as large as a small said Boston." bird's, dropped down upon a young par-rot whose mamma was from home, and his host; "I kicked your leg, once, spreading its huge claws over the nest twice, thrice under the table, and on you began sucking its blood. When the went. know how they were satisfied. I have never seen any member from Louisiana about it. I only know that they told me they were satisfied, and in so far as I had any influence I extend it for the completion of the count. I did it in the interest of peace. I did it in the interest of peace. I did it in the interest of my country. I believe that I did then the wisest and best act of my life so far as I had any connection with matters. If other men made improper bargains, I know nothing of them. Have I answered the gentleman's (Ellsworth's) question to his satisfaction?

Mr. Finley said, in his opinion the time of the House had been spent more foolishly today than on any day of this seasion. The gentleman from New York (Hewitt) had stated that a proposition had been made to him by J. Madison Wells to sell out the Presidency. He (Finley) desired to add that the hoary-headed old rase il and his fellow-conspirators had been indicted in Louisiana, and that one of them members of the Cabinet, were sending to this only that, but, if the papers spoke truly, there was even now a serious discussion in the countenant of his legs, but whether it be that legs are not a sensitive portion of spiders' organizations, or that this particular insect had an overpowering penchant for the blood of young parrots, he wouldn't let go, until his pain becoming too intense the blood of young parrots, he wouldn't let go, until his pain becoming too intense the blood of young parrots, he wouldn't let go, until his pain becoming too intense the blood of young parrots, he wouldn't let go, until his pain becoming too intense the blood of young parrots, he wouldn't let go, until his pain becoming too intense the blood of young parrots, he wouldn't let go, until his pain becoming too intense the blood of young parrots, he wouldn't let go, until his pain becoming too intense the blood of young parrots, he wouldn't let go, until his pain becoming too intense the blood of young parrots, he wouldn't let go, until his pain becoming too intense the blood of dragging her to the ground with him.

The naturalist then shot him and released the parrot.

Similar Stought in the layon a close on Saturday night. He layon a lounge in the parlor, feeling as mean as sour lager, when something in the

who as equally deserved hanging, but escaped. England is said to hang about J. Tilden.

WASHINGTON.

Congress has been in session over four months and has passed only six bills and four mont condemed to death in France, last year, HYGIENIC NOTES.

Bow-LEGS and knock-knees are generally thought to arise from the affleted the woman one having been made to stand too early in babyhood; but an English physician, who has thoroughly studied the subject, asserts that the former is the result of a habit children have of rubbing the sole of one foot against that of the other, and often going to sleep with the two in conare socked or slippered, so the preventive of this life-long deformity is to keep the baby's soles covered. Knock-knees become solicitous about the happiness of the are ascribed by him to a childish habit people. The question of peace or strife had been involved. He had thought then that he knew what Gov. Hayes feelings were on the question of local self-government. He had made public proclamation of that in his place on the floor, and Gov. Hayes had thanked him for making it, and that was the letter to which for making it, and that was the letter to which

so much reference had been made. He did not know that at that time the geutleman from New York (Hewitt) was playing any important part in that case until after he had come to him (Foster) to inquire something about it. At that time he (Hewitt) was not a great factor in the northern. The other configuration of the source of I wish to warn dyspeptics against tryme that if I hadn't changed my course at once, I shouldn't be here now to tell this story. For the first few nights I dreamed the most horrible dreams that ever visited the tortured brain of one in the last stages of starvation. But the road of the dyspeptic is a hard road to travel, and I wouldn't give in yet. The last night of my trial I was awakened out of convulsions so strong that it was a long time before I could realize that I a long time before I could realize that I was ready to go back to my old custom of eating a light and early support which laid up against the point is caught and of eating a light and early supper, which the following day I did, and have felt rapidity. William Carpenter, the unbetter ever since.

Groaning and crying have found a was boring a hole through a stick of philosophic advocate in a French physician, who maintains they are highly eight feet long, and was leaning his beneficial, especially in surgical operations. He contends that these are means that there was a gauge attached to the by which nature allays anguish, and machinery to prevent the block going that patients who indulge in them refurther along the auger than the discover from accidents and operations tance required. Suddenly a workman more readily than those who disdain to give way to their feelings in this fash- able look on his face as his body shot If people are at all unhappy, forward and doubled over the terrible therefore, let them seek comfort by retiring to a secluded spot and there in- sword, through his stomach, and was dulging in a consolatory boo-hoo. The protruding at the back. He was literally crying of children, if systematically reimpaled upon the auger, which was sed, may result in St. Vitus' dance, churning his intestines at the rate of epileptic fits, or some other disease of the nervous system, and should, there-ute. fore, not be too much discouraged. What is natural is nearly always beneficial, especially in the case of the little

DR. HALL's views in regard to the effleacy of food as medicine, when dis-criminatingly used, seem to be reasona-comrades in the shop, and there was a ble. He relates the case of a man who was cured of biliousness by going withmust have almost paralyzed them. Carout his supper and drirking freely of penter was lying on his back, with his lemonade. Every morning this patient clothes torn and twisted above the re-rose with a wonderful sense of rest, re-freshment, and a feeling as though the blood had been literally washed, cooled, and cleansed by the lemonade and fast, the loose ends of which spread out with His theory is that food will be used as a the revolutions and gave the auger the remedy for diseases successfully. For appearance of a buzz-saw. The man Speaker Randal (in a low tone from the Clerk's desk)—"Punishing the guilty."

Mr. Garfield—The persecution, the ontrageous persecution which is following the members of the Returning Board in the city of New Orleans. ney affections by celery; poison by ol-ive or sweet oil; crysipelas by pounded on his arrival, he communicated his

I attended a little dinner party given in honor of a very lovely young lady taken into the bath-room to die. The here on a visit from Baltimore. The hostess was gracious, the parlors charming and full of flowers, the guests seframework was covered with blood, and and the dinner perfect in all its appointments. There were only six couples, in-vited, and all arrived within the limits the wheels are about six inches in width, of fashionable punctuality, save the made in eight pieces, fastened together gallant Col. — Finally our hostess gave him up, and the signal was given to adjourn to the dining-room. We
had barely seated ourselves when the missing ex-warrior arrived, and receiving The axles are of wood, and when the an informal welcome was introduced to a few who were strangers, and to the Baltimore belle, whose place of residence defy all description.

When the dessert was brought on, people became, as they always do, more con-The mail-carrier from Edmonton, vivial, and over the nuts and wine some Manitoba, brings to Winnipeg the disvery amusing stories were told. At last mal news that six or seven Indians on Col. —, who is considerable of a wit, was called upon for some of his war reminiscences. It was in vain our gentle condition for days, at last became caning been long out, and in a starving condition for days, at last became canhostess shook her brown head at him, nibals. One died and was eaten; and, before the five or six survivors could the Colonel did not notice it, and launched at once into an interesting skirreach their camp, all but one died or were killed, and shared the same hor-EVERY druggist in Paducah, Ky., but

mish he had had with a party of "rebs." He had hardly spoken the latter word when his host, unable to restrain himself, gave him a gentle, but insinuating kick under the table, but the orator, as if of flint, went on, and even when the unlawfully. hint was repeated steadily pursued his recital; finally, he put his foot in it by a reference to the Marylanders, whom he characterized as "skulkers," when up been misinformed.

For the hour or two that this personal and political skirmish lasted the scenes in the House were of a highly excited character. The members on the Republican side seemed to enjoy keenly the internecine war on the opposite side of the chamber, and were most eager in the encouragement of Alien Filis and other the room.

ed my eye. Didn't you know that young The correspondent of a French paper lady is from Baltimore, and her father "Know! how should I know?" queried

the crushed Colonel; "I though you "Talk about taking hints," chimed in

As the latter spoke, the Colonel's mother returned she naturally "went for" the enemy, and seized hold of one of his legs, but whether it be that legs anger and amusement until he burst out are not a sensitive portion of spiders' with "D—n my leg; didn't you know it organizations, or that this particular insect had an overpowering penchant for pardon for his expressive adjective, and, the blood of young parrots, he wouldn't rushing after the irate young Southernlet go, until his pain becoming too in- er, laid himself at her feet, so to speak. tense for endurance he turned on the mother, and, twining all his legs firmly merry.—Chicago Cor. Cincinnati En-

Thought He Had 'Em Again. Sniffles brought his two weeks' spree

corner of the room attracted his atten-A SEARCHING statistician has discovered that ninety-six murderers were steadily at it. Rubbing his eyes, he executed in the United States last year, stared again; and, as he stared, his terror grew. Calling his wife, he asked,

"Marindy, what is that?" "What is what, Likey?" Sniffles' name was Lycurgus, and his wife calls him Likey for shortand sweet.
"Why, that—that—thing in the corner," said the frightened man, pointing

at it with a hand shaking like a politi-

"Likey, dear, I see nothing," replied "What! you don't see it?" he

H. A. Tremaine & Co. "Then I've got 'em. Ob, heavens! bring me the Bible, Miranda—bring it quick! Here, here on this sacred book, swear never to drink a drop of whisky tack. This never happens when the feet If I break my vow may my right hand cleave to the roof of my mouth, and—"
Here, catching another glance of the terrible object, he clutched his wife and

A FIRST CLASS "Don't leave me; don't leave your Likey!" and, burying his face in the folds of herdress, he sobbed and mouned imself into a troubled sleep. Then his wife stole gently to the corner, picked up the toy snake, and threw it into the stove. - Cincinnati Naturday DRUGS AND DYE STUFFS,

egged, in piteous tones :

IMPALED UPON AN AUGER.

machine. It had passed, like a fencer's

In the midst of this horrible agony

Carpenter seems to have maintained his presence of mind, for he cast himself

backward and got off the auger, falling

been taken from it after Carpenter was

Crude Wagons. The Bulgarian wagon is an interest-

one, has been indicted for selling liquor

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago... CORN—Western Mixed... DATS—Mixed...

WHEAT-No. 2 Spring.

WHEAT-No. 1.

CORN-No. 2. OATS-No. 2...

CATTLE

BARLEY-No. 2 ...

.. 1 28 @ 1 .. 48 @ .. 38 @ .. 71 @ .. 11 30 @11 .. 7½@

to the floor as he did so. The most ter

The Horrible Death of William Carpenter. Patent Medicines, [From the Virginia (Nev.) Chronicle.]
About 5 o'clock last evening one of the most extraordinary and horrible acci-**TOILET & PERFUMERY ARTICLES** dents that ever happened on the Comstock took place in the Savage carpenter shop. Here there is in use a steam auger, which points toward the workman

and makes 1,000 revolutions per minute. All Hours. thrown over its coils with lightning-like fortunate victim, at the time mentioned

Prescriptions Compounded at

DRUGS.

(Successors to R. W. ELLIS & CO.)

ANN ARBOR, MICH.

Drug Store.

Cor. Main and Huron 3

STARCH POLISH HOW DA SHINE

A GREAT DISCOVERY. se of which every family may give to at polish peculiar to fine laundry work, and labor in ironing more than its en

> DOBBINS, BRO. & CO., 13 N. Fourth St , Philadelphia



This is the finest Liniment in the world, and will positively cure in almost every case

Price \$1.00 per bottle. JOHNSON, HOLLOWAY & CO, SPECIAL AGENTS,

Philadelphia THE MILWAUKEE MEDICAL & SURGICAL INSTITUTE

ses mentioned in this card. Just published,
"THE SILENT FRIEND!"

No 435 Water st ..



This is probably the strongest, purest and best preparation of from known. One trial will convince. Price, \$1.00 per bottle.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO. Special Agents, Philadelphia.

DYSPEPSIA They will immediately correct a so tomach, check vomiting and hearthur Price, Thirty-Five Cents per Box.

EARLY BIRD WORM POWDER At all times safe, reliable, strictly veg able and tasteless, used by old and your with perfect safety, even when worms a

effect a cure.

Price, 15 Cents per Pachage. Sold by all Druggists, or sent by Mail, on receipt of Price. NEBEKER & CO., Prop's. 10th and Ellowerth Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.



Johnston, Holloway & Con Special Agents, Philadian